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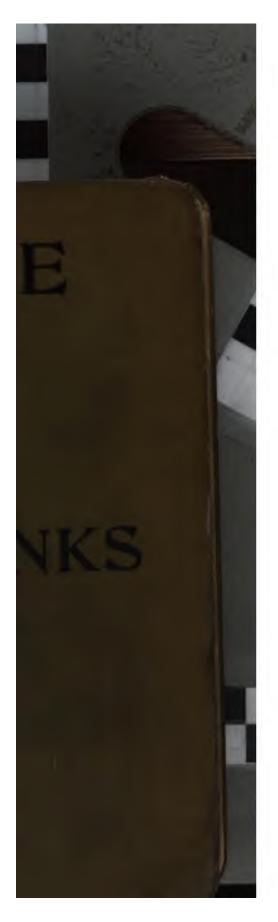
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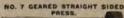
NO. I PLAIN STRAIGHT SIDED



NO. 1 PLAIN STRAIGHT SIDED PRESS



#### POWER PRESSES.





NO. 6 STRAIGHT SIDED GEARED PRESS WITH SPECIAL ROUND BED.



SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11540 TO 11541A.

Number of Press	1	2	3	4	. 5		7		0	10	20
Weight, plain, Iba	1,800	2,400	3,500	4,000	4,500	5,200					
Weight, geared, lbs Distance from bed to slide.	2,300	3,000	4,200	4,700	5,200	6,000	7,600	9,000	11,000	14,000	36,000
when up.	8*	8*	10"	10"	12"	12*	12*	12"	12"	124	16"
Opening in bed	8" x 16"	10" s 20"	12° × 24°	12" x 28"	14" = 30"	16" x 32"	18" x 36"	20" × 40"	22° x 42°	22" x 48"	24" x 84"
Distance between standards.	20*	24*	30°	34"	36*	38*	42"	48"	54"	60°	96*
Stroke of plunger	135	1150	2"	2"	2"	2"	210"	21/4"	234*	3"	5"
Adjustment of plunger	1.	1.	1.	136"	13-5"	136*	25	25	- 24	3*	4"
Diameter of balance wheel	24° 3°	28"	30"	36"	11/9" 36" 41/9" 800	114° 42° 5°	48"	48"	502	50"	60"
Face of balance wheel	3"	334"	4"	436"	436"	Se.	6"	6"	63-5"	7"	
Weight of balance wheel, lba.	200	250	350	500	800	1,000	1,200	1,200	1,300	1,500	2,000
Speed of balance wheel	125	100	100	75 to 100	75	50	45	35	30	25	15
Area of bolster plate	III I I A.F.	elberrer.				11124111	22114411	********	I CHARLES	INCHES	
Bolster plate furnished with			-				1 25 11			and a	-
press, thickness	134"	194"	2*	21/2"	23/4"	3*	30	314"	31/4"	31/9"	4"
Geared presses, diameter of		1		1000	24	700	500		100	200	200
genr	30°	32"	32*	34"	34"	36"	36"	40"	48"	48"	48*
Proportion of gearing	Stol	5101	5 to 1	5 to 1	6 to 1	6 to 1	6 to 1	6 to 1	7 to 1	5101	10 to 1
Diameter of pulley	22*	22*	24"	24"	26"	26"	30"	82*	36"	48"	6"
Face of pulley	3"	334"	4"	434"	5"	B*	6"	6.	6"	8"	6.

THE THE

#### POWER PRESSES.

STRAIGHT SIDED TRIMMING PRESS WITH TRIMMING ATTACHMENT.

STRAIGHT SIDED TRIMMING PRESS

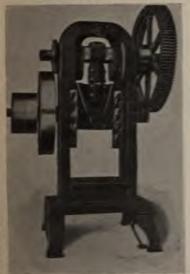


FIG. 11542

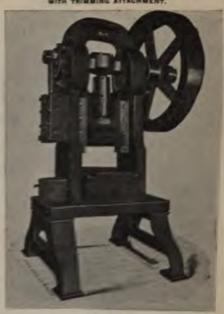


FIG. 11549

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 1942 AND 1945.

So of Proc.	*	5	4		*	- 16	#	35.
Weight of press, plain, the	1,000	4,000	2,000	6,000	8,000	165000	E3.000	56,000
Weight of press, plain, No. Weight of press, general, Do. Doming in bed, retend Datamon from hed to plunger when on.	3,500	4,000	4,000 77 127 27	1,000 F 137 37	8,300 3,500 9° 12° 3°	10,000 11,000 10* 14*	15,000 15,000 13°	19 (40)
lyming in her, recent	1 2	100	100	-	-	107	100	88
Company of the company	2	295	2"	37	3	7	12	12
djustment of plumper.	2	2	7.	40		4	1/	11
With between Louings		28	27	327	25°	985	302	99
ength of plunger ion of the head	15.25	107 5 107	20' 120'	20'12	45 440	no Francis	200	14/1
tens of plunger. tens of bolister. Sole in bolister, round.	8" x 10"	FIN	F = 10"	10 1 17 20 1 17	32" x 32"	10" ± 10" 20" ± 20"	DY A DY	30 43
tres of bolister.	BILL	DF 1 DF	2F ± 2F	27 5 27	27 5 38	38' x 38'	20 5 70	maria
Sole in bolider, round	200	2		200	200	27.	No.	12
Paidcone of bolder Subsport from floor to led	727	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	27 to 28 to	35	*22	*22	20	60
Summer from Suor to renter of abott	Kinni k	30	77	50° 40° 900	28	59*	601	150
Secretar of balance wheel. Fright of balance wheel, the	22	30"	AP.	40"	APP.	507	97	360
Feight of balance wheel, the	200	500	700	990	1,300	1,606	1,000	3,899
Nameler of good	35		40	40	12	-72	1	W.
Properties of paring Discourse of paling, when goard	Etel	-6 to 2	7 to 1	201	9512	8505	********	8601
Diameter of pulley, when goared	30'20"	27:25	20' 65"	20'50'	30 00	507 455	100 4.60	500 46

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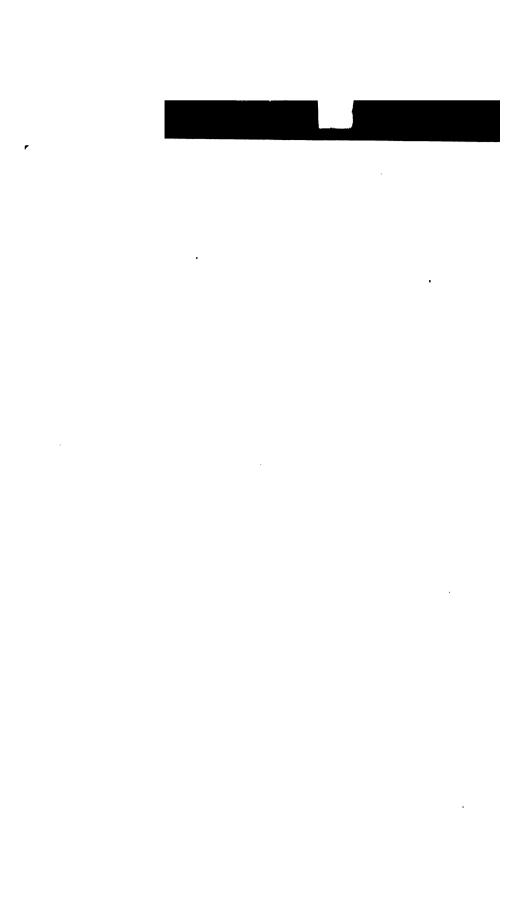
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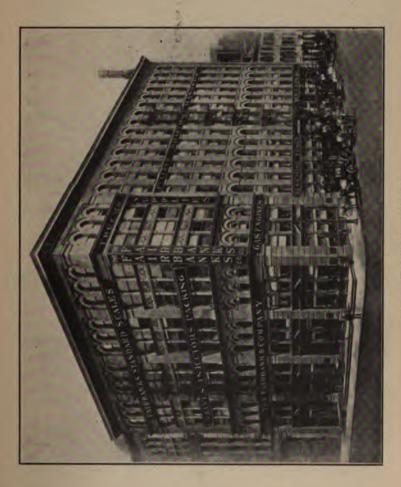
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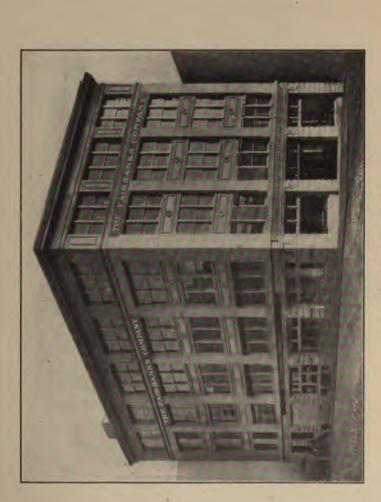


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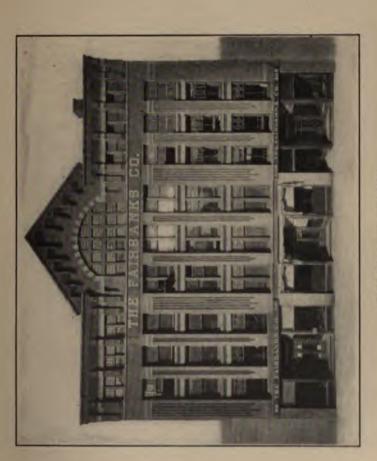




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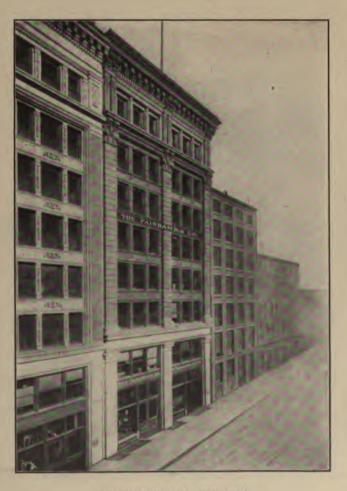
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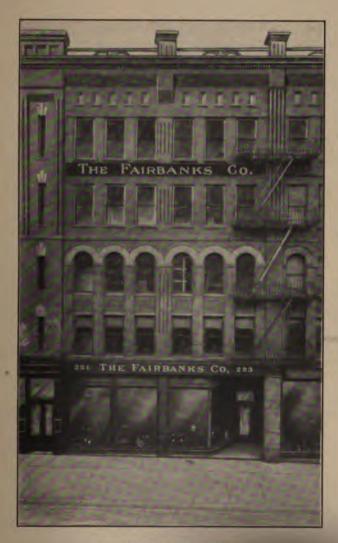
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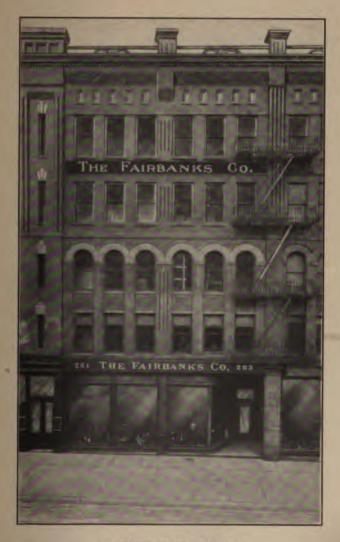
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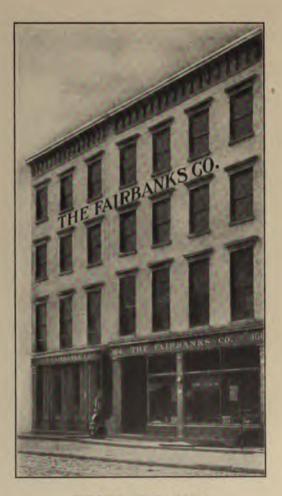
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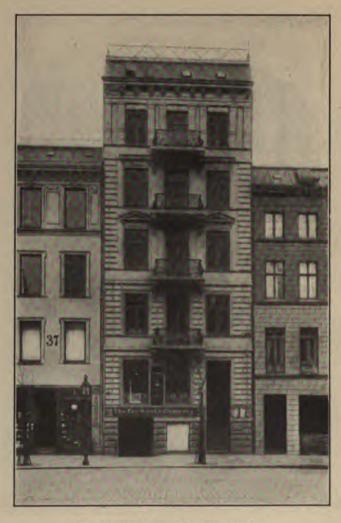
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THE FAIRBANKS CO., PARIS, FRANCE 55 QUAL OL VALUE



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Α.		
PAGE	PAGF	PAGE
Adjustable Draw Plates 270	Belt Cutters, Stay 361,362	Corles Valve Seat Portable Boring Bar 263
Multiple Spindle Drills 175-175	Cutters, Triple Head 300	Counter-miking and Drilling Marhines 160
* Wire Reels . 127	Heating, Forging and Uport	Crink Pm Machines 524 528
Air Compressors	ting Machines 367 370 Machines Lye 571	Pin Presses, Hydraulic270, 271
* Houses 517 19	" Pointers 202 263	
** Ricetors 510-521	Bering and Splining Machine 251	Shapets . 110-118 Cut Oft Soys, Swinz Frame . 557, 558
Alligator Steams 131, 332	and Turning Mills 240-250	On Sec. Libles 544, 545, 550, 555, 556
Angle and Face Grinder 171	" Bars, Cylinder 262, 263	Cutter, Tool, and Reamer Grinders.
Shears	Bars, for Lathe Work 201	448 455
Arbor Prosest	" Drilling and Milling Machines.	Cutting Off Machines 101-109
Arborn for Circular Saws 556	Horizontal . 252-258	Cylinder Boring Burs
Automatic Drop Hammers or Presses, 586, 387	1,4000	Boring Machines, Hor- izontal 258-251
" Gear Cutters 220-230	<ol> <li>Machines, Connecting Rod 178</li> <li>Machines, Cylinder 258 261</li> </ol>	17-10-11
" Knife Gruders	Machines, Wood. 603, 601	
" Saw Shartspers 115, 116	Day Board Matcher 607	_
" Tapping Machines . 190, 192	* Body Lathe Chercks 71	D.
" Threading Lathes 38	Beas Unisher's Lathes 70-79	
" Turret Lather	Broading Pres 2.0	Di Milling Machines
" Wire Straightening and Cutting	Bulling Machines 1991 505	Die Milling Michines 224, 225
Machines 125-127	Bulldozers	Slotter
Axle Poring Lathe \$1 *** Lathes 80	Buzz Planers	Disk Grinders. 496–498 Dividing Heads, Universal 209, 210, 213
- Latines		Double Arbor Saw Tables 542-546
	C.	" Connecting Rod Boring Ma-
В.	<del>-</del> -	thine 178
	Cabinet Turret Lathes72, 74, 75	HEART DAME COLLECTS
Back Rest for Wood Lathes 576	Cam Power Presses	" Scaming Machines
Hall Machine	" Wheel Grinder	" Spindle Shapers
" Rip Saws	Center Grinders 50, 51	" Surface Planers
" Saw Sharpeners 417	Centering Machines . 35% 403	Dr. w. Benches
" Baws, Metal 120, 121	Centers, Milling Machine,	Drawing and Broaching Presses 294
" Saws, Wood 559 570	193, 194, 209, 210, 213	Dr.w Plates
Bar Cold Saws	" Planer 101	Drill Churks 187, 188
" Shears 314,315,324,330	" Shaper 124	Graders
Bram Punches	Centrifug d Oil Separators 91,92	Drilling, Boring, and Milling Ma- chines, Horizontal 252-258
Belt Hammers	Chipping Hammers, Preumatic. 521 Chucks, Box Body Lathe 71	" Michines, Blacksmiths' 170, 171
" Strapping Attachments 501, 505	Combination and Universit	" Machines, Bodermakers' 172
Hench Drills	Lathe 86	Machines, Boiler Shell 176
" Grinders, 429, 434, 435, 437.		" Machines, Hexible Shaft 182-184
447, 482-487, 492, 493	" Drill 187, 188 " Gened Scroll 96, 87	Machines, Gang 173-178
" Lather, 1, 45, 51-54	independent Little 85, 50	" Machines, Multiple Spindle 173-178
" Malling Machines 192 193	" Planer 105	Machines, Portable 179-184
PRIPT	rapping	Machines, Post
" Phaper	" Tapping, Machine Crank 350 Circular Plate and Washer Grinder 473	Machines, Radi d
Bending and Straightening Machine 374	" Shears 312	Machines Suspension 172
" Machines, Eye	Coding Machines, Wire. 29, 300	Drill Presses, Bench 136, 137
" Machines, Tire 372, 373	Cold Metal Saws	Process, High Speed 144, 145, 155
" Rolls	Combination Cold Saws . 419	* Presses, Multiple Spindle 140-145
Revel Gear Cutters	" Grinding and Polishing Ma-	" Presses Sensitive 136-145
Billet Steam	chines 492	Presses, Vertical. 146-156, 173-175
Blacksmith's Drilling Machines. 170, 171	" Lathe Chicks	" Press Vises 185
Blowers	Combined Punches and Shears 316, 317, 329–329	Drills, Pneumatic
Rodermaker's Drill	Compound Slide Rests 18,78	" Hammer, Steam
Hollers	" Tables for Drill Press	Duplex Milling Machines,
Boder Shell Drills	Connecting Rod Boring Machine 178	211, 212, 221, 222
Bolt Cutters	Continuous Key Way or Spline Cutter. 133	" Rotary Planers 100
" Cutters, Double Head358, 359	Coping Machine	" Universal Milling Machine. 211-213

Executric Mandrel Turning Machine S. Face 407   Free Wheel 477   Shaft Streightener 272   Wheel Presses 205 - 269   Free Wheel 485 - 401   Shaft Streightener 272   Wheel Presses 205 - 269   Free Wheel 485 - 401   Shaft Streightener 272   Wheel Presses 205 - 269   Free Wheel 485 - 401   Shaft Streightener 272   Wheel Presses 205 - 269   Free Wheel 485 - 401   Shaft Streightener 272   Wheel Presses 205 - 269   Free Wheel 485 - 401   Shaft Streightener 272   Wheel Presses 205 - 269   Free Wheel 485 - 401   Shaft Streightener 272   Wheel Presses 205 - 269   Free Wheel 485 - 401   Shaft Streightener 272   Wheel Presses 205 - 269   Free Wheel 485 - 401   Shaft Streightener 272   Wheel Presses 205 - 269   Free Wheel 485 - 401   Shaft Streightener 272   Wheel Presses 205 - 269   Free Wheel 485 - 401   Shaft Streightener 272   Wheel Presses 205 - 269   Free Wheel 485 - 401   Shaft Streightener 272   Wheel Greek Cheek 585 - 401   Shaft Streightener 272   Wheel Greek Cheek 585 - 401   Shaft Streightener 272   Wheel Greek Cheek 585 - 401   Shaft Streightener 272   Sh	PAGE	FAGE	4112
Face			Hudeaulic Bail Render 279
Execute Canass	E-1	" Face	
Dectric Crasss	Eccentric Mandrel Turning Machine 85	" Five Wheel 479	" Wheel Presses 265,260
Grinders		" Flexible Shaft 495	A 100
Ricists   190-182   190-	" Grinders493-495, 503, 504	" Floor	
## Portable Drills   180-182   Enhosing Press   203   End Grinder   374   414   415   416	" Hoists	" Guide Bar 474	L.
Embossing Presses	" Portable Drills 180-182	" Heads, Columns, and Counter-	
Engine Lathes.   1-37, 40, 41   Engine Lathes.   5.29-540   Exhibition Bolletrs.   5.29-525   Exhibition Bol	Embossing Presses 293	shafts	I Beam Cold Saws 418
Exhauters. 506-509 Eye Bradew. 570 Bolt Machines. 570 Bolt Machines. 570 Bolt Machines. 571 Bolt Machines. 570 Bolt Machines. 571 Face Grinders. 470 Flate Jaws. 87 Face Grinders. 470 Flate Jaws. 87 Facing Arm, Portable. 294 Machine, Nut. 295 Machine, Machines. 292 Fliling Machines. 293 Machine. 194 Hack Saws, Power Hard or Speed Lathes. 46, 47 Power Spitaring Shares. 294 Power Hard or Speed Lathes. 46, 47 Power Machines. 294 Power Hard or Speed Lathes. 46, 47 Power Machines. 294 Machines. 295 Machines. 294 Machines. 295 Machine		International Control of the 481	Independent Lathe Chucks
Exhausters. 500-509 Eye Benders. 570 "Bolt Machines. 571 "Bolt Machines. 571 "Fale Serve Crinders. 571 "Fale Grinders. 571 "Fale Grinders. 571 "Fale Grinders. 572 "Saw 444-47 "Spindle and Roll. 474 "Swing Kane. 472 "Swing Head. 474 "Spindle and Roll. 474 "Swing Kane. 475 "Swing Fazze. 492-468 "Machine, Nut. 366 "Machine, Nut. 366 "Machine, Nut. 366 "Machine, Three Way. 261 "Spile for Use on Bering Bars. 264 "Peckle for Power Presses. 262 "Piling Machines. 300, 377 "Pattening Mills, Wire. 300 "Bezible Shaft Drilling Machines. 182-181 "Shaft Trapping and Reaming Machines. 520-283 "Bashaft Tapping and Reaming Machines. 520-283 "Brise Machine	Engine Lathes1-37, 40, 41	47DHC	Index Centers, Milling Machine,
Fig.   Fain   437-461   491-465   7   Fain   441-455   7   Fain   441-			Internal Caindon 470, 401
Face Grinders.		" Piston 461	thernal Granders
F.  Face Grinders  F.  Face Grinders  F.  Face Grinders  Face Grin		Find	
Face Grinders. 470  Face Grinders. 470  Face Grinders. 470  Flate Jaws. 87  Flate Jaws. 88  Fl	Boit Machines 3/1	Finner Ponte	
Face Grinders			
Face Grinders. 470  Flate Jaws. 470  Flate Jaws. 470  Flate Jaws. 570  Flacing Arn, Portable. 204  Machins, Three Way. 201  Spider for Use on Boring Bars. 204  Fleed for Power Presses. 202  Fling Machines. 306, 337  Flee Machines. 306, 337  Flee Machines. 306, 337  Flee Machines. 308  Balt Grindlers. 493  Balt Grindlers Machines. 182-184  Balt Grindlers Machines. 184-184  Balt Grindlers. 493  Balt Grindlers. 494  Machine. 194  Floor Boring Machines. 252-253  Grinders. 488-401  Flue Welding Machines. 307  Floor Lathes, Serew Cutting. 42-44  Mortiser. 494  Floor Boring Machines. 307  Floor Lathes, Serew Cutting. 42-44  Mortiser. 508  Floor Boring Machines. 307  Floor Lathes, Serew Cutting. 42-44  Mortiser. 508  Floor Boring Machines. 307  Floor Lathes, Serew Cutting. 42-44  Mortiser. 508  Floor Boring Machines. 307  Floor Lathes, Serew Cutting. 42-44  Mortiser. 508  Floor Boring Machines. 307  Floor Lathes, Serew Cutting. 42-44  Mortiser. 508  Floor Boring Machines. 307  Floor Lathes, Serew Cutting. 42-44  Mortiser. 508  Floor Boring Machines. 307  Floor Lathes, Serew Cutting. 42-44  Mortiser. 508  Floor Boring Machines. 307  Floor Lathes, Serew Cutting. 42-44  Mortiser. 508  Floor Boring Machines. 307  Floor Lathes, Serew Cutting. 42-44  Mortiser. 508  Floor Boring Machines. 307  Floor Lathes, Serew Cutting. 42-44  Mortiser. 508  Floor Boring Machines. 307  Floor Lathes, Serew Cutting. 42-44  Mortiser. 508  Floor Boring Machines. 308		" Poli 474-477	Jaws, Face Plate 87
Face Grinders	F.		Jewelers' Rolling Mills301-303
Flate Jawn, Portable	E O-labor	" Spindle and Roll 474	Jib Cranes
**Swing Frame.** 470 **Machine, Nut. 366 **Machine, Nut. 366 **Machine, Nut. 366 **Machine, Thre Way.** 261 **Spiler for Use on Boring Bara.** 264 Feeds for Power Presses.** 262 Filing Machines.** 366, 397 Five Wheel Grinder.** 470 Flattening Mills, Wire.** 300 Flexible Shaft Drilling Machines. 182-184 **Shaft Capring and Reaming **Machine.** 184 **Shaft Tapping and Reaming **Machines.** 255-235 **Shafts.** 365-305 **Shaft	Face Grinders	" Surface	Jig Saws
" Machine, Nut	Fraing Arm Portable 264	" Swing Frame 470	Jointers
" Machines Three Way. 204 Signife for Use on Boring Bara. 294 Feeds for Power Press. 202 Filing Machines. 306, 397 Five Wheel Grinder. 479 Flattening Mile. Wire. 300 Flexible Shaft Drilling Machines. 182-184 "Shaft Crinding Plants. 405 "Shafts. 182, 183 "Shaft Tapping and Reaming Machines. 182, 183 "Shaft Tapping and Reaming Machines. 225-258 "Grinders. 488-401 Floor Boring Machines. 225-258 "Grinders. 488-401 Flow Boring Machines. 235-258 "Grinders. 488-401 Beard Drop. 388-383 "Foot Lathes, Serse Cutting. 42-44 "Mortiser. 337 Foot Lathes, Serse Cutting. 42-44 "Mortiser. 337 Foot Lathes, Serse Cutting. 42-44 "Mortiser. 337 Foot Coal and Coke. 380-391 "Gas. 307-370, 375, 376 Forges, for Coal and Coke. 380-391 "Gas. 307-370, 375, 376 Forging Machines. 307-370, 375, 376 Forging Machines. 307-370, 375, 376 Forging Machines. 107-74 Frog and Switch Planers. 103 Full Universal Radial Drilling Machines. 102-196 Forging Machines. 307-370, 375, 376 Forging Machines. 307-370, 375, 376 Forging Rest for Turret Lathes. 78 Foundry Blowers. 506-500 Fox Lathes. 107-74 Gang Drills. 173-178 Gang Drills. 173-178 Gang Lathes. 40, 41 Gate Shears. 301 Gang Machines. 503-503 "Second Machines. 404-41 "Wire Cutters. 413 Hand Bore. 133 "Kaptat Miling Machines. 134, 135  "Lathe Center Grinders. 441-445 "Lathe Center Grinders. 50, 51 "Checks, Box Body. 77 "Checks, Combination and Universal Radial Drilling Machines. 102-190 "Gas. 307-370, 375, 376 Forging Machines. 202 "Feed Gear Cutters. 222 "Feed Gear Cutters. 223 "Power Hydraulie Wheel Presses. 103-311 "Gas. 207 "Checks, Combination and Universal Radial Drilling Machines. 102-190 "Checks, Combination and Univ	" Machine Nut	" Twist Drill	
Peeds for Power Presses	" Machine Three Way 261	" Universal	V
Fereign for Power Presses   292   Filing Machines   306   Guide Bar Grinder   474	" Spider for Use on Boring Bars 264	" Water Tool	N.
Filing Machines	Feeds for Power Presses. 292	Grindstones and Frames	Keyscaters
Five Wheel Grinder	Filing Machines	Guide Bar Grinder 474	" Hand Bore 133
Hack Saws, Power.   410-412   Mark Grinders.   133   Mark Grinders.   182, 183   Markine.   184   Hack Saws, Power.   410-412   Markine.   184   Markine.   184   Hack Saws, Power.   410-412   Markine.   185   Markine.   184   Markines.   185, 185   M	Five Wheel Grinder 479		
"Shaft Grinding Plants. 495 "Shafta. 182, 183 "Shaft Tapping and Reaming Machine. 184 Floor Boring Machines. 235-238 "Grinder. 488-491 Flow Welding Machines. 235-238 "Grinder. 488-491 Flow Welding Machine. 337 Fot Lathes, Serwe Cutting. 42-44 "Mortiser. 599 "Power Hand-or Speed Lathes. 46, 47 "Power Squaring Shears. 304 "Presson. 374, 275 Forges, for Coal and Coke. 389-391 "Gas. 302, 393 "Forges, for Coal and Coke. 389-391 "Gas. 302, 393 "Ford Garder. 488-491 "Bull Universal Radial Drilling Machines. 205-209 Fox Lathes. 70-74 Forges, for Switch Planers. 103 Full Universal Radial Drilling Machines. 107, 108  Gang Drills. 173-178 Gang Drills. 173-178 Gap Lathes. 40, 41 Gate Shears. 40, 41 Gard Shears. 301 Gard Cutting Machines. 228-29 Geared Head Engine Lathes, 44 "Cutting Machines. 228-29 Geared Head Engine Lathes, 47 "Scroll Lathes. 28, 87 Grinders. 50, 51, 429-408 "Scroll Lathes Control of Plants (Wood). 577-579 "Bell Markethment for Lathes, 44 "Cutting Machines. 228-29 "Geared Head Engine Lathes, 47 "Scroll Lathes Control of Plants (Wood). 577-579 Grinders. 50, 51, 429-408 "Scroll Lathes Center Grinders. 50, 51 Chucks, Combination and Universal Radial Drilling Machines. 304 "Cutter, Tool and Reamer. 447-457 "Bell Marwara Radian Drilling Machines. 404 "Cutting Machines. 307 "Scroll Lathes. 40, 41 Gard Shears. 304 "Scroll Lathes, 40, 41 "Grinders. 20, 51 "Speed Milling Machines. 404 "Cutting Machines. 228-29 "Geared Head Engine Lathes, 40, 41 "Bench. 429, 434, 435, 437, 447, 445 "Bench. 429, 434, 435, 437, 447,	Flattening Mills, Wire 300	***	Keyscat Milling Machines 134, 135
## Shaft Tapping and Reaming	Flexible Shaft Drilling Machines. 182-184	H.	Key Way or Spline Cutter
Shatt Tapping and Reaming   Machine.	" Shaft Grinding Plants 495	Hack Saws, Power	Anile Grinders441-445
Shalt Tapping and Reaming   Machines   184   Homers, Automatic Drop.   386, 387   Grinders   484-91   Howelding Machines   255-258   Bell   390-388   Chucks, George Cutting   42-44   Mortiser   49-44   Mortiser   509   Power Hand-or Speed Lathes   46, 47   Power Bquaring Shears   304   Prosumatic   377-379   Hand Bore Reyseater   133   Chucks, Geared Scroll   86, 87   Foor Lathes   40, 41   Mortiser   259-383   Chucks, Geared Scroll   86, 87   Chucks, Gear	Chiate	Half Universal Radial Drilling Ma-	
Hammers, Automatic Drop.   330, 387	custs apping and assuming		10
Flue Welding Machine.			
Board Drop.   384 - 385   Chucks, Box Body.   71	Floor Boring Machines	" Belt	Lathe Center Grinders
Proceeding Statement   Proceeding   Proceding   Proc	Grinders488-491	" Board Drop 388	" Chueks, Box Body 71
" Mortiser	Front Lather Seron Cutting 42.44	Thun Mobile 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	" Chucks, Combination and Uni-
"Power Hand-or Speed Lathes. 46, 47 "Powers Spaaring Shears. 304 "Presses. 274, 275 Forges, for Coal and Coke. 383-391 "Gas. 392, 393 Forging Machines. 367-370, 375, 376 Forming Rest for Turret Lathes. 78 Foundry Blowers. 500-509 Fox Lathes. 70-74 Freg and Switch Planers. 103 Full Universal Radial Drilling Machines. 167, 168 Full Universal Radial Drilling Machines. 167, 168  Ga Drills. 173-178 Gap Lathes. 40, 41 Gate Shears. 311 Gare Cutting Machines. 229-239 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 40  4, 14, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37  "Secol Lathes. 40, 41 "Cutting Machines. 229-239 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 44 "Cutting Machines. 229-239 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 44 "Cutting Machines. 229-239 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 44 "Cutting Machines. 239-239 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 44 "A, 14, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37 "Bench. 420, 434, 435, 437, 447, 419 "Care Wheel. 488. 478 "Care Wheel. 47	" Mortisor 500	Pheninamical and designation of the contract o	versal
" Power Squaring Shears. 304 " Presses. 274, 275 Forges, for Coal and Coke. 383-391 " Gas. 392, 393 Forging Machines. 367-370, 375, 376 Forming Rest for Turret Lathes. 78 Foundry Blowers. 505-509 Fox Lathes. 70-74 Freg and Switch Planers. 103 Full Universal Radial Drilling Machines. 167, 168 Ca. 167, 168  Ca. 282-290  Punches. 316-319 " Wire Cutters. 423 Heading Machines, 104, 105, 155 Gap Lathes. 40, 41 Gate Shears. 40, 41 Gate Shears. 40, 41 Catteing Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 44 " Cutting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 44 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 44 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 44 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 44 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 44 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 44 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 44 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 44 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 44 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 44 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 45 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 45 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 45 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 45 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 45 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 45 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 45 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 45 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 45 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 45 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 45 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 Geared Head Engine Lathes. 45 " Catting Matchines. 222-230 " Carlot Reve University Matchines. 223-230 " Carlot Reve University Matchines. 223-234 " Catting Matchines. 223-235 " Carlot Reve University Matchines. 223-235 " Carlot Reve University Matchines. 223-235 " Carlot	" Power Handor Street Lather 46 47	E 0.001	
Presss.   274, 275     Forgss, for Coal and Coke.   380-391     "Gas.   392, 393     Forging Machines.   367-370, 375, 376     Forming Rest for Turret Lathes.   78     Forming Rest for Turret Lathes.   78     Foundry Blowers.   508-509     For Lathes.   70-74     Freg and Switch Planers.   103     Full Universal Radial Drilling Machines.   167, 168     Full Universal Radial Drilling Machines.   316-319     Shears.   313-317     Wire Cutters.   423     Gang Drills.   173-178     Gap Lathes.   40, 41     Gate Shears.   331     Gate Cutting Machines.   40, 41     Gate Shears.   331     Gard Cutting Attachment for Lathes.   41     "Cutting Machines.   228-239     Geard Head Engine.   40, 41     "Cutting Machines.   228-239     "Car Box.   471     "Bench.   420, 443, 435, 437, 447     "Bench.   420, 443, 435, 437, 447     "Bench.   420, 443, 435, 437, 447     "Car Box.   473     "Car Wheel.   478		ROBBLY THOW BUTCHING HOW AND	
Forges, for Coal and Coles 380-391 "Cranes 527 "Axle 80, 81 "Gos 327, 379, 379 "Ford Gear Cutters 222 "Bench 145, 61-54 Early 145, 61-64 Early .	" Preses	Chesta	Lathes, Automatic Threading 38
Forming Rest for Turret Lathes   78   Foundry Blovers	Forges, for Coal and Coke380-391		Automatic Turret
Forging Machines. 267-370, 375, 376   Milling Machines. 192-195   Portage Rat for Turret Lathes. 78   Milling Machines. 192-195   Power Hydraulis Wheel Presses, 193-197   Power Hydraulis Wheel Presses, 295-290   Power Hydraulis Wheel Presse	" Gos392, 393	11 Food Goar Cutters 223	
Poundry Ross to Aurest Lations   18	Forging Machines367-370, 375, 376		" Rorine 61
Power Hydraulie Wheel Presses   Cabinet Turret   72, 74, 75   Forg and Switch Planers   103   Full Universal Radial Drilling Machines   167, 168   Shears   313-317   Wire Cutters   313-317   Wire Cutters   313-317   Wire Cutters   313-317   Shears   313-317   Wire Cutters   313-317   Shears   313-317   Gap Bed Engine   40, 41   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   Handing Machines, Bolt   307-370   High Speed Drilling Machines, 14, 16, 15, 155   Hand   4, 14, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Drilling Machines   40, 41   Garte Shears   313   Gard Cutter   40, 41   Garte Shears   314   Garte Shears   315   Gard Cutter   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Engine   40, 41   Garte Shears   316   Gard Cutting Attachment for Luthes   44   Garte Shears   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Engine   40, 41   Garte Shears   316   Gard Cutting Attachment for Luthes   44   Garte Shears   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   Free Shears   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Ling and Miller   41, 16		" Milling Machines	" Brass Finishers'
Prog and Switch Planers.   103   Pull Universal Radial Drilling Machines.   167, 168     Punches.   316-319     Power Hydraulic Wheel Presses.   316-319   Power Hydraulic Wheel Presses.   316-319   Power Hydraulic Wheel Presses.   316-319   Power Hydraulic Wheel Presses.   316-319   Power Hydraulic Wheel Presses.   316-319   Power Hydraulic Wheel Presses.   316-319   Power Hydraulic Wheel Presses.   316-319   Power Hydraulic Wheel Presses.   316-319   Power Hydraulic Wheel Presses.   308-319   Power Hydraulic Wheel Presses.   308-319   Power Hydraulic Wheel Press.   307-370   Gap Drilling Machines, Bolt.   307-370   High Speed Drilling Machines, 144, 145, 155   Hand.   41, 41, 617, 24, 28, 34, 37   High Speed Drilling Machines.   208   Polishing.   409-504   Monitor.   72-757   Monitor.   72-7	Foundry Blowers506-509	" Planers (Wood)	
Pull Universal Radial Drilling Machines	Fox Lather	" Power Hydraulic Wheel Presses,	" Cabinet Turret
Cap Bed Engine	Frog and Switch Planers 103	205-269	" Foot Power, Hand or Speed 46, 47
Wire Cutters		Lanches	FOX. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
Wire Cutters	enthes	Discress	Gap Ded Engine
High Speed Drilling Machines, 144, 145, 155   Hand.   4, 5-47		Wife Cutters 122	" Geared Head Engine,
Speed Engine Lathes		Hending Machines, Bolt367-370	4, 14, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37
Cap Lathes	C.	High Speed Drilling Machines, 144, 145, 155	Hand 33-4/
Gate Shears.   331   Gate Shears.   331   Shears.   331   Shears.   331   Gate Shears.   331   Shears.   332   Shears.   331   Shears.   331   Shears.   331   Shears.   332   Shears.   331   Shears.   331   Shears.   331   Shears.   332   Shears.   331   Shears.   331   Shears.   332   Shears.   332   Shears.   332   Shears.   332   Shears.   332   Shears.   333   Shears.   334   Shears.   335   Shears.   336	Comp Delle 179 179	Speed Engine Lathes4, 10, 17, 37	High Speed Engine 4, 16, 17, 37
Gark Shears.   331   Hoisting Engines   335-548   Polishing   490-504	Can Lather	Milling Machines 200	Monitor.
Gear Cutting Attachment for Lathes, 44  "Cutting Machines	Gate Shears 311	Hoisting Engines \$25-529	Polishing 400-504
"Cutting Machines.         .228-239         "Electric.         .527, 328         "Pulley Turning and Boring.         82, 83           Geared Head Engine Lathes,         4, 14, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37         "Scroll Lathe Chucks.         86, 87         Horizontal Boring, Drilling, and Mill-serve Catting, Foot.         42-44           "Scroll Lathe Chucks.         .86, 87         "Boring Machines.         .252-238         Server Catting, Foot.         42-44           "Angle and Face.         .471         "Cylinder Boring Machines.         .258-291         Speed.         .45-47           "Bench. 429, 434, 435, 437, 447,         "Punching Machines.         .30         "Spindle and Axle Boring.         81           "Car Box.         473         "Steam Engines.         .532-534         "Spindle and Axle Boring.         19           "Car Wheel.         478         Hot Metal Saw.         410         "Tool Room.         13           "Cutter, Tool and Reamer.         474-455         Hydraulie Beam Punch.         330         "Uriversal Turret.         .55-77, 88-90           "Disk.         .494-498         "Crank Fin Presses.         .270, 271         "Wood Turrers".         .572-577           "Disk.         .494-498         "Crank Fin Presses.         .270, 271         Wood Turrers".         .572-577		Hoists Air or Proumatio 317-519	" Precision 51-54
Geared Head Engine Lathes,   Hollow Chief Mortiser   601-662   Screw Cutting Engine. 1-37, 40, 41   4,14, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37   Horisontal Boring, Drilling, and Mill-   Screw Cutting Forgine. 1-37, 40, 41   4 Scroll Lathe Chucks.		" Electric 527, 328	" Pulley Turning and Borine 82 83
"Scroll Lathe Chucks 86, 57 Grinders 50, 51, 420-408 Grinders 50, 51, 420-408 "Boring Machines 252-258 "Setover 70 Grinders 50, 51, 420-408 "Boring Machines 252-258 "Setover 70 Bench 420, 434, 435, 437, 447, "Bench 420, 434, 435, 437, 447, "Punching Machine 330 "Car Box 473 "Car Box 473 "Car Wheel 478 "Car Wheel 478 "Car Wheel 478 "Grinder Boring Machine 531-2534 "Spindle and Azle Boring 51 "Spindle and Azle Boring 53 "Spindle and Azle	Geared Head Engine Lathes,	Hollow Chisel Mortiser	" Serew Cutting Engine 1-37, 40, 41
"Scroll Lathe Chucks	4, 14, 16, 17, 24, 28, 34, 37	Horizontal Boring, Drilling, and Mill-	" Serew Cutting, Foot 42-44
"Angle and Face	" Scroll Lathe Chucks	ing Machines	" Setover 70
"Angle and Face	Grinders	" Boring Machines (Wood) 604	" Shafting 39
"Car Box. 473 473 "Steam Engines 532-534 "Spinning. 70 "Car Wheel 478 Hot Metal Saw. 419 "Tool Room. 133 "Circular Plate and Washer 473 Hub Mortiser 600 "Turret 55-77, 88-90 "Cutter, Tool and Reamer. 447-455 Hydraulie Beam Punch. 333 "Universal Turret. 55 "Disk. 496-408 "Crank Pin Presse. 270, 271 "Wood Turres", 572-577 "Drill. 434-440, 492 "Punches 319, 320 Lathe Tools. 44	" Angle and Face 471	" Cylinder Boring Machines . 258-201	Contract of the second
"Car Wheel         478         Hot Metal Saw         419         "Tool Room.         13           "Circular Plate and Washer         473         Hub Mortiser         600         " Turret         .55-77, 88-90           "Cutter, Tool and Reamer         .47-455         Hydraulie Beam Punch         330         " Universal Turret         .54           "Disk         .69-498         " Crank Pin Presses         .270, 271         " Wood Turners"         .572-577           "Disk         .434-440, 492         " Punches         .319, 320         Lathe Toola         .44		Funching Machine	opinoie and Axie During of
"Car Wheel         478         Hot Metal Saw         419         "Tool Room.         13           "Circular Plate and Washer         473         Hub Mortiser         600         " Turret         .55-77, 88-90           "Cutter, Tool and Reamer         .47-455         Hydraulie Beam Punch         330         " Universal Turret         .54           "Disk         .69-498         " Crank Pin Presses         .270, 271         " Wood Turners"         .572-577           "Disk         .434-440, 492         " Punches         .319, 320         Lathe Toola         .44	482-487, 492, 493	Steam Engines	Character Contract of the Cont
" Cutter, Tool and Reamer447-455     Hydraulie Beam Punch 330     " Universal Turret 55       " Disk	" Car Box 473	Tubbuild macaning 100-100	Equare Article
" Cutter, Tool and Reamer447-455     Hydraulie Beam Punch 330     " Universal Turret 55       " Disk	# Chamber Plate and Washer		A COL PRODUCTION CONTRACTOR TO
" Disk	" Cutter Tool and Reamer 447 455	Hydraulic Ream Dunch 220	THIPPE
" Drill	Cutter, 1001 and Beather, 111-100	" Crank Pin Program 270 271	" Word Turners' 579 577
	" Drill 434 440 402		Lathe Tools
			The state of the s

Laurantivo Cylinder Booing Bure,300, 303	Planer Milling Attachments105, 167 Planere, Bench	R.
Daiving Box Planer Tool 105	* Frog and Switch. 108 * Metal. 98-104	Rack Idling Attachments for Mil- ing Machines
M.	" Open Side	Radial Countersiaking and Drilling Machines109
Mandrels for Circular Saws 586	" Tool Room	" Drilling Machines, Full Uni- versal
Mandrel Turning Machine, Eccentric. 85 Manufacturers' Gang Drills173-175	" Wood,577-592	" Drilling Machines, Half Uni-
Muching Machines 428	Planer Tools	versal
Matchers	Planing Mill Exhausters 807 Plate Bending Rolls 334, 335	" Drill Tilting or Universal Table 169 Radius Planer Attachment 106
Million Attachments for Planers, 106, 107	" Grinder 473	Rail Bender, Hydraulie 272
" Facture, Quick Index	" Straightening Rolls 336 Pneumatic Chipping Hammers 521	" Drilling Machine
193, 194, 209, 210, 213	" Cranes	Reels, Wire
** Machine Vissa	" Hoists517-519	Reversible Centering Machines 402
* Machinet Die	* Riveting Hammers 521	Reversing Tapping Chucks 185, 186 Revolving Centering Machines 403
* Machines, Hand192-196	" Tapping Machines	Ring Wheel Grinders
<ul> <li>Mashines, Keynest</li></ul>	Pointing Machines, Bolt362, 363	" Saw Tables. 544-555 Riveters, Air or Pneumatic 519-621
	Polishing Machines	" Rotary Blow
Machines, Plain	" Machines, Swing Frame 479	Riveting Hammers, Pneumatic., 201 Roller Pipe Cutters
" Machines, Clab	" Machines, Wood	Roll Grinders
<b>204-207, 2</b> 11, 212	Portable Cylinder Boring Bars262, 263  Drilling Machines179–184	Rolling Mills, Jewelers' and Silver- amiths'
Machines, Universal Duples, 211-213 Machines, Valve	" Electric Grinders493-496	Roffs, Plate Bending 334, 335
Machines, Vertical213-217	" Pasing Arm	" Plate Straightening 234.306
Head or Lather	" Shaft Keynnaters	" Compressors or Vacuum Pumps, \$10 Planers
Martiners, Poot	" Eliotters 126	" Shears
- Walter	" Valve Seat Rotary Planers 1:0 Positive Pressure Blowers508, 509	" Swaging Machines
# Power 500-608	Post Boring Machine (Wood) 603  " Drills	Round Iron Shears
Mari Rice Dell	Power Hack Saws410-412	
Multiple Peaching Machine 329  " Spindle Drilling Machines173-178	" Hammers	8.
	" Presses278-296	Sandpapering Machines. 610-613 Sash Sticker. 496
N.	" Squaring Shears	Saw Mandrels or Arbors.
Not Pasing Mechine	Presses, Arbor	Saws, Cold Metal, Cut Off A 413-419 Saw Sharpening Machines
* Milling Markine	" Board Drop 388	Saws, Hot Metal 419 " Metal Band 420, 421
_	" Broaching	" Power Hack
0.	" Drawing	Saw Tables, Metal
Oli Sisparatore, Cratrifugal91, 92 Open Bide Pleaces101, 102	" Foot 274, 275	Screw Cutting Engine Lathes1-37, 40, 41
	" Hydraulie	" Cutting Foot Lathes42-44 " Machines63-69, 88-90
P	* Power	" Slotting Machine
Panel Raiser. 503	" Sprue	Seroll Saws
Pattern Makers' Lathes 572-577 Pinion Cutting Machines 228, 230	" Trimming	Seming Machines. Semi Automatic Geor Cutting Ma-
Pipe Cutters XIN, 230	Pulley Turning and Boring Lather. 82, 83	ehines
" Threading and Cutting-Off Ma-	Punches, Beam. 320, 329 " Hydraulic 319, 320	Sensitive Drill Presses
Chines	Punching and Shearing Machines, 304-333	Separators, Centrifugal, Oil
Plain Grinders	" Machines, Multiple 329	Shaft Keywaters
" Radial Drilling Machines 157-165		Shafting Lather
Planer Centers 104	Q.	Steeper Centers 110
" Chucks	Quick Index Milling Fisture	Creak
	421	

PAGE	PAUR	
Shapers, Sinker Head	Straightening and Cutting Machines,	U.
" Traverse Head	Wire	This word Cottes Tool and Day
Trible demonstration and a series	" Rolls	Universal Cutter, Tool, and Rea Grinders448.
- CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF	Strapping Attachments504, 505	
Shaper Vises	Surface Grinders402-468	Divining riches for stiming
Sharpeners, Saw	Surfacers, Wood577-592	chines
Shears, Alligator	Suspension Drilling Machine 172	rather aming machines
Angeresting	Swaging Machines	Carinocia
Line arent a contrata de la contrata del la contrata de la contrata del la contrata de la contrata del la contrata de la contr	Swing Frame Cut Off Saws557, 558	ARODO UDUCKE, ********
Dimeset a restrict a restrict a service and a service a	" Frame Grinding and Polishing	
CHECKSHIT INTERNATIONAL STREET, ST. O. O.	Machine 479	MODING Latines,
Odden ville in it is	Switch Planers 103	Action Crining amounters
***************************************		" Saw Tables " Table for Radial Drills
and the second s	T.	Table for Badisi Drink.
charanterates in the interior		" Turret Lathes Upright Drill Presses146-156,
cultura militaria de la constanta della constanta de la constanta de la constanta de la consta	Tapping and Reaming Machine, Flex-	
true suspensations	ible 8haft 184	Upsetting Machines, Bolt
Shop Saws, Power410-412	" Attachments for Drill Presses,	
Shrinkers, Tire	1 Church 153, 154	
Silversmiths' Rolling Mills 301-303	Chucket.	V.
Single Spindle Shaper. 593	madatie Crain Couces 600	**
COMMISSION & SUBSTITUTE OF COMMISSION OF COM	machine, remarkants	Vacuum Pumps
Sinker Head Shaper 121		Valve Milling Machines
Stab Milling Machines 222	Braching Promonium 100-100	" Seat Rotary Planers
Slide Rests	Demonstrates 14M2-15-1-1-1-1004-000	Vertical Boring and Turning Mills.
Slotters	mental a recommendation	" Boring Machines (Wood)
" Die	" Machines, Vertical188-192	" Drill Presses146-156,
A COLUMN TELEFORM TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	Tenoning Machines	" Milling Machines
Slotting Machine, Serew 91	Threading Lathes, Automatic 38	" Spindle Attachments for Mil
Snagging Shaper121	Three Way Facing Machine 261	Machines
Spacing Tables for Punches and	Tire Benders	" Spindle Rotary Planers
Shears	CHILDREE STATES STATES STATES STATES	" Steam Engines
Speed Lather	and the same of th	" Tapping Machines
Spindle and Axle Boring Lathe	Tilting Saw Tables 542, 543, 546-548	Visca, Drill Press
SCHOOL SECTION CONTRACTOR STATE STATE STATE	A DESCRIPTION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF TH	" Milling Machine 193,
Spline Cutter	Tool Grinders420-433, 448-455	" Shaper
Splining Machine	" Room Planer 104	
	Account & Million	
Sprue Presses 295	Tools, Air or Pneumatic519-523	
Spur Gear Cutters	" Lathe Turning 44	w.
Square Arbor Lathes	" Planer 105 Traverse Head Shapers 121-123	Washer Grinder
Squaring Shears, Foot Power 304		Water Attachment for Grinders
" Shears, Power305-309	Trimmers, Wood	" Tool Grinders
Stay Bolt Cutters	Triuming Presser 280	Welding Machines, Flue
Steam Engines, Derrick	Trip Hammers 380-383	Wheel Grinders
" Engines, Hoisting535-538	Triple Geared Shapers	Wire Coiling Machines.
" Engines, Horizontal532-534	Trolleys	" Cutters, Hand
" Engines, Vertical529-532		" Cutters, Rotary
" Hammers	Tube Cutters	" Flattening Mills
Steel Foundry Cold Saws	Turret Head Tools	" Reels
" Pressure Blowers 507	" Head Vertical Boring and	" Rope Shear
Stock and Shaft Straighteners 272, 273	rient terrem round min	" Straighteners
Straighteners, Pipe	Turning Mills	Wood Polishing Machine
" Wire	Twist Drill Grinders	" Trimmers
Straightening and Bending Machine. 374	Two Spindle Centering Machines 400, 401	" Turners' Lathen
crimentening min sending stacting. 374	I we opinion Centering Machines 400, 401	turners Lathen

#### 9" AND 11" ENGINE LATHES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11000 TO 11002.

These lathes are equally available for use by foot or power and will withstand the severest tests for accuracy, convenience and durability. They contain several patenties and special features, giving them important advantages towe sides father of corresponding sizes. The racks, small guars, stude, servers, etc., are made of sizel, and all servers, note and small parts liable to become braised are case-bardened. Cylindrical surfaces are ground and sixting surfaces are band-scraped to insure accuracy.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

		2º Lather	11" Lather
	Hole in least spindle	\$5°	H*
Я	Dumener in spindle nose	136"	150
,	Thread on spindle nose .	12 per inch	10 per inch.
4	Front bearing of spindle.	136" × 256"	1%" x 3%"
ς	Back bearing of spindle.	156" × 156"	134" = 134"
4	Cone pulley distorters	356", 456", 536"	3%", 5%", 6%"
	Width of belt.	134"	134"
ă	Itatio of back gearing	7 to 1	8 to 1
j	Dismeter of tail spindle	1"	134"
	Swing over bed (actual).	1054"	1254*
)	Nwing over plain and		
	coropound rest	574*	7)6"
0	Compound rest travels	316"	414"
и	Size of lathe tools	36"×36"	16"×16"
4	Capacity of center rest	3*	35%*
4	Size of pulleys on coun-		
	tershaft	0"×134"	8" x 234"
A.	Brown I of marriage haft	200	200



FIG. 11000.





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FIG. 11002.

FIG. 11001.

					SPECIFICATI	ONS.			
Numbers Market	Raind Swing-	Actual Swing Over link	Personal Reserves Contern,	Longth of	Floor Space Over All.	Not Weight with Foot Fower,	Not Weight with Countershaft.	Net Weight with Countershaft and Od Fan.	Net Weight with Countrieshaft and Beach Legs.
10	0.0	1054"	24"	40"	25" ± 53"	445 lbs.	370 lbs.	415 lbs.	305 lbs.
20	5"	1014	36*	2005	$25'' \times 65''$	480 lbs.	405 lbs.	460 lbs.	340 lbs.
25	13"	1234	24"	50"	27" x 60"	665 Iba.	390 Ilm.	675 Bm.	520 lbs.
20	11"	1054*	36"	62"	27" × 7.2"	715 lbs.	640 lbm.	735 lbs.	570 lbs.
-40	110	1234	48"	74"	27" x 84"	765 lbs.	690 fbs.	795 lbm.	620 lbs.
30	11"	1235*	60*	86"	27" x 95"	\$15 lbs.	740 lbs.	855 ths.	670 lbs.

PAGE	PAGE	,
Shapers, Sinker Head, 121	Straightening and Cutting Machines,	U.
" Traverse Head121-123	Wire423-427	The state of the s
" Triple Geared	" Rolls 336	Universal Cutter, Tool, and Reamer
" Wood	Strapping Attachments	Grinders448, 450-
Shaper Vises 124	Surface Grinders462-468	" Dividing Heads for Milling Ma-
Sharpeners, Saw	Surfacers, Wood	chines209, 210,
Shears, Alligator.,	Suspension Drilling Machine 172	" Duplex Milling Machines 211-
" Angle	Swaging Machines 298	" Grinders
" Bar Iron,314, 315, 324. 330	Swing Frame Cut Off Sawa557, 558	" Lathe Chucks
" Billet 330	" Frame Grinding and Polishing	" Milling Machines 204-207, 211,
" Circular 312	Machine 479	" Monitor Lathes7
" Gate 331	Switch Planers 103	" Radial Drilling Machines. 160
" Hand		COM THURSDAY AND
Many	T.	THOSE FOR PURCHASE PARTIES.
" Splitting313, 314		" Turret Lathes
" Squaring304-309	Tapping and Reaming Machine, Flex-	Upright Drill Presses146-156, 173
* Wire Rope 315	ible Shaft 184	Upsetting Machines, Bolt367-
Shop Saws, Power410-412	" Attachments for Drill Presses,	
Shrinkers, Tire	153, 154	
Silversmiths' Rolling Mills301-303	" Chucks	v
Single Spindle Shaper 503	" Machine Crank Chucks 350	v.
" Surface Planers580-587	" Machines, Automatic 190, 192	Vaedum Pumpa
Sinker Head Shaper 121	" Machines, Bench	Valve Milling Machines223,
Slab Milling Machines, 222	" Machines, Horizontal188-190	" Seat Rotary Planers
Slide Rests 48, 78	" Machines, Nut	Vertical Boring and Turning Mills, 240-
Slotters	" Machines, Pneumatic522, 523	" Boring Machines (Wood)
AND	" Machines, Vertical 188-192	" Drill Presses 146-156, 173-
" Portable	Tenoning Machines	" Milling Machines
Slotting Machine, Screw 91	Threading Lathes, Automatic 38	" Spindle Attachments for Milling
Snagging Shaper121	Three Way Facing Machine 261	Machines
Spacing Tables for Punches and	Tire Benders	" Spirelle Rotary Planers
Shears	" Shrinkers 374	" Steam Engines
Speed Lathes	" Welding Hammers 383	" Tapping Machines188
Spindle and Axle Boring Lathe 81	Tilting Saw Tubles 542, 543, 546-548	Vises, Drill Press
" and Roll Grinder 474	" Table for Radial Drills 169	" Milling Machine 193, 194,
Spinning Latties	Tool Grinders429-433, 448-455	" Shaper
Spline Cutter	Room Lathes	
Splining Machine	AMOUNT FIRMER,	
Splitting Shears	Tools, Air or Pneumatic	0.00
Sprue Presses 295 Spur Gear Cutters 228-239	America & drining	W.
Square Arbor Lathes	" Planer 105 Traverse Head Shapers 121-123	Washer Grinder
Squaring Shears, Foot Power 304	Trimmers, Wood	Water Attachment for Grinders
" Shears, Power	Trimming Pressus	" Tool Grinders
Stay Bolt Cutters	Trip Hammers	Welding Machines, Flue
Steam Engines, Derrick 538	Triple Geared Shapers	Wheel Grinders
" Engines, Hoisting535-538	" Head Bolt Cutters 360	Wire Coiling Machines
" Engines, Horizontal532-534	Trolleys	" Cutters, Hand
" Engines, Vertical529-532	Tube Cutters	" Cutters, Rotary
" Hammers 377-379	Turning Tools for Lathes 44	" Flattening Mills
Steel Foundry Cold Saws 417	Turret Head Tools	" Reela
" Pressure Blowers 507	" Head Vertical Boring and	" Rope Shear
Stock and Shaft Straighteners 272, 273	Turning Mills 240-246	" Straighteners
Straighteners, Pipe	" Lathes	Wood Polishing Machine
" Wire	Twist Drill Grinders 434-440, 402	" Trimmers
Straightening and Bending Machine. 374	Two Spindle Centering Machines, 400, 401	" Turners' Lathes
and the same of th		1111/11/11/11

#### 9" AND 11" ENGINE LATHES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS, 11000 TO 11002

These lettles are opodity available for use by hot or power and will withstand the isometer tests for assuming enversioner and detailedity. They emaint assume patential and aportal features, giving them important advantages were other factors of surrounceding sizes.

The racks, small grass, study, anoway etc., are trade of study, and all acrows, note and small parts inche to become benieved are two-bardered. Cylindrical services are ground and skiling notions are hand-semped to imme accuracy.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

	Bres	STREET, STREET,	
		Winder.	31° Saile
	Hale is head quistle	- 654	167
ŧ.	Diameter in spirally ness	134"	350"
,	Thread on spindle nose.	12 per inch	10 per inch
4	Freat bearing of spindle.	156" × 256"	136" x 236"
ķ	Thick bearing of spindle.	136"×156"	Use a Use
Ŷ	Computery dispeters	2007, 4007, 5567	2007, 2007, 400
	Width of bolt.	11/2	1115"
TNT	Ratio of back puring	7101	S to 1
	Diameter of tall spinds	10	154"
3	Swing over hed (actual).	100 5"	1254*
0	Swing over plain and	-	
	compound rut	456*	754"
D.	Compound rest travels.	214"	4547
	Size of lathe tools	36"×36"	36"×36"
4	Capacity of center rest.	2"	250
4	Size of pulleys on coun-		
1	tershaft	6"×154"	8" x 234"
¢	Speed of countershalt	200	200



FIG. 11000.





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FIG. 11002.

FIG. 11001.

					SPECIFICAT	ONE.			
Numbers id Laties.	Rainf Swing.	Actual Swing Over Hed.	Distance Between Centers,	Length of	Pleast Spans Over All.	Not Weight with Foot Power.	Net Weight with Countershaft.	Net Weight with Counterchaft and Oil Pan.	Net Weight with Countershuft and Break Legs.
10	9"	1054"	24"	46"	$25^o \times 53^o$	445 lbm.	370 lbs.	415 Um.	305 lbm.
20	9.	101/2"	36"	185	25" × 05"	480 lbs.	405 lbs.	460 Hw.	340 lbs.
25	11"	121/4"	24"	50°	27° x 60°	665 lbs.	590 lbs.	675 Bu.	520 Hm.
30	11"	1256*	36"	62"	27° × 72"	715 lbs.	640 lbs.	735 lbs.	670 flm.
40	110	1216"	45"	74"	27°×84"	765 lbs.	600 Ilia.	795 lbs.	020 Ba.
50	11.	1256*	60*	80"	27°×96°	815 lbs.	740 lbs.	855 lbs.	070 lin.

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# 12" SWING ENGINE LATHE.

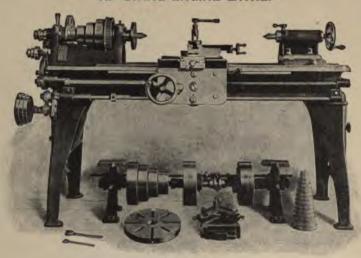


FIG. 11003.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11003.

The head stock is very rigid. The metal is properly distributed to resist all strains that must be austained by it. It has a four-step cone, large diameter and with extra wide face.

The spindle is of high carbon steel, ground to size. Bearings are of hard bronze, very large, with proper oiling facilities, and have

and have means for adjustment when necessary.

End thrust of spindle is sustained by a step, firmly bolted to end of head stock, entirely independent of the spindle.

The tail stock is the original of the off-set type (patented), allowing the compound blocks to be set in a plane parallel with the bed.

Provision is made so that the tail stock can be set off center for turning taper. As a whole, the tail stock is in keeping with the excellent general character of the machine. The carriage, which is beavy, has a very stiff bridge, long bearings on Vs, and is securely gibbed to the bed. The compound or plain

The earriage, which is heavy, has a very stiff bridge, long bearings on Vs, and is securely gibbed to the bed. The compound or plain blocks are very wide and generously proportioned.

The apron is bolted firmly to the carriage. All gears in apron are amply strong to carry their load. When screw-cutting, the rack pinion can be withdrawn from the rack, preventing rotation of gears and hand wheel while carriage travels back and forth on hed. Feed works. Three changes of feed and be had by means of the three-step cone. Three other changes are made by changing gears, making in all nine changes of feed.

The belt tightener keeps the feed helt always taut.

Positive geared feed is supplied with each lathe. To use the same it is only necessary to swing the belt tightener up, so that the gear on the hub of feed cone meshes with gear which runs loose on splined bushing which is on lead screw; the number of feed changes to be had is limited only to the number of change gears with lathe.

The lead screw is large, of coarse pitch and accurate, and is rotated only when screw-cutting.

The lead screw is large, of coarse pitch and accurate, and is rotated only when screw-cutting. Automatic stop for feed disengages clutch on feed rod.

Face plates, large and small, center and follower rest, countershaft with two friction pulleys, and wrenches are supplied with each futber.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

Diameter of front bearing, 1%, ".
Length of front bearing, 3%,"
Diameter of rear bearing, 34,"
Diameter of rear bearing, 29,",
Diameter of spindle nose, 1½," x 10 threads per inch.
Diameter of spindle nose, 1½," x 0 threads per inch.
Diameter of hole in spindle, 5%," conforms to Morse taper.
Swings over ways, 13".
Swings over compound reat, 9".
Swings over raise and fall reat, 7".
Distance between unters, 5" bed, 30".

Change gears cut from 5 to 32 threads, Width of cone belt, 134".

Largest diameter of cone, 934".

Dameter of counter pulley, 9".

Face of counter pulley, 9".

Face of countershaft, 20 ft. P. M.

Weight, 5" bed, 859 pounds.

Weight boxed, 5" bed, 970 pounds.

Cubic feet, 28.

# 12" SWING ENGINE LATHE WITH COMPOUND REST AND POWER CROSS FEED.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11004.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11004.

Swing over bed, 12½\*.

Swing over raise and fall rest, 7\*.

Swing over compound rest, 7½\*.

Swing over plain rest, 8\*.

Center hole in spindles, Morse taper No. 2.

Face plate serves, 1½\*.

Size of touls, ½\* x ½\* atesl.

Size of touls, ½\* x ½\* atesl.

Size of pulleys on countershaft, 8\* x 3\*.

Speed of countershaft, 150 R. P. M.

Distance between centers, with 4' bed, 24\*.

Distance between centers, with 6' bed, 36\*.

Distance between centers, with 6' bed, 36\*.

Net weight, with 4' bed, 580 fbs.; boxed, 730 fbs.

Net weight, with 5' bed, 640 fbs.; boxed, 800 fbs.

Net weight, with 6' bed, 700 fbs.; boxed, 800 fbs.

Net weight, with 6' bed, 700 fbs.; boxed, 875 fbs.

Made with any style rest.

Can be furnished with foot power.

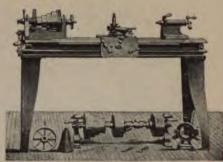
Taper attachment, with plain or compound rest, extra.

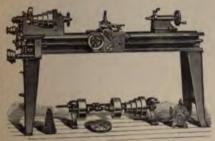
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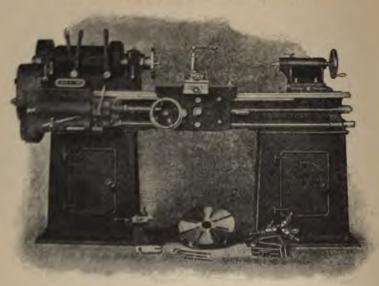
# 13" AND 14" ENGINE LATHES WITH COMPOUND REST AND POWER CROSS FEED.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11006.

The lathe is furnished complete with either plain, raise and fall or compound reats, independent rod and serve feed, large and small face plates, full set of serve-cutting goars, steady rest, friction countershaft and wrenches. Improved taper attachment-can also be furnished when desired at extra cost. Taper attachment or power cross feed will not be furnished with raise and fall rest.

F1G. 11006.		
SPECIFICATIONS.	332	ie
Swing over bed	14"	15"
Swing over compound rest	8"	9"
Swing over plain rest	8"	0"
Diameter of hole through spindle	34"	114"
Center hole in spindle, Morse taper	No. 3	No. 3
Face plate screw, threads	0	6
Face plate screw, diameter	1845	24
Distance between centers, 6' bed	42"	42*
Front bearing	756° x 336°	216° x 4°
Rear bearing	134" x 334"	136° × 336°
Four-step cone for belt, diameter	2*	2)4"
Diameter largest step on cone	734*	856"
Diameter smallest step on cone		354"
Ratio of back gearing	9 to T	10 to 1
Diameter of tail stock spindle	156"	150"
Cute threads, with English lead screw, from	4 to 40	4 to 36
Cute threads, with metric lead screw, from	8 mm. to 0.75 mm.	8 mm. to 1.5 mm.
Net weight, with 6' bed.	1.035 lbs.	1,468 lbs.
Not weight per extra foot of bed		75 lbs.
Pulleys on countershaft, diameter	8*	10*
Pulleys on countershaft, face	2557	3"
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	150	150
Tools should be made of steel, size,	1° × 16°	1" x 1/2"

# 12" AND 14" SWING HIGH-SPEED LATHES.



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FIG. 11006, (CUT SHOWS 14",)

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11006.

and is self-oiling throughout.

spindle by means of gearing. There are eight changes of spindle speed, all of

dly stiff, with long bearings on Vs, and is securely gibbed to the bed, means are annoly strong to earry their load. When screw-cutting, the tack pinion of gears and hand wheel while carriage traverses back and forth on bed, ste, and is rotated only when screw-cutting.

portioned. equipment. sometershaft with two friction pulleys, and wrenches, are supplied with each

		SPECIFIC	CATIONS.		
	ALC:	1.6"		12"	14"
Company of the Principle of the Principl	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	が記録が	Will cut 44 pitches from. Width of driving belt. Diameter of driving peller. Diameter of driving peller. Pass of counter pitches pulley. Pass of counter pitches pulley. Speed of countershaft, B. P. M. Weight, 6' hed. Weighed hound, 6' bed. Cubic fact.	4 to 60 23-5* 10* 12* 3* 550 lbs. 1,900 lbs. 27	4 to 60 2347 127 127 360 1,780 fbs. 2,150 fbs. 45

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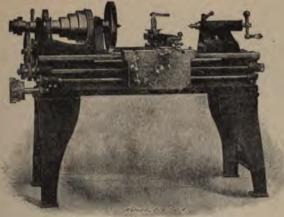


FIG., 11007.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11007.

These lathes are of the latest and most approved design. The workmanship, material, and finish are of the highest order throughout.

They are in fact modern, practical, high grade tools at low prices.

All parts are heavy and substantial, fittings are accurate and appliances convenient.

The live spindles are made of a high grade of special steel; the boxes or bearings are of the best phosphor bronse. Provision is made for constant and easy lubrication.

The tall stocks have an adjustable side movement for turning tapers. They are solid and substantial, having a beavy spindle and

The earriages are of the most approved design, have long bearings on the ways, and are provided with ample lubricating devices.

They are gibbed to the bed, both front and back. These lathes will cut either right or left hand threads, or feed either right or left.

These lather are provided with plain rest unless otherwise directed, and with both screw and red feeds, as well as power cross feed.

The cross feed is graduated. Gears to cut all standard threads from 5 to 36 are furnished. Steady and follower rests, large and small face plates and friction countershaft go with each lathe.

Compound rest or rise and fall rest can be furnished instead of plain block rest, at additional cost.

Lather can be provided with taper attachment, if desired.

SPECIFICATIONS.			
	18"	14"	15"
Swings over led.	13"	14"	15"
Swings over eatringe	735"	834"	934"
Length of bed	6'	6'	0'
Takes between centers	40"	40*	40"
Front bearing	2%" × 335"	256" x 356"	236" = 314"
Hole through spindle	136"	156"	156*
Countershaft pulleys	60	A. × 3.	9" × 3"
Speed of countershaft pulleys, R. P. M.			190
Weight		1.0	1,250 lbs.

# 12" AND 14" SWING HIGH-SPEED LATHES.

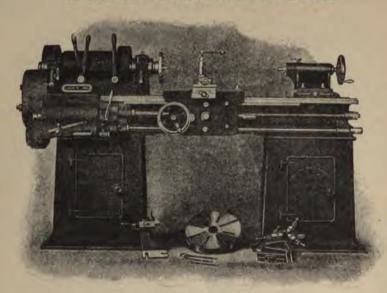


FIG. 11008. (CUT SHOWS 14".)

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11008.

The head stock is manive, with large spindle bearings, and is self-oiling throughout.
Driving pulley is located on back shaft and drives the spindle by means of gearing. There are eight changes of spindle speed, all of change to obtained while the lathe is in motion.
Eriction clutches of our special design are employed, enabling these changes of speed to be made without shock or danger to the gears, as impossible to engage two conflicting ratios of gearing at the same time. The belt power is constant and will transmit at least 15 sepower. This is the correct principle, as it gives a maximum power at any speed of the spindle.
The quick-change gear mechanism permits of a change from one feed to another, or from one thread to another, instantly. An index too the head stock makes the screw-cutting changes so simple that even an inexperienced hand can operate without trouble or mis-

e and thrust of spindle is sustained by a step, firmly boiled to end of the head stock, entirely independent of the spindle bearings, to tail stock is the original of the offset type, allowing the compound blocks to be set in a plane parallel with the bed. Provision is so that the tail stock can be set off center for turning taper. As a whole this tell stock is ne beging with the excellent general The tail stock is the original of the offset type, allowing the compound blocks to be set in a plane parallel with the bed. Provision is do so that the tail stock can be set off center for turning taper. As a whole this tail stock is niceping with the excellent general exacter of the machine.

The carriage is very rigid, and the bridge is especially stiff, with long bearings on Vs, and is securely gibbed to the bed.

The ajron is bolted rigidly to the carriage, and all gears are amply strong to carry their load. When serw-cutting, the rack pinion is be withdrawn from the rick, preventing rotation of gears and hand wheel while carriage traverses back and forth on bed. The lead screw is large and coarse pitch and accurate, and is rotated only when screw-cutting.

Automatic stop for feed disengages clutch on feed rod.

The compound or plain blocks are very wide and generously proportioned.

When specified with order we supply, at extra cost, taper attachment, and electric motor attachment of any style or make motor; are for cutting any odd thread not included in regular equipment.

Face plates, large and small, center and follower rest, countershaft with two friction pulleys, and wrenches, are supplied with each be.

		SPECIF	ICATIONS.		
	127	14"		12"	14"
Diameter of front bearing. Length of front bearing. Diameter of rear bearing. Length of rear bearing. Diameter of nose of spindle. Hole in spindle.	2%** 2%** 1%** 214** 114**	5" 219" 196" 2110" 1110"	Will cut 44 pitches from	4 to 60 234" 10" 12" 3" 350	4 to 60 21/5" 19" 12" 3" 300
Swings over ways.  Swings over compound rest.  Over raise and fall rest.  Distance between centers, 6' bed	1316° 814° 612°	1516* 1516* 10* 716* 2016*	Weight, 6' bed. Weighed boxed, 6' bed. Cubic fest.	1,550 lbs. 1,900 lbs. 37	1,780 lbs. 2,150 lbs. 45

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# 13", 14" AND 15" ENGINE LATHES.

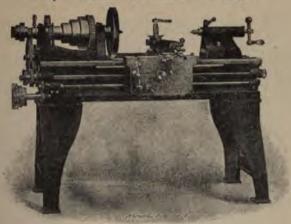


FIG., 11007.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11007.

These lather are of the latest and most approved design. The workmanship, material, and finish are of the highest order throughout.

They are in fact modern, practical, high grade tools at low prices.

All parts are beavy and substantial, fittings are accurate and appliances convenient.

The live spindles are made of a high grade of special steel; the boxes or bearings are of the best phosphor bronze. Provision is made for constant and easy lubrication.

The tall stocks have an adjustable side movement for turning tapers. They are solid and substantial, having a beavy spindle and senter.

The carriages are of the most approved design, have long bearings on the ways, and are provided with ample lubricating devices.

They are gibbed to the bed, both front and back. These lathes will out either right or left hand threads, or feed either right or left.

These lathes are provided with plain rest unless otherwise directed, and with both screw and rod feeds, as well as power cross feed.

The cross feed igraduated. Gears to cut all standard threads from 5 to 26 are furnished. Steady and follower rests, large and small face plates and friction countershall go with each lathe.

Compound rest or rise and fall rest can be furnished instead of plain block rest, at additional cost.

Lather can be provided with taper attachment, if desired.

SPECIFICATIONS.			
14-774	33"	14"	15"
Swings over bed	13*	14"	15"
Swings over carriage	736*	855*	935"
Length of bed	6'	6'	6'
Takes between conternational and a second content a	40"	40*	40*
Front bearing	2% × 3%	236" x 336"	2%"×334"
Hole through spindle	196"	156"	156"
Countershaft pulleys	9" x 3"	9"×3"	9" × 3"
Speed of countershaft pulleys, R. P. M	190	190	190
Weight	L.150 lbs.	1,200 lbs.	1.250 lbs.

# 13", 15", 16", 18" AND 20" ENGINE LATHES.

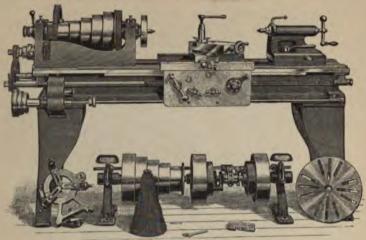


FIG. 11008.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11008.

This cut shows the 15" engine lathe, with compound rest and all regular attachments. It is a convenient, accurate lathe, made by sirst-class workmen from the best of materials.

Both spindles are of cast crucible steel, the head spindle having a large hole through its entire length. The bearings of the head spindle are of the best phospher bronse, carefully scraped to fit. The head is strongly back-geared.

The compound swivel is graduated in degrees, and all the actuating screws are provided with graduation for adjustment. The tool
poet is a solid steel forging, and is fitted with a tool steel screw. The rest is very stiff and is gibbed to the bed, both front and back
sides. All bearings on ways are of ample length, and carefully scraped to fit.

This lathe is regularly furnished with power cross feed, automatic stop to carriage, belt feed and geared rod feed; also rim friction countershalt, large and small face plates, center rest, set of change gears, necessary wrenches, etc.

Plain or elevating rest furnished when desired. Taper attachment can be furnished with compound rest. Draw-in chuck for toolroom work can be furnished when ordered.

Countershaft has self-oiling boxes, and the friction pulleys can be oiled while running.

Metric pitch lead screw and gears for cutting metric threads furnished without extra charge when ordered.

The lathe can be furnished mounted in oil pan, at an extra charge,

Each lathe is earefully tested before being shipped.

Beds of any length.

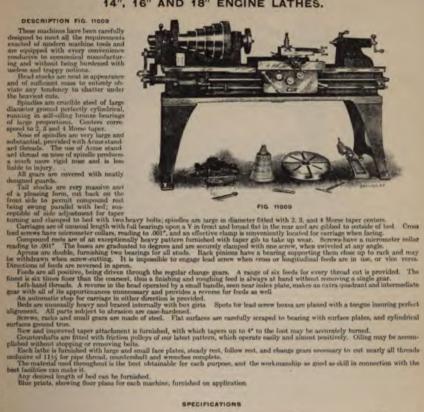
10° 16°	16° 17%°	18"	20"
	1734*	101.0	
		100.0	20%
934"	1134"	1634	1234"
1034	1154"	10%	1254"
0,	8'	8'	8'
3234*	50°	4734"	4734"
11" × 3"	11" x 314"	13" x 3%"	13" x 3%"
130	120	115	115
1,150 fba	2,000 lbs.	2,530 lbs.	2,800 lbs.
130"	156"	134*	114*
	6' 3234' 11" x 3" 130 1,150 lbs.	954" 11)4" 1052" 1154" 6' 8' 3255" 11" x 352" 130 120 1,150 lbs. 2,000 lbs.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

# 14", 16" AND 18" ENGINE LATHES.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11000

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Front bearing of spindle.
Back bearing spindle.
Hole through spindle.
Nose of spindle.
Cone diameter head stock
Width of bett.
Batio of back gearing.
Diameter of tail-stock spindle.
Cate screws from
Actual swing over bed.
Actual swing over bed.
Actual swing over bed.
Actual swing over centres.
Speed of counterstaft, revolutions per minute.
Frietion pulleys counterstaft,
Net weight of lathe with 6° bed.
Skipping weight additional per foot.
Weight bood for foreign shipment.
Taper attackment furnished to order turns taper
up to 4° per foot.

SPECIFICATIONS		
1 in	180	15"
256" x 4"	23g* x 45g*	314" × 514"
2° x 3°	214" x 314"	1160
214" diameter 114" long 10", 814", 614", 514", 314"	216" diameter 2" long 11", 914", 716", 534", 4"	214" diameter 214" long 12", 1014", 814", 654", 415"
2	217	293*
150	136*	2"
2 to 36	2 to 36	1 to 20
956*	1016*	12"
2' 10" 150	2' 5* 150	130
10" diameter for 314" belt	10" diameter for 316" belt	12" diameter for 4" belt
1,600 lbs. 1,750 lbs.	2,100 lbs. 2,250 lbs.	2,600 lbm 2,800 lbm
100 lbs.	135 lbs	175 Um-
1,900 lbs. 85" x 35" x 29"	2,400 lbs. 85° x 36° x 32°	3,460.0~
18° lone	18º lour	

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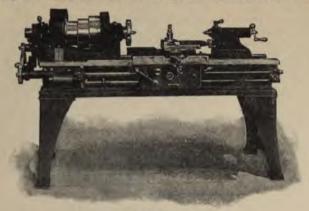


FIG. 11010.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11010.

The above illustration is that of our new standard engine lathes, with three-step cone, and double-back gears. This lathe possesses wantages of unusual interest to modern, up-to-date manufacturers, as a cost reducer on either heavy or light work, within the capacity the lathe.

the labbe.
The cone has three steps of large diameters, with very broad faces; reference to specifications below giving each particular size, also ith of belt required, which in connection with the double-back gears, having ratios of 3 to 1, and 9½ to 1, delivers power to the spindle ficient to allow it to take care of the heaviest work within its range, and without impairing its utility for turning out work rapidly, of the very finest character, running in ring oiling bearings, which may be replaced with new ones, in case of accidental damage, I maintain their original alignment—a feature which should not be underestimated.
Since modern high-speed steels call for very high speeds, and heavy lathes in proportion—this lathe is especially built for said re-

Since modern high-speed sicels call for very high speeds, and heavy lathes in proportion—this lathe is especially built for said requirements.

The spindles have large holes throughout their entire length, making it possible to operate upon long burs.

Three-dep come, double-back gears, and a two speed countershaft provides a very satisfactory range of 18 spindle speeds; thus giving the advantage of eight more speeds than with the usual five-step come, in addition to twice as much power.

Other advantages in addition to the abundance of power in the head are its positive geared feeds, are at the operator's immediate and instantaneous command.

As an illustration: a roughing feed of 3% of an inch is in use, and a finishing feed is wanted—push the lever, and a feed three to four times as fine is at hand. Should the range within the feed box be insufficient, a change of gear on the lead serve will make another change of six feeds. This may be carried on the naturalistic number of combinations.

The carriage, apron, compound rest, tail stock, steady and follower rests, taper attachment and countershaft, are all of modern and standard design, heavy and rigid, the bed is extra deep, wide and heavy.

These lathes can be furnished with English or metric lead screw ideal rapid change gear device, oil pan, tank and pump.

SPECIFICATIONS.

14" 314" x 514"

Cone diameter head stock	101/2 02/2 21/2	112 01/2 21/2	101/2 101/2 01/2
	1005, 804, 134,	11, 934, 132	1294 , 1094 , 894
Width of belt	3 to 1 and 9 to 1	3 to 1 and 914 to 1	3 to 1 and 914 to 1
Ratio of back gearing	a to I and w to I	a to 1 and why to 1	3 to 1 and 1955 to 1
Diameter of tail stock spindle	200	0.600	14.00
Cuts screws from	2 to 30	2 10 30	1 10 20
Actual swing over bed	10	17	19*
Actual swing over carriage	939	1035	12"
6' lathe takes between centers	2' 10"	2 8	
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	165 and 145	160 and 140	140 and 120
Friction pulleys, countershaft	12" diameter, 3" belt	13" diameter, 314" belt	14° diameter, 4° bel
Net weight of lathe with 6' bed	1,600 lbs.	2,100 lbs.	2,600 lbs.
Shipping weight crated, domestie	1,750 lbs.	2,250 lba.	2,800 lbs.
Shipping weight, additional per foot	100 lbs.	135 lbs.	175 lbs.
Weight, boxed for foreign shipment	1,900 (ba.	2,400 lbs.	3,000 Iba.
Dimensions, boxed	85" x 35" x 29"	85" x 36" x 32"	85" x 40" x 34"
Taper attachment furnished to order turns tapers up	100		
to 4" per foot	18"	18"	94*

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# 14" AND 16" SWING ENGINE LATHES.

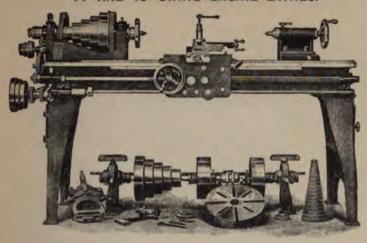


FIG. 11011

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11011

rigid. The metal is properly distributed to resist all strains that must be sustained by it. It has a five-step with extra wide face. carbon steel, ground to size. Bearings are of hard bronze, very large, with proper oiling facilities, and have

It when necessary:
indle is sustained by a step, firmly bolted to end of head stock, entirely independent of the spindle.
the original of the offset type (patented), allowing the compound blocks to be set in a plane parallel with the bed,
that the tail stock can be set off center for turning taper. As a whole, the tail stock is in keeping with the excellent

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of the machine. It is a very stiff bridge, long bearings on Vs. and is securely gibbed to the bed. The compound or plain de and generously proportioned.

It is a superstant of the service of the servic

hen specified with order we supply, at extra cost, toper attachment, and electric motor attachment of any style or make motor, for cutting any odd thread not included in regular equipment.

EC			

	142	18"		14"	10"
Swings over ways	1434"	1634"	Distance between centers, 6' bed	35*	3014*
Swings over compound rest	0.	1134	Change gears cut from	5 to 48	5 to 36
Swings over raise and fall rest	7567	916*	Width of cone belt	24	234"
Diameter of front hearing	236"	236*	Largest diameter of cone	994"	10*
Length of front bearing	374*	434"	Diameter of counter pulley	10%	103/5"
Diameter of rear bearing.	196"	196*	Face of counter pulleys,	336"	31/4"
Length of rear bearing	296"	254*	Speed of countershaft, R. P. M	220	220
Diameter of spindle nose	234	254"	Weight, 6' bed.	1.400 lbs.	1,680 lbs.
Diameter of hole in spindle	134*	134"	Weight boxed, 6' bed.	1,590 lbs.	1,975 lbs.

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# 14" AND 16" SWING ENGINE LATHES.

WITH QUICK CHANGE GEAR.

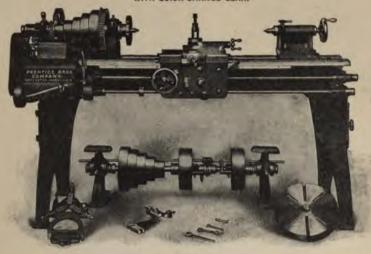


FIG. 11012.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11012.

The quick-change gear mechanism permits of a change from one feed to another, or from one thread to another, almost instantly, index plate on the head stock makes the accew-cutting changes so simple that even an inexperienced hand can operate without trouble mistakes.

The head stock is very rigid. The metal is properly distributed to resist all strains that must be sustained by it. It has a five-step so, large diameter, and with extra wide face.

The spindle is of high carbon steel, ground to size. Bearings are of hard bronze, very large, with proper oiling facilities, and have ans for adjustment when necessary.

Ead throat of spindle is sustained by a step, firmly belted to end of bead stock, entirely independent of the spindle. The tail stock is the original of the offset type, allowing the compound blocks to be set in a plane parallel with the bed. Provision nade so that the tail stock can be set off center for turning taper. As a whole, the tail stock is in keeping with the cancellent general nactor of the machine.

nade so that the tail stock can be set off center for turning taper. As a whole, the tail stock is in keeping with the excellent general racter of the machine.

The carriage, which is heavy, has a very stiff bridge, long bearings on Vs, and is securely gibbed to the bed. The compound or plain cless are very wide and generously proportioned.

The apron is belted firmly to the carriage. All gears in apron are simply strong to carry their load. When screw-cutting, the rack ion can be withdrawn from the rack, preventing rotation of gears and hand wheel while carriage travels back and forth on bed.

The lead screw is large, of coarse pitch and accurate, and is rotated only when screw-cutting.

Automatic stop for feed, disengages clutch on feed red.

Face plates, large and small, center and follower rest, countershaft with two friction pulleys, and wrenches, are supplied with each

When specified with order we supply, at extra cost, taper attachment, and electric motor attachment of any style or make motor. Gears for cutting any odd thread not included in regular equipment.

		SPECIF	CATIONS.		
	14"	16"		14"	16"
Diameter of front bearing.	23%*	235	Distance between centers, 6' bed	35"	3035
Length of front bearing.	374*	436*	Quick-change gear device cuts from	2 to 64	2 to 60
Diameter of rear bearing.	196*	196*	Width of cone belt	2*	234"
Length of rear bearing	294*	234*	Largest diameter of cone	954"	10*
Diameter of spindle nose	254*	234*	Diameter of counter pulleys	105%*	1016
Diameter of hole in spindle	154*	134*	Face of counter pulleys	356"	314*
Swings over ways	1414*	1634"	Speed of countershaft, R. P. M.	220	220
Swings over compound rest	9*	1136*	Weight, 6' bed	1,400 lbs.	1,680 fbs.
Swings over raise and fall rest	734"	914"	Weight boxed, 6' bed	1,500 lbs.	1,975 lbs.

14", 16" AND 18" IMPROVED ENGINE LATHES.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11013.

The bead stock is neat but massive. The cone pulley has five sters, the faces of which are extra wide. It is turned inside, as well as outside to insure perfect balance. The ratio of back gearing is very high. The spinole is regularly made from 55 carton steel and has a large hole through its entire length. The bearings are very massive. The journals are made shoulded round and straight by grinding. The boxes in which the journals revolve are provided with oil reservoirs, and at the center of each journal is a ring with four projecting bucksts which dight he oil from the reservoirs and pour is toot to be journals. Perfect lubrication is thus assured regardless of the speed.

All exposed gears are well protected by gear covers which add greatly to the appearance of the machine.

The bed is designed with ample depth and width and is strongly brased internally by cross girls. The surfaces to which the lead serve bearings are lastened, are planed and grooved to receive them and are in perfect alignment. The Va are 45° and are large. At the rease end, the bed is cut out to facilitate the removal of tail stock or turnet. The feed rack is of steel, accurately exit in one piece.

The carriage is heavy, is provided with liberal T slots milled from the solid and is glibbed to the bed its entire length. The bearing on the bed is not recessed, but is in full contact from end to end with the entire depth of the vine bed. Instead of an inside V at the from of the latthe, a flat is used. This shortens the bridge of the carriage and insures a solid bearing directly below the tool rest.

The sprin of almphe length, with and thickness, and is very rigid, being provided with three heavy braces through its entire depth of the provided of graning is driven from a spine in the lead serve. The key with which the spline are carefully rounded so that there is no possibility of any cutting of the half nuts. The threads of the lead serve were never in use, except when the latte is cutting screws.

Both the longitudinal and cross feeds ar

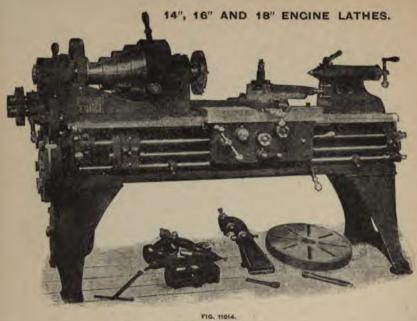
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	14"	16*	187	14"	16"	19*
Swing over Va.	14%	16N*	18N°	Hole through spindle		W. N. W.
fixing over compound rest	01/	-1110-	10%*	Front bearing of spindle. 2% x 4h Diameter of tail spindle. 12'	2N × 5°	376 4 75
. S-foot lails takes intween centers.	2'11"		2'4"	Lathe cuts threads per inch 2 to 64	2 to 64	2 to 32
Weight of 6' lathe.	9 to 1	2,000 lbs.	2,700 lbs.	Speed of countershaft, R. P. M. 125 to 18 Size of pulleys on countershaft 12" x 4%		125 (0.183
	IN" to IN"	10° to 3%	12" to 4"	Cize of tool. N° x 1°	Nº HINT	N'ASST



COMPANY

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# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11014.

The ideal engine lathe presented herewith is arranged to meet the demands of modern shop practice by being equipped with such mechanism (patented) which will permit of effecting all changes necessary for a wide change of feeds and screw-cutting with despatch, and without removing any parts held by nuts and washers. The first consideration was to have only such gears running which are necessary to transmit motion from the spindle to the lead screw, and although the reverse gears have been added to the head stock, only seven gears transmit motion who a right-hand thread is being cut, and eight for a leit-hand thread is end eight, are visible.

All the change gears which are required on the lead screw have hubs extending on one side and revolve freely in bearings placed concentric in a disc. This disc is large enough in diameter to serve the purpose of a gear guard, since none of the gears, of which there are eight, are visible. The disc revolves on a stud, secured to a case suspended from the front lead screw box. By revolving the disc any of the gears, all of which are independent of each other, can be brought in line with the lead screw.

The lead screw has a telescopically arranged extension controlled by a lever. This extension is reduced at its end to enter the hole in change gear, a distance equal to their width, before the clutches with which the change gears and extension are fitted come in contact with each other. Thus, when one of the change gears is connected with the lead screw, it ceases to depend on the fall screw as substantially as if securited to same by nut and washer.

Three pairs of gears suitably supported in cases, one of which is always in use, and the other two nicely contained in the cabinet leg, give five ratios of speed to the intermediate, gear, which meshes with the gears on the lead screw, namely: Even, 2 to 1. 4 to 1; and when the latter two are reversed: 1 to 2 and 1 to 4 are obtained.

The intermediate gear, referred to be force, revolves on a fixed stud in quadrant, as it require

unted.

Nothing has been left undone to make this machine an ideal engine lathe, suitable for tool room and manufacturing purposes.

For specifications see next page.

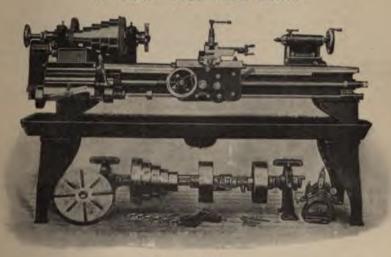
	14"	16"	18*
Front bearing of spindle	256° x 4°	236" x 436".	316" x 516"
Back bearing of spindle	2" × 3"	216° × 316°	214" x 4"
Hole through spindle	136*	156"	156"
Cone diameters, head stock	396", 596", 796", 936"	4", 6", 8", 10"	435", 634", 934", 1154"
Width of belt	2°	234*	216"
Ratio of lack gearing.	10	10	11
Diameter of tail stock spindle.	134*	134*	2"
Cute screwe from	2 to 56 per in.	3 to 56 per in.	1 to 28 per in,
Feeds from a proposal and a second	8 to 224 per in.	S to 224 per in.	5 to 140 per in.
Actual swing over bed	15"	17"	19"
Actual ewing over estrings	915	1034	12"
Six-foot lathe takes between centers	2' 10"	2'5"	2'
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	150	120	120
Friction pulleys-countershaft	10" diam. for 314" belt	10° diam for 315° belt	II" diam, for 4" belt
Net weight of lathe with 6' bed	1,650 lbs.	2,150 ibs.	2,700 lbs.
Shipping weight erated, domestic	1,800 lbs.	2,300 liss.	2,000 fbs.
Shipping weight, additional, per foot	100 lbs.	135 Rm.	175 Bin.
Weight, baxed for foreign shipment	2,000 Ibs.	2,500 flm.	3,100 Hu.
Dimensions, boxed	85" x 35" x 29"	85" x 36" x 32"	85" = 40" = 34"
Taper attachment furnished to order, turns taper up			
to 42 per loot	18° long	18° long	24° long

# 14" SWING TOOL ROOM LATHE.

COMPANY

FAIRBANKS

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### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11015.

Although our regular lathe is extensively used for tool room purposes and fills these requirements as far as accuracy and capacity are concerned, we are now building 14" and 16" lathes especially adapted to tool-room work.

The cut illustrates our 14" tool room lathe equipped with improved quick-change gear device. Compound rest and taper attachment, oil pan and short legs. The spindle is hollow and is furnished with seven draw-in collets which will take in from 14" to 14" by extensible.

For specifications and detailed description refer to Fig. 11012, page 10. The tool room laths is an adaptation of the regular pattern lather there shown.

lathes there shown.

When specified with order we supply, at extra cost, electric motor attachment of any style or make motor, goars for cutting any odd thread not necluded in regular equipment.

Fose places, large and small, center and follower rest, countempaft with two friction pulleys, and second are supplied with such lather.

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# 14", 16", 18" AND 20" PATENT HEAD ENGINE LATHES.

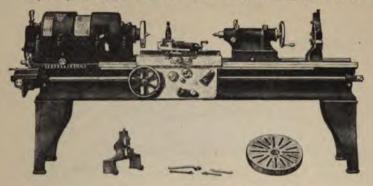


FIG. 11018.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11016.

This lathe is the result of several years of experimenting with various devices for providing more power than is possible with the ordinary type of cone pulley and its necessarily narrow belt. When the lathe is so equipped it has all the advantages and functions of the regular type, but has sufficiently greater power and durability to enable it to successfully use the improved tool steels. In its design the sum has been to give particular consideration to the following features, which we believe to be of the highest importance in their effect upon the efficiency of the tool.

First: The spindle bearings upon which the accuracy of the lathe depends should not be subjected to change of alignment by carrying the pull of the belt.

s pan of see test.

Second: More force at the tool should be secured by the use of wider belts, instead of high gear ratios.

Third: The possibility of running the lathe "out of gear" should be provided for in cases where finishing cuts are desired. Fourth: Speed changes should be secured without the necessity of shifting belts.

Fifth: The labrication of the bearings should be automatte and positive.

SPECIFICATIO	NS.			
	14"	16"	18"	20"
Swings over shears	1456*	1654*	1850*	2014"
Swings over compound rest	9"	10%	10%"	1234"
8' lathe takes between centers, tail stock flush	4'6"	4'1"	3' 9"	3' 6"
Beds made in even lengths.	6' to 14'	6' to 14'	6' to 26'	6' to 26'
Weight of 8' lathe	1,350 lbs.	2,300 lbs.	3,100 lbs.	3,500 Iba.
No. 1 back gear ratio.	3.04:1	3.12:1	3.12:1	3.12:1
No. 2 back gear ratio	9.6: 1	0.3) 1	9.8:1	9.8:1
Pulley diameter	8"	10"	12*	12"
Width of belt	334"	4"	434"	5*
Hole through spindle	114"	1%*	1%"	136*
Front bearing spindle	296" x 434"	234" x 534"	334" × 534"	314" x 616"
Pulley bearings.	254" x 234"	254" = 354"	314" x 4"	316" x 416"
Back bearing of spindle	196" x 236"	236" × 4"	234" × 4"	234" x 434"
Diameter of tail-spindle	136	136"	200	214"
Speed of countershaft, both forward.	205-250	205-250	205-250	205-250
Speed of countershaft, forward and reverse.	250-300	250-300	250-300	250-300
Size of friction pulleys on countershaft	12" x 416"	12" x 456"	14" x 6"	14" x 6"
Lathe cuts threads, per inch, from	2 to 64	2 to 64	2 to 32	2 to 32
Feeds, per inch.	16 to 512	4 to 128	5 to 80	5 to 80
Maximum and minimum spindle speeds	395-20	409-20	372-17	372-17
Steady rest takes in up to	3*	454	5*	614"
Follower rest takes in up to	154"	234*	234"	234"
Size of tool	36" × 1"	36" x 136"	54" × 134"	56"×116"
Angular travel of compound rost	244"	3"	414"	430"

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# 15", 16", 17", 18" AND 21" IMPROVED ENGINE LATHES.

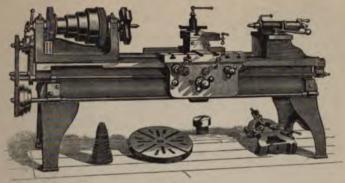


FIG. 11017

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11017.

Each lathe is provided with large and small face plates, steady rest, full set of change gears for screw cutting, countershaft, and all necessary wrenches.

Either plain block or compound rest can be furnished. Taper attachment can be supplied if wanted.

# SPECIFICATIONS.

	15*	16*	17*	105	21"
Swing over ways.	. 10"	16"	17*	16"	21"
Length of bed	. 6'	6*	6.	8'	10"
Takes between centers	8'4"	3'	2' 6"	4' 6"	6' 2"
Swings over carriage	. 8"	1055"	1134*	12"	13*
Number of steps on cono.	. 4	4	4	4	4
Size of cone belt	. 2	234"	234"	234"	2"
Hole in spindle.	134"	1%"	1%*	136"	1367
Diameter of front spindle hearing	. 2"	215"	235"	23-5*	3"
Laugth of front spindle bearing	. 4"	4"	4"	+	436"
Countershaft pulleys.	. 10° x 3°	12" x 3"	12° x 3°	$12^a \times 3^a$	14" x 4"
Speed of countershaft, R. P. M.	. 135	130	120	120	115
Weight	. 1,550 lbs.	1,700 lbs.	1,850 lbs.	2,000 lbs.	3,200 lbs.

# 16", 18", 20" AND 22" SWING HICH SPEED LATHES.

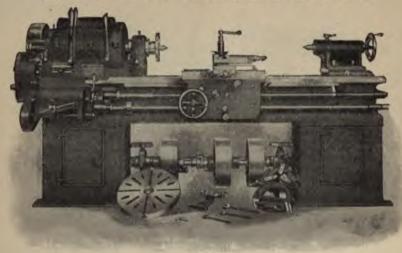


FIG. 11018.

### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11018 AND 11019.

The head stock is massive, with large spindle bearings, and is self-oiling throughout.

Driving pulley is located on back shaft and drives the spindle by means of gearing. There are eight changes of spindle speed, all of which may be obtained while the lathe is in motion.

Friction clutches of our special design are employed, enabling these changes of speed to be made without shock or danger to the gearsIt is impossible to engage two conflicting ratios of gearing at the same time. The belt power is constant and will transmit at least fifteen
borse-power. This is the correct principle, as it gives a maximum power at any speed of the spindle.

The quick-change gear mechanism permits of a change from one feed to another, or from one thread to another, instantly. An index plate on the head stock makes the screw-cutting changes so simple that even an inexperienced hand can operate without trouble or mistakes.

The end thrust of spindle is sustained by a step, firmly bolted to end of the head stock, entirely independent of the spindle bearings.

The tail stock is the original of the of-set type allowing the compound blocks to be set in a plane parallel with the bed. Provision is

The tail stock is the original of the of-set type allowing the compound mocks to be set in a plane parallel with the bed. Provision is made so that the tail stock can be set off center for turning taper. As a whole this tail stock is in keeping with the excellent general character of the machine.

The carriage is very rigid, and the bridge is especially stiff, with long bearings on Vs, and is securely gibbed to the bed.

The apron is boited rigidly to the carriage, and all gears are amply strong to carry their load. When screw-cutting, the rack pinion can be withdrawn from the rack, preventing rotation of gears and hand wheel while carriage traverses back and forth on bed.

The lead screw is large and coarse pitch and accurate, is rotated only when screw-cutting.

Automatic stop for feed disengages clutch on feed rod.

The compound or plain blocks are very wide and generously proportioned.

When specified with order we supply, at extra cost, taper attachment, and electric motor attachment of any style or make motor, gears for cutting any odd thread not included in regular equipment.

Face plates, large and small, center and follower rest, countershaft with two friction pulleys, and wrenches are supplied with each lathe.

For specifications see next page.

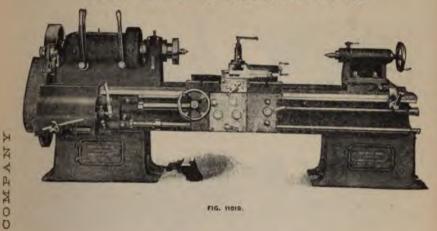


FIG. 11019.

PEGIF	IVAL	IONS	FIGS.	11018	AND	11019,

Diameter of front bearing	5)4"	18°	30.	22"	26° 716°	834"
Length of front bearing	200	2%"	3*	316*	436"	5)4
Diameter of rear bearing	314*	256*	334*	414"	514"	696*
Length of rear hearing	2%*	234"	234	254*	334*	40
Diameter of nose of spindle	250"	234"	234*	75"	434"	455*
Hole in spindle, Morse taper	154"	116*	150	135*	23.6*	235
Swings over ways	1714*	18"	2014	2234*	2615*	3214"
Swings over compound rest	1115*	1136*	1354"	34"	16*	20"
Over raise and fall rest	9*					
Length of bed	6.	8"	10'	10'	10'	12'
Distance between centers	24"	42°	59"	50°	51"	68"
Will cut threads per inch	2 to 60	2 to 32	2 to 32	2 to 16	1 to 16	35 to 24
Width of driving belt.	3"	4"	4"	5"	534"	6"
Diameter of driving pulley	12"	14"	14"	16"	16"	18"
Diameter of counterfriction pulleys	12*	14"	14"	10"	16*	18*
Face of counter pulley	3"	4"	4"	5"	534"	6"
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	350	350	350	360	300	300
Wright	2,650 lbs.	3,400 lbm.	4,200 lbs.	4,800 lbs.	6,800 lbs.	10,000 lbs.
Weight boxed	3,100 lbs.	4,010 lbs.	5,050 lbs.	5,700 lbs.	7,900 lbs.	11,200 lbs.
Oubic feet	65	140	180	190	210	250

For general description see preceding page.

THE FAIRBANKS

<sup>&</sup>quot; Only the 16" lathe can be built with raise and fall rest.

18", 20" AND 22" SWING ENGINE LATHES.

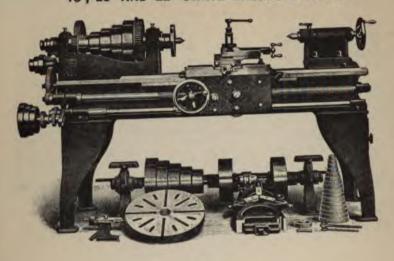


FIG. 11020. (Shows Standard Pattern.)

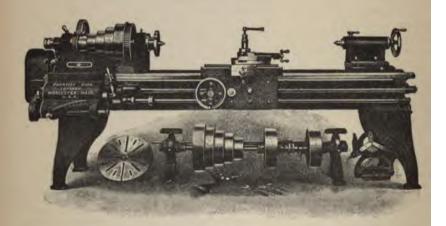


FIG. 11021, (Shows Quick Change Gear Pattern.) 18

# 18". 20" AND 22" SWING ENGINE LATHES.

### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11020 AND 11021.

The head stock is very rigid. The metal is properly distributed to resist all strains that must be sustained by it — It has a five-step cone, large diameter, and with extra wide face.

The spindle is of high earbon steel, ground to size Bearings are of hard bronze, very large, with proper oiling facilities, and have means for adjustment when necessary

End thrust of spindle is sustained by a step, firmly bolted to end of head stock, entirely independent of the spindle.

The tail stock is the original of the offset type, allowing the compound blocks to be set in a plane parallel with the bed. Provision is made so that the tail stock can be set off center for turning taper. As a whole, the tail stock is in keeping with the excellent general character of the machine.

The carriage, which is heavy, has a very stiff bridge, long bearings on Vs. and is securely gibbed to the bed. The compound or plain blocks are very wide and generously proportioned.

The apron is bolted firmly to the carriage. All gears in apron are amply strong to carry their load. When serew cutting, the rack pinion can be withdrawn from the rack, preventing rotation of gears and hand wheel while carriage travels back and forth on bed.

Food works. On the standard pattern lathe three changes of belt feed can be had by means of the three-step cone. Three other changes are made by changing gears, making in all nine changes of feed.

The belt tightener keeps the feed belt always taut

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Positive geared feed is supplied with each lathe. To use the same it is only necessary to swing the helt tightener up, so that the gear on the hub of feed cone meshes with gear which runs loose on splined bushing which is on lead screw, the number of feed changes to be had is limited only to the number of change gears with lathe.

When furnished with quick change gear, the mechanism permits of a change from one feed to another or from one thread to another, almost instantly. A wide range for screw-cutting or feeding is obtainable and an index plate on the head stock makes all changes so simple that even an inexperienced hand can operate without trouble or mistakes. On the Quick Change Gear type of lathe there are no loose gears.

The lead screw is large, of coarse pitch and accurate, and is rotated only when screw cutting.

Automatic stop for feed disengages clutch on feed rod.

Face plates, large and small, center and follower rest, countershaft with two friction pulleys, and wrenches are supplied with each lathe.

When specified with order we supply, at extra cost, taper attachment and electric motor attachment of any style or make motor.

8	PE	CI	FI	C	AT	10	N	В.

•	1.7	20	
Swings over ways	1814*	2014*	2214
Swings over compound rest	1214"	133%"	14"
Distance between santers, 8' bed .	4619*	42*	. 87*
Diameter of front bearing.	2%*	3*	814"
Length of front bearing	6"	6!5"	7*
Diameter of rear bearing.	23 4"	215*	236"
Length of rear bearing	31,*	4*	436"
Diameter of spindle nose	24,	23/4"	314"
Dismeter of hole in spindle	114*	134*	11/5"
Change gears cut from.	2 to 36	2 to 18	1 to 18
Quick change gear device cuts from	2 to 32	2 to 32	1 to 16
Width of cone belt	27,*	31/4"	31/4"
Largest diameter of cone.	1214*	1314"	15"
Diameter of counter pulley	12"	14"	14"
Face of counter pulleys	3%*	436"	436"
Speed of countershaft, R. P. M	220	220	220
Weight, 8' bed	2,250 lhs.	2,920 lbs.	3,880 lbs.
Weight boxed, 8' bed	2,685 lbs.	3,340 lbs.	4,510 lbs.

Note: In ordering, always advise whether standard pattern or quick change pattern lathe is required.

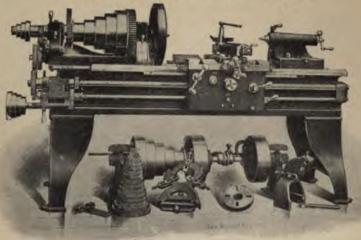


FIG. 11022.

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### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11022.

This lathe has been carefully designed, and is built from entirely new patterns, well proportioned, with all modern improvements, and equally well adapted to the handling of either light or heavy work in the most accurate and convenient manner.

The head stock is massive, webbed its entire length, and not weakened to make room for reverse plate. The spindle is made of crucible steed with a hole through its entire length. The bearings for the spindle are of the best quality of composition metal, and are massive both front and back. The spindle is ground to insure its being absolutely round and true. The threat collars are of steel, hardened and ground. The cone has five steps, and is strongly back-gazerd.

The tall stock is massive, and is reamed for No. 4 Morse taper.

The tall stock is massive, and is reamed for No. 4 Morse taper.

The tall stock is massive, and is reamed for No. 4 Morse taper.

The carrier length is the control of the

SPECIFICATIONS.	17*	19*
Length of bed (0' lathe).	0,04	0' 6"
Swing over bed.,	1714*	1934"
Swing over earriage	994*	1134"
Turn in length.	34*	28"
Turn in length, with tail stock extended	38"	31"
Weight of lathe, with 6' bed.	2,100 ftm.	2,540 lbs.
Weight of bed, per foot	115 lbs.	12 to 1
Ratio of back gearing Front bearing	294" x 414"	314" × 6"
Rear bearing.	214" x 414"	2961 x 4961
Hole in spindle	136"	196*
Compound rest travel	4"	45
Size of lathe tools.	16° × 114°	50° × 150°
Countershaft pulleys	12" × 314"	12" × 334"
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	150 & 160	140

# 20", 22", 24", 27" AND 30" IMPROVED ENGINE LATHES.

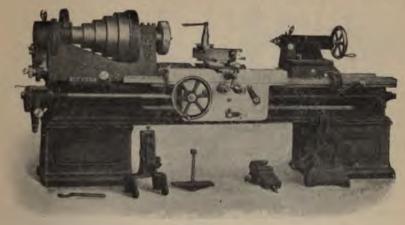


FIG. 11023.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11023.

These are modern, up-to-date lathes, having quick change gear device for feeding and serew-cutting and many other valuable features.

Regular equipment consists of large and small face plates, compound rest, steady and follow rests, countershaft and wrenches.

4		SPECIFICATI	ONS.			
2		20*	227	36"	274	20"
4	Swing over Vs	2014"	2434*	2456*	271/2*	3034"
4	Swing over compound rest	1234"	10*	15*	1794"	20*
4	Swing over rarriage	14*	1619*	1614"	1956*	2134*
	12 lattle taken between renters.	8"	6'9"	8'3"	A' 11"	0'2"
4	Weight of 12' lathe	4,200 lbs.	6,000 lbs.	7,000 lbs.	8,400 fbs.	10,000 lbs.
1	Hatio of back graving	12.1 to 1	11.85 to 1	13.4 to 1	1314 to 1	15% to 1
1	Cone diameters	1234" to 434"	14%" to 514"	15%" (0.5"	17" to 6"	1935" to 635"
	Width of steps on cons	336*	314"	996"	354"	434"
	Hole through spinstie	134"	234*	214"	234*	236"
	Front bearing of spindle	334" × 534"	450" × 730"	450° × 850°	47/2" x 83("	5%° × 934°
	Danneter of tail spindle	234"	2%*	234*	3%*	356*
	Lathe cuts threads per inch.	2 to 32	1 to 16	1 to 16	1 to 16	1 (0 14
	Veeds per inch.	5 to 80	5 to 80	5 to 80	5 to 80	5 to 70
	Speed of countershaft, back geared lathe, H. P. M	125 to 185	125 to 185	125 to 185	125	125
	Speed of countershaft, triple geared lathe, R. P. M	*********	**********	160 A 125	160 & 125	160 & 125
	Six of pulleys on counterduit	14" x 6"	16" x 7%"	10" = 75%"	16" x 756"	18" = 9) 6"
	Six of tied.	50'x 150"	34"×134"	14" × 114"	30° × 110°	76" × 136"

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# 22" AND 24" ENGINE LATHES.

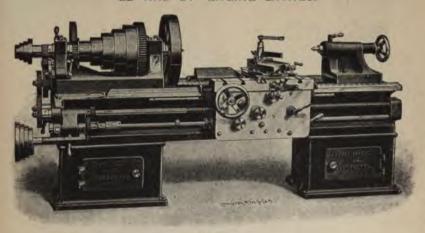


FIG. 11024.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11024.

This lathe has been carefully designed, and is built from entirely new patterns, well proportioned, with all modern improvements, and equally well adapted to the handling of either heavy or light work in the most accurate and convenient manner.

The head stock is massive, webbed its entire length, and not weakened to make room for reverse plate.

The spindle is made of crucible steed with a 19% hole through its entire length. The bearings for the spindle are of the best quality of composition metal, and are massive both front and back. The spindle is ground to insure its being absolutely round and straight. The bearings for the spindle are of the best quality of composition metal, and are massive both front and back. The spindle is ground to insure its being absolutely round and straight. The third stock is massive, and is shaped that the compound rest may be set at an angle of 90°, permitting the tool to operate on the smallest diameters, and is reamed for No. 4 Mores taper.

All feeds are reversed in the apron, which is so arranged that it is impossible to throw in the rod and serew feeds at the same time. The earling has bearing to each of the Va, having a bearing its entire length on the two outside Vs, and is locked for cross-feed work by an eccentric clamp from the front, which performs the work without any twist or side strain, such as produced by a gib tightner. The automatic stop to the carriage is a valuable feature where large quantities of duplicate work are being done, as any number of pieces may be turned or bored up to a certain point without the necessity of laying off or marking each piece.

The friedion cross feed is graduated to one-thousandth of an inch, and is so constructed that the cross feed is allowed to run beyond its limit no harm will be done. The compound rest is very substantial, and both upper and lower slides are fitted with taper gibs.

The general feed being positive, all feeds are obtainable within the range of modern practice and without using the lead servew. There are also

Plain rest, taper attachment, plain turret on carriage, plain or automatic turret on shear, furnished when desired. Beds of any ired length can be furnished.

SPECIFICATIONS.	22"	24"
Length of bed (8' lathe)	8' 6"	8' 6"
Swing over bed	221/5"	2416
Swing over carriage	4'	10.04
Turn in length, with tail stock extended	4' 815"	4' 819"
Weight of lathe, with 8 bed	4,500 lbs.	5,000 lbs.
Weight of bed, per foot	13 to 1	13 to 1
Front bearing	3%" x 7"	3%" x 7"
Rear bearing	334 × 456	314 × 416
Compound rest travel	734"	734
Size of lathe tools.	36 × 116	36 × 116
Countershaft pulleys.  Speed of countershaft, R. P. M.	130	130

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# 22", 24", 26", 30" AND 32" IMPROVED ENGINE LATHES.

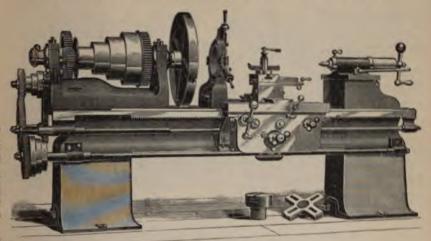


FIG. 11025.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11025.

Each lathe is provided with large and small face plates, steady rost, full set of change gears for screw-cutting, countershaft and all necessary wrenches.

Either compound or plain block rest can be furnished. Taper attachment can be supplied if wanted.

# SPECIFICATIONS.

	22"	24"	10,	90"	82"
Swings over ways	22*	24*	26"	30"	:82*
Length of bed.	10°	12'	12'	12"	12'
Takes between centers	0' 2"	R' 43/2*	7' 4"	7' 3"	7'
Swings over carriage	10*	1034*	1654*	217	2339*
Number of steps on cone.	4	4	4		4
Size of cone belt	3"	3*	354"	4"	4"
Hule in spiralle	150*	156*	2342	134	1942
Diameter of feast spinsile bearing	3"	3*	359*	43.5"	414*
Length of front spinille Learing	416*	434"	454"	6"	6"
Countenhalt pallegs	18" = 4"	10° = 4°	$15^{\mu} \pm 4^{\mu}$	15' × 5'	$18^a \pm 6^a$
Speed of countembalt, R. P. M.	1175	115	110	100	100
Weight	2,500 ftm.	4,200 fbm.	4,500 Hm	5,100 fbs	# 6,900 fts

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22" 24" AND 27" PATENT HEAD ENGINE LATHES.

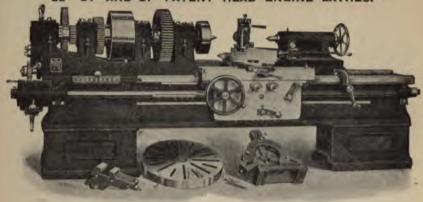


FIG. 11026.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11026.

This lathe is the result of several years of experimenting with various devices for providing more power than is possible with the ordinary type of cone pulley and its necessarily narrow belt. When the lathe is so equipped it has all the advantages and functions of the regular type, but has sufficiently greater power and durability to enable it to successfully use the improved tool steels. In its design the aim has been to give particular consideration to the following features, which we believe to be of the highest importance in their effect upon the efficiency of the tool:

First.—The spindle bearings, upon which the accuracy of the lathe depends, should not be subjected to change of alignment by carrying the pull of the belt.

Scoond—More forces at the tool should be segred by the reason which late is indicated of high ways given a state of the late.

the pull of the beit.

Second—More forces at the tool should be secured by the use of wider belts, instead of high gear ratios.

Third.—The possibility of running the lathe "out of gear" should be provided for in cases where finishing cuts are desired.

Fourth.—Speed changes should be secured without the necessity of shifting belts.

Fifth.—The lubrication of this bearings should be automatic and positive.

Note.—Illustration shows the head stock with gear guards removed.

# SPECIFICATIONS.

	22"	24"	27"
Swings over shears	2416*	24%	273-6"
Swings over compound rest.	16"	15"	1736"
12' lathe takes between centers, tail stock flush	6' 2"	5' 6"	5' 1"
Beda made in even lengths.	8' up	8' up	10' up
Weight of 12' lathe	6,000 lbs.	7,100 lbw.	8,400 lbw.
No. 1 back gear ratio	3.46: 1	3.69 1	3.75 1
No. 2 back goar ratio	11.1:1	13.1	13.8:1
Pulley diameter	1456*	15%*	17*
Width of belt.	6*	03.6*	7"
Hole through spindle.	234*	234"	234"
Front bearing of spindle	430° x 730°	436" x 836"	434" × 834"
Pulley bearings	436" × 5"	436" x 536"	456" x 596"
Back bearing of spindle	3" x 5"	334" × 534"	336" x 554"
Diameter of tail spindle	274"	234"	3%*
Speed of countershaft, both forward, H. P. M.	205-250	205-250	205-250
Speed of countershaft, forward and reverse, R. P. M.	250-300	250-300	250-300
Size of friction pulleys on countershaft	10° × 7%°	16" x 7%"	16" × 7%;"
Lathe cuts threads, per inch, from.	1 to 16	1 to 16	1 to 16
Feeds, per inch.	5 to 80	5 to 80	5 to 80
Maximum and minimum spinith speeds, R. P. M.	368-14	414-13	395-12
Steady rest takes in up to	634"	716*	814"
Follower rest takes in up to	234"	234*	256"
Size of tool &	34" × 114"	34" × 134"	54" x 114"
Angular travel of compound rest	D.	De	619"

# 24" STANDARD ENGINE LATHE.

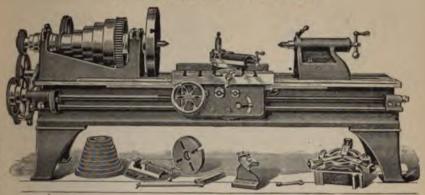


FIG. 11027.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11027.

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This machine has been carefully designed to meet modern requirements, and combines such features necessary to make it a very convenient, as well as rigid tool, capable of operating on both light and heavy work to the best possible advantage.

The head stock is next in appearance, and so massive as to cotirely obviate any tendency to chatter or vibrate under heaviest cuts. The spindle, which is journaled in hard bronze bowes, is made from a forging of hard crucible steel in one piece with the collar which forms a suitable surface for the face plate to screw against.

The dismoster of nose is 3½'s by 2½' long, threaded two-thirds of its length, four threads per inch, U. S. standard.

This form secures some important advantages, namely: The face plates have a straight bearing on case equal to one-third of its length, which insures better wearing qualities and facilitates placing them in position, and as the pitch of thread is coarse, a tendency to wedge tight enough to become difficult to remove is avoided.

The compound rest is so arranged that its handle may be revolved without interfering with cross-feed handle in any position, and are fatted with long and wide bearings on carriage, with adjustable taper gibs to coursepeaste for wear.

The base, which is graduated in degrees, securely holds by means of one bolt the top when swiveled to any angle.

The feates are driven directly from the spindle either with change gearing or belt, and are reversed in the apron, where provision is made so that friction feed and lead screw box at head end of lathe must simply be turned to the right or left to respectively engage that the story of t h

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The tast stock is clamped in its position by two boits located as near the front as possible to prevent litting, and is of the recess or cutsway type.

A 2½° spindle is substantially fitted with 9° of movement, tightened in the usual manner when used in turning.

Seriew, racks and small gears are made of steel. Flat surfaces are carefully scraped to bearing, with surface plates and cylindrical surfaces ground true.

A new and improved taper attachment is furnished if desired, with which tapers up to 4° to the foot may be accurately turned.

Each lathe is furnished with large and small face plates, steady rest, follow rest, full swing rest and change gears necessary to cut nearly all threads from 1 to 16 per inch, inclusive of 11½ for pipe thread, countershaft and wrenches complete.

### PRINCIPAL DIMENSIONS.

Movement, 9". Front bearing 4" diameter by 7" long. Back bearing, 31/4" diameter by 41/2" long. Cuts screws from 1 to 16 per inch, including 1134 for pipe thread. Diameter of hole through spindle, 214". Feeds per inch, 4 to 65. Cone diameter (five steps), 6", 81/2", 11", 131/2", 16". Size of friction pulleys on countershafts, 16" x 51/2" for 5" belt. Width of belt, 355". Countershaft should run 90 revolutions per minute. Ratio of back gearing, 12 to 1. Swing over bed, 2414"; over carriage, 16". Diameter of tail stock spindle, 25%". Length between centers on 10' bed, 5'.

## SHIPPING WEIGHTS, ETC.

Net weight of 10' bed, 5,000 lbs. Shipping weight (boxed, foreign), 6,000 lbs. Dimensions for foreign shipment: 11' 2" x 3' 6" x 3' 6"-136 cubic feet.

# 26" SWING ENGINE LATHE.

DOUBLE BACK GEARED.



FIG. 11028.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11028.

The head stock is very rigid. The metal is properly distributed to resist all strains that must be sustained by it. It has a four-step cone, large diameter, and with extra wide face.

The spindle is of high carbon steel, ground to size. Bearings are of hard bronze, very large, with self-oiling facilities, and have means for adjustment when necessary.

End thrust of spindle is sustained by a step, firmly bolted to end of head stock, entirely independent of the spindle.

The tail stock is the original of the offset type, allowing the compound blocks to be set in a place parallel with the bed. Provision is made so that the tail stock can be set off center for turning taper. As a whole, the tail stock is in keeping with the excellent general character of the machine.

The earriage, which is heavy, has a very stiff bridge, long bearings on Vs, and is securely gibbed to the bed. The compound or plain blocks are very wide and generously proportioned.

The apron is bolted firmly to the carriage. All gears in apron are amply strong to carry their load. When serew cutting, the rack pinion can be withdrawn from the mek, preventing rotation of gears and hand wheel while carriage travels back and forth on bed.

pinion can be withdrawn from the mck, preventing rotation of gears and hand wheel while carriage travels back and forth on bed.

Feed works. Three changes of belt feed tan be had by means of the three-step cone. Three other changes are made by changing goars, making in all, nine changes of feed.

The belt tightener keeps the feed belt always taut.

Positive geared feed is supplied with each lathe. To use the same it is only necessary to swing the belt tightener up, so that the gear on the hub of feed cone meshes with gear which runs loose on splined bushing which is on lead screw; the number of feed changes to be had is limited only to the number of change gears with lathe.

The lead serew is large, of coarse pitch and accurate, and is rotated only when screw cutting.

Automatic stop for feed, disengages clutch on feed red.

When specified with order we supply, at extra cost, taper attachment, and electric motor attachment of any style or make motor.

Genre for cutting any odd thread not included in regular equipment.

Face plates, large and small, center and follower rest, countershaft with two friction pulleys, and wrenches are supplied with each lathe.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

Diameter of front bearing, 4\frac{4}{2}^n.

Length of front bearing, 7\frac{1}{2}^n.

Diameter of rear bearing, 3\frac{1}{2}^n.

Diameter of spindle nose, 4\frac{1}{2}^n \times 3\frac{1}{2}^n.

Diameter of spindle nose, 4\frac{1}{2}^n \times 3\frac{1}{2}^n \times \text{threads per inch.}

Diameter of hole in spindle, 2\frac{1}{2}^n, conforms to Morse taper.

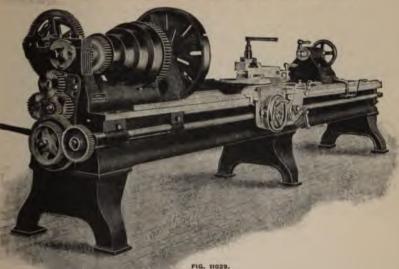
Swings over ways, 2\frac{1}{2}^n.

Swings over compound rest, 1\frac{1}{2}^n.

Distance between centers, 1\frac{1}{2}^n \text{bed, 70}^n.

Change gears cut from 34 to 16 threads.
Width of cone belt, 31-3".
Largest diameter of cone, 17".
Diameter of counter pulley, 16".
Face of counter pulleys, 5".
Speed of countershaft, 220.
Weight, 12" bed, 6,800 lbs.
Weight boxed, 12" bed, 7,900 lbs.

Note: This lathe can be furnished with quick change gear device for feeding and acrew cutting, if so desired.



### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11029.

The swing over the ways is 27° and over the carriage 19°.

The distance between centers with 16° bed is 11°.

The spindle is tool steel, ground to size, and the main bearing is 4° diameter by 7° long. End thrust is taken up by an adjustable sp. The spindle runs in boxes of hard composition, 85 per cent copper to 15 per cent tin, scraped to fit spindle.

The face plate is 26° diameter and is screwed to the end of spindle. The proportions of back gearing give fifteen revolutions of cone one of spindle.

The face plate is 26" diameter and is screwed to the end of spindle. The proportions of back gearing give fifteen revolutions of cone to one of spindle.

The cone has four steps, largest 16½" diameter, and the back gears are double, so there are twelve changes of speed. There are two loose pulleys on the countershaft; by putting the corresponding pulleys on the line shaft, there are twelve changes of speed. The real step of the countershaft; by putting the corresponding pulleys on the line shaft, there are twenty-four changes of speed. The test is 25" wide and 14" deep. Cross ties box pattern, 25" before centers.

The bed is 25" wide and 14" deep. Cross ties box pattern, 25" before centers.

The test is took is 16" long by 15" wide and is arranged to set over for taper turning. The tail spindle is steel, 2%" diameter.

The carriage has a bearing on the ways 31" long, fitted to Va the whole length. It can be clamped when cross feeding.

There is a thread indicator on the acrew, so that any thread, odd, even or fractional, can be cut without the slow back motion on the acrew for catching the thread.

The feeds are independent friction, lateral and cross. The direction of feeds is changed at the carriage. The serve cutting attachment and feeds are connected to the spindle by gears. The change gears are so arranged that three leads or three feeds can be had for each change of gear on the acrew.

Carriage gearing is divine by a spline in the lead screw. The screw is made of special high carbon steel, so as to be hard enough to resist wear in the parts most frequently used. It is 1%" diameter, two threads per inch.

All gears running loose on shafts have brass bushings.

All the pinions and small feed gears are steel.

The rock is steel.

The countershaft pulleys and hangers are self-oiling.

The taper attachment turns taper to 30". It is very readily engaged or disengaged, and is very rigid.

The attachments are compound rest, 6" center rest, 11" center rest, large and small face plates, change gears for 1 to 16 thr

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# 30" AND 36" STANDARD PATENT HEAD ENGINE LATHES.

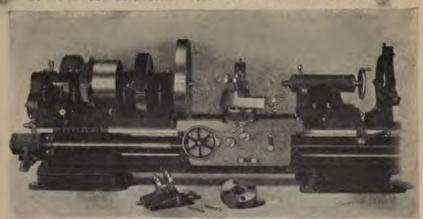


FIG. 11030.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11030.

This lathe is the result of several years of experimenting with various devices for providing more power than is possible with the ordinary type of cone pulley and its necessarily narrow belt. When the lathe is so equipped it has all the advantage and functions of the regular type, but has sufficiently greater power and durability to enable it to successfully use the improved tool steels. In its design the aim has been to give particular consideration to the following features, which we believe to be of the highest importance in their effect upon the efficiency of the tool:

First.—The spindle bearings upon which the accuracy of the lathe depends, should not be subjected to change of alignment by carrying the pull of the belt.

Second.—More force at the tool should be secured by the use of wider belts, instead of high gear ratios.

Third.—The possibility of running the lathe "out of gear" should be provided for in cases where finishing cuts are desired. Fourth.—Speed changes should be secured without the necessity of shifting belts.

Fifth.—The lubrication of the bearings should be automatic and positive.

### SPECIFICATIONS

at a still to the	No.	To and the second
W. C.	307	36"
Swings over shears	30%	37"
Swings over compound rest	20"	2434*
12' lathe takes between centers, tail stock flush	5' 2"	4' 5"
Beds made in even lengths.	12' up	12' up
Weight of 12' lathe	10,000 lbs.	12,500 lbs.
No. 1 back gear ratio	3.9:1	3.95:1
No. 2 back gear ratio	14.4:1	14.9:1
No. 1 triple gear ratio	22.4:1	
No. 2 triple gear ratio.	62.3:1	100.000
Pulley diameter.	18*	200
Width of belt	84	9*
Hole through spindle	98/7	20/4
Front bearing of spindle	E1/2 - 01/2	05 - 100
Pulley bearings.	53/4 × 53/4	0.3.10
Back bearing of spindle	A110 m 23.00	0 X 099
	428 7 934	454, X 954.
Diameter of tail spindle.  Speed of countershaft, both forward, R. P. M.	and hen	man nen
Speed of countershaft, forward and reverse, R. P. M.	200-230	200-250
of the state of th	230-300	250-300
Size of friction pulleys on countershaft.	18, # 5%,	18" × 916"
Lathe cuts threads, per inch, from	1 to 14	34 to 14
Feeds, per inch.	5 to 70	25% to 70
Maximum and minimum spindle speeds, R. P. M	300-8	270-7
Steady rest takes in up to.	1010	1534
Follower rest takes in up to	314	456"
Size of tool.	36" × 136"	1" x 2"
Angular travel of compound rest.	832	15"

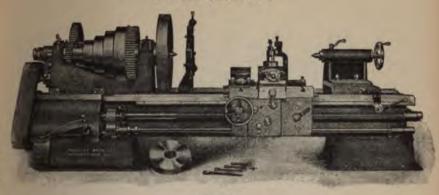


FIG. 11031.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11031.

sign throughout and is especially adapted to meet the requirements of modern shop practice. It is of most d can be relied upon to withstand the strain occasioned by the use of the special "high-speed tool steel" up teel.

nism permits of a change from one feed to another, or from one thread to another, almost lastant lible in serve cutting, ranging from ½ thread to 24 threads per inch, and feed cuts from 2 to 96 per in makes the serve cutting changes so simple that even an inexperienced hand can operate without treal

namive and metal is so distributed as to successfully resist all strains that must be sustained by it. It has a five-ter and with extra wide face. The bearings of hard bronze are very large, with proper oiling facilities, and have m necessary, side is sustained by a step screw, firmly boilted to end of the head stock, entirely independent of the spindle

ginal of the offset type, patented by Prentice Brothers Co., allowing the compound blocks to be set in a plane as a large spindle, and as a whole is in keeping with the excellent general character of the mackine. Provision set can be set off center for turning taper. In the content of the transparence of the mackine. Provision set can be set off center for turning taper. In the tendence of the transparence of the mackine. Provision set can be set off center for turning taper. In the set off center for turning taper. In the set of the

SPECIFICATIONS.

Diameter of front bearing, 51/2".

Length of front bearing, 834".

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Diameter of rear bearing, 4".

Length of roar bearing, 6%".

Diameter of nose of spindle, 314 pitch, 414". Hole in spindle, Morse taper, 214".

Bwings over ways, 32%".

Swings over compound rest, 20".

Swings over plain rost, 20".

Distance between centers, 12' bed, 6'.

Will cut 48 pitch from 14 to 24 threads.

Feeds per revolution of spindle, 14" to the.

Width of cone belt, 4".

Largest diameter of cone, 21".

Diameter of counter pulley, 18\*,

Face of counter pulleys, 614".

Speed of countershaft, 200 revolutions per minute. Weight, 12' bed, 8,845 lbs.; 14' bed, 9,455 lbs.

Weight of countershalt, 885 lbs.

Weight boxed, 12' bed, 10,145 lbs.

Cubic feet, 585.

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These lathes have been designed to meet all the requirements exacted of modern machine tools, and are squipped with every convenience necessary to perform the functions of an engine lathe, without being burdened with useless contrivances.

Although of extraordinary weight, ease of manipulation is maintained in the highest degra, and provision for all changes of feeds and the state of the state of the provision of the state of the

# SPECIFICATIONS.

Front bearings of spindles, 6" diameter by 10" long.

Rear bearing, 4% diameter by 7° long.
Solid spindles (but can make hole through same, on order, 3367. meter, for 36" triple geared, five steps, 22", 19", 10", 13",

and 10". Width of belt for 36" triple gears, 4".

Ratio of triple gears, 52 to 1. Diameter of tail stock spindle, 4". Movement of same, 16".

Cut nearly all threads from 14 to 16 per inch.

Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft 28" diameter, 10" face for 5" belt

Countershaft for triple geared lathe should run 120 revolutions per minute.

36" lathe swings over bed, 37"; over carriage, 24". Distance between centers on 12' bed, 4'.

### SHIPPING WEIGHTS, ETC.

36° x 12', triple genring, 16,000 lbs. Extra weight, per foot of bed, 450 lbs

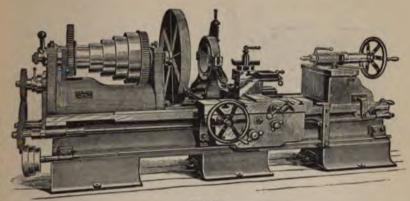


FIG. 11033.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11033.

Each lathe is provided with large and small face plates, stendy rest, full set of change gears for acrew cutting, countershaft, and all becoming wrenches.

Either compound or plain block rest can be furnished. Taper attachment can be supplied if wanted.

COMPANY

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# SPECIFICATIONS.

	30"	40"
Swing over ways.	36"	40"
Length of bed	12'	12'
Takes between centers	6' 2"	0' 2"
Swing over entringe	24"	26"
Number of steps on consequences and a state of steps on consequences and steps on consequences and steps on consequences are steps on consequences and steps on consequences are steps on consequences and steps on consequences are steps of consequences are steps on consequences a	5	5
Size of cone belt	4"	4"
Hole in spindle	114"	134"
Diameter of front spindle bearing.	.5"	5"
Length of front spindle bearing	7*	7*
Countershaft pulleys	22° x 5°	22" x 5"
Speed of countershaft, R. P. M.	90	90
Weight	9,200 lbs.	9,400 lbs.

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### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11034 AND 11035.

me lattice are lieuwy and powerful, and will be found especially satisfactory for heavy work on which both rapidity of production normey are desired. Material and workmanship in their construction is of the very best. of stocks are triple general. Tail stocks are provided with means for quick adjustment, forward or back. Each latte is regularly of with stocky met, side block, some cutting gram, friction countershalt and all necessary wenches. per attachment can be formished extra.

# 42" AND 50" IMPROVED ENGINE LATHES.

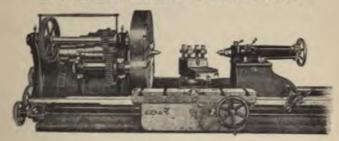


FIG. 11036.

SPECIFICATIONS, FIGS. 11034 AND	11035.		
	20"	42"	50*
Seing over ways	3614"	423-2"	5034"
Ewing over carriage	251/4"	30%*	3434*
Logit of bel	12'	14"	20'
Datases between centers	5' 6"	6' 11"	12'
Bit is good announcement of the contract of th	150*	1965	196*
Company por property and the company of the company	24" x 514"	24" = 534"	24° = 6°
fixed of contentals, revolutions per minute	82	103	90
Tigs	12,000 lbs.	14,000 lbs.	21,000 lb
*These slees are standard. Larger holes can be furnis	had if desired.		

# 36", 42" AND 48" IMPROVED ENGINE LATHES.

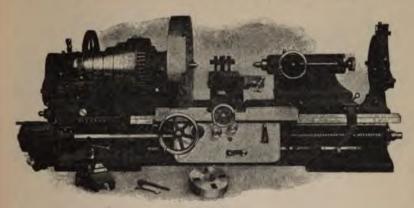


FIG. 11036.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11036.

These lathes have quick change gear for acrew cutting and feeding and can be furnished with either back geared head, as shown, or triple geared, if desired.

Regular equipment consists of large and small face plates, compound rest, steady and full swing rests, countershaft and wrenches.

SPECIFICATIONS.	36*	62'	46"
Swing over Vs.	37*	437/2"	50*
Swing over compound rest	2434*	3014*	3534*
Swing over carriage	261/2"	3236 *	3834"
12' lathe takes between centers	5' 2"	4' 1"	3'.5"
Weight of 12' lathe,	12,500 lbs.	21,000 lba.	25,000 lbs.
Ratio of back gearing	11.1 to 1	8.34 to 1	8.34 to 1
Ratio of triple goaring	50.2 to 1	57.4 to 1	57.4 to 1
Cone diameters	1936" to 7%"	2756" to 1314"	24" (0 91/4"
Width of steps on cone.	436*	434"	436*
Hole through spindle	294"	954*	334*
Front bearing of spindle	0" x 10"	6)4" x 11"	7" x 12"
Diameter of tail spindle	434"	5"	8"
Lathe cuts threads	35 to 14	35 to 14	34 to 14
Feels per inch.	235 to 70	3 to 54	3 to 84
Speed of countershaft, back geared lathe, R. P. M.	90	80	80
Speed of countershaft, triple goared lathe, R. P. M		110	110
Size of tool		143	1" x 2"

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# 36" "MASSIVE," 42", 42" "MASSIVE" AND 48" PATENT HEAD LATHES.

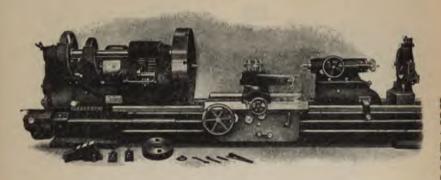


FIG. 11037.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11037.

This lathe is the result of several years of experimenting with various devices for providing more power than is possible with the linary type of cone pulley and its necessarily narrow belt. When the lathe is so equipped it has all the advantages and functions of regular type, but has sufficiently greater power and durability to enable it to successfully use the improved tool steels. In its design, the aim has been to give particular consideration to the following features, which we believe to be of the highest implementance in their effect upon the efficiency of the tool:

First.—The spindle bearings upon which the accuracy of the lathe depends, should not be subjected to change of alignment by carrying pull of the belt.

Second.—More force at the tool should be secured by the use of wide belts, instead of high gear ratios.

Third.—The possibility of running the lathe "out of gear" should be provided for in cases where finishing cuts are desired.

Fourth.—Speed changes should be secured without the necessity of shifting belts.

Fifth.—The lubrication of the bearings should be automatic and positive.

SPECIF	TCATIONS.			
	30" Manive	42"	427 Massive	487
Swings over shears	37*	43%(*	security and	50"
Swings over compound rest	2234"	3014"	430100100	3555*
14' triple geared lathe takes between centers	4' 3"	4' 3"	B' 1056*	3' 1019"
Beds made in even lengths	12' up	12' up	12' up	12' up
Weight of 14' lathe	21,500 lbs.	22,000 lbs.	23,000 lbs.	25,000 lbs.
No. 1 back gear ratio.	2.94:1	2.94:1	2.94:1	2.94:1
No. 2 back gear ratio.	8.29:1	8.29:1	8.29(1	8.29(1
No. 1 triple gear ratio	21.97:1	21.97:1	21.97:1	21.97:1
No. 2 triple gear ratio.	61.92; 1	61.92:1	61.92:1	61.92:1
Pulley diameter.	24"	24"	24"	24"
Width of belt	936"	936"	915"	93.5*
Hole through spindle.	23/2"	214"	234"	236*
Front bearing of spindle.	614" × 11"	614" x 11"	614" × 11"	614" × 11"
Pulley bearings	614" x 7"	634" x 7"	614" x 7"	634" x 7"
Back bearing of spindle	514" x 814"	514" x 814"	514" x 834"	534" × 834"
Diameter of tail spindle	5"	5"	Pa.	D'
Speed of countershaft, both forward, R. P. M.	200-250	200-250	200-250	200-250
Speed of countershaft, forward and reverse, R. P. M.	250-300	250-300	250-300	250-300
Size of friction pulleys, on countershaft.	24" x 915"	24" x 956"	24" x 914"	24" x 934"
Lathe vots threads, per inch, from	36 to 14	36 to 14	35 to 14	36 to 14
Feeds, per inch	3 to 84	3 to 64	3 to 84	3 to 84
Maximum and minimum spindle speeds, R. P. M	250-2	250-2	250-2	250-2
Steady rest takes in up to	3334*	1315"	1736*	1739"
Size of tool	1" x 2"	1" × 2"	1" x 2"	1" x 2"
Power feed angular travel of compound rest	19*	19*	19*	19"

# 38" TRIPLE CEARED ENGINE LATHE.

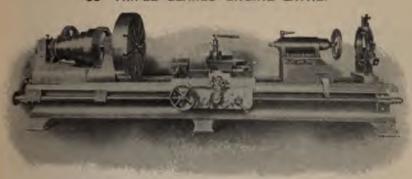


FIG. 11038.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11038.

The swing over the ways is 3954".

The distance between centers with 16' bed is 8' 6" It can be built with any length of bed desired.

The bed is 3234" wide and 1734" deep. Heavy cross ties are of box pattern, 30" between centers.

The spindle is of crucible stool, ground to site, and runs in heavy bronze boxes scraped to fit the spindle. The main bearing is 6½° diameter and 10½° long. The outer bearing is 6½° in diameter by 7° long. End thrust is taken up by an adjustable step.

The face plate is 39" diameter and 714" wide, with 3 pitch internal gearing, and is pressed and keyed on to the spindle.

The proportions of triple gearing give 52 revolutions of cone to one of spindle.

The cone has five steps for 4" belt, the largest 22½" in diameter and the smallest 10½", so there are 15 changes of speed. There are two losse pulleys on the countershaft; by putting the corresponding pulleys on the line shaft there are 30 changes of speed.

The tail stock is 25½" long by 23" wide, and is arranged to set over for taper turning. The tail spindle is steel, 4%" diameter. Tail stock is moved by rack and pinion.

The carriage has a bearing on the ways of 42½", scraped and fitted to Vs the whole length. It can be clamped when cross feeding.

Carriage gearing is driven by a spline in the lead screw.

The lead screw is 2%" diameter, two threads per inch, and is made of special high carbon steel, so as to be hard enough to resist wear in the parts most frequently used.

The feeds are independent friction, lateral and cross.

The directions of feed are changed at the apron. The screw cutting attachment and feeds are connected to the spindle by gears.

Change gears cut threads from 1 to 16 to the inch. They are so arranged that three leads or three feeds can be had for each change of gear on the acrew.

There is a thread indicator on the carriage so that any thread, odd, even or fractional, can be cut without the slow back motion on the server for catching the thread.

The countershaft pulleys, 24" diameter with 10" face, are bronze lined, and with the bangers, are self-oiling.

The centers are tool steel 2" in diameter.

All gears running loose on shafts have bronze bushings.

All pinions and small feed gears are steel.

The rack is steel.

The attachments are large face plate, compound rest, side turning or full swing rest, renter rest, thread indicator, change gears, self-offing countershaft and wrenches.

Weight of 38" lathe with 16' hed, 16,500 lbs

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# 42" ENGINE LATHE.

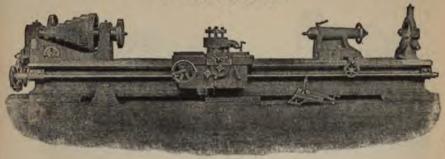


FIG. 11039

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11039.

These is the have been designed to most all the requirements exacted of modern machine tools, and are equipped with every convenience necessary to perform the functions of an engine lathe, without being burdened with useless contrivances.

Although of extraordinary weight, ease of manipulation is maintained in the highest degree, and provision for all changes of feeds and speeds, etc., most conveniently arranged.

The head stocks are made, either with plain back gears or triple gears, which engage directly with large internal gear, cut out of the sale has been plained for locking the back gears, when both in and out of gear, hence no delay can be occasioned by their being thrown out of contact when transmitting power for heavy cut, or accidentally engaged while the lathe is running (a furtiful cause of beyong more).

The spindles are made of forgings of selected steel, with journals of farge diameter, ground cylindrically true, and revolve in bronze boxes of great length. They are usually made solid, but can be made hollow, so as to receive a 3" round ber in the rough.

Cone have five steps for wide belts, which, together with the back gears, or triple gears, afford 10 and 15 speeds, respectively, arranged in geometrical progression.

Three sets of ratios are furnished for feeds and screw cutting, by a pair of cone gears, suitably supported at the rear end of head stock, in an apron, and manipulated by the handle shown on the front side.

This permits of throwing the feeds in, or out, while the lathe is running, thus affording an ample range for all purposes.

The carriage is very long, has a wide surface for cross slide, and is gibbed to the outside of the bed.

Power feeds are furnished for top slide of compound rests, as well as for cross and longitudinal motion.

All feeds are engaged by means of frictions, and reverse motion is controlled at the apron.

The tail stock is clamped to the bed with four large bolts, and has a suitably geared pinion engaging with rack to allow of its being placed in any positio

# DIMENSIONS OF THE 42" LATHE.

Front bearings of spindles, 6" diameter by 10" long. Rear bearing, 43%" diameter by 7" long. Solid spindles (but can make hole through same, on order, 3360.

39'S).

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Coue diameter, five steps, 42" lathes, with plain back gears;

24", 20\\(\frac{4}{2}\), 16\\(\frac{4}{6}\), 12\\(\frac{4}{6}\), and 9".

Could diameter, for 42" triple geared, five steps, 22", 19",16",

13" and 10".

Width of belt for 42" lathe, plain back gears, 4½". Width of belt for 42" triple goars, 4".

Ratio of back gears, 12 to 1

Ratio of triple geam, 52 to 1. Diameter of tall stock spindle, 4". Movement of same, 16".

Cut nearly all threads from 14 to 16 per inch.

Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft 28" diameter, 10" face

Countershaft for back geared lathe should run 60 revolutions per minute.

Countershaft for triple geared lathe should run 120 revolutiona per minute.

42" lathe swings over bed, 42"; over carriage, 28".

Distance between centers on 12' bed, 4'.

#### SHIPPING WEIGHTS, ETC.

42° x 12', back gears, 16,000 lbs 42" x 12', triple gearing, 17,000 lbs. Extra weight, per foot of bod, 450 lbs:

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# MOTOR DRIVEN, CEARED HEAD, HIGH SPEED LATHES.

EQUIPPED WITH CONSTANT SPEED MOTORS.

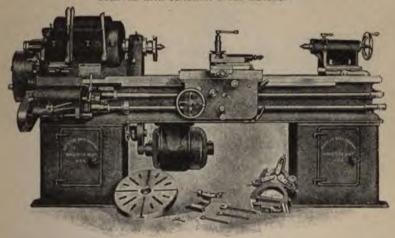


FIG. 11040.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11040.

This cut illustrates our method of attaching an electrical motor to our geared head, high speed lathes, especially the 14", 16", 18", 20" and 22" sizes. On the 26" and 32" lathes it is necessary to mount the motor on the rear side of the head stock (not on the end), as the motor is usually of a size that would prohibit locating it under the lathe bed.

There are eight changes of spindle speed provided by means of gearing, located in the head stock of the lathe. All of these speeds are obtainable without stopping the lathe. The gearing is so arranged as to make it impossible for the operator to interlock any conflicting ratios of gearing. This is an advantage that is greatly appreciated, as it removes all possible danger of breakage to the gearing or the clutches in the driving mechanism of this machine.

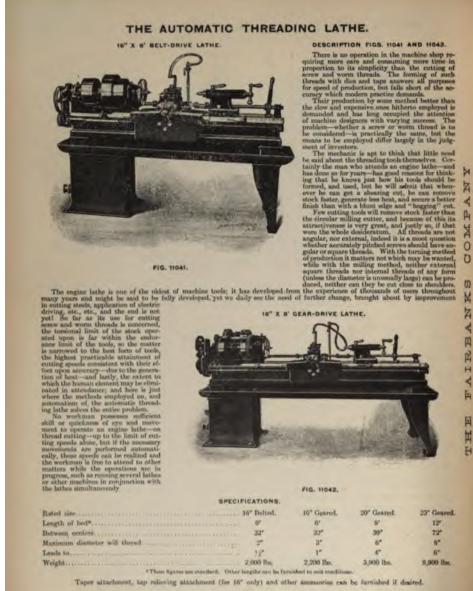
A meshanical reverse is provided and operated from the carriage of the lathe so that the operator can start, stop and reverse the direction of the spindle without stopping the motor. This is a great saving of power over the method commonly used, i. e., reversing motor, stopping and starting motor when stopping, starting and reversing lathe.

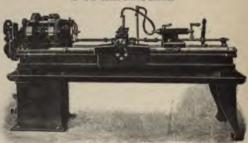
In cutting threads it is much easier to turn to a shoulder with our method, as the motion of the reverse lever necessary to reverse
the lathe is only two or three inches and works very easily compared with the crank necessary to operate a reversible controller.

For operating these lathes we recommend a constant speed motor with either direct or alternating current, although a direct current motor, with a variation allowing an increase of 50 per cent in the speed, can be used to some advantage and would divide the steps of our mechanical speed wariation into five or six additional changes, giving 40 or 48 changes of speed in all. In general practice, however, this great number of speeds is not needed. The advantages of using a constant speed motor are numerous outside of the twatter of efficiency, as in most cases variable speed motors are of a special nature and it is much more difficult to secure repair parts than it is with the constant speed motor, as one can usually have the parts shipped immediately from stock. Also the wear upon the variable speed reversing controller is considerable when you take into consideration the number of times that the lathe is stopped, started and reversed each day. And best of all is the induction motor which is without commutator troubles, which is the main cause for trouble with all direct current motors. We mention this fact because our lathes are especially adapted to the use of induction motors or any constant speed motor.

On receipt of specifications stating requirements, we are pleased to submit estimates on complete equipment, including motor and all alectrical accessories, or, if desired, customers may furnish their own motors, ahipping to our factory, where we will apply them to the lattice.

# THE AUTOMATIC THREADING LATHE.





SPECIFICATIONS.			
Rated sise 16" Bolted.	16" Geared.	20" Geared.	23" Geared.
Length of bed* 8'	6'	8'	10"
Between centers 32"	32"	30°	72*
Maximum diameter will thread. 2"	3"	6"	8"
Leads to	1*	4"	6"
Weight	2,200 lbs.	5,900 lbs.	8,900 lbs.

These figures are standard. Other lengths can be furnished to suit conditions.

Taper attachment, tap relieving attachment (for 16" only) and other accessories can be furnished if desired.

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# 24" SHAFTING LATHE.

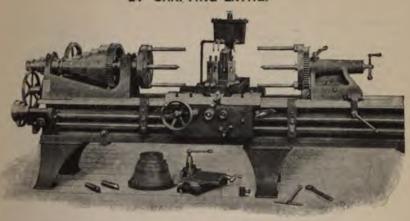


FIG. 11043.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11043.

Our 24" engine lathe is so constructed that it is converted into a modern shafting lathe, capable of competing with lathes designed for that purpose only, and still so arranged that the lathe can be used as a regular engine lathe. The shafting rest is arranged to be placed on the carriage in place of the regular compound rest, and when in position engages the gear on pump shaft to gear on shaft extending the entire length of bed. Three tool rests are used, two to the left and one to the right of the massive follow rest, all on the front side of the carriage, easy to be manipulated by the operator and in the best position for accurate results. The tumbler gear under the head stock engages with face gear when it is desired to use the tail stock drive in transmitting the motion to the shaft. As this is only required a small percentage of the time, arrangements are made to disconnect the tumbler gear.

We wish to call your attention to the substantial manner in which the tail stock spindle is clamped, and the large wearing surface allowed for the face gear and face plate on tail stock. The method used in guiding shaft in follow rest is simply in connection with the use of cylindrical cast-iron split collars for each diameter to be turned. The cost of these collars is very slight, and the fact that they present nearly their complete inner surface for wear to the shaft makes their life long and permits turning the shaft with great rapidity, as well as accuracy. The copious supply of lubricant to the cutting edges of the tools is one of the essential requisites of shaft turning. To meet this requirement a duplox single-acting plunger force pump is bolted under the water reservoir of the shafting rest, from which it receives its supply. Water is forced up into a tank elevated enough to bring the supply tubes about the right height over the tools.

This tank is arranged with an automatic relief valve susceptible of adjustment so that various pressures may be obtained. When the laths is started up it is unnecessary for the operator to give the pump any attention whatever, inasmuch as it provides for the automatic overflow, should no water be required. The hangers which support the lead screw and the pump shafts are automatically engaged and dropped into the proper position to keep the lead screw in line.

It is only necessary to remove the shafting rest, and replace the compound rest, disconnect the tumbler gear under the head stock and the lathe is ready to perform any of the functions required of an engine laths.

This lathe was designed primarily for the purpose of turning shafting as well as regular engine lathe work, and is capable of handling shafts up to 5" in dismeter and 32" in length.

Our 24" shafting lathe is really a rearrangement of our 24" engine laths. It is furnished with the regular change gears of the engine laths, so that the shafting laths can be used for cutting all the threads which can be cut on a regular engine laths, although the prime object of the gears is to transmit the motion for the feed.

The makers of shafting in this country usually use the lead screw for feeding the carriage when furning shafting, but, as our lathe has been so constructed that either the lead screw or the regular feed mechanism (rack and pinion).

# 24" SHAFTING LATHE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11043.-Continued.

The bushings required in shafting rest, to support shaft accurately while being turned, are simply bored to the size the shaft is turned by the second tool, and turned on the outside to fit the bore of shafting rest, and then split so that a little compression may be used in connection with the set screw to bold bush in position. If the user will designate the size desired, we will always furnish one bush complete, which will then serve as a pattern for the user of the machine, as he must make the other bushes he requires.

The long centers used are a necessity, as they must reach through the bushing in the rest, which bushing is, of course, mainly depended upon to support the shaft during the cut, and is made of cast iron to fit the shaft, thus securing a reliable and satisfactory support.

We make the 24" shafting lathe to take in up to 32" between centers, and it is to be noted that 8' additional length are required to make a lathe 32" between centers, namely, 40" bed, and this calculation can be maintained for any length less than 40".

Unless otherwise ordered, we shall slaways send a complete cogine lathe with all the necessary rests and parts, namely: compound rest, steady rest, follow rest, full swing rest and large and small face plates, and proportionate deduction made if these latter additions are not wanted.

#### PRINCIPAL DIMENSIONS.

Front bearing, 4" in diameter by 7" long.
Back bearing, 3\( \)\_4" in diameter by 4\( \)\_2" long.
Diameter of hole through spindle, 1\( \)\_5".
Cone diameter (5 steps), 6", 8\( \)\_5", 11," 13\( \)\_5", 16".
Width of belt, 3\( \)\_5". Ratio of back gearing, 12 to 1.
Diameter of tail stock spindle, 2\( \)\_4". Movement, 9". Cut screws from I to 16 per inch, including 11½ for pipe thread.

Feeds per inch, 4 to 65. recus per men, 4 to no.

Size of friction pulleys on countershaft, 10° = 5½° for 5° belt.

Countershaft should run 90 revolutions per minute.

Swing over bed, 24½°; over earninge, 10°.

Length between centers on 10° bed, 5°.

Shafting lathe, turns up to 5° diameter.

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SHIPPING WEIGHTS, ETC.

# 30' between Centers.

(1-21' x 3' 6" x 3' 6"	257 cubic feet
Three cases 1-19' x 2' x 2'	81 cubic feet
1-27 x 1' x 1' 6"	58 cubic feet
	396 cubic feet
Total net weight	13,000 lbs.
Total gross weight	15,500 lbs.

# CAP ENGINE LATHES.

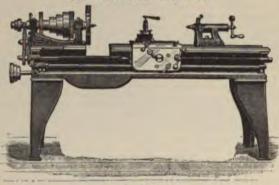


FIG. 11044.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11044.

This lathe is built to swing 13", 14" or 15" over the ways, can be furnished with either plain or compound rest and with or without bridge piece to fill gap when not in ose.

General specifications are the same as for regular engine lathes shown in Fig. 11007, page 5, to which refer.

13" Lathe. 20" x 7" 14" Lathe. 21" x 7" 10" Lathe. 22" x 7" Swings in gap.



FIG. 11045.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11045.

These lather are built in four sizes and are designed especially for repair or jubbing abops. As an improvement on gap lather, the extension feature permits making the gap wide or narrow to suit the work, also allows turning a much longer shaft as the distance between centers may be doubled by extension of top portion of bed. Ample power to turn full diameter of swing over lower bed, has capacity for a wide range of work, is handy, and not awkward to operate.

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	PHINCIPAL DI	MENSIONS.		
	23° and 20°	29" amil 48"	36" and 60"	48" and T2"
Swing over top shears	25"	28"	36"	45"
Swing over lower guides	39"	48"	60°	72"
Swing over carriage	19*	21"	251/5"	29"
Ratio of back gearing	2514	28	35/14	53/6
Leverage of cone and gearing	100%	112	156	221
Cuts all regular threads (including 11½ per inch pipe thread)	1 to 22	35 ta 16	36 to 14	\$4 to 16
Feeds per inch.	3.5 to 77	2.3 to 74.6	1.7 to 52	1.9 to 54.6
Cone diameters	16°, 13%", 11%", 9%", 7"	18", 1534", 1334", 1034", 8"	23", 1934", 1634". 1334", 10"	28°, 2434°, 21°, 1734°, 1334°
Face of cone steps	356"	334"	4%"	414"
Front bearing of spindle	314" diameter 534" long	4)-5" diameter 6)-6" long	5" diameter 712" long	6* diameter 9* long
Back bearing of spindle	2%* diameter 3%* long	256" diameter 354" long	21/2" diameter 4" long	355° diameter 455° long
Tail spindle	214° diameter 1514° long	3" diameter 19" long	3) 2" diameter 22" long	4" diameter 24" long
Length of bed.	1213'	1315"	14W	1539
Distance between renters   closed	8"	8'	87	8'
l'extended	15'	15"	15'	15'
Countershaft, three pulleys	10" x 7"	22° x 8°	24" × 5"	24" × 8"
Countershaft, two pulleys	22" x 4"			*********
Speed of countershaft, three pulleys, R. P. M.	85	80	80	110
Speed of countershaft, two pulleys, R. P. M.	- 54	mum	Distance .	144111111111111111111111111111111111111
Weight	6,500 Ilas.	9.700 lbs.	15,000 lbs.	19,000 fbs.

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# 9" AND 11" SCREW CUTTING FOOT LATHES.



FIG. 11046.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11048.

Foot power. Our patented foot power by which the operator can obtain more leverage and produce greater power with less fatigue than with any other kind in use, consists of double treadles with a walking motion. The treadles are adjustable and work alternately, being connected at upposite ends of the driving-wheel shaft in such a manner as to produce a strong positive and continuous power. Can be started or stopped instantly and may be operated with both feet-sitting or one foot standing as desired. This arrangement overcomes that objection of the operator being confined to one position.

These lathes are furnished with either plain or compound rest.

In ordering, specify which is wanted.

#### SPECIFICATIONS, FIG. 11046.

Numbers of Lathes,	Rated Swing	Actual Swing Over Hed.	Distance Between Centers.	Length of Bed.	Floor Space Over All.	Weight.
10 20 25 30 40	9* 9* 11*	10%* 10%* 12%* 12%*	24* 36* 24*	46" 58" 50"	25" x 53" 25" x 65" 27" x 60"	445 lbs. 480 lbs. 665 lbs.
30 40 50	11° 11° 11°	1234** 1234** 1234**	36" 48" 60"	50° 62° 74° 86°	27" x 72" 27" x 84" 27" x 96"	715 lbs. 765 lbs. 815 lbs.

# 9" FOOT POWER ENGINE LATHE.

WITH PLAIN REST AND POWER CROSS FEED.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11047.

The lathe is furnished complete with either plain or compound rest, independent friction feed, face plate, full set of screw-cutting gears, steady rest and wrenches. Improved taper attachment can also be furnished, when desired, at extra cost. Special circular describing this lathe on application.

#### GENERAL DIMENSIONS.

Swing over bed, 10°.
Swing over rest, 6½°.
Diameter of hole through spindle, ½¢°.
Center hole in spindles, Morse taper No. 2.
Face plate screw, 1½°, 12 threads.
Front bearing, 1½° x 2½°
Back bearing, 1½° x 2½°
Three-step cone, 5½°, 4½°, and 2½°, x 1½°
Ratio of back graving, 8 to 1.
Diameter of tail spindle, 1°
Width of top of bed, 8°.
With English lead screw, cuts threads 6 to 72.
With metric lead screw, cuts threads 6 mm. to 5 mm.
Size of tool; ½° x ½° ateel.
Distance between centers, 24°
Distance between centers, 36°

Net weight with 24" centers, 400 lbs.; boxed, 550 lbs. Can be furnished with countershaft



FIG. 11047.

# 10" FOOT POWER ENGINE LATHE.

WITH PLAIN REST AND POWER CROSS FEED.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11048.

ed complete with either plain, raise and fall, or compound on feed, large and small face plates, full set of acrew-cutting wrenches.

# GENERAL DIMENSIONS With English lead screw cuts thread 5 to 72. With metric lead screw cuts thread 6 mm. to .5 mm.

216" and 316" &

Diameter of tail spindle, 114" Width of top of bed, 834"

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FIG. 11048.

# FRICTION FEED. With lathe geared 36 and 36, 32 to inch. With lathe geared 36 and 52, 45 to inch. With lathe geared 36 and 72, 65 to inch. With lathe geared 18 and 48, 85 to inch. With lathe geared 18 and 68, 85 to inch. With lathe geared 18 and 60, 105 to in Size of tool, 36\* 35\* 36\* 46. 20\* Distance between centers, 4' bed, 20\* Distance between centers, 9' bed, 38\* Net weight with 4' bed, 525 libs.; boxed, 675 libs. Can be furnished with countershaft.

FRICTION FEED.

12" SWING FOOT POWER ENGINE LATHE. WITH RAISE AND FALL REST

SPECIFICATIONS.



FIG. 11049.

# 9" AND 10" SCREW CUTTING FOOT LATHES.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11050-

Them lather are furnished with either plain or compound rest.

SPECIFICATIONS		
Swing over led	0*	11"
Length of bed*	40*	48"
Takes between centers	25*	28"
Swing over carriage	7"	8"
Weight	300 Bs.	470 lbs.
Hole in spindle	10"	567

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Swing over bed, 1235" Swing over raise and fall rest, 7° Swing over compound rest, 714" Swing over plain rest, 8". Diameter of hole through spindle, % Center hole in spindles, Morse taper No. 2. Face plate serew, 134", 10 threads. Size of tool, 54" x 54" steel. Distance between centers, with 4' bed, 24'. Distance between centers, with 5' bed, 36" Distance between centers, with 6' bed, 49". Four-step cone, 7°, 534°, 434°, and 234°, by 154°. Net weight, with 4' bed, 580 lbs.; boxed, 730 lbs. Net weight, with 5' bed, 640 lbs.; boxed 800 lbs. Net weight, with 6' bed, 700 lbs.; boxed, 875 lbs. Made with any style rest.

Can be furnished with countershaft. Tapez attachment with plain or compound rest, extra.



FIG. HORD

# 13" SCREW CUTTING FOOT LATHE.

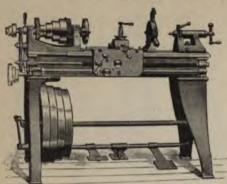


FIG. 11051.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11051.

This lathe is built with either plain or compound rost, as desired.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Swing over bed	13"
Swing over carriage	735*
Length of bed	6'
Takes between centers	10"
Front spindle bearing	256" × 335"
Hole through spindle	156"
Cuts thread per inch	5 to 36
Weight	1,100 lbs.

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Taper attachment, gap bed, or countershaft for belt power can be furnished at extra rost.



This novel device for cutting the teeth of spur, bevel, and miter gears can be attached to the tool carriage of any of our lathes. It has a taper hole in the sliding head to take spindle for carrying blanks to be cut, the cutters to be run on a mandrel between the lathe centers. The head of attachment has a vertical adjustment of 4°, which is operated by a square-threaded steel serew, the stud being also steel, and the gear wheel cast iron. It has an unlimited capacity. Wheels of any diameter and width of face can be cut by it. Two index plates are furnished with each machine, also index card. It can also be used for laying out cutters, marking and spacing, and s variety of other purposes. For workmanship and accuracy it cannot be excelled.



FIG. 11052.

# LATHE TOOLS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11053.

These tools are hand forged from the best tool steel, and can be furnished in sets of twelve or sixteen, in sizes to fit any tool post.

- I Left side tool.
- 2 Right aide tool.
- Il Left side tool, bent.
- 4 Right side tool, bent.
- 5 Heavy diamond point for east iron.
- 0 Diamond point for steel and wrought iron, right hand.
- 7 Diammid point for steel and wrought iron, left hand.
- 8 Half diamond point.

- 9 Round pose.
- 10 Water finishing tool
- 11 Cutting off tool.
- 12 Roughing tool. 13 Thread tool.
- 14 Bent thread tool.
- 15 Inside turning tool.
- 16 Inside thread tool.



LATHE TOOLS

PIG. 11053

# 11" BENCH SPEED LATHE.

# SPECIFICATIONS, FIG. 11054.

Distance between centers	15*	27*
Hole in spindle	36"	30"
Largest dismeter of cone	7*	74
Width of belt	114"	116*
	256" x 156"	256" × 156"
Rear bearing.	214" × 114"	214" x 114"
Speed of countershaft	350	350
Net weight, about	210 lbs.	235 lbs.

These lathes can be furnished with 5' or 6' beds, if desired. Plain countershaft furnished with each lathe.

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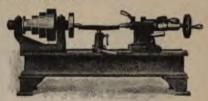
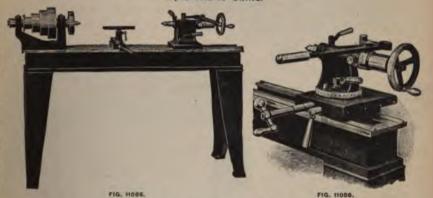


FIG. 11054.

# IMPROVED SPEED LATHES.

11", 13" AND 16" SWING



# DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11058 AND 11058.

These lathes are usually sopplied with the regular wheel and lever tail stock as shown in Fig. 11055. A set over swivel tail stock, Fig. 11056 can be turnshed if desired.

			SPEC	IFICAT	IONS.							
BIZES	11" 5	11°	11°	11°	13°	13°	2	10"	16"	10° × 8'	16°	16 X
Distance between centers	15"	27"	39"	51"	36"	48*	72*	96*	42"	66"	90"	114"
Hole in spindle.	345	96*	36"	34"	76"	%*	76"	96*	260	56"	196"	%*
Largest diameter of cone	7"	7"	7*	7"	834*	834"	834"	816	10"	10"	10"	10"
Width of belt	135*	134"	139*	135"	2"	2"	2*	2*	235*	235*	235*	234"
Length of front bearings	234	259*	256*	234"	3,	3"	3*	3*	359*	334"	334"	334*
Length of rear bearings	2)4"	214"	234"	234*	254	25%*	256"	256"	236*	236*	23%*	23%*
Diameter of front bearings	150	156"	134"	156"	134"	154"	154"	134"	23/2"	256*	234*	23/6*
Diameter of rear bearings	134"	134"	134"	136*	135*	155"	134"	134"	20	2*	2+	20
Speed of countershaft, about	350	350	350	350	250	250	250	230	275	225	225	225
Weight, about, lbs	310	335	365	405	510	350	640	100				1.150

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FIG. 11057.

## DESCRIPTION FIGS. HOST AND HOSE.

Special attention is directed to foot-power lathe shown in Fig. 11057. This device gives a powerful leverage with an easy motion. The shaft runs in roller bearings.

The lathe can be furnished with countershaft for belt power instead of the foot-power attachment, if so desired, as shown in Fig. 11058.

Various attachments can be supplied for either style of lathe. These are as follows:

Turret head with four holes for tools. Slide rest, having longitudinal feed of 8" and cross feed of 4". (Shown in Fig. 11058.)

Strap polishing attachment.

Countershaft.

Regular wheel and lever.

Tail stock.

Hand rosts and centers are part of the regular



FIG. 11058.

# SPECIFICATIONS.

	Foor Powen.	Barr Powen.	BELT POWER.
Swings over ways	11"	11"	11"
Distance between centers	26"	26*	38"
Diameter of hole (brough spindle	36"	36"	36*
Speed of counterchaft		300 R. P. M.	300 R. P. M.
Net weight	0.01000	300 fbs.	350 lbs.
Grow weight, boxed for export	578 lbs.	488 lbs.	1111119
Cubic feet, boxed for export	23	16	411111

# 11" SPEED LATHE WITH COMBINATION WHEEL AND LEVER TAIL STOCK.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11059.

Head and tail spindles are made of crueble steet, size of hole in spindle, %\*; front bearing, 1% x 234\*; composition boxes. Size of cone; small section, 2½\*;

composition boxes. Size of cone; small section, 235°; large, 63°; 15°, fare.

Tail spinille is easily changed from a wheel to lever feed and vice versa. There is a shelf on the back of leaf for tools. The binders for rest and tail stock are convenient and effective.

Regular length of beds, 4' and 5', any other when

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H H Shipping weight of 4' bed, with countershaft 300 lbs.



FIG. 11059.

# 10", 12" AND 14" HAND OR SPEED LATHES.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11060.

Swing	Length of Best.	No. of Sections on Cope.	Width of Cone.	Bale through Spindle.	Mure Taper.	Distance between Centers.	Weight on Skirts.
10° 10° 12° 12° 12° 14° 14°	4" 5" 4" 5" 6" 8"	3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4	156° 156° 176° 176° 176° 236° 236°	Schoolsch	No. 2 No. 2 No. 2 No. 2 No. 2 No. 3 No. 3	24° 36° 24° 36° 48° 43° 67°	300 330 440 480 520 700 745

Note: Can be furnished for foot power, if de-

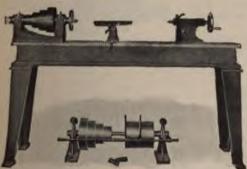


FIG. 11060.

# MOTOR DRIVEN SPEED LATHE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11061.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11061.

This cut illustrates one of our new motor driven speed lathes. The rester is of the constant speed type and is set on the floor or on a suitable bracket and helts to a pull-key which driven a countershaft is the back of the lathe head. This shaft is run in self-oding bearings, mounted upon a swinging frame which is hinged to the back of the lathe and is provided with a sorew sperated by a ball hafule at the feath and is provided with a sorew sperated by a ball hafule at the feath to lighten or locose the belt which rise from the come pulley on countershaft to cone pulley on head spindle, as deared. The head of this lathe has self-oilling, bronze bearings and may be placed on the bed as shown, or reversed as is usual for speed lathes.

For specifications of sizes see

For specifications of sizon see Fig. 11055, page 45.



FIG. TIOST.

FIG. 11082.

# SLIDE REST, FIG. 11082.

This slide rest is of improved pattern, has a lateral travel of 5%4" and a cross travel of 23%"

It can be easily fitted to any speed lathe of from 9" to 14" swing.

Tool post, wedge, wrench and all parts shown in cut come with each rest,

# SLIDE REST, FIG. 11083.

This slide rest is designed for use on speed lathes of 11°, 13° and 16° swing and can be easily fitted to any lathe. It is strong, substantial and well made throughout.



FIG. 11063.

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FIG. 11064.

# PLAIN SLIDE REST, FIG. 11064.

No. 1. Suitable for 15" lathe. No. 2. Suitable for 13" lathe.

No. 3. Suitable for 9" or 10" lathe.

and a minimize for a or any manner

# COMPOUND SLIDE REST, FIG. 11066.

No. 00. Suitable for 20" lathe. No. 0. Suitable for 18" lathe.

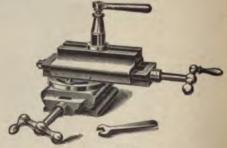


FIG. 11085.

FIG. 11066

# GREENERD ARBOR PRESSES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11086 TO 11089.

These presses are by far the most satisfactory devices ever produced for driving arbors or mandrels into and out of machine-shop work. They mave time and finished work and their use is a sure preventive against injury to the arbors themselves.

The use of these presses dispenses entirely with the vast collection of collars, sledges, hammers, and pieces of wood and habbitt commonly found in shops where they are not known, and their low cost makes them a profitable investment for even the smallest machine shop.

The Greenerd arbor press is also handy for many other uses besides arbor work.

NO. 3 PRESS (ON LATHE



FIG. 11067.

No. 1 press. This press was designed for use on a universal grinding machine, for forcing arbors out of and onto very small work. Design is the same as No. 2, except that the base is planed flat.

No. 2 press: Takes work 8" diameter and 1" arbors.

No. 3 press. Suitable for use in connection with 14" or 16" engine lathe.

No. 31/4 and No. 31/4 presses. Similar to No. 3, but having pawl and ratchet on lever, also counterbalance.

No. 4 press. Similar to No. 334, but provided with an adjustable knee having a movement of 12"

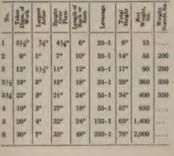
No. 5 press. Has adjustable knee as shown in cut, also compound gearing for increasing leverage.

No. 8 press, Takes 30° between uprights, 35° over plate, and develops 25 tons pressure.

SPECIFICATIONS.



Note: The No. 1 press is made for bench use only. Nos. 2, 3, 31/2 and 31/4 can be furnished with stands at extra cost. Nos. 4, 5 and 8 require no stands, being designed to set on floor.



NO. A PRESS.



# BELT-DRIVEN CEN-



FIG. 11070.

# LATHE CENTER CRINDERS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11070.

A small emery wheel is suitably mounted to receive motion from the lathe as shown. The driving pulley A is placed against the face plate, quickly centered, and temporarily held in place by a cup piece [with the dead center brought up against it] then secured by two bolts.

The casting C is set over the tool post and secured by a short bar through the slot, after adjusting to angle desired for grinding center.

Setting the two half-circle points in line with face plate, or at right angles with shears of lathe, sixty degrees, the usual angle for centers, is obtained. Any other angle, however, may as readily be had.

Center of emery wheel should be at same height as lathe center.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11071.

This grinder is intended more especially for use on small lathes where but little grinding is required to keep the centers in perfect shape.

This machine takes epindles up to 2½" in diameter, and is regularly made to grind either the standard angle of sixty degrees or fifty-five degrees as desired.

Hand power is all right for small lathes, and the use of the sprocket wheels and chain gives a very easy and quiet running machine, a speed of 2,000 turns per minute for the wheel being readily obtained.

It requires but very little grinding to keep your lathe centers in perfect shape when hardened, and you will find it only a pleasure to frequently touch up the center when it can be done so quickly and satisfactorily.

#### HAND-DRIVEN CENTER GRINDER

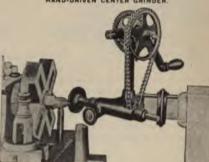


FIG. 11071.

#### FRICTION-DRIVEN CENTER GRINDER.



FIG. 11072.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11072.

This style of machine his been made adjustable so that centers of any angle from fitty-five to seventyfive degrees can be ground, which is a very desirable feature in many shops which may have some other angle than sixty degrees for a standard.

This machine can be kept set up to any special angle, or can be changed to different angles as frequently as desired in a moment's time.

The V-shaped holder which clamps on the tail spindle is made large enough for spindles up to 3" in diameter.

As will be seen from the cut, the power is obtained from the largest step of the cone, and is transmitted

through a universal joint and pair of bevel gears to the grinding spindle, giving a high speed to the grinding wheel.

The makes a splendid method of obtaining the power, being the simplest and most direct construction possible. It avoids all roughle from slipping of botts or in making connections with face plates, pulleys, etc., which are sure to be inconvenient and unsatisfactory, and to require much time to adjust, even if none of the loose parts got mislated.

# MOTOR DRIVEN CENTER GRINDERS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11072.

These grinders are set up by simply clamping them on the tail spindle of the lathe, the simplest arrangement ever devised for getting the angle just right every time.

The motor we use is an especially fine one for the work, and our method of mounting it above the grinding spindle gives better bearings for all parts and makes it more convenient to operate. It reduces vibration of the grinding wheel, which works much smoother than is possible when the motor is built around the spindle and the whole machine has to be fed back and forth to get across the work.

Style No. 44 or No. 45, shown by cut, grinds one angle only, and takes spindles up to 234" in diameter.

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Style No. 46 is similar to style No. 44, except that the frame is made in two parts which are adjustable, so that any angle of center can be ground from 55 degrees to 75 degrees. It is also a little larger in size, taking spindles up to 3" in diameter.

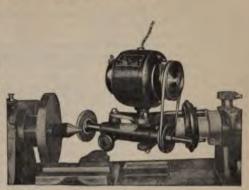


FIG. 11073.

When lathe centers are ground in place, you can be absolutely sure that they will run true.

You cannot be sure of this if they are ground in any other way.

Tail centers can also be kept in good condition without annealing and rehardening.

Any of these styles will do splendid work and do it quicker than any other machine on the market, and if you want to improve the quality of your lathe work and lessen its cost, you should let us send you one of these machines at once.

# 8" PRECISION BENCH LATHE.

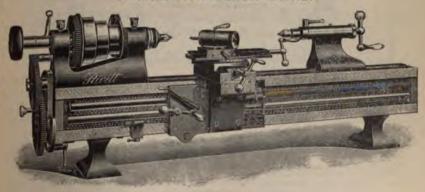


FIG. 11074.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11074.

Our 5" precision lathe, shown in the above cut, is built for engineers, tool makers, estentials, and skilled operators of every profession and is the most complete tool of the kind ever conceived. With this lathe marting with plain turning, the operations which may be performed are endless, and the operator has the anticlaction of knowing that they

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# 8" PRECISION BENCH LATHE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11074.—Continued.

The lathe bed is 40° long, of the best grade of east iron, planed, milled, and scrape finished, polished on all sides. Distance between centers, 22°; swing, 83°. The large spindle bearing is 23°, in diameter, and tapered at converging angles nearest to the curve of least resistance, both spindle bearings being 23°, long.

The bearings are not boxes of iron, bronze, or softer alloys with cape to tighten until the journals are ruined and the alignment box, but are cylindrical in form, of the best tool steel, and like the spindles are made as hard as fire and mercury will make them, and then ground with diamond to a perfect fit.

The carriage is gibbed to the side of the bed, the Vs being internal and out of the way of chips, as are also the feed rod and lead acrew. The lead acrew is cut from the steel best adapted for such work, and with one of the best master screws in the country. Both long and cross loads are automatic, the former controlled by the friction gear, acknowledged to be ahead of any other in simplicity and strength of its grip, and the latter thrown in or out by the regular lever movement. The long feed is also regulated by an automatic stop, which may be adjusted to any point on the bed. The full capacity of the long feed is the whole of the distance between centers.

This lathe is in daily use, chasing fine taps in the shops of some of our finest tap manufacturers; on this work where great accuracy is necessary, it is of great advantage.

The change gears apply the same to the lead screw of the lathe and that of the compound rest.

A large variety of attachments can be furnished for this lathe, information in regard to which will be sent on application.

# No. 5 MANUFACTURER'S BENCH LATHE.



FIG. 11075.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11076.

This lathe has been designed especially for manufacturing, where there is needed a large capacity through the chucks.

The lathe is made, not as a good many are when the size of the chuck is increased—simply by making the hole through the spindle larger; but every part of the lathe is reenforced, so that with the increase in the size and capacity of the chuck it loses nothing in strength and rigidity.

We believe that this is the extreme in size and weight for a bench lathe; and while we would not recommend it to take the place of our toolmaker's lathe, we have determined to give the best lathe in the world for a reasonable price.

The slide rest to go with this lathe is of the ordinary pattern, though differing from that we formerly made for this lathe.

This laine with our cutting off slide, which has proved such a success, the automatic chuck closer, and turret, makes the strongest and most complete screw machine in the country.

We invite requests for estimates from intending purchasers, as to what the lathe will do, and would say that though the lathe looks small in comparison with a 16" lathe, a good many of the latter have spindles no larger than are put into this lathe.

Hardened spindle, bushings hardened and ground, and the thread on the nose of the spindle is accurately ground so that jaw chuck and face plates may be used without injury to the spindle. Cone has steps 1½" wide, 3", 4" and 5" diameter.

Capacity of chucks is from 1," to 34", full size of chuck.

Length of bed, 38". Swing, 8". Distance between centers, 18".

Complete information in regard to special attachments, prices, etc., sent on application.

# No. 3 PLAIN BENCH LATHE.

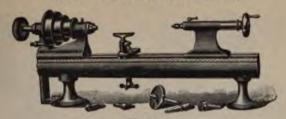


FIG. 11076

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11076.

Plain lathe comprises—bed, head and tail stock, T or hand rest with binder holt for same, and face plate and centers

Bed. Unless otherwise ordered, bed will be made with plate or flange on head stock end; this plate end being scraped and fitted with standard groove and binder holes to receive the upright angle silde for milling purposes.

Head stock is strong and rigid and has large size spindle and bearings.

Bearings are of the well known two-angle form, having angles of 5 and 45 degrees. The back bearing is snugly fitted to spindle, and by means of a take-up nut this back bearing may be adjusted to take up the wear of spindle.

Spindle and bushings are made of the finest steel, the bearing parts, including the mouth of spindle, being hardened and accurately ground with special machinery and fitted with the greatest accuracy. Bearings are protected from dust and chips by means of dust aps. Back end of spindle is ground to standard outside diameter to receive genrs used in connection with gear-cutting attachment.

Draw-in spindle is hollow.

When desired we will furnish these lathes with hardened and ground spindle and hard bronze bearings.

M Cone has three steps, 214", 314" and 414" diameters, for 1" belt, and has index holes drilled in face of largest flange and suitable index pin for dividing circles, etc.

Tail stock is provided with graduated feed collar. Both head and tail stocks are secured to bed by means of quickly operated cam 4 and bolt.

T or hand rest is secured in any position on bed, by bolt and hand nut,

Dimensions. Length of bed, 32". Swing, 714". Distance between centers, 18".

To meet the needs of our customers who do not wish the milling attachments in connection with the No. 3 lathe, we will furnish a lathe without the web on bed, if so dozired.

# LIST OF ATTACHMENTS FOR NO. 3 PLAIN BENCH LATHE.

(In ordering always advise what attachments are required.)

Slide rest.

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Slide rest, large size, adapted for milling

Countershaft, two speeds.

H Countershaft, three speeds.

Grinding pulley and idlers used with regular countershaft.

Grinding countershaft, separate.

Screw-cutting and taper attachments.

Milling attachments, comprising upright angle slide, vise and index head.

Grinding fixture, No. 1 style.

Grinding fixture, No. 2 style.

Turret to go on tail stock.

Back rost.

Follower rest for use on slide rest.

Split chucks, steel, hardened and ground.

Steel step chucks, 2"

Step chucks, cust iron, 2"

Step chucks, cast iron, 3'-

Arbor chucks for saws, mills, etc.

Arbor chucks, long, with collars

Face plates, with tapped holes, 6" diameter.

Face plates, with milled T slots, 6" diameter.

Drill plate on center, for tail stock, 1"

Drill plate on center, for tail stock, 2"

Drill plate on center, for tail stock, 3".

Drill plate on center, for tail stock, 4".

Drill rest, V, plain.

Drill rest, V. revolvable.

Chucking rest.

Table rest, triangular. Table rest, rectangular.

Lathe tools.

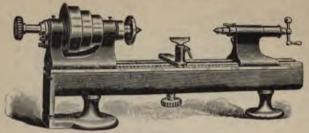
Inside threading tool.

Lathe tools made from high speed steel.

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# No. 5 PLAIN BENCH LATHE.



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11077.

The call for a larger lathe than our No. 3, which should have a full line of our patented milling and other attachments, led us to place on the market the No. 5 size, which we believe will commend itself to all who may need a lathe of wide range and capacity for fine, accurate work.

This lathe is very solidly built throughout, and while it is adapted to do the most delicate and accurate work, its construction is such that cutting operations can be done with ease, that would tax the spindle efficiency of many engine lathes of much greater weight. In the form of the bed, with flange on head-stock end, for securing upright angle milling slide; also in the form of spindle and spindle

In the form of the bed, with flange on head-stock end, for securing uprigue angle mining since, the bearings, and in its general design it is quite similar to the No. 3 lathe.

Plain laths comprises same list of parts as in No. 3 plain (see Fig. 11076).

Bed has flange or plate accurately scraped and fitted to receive milling sides.

Head stock is very solidly proportioned, and is secured to bed by two eam binders.

Spindle and bushings are hardened and ground, and bearings are of the same form as in No. 3. By an improved method of construction we are able to secure on the hardened front end of spindle, a collar which is threaded after spindle is ground and fitted, thus insuring a perfectly true thread for the purpose of attaching large plates or chucks to spindle. When not in use this thread is covered and protected by the brass cap or cover.

protected by the brase cap or cover.

When desired we will furnish these lathes with hardened and ground spindles and hard bronze bearings.

Cone has three steps—4", 5", and 6" diameters for 1½" belts.

Tail stock has graduated feed collar.

Dimensions. Length of bed, 38". Swing, 9". Distance between centers, 18".

To meet the needs of existences who do not wish the milling attachments in connection with the No. 5 lathe, we will furnish a lather than the stock of the s without the web end on bed, if so desired.

# LIST OF ATTACHMENTS FOR NO. 6 PLAIN BENCH LATHE.

(In ordering always advise what attachments are required.)

Slide rest, for turning operations.

Slide rest, extra large and heavy, adapted for milling and turning—with stop. Countershaft, two speeds.

Countershaft, three speeds.

Grinding pulley and idlers, used with regular countershaft. Grinding countershaft, separate. Screw-cutting and taper attachment.

Milling attachments, comprising upright angle slide, vise and index head. Grinding fixture, No. 1 style.

Grinding fixture, No. 2 style,

Turret to go on tail stock. Turret attachment.

Cutting off slide rest. Back or center rest.

Follower rest for use on slide rest,

Split chucks, steel, bardened and ground.

Step chucks, steel, 2". Step chucks, steel, J'.

Step chucks, cast iron, 2"

Step chucks, cost iron, 3".

Step chucks, cast iron, 4".

Chuck closer, 2". Chuek closer, 3".

Chuck closer, 4".

Arbor chucks for saws, mills, etc.

Arbor chucks, long, with collars.

Face plates, with tapped holes 8" diameter. Face plates, with milled T slots 8" diameter.

Drill plate on center, for tail stock, 1°.
Drill plate on center, for tail stock, 2°.

Drill plate on center, for tail stock, 3". Drill plate on center, for tail stock, 4".

Drill rest, V, plain.
Drill rest, V, revolvable.

Chucking rest.

Table rest, triangular

Table rost, rectangular.

Lathe tools.

Inside threading tool.

Lathe tools made from high speed steel.

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# UNIVERSAL TURRET LATHE WITH GEARED HEAD.

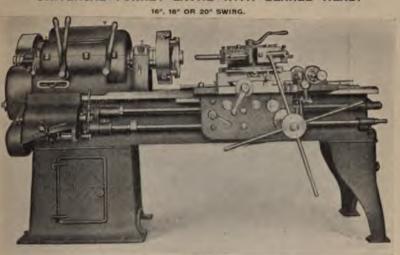


FIG. 11078.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11078.

This machine is of new design throughout and is particularly adapted to work and finish castings from the rough. The geared head provides eight changes of speed and if desired two speeds can be obtained from the countershalt, giving sixteen spindle speeds in all, making this machine an ideal one on the above mentioned work. It is desirous to obtain from very slow speeds to comparatively high speeds on every casting of large diameter. This makes it necessary to have a great variety of speeds and to be able to obtain them instantaneously, and this is just what we have designed and built in this geared head machine. The operator can obtain any of these speeds by simply shifting the levers shown in cut on side of geared head. The feeds, which have a great range from fine to coarse, are also instantaneously changed. A lead screw is furnished with this machine, as it is often necessary to lead a tap positively.

The turret is bexagonal and is of very heavy construction and is provided with a power and hand cross feed, power and hand lateral feed, with a stop motion for the feeds in all directions. There are six adjustable stops arranged for the lateral feed and these stops revolve automatically with the turret, or if desired they can be used independently by disengaging the stop cylinder from the shaft by means of a clutch. This is so arranged, as it is sometimes necessary to use one tool for more than one operation. The cross feed is provided with H twelve adjustable stops, six for each direction. These are numbered and are operated independent of the turret. The feeds can be ongaged, disengaged, and reversed from the apron.

One very interesting feature of the machine is the cheapness of the tools. Tool holders can be readily made from castings for any job the operator wishes to do. The gear shown in the chuck of lathe in cut is a very good example of the value of this machine. This is a web year and is finished all over. The hole is first bored with a double cutter, then is trued up with a single cutter boring tool and then is reamed to standard size. The hub and the face of the gear are faced off with tools shaped like ordinary lathe tools. The diameter of the hub is turned to size, and one half of the outside diameter of the goar is turned. The whole lot of the goars are partly finished as above described, then east iron jaws are inserted in the chuck and trued up to the exact size of the outside diameter of the gear. The gears are then held in the chuck and the other side squared up, and the remaining portion of the outside discover turned off, and it is then only necessary to put them on an arbor and take a light finishing chip for the outside diameter. It will be found that the gears do not run out as they would if they were roughed out on an arbor, as it is necessary to force the arbor in an tight in order to rough these gezm out in an ordinary lathe that it diatorts the hole. Not only are the gears finished better, but in alsom one third of the time that would be required to do the same work on an orbor in an ordinary laths.

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# UNIVERSAL TURRET LATHE.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11078.—Continued.

Each lathe is furnished with turret, quick change gear device, lead serew, feed rod, friction countershaft and four-jaw scroll continuation churck fitted to spindle.

Oil pass, oil pump and consections, toper attachment and compound rest and regular tail stock can be furnished in addition if desired.

# SPECIFICATIONS.

Swing over ways			1734*	18*	2014*
Front spindle bearing.			534" x 2%4"	6"x 2%"	6" × 3"
Hear spindle bearing.			33%" x 23%"	3%" x 2%"	334" × 234"
Hole in spindle			134"	134*	134"
Standard length of bed			7	7'	8'
Driving pulley*			12° × 3°	14" x 4"	14" × 4"
Countershaft pulleys			12° x 3°	14" × 4"	14" x 4"
Speed of countershaft			350	350	350
Weight	11 1 12 14 1411		2,800 Hs.	3,600 lbs.	4,400 ltm.
Size of chuck furnished.		No	13*	13*	16*

<sup>\*</sup>These labbea can be readily adapted for electrical drive by application of emistant speed mater as described in Fig. \$1040.

# 24" ENGINE LATHE WITH TURRET ON SPECIAL CARRIAGE.

WITH FRICTION-GEARED HEAD, AND INDEPENDENT VARIABLE GEAR FEED.

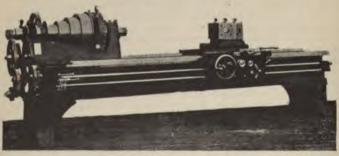


FIG. 11079.

For description see following page.

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# 24" ENGINE LATHE WITH TURRET ON CARRIAGE-PLAIN.

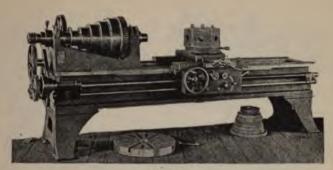


FIG. 11080.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11079 AND 11080.

Presented herewith is an illustration of a 24° turret lathe intended for producing, economically, all work which can either be held

Presented herewith is an illustration of a 2st turret lathe intended for producing, economically, all work which can either be held in a chuck or clamped to a face plate, and permits of any operation possible with an ordinary engine lathe.

To facilitate all changes of cutting speeds and feeds, ample provision has been made, and with this in view the back gearing of bend stock is engaged or disengaged by the clutch lever shown in front of head stock. The friction clutches are of recent design, and so arranged that all wear can be compensated for, and have sufficient power to obviate slipping under heaviest cuts.

The feed mechanism is driven independent from screw-cutting apparatus by a train of gears so arranged that six different ratios of feed are at instant command while the lathe is in motion.

The turret is bezagonal in form and 14° in width across the flats, the holes in same being 2½° in dismeter, and the construction is such that a bar may be passed entirely through the turret. The uses of this arrangement commend themselves at once and require no further explanation.

further explanation.

The indexing is done with a bardened and ground pin, which is withdrawn by one of the levers shown on the right side of turret, whereas the other lever is used for clamping same. This makes a very convenient arrangement which leaves the working side of the

The regular engine lathe apron is applied to the carriage, which gives friction longitudinal feed, power cross feed, for the turret slide sufficient to face the full awing of the lathe and split nut to engage the lead screw for screw-cutting purposes.

A fixed stop at the rear of the carriage centers the turret, so that when boring bars are used, no difficulty is experienced in properly

The spindle is fitted with a hardened steel bush, so that the ends of long boring bars may be supported to permit of rapid and accurate work. It can be easily understood that any piece which must be bored, faced and turned on its periphery, threaded either inside or outside, can be finished on this machine without removing from the chuck, without the use of what night strictly be called special tools; therefore, where but few pieces of each kind are 50 be made this lathe will prove economical, and with the use of special fixtures large lots can be produced at the least possible cost.

#### PRINCIPAL DIMENSIONS. Engine Lathe Proper.

Front bearing, 4" diameter by 7" long Front bearing, 4" diameter by 7" long.
Back garring, 34" diameter by 4\(\psi\_1\) long.
Diameter of hole through spindle, 2\(\psi\_1\)".
Cone diameters (four steps), 7", 10", 13", 16".
Width of belt, 3\(\psi\_1\)". Ratio back gearing, 10 to 1.
Cut serews from 1 to 16 per inch, including 11\(\psi\_1\) for pipe thread.
Peeda per inch, 4 to 95.
Size of friction pulleys on countershaft, 16" a 5\(\psi\_1\)" for 5" belt.
Countershaft should run 90 revolutions per minute.
Swing over bed. 24\(\psi\_1\)". Swing over bed, 2415.

#### DIMENSIONS OF TURRET AND SLIDE.

Width of turret, 14". Holes in turret, 23/2" regular. Front slide, 14" wide, 20" long.

# SHIPPING WEIGHTS, ETC.

Net weight of F foreign), 0,500 lie Dimensions ng weight (boxed, £ 3" 6" = 136

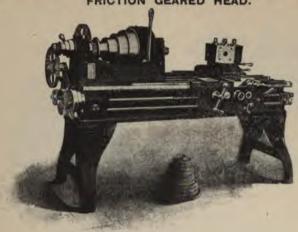


FIG. 11081.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11081.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 1001.

Demand for rapid labbe work, together with the increasing knowledge regarding the value of the turret lathe, has led to the adoption of the turret on carriage in place of the regular compound rest.

The lathe herewith represented is a modification of the standard 18° engine lathe to serve the purposs of a heavy turret lathe, a type which is becoming deservedly popular with the manufacturers of machinery. With the exception of the turret on carriage and turret slide; the regular design of the engine lathe has been maintained.

The addition of a friction-gazer de head spindle to a standard engine lathe is very desirable, as this device is indispensable to screw machines, turret lathes, etc., and while it in a measure complicates the lathe and adds somewhat to its cost, its advantages are so great as to outweigh every other consideration many times. The frictions are carefully constructed, susceptible of ample and convenient adjustment for wear, and will give the services required of them during the life of the lathe.

The carriage is very heavy, gibbed to outside of bed, both front and back, and is fitted with a turret side of unusual proportions—10° in width and 10° in length, upon which the turret proper revolves.

The turret is hexagonal in form and 10½° in width across the flats. The holes in same may be as large as 2° in diameter, and the construction is such that a bar may be passed entirely through the turret. The advantages of this arrangement are too numerous and well understood to require any further explanation. The lades up in and clamping lever are on the right side of the turret, and, although entirely out of the way, very convenient for manipulation.

The lathe is provided with power cross feed, as well as longitudinal feed and screw-cutting apparatus, and may be equipped with taper attachment if desired, and hence can perform on chuck of face plate work all the functions usually done with the regular engine laths, with the advantage of greatly increased production within th

Norm.—We furnish this modern lathe, either with friction-geared head, as shown in cut, or without the friction-geared head. Special circular of the latter furnished on application.

# PRINCIPAL DIMENSIONS, ENGINE LATHE PROPER.

Plain Head.

Back bearing, 2½" diameter x 4½" long.

Base bearing, 2½" diameter x 3½" long.

Diameter of hole through spindle, 1½".

Diameter of hole through spindle, 1½".

Width of belt, 2½".

Width of belt, 2½"

Width of turret, 1014"

Size of friction pulleys on countershaft, 12" x 4" for 3)4" bels. Countershaft should run 130 revolutions per minute. Swing over bed, 1814"; over earriage, 12". Length between centers on 6" bed, 2" 8".

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Friction Head.
314" diameter x 514" long.
215" diameter x 4" long.
115," diameter.
(Four steps), 434", 654", 934", 1154".

DIMENSIONS OF TURRET AND SLIDE. Holes in turret, 2" regular. Front slide, 10° wide, 16° long.

SHIPPING WEIGHTS, ETC.

the. Shipping weight (boxed, foreign), 2,700 the majors for foreign shipment: 85° x 33° x 32° = 52 cubic feet. Net weight of 6' bed, 2,400 lbs Dimensi

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# 17" ENGINE LATHE WITH AUTOMATIC TURRET ON SHEAR AND POWER FEED TO TURRET SLIDE.

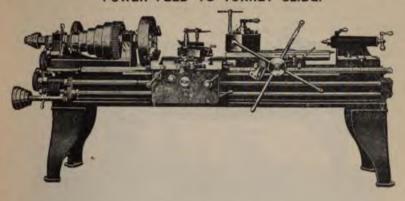


FIG. 11082.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11082.

This lathe has been carefully designed, and is well proportioned, with all numbers improvements, and equally well adapted to the handling of either light or heavy duplicate work in the most accurate and convenient manner.

The head stock is massive, webbod its entire length, and not weakened to make room for reverse plate.

The spindle is made of crucible steel with a 1½° hole through its entire length. The bearings for the spindle are of the best quality of composition metal, and are massive both front and back. The spindle is ground to insure its being absolutely round and true. The thrust collars are of steel, hardened and ground. The cone has five steps for 2½° belt, and is strongly back genred.

The tail stock is massive, and is resmed for No. 4 Morse taper.

All feeds are reversed in the apron, which is so arranged that it is impossible to throw in the rod and screw feeds at the same time.

The carrage has bearing on each of the Vs, having a bearing its entire length on the two outside Vs, and is locked for cross-feed work by an eccentric clamp from the front, which performs the work without any twist or side strain.

The fretion cross feed is graduated to one-thousandths of an inch, and is so constructed that if the cross feed is allowed to run beyond its limit no harm will be done. The compound rest is very substantial and both upper and lower slides are fitted with taper gibs.

There garred feed being positive, all feeds are obtainable within the range of modern practice and without using the lead servey. There are also four changes of belt feed, and feeds can be driven with belt or gearing, without disconnecting either. Both the cross and length feeds can be operated at the same time.

Threads, from 2 to 48 per inch (including 11½), can be cut without changing year on spindle. Right or left threads can be cut, without changing any gears, by simply reversing the lever shown at end of head stock.

The turret is massive, of the most improved design and construction, and in addition to the feed cone changes has three changes of feed directly under control of the operator on the front side of turret, by means of a lever conveniently placed next to the pilot wheel.

Herazonal or round turret heads furnished, as desired.

The countershaft has friction pulleys, 12" in diameter, for 31/3" belt, which can be oiled without throwing off the belt. The friction pulleys about run 140 and 160 revolutions per minute, in a forward direction, as the index dial on carriage connected with the lead acres takes care of all thread cutting, there being no need of revening the lathe.

This lathe is furnished with plain tool rest, steady and follow rest, large and small face plates, change gears, countershaft, and wrenches.

Compound rest, taper attachment for furnished when desired. Beds of any

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en carriage, plain or automatic turret on abear, also pan under 6' bed,

For granual specifications are Figs. \$1922 and \$1024.

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# 18" ENGINE LATHE WITH TURRET ON BED.

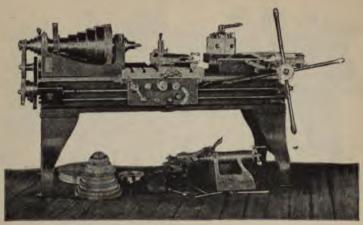


FIG. 11083.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11083.

Demand for rapid lathe work, together with the increasing knowledge regarding the value of the turret lathe, has led to the adoption of the turret on the regular engine lathe in place of the usual foot block or tail stock. Where desired, the tail stock is also furnished.

of the turrer of the regular eigens alone in pace of the same not clock or has sock. Where desired, but an sock is also furnament, so that a complete engine lathe is at hand, by removing the turrer.

The combination of a turret with the usual engine lathe offers advantages possessed by no other arrangement, if its use was contemplated in the original design and not an after consideration, so frequently the case. With this in view, the wearing surfaces for taking the thrust on live spindle are of unusual proportions—more than equal to the requirements imposed on them when constantly used for chucking purposes.

Inasmuch as perfect alignment of turret is of vital importance, ample provision is made to accurately compensate for all wear tending to destroy it.

These turrets are made either to revolve automatically or by hand, and with or without power feed.

The parts necessary to automatically revolve turret are made of tool steel, with all surfaces subject to abrasion hardened.

The tool is carefully designed to meet the requirements for heavy surface, and, though very solid and rigid, the convenience of the operator has been carefully looked after.

The feed for turret is driven independently from estringe feeds, so that both may operate on a piece of work with feeds best adapted the rection terret is driven independently real carriage rects, by the control of a piece of work with received from largest step of feed cone on end of spindle to a pulley driving a covered nest of cone gears. This arrangement permits of three changes of feed for turret, without changing the belt.

It will be noticed that five combinations are furnished on our engine turret lathes:

First .- Plain turret, for hand revolving and hand feed. Second.—Plain turret and power feed.
Third.—Automatic revolving turret and hand feed.
Fourth.—Automatic revolving turret and power feed, and

Fifth.—The regular engine lathe when tail stock is ordered.

# PRINCIPAL DIMENSIONS OF THE 18" ENGINE LATHE.

Front bearing, 234" diameter by 434" long. Back gearing, 234" diameter by 334" long. Diameter of bole through spindle, 1394". Cone diameter (five steps), 434", 634", 834", 1034", 12" long. Width of belt, 256". Ratio of back gearing, 12 to 1.

Diameter of tail stock spindle, 2". Movement, 5". Cut screws from 1 to 20 per inch, including 11½ for pipe thread. Feeds per inch, 5 to 105. Size of friction pulleys on countershaft, 12" x 4" for 314" belt. Countershaft should run 130 revolutions per minute.

Swing over bed, 1814"; over carriage, 12". Length between centers on 6' bed, 2' 8".

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# 18" ENGINE LATHE WITH TURRET ON BED.

DESCRIPTION FIG. HOS3.-Continued.

# DIMENSIONS AND CAPACITY OF THE TURRET ATTACHMENT.

Diameter of turret, 9°. Length of slide, 30°. Length of shoe, 21°. Movement of slide, 10°.

Size of hole in turret, 134". Number of holes, 6. Distance between head center and turret on 6' bad, 24".

# SHIPPING WEIGHTS, ETC.

Net weight of engine turret lathe, 6' bed, 2,750 lbs. Shipping weight (boxed, foreign), 3,150 lbs. Dimensions for foreign shipment: 85" x 36" x 56" = 99 cubic feet.

# 24" TURRET HEAD BORING LATHE

WITH GEARED FRICTION HEAD.

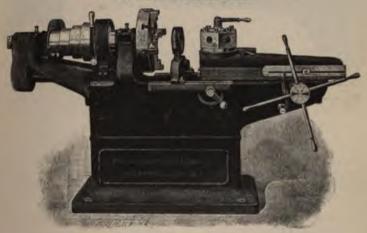


FIG. 11084.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11084.

Spindle has 2" hole through its entire length. Front bearing, 4" x 6", rear hearing, 3" x 4).4". Cone belt, 3" Turret has six holes, 134" diameter. Slide is 38" long by 14" wide and has a travel of 30".

Lathe is furnished with 18" four-jaw chuck, friction countershaft, having pulleys 12" x 4).5" which should run 140 and 160 revolutions per minute, and weight complete, 3,000 lbs.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11085.

Necessity for the economical production of large work in the same manner which has characterized such marked results in the production of small work, has resulted in our placing on the market a line of turrets in connection with our standard 24° engine lathe. Although these turrets are of massive proportions, and possess rigidity to an unusual degree, they are conveniently handled, an important factor toward the ends sought.

The turret side is supplied with variable power food and automatic stop, which in no manner interferes with the usual engine lathe feeds and serve-cutting mechanism, each being satisfy independent of the other, and can be used separately, or collectively as the work demands. Therefore, should conditions exist where the same lathe is to be used for turning work between centers as well as when beld in cluck or face plate, the tail stock can be furnished with which the turret interchanges, and either a regular complete engine lathe is at hand or a modern turret lathe.

The turrets are all furnished with power food, but are now to succeed the substant of tool steel. The locking plunger is also much of tool steel slides between large beauty, will be succeeded to the late of tool steel. The locking plunger is also much of tool steel slides between large beauty will

# 24" ENGINE LATHE WITH TURRET ON BED.

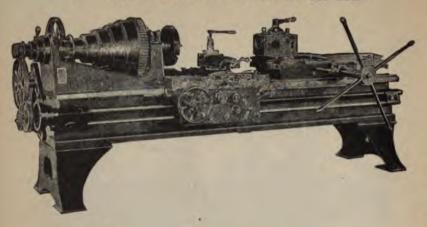


FIG. 11085.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11065.—Continued.

All the parts pertaining to the automatic revolving mechanism of turret are also made of tool steel and hardened.

Feeds are engaged and disengaged by levers conveniently placed in front of the pilot wheel.

A careful comparison of the dimensions given herewith will demonstrate that the proportions of the turret are equal to the best practice.

# PRINCIPAL DIMENSIONS 24" STANDARD ENGINE LATHE.

Front bearing, 4" diameter x 7" long.

Back bearing, 314" diameter x 414" long.

Diameter of hole through spindle, 2)6"

Cone diameter (five steps) 6", 8)4", 11", 13)4", 16".

Width of belt, 314"

Width over flats, 121/2".

Diameter of holes, 21/2"

Length of top slide, 46° Width of bearing surface, 11°

Ratio of back gearing, 12 to 1.

Diameter of tail-stock spindle, 234". Movement, 9".

Cuts scrows from 1 to 16 per inch, including 1114 for pipe thread.

Feeds per inch, 4 to 65.

Size of friction pulleys on countershaft, 16" x 51/3" for 5" belt.

Countershaft should run 90 revolutions per minute.

Swing over bed, 2414"; over carriage, 16".

Length between centers on 10' bed, 5'

# PRINCIPAL DIMENSIONS OF TURRET.

Form of turret is hexagonal.

or tutter & nexagonar.

Length of bottom slide, 30". Width of bottom slide, 15".

Extreme distance between spindle and turret face with 10' bed, 42"

Extreme distance nervening/more and surrectiace wild to bed, 42"

Weight of turret, 1,200 lbs.

# SHIPPING WEIGHT, ETC.

Net weight 10' hed, 6,200 lbs.

Shipping weight (boxed, foreign), 7,300 lbs.

Dimensions for foreign shipment 11' 1" x 3' 10" x 3' 6"=143 cubic feet.

# HOLLOW HEXACON TURRET LATHES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11086 TO 11088.

The hollow hexagon turred lathes embody in their design many improvements and new features which are necessary for the rapid and accurate production of duplicate parts. These characteristic features apply to all four sires.

#### HEAD AND BED.

To secure the greatest strength and rigidity, the head and lower half of gear guards are cast solid with the bed. The bed is supported on three points, thus insuring perfect alignment although the machine may be placed on an irregular foundation.

#### AUTOMATIC CHUCK.

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The automatic chuck is operated by a long lever in front of the head. The head for holding the automatic chuck jaws is forged on the spindle, bringing the chuck close up to the front bearing, with a minimum of overhang. The jaws are hardened and ground and adjustable from actual size to 3% smaller. They are firmly held in position and do not drop to interfere with the introduction of a new bar of stock.

#### POWER ROLLER FEED.

The power roller feed is engaged and disengaged by the same lever which actuates the automatic chuck. A single adjustment suffices for both feed rolls and guide fingers when changing from one size or shape of stock to another, and the relation between the fingers and feed rolls is such that when the rolls are adjusted to give the requisite pressure for feeding the bar, the fingers are in proper position.

# TURRET.

The turret is bexagon in form, of large diameter across faces, and has a broad bearing on the saddle. It is kept central by, and revolves upon, a large taper bearing which gives ample provision for taking up wear. The trussed form of the turret provides an exceptionally rigid support for the working tools, which are attached to the faces of the turret from the inside by two bolts. This is easily accomplished as the inner faces are parallel with the outer, which leaves the outer surface entirely available for the tool mechanism. The index is nearly the full diameter of the turret and the lock bolt is placed directly under the working tool. The feed is by rack and pinion. The feed rack is attached to the bad midway between the Vs, and is placed as high as possible, thus obviating all side strain which is found in most lathen. For extra heavy cuts the turret can be readily clamped to the saddle by means of a lever, and when forming and for similar work, the saddle can be clamped to the bad. The backward movement of the saddle gives the turret its partial revolution, which begins as seen as the working tool is free from the stock. The adjustable dog which is clamped to the feed rack governs the position of the saddle at the time when the turret begins to revolve. The peared automatic feed has four changes and is reversible for back turning. A screw-cutting feed is regularly provided for the No. 4 machine, and furnished for the No. 3 upon special order. The No. 4 machine also has power quick travers. For the smalling of the turret, and for indexing.

#### HOLLOW HEXAGON TURRET LATHES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11086 TO 11088,-Continued.

#### INDEPENDENT ADJUSTABLE STOPS.

These stops operate automatically for each face of the turret. They are placed in front of the saddle where they are protected from chips and dirt and they are easy of access for changing and adjusting. Supplementary stops are also provided for use when two or more stops are needed, for squaring shoulders to gauge, and similar work. Either of these stops automatically trips the turret feed.

#### TURRET SADDLE.

The saddle is gibbed to the outer edges of the bed by flat gibs throughout its entire length. The Vs are extremely large and there are no ledges along the ways on which chips can accumulate. Shields carried by the saddle cover that portion of the rack, also the Va nearest the working tool, so that chips and oil are shed directly into the pan.

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#### CARRIAGE.

The carriage of the Nos. 3 or 4 machines has geared automatic feed, both longitudinal and cross; each with four changes in either direction. There are two stops for the longitudinal travel, and the cross-feed screw is fitted with a graduated dial. A taper attachment is furnished when specially ordered.

#### GEARED FEEDS.

The automatic feeds are gear driven, insuring positive feed, and any one of the changes is instantly obtainable. The trips operate in connection with the independent adjustable stops, for each face of the turret. The turret and carriage feeds (Nos. 3 and 4 machines) are independent of each other.

#### TOOLS.

The tools included in the standard equipment furnished with the hollow hexagon turret lathes cover a great range of work. The
universal turners are equipped with roller back rests which reduce the friction to a minimum, and permit running the stock at much higher
speeds than is possible with a stationary rest, thus facilitating the use of the "high-speed" steels. The tool post, which swings about
a stud, can be easily and accurately adjusted to the proper position by means of a screw, while an eccentric lever provides means of quickly
withdrawing the tool from the work. These turners can be used for either forward or back turning. The slide tool, for cutting off and
facing, is made especially strong and heavy, and has tools front and rear. It is so arranged that it may be used for forming. The automatic opening die is of approved design, tested by years of service under all conditions. The pointing tool is furnished for pointing or
beveiling the ends of bars. The tool holders are adapted for holding drills, reamers, etc.

#### STOCK STOP.

In an intermediate position between the cutting-off tool and the first turning tool is a stop for gauging the length of the stock. It is on the corner of the turret, which indexes automatically at this point, or not, as may be desired.

# OIL PUMP.

Each machine is equipped with a geared oil pump which works automatically when the machine runs in either direction

#### COUNTERSHAFT

A triple friction countershaft is furnished with these machines-

# MOTOR DRIVE.

These machines can be arranged for motor drive.

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# HOLLOW HEXAGON TURRET LATHES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11086 TO 11088.—Continued.

#### No. 1 LATHE.

The No. I hollow hexagon turnst lathe is furnished with friction back gears; automatic chuck; power roller feed; geared automatic feed for turnst; independent adjustable stops for turnst; stock stop; oil pump; outer stock support; tool stand and triple friction countershaft.



FIG. 11086.

# STANDARD EQUIPMENT.

Automatic chuck Jaws of the following sizes, adjustable for any diameter from actual size to 1/4" smaller:

Round, 34" to 134", by 8ths.

Square and bexagon, 14", 34", 34", 34" and 134"; also 134" hexagon.

Three universal turners, with roller back rest; adjustable from 1½" to ¾". (These tools are adapted for turning both forward and backward.)

Ous pointing tool.

One 1st automatic opening die with chasers for cutting United States standard threads as follows:

34", 36", 36", 36", 36" and 1".

One slide tool for cutting off, facing, and forming.

Two tool holders.

# SUPPLEMENTARY EQUIPMENT.

134° automatic opening die (with set of chasen for one thread).
9° three-jaw geared scroll chuck, for holding forgings and castings.
Drill chuck, esparity 0 to 1°.

# HOLLOW HEXACON TURRET LATHES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11086 TO 11088.-Continued.

#### -----

SPECIFICATIONS OF NO. 1 LATHE.	
Capacity of automatic chuck, round	135*
Capacity of automatic chuck, square.	136*
Capacity of automatic chuck, hexagon	Ut.
Travel of turret saddle	18"
Turret feeds—revolutions of spindle to feed 1"	28-46-78-140
Diameter of turret, across faces	934"
Swing over bed.	14"
Largest diameter of cone.	11*
Width of belt on cone,	3"
Pulleys on countershaft	10"
Width of belt on countershaft.	33/4"
Countershaft speeds of—two pulleys forward	178 and 225
Give spindle speeds of twelve changes	28 to 400
Floor space of machine	2'6" x 8'6"
Weight, net	2,350 lbs.
Weight, crated	2,750 lbs.
Weight, boxed for export	3,100 lbs.
Oakie management loved	107 cubic foot

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# No. 2 LATHE.

The No. 2 hollow hexagon turnet lathe is furnished with triple back gears; automatic chuck; power roller feed; geared automatic feed for turnet; independent adjustable stops for turnet; stock stop; oil pump; outer stock support; tool stand and triple friction counterdisft.

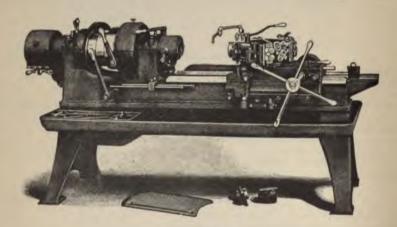


FIG. 11087.

# HOLLOW HEXAGON TURRET LATHES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11086 TO 11088. - Continued.

#### STANDARD EQUIPMENT

Automatic chuck jaws of the following sizes, adjustable for any diameter from actual size to 1/2" smaller

Round, 34" to 214", by 8ths.

Square and hexagon, 34", 34", 134", 134", 134", and 134"; also 2" bexagon

Three universal turners with roller back rest; adjustable from 2½° to ½° (These tools are adapted for turning both forward and backward.)

One pointing tool.

One 134° automatic opening die with chasers for cutting United States standard threads as follows:

36°, 36°, 36°, 36°, 36°, 36°, 1,° 136° and 136°

One slide tool for cutting off, facing and forming.

Two tool bolders.

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#### SUPPLEMENTARY EQUIPMENT

2º automatic opening die (with set of chasers for one thread).

Taper turner-as regularly furnished turns tapers up to 34" to the foot, 12" long.

1014" three-jaw geared scroll chuck, for holding Jorgings and castings

Drill chuck, capacity 0 to 1"

#### SPECIFICATIONS OF NO. 2 LATHE

41.4		
M	Capacity of automatic chuck, round,	234*
A	Capacity of automatic chuck, square	134"
BA	Capacity of automatic chuck, hesagon	2"
RH	Travel of turret saddle	24*
H	Turret feeds—revolutions of spindle to feed 1s.	25-42-70-125
4	Diameter of turnet, across faces	1234*
F	Swing over bed.	10*
回	Largost diameter of cone.	13"
H	Width of belt on cone.	3*
H	Pulleys on countershaft	12*
	Width of beit on countershaft	
	Countershall speeds of—two pulleys forward	190 and 230
	Give spindle specific of -eighteen changes	15 to 330
	Floor space of machine	2' 10' x 9' 2"
	Weight, net.	3,650 lbs.
	Weight, entel	4,000 ths.
	Weight, loxed for export	4,500 Hz.
	Cubic measurement, boxed.	Introduction.

# OW HEXAGON TURRET LATHES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11086 TO 11089,-Continued.

#### No. 3 LATHE.

3 hollow hexagon turnet lathe is furnished with geared head and friction back gears; automatic chuck; power roller feed;

...matic feed for turret; independent adjustable stope for turret; geared automatic longitudinal and cross feeds for earriage;

mp; outer stock support; tool stand and triple friction countershaft.

Round, 11/2" to 31/4", by 8ths.

Square and hexagon, 11/2", 11/2", 13/2" and 2"; also 23/2" and 23/4" hexagon.

universal turners with roller back rest; adjustable from 3° to 34°. (These tools are adapted for turning both forward and back-

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ating tool.

utomatic opening die with chasers for cutting 1°, 1½°, 1½°, 1½° and 2° United States standard threads.

atic chuck jaws of the following sizes, adjustable for any diameter from actual size to 1/4" smaller:

tool holders.

... 3 machine with standard equipment as above described.

crew-cutting feed for turret.

attachment for carriage.

With both screw-cutting feed and taper attachment.

# No. 4 LATHE.

No. 4 beliew hexagon turret lathe with geared head and friction back gears; automatic chuck; power roller feed; geared automatic fleed, serww-outling feed for leading-on dies and power quick traverse for turret; independent adjustable stops for turret; geared automatic longitudinal and cross feeds for curriage; oil pump; outer stock support; tool stand and triple friction countershaft.

Automatic chuck jaws of the following sizes, adjustable for any diameter from actual size to 1/4" smaller:

Round, 214" to 414", by 8ths.

Square and hexagon, 2", 234" and 234"; also 334" and 334" hexagon.

Four universal turners, adjustable from 4" to 134" (These tools are adapted for turning both forward and backword.)

One pointing tool.

One 3' automatic opening die with chasers for cutting 2", 234" and 3" United States standard threads.

Two tool holders.

No. 4 machine with standard equipment as above described.

With taper attachment for carriage.

# HOLLOW HEXAGON TURRET LATHES.

NO. 4 LATHE, MOTOR DRIVEN.

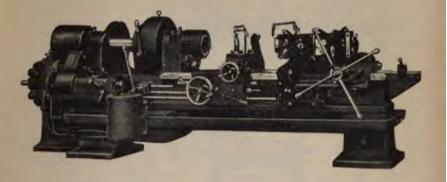


FIG. 11088.
For general description see preceding pages.

# SPECIFICATIONS OF NO. 3 AND NO. 4 LATHES.

-			
2		No. 3.	No. 4.
N	Capacity of automatic chuck, round	336"	436"
4	Capacity of automatic chuck, square	2"	234"
n	Capacity of automatic chuck, hexagon	234"	314"
2	Travel of turret saddle.	36"	36"
м	*Turnt bade names and an arrangement and arrangement and arrangement and arrangement and arrangement arrangement are arrangeme	25-42-70-126	20-33-55-100
1	therew-nutting feeds	3 to 16	2 to 12
9	Diameter of lurret, across faces and the second sec	15"	18"
4	Travel of carriage, longitudinal.	30"	30*
	Travel of earnings, cross.	716"	10"
1	*Carriage feeds, longitudinal	25-42-70-126	24-40-66-120
ц	*Carriage feeds, cross	118-196-326-586	62-103-172-312
м	Swing over bed.	201/2"	24"
54	Largest diameter of cone	15"	18"
	Width of belt on cone	4"	4.
	Pulkys on countershaft	16"	16*
	With of belt on countershaft.	414"	5*
	Countershaft speeds of two pulleys forward.	220 and 280	315 and 390
	Give spiralle speeds of twelve changes	18 to 237	18 to 190
	Floor space of machine	11' x 3' 6'	12' 4' × 4'
	Weight, net.	7,000 lbs.	10,000 lbs.
	Weight, erated.	7,750 lbm.	11,500 lbs.
	Weight, based for export	= 400 Hm	13,000 Iluc
	Cubic measurement, based,	"e feet	250 cubic feet

<sup>\*</sup>Freely are in terms of revolutions of spindle to land in.

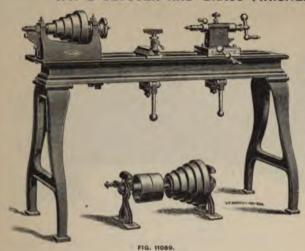
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# NO. 2 SETOVER AND BRASS FINISHER'S LATHE.



# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11089.

No. 2 lathe, bed 5' long; swings 13"; with dovetail setover and back motion and overhead works. Cone for 2" belt has five changes; countershaft with 8° by 234" tight and loose pulleys abould make 250 revolutions per minute. Floor space 65" by 24". Shipping weight 600 lbs.

Can be furnished with dovetail setover, with back motion, or with plain tail stock, as desired.

# NO. 1 SQUARE ARBOR LATHE.

FOR BRASS FINISHERS.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11090.

No. 1 square arbor lathe, bed 6' long; swings 15"; with dovetail setover, swivel and back motion, back gears, screw apparatus and overhead works. Cones have four changes for 254" belt. 154" countershaft has 10° reverse pulleys, or 10° by 3° friction pulleye, and should make 180 revolutions per minute. Floor space 82" by 28". Weight, 1,000 lbs-



# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11091.

No. 2 square arbor lathe, bed 5' long; swings lif'; with screw appearatus and hardened spinds dovetail setover, back motion and overhead works. Conce have four changes for 2" belt, 1½" countershaft has 8" by 2½" reverse pulleys and should make 250 revolutions per minute. Floor space 74" by 26" Shipping weight 675 lbs.

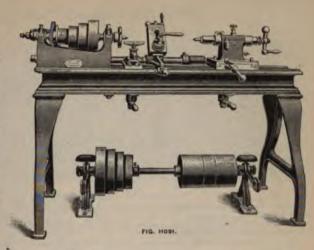
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# 15" SQUARE ARBOR FOX LATHE.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11092

This lathe swings 15" and has 5' bed. It is furnished with set of hob and leader to cut any one thread. Unless otherwise specified in order will furnish to cut 1134 threads per Inch.

Hole through spindle, 3/4".

Countershaft pulleys, 10" diameter.

Weight, 1,275 lbs.

Taper attachment is included.

FIG. 11092.

# BOX BODY CHUCKS.

FOR BRASS LATHES.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11093.

Made in 9", 12", 14" and 16" sizes.

Each chuck is provided with one set of blank slip Jaws. Any number of sets of these Jaws can be furnished, customer arranging them to hold any special shapes.



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# UNIVERSAL MONITOR LATHES.

13" LATHE. WITH PLAIN HEAD

16" LATHE. WITH FRICTION HEAD





FIG. 11094.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11094 AND 11095.

These machines have been lately redesigned and the modern practice of increasing the driving power, rigidity and weight has been closely followed.

The bed is specially heavy and rigid, the head end is supported by a cabinet provided with tool shelves and the tail-end leg is attached a hinged manner to form a three-point support.

The head stock is cast in one piece with the bed. The spindle bearings are of genuine babbitt, but also phosphor bronze journals can be supplied.

The friction clutches for the back gears are of a well approved and simple design, positive in action and easily adjustable.

The spindle is of special high carbon crucible steel, all the bearings are ground and provisions made for easy oiling and taking up wear. A wire feed or automatic chuck can be applied to the spindle.

The turret revolves on a stem with adjustment for wear and the locking bolt withdraws at the return movement of the top alide, making it semi-automatic. The index ring is of hammered steel and hardened

The turret slides have substantial bearings, and the swivel is graduated and has an accessible and firm clamping device. The cross slide is extra long, it does not leave its bearings and so protects them from chips and dirt. The cross screw is graduated. The chasing bar is very substantial but easy to handle. The gearing is arranged to cut right- and left-hand threads without changing the leader. The follower holder is yielding for taper work and leaders and followers for 11%, 14 and 18 threads go with each machine.

A double friction countershaft, specially designed and adapted for the severest duty, accompanies each machine,

					5.	

	13"	10"	18*
	Plain.	Plain.	Friet. B. G.
Swing	1354*	1614*	1614"
Length of bed	4 20	B' 4"	5' 4°
Largest diameter of cone.	Q.	11"	11"
and the control of control of the co		4 steps	**
WY 1-1 - 2 1 1-	3*		
Width of belt		3)5"	3
Diameter of nose of spindle	2*	21/2"	235
Number of threads per inch	8	8	8
Diameter of hole in spindle.	1%"	156"	136"
Diameter of turret	614"	8"	8*
Diameter of holes in turret	1"	134"	110"
Distance from center of hole to alide.	196	2*	20
	5"	6*	6*
Length that ean be milled	5°	6"	
Cross movement			0-
Swing over chasing slide	534"	534"	534
Greatest distance between turret and spindle	19"	24"	24"
Diameter of friction pulleys on countershaft	10"	12"	12"
Width of belt.	314*	4"	4"
Revolutions of countershaft, about	300	300	375
Foundation space.	25" x 54"	24" x 67"	24" × 67"
Floor space, about.	30" x 60"	36" x 80"	36" x 80"
Weight, complete, net, about	1,020	1,575	1,675
Weight, complete, crated, about	1,070	1,675	1,775
Weight, complete, boxed, about	1,200	2,000	2,100
Cubic feet	23	50	50

# 16" UNIVERSAL MONITOR LATHE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11096 AND 11097.

Lathe is furnished with plain back geared head as shown in Fig. 11096 or with friction head as shown in Fig. 11097.

Each machine is provided with chasing bar and set of hob and leader for cutting one standard thread, taper attachment, countershaft and wrenches.



FIG. 11096.



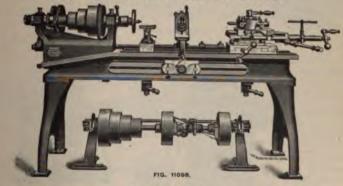
#### SPECIFICATIONS

# FIGS. 11096 AND 11097.

Swing	10*
Length of bed.	5'
Hole in spindle	34"
Countershaft pulleys.	10"
Weight	1,400 lbs.

FIG. 11097.

# No. 2 IMPROVED TURRET LATHE.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11098.

Bed 6' long; swings, 18½°; hollow spindle with 1½° hole; back gears, serew apparatus, taper attachment and overhead works.

Cose for 2¾° belt has four changes. Countershaft with 10° by 3° friction pulleys should make 180 revolutions per minute. Floor space 100° by 30°. Shipping weight 1,500 lbs.

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### CABINET TURRET LATHES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11099 AND 11100.

The cabinet turret lathe, for the use of workers in brass and iron, is excessively compact and firm, and is, therefore, not liable to spring

Skillful workmen recognise the difficulty, if not the impossibility, of doing accurate work on the common lathe, if its centers are not in line, or do not "agree," as the term runs. This difficulty is much magnified in the ordinary turnet machine as all tools are rigidly held in the turnet sockets so that should the alignment not be accurate the tools will cut larger than their own measurements and the machine is unreliable.

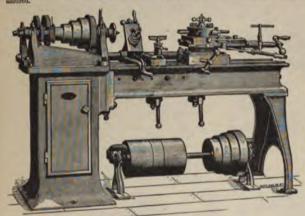
machine is unreliable.

This alignment is always perfect in a new machine, but by constant use the turret head or tail stock wears in the Vs, so that after a while its center becomes lower than that of the head center.

To offset this condition the bed of this lathe is provided with an apron piece having a vertical tongue planed at right angles to the Vs, and which engages with a corresponding slot in an apron on the cabinet and can be adjusted by a screw underneath and fastened by four stud bolts after position is attained; the other end of bed can be similarly raised at leg and and a perfect level maintained.

The head atook of this lathe is made to swivel on the top plane of the cabinet so that tapering holes can be bord by swivelling the head. Ironworkers will readily see the advantage of this method of boirng tapering holes as the power feed can be used and no swivelling of this steek because necessity.

The bearings both of spindle and boxes are of steel, hardened and ground, and are conical in shape so that accurate adjustment is



#### No. 2 CABINET TURRET LATHE.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Bed 6' long; swings 1815"; back geared, screw apparatus, taper attachment and overhead works. Cone for 214" belt has four changes. Countershaft with 10° reverse pulleys should make 180 revolutions per minute. Floor space 100" by 42". Shipping weight 2,000 lbs.



#### No.1 CABINET TUR-RET LATHE.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Bed 7' long; swings 20"; engine feed, back gears, screw apparatus, taper attachment and overhead works. Cone for 250" belt has four changes. Countershaft with 12s reverse pulleys should make 100 revolutions per minute. Floor space 112" by 60". Shipping weight 2,950 lbs.

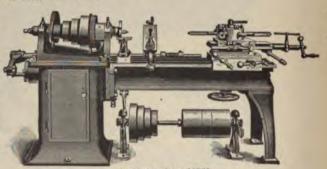


FIG. 11100. NO. 1 LATHE.

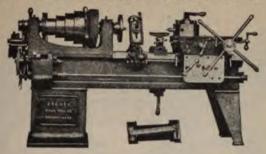


FIG. 11101.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11101.

This machine is designed for general brass and similar work of special and heavy character, and with the object to manufacture without special tools in a more economical way than is possible with an ordinary universal monitor laths.

The turret carriage is provided with an automatic feed placed as in a regular engine laths, in an apron at the front of the machine. The four coarsest feeds are 8, 11½, 14 and 18 per inch conforming with the standard pipe threads. This arrangement not only avoids stripping of threads in large tapping, but also, inside and outside, straight and taper threads can be cut by a turret tool without a tap or die. There are twelve changes of geared feed, eight being multiples by 3 and 6 respectively of the four coarsest. Four changes of feed can be made instantly by the handle located below the head stock. The reverse is made by a knob in front of the apron.

The turret carrying slide is provided with a pilot wheel for rapid movement and a screw for finer adjustment.

A set over and taper attachment is provided for the turret. The taper attachment is shown below the bed and can be clamped in any position and removed when not used. Screw clamping stops are provided for setting the turret boles exactly in line with the spindle.

The turret revolves on a stem with adjustment for wear and the locking pin withdraws at the return movement of the top slide, making it semi-automatic.

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it semi-automatic.

The machine has also the well-known chasing bar and the follower holder is yielding for taper work. Right and left hand threads can be cut without changing the leader.

The head stock is friction back geared and a wire feed or automatic chuck can be applied to the spindle.

The cabinet support under the head is provided with tool shelves, and the tail end leg is attached in a hinged manner to form a three

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Swings over Va.	2016
Length of bed	6' 6"
Largest diameter of cone.	12"
Width of belt.	3"
Diameter of nose of spindle	3"
Number of threads per inch.	8
Diameter of hole in spindle.	196"
Dismeter of turret	035"
Diameter of holes in turret	136"
Distance from center of hole to slide	234"
Length that can be milled	10"
Cross movement.	9"
Swings over chasing slide.	614"
Greatest distance between turnet and spindle.	29"
Diameter of friction pulleys on countershaft	14"
Width of bell.	4"
Revolutions of countershaft, about	350
Foundation space.	
Floor states, about	
Weight, net, about.	2,900
Weight, rested, about	3,100
Weight, boxed, about.	3,400
Cubic feet.	72
Cubic lett.	12

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# NO. 00 TURRET LATHE.

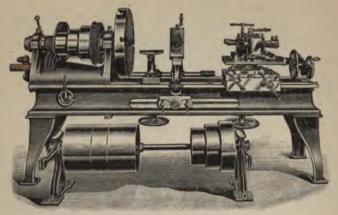


FIG. 11102.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11102.

No. 00 turret lathe, 8' bed; awings 26"; with engine feed, back gears, acrew apparatus, overhead works and taper attachment. Cone for 4" bels, with three changes. Countershaft with 14" reverse pulleys, should make 150 revolutions per minute. Floor space 126" by 64". Shipping weight 3,150 fbs.

This lathe is designed particularly for large and severe work.

The special features in its construction are the hollow spindle with hole for 2½" stock; the large face plate 24" in diameter; the head stock is of new design and all working parts are covered and free from liability of contact with the belt. The boxes are of bronze, the front bearing being 4½" in diameter, 0" long, and the rear bearing 3½" in diameter, 5½" long.

The turret has six holes 194" in diameter and is provided with two square hele chucks, one round hole chuck, two boring bars and one center. The turret side is operated by a band wheel, combined with certain gear changes which enable the operator, by simply moving a lever, to have either a quick or slow movement of the turret, the slow movement being geared so that much greater power is obtained for operating it by hand. The tail stock is operated by power feed and has two changes. The cross slide is operated by hand and travels 75%.

This lathe is very effective either on iron or bram work, and where a large tool is required we feel sure that this one will be satisfactory.

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# AUTOMATIC TURRET LATHES.

FOR BRASS AND IRON WORK.



FIG. 11103.

FIG. 11104.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. HIGH AND HIGH.

he box pattern with a dovetail top, which provides the best mesos for keeping alignment and for quick and firm gripping cut-off rest. It is supported on the three point principle to avoid springing and getting out of alignment. The top is see for the oil, and chipte to drop through. It is not the smaller machines is cast in one piece with the bed. The housings are provided for either phosphor bronse

ar is of a new design, very simple in operation and positive in action. The wear is taken up by a serew-at even removing the cover.

The bearings are ground and run in phosphor bronze boxes with special means for

n a ground steel stem with special device for taking up the wear. The index ring and key are re-locking bolt is provided with an adjustable taper glb. an independent stop for the front and rear tool. The 13" machine has lever feed only. The 15", 18", serew feed only.

18", serew feed only.

18" arew front ser formished with each machine. the friction back gears, wire and power feed, chasing bar, automatic shock, pump and pan, est-all movement to the cutting-off rest.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

	Tipe of Machine.				
	13° Plain	15° Plant	Friet, B. G.	Pun	Front B. G.
Online	1314*	1510*	1510"	161.05	TRACE
Swing.	41.00	10.59	45.45	1000	1034
Length of bed	***	11"	111	0.0	0.0
Largest Giameter of cone.	9	15	11	10	1355
Number of steps	- 8	-	8	3	3
Width of belt accounts	3"	359*	254"	W	8545
Diameter of now of spindle.	2"	215	234"	934"	354"
Number of threads per inch	- 8	8			
Diameter of hole in epicalle	1865	.190*	1905	2507	350*
Diameter of turni	654"	6"	67	914*	910"
Discreter of Robo in turnet	35	1500	116"	130*	134"
Distance from wroter of hole to dide	27	250*	254	3147	350
Length that can be milled	32	2*	7*	125	12"
Complet distance between turns and spinite	2000	20"	20"	315	994
Digneter of friction pulseys on countershalt.	100	120	12*	10"	744
	93.00	44	0.0	eller.	43.44
Worth of belt	779	2000		773	225
Repolitions of sounts whalt for iron and steel, about	200	200	239	130	100
Revolutions of genetershalt for least, about	300	309	305	3100	240
Paradicina Commission of the C	23" 9.54"	28" × 65"	24" x 50"	28" × 84"	26' 11 56'
Floor space, affects	20" x 60"	22" x 75"	32" x 75"	30" × 90"	30" ± 96"
Keight, samplete, not, about	100	1,400	1,580	1,650	3,309
Fright, complete, ented, about	1,649	1,470	1,650	1,900	2,300
Wright manifele lexied plant	7,159	1,650	1,850	2,250	2,689
NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	28	40	24	48.1	480

WITH WHEEL AND LEVER FEED COMBINED, AS FURNISHED WITH 15" TURRET LATHES.

FIG. 11105.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11105 TO 11113.

These attachments are designed for use with turret lathes shown in figs. 11094, 11095, 11103, 11104.

They are not furnished as part of the regular equipment of the machines, but can be supplied at extra cost when the lathe is purchased or at any time thereafter, if desired.

CUTTING-OFF REST. WITH LEVER FEED ONLY, AS FURNISHED WITH 13" TURRET LATHES. H A

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FIG. 11106

SLIDE REST. FOR 13" AND 16" TURRET AND MONITOR



FIG. 11107.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11107.

This rost can be set and fed at any angle. It has a longitudinal feed of 735", and a cross feed of 3"

The screws are well protected from chips



SOLID TAP AND DIE



FIG. 11109



FIG. 11110.

VERTICAL FORMING REST. AS FURNISHED WITH 13" AND 15" TURRET LATHES.

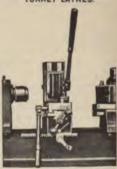


FIG. 11108.

# TURRET LATHE ATTACHMENTS.

FINISHING BOX TOOL



FIG. IIIII

FINISHING BOX TOOL



FIG. 11112.



CLUTCH TAP AND DIE HOLDER.

FIG. 11113.

(For description see preceding page.)

# SPINNING LATHES.

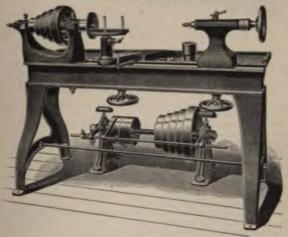


FIG. IIII4.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11114.

This lattle is fullt in a thoroughly mechanical manner of the test materials and is guaranteed to be first class in every particular. The spindle is of shed, running in long bearings limed with genuine Babbits metal and fitted with adjusting acrews, thus insuring ei adjustment at all times

The same pallege are made of either iron or wood, wood being preterable on account of its lightness and gripping qualities.

Each lattle is farmished with one spinning rest, one wood turning rest, one rest hank, one nipple and screw, one hollow clock, a screw face phite, two centers, a next tray and a complete countershaft with self-eiling hangers.

The lattle is built in the following sines:

Biblisted Searings

12" swing 4" bed. 19" swing 3" bed. 15" swing, 5" led. Il' swing, 5' bed.

Extra long bests made to order.

Prior Bosse, very beary. 21" awing, If bed. 20° swing, 5' bed.

# DOUBLE HEAD AXLE LATHE.

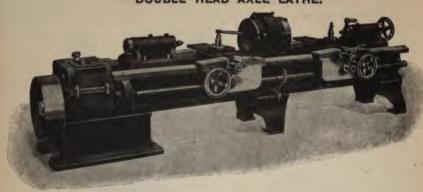


FIG. 11115.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11115.

This lathe, which is of new design, is very powerful and rigid. In place of the usual driving cone, it has a constant speed pulley. The cutting speeds, of which there are three, are obtained by genring through a speed variator. The gears, which are steel, are entirely encased and run in oil insuring perfect lubrication to the bearings. The changing of speed is accomplished by shifting levers, conveniently located on the case.

The power is transmitted from the speed variator to the driving head by a 2%" shaft placed within the frame.

All driving shafts are of high carbon steel and run in brass boxes, scraped to fit.

There are four instantaneous changes of feed, ranging from 1/6" to 3/6" to one turn of the axle, obtained through a feed box. The gears, which are of steel, run in oil and are operated by a lever placed in the center of the lathe.

The driving head is of powerful construction, the power being applied to the heavy driving gear, between two brass-lined bearings, 5" long and 13" in diameter. The driving head has an opening, 10" in diameter, through which the axle is passed, and is furnished with double self-centering steel driver. The axle, revolving on dead centers, is turned and finished complete at both ends without revensing, thereby insuring the attmost accuracy as well as speed.

The tail stocks have a bearing of 20" on the bed, and are clamped in position by four heavy bolts and binders. The spindle in the left hand tail stock is clamped rigidly, while that of the right hand tail stock is adjustable by means of a screw and handwheel, and is clamped by a split binder. The tail stock spindles are 3½" diameter.

There are two independent earriages, right and left, driven by a splined feed shaft, through rack and pinion, all gearing being enclosed.

The earriages have a bearing on the Vs, of 30°, scraped to fit. They also have a bearing on the back of the bed which takes up the forward thrust, thus overcoming the tendency to raise them from the Vs, when burnisher is used.

The rack is of steel, 156" wide, 6 pitch.

The feed shaft is 1% diameter.

The bed is 23° wide and 15½° deep. It is very rigid, being strongly enforced by cross ties of box pattern.

Distance between centers, 7' 8"

The swing over the ways is 191/2" and over the carriage, 8"

The centers are of tool steel, 1% diameter.

The driving pulley is 22" diameter, for 6" belt.

The countembalt carries a pulley corresponding to the driving pulley on the lathe, and also tight and loose pulleys 18" diameter, for 7" belt. The loose pulley is brass lined, and the hangers are celf-oiling.

Weight of lathe is 9,000 lbs. net.

Weight of crane attachment, 800 lbs. extra.

Weight of water attachment, 700 lbs. extra.

Note: This lathe is also built in the single end type. Single end lathe can be furnished with either one or two carriages, as may be desired. Complete specifications cent on application.

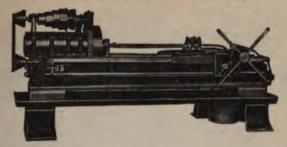


FIG. 11116.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11116.

This machine has been designed in two sizes and to bore holes on No. 1 machine from ¾" to 4" in diameter through bars, spindles or axies from 1½" to 7" in diameter and any length up to 60"; and on No. 2 machine to bore holes ¾" to 6" through similar stock from 1½" to 11" in diameter and any length up to 84".

The head stock is made with long bearings for the spindle, and its center is raised only sufficient over the top surface of the bed to permit of swinging the chuck.

The spindle is a large cast-iron shell with a three-jaw universal scroll chuck substantially secured to a flange cast integral with the

It revolves in bearings lined with babbit metal which has been pened, bored and suraped to fit, after being cast in place.

The bar to be bored is securely held in the chuck, and passing through the spindle is supported at the other end by adjustable screws.

furnished for the purpose.

turnized for the purpose.

The driving cone is mounted on an auxiliary shaft placed above the spindle, to which it is connected by means of a pinion which engages with genr cut into rear flange of chuck.

Back gears are provided, which in connection with two speeds obtained from the countershaft, give sixteen boring speeds arranged in geometrical progression.

in geometrical progression.

A long carriage which supports the drill and boring tool slides on large Ve, and is gibbed its full length to outside of bed.

Instead of using one rack and pinion for moving carriage on the bed, two racks are provided, one on each side of the top of bed, into which pinions mesh, which are cut out of the solid into pilot wheel shaft.

Instanuch as one-half of the force required to feed the drill against its cut is transmitted by each pinion, the carriage is much more steadily fed ahan it would be if only one rack and pinion at one side of the bed were used.

The carriage may be rapidly moved in any position with the pilot wheel, and the power feed is engaged with a powerful friction in the usual manner.

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国 H A very important requisite of a boring machine is a wide range of feeds of ample power.

With a five-step come on the driving shaft, which revolves 3 to 1 of spindle, motion is transmitted to a feed cone geared to feed rod a such a manner that two speeds may be obtained from each cone step, thus giving ten rates of feeds in proper proportion to each other, such a manner that two speeds may be obtained troin even come step, the grant of the hole, after which it may be swing out of use.

A guide for contering the boring tools is furnished, which is only used for starting the hole, after which it may be swing out of use.

A force pump is supplied to keep the cutting edges of drill lubricated and to wash out the chips as fast as they are made.

A feat pas surrounds the machine with a reservoir of ample capacity for oil, so that the lubricant has sufficient time to cool before sing used sgain.

The advantages due to arranging a boring machine with a large hollow spindle, capable of receiving the largest bars to be bored, are

comparatively short bed is required for boring long holes, resulting in a compact, rigid machine, and as the piece being bored is by gripped in the chuck and supported at the other end by the means provided, no extra rest (as, for instance, steady rests) are

SPECIFICATIONS.	No. 1. 7" x 80".	No. 2. 11" a 84".
Diameter of head cone	10".816".7".516"	10", 814", 7", 514"
Width of belt	4 1012 1012	20,1013
Back gear ratio	5 to 1	5 to 1
Hole in spindle.	736"	1134
Length of spindle, including chuck	3714	37)-j*
Length of bole which may be bored in one setting.	60°	84"
Travel of carriage	60"	84"
Range of feeds	.0005" to .01"	.0005" to .01"
Countershaft pulleys.	12° × 4°	12" x 4"
Revelutions per minute	225 and 205	225 and 289

# PULLEY TURNING LATHES.

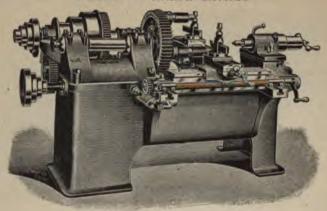


FIG. 11117. SHOWS 26" LATHE.

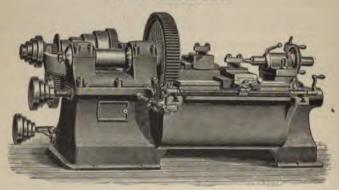


FIG. 11118. SHOWS 50" LATHE WITH BORING ATTACHMENT

# DESCRIPTION FIGS. HIT AND HITS.

Each lathe is furnished with countershaft and wrenches.

Geared feed, boring attachment, compound rest, and eval crowning attachment can be furnished at extra cost if desired.

		SPECIFICATIONS.		
	26"	36*	50*	60*
Weight, complete, ready for shipment	2,000 lbs.	3,800 lbs.	4,500 lbs.	***************
Floor space required	534"×434"	7' * 514'	734' x 7'	854" x 834"
Diameter of face plate	16*	24"	29"	3316*
Speed of countershaft, R. P. M	180	180	160	190
Number of changes of speed	12° x 3°	14' x 4'	14" x 5"	16" x 5"
Diameter of cones	50°, 9°, 650° x 3°	1434", 1196", 934", 696" x 334"	14", 1136", 936" x 514"	16", 1436", 1250" x 5"
Diameter and face that can be turned	5" to 26" x 20"	10" to 30" x 24"	16" to 50" x 30"	16" to 60" x 32"
Distance between centers	24"	24*	34"	36*

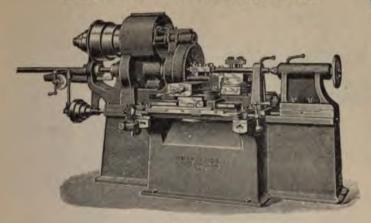


FIG. 11119.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11119.

Arranged with boring attachment, compound rests, and oval crowning attachment.

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This lathe is designed to operate on a wider range of work than the regular 26" pattern shown on preceding page, for rapid finishing of pulleys, gear blanks and similar work.

It is rigidly constructed, powerfully genred, and is adapted to show good results with modern high speed steel from the smallest diameters, up to its full swing.

The cut shows the boring attachment as applied to this lathe. It allows the use of any length of bar which can be gripped at any point, giving the cutter unlimited length of feed. Work may be held for boring by a chuck or by special devices and driving for turning by plain drivers or by special holder if work is done in large quantities.

When required, we supply these lather with compound rosts and oval crowning attachment.

# PRINCIPAL DIMENSIONS.

Ratio of gearing, 15 to 1 and 45 to 1.

Hole in spindle, 1%" diameter.

Diameter and face that can be turned 2" to 26" diameter, 20" face.

Distance between centers, 24".

Countershaft speed, 190 and 400 revolutions per minute.

Size of pulleys on countershaft 14" diameter, 5" face.

Size of cone pulley, 14", 11%" and 9%" for 4" belt.

Turning feeds, 4, 8, 16 and 32 per inch.

Width of belt for food cones, 1%".

Boring foods, 16, 32, 64 and 128 per inch.

Floor space, 8' long, 7' wido.

Floor space with boring attachment, 10' long, 7' wide.

Shipping weight, 5,000 lbs.

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#### BALL MACHINE.



FIG. 11120

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11120.

This device is for the formation of perfect spheres and if set with the cutting tool exactly in the center will produce accurate work. These machines are made in two sizes, one for balls up to 5° and the other up to 8°.

No. 0 machine, turns up to 8".

No. I machine, turns up to 5".

# CRANK PIN MACHINE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11121.

These crank pin turning machines are designed to true up crank pins on engines. They are light in weight, but at the same time they are quite strong and durable. Will feed either way and do the turning quickly and accurately.

The end of the machine next to the driver contains a four-jawed independent chack for setting the machine and holding it while being clamped to driver. In the out end of the machine there is an adjustable center that projects and fits the original center of the pin, placing that end of the machine true to the original center; by this center and the chack jaws the machine can be set up to the original centers. The machine is secured by clamping, with bolts passing through the spokes of the driver. When the pins have a collar, the jaw chucks being thin,



FIG. 11121

can remain on it but where there is no collar these jaws should be drawn up out of the way of the turning tool. The annular cutter head containing the turning tool is driven by a shaft and pinion; this shaft gearing operates two feed screws automatically; this feeding mechanism can be thrown out, or will feed by hand while finishing up the ends of the pin. It is made in five sizes, No. 1 to go over 61/5" collars; No. 2 to go over 81/5" collars. No. 1 and 2 are mostly used on locomotives, but can be used on any overhanging cranks.

The larger sizes are for larger engines as used in rolling and steel mills, etc.

No. 3 takes in dismeter of pins from 8" to 12".

No. 4 takes in diameter of pins from 12" to 16".

No. 5 takes in diameter of pins from 16" to 20".

When ordering give diameter and length of pins, also whether outside collar is loose or solid; if loose give diameter of clamping bolt and number of threads.

No. 1	To go over 615" collars	weight,	253	lhe.
No.	To go over 852" collars	weight,	300	lbs.
No.	To go over 12s collars	weight,	700	lbs.
No.	To go over 16" collars	weight,	950	Ilos.
No.	To go over 20" collars.	weight.	1,400	Ibs.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11122.

This mandrel is designed for quickly turning up locomotive occustries and other similar work. It consists of a face plate to bolt against the face plate of the lathe. In the face plate of the machine is a slot machined out central; in this slot is carried the mandrel carrying the expanding chucks, and is set out of center to the amount of the throw by the adjusting ecrew. There are three hubs varying in size, that carry four taper expanders; two sets of them are furnished with each machine, and fit any one of the hubs. These expanders are set out equally by the nut and washer shown at the end of the screw. On the extreme out end is an attachment for supporting the outer end and taking up all vibration. This park has an adjustable hardened steel center that is set to sait the dead center of the lather after the adjustment for the throw has been

This is a very complete tool, and can be made to take all sizes and all throws (with a recording adjust ment).

FIG. 11122.

# INDEPENDENT LATHE CHUCKS.

"1904 PATTERN."

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FIG. 11123.

## SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11129.

No.	Rated Size of Charles	Diam. of Center Hole,	Diam, of Rocesa for Facu Plate.	Approx. Shipping Wright Lha
904	41.04	1*	4"	10
906	1000	3149	50	17
908	100	1100	50	34
909.	0"	3674	500	41
910	100	200	6"	49
912	3/30	THE CO	65.09	80
914	140	25.4	7524	105
905	125	34.	200	122
916	168	3.5	6579	122
	100	40	108	178
918	700	14	210	105
920	415	24	110	018
921.	000	24	100	2177
922	948	24	144	220
924 ministration	Own.	0'	10	200
926	000	15	140	300
928	28	0	10"	340
930	30	9.	10"	428
930	30"	O.	13"	560
			1440	

HEAVY PATTERN.



FIG. 11124.

Jaws have a full threaded nut.

## SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11124.

No.	Rated Size of Chuck.	Diameter of Chuck Body.	Diameter of Hole through Center.	Diameter of Recess for Face Plate.
006	6"	8*	154"	334*
008	8"	934"	136"	4"
010	10*	310	2"	434"
012	122	13"	3"	696"
014	14"	1456*	2"	7"
016	16*	1834"	3*	734"
	19"	18"	.3"	8*
	20*	20°	-3"	10"
		-22"	3*	12"
		24"	D.	12*
		20°	334"	13"
		25*	31/4"	14*

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## BALL MACHINE.

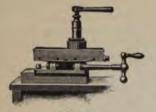


FIG. 11120.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11120.

This device is for the formation of perfect spheres and if set with the cutting tool exactly in the center will produce accurate work. These machines are made in two sizes, one for balls up to 5° and the other up to 8°.

No. 0 machine, turns up to 8".

No. 1 machine, turns up to 5".

# CRANK PIN MACHINE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11121.

These crank pin turning machines are designed to true up crank pins on engines. They are light in weight, but at the same time they are quite strong and durable. Will feed either way and do the turning quickly and accurately.

The end of the machine next to the driver contains a four-jawed independent chuck for setting the machine and holding it while being clamped to driver. In the out end of the machine there is an adjustable center that projects and fits the original center of the pin, placing that end of the machine true to the original center; by this center and the chuck jaws the machine can be set up to the original centers. The machine is secured by clamping, with bolts passing through the spokes of the driver. When the pins have a collar, the jaw chucks being thin,



FIG. 11121.

can remain on it but where there is no collar these jaws should be drawn up out of the way of the turning tool. The annular cutter head containing the turning tool is driven by a shaft and pinion; this shaft gearing operates two feed screws automatically; this feeding mechanism can be thrown out, or will feed by hand while finishing up the ends of the pin. It is made in five sizes, No. 1 to go over 614" collars; No. 2 to go over 814" collars. No. 1 and 2 are mostly used on locomotives, but can be used on any overhanging cranks.

The larger sizes are for larger engines as used in rolling and steel mills, etc.

No. 3 takes in diameter of pins from 8" to 12".

No. 4 takes in diameter of pins from 12" to 16".

No. 5 takes in diameter of pins from 16" to 20".

When ordering give diameter and length of pins, also whether outside collar is loose or solid; if loose give diameter of clamping bolt and number of threads.

No. 1,	To go over \$14" collars	weight,	253 lbs.
No. 2.	To go over 81/2" collars	weight,	300 lbs.
No. 3.	To go over 12s collars.	weight,	700 lbs.
No. 4.	To go over 16" collars	weight,	950 lbs.
No. 5.	To go over 20" collars	wright,	1,400 lbs.

# ECCENTRIC MANDREL TURNING MACHINE.

TAKES ALL SIZES FROM 6" TO 9% DIAMETER OF AXLE.



### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11122.

This mandrel is designed for quickly turning up to comotive eccentries and other similar work. It consists of a face plate to bolt sgainst the face plate of the lathe. In the face plate of the machine is a slot machined out central; in this slot is carried the mandrel carrying the expanding chucks, and is set out of center to the amount of the throw by the adjusting screw. There are three hubs varying in size, that carry four the property of the plate of the property is the set of them are furnished with each machine, and fit any one of the hubs. These expanders are set out equally by the nut and washer shown at the end of the screw. On the extreme out end is an attachment for supporting the outer end and taking up all vibration. This part has an adjustable hardened steel center that is set to suit the dead center of the lathe after the adjustment for the throw has been made.

This is a very complete tool, and can be made to take all sizes and all throws (with a recording adjust

FIG. 11122.

# INDEPENDENT LATHE CHUCKS.

"1904 PATTERN."



FIG. 11123.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11123.

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FIG. 11124.

HEAVY PATTERN.

Jaws have a full threaded nut.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11124.

	Size of	us of Center for Face			5	SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11124.			
904 905 908	415" 6"	Hole. 114 1147 1147	Plate, 4" 5" 5"	10 17 34	No.	Rated Size of Chuck.	Diameter of Chuck Body,	Diameter of Hole through Center.	Diameter of Recess for Face Plate.
909	9*	184"	5"	41	006	6"	8*	134*	334"
910	10"	200	6"	49	008,	8"	934"	136*	4"
912	14"	216"	096"	105	010	10"	11"	2"	435"
915	15"	30	924	122	012	12"	13"	3"	634*
916	16"	3"	854"	133	014	14"	14%"	3*	70
915	18"	4"	10"	175	016	16"	1655"	3"	754*
920	20"	57	11"	195 215	018	18"	18*	-3"	8*
922	22"	5"	12*	226	020	20°	20°	-07	10"
Water sections	24"	3"	13"	270	022	22"	22"	3"	12*
920.	26"	5"	14"	300	024	24"	24"	3"	12*
925	28*	2"	15*	340 425	026	26*	26"	334"	13*
936	30"	0"	15"	560	028	28*	28"	314"	14"

<sup>\*</sup> Diameter of body is some as rated size.

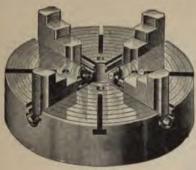


FIG. 11125.

		Weight.	Diameter of Hole through	Diameter of Recent for	Copacity
Size.	Diameter.	Iba.	Center	Vace Plate.	of Chuck.
4	434"	6	1.	396"	434"
Describes	5)4"	10	136*	39%	536*
6	6)4"	14	2*	500	636
Same	850	30	2*	577	834"
9	954"	34	2*	577	932"
10	10*	44	2*	511	1034
12. Trainer	1256	70	3*	736	1232"
14 times	1456	80	3"	736"	1484
15	1534"	85	3"	736	1556"
16	1634"	95	3"	7)6"	1654"
18	1834"	115	4"	6"	19*
20	2036	162	4"	10"	21"
2harmen	21,	180	4"	10"	21"
22	2254*	200	434*	10"	23*
24	2414"	217	454*	10"	25"
26	2634"	292	5"	12*	27"
28	2814	350	536*	12"	29"
30	29%	424	516*	1614*	31"
32	32"	500	534"	1614"	33"
34	34"	570	516*	1734"	35"
30	36*	552	514"	1752"	36%*
38	38"	650	6"	20	40"
40	40"	750	6,	20"	42"
42	424	1,082	6"	20"	43"
44	44"	1,200	6"	20"	46"
46	46"	1,400	6"	20"	48*
45	46"	1,500	6*	20"	50"

# COMBINATION AND UNIVERSAL LATHE CHUCKS.

SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11126 AND 11127.

Size.	Win Hold.	Weight,
5	534"	18
6	834*	20
8,	834*	38
9	9342	45
12	1234*	65
15	159%*	80
18	1834"	105
21	2234*	118
24	2434*	140
26,	27*	252
30	3134*	300
36	37*	390





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FIG. 11126. THREE-JAW CHUCK.

The jaws of these chucks are reversible and can be adjusted to work either universally or independently.



FIG. 11128.

# SPUR GEARED SCROLL COMBINATION LATHE CHUCKS.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11128.

Diameter Over All.	Will Hold Inside of Jaws.	Diameter of Recess for Face Plate.	Diameter Over All.	Will Hold Inside of Jaws.	Diameter of Reseas for Face Plute.
8*	81.5*	334"	2136"	26*	934"
1054*	12*	436"	24"	30"	104
1334"	15"	5%*	27*	33"	1234"
10*	18"	634*	30*	38"	1234*
1814"	2135*	7%*	36*	43"	15"

These chucks are made with either three or four jaws.

# UNIVERSAL GEARED SCROLL CHUCKS. WITH THREE OR FOUR JAWS.



FIG. 11129.

# THREE-JAW CHUCK

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New	MHEE-JAW CHU	CK.
Nomical Siss. 2° 215°	Diameter of	Diameter of Recess for Flange.
4° 3° 6°	like.	130° 230° 336°
716* 9h 1016*	234" 234"	3){* 4){* 6){* 5){*
15*	3)4-	567- 7*

DESCRIPTION FIGS.

Jaws are of the No. 1 style which are the kind mostly used for lathe work and will hold as large as the diameter of chuck the diames.
body.
Three pinion gears in
Three pinion gears in
all except the 2"
Body recessed in back
many plate.

for flaring plate.

Jaws are not reversible.

Steel key and screws
for attaching to flaring
plate furnished with each

chuck, Made in sizes, as noted below.

Several other styles of
Several other styles of
Several other styles of
jaw can be furnished for
jaw can be furnished
are frequently furnished
with two or more sels of
jaws, thus making them
jaws, thus making them
jaws, thus making them
care display useful for
exceedingly us



	OUR-JAW CHI	inv
Nominal Size		
3*	Diameter of	Diameter of Recess for
4"	36"	Finner.
5"	1"	234*
6*	1)4"	336
734*	2*	dice
9"	234*	4500
1034*	3*	54c*
15*	3"	536*
10	3340	7*
	200	7*

# FACE-PLATE JAWS.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11191.

The No. 48 face-plate jaws are strong and serviceable, capable of standing the heaviest strains. They are furnished in sets of three or sets of four, in five different sizes. as follows:

6°, 8°, 10°, 12° or 14°.

FIG. 11131.

# EXTRA HEAVY FACE-PLATE JAWS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11132.

To meet the occasional demand for an extra beavy face-plate jaw we are placing on the market our No. 50 (see cut). These Jawe are made very eng, of the most approved design, and are calculated to meet the heaviest tog, or the most appared using, and are calculated to most are that is demanded of chucks of this character. We furnish either in sets

Sizes, 10", 12" and 18", Set of four 10" jaws weight 450 lbs. Set of four 12" jaws weighs 550 lbs. Set of four 18" jaws weighs 700 lbs.

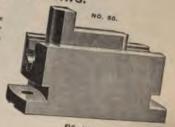


FIG. 11102.

# IMPROVED TURRET HEAD.



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11133.

Made in two sizes as follow

Made in two sites as follows:

No. 1 turret is made with a 1%" hole in the shank. This size hole is as a rule large enough to allow for split bushings to make the proper fit on the tail-stock spindle. We will make this turret to order with any size hole in the shank up to 1%" so you can fit it direct to your tail-stock spindle or the lathe center. The revolving part of the turret is drilled with six holes, any size you may order up to 1° for holding the cutting tools.

No. 2 turret is made with any size hole in the shank up to 1½", or we will ream the shank hole taper to fit on the tail-stock center, same as a chuck is usually held on a speed lathe. The revolving part of the No. 2 turret is drilled with six holes, any size up to ½" for holding the cutting tools.

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# NO. 00 WIRE FEED SCREW MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11134.

This size will take stock up to 1/4" diameter, and is suitable for the smallest size of rod work. An endless variety of screws, stude and pins, such as used in watch cases, clocks, electric light fittings, etc., can be made from steel or brass on this machine. The lightness of the working parts gives the requisite sensitiveness for small tools, and the low height, combined with the small compass, make it a convenient tool for rapid work and large production.

Equipment: 1 B collet 14"; 2 tool posts, 2 collars and 2 blocks; 1 oil pot with swinging arm; 1 stock-feed collar; 2 wire guide bushings; 5 wrenches; 1 stop plug; 1 double friction countershaft.

For specifications, see following page.

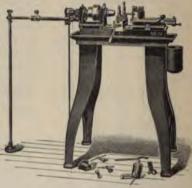


FIG. 11134.



FIG. 11135 SHOWS NO. 1 MACHINE.

No. 11 screw machine is the No. I machine with increased spindle capacity.

# NO. 1 AND NO. 11 WIRE FEED SCREW MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11135.

This size of screw machine is well adapted for making the common sizes of small screws, pins, knobs, etc., used on typewriters, sewing

machines, small manufactured articles, etc.

The machine is built to stand continual rapid work, and has every desirable feature that experience and skill could suggest, and has thus far stood the severest tests without interruption of any kind. The movement and indexing of the turret is light and uniform, making the tool a large producer.

Equipment

No. I serve machine, wire feed.—One-half B collet; 5 wronches; 1 oil pot with swinging arm; 2 tool posts, 2 collars, 2 blocks; 1 stock feed collar, 0 stock guide bushings; 2 extra chain weights; 1 stop plug; I double friction countershaft.

No. 11 screw machine.—Three-quarter K collat; 2 tool posts, 2 collars and 2 blocks; 1 oil pot with awinging arm; 6 wire feed stock bushings; 1 stock collar; 5 wrenches; 1 stop plug; 1 double friction countershaft.

For specifications, see following page.

No. 2 AND No. 12 WIRE FEED SCREW MACHINES. DESCRIPTION FIG. 11136.

MO

O K A 4 A R H 4 14

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The Special Features of the Machine are:
Large spindle.

Large spindle.

Large spindle.

Large spindle.

Large spindle.

Large sapacity for passing through stock.

Minimum everhang to chuck.

Head stock of great stiffness built up around cone in deep curved section.

Bronse cap boxes.

Adjustment for wear and realigning under all conditions of wear.

Wire food collets well proportioned and of ample length, and can be depended on to hold the stock.

Wire load by lever and ratchet motion.

Wire load by lever and ratchet motion.

Wire load by lever and ratchet motion.

Wire load of the decree opens chuck and feeds stock, and return stroke tightness decree opens chuck and feeds stock, and return stroke tightness decree of the stock.

Cross slide has lever feed.

Cross slide stops of the protected solid plug variety; don't spring and are capable of fine adjustment.

Adjustment of height of cross slide tools by spiral collars and spiral wedges resting on aame, which give a fine adjustment and remain where set.

Saic binders for turret tools.

Turret slide and base have large wearing surfaces, and design of locking mechanism is such as not to cause weakness underneath the turret where strength is most needed.

Lock pin and husbings of tool steed, hardened and ground.

Shock of momentum in stopping rotation of turret taken on stopping, and the lock pin and bushings relieved of this duty and the stock pins and bushings relieved of this duty and those stiffness.

Bed sets on three points to prevent warping.

Ol pan has large chip capacity and is provided with oil reservoir and double strainers, and can be connected with rotary pump and piping.

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85000000 FIG. 11138. SHOWS NO. 2 MACHINE.

No. 12 machine is the No. 2 machine with increased spindle capacity. No. 12 machine has pilot wheel turret. Enuipment:
No. 2 server machine, wire feed.—Three-quarter K collet; 2 tool posts, 2 collats and 2 blocks; 1 oil pot with swinging arm; 6 stock-guide bushings; 2 stock-feed collars; 5 wrenches; 1 stop plug; 1 double-friction counterpalet.
No. 12 server machine.—One-inch K collet; 2 tool posts, 2 collars and 2 blocks; 1 oil pot with swinging arm; 5 werenches; 6 stock-guide bushings; 1 stock feed collar; double-friction countershaft.

# SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11134 TO 11138.

	No. 00,	No. L.	No. 11.	No. 2.	No. 12.
Capacity of spindle with wire feed	1.00	3.70	11/4	1140	17/2
Capacity of aprinte with whe feed,	674	634	2234	22.7	100
Capacity of spindle without wire feed	760	26	198	1290	176
Length that can be milled	2"	3*	3*	6"	6*
Swing over bed	65	0.0	O#	101/4	101/#
County of the Co	240	200	20.00	1072	1072
Diameter of holes in turret	76	26	76	10	1.
Number of holes in turet,	6	6	6	6	6 -
Largest diameter of cone	A*	60	6"	81.6*	SLOP
Wideh of hole naminal for stain son	33.00	DA.	DF	nille	701.00
Width of belt required for plain cone	134	-		232	235
Diameter of turret	234	456	456*	634	014
Center of holes to turnet slide	3324	116"	116*	196*	11024
Towards of had	2000	225.04	201.4	134	158.14
Leagth of bed.	2010	3259	9477	40	3070
Friction pulleys on countershaft	0" x 2"	8" x 3"	8" x 3"	10° x 3°	10° x 3°
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	400	300	300	260	260
Floor space municipal	307 = 178	ADP - 1908	435 - 33F	805 - 305	00F = 9AF
Floor space required	90 X 11	20 X 00	24 3 44	00 X 20	00 x 20
Domestic ahipment—crated (weight)	240 Ibs.	075 lbs.	700 lbs.	1,100 lbs	1,170 108.

# No. 2 AND No. 21/2 DOUBLE TURRET SCREW MACHINES.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11137.

These machines are particularly adapted for work which must be operated on at both ends and be true and in line, such as the ball-bearing hubs and axis of automobiles, turn buckles, etc., and pieces having a long hole of small diameter, which it is difficult to drill true in a jig.

Any shape piece can be handled, and it is not at all accessary that the piece be round.

the piece be round.

A great saving of time is effected by working from both ends in this manner, and it insures the ends of the piece running true with each other in the same concentric plane.

SPECIFICATIONS. Regular chuck capacity, diameter.
Utmost chuck capacity (special), diameter.
Thickness of chuck.
Length that can be milled
Maximum distance face of chuck to turret.
Number of holes in turret.
Diameter of turret holes to slide.
Friction pulleys on countershaft.
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per mimite
Floor space required.
Domestic shipment—craled, weight. 8° 6 71.0° 153° 12° x 4° 175 80° - 8 614" 614 154" 10" x 3)-2" 150 62" x 27" 1,050 lbs.

## VIRE FEED SCREW MACHINES.

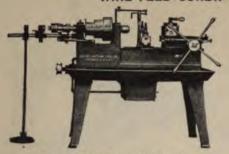


FIG. 11138. NO. 1 PLAIN HEAD MACHINE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. HISS AND HISS.

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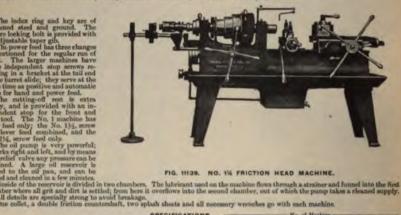
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The turret revolves automatically on a ground steel stem with special device for



Capacity through wire feed.	SPECIFICATIONS.	-	No. of	Machina.	
Diameter of hole through spindle.   1315   1915		Plain.	Plain	Fried B. G.	Fries. B. G.
Diameter of hole through spindle.   1315   1915	Capacity through wire food	10	116"	134"	214"
Length of bed.	Diameter of hole through spindle	156"	19%	19%	250
Largest diameter of cone.   9"   11"   1125g*		1314"	153%	153/2	1855*
Number of steps	Length of bed	4' 2"	5' 4"	5' 4"	6' 6"
Width of belt required.	Largest diameter of cone.	0"	11"	11.	1234
Diameter once of spindle.		3	4	3	3.
Threads per inch.	Width of belt required	3	319	214	2960
Diameter of turret.   0 to   2 to	Therefore hose of spindle.	2	255	275	326
Diameter of holes in turret   1'   1\frac{1}{4}'   1\frac{1}	Discoster of twent	and.	0,5	er er	001/2
Distance from center of holes to turret slide.   2"   2"   2"   2"   31st	Diameter of bules in turnet	659	11/2	1100	183+
	Distance from center of holes to turnet slide	2*	562*	9634	1172-
Greatest distance between turret and spindle.         20°         25°         21°         22°           Diameter of friction pulleys.         10°         12"         12"         12"         14°         4°         4°         4°         4°         4°         4°         4°         4°         4°         4°         4°         4°         2° <td>Length that can be milled</td> <td>3*</td> <td>-72</td> <td>72</td> <td>199</td>	Length that can be milled	3*	-72	72	199
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Greatest distance between turret and spindle	20"	25*	21"	27"
Width of belt.         31g*         4"         4"         4%         4%         4%         4%         4%         4%         4%         4%         4%         4%         4%         26         26         26         25         25         25         25         25         27		10*	.12*	12"	14"
Revolutions of countershaft.   250   200   240   160		334"	4"	4"	436*
Floor space, about		250	200	240	160
		25" × 54"	23° × 72°	23" x 72"	72" K 84"
Weight, complete, net, about		814 x 3	11' x 31g'	11' x 315'	12" × 4"
		1,150 lbs.	1,675 lbs.	1,825 lbs.	2,880 The
Weight, crated, about. 1,225 lbs. 1,775 lbs. 1,925 lbs. 2,975 lbs.			1,775 lbs.	1,925 lbs.	2,975 lbs.
Weight, boxed, about 1,450 lbs. 1,950 lbs. 2,175 lbs. 2,350 lbs. (2,175 lbs. 2,350 lbs. 3,300 lbs.		1,450 lbs.	1,950 lbs	2,175 lbs.	21,250 Res.

In the design and construction of this machine our aim has been to produce a simple deconvenient tool which could be easily and rapidly operated and sold at a reasonable

ided on the spindle to better adapt it to a wider range between of for steel and brass, sting, the machine may be applied to various forms of light d of bandling is desired.

for hedding the serew can be swung to one side when down, agwork, without danger of hitting the saw. It is also balanced adjusted to any tension, h; I plain countershalt.

Largest diameter of screw handled	56"
Width of spindle belt	8" x 234"
Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft	155
Floor space required	26" x 30"
Percestic shipment, crated, weight  Foreign shipments, tight boxed (11 c. l.), weight	265 lbs. 410 lbs.
a sanda and mental salar second for se will and mental second second	220 1000



FIG. 11140.

# CENTRIFUCAL OIL SEPARATORS.

NO. 1 SEPARATOR.

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#### DESCRIPTION "

The oil aparator has been in use for many years, but never especially designed to separate the oil from chirst, curning ow or other machines where oil is a factor in this profe-table large amount of oil annually weeded in a strong sig-lefinitely, there being, of course, some waste, but small in

If work of all kinds that is made on

to expressed and used again almost

There can also be considerable oil saved by putting small pieces of work into the machines, thereby not only removing the oil, but leaving the work in better condition than it otherwise would be.

Those separators are made in two sizes, No. 1 as shown, which has a capacity of 750 cubic inches, and which will separate in from five to eight minutes, the time being regulated by the condition and quality of the oil used.

These same conditions, of course, apply to the No. 2 or larger machine, which has a pan capacity of 3,100 cubic inches, and is proportionately heavier and stronger. The time required to separate with this machine is practically the same as with the smaller one, provided both are running at the same peripheral speed. The capacity of this machine being about four times that of the smaller, it is better adapted to bulky, light weight chips or turnings, but is equally effective on ordinary work:

Both machines are provided with inner cases or pans which can be removed to supty the contents after the oil is extracted. The pan for the larger machine is of copper, and that of the smaller of tin, both have bronze aleeves surrounding the spindles, and duplicate pans can be obtained at any time.

The machines are well made, compact and durable. The spindle quill or step is positioned between rubber springs or collars, and all are held in a casing in the base of the machine by a screw gland, so that the proper elasticity can be obtained by varying the tension of this gland. The rubbers insure easy running and obviate any liability to springing of spindle, and with proper care will do good and effective work at a very small cost for maintenance.

#### NO. 1 SEPARATOR.

Countershaft with  $6^{\sigma} \times 3^{\sigma}$  tight and loose pulleys abould make 565 revolutions per minute. Weight of machine 340 lbs.

#### NO. 2 SEPARATOR.

Countershaft with 12° x 4" tight and loose pulleys should make 625 revolutions per minute. Weight of machine 1,350 lbs.

# MOTOR DRIVEN OIL SEPARATOR.



FIG. 11143.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11143.

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This machine is especially designed to separate the oil from chips, turnings or cuttings of any kind and from small work of all kinds that is made on screw or other machines, where oil is a factor in its production.

Oil can be separated and used again almost indefinitely, there being, of course, some waste, but small in comparison to the waste where no separator is used.

The large amount of oil annually wasted is a strong argument in favor of their use.

These machines are well made, compact and durable. The spindle quilt, or step, is positioned between rubber spreas and all are held in a casing in the base of the machine by a scrow gland as that the proper classicity can be obtained by varying the tension of this gland. An inner pan with bronze sleve, surrounding spudle is provided having a capacity of 730 cubic inches and which is removed the empty the contents after the oil is entracted, which ordinarily takes from five to eight minutes.

Weight, 525 lbs.

Speed, 1,800 revolutions per mimis

# PLANERS.

22", 24" AND 27" STANDARD PATTERN PLANERS.

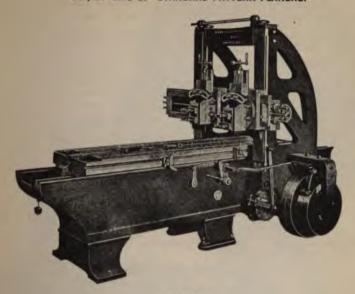


FIG. 11144.

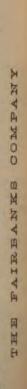
# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11144.

Illustration shows 27" planer with two heads on cross rail.

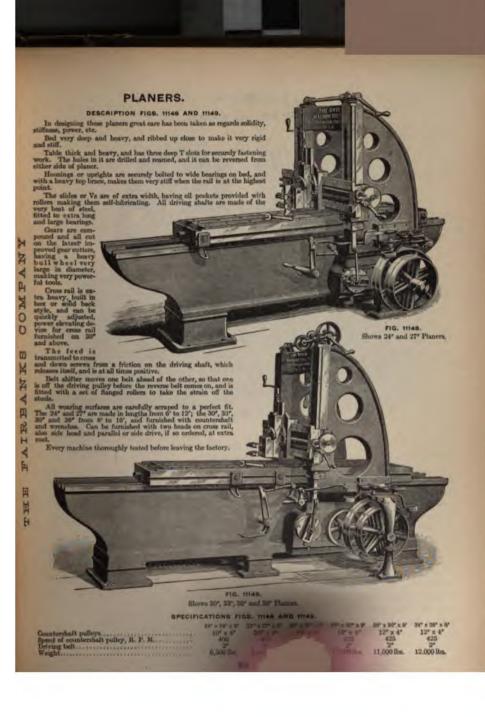
Each planer is regularly furnished with one head on cross rail, countershaft and all necessary wrenches. The 24" and 27" sizes can be applied with two heads on rail as shown in illustration, if desired. Power elevating device for rail can be provided on the 27" size only. Four-speed attachment as shown in Fig. 11154 will be furnished for 24" and 27" planers at extra cost. THE

SPECIFICATIONS					

SPECIFICATION	NS.		
Places wide	22"	24" 24"	27° 2734°
Planes high	22*	24"	2734"
Planes long, between pockets	5' 1"	6' 1"	6' 2"
Length of table, over all	6' 4"	7' 4"	7' 7"
Vertical lead of tool slide	7"	734*	934"
Driving pulleys	14" & 18" x 134"	14" & 18" = 154"	17" & 22" x 2"
Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft	12° x 314°	12" x 4"	12° x 4°
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per missis	300	300	325
Weight	4,700 lbs.	5,400 lbs.	8,200 lbs.
Weight per extra foot of table	340 lbin.	375 lbs.	500 lbs.







# PLANERS.

#### LIGHT PATTERN PLANERS.

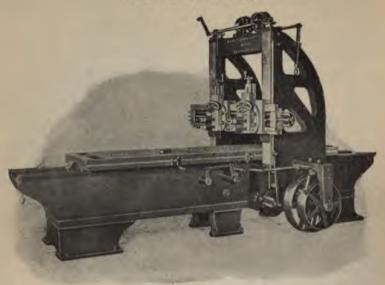


FIG. 11150.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11150.

Illustration shows 36" size with two heads on cross rail and power elevating device.

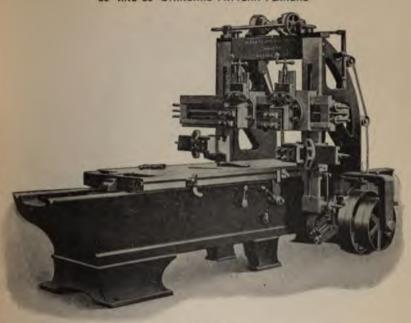
These planers especially adapted to the requirements of shops where width between housings is of more importance than excessive weight and strength. They are capable of doing good service on east iron, and will be found to be a very handy tool in any shop where the regular run of work is done, having a large range at a price very much below our standard planers.

Each planer is regularly furnished with one head on cross rail, countershaft and wrenches. Extra rail head, side heads and power elevating device are extra.

# SPECIFICATIONS OF LIGHT PATTERN PLANERS.

	27*	36*	42"	45"
Will plane wide	27*	36%*	42*	48*
Will plane high	27*	36%*	42*	48*
Will plane long between pockets*	6' 1"	8' 2"	10' 2"	12' 2"
Revolutions of countershaft per minute	300	325	325	325
Tight and loose pulleys	12" x 4"	14" x 4"	14" x 4"	18° × 6"
Net weight	6,000 lbs.	10,200 lbs.	17,500 lbs.	23,000 lbs.

<sup>\*</sup> Longer planing length can be furnished if desired.



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FIG. 11151.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11151.

Illustration shows 30" planer equipped with two heads on rail, two side heads and power clevating device for cross rail.

Each planer is regularly furnished with one head on cross rail, countershaft and all necessary wrenches. Extra rail head, one or two side heads, power elevating device or four-speed attachment as shown in Fig. 11154, can be supplied at extra cost.

SPECIFICATIONS.	30*	38"
Panes wide	30"	36"
Planes high	30*	36*
Planes long between pockels*	8' 2"	10' 2"
Length of table over all*	9'7"	11'8"
Vertical feed of tool slide	934"	123-5"
Driving pulleys	17" & 22" x 2"	18" & 24" x 234"
Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft	14" x 4"	14" x 4"
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	225	325
Weight	18,500 lbs.	11,000 lbs.

# PLANERS.

38" AND 42" STANDARD PATTERN PLANERS.



FIG. 11152.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11152.

Illustration shows 42" planer with two heads on cross rail, one side head and power elevating device.

Each planer is regularly furnished with one head on cross rail, countershaft and all necessary wrenches. Extra rail head, one or two side heads, power elevating device for rail or four-speed attachment as shown in Fig. 11154, can be supplied at extra cost.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

	36"	12"
Planes wide	38*	42"
Planes high	38"	42"
Planer between pockets*	10' 2"	12' 2"
Length of table over all*	11' 8"	13' 8"
Vertical feed of tool slide	1434*	1435*
Driving pulleys	* & 32* x 354*	22° & 28° x 234°
Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft	18" x 5½"	18" x 6"
Speed of equatershaft, revolutions per minute	350	350
Weight	19,000 Ibs.	21,000 lbs.

# PLANERS. 48" AND 54" STANDARD PLANERS.



# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11153.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11183.

Regular equipment consists of one head on cross rail, one side head and power elevating device for cross rail.

Regular equipment consists of one head on cross rail, power elevating device, countershaft and wrenches.

Extra rail head, one or two side heads, or four speed device shown in Fig. 11154, can be supplied at extra cost.

The 54\* planer is built in two types, light and heavy pattern, specifications for which are given below.

All gears are contained in a single compartment of the bed, the sides of which are double webbed, insuring the proper alignment of all shafts and gears.

Can be furnished to plane any desired length.

SPECIFICATIONS.	AS" Standard	Light Pattern.	Heavy Pattern.
Plans wide	4954"	54"	54"
Figures high-	4830"	54"	54"
Figures long between pockets,	12' 2"	12' 2"	12" 2"
Counterstatt pulleys.	18° × 6°	18" x 6"	15" x 6"
epeca ai rountersaart, revolutions per minute	350	350	350
Weight	30,000 lbs.	32,000 lbs.	50,000 lbs.

### LARGE PLANERS.

Specifications, photographs and prices of planers larger than here described will be sent upon application.

# PLANERS.

#### STANDARD PATTERN PLANER.

EQUIPPED WITH FOUR SPEED MECHANISM AND MOTOR DRIVE.



FIG. 11154.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11154.

To meet the increased demands upon us for a planer with a larger range of work, we are new pleased to offer a four speed mechanism which will greatly increase the output of any planer to which it is attached. In the above illustration this device is shown in connection with a motor, but it will give equally satisfactory results when driven directly from the main line shafting, tight and loose pulleys being provided. We can also furnish the same attachment to be suspended from the ceiling in place of a countershaft. Planers of any make which are installed at present, or which may be installed in the future, can be thus equipped. When motor drive is desired we recommend the use of this attachment in-connection with constant speed motors, in place of variable speed motors, the advantage being in the return appead always remaining the same. The four speeds are obtained by four powerful friction clutches, each operated by a lever within easy reach of the operator. Accident or injury to the mechanism is precluded by a stop, which prevents the simultaneous action of the levers, making it impossible to engage more than one of the frictions at a time. All parts of the four-speed mechanism are made sufficiently strong to withstand any power which may ever be applied; self-oiling hearings for shafts are provided, and ample provision is made for obscinction of all other parts; the frictions are simple, cannot wear out, and are tested to double the power which will ordinarily be applied to the tool on which the equipment is used.

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# COMBINED STANDARD AND OPEN-SIDE PLANER.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11155 TO 11159.

In many shops there is a demand for the occasional use of an open-side planer but not enough to warrant the purchase of a machine made exclusively for that purpose, use of an open-side planer but not enough to warrant the purchase of a machine made archaively for that purpose, and a standard type of planer being much better for general swork the occasional open-side work is done with an extension tool at a great deal of trouble and expense. To supply this demand, we have designed and put upon the market the combined standard and open-side planer, as illustrated, the cuts being made from photographs of our 42° standard planer, changed to an open side. As shown in the cuts, the far housing can be moved task and an extension piece placed between the cross rail and the face of the housing. In the planer shown, the distance from the point of tool to face of housing is 63°, so that a piece over 3° wide can be planed. The regular cross rail for our \$2° planer is long enough to square down work 63° wide with the far head and by setting the head at an angle, several inches wider can be planed.

Supplementary table to support the work slides easily in a V-way, scraped to a fit, giving a very secure outer support to which work can be bolted.

The far housing is tongued into top of bed, the check of which is made long enough to enable the housing to be moved back the required distance with a rack and pinlon, so that the extension may be put into position and bolted to the cross rail and housing, making a very rigid support for the rail.

FRONT VIEW AS STANDARD PLANER.



FIG. 11155.



FIG. 11156.

The face of the extension is made exactly like the face of the housing and is fastened to the rail by the same means as the housing. The back part of the extension is made to fit over the two edges of the housing as well as to the face. The nut on the raising screw is disconnected from the rail and fastened to the extension and is made in such a way that the alignment of the rail is not changed by moving the housing.

The rail is made to fit over the face and both edges of the near housing and is extended above and below the regular width of the cross rail, giving greater bearing and support for the rail, so that when the far housing is removed, the rail will still be held rigidly in position.

The power mising attachment for cross rail, as shown in the out, is driven by two friction pulleys similar to those used on countershafts for lather. The beaut main pa this shall driv goar in a mater which see

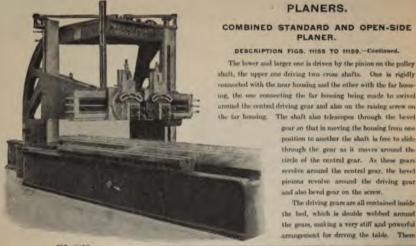


FIG. 11157. REAR VIEW AS OPEN-SIDE PLANER.

are no cap boxes to work loose, the beds being bored out in perfect alignment and bearings bushed with bronze gun metal.

The feeding mechanism for the heads is driven by a new relief friction recently brought out by us which is positive in its action in moving feeds, but when released takes no power and does not heat.

The reversing motion provides for one belt doing its work then leaving the pulley before the other starts, preventing the disagreeable



PLANERS.

PLANER.

gear so that in moving the housing from one position to another the shaft is free to slide through the gear as it moves around the circle of the central gear. As these gears revolve around the central gear, the bevel pinions revolve around the driving gear

arrangement for driving the table. There

and also bevel gear on the screw. The driving gears are all contained inside the bed, which is double webbed around the gears, making a very stiff and powerful

IN OPERATION AS AN OPEN-SIDE

squealing of belts. The machine is entirely under the control of the operator at any part of the stroke and there is neither jar nor jerk when the machine is reversed. The reversing mechanism can be operated from either side of machine by hand and by the shipper dogs in front.

Patents have been applied for.

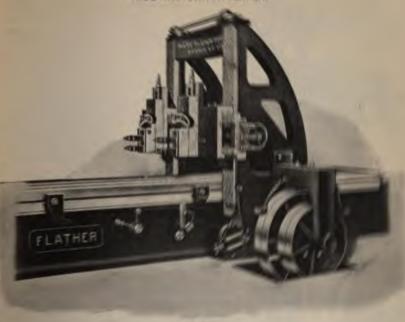
These planers are built to plane 30°, 36°, 42°, or 48° wide and high, with any length of table. General specifications are the same as for the standard pattern planers shown in Figs. 11151, 11152 and 11153



FIG. 11159. IN OPERATION AS STANDARD PLANER.



PLANERS.



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FIG. 11161.

# 10" BENCH PLANER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11161.

Planes 10" wide, 10" high, and 30" long. Total length of table 36". Weight 475 lbs.

No originality is claimed in this machine. The design is but the embodiment of the best practice of the day. All the gears are cut from the solid. The pinions and racks are of steel. The flat wearing surfaces are scraped. The table is gibbed down to prevent lifting, and has three standard T-slots cut from the solid, and four rows of 34" holes. The head has an automatic cross-feed in either direction, also a graduated swivel which can be set at any angle and locked in the usual way.

Each planer is furnished with both countershaft for belt power and erank for hand power.

# PLANER CENTERS.

6" PLANER CENTERS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11162.

These centers are substantially and accurately constructed, swing 6', graduated tilting head, indexed, dividing circles into twenty-four divisions.

An indexed chuck can be furnished fitting the head stock in place of the center.



FIG. 11162.

# 13" PLANER CENTERS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11163.

These centers are provided with an improved index consisting plates or disks, each 5g' thick and 71g' drameter, which are accurate, 22, 25, 90 and 90 notebes, respectively, giving a wide range of diplates are readily taken off and others substituted, with different special work. Those plates being cut through like a gear, give a pin than a drilled index. This index is revolved by means of a which are readily disconnected (by looseing one bolt), when Tongues are inserted in bottom of head, and tail stocks, and are out and fitted to the slot in any planer (by planing or filing off on destroying the alignment.

The symdies, worm and serew are of steel,
Weight, 85 lbs.



#### 20" PLANER CENTERS.

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possible of the property of th

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11164.

FIG. 11163.



FIG. 11164.

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# FEDERAL PLANER CHUCK.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11165.

Jaws are 6" long, opening 4", swivel graduated base. All screws are made of sicel and

These checks are beavy and strong, and are accurately made. Will hold either straight or taper work and can be instantly adjusted from the smallest to the greatest capacity.



FIG. 11185.

#### ROUND SWIVEL BASE CHUCK.



FIG. 11166.

SQUARE BASE CHUCK.



FIG. 11167.

# PLANER CHUCKS.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11166 AND 1116T.

BOUND SWIYEL BASE CHUCK					- SQUARE BARE CHUCK-			
Size Chuck. No.	Length of Jaw.*	Depth of Jav."	sill sill	Space required.	Approx. Shipping Weight. Lin.	Size Chuck. No.	Space required.	Approx. Shipping Weight. Lbs.
-6	7*	13/2"	33-5"	10*	75	0	734"×11"	53
8	9"	139"	5*	1134*	95	9	9" × 123g"	65
10	11*	234"	6*	14"	160	10	11° x 15°	110
12	13*	234*	8"	10*	200	12	13° × 17°	130
15	1535*	234"	935"	20*	300	15	1516"×21"	280
18	1835*	256*	1134"	22"	440	18	1836° x 24°	320
24	2434"	254"	16"	26*	095	24	24¼° x 28°	440
-30	3034"	3"	2134"	30"	1,200	30	3034" x 34"	1,050
		* Round	d swivel t	isse and sq	uare bese s	sme dime	asions.	

Round base chucks have a rib 1/4" wide cast on the bottom. For fitting the rib for planer table, we charge to cover extra cost. A wrench is furnished with each chuck.

# SPECIAL PLANER TOOL.

FOR CURVED SURFACES.



FIG. 11168.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11168.

We do not consider it necessary to give a full description of this planer tool, as the illustration explains it better than words can.
It is a time saver, and that is what we are after. It is well proportioned, and can be attached to and used on any planer. It is made on order, say size required, and is the best tool made for planing the circular part of driving boxes and other circular work. We guarantee it to be satisfactory in every way.

Fig. 11168 shows the tool itself as usually furnished.

## RADIUS PLANER ATTACHMENT.



FIG. 11169.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11189.

This attachment is used in planing curves of any radius, and perfectly parallel curves as applied to the ordinary planing machines. A pin projecting from a plate bolted to the table of the planer helds an upper table upon which the work is fastened. Thus the work may be moved forward or backward, and to a greater or less distance from the center pin, the amount of circular movement determining the radius of the circle to which the work is finished.

From the corner of the table a wrist projects upward and takes hold of a slide which is fastened at the required angle to the beam of the planer.

When the slide stands parallel to the bed of the planer, the table will move in a straight-line. In proportion to the angle of the slide with the bed of the planer, the table will be deflected from a straight line into a true curve of greater or less radius.

In setting the link or slide box for planing, the links or blocks require to be moved as well as the radius arm, and it is best to set the ends of work in line with bed at equal distance from center bolt. By shifting the link or block some, it will favor the radius arm and require less angle to do the work.

The planing tool, if changed on the same piece of work, must be the same distance from the back of the tool to the point as the one removed, or it will vary the radius.

# SINGLE MILLING ATTACHMENT FOR PLANER.



SHOWS NO. 3 ATTACHMENT.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11170.

Made in four sizes, as follows:

No. 1. Weight, 1,500 lbs., suitable for 24° to 30° planer.

No. 2. Weight, 2,000 lbs., suitable for 30" to 40" planer.

No. 3. Weight, 2,500 lbs., suitable for 36" to 50" planer.

No. 4. Weight, 3,000 lbs., suitable for 50° and larger planer.

Regular equipment consists of 1 milling head; 1 saddle fitfed to planer rail; 3 sizes pulleys for milling head; 1 bracket, fitted to planer rail, with bronze bushing; I countershaft with double friction clutch pulleys and drive pulley; 2 drop hangers; I belt tightening device with swiveled yoke pulley and weighted pulley; 1 feed mechanism with friction disk, worm wheel bored to fit planer countershaft, etc.; I galvanised iron tank with bracket, for lubricant; 3 spanner wrenches; I socket wrench.

# DUPLEX MILLING ATTACHMENT FOR PLANER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11171.

Made in four sixes as follows

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No. 1. Weight 2,000 lbs., suitable for 24" to 30" planers. No. 2. Weight 3,000 lbs., suitable for 10" to 40" planers. No. 3. Weight 3,500 lbs., suitable for 30" to 50" planers. No. 4. Weight 6,500 lbs., suitable for 30" and larger planers.

Bagular squipment consists of 2 miling heads; 2 saddles, fitted to planer rail; 0 pullers 33 sises) for milling heads; 1 bracket, fitted to planer rail; 1 duplex countershalt, with double friction dutch pulleys and two drive pulleys; 2 drop hangers; 1 duplex belt tightening device, with two swiveled yoke pulleys and 1 no wraphted pulleys; 1 feed mechanism, with friction disk, worm wheel but planer countershalt, etc.; 2 galvanized iron tanks with brackets, for lubricant; 3 spanner wrendles; 1 socket wrench.

NO. 1 DUPLEX ATTACHMENT.



FIG. 11171.

# ROTARY PLAN-ING MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11172 TO 11175.

The accompanying cuts illustrate a number of our rotary planing machines, which are now made of one general design in varying sizes, having cutter-beads from 20° to 100° in discourse over tools and may be ameter over tools, and may be either plain, portable, on circular sub-base, or mounted on long bed to face off both ends of

work, simultaneously.

The cutterbead is driven through gearing by a pinion meshing into an internal gear on meshing into an internal gear on the cutterhead. Saddle move-ment is by means of a spiral pinion and rack, having four changes of geared feed and power quick traverse in either direction.

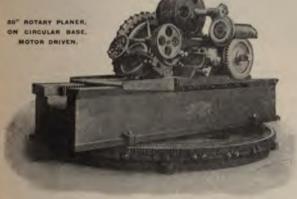


FIG. 11172.

Our method of feeding earriage, in addition to giving a senouth and even motion, does away with the long feed serve, which is frequently a source of trouble owing to its sagging and binding.

The plain machine may be either motor or belt driven as desired, the portable and sub-base machines being made motor driven only. The motor driven machine scoomises greatly in floor space, as there are no overhanging parts, motor being mounted on top of saddle.

There are also a number of

any muchine tools that you may

For specifications are follow-

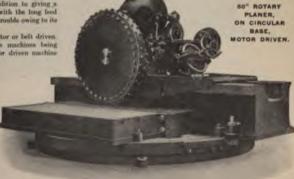
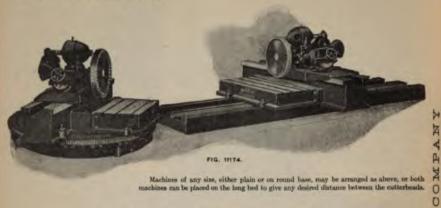


FIG. 11173.

# ROTARY PLANING MACHINE.

60" DUPLEX ROTARY PLANING MACHINE.

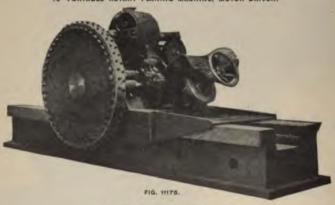


Machines of any size, either plain or on round base, may be arranged as above, or both machines can be placed on the long bed to give any desired distance between the cutterbeads.

FAIRBANKS

THE

72" PORTABLE ROTARY PLANING MACHINE, MOTOR DRIVEN.



## SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11172 TO 11175

	No. 1.	No. 2	No. 3.	Na. d.	No. 5.	No. 334	No. 6.	No. T.	No. 8.	No. 9,	No. 10.
Diameter of cutterhead over tools.	26*	30*	36*	42"	48"	54"	60*	72*	84*	96*	100*
Length of feed	8	6'	B	8	8,	8'	8'	8'	8'	8"	8'
In and out adjustment	254	3"	3°	3"	356*	4"	4"	4"	4"	4"	4.
Size of work table	3' = 0'	3'x7'	3'x9'	3, x 9,	4'x9'	4'x9'	4'x9'	4'x0'	4'x9'	4' = 0'	4'x#
Horse-power required	5	736	10-	10	75	15	20	20	25	25	25

Machines can be made to feed any length desired.

Work table on round base machines is 1' shorter than on plain machines.

# VERTICAL SPINDLE RO-TARY PLANING MACHINE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11176.

od for rapidly surfacing plain surfa-existly adapted for machining the jo-rmotors. Machine is belt driven or in as desired. Carriage is operated spiral pinion and rack having vari-quick power movement.

SPECIFICATIONS.			
	No. L.	No. 2	
Diameter of cutterhead over tools	30"	36*	
Will admit between uprights	32"	40"	
Width of carriage	30"	36*	
Will will in length, increased as desired	6'	6,	
Minimum distance under tools	12*	12*	
Maximum distance under tools	20*	20*	

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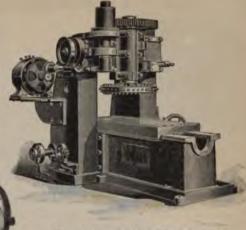


FIG. 11176. SHOWS MOTOR DRIVEN MACHINE.

# No. O ROTARY PLANING MACHINE.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11177

This machine varies from our standard type, in that the bead is stationary and the carriage travels; is made with either 14" or 20" cutterhead. Carriage is 18" wide and 5' long to mill 4' (can be made to mill any desired length), has three changes of automatic feed, stop, and hand quick return.

FIG. 11177.

# DUPLEX ROTARY PLANING MACHINE.

#### WITH SWIVELING HEADS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11178.

Cutterheads are made 15° or 20° in diameter over tools as desired, are keyed to and driven by the spindle. The heads have a feed on the cross slides, have sutematic stops and can be set at any desired angle.

# SPECIFICATIONS.

Diameter of cutterhead over Length of feed to cutterhead.

Distance between cutter-heads, increased as desired. 30 8

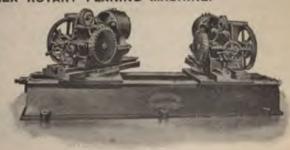


FIG. 11178.

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# PORTABLE VALVE SEAT ROTARY PLANING MACHINES.



FIG. 11179.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11179

This machine was designed to face off worn valve seats, and valves of locomotives particularly, but the fact of it being so well adapted for attaching to the work, as well as the quick and accurate work that it will do, has made it a useful tool for various other kinds of work

This tool has been greatly improved in construction since first introduced. We are substituting spur gearing instead of a train of bevel wheels. Change the cutting speed by slipping the pin shown at the end of the top shaft in or out for the variations. The lower or revolving disk is connected to the upper one with a square look instead of a bevel ring. The teeth of the internal gear are cut from the solid. Altogether making a more durable and better machine, as experience in building and using has suggrested.

The swiveling and adjusting radial arms on the top of the machine are so made that there is scarcely any shape that they cannot be attached to. One set of study with one and blank is furnished with each machine; the top ends are threaded quite a distance to receive the adjusting and clamping nuts and washers; one side of each nut is turned convex; the washers have a large hole in them and are turned out concave, making a ball and socket clamp that will not spring the machine, even though the study are out of line with each other.

Each machine is furnished with a sample cutting tool, wrenches and hand fly wheel, as shown in the cut. There is no breaking of port-edges, and the work is perfect, requiring no filing or scraping after the machine has been used.

The accompanying cut shows the machine in so clear a manner that it is not necessary to further explain the construction.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Size.	Biss Machine will face across corners.	Maximum Distance of Stude.	Minimum Distance of Stude.	Weight Boxed
18"	18"	24"	19"	245 lbs.
224	24"	31"	23"	345 lbs.
26*	28"	35*	27*	440 lbs.
28°	32"	39"	29"	512 lbs.
30"	30"	44"	31*	600 lbs.

# 7" BENCH SHAPERS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11180 AND 11181.

Regularly furnished with crank for hand power and countershaft for belt power. Can be supplied with column as shown in Fig. 11181, if so desired.



FIG. 11180.

Stroke of ram	756"
Vertical adjustment of	
table	7"
Size of table	615" x 7"
Traverse of table	9"
Number of grades on	
cone	3
Diameter of grades	6", 416", 3"
Width of belt	136"
Floor space	22° x 24°
Countershaft pulleys	7° × 2°
Revolutions of counter-	
shaft per minute	200



FIG. 11181.

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# 14" CRANK SHAPER.



FIG. 11182.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11182

Horizontal travel of table, 19", vertical movement of table, 14"; maximum distance ram to table, 1814"; minimum, 414".

Has seven changes, and is automatic in either direction. Stops automatically at each end. Cross feed connecting rod adjusts itself automatically for any position of cross slide. Feed screw has adjustable, graduated collar reading to .001".

Vertical movement of 6". Is graduated and swivels to any angle through are of 90". Has adjustable, graduated collar reading to .001". Automatic vertical feed to head is extra.

Ten inches wide by 11° deep, and 10° high on side. Top and sides have T slots for holding vise or work. Large face plate, to be used on top of table, can be furnished at extra price.

This size shaper being intended as a quick-acting machine for light and medium work, is not made with our extension base and patented outside support to table, the same as is regularly furnished with all our other machines.

Steel-faced jaws of vise are 10° long by 2½" high, and open 10°. Vise is graduated and swivels to any angle. Vise has small centers and pair loose taper jaws.

Are provided for reading length of stroke, as also for proper step of cone for given length of stroke. Length of stroke can be adjusted and stroke positioned in relation to work while machine is in motion.

Four steps: 634", 834", 1034" and 12" diameter for 234" belt. Cone runs on sleeve journal bearing. Our patented "double triple quick" stroke gives eight cutting speeds to ram.

From 10 per minute back geared to 130 single geared, arranged in regular progression.

Belt speed, 354 to 1; second train of gears, 15 to 1.

Shafting up to 21/2" diameter can be keywayed under ram.

All sliding surfaces are accurately hand-scraped to surface plates, and all running bearings are bushed to preserve original centers.

All gears and T slots are cut from solid metal.

Is self-ciling and has brake to stop quickly. Tight and loose pulleys are 12° x 334° and should make 260 revolutions per minute. All necessary wrenches are furnished.

Sixty-five inches long to allow of full movement of ram, by 37" wide.

Weight) act, 1,875 lbs.; boxed for export, 2,350 lbs. Export box occupies 60 cubic feet.

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FIG. 11183. 14 " SHAPER, MOTOR DRIVEN.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11183 AND 11184. SPECIAL FEATURES.

First.—The combination of the Whitworth quick return and the slotted lever crank movement, which makes the quickest return movement of any shaper made and the most uniform cutting speed of any crank movement used at the present time, without shock or jar.

Second.—The hand-wheel on the top of ram, by which the ram can be quickly brought to any position desired while the machine is running, and cannot slip. Third.—The graduated collar, showing length of stroke the

ram travels. Fourth.—The adjustable slotted lever, which as the lever wears, can be adjusted and still retain its rigidity.

wears, can be adjusted and still retain its rigidity.

Fifth—Movement of crank pin. The crank pin is adjusted by a scroll and two racks so that it is impossible for it to slip, either when tightened by the hand wheel, shown on side of machine, or when loose. The stroke can be changed while the machine is in motion, as readily as when it is at rest, and can be changed from full stroke to zero in three seconds

changed from full stroke to zero in three seconds.

Sixth.—Angle piece for supporting box table. This angle piece is bolted to the lower edge of cross rail, has an adjustable bearing on the outer edge of box table and the lower end bears on a rib cast on the front of lower part of column which projects as a bearing for the raising screw. This support is directly under the cutting tool at all times, being raised and lowered with the cross rail, which makes it unnecessary to adjust it whenever the certifical. position of the cross rail is changed.

to be placed closely up to the underside of ram, thus reducing to a minimum the tendency of the pitman to spring and chatter as it would be apt to do if the gear was set low in the column.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

	14"	18"
Planes long	14"	18"
Planes wide	18*	221/2
Planes high	1434*	15"
Vise, between jaws	9"	10"
Jawa	934"×2"	11" x 234"
Down feed	6"	634"
Ram bearing surface	22"	2734"
Width	8*	916"
Total length	3734*	46*
Height from floor	3936"	4234*
Size of box table	9%" x 13"	13" x 15"
Width of belt for cone.	234"	3"
Changes of speed	4	8
Largest shaft through		
column	236"	3"
Countershaft pulleys	10" x 314"	12° x 314"
Revolutions per minute	200	120 and 240
Finished weight	1,650 lbs.	2,750 lbs.

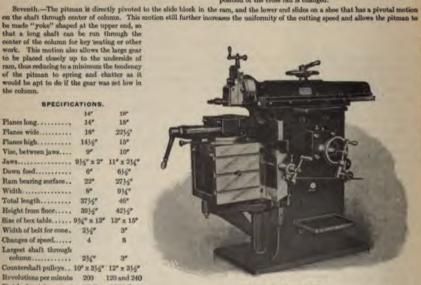


FIG. 11184, 18" SHAPER,

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. IIIS AND IIIAG.

This machine is especially designed to most the wants of the market for a plain chaper adapted for light and medium classes of work. It is strong and substantial in every part, and provided with bearings of liberal

All flat bearings are carefully scraped to standard plates, insuring a high degree of securacy for all operations performed on the

Wearing surfaces are provided with gibs, susceptible of fine adjustments. The erank lever is graduated, allowing the eperator to quickly secure the desired length of stroke.

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The tam is adjustable to suit the position of the work, and a short stroke can be had at any extreme or intermediate point.

The opening under the ram will admit of shalts of any length being passed through the column, and key way cut at any intermediate

point.
Graduated swivel viae has steel-faced
jess, swivels to any angle, and can be held
very rigidly in any position.
The table is slotted on top and both sides.
Oil holes covered with patent self-closing
covers protecting bearings and wearing surfaces from chips and dust.



FIG. 11185.



FIG. 11186.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. HIES AND HISS.

	14"	10"
Stroke	14"	16"
Crom feed	14"	20"
Vertical adjustment of		
table	14"	16*
Feed of tool block	50	0"
Width of cone belt	234"	234"
Countershaft pulleys	10°x234	12"13"
Speed of countershaft,		
revolutions per min.	130	125
Weight 1,	200 lbs.	1,600 lbs.

The 14" shaper is furnished as a single geared machine.

The 16" shaper may be supplied either single geared or back geared.

#### 16" CRANK SHAPER.

SINGLE AND BACK GEARED.



FIG. 11107.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11187.

Design. It is symmetrical, accurate, very heavy and powerful.

Column is heavy and rigid, being well ribbed and braced, and will resist a hard strain. Has long ram bearings back and front.

Ram, very heavy and strong, and has quick return. It can be changed to make any length of stroke while in motion at all times positive, and will invariably plane to a line.

Head swivels to any angle, is graduated and securely bolted to ram.

Rail is securely fastened to the column, very wide and heavy, being well ribbed, making it extra strong.

Table is box form, with long extension in front, very heavy and thoroughly braced, and has T slots top and sides.

Vise, large and strong, with graduated base, swivels, and is supplied with a set of adjustable centers for small work.

Workmanship and material are of the very best; all sliding bearings scraped to a surface plate. Particular attention is given to all parts and gears that are subjected to hard strain and usage, to have them the right proportion and strength. Each machine is thoroughly tested before it leaves the factory.

	CA		

Length of stroke	16"	Belt	234"
Cross traverse of table	24"	Vise opens	8"
Vertical feed of table	16"	Size of jawa	10° x 234°
- Top of table	11" x 15"	Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft	10" x 4"
Vertical feed of tool block	9"	Revolutions per minute, about	250
Bearing of ram on column,	29"	Weight, about	1,800 lbs.
Steps on cone	4"	Weight boxed for export, about	2,200 lbs.

# 16" CRANK SHAPER.

WASE IN TWO STYLES: SINGLE GEARED OR BACK GEARED.

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Stagle grazed shaper has five evenly graded a special giving care from 9 to 85 strakes

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FIG. 11189.

# 16" AND 20" EXTEN-SION BASE CRANK SHAPERS.

# SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11189.

		10.50
	18"	90°
Planes, width	-53+	24"
Takes between table and		
Tame	2019*	2014*
Vertical food to head.	- go	pa.
Grades to cone on ma-		
chine	- 4	4
Number of speeds to ram		
Size of vice jaws	12" k 254"	112 °x 234°
Vise jaws open	1414*	14342
Counter pulluys, tight		17.0
and loose	12° x 4°	12" k 4"
Should make payolutions		
per minute	280	300
Width of belt to machine.	234*	254*
Working floor space	82° x 40°	93° × 44°
Weight, net.	2,775 lbs.	3,250 lbs.
Weight, boxed	5,250 Hm.	3,800 lbs.
		Action 1

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#### 16" CRANK SHAPER.

SINGLE AND BACK GEARED.



FIG. 11187.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11187.

Design. It is symmetrical, accurate, very heavy and powerful.

Column is heavy and rigid, being well ribbed and braced, and will resist a hard strain. Has long ram bearings back and front.

Ram, very beavy and strong, and has quick return. It can be changed to make any length of stroke while in motion at all tim positive, and will invariably plane to a line.

Head swivels to any angle, is graduated and securely bolted to ram.

Rail is securely fastened to the column, very wide and heavy, being well ribbed, making it extra strong.

Table is box form, with long extension in front, very heavy and thoroughly braced, and has T slots top and sides.

Vise, large and strong, with graduated base, swivels, and is supplied with a set of adjustable centers for small work.

Workmanship and material are of the very best; all sliding bearings scraped to a surface plate. Particular attention is given to all parts and gears that are subjected to hard strain and usage, to have them the right proportion and strength. Each machine is thoroughly tested before it leaves the factory.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Length of stroke	16"	Belt.	234"
Cross traverse of table	24"	Vise opens	8*
Vertical feed of table	16"	Size of jaws	10" x 234"
- Top of table	11" x 15"	Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft	10" x 4"
Vertical feed of tool block	9"	Revolutions per minute, about	250
Bearing of ram on column,	29"	Weight, about	1,800 lbs.
Steps on cone.	4"	Weight boxed for export, about	2,200 lbs.

# 16" CRANK SHAPER.

MADE IN TWO STYLES: SINGLE GEARED OR BACK GEARED.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 1	1100.
Actual length of stroke	1719*
Vertical travel of table	2134*
Feed of tool block	7"
Keys scale shaft under ram Vise jaws, tool steel	12)4 × 2)4"
Vese opens. Top of universal box table Sedes of table	111 x 12"
Sing	to Bark
Speeds of ram. 5 Steps on cone 5	B B
Fred changes 10	10

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FIG. 11188.



FIG. 11189.

# 16" AND 20" EXTEN-SION BASE CRANK SHAPERS.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11189.

	165	20*
Planes, width	21*	24"
Takes between table and	1	
ram	2015*	2034a
Vertical feed to bead	70	7"
Grades to cone on ma-		
chine	4	4
Number of speeds to ram	- 8	8
Size of vise jawn		12 % 2Los
Vise jaws open		1414
Counter pulleys, tight		1458
and loose		12" x 4"
Should make revolutions	12 23	12.X4.
	280	200
per minute	200	300
Width of belt to machine.	234"	23/2"
Working floor space	82° × 40°	93" x 44"
Weight, net	2,775 lbs.	3,250 lbs.
Weight, boxed		3,900 lbs.
M	-1	- Section Course

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## 16" CRANK SHAPER.

SINGLE AND BACK GEARED.



FIG. 11187.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11187.

Design. It is symmetrical, accurate, very heavy and powerful.

Column is heavy and rigid, being well ribbed and braced, and will resist a hard strain. Has long ram bearings back and front.

Ram, very heavy and strong, and has quick return. It can be changed to make any length of stroke while in motion at all times positive, and will invariably plane to a line.

Head swivels to any angle, is graduated and securely bolted to ram.

Rail is securely fastened to the column, very wide and heavy, being well ribbed, making it extra strong.

Table is box form, with long extension in front, very heavy and thoroughly braced, and has T slots top and sides.

Vise, large and strong, with graduated base, swivels, and is supplied with a set of adjustable centers for small work.

Workmanship and material are of the very best; all sliding bearings scraped to a surface plate. Particular attention is given to all parts and gears that are subjected to hard strain and usage, to have them the right proportion and strength. Each machine is thoroughly tested before it leaves the factory.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Length of stroke	16"	Belt	234"
Cross traverse of table	24"	Vise opens	8"
Vertical feed of table	16"	Size of jaws	10° x 235°
-Top of table	11° x 15°	Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft	10"x4"
Vertical feed of tool block	9"	Revolutions per minute, about	250
Bearing of ram on column.	29"	Weight, about	1,800 lbs.
Steps on cone	4"	Weight boxed for export, about	2,200 lbs.

# 16" CRANK SHAPER.

# MADE IN TWO STYLES: SINGLE GEARED OR BACK GEARED.

| DESCRIPTION FIG. 11100. | Actual length of stroke. | 17 1/2" | Horizontal travel of table, automatic. | 2134" | Vertical travel of table | 18" | Greatest distance ram to table | 19" | Feed of tool block | 7" | Feed of tool block | 7" | Feed of tool block | 7" | Feed of tool block | 12" | X 12" | X 13" | Yise apens. | 115/2" | X 13" | Yise apens. | 115/2" | X 13" | Yise apens. | 12" | X 13" | Scient of table | 12" | X 13" | Scient of table | 12" | X 13" | Scient of table | 5 6 | Steps on cone | 5 6 | Steps on cone | 5 6 | Steps on cone | 5 6 | Countershalt revolutions, | 200 | 275 | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20" | 20"

countershaft......2,200 lbs. 2,600 lbs. Equipment includes outside support for table; swived vise; pair taper jaws for vise; pair hardened centers; countershaft complete; and all accessors were the support of the countershaft complete; and the countershaft countershaft complete; and the countershaft countersh

Single geared shaper has five evenly graded cone speeds, giving ram from 9 to 85 strokes

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improved double train of back graring, will double bull wheel, giving eight changes of speed for every change of stroke, ranging from 7 to 128 strokes per minute. The methoc allows the cutting speeds and cutting power to be conveniently adjusted to suit the variou classes of work and grades of material, with out the high rotating speeds of shafts am grars, on short strokes, which are unavoidable in other methods of back gearing. (Paten rendine.)



FIG. 11188.



FIG. 11189.

# 16" AND 20" EXTEN-SION BASE CRANK SHAPERS.

# SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11189.

21 22 11 12 21 12 11	2 2 5 5 5 7 7 7 7	222
	16"	20*
Planes, width	21"	24"
Takes between table and		
raminimization	2015	2034
Vertical feed to head	7"	70
Grades to cone on ma-		
chine	4	4
Number of speeds to ram	8	8
Size of vice jaws	12" x 254"	12 1235
Vise jaws open	1439	1435*
Counter pulleys, tight		
and loose	12" \$ 4"	12" x 4"
Should make revolutions		
per minute	280	300
Width of belt to machine.	235*	235*
Working floor space	82" x 40"	93" × 44"
Weight, net	2,775 lbs.	3,250 lbs_
Weight, boxed	3,250 lbs.	3,800 lbs.

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#### 18" AND 22" SINGLE OR BACK GEARED CRANK SHAPERS.

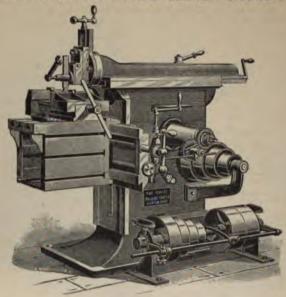


FIG. 11190.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11190.

heavy and powerful.

I braced, and will resist a hard strain. Has long ram bearings back and front.

turn. It can be changed to make any length of stroke while in motion, at all t

Head swivels to any angle, is graduated and securely boited to ram.

Head swivels to any angle, is graduated and securely boited to ram.

Heal is securely fastened to the column, very wide and heavy, being well ribbed, making it extra strong.

Table is box form, with long extension in front, very heavy and thoroughly braced, and has T slots top and sides.

Vise, large and strong, with graduated base, swivels, and is supplied with a set of adjustable centers for small work.

Workmanship and material are of the very best; all sliding bearings scraped to a surface plate. Farticular attention is given to all parts and geners that are subjected to hard strain and usage, to have them the right proportion and strength. Each machine is thoroughly tested before it leaves the factory.

SPECIFICATIONS.	19"	22"
Stroke of ram	18"	22*
Cross traverse of table	25"	26"
Vertical feed of table	16"	16"
Top of table.	1234" x 1634"	13" x 17"
Vertical feed of tool block	9"	9"
Bearing of ram on column.	2834"	32"
Steps on cone	4"	4"
Belt	3"	3"
Vise opens	11°	11"
Size of jaws	10° x 214"	10" x 234"
Tight and loose pulleys on counter	10° x 4"	10° x 4"
Revolutions per minute, about	225	225
Weight, about	2,000 lbs.	2,200 lbs.
Weight, boxed for export, about	2,500 lbs.	2,700 lbs.

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FIG. 11191. SHOWS 20" SHAPER

20" AND 25" CRANK SHAPERS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11191

In this machine are embodied all the latest practical features which a shaper of this type should possess; besides which, it contains ranced improvements, which allow of all adjustments being made with case and rapidity. Particular attention is called to the foling details:

All flat bearings are carefully scraped to standard plates, inverting a bigh degree of security for the standard plates.

四 alls: I bearings are carefully scraped to standard plates, unsuring.

All wearing surfaces are provided with gibs, succeptible of fine adjustments. Shaft tearings are
all of channels, and a standard plates are provided with gibs, succeptible of fine adjustments. Shaft tearings are
all off channels, and a standard plate of the standard plate is in motion or at rest. The device for changing is self-locking, preventing any possible chance for the stroke to vary, while the machine performs its work. The ram is adopted to the position of the work, and a short stroke can be had at any extreme or intermediate point.

Since it daking is attached to the top of column in plain view of the A H

graduated index, showing the length of stroke the machine is taking, is attached to the top of column in plain view of the

Feed screws are provided with micrometer graduations; a very desirable feature for use in cutting rack, duplicating key seats, and other work of like nature.

The tool head can be instantly set and very rigidly held at any angle by means of the lever shown. This has proved to be quite an improvement over the old style way of securing the head with bolts, as it draws the tool head squarely across the face of the ram and will not move while being tightened.

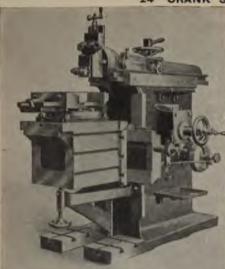
The feed can be changed instantly while the machine is in motion. The plate is drilled and graduated to correspond with the teeth in the feed ratchet, and is so arranged that the feed can take place at either end of the cut.

The table is slotted on top and both sides. It can readily be removed and work botted to the slotted apron, to which the table is attached. Top of table being slotted its entire length, affords a very liberal clamping surface.

Graduated swited view has steel-faced jaws and can be used on the sides as well as on top of table. Can also be attached so that the jaws will project past either side of the table. Swivels to any angle, and can be very rigidly held in any position.

	20*	25"		30°	25"
Length of stroke	20"	25"	Size belt required on countershaft	316*	4"
Automatic cross feed.	25"	271/6"	Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	125	125
Vertical adjustment of table	15"	14"	Weight of machine	2,500	3,025
Feed of tool block	8*	9"	Largest diameter of shaft that can be inserted in		
Number steps on cone pulley	4.	5	opening under ram	3"	319"
Size belt required on cone pulley.	3"	036"	Size top of table		
Length of ram bearing in column	32"	36"	Graduated swivel vise, opens to		15"
Number of cutting speeds to ram		10	Graduated swivel vise, depth jaws.		214"
Diameter tight and loose pulleys on countershaft	12"	14"	Graduated swivel vise, width jaws	11.	12"

the 20° shaper can be furnished either back geared or single geared. The 25° shaper is furnished back geared only. Regular equipment consists of vice, countershaft and wrenches



#### BACK GEARED, WITH POWER DOWN FEED TO HEAD.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11192.		
Planes long.	24"	
Planes wide	26"	
Planes high	(6).6"	
Vise, between jawr	1334"	
Jaws	14" x 234"	
Down feed	815*	
Ram-bearing surface.	36*	
Width	10%*	H
Total length	60"	6
Height from floor	43*	H
Size of box table	15)5" x 22"	4
Width of belt for cone	316-	H
Changes of speed	16	K
Largest shaft through column	335*	0
Countershaft pulleys	10'54"	
Revolutione per minute	100 and 200	0
Finished weight	4,500 fbs.	-
		m

For description of special features, see description of 19" shaper. Fig. 11184, which is of similar construction.

# FIG. 11192.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11193.

	20	D4*
Planes, width	20	34
Takes between table and		
ram	199	20)
Vertical feed to brud		9
Grades to cope on ma-		
chies		
Number of speeds to cam		4
Sinc of vine jawa	14x3	IPs5
Vise jawe speck	16	21
Counter pulleys, T. & L.	14×45	16w4
Should make, B. P. M	E20	200
Width of bull to machine	23	4
Working floor space )	(06x30)	1.20x0
Weight, set. Bet	4.500	7,600
Weight, formed, Ton	43000	9,430

Each machine is provided with vise, countershaft and all necessary wrenebes. Automatic down food for head, as shown in cut, is furnished regularly on the 34" shaper, but at extra cost only on the 24" size.

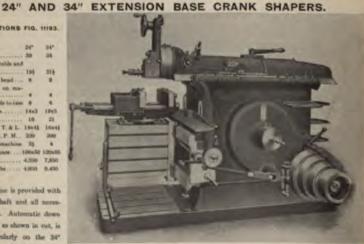


FIG. 11193. SHOWS 34" SHAPER. 118

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# 21" AND 28" TRIPLE GEARED SHAPERS.

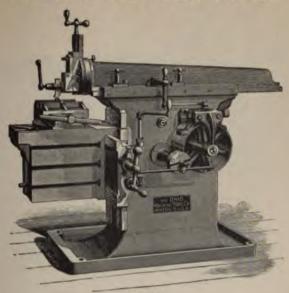


FIG. 11194.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11194,

and they are very heavy and powerful, adapted to a large range of work in the

r.
right place to give them great strength. The ram slides project back and front.
d inside; has opening underneath for key seafing.
heavy bull wheels and one intermediate wheel, matching into rack and pinions, barpe latest improved gear cutters, from solid stock, lumn, well ribbed, making it very rigid and stiff.
surely fastened to ram, in the result of the resul

use; it is simple, noiseless and always positive.

Il flat bearings being scraped to surface plates, truly squared and accurately fitted, changing his position. Every machine thoroughly tested before leaving the factory, furnished at extra cost.

ar a direction in the second s		
Stroke	21*	28*
Cross traverse of table	25"	30°
Bearings of ram on column	26"	34"
Vertical adjustment of table	18*	18"
Top of table	13° x 10°	14" x 22"
Vertical feed of tool block.	10"	11"
Belt	155"	20
Swivel vise opens	1136	1136"
Diameter speed pulleys on counter.	8" and 18"	8" and 24"
Diameter of driving pulleys on counter.	12*	12"
Diameter of driving pulleys on shaper.	12"	12*
Revolutions per minute	280 and 425	280 and 425
Weight, about	2,000 lbs.	2,700 lbs.
Weight, for export, about	2,500 lbs.	3,300 lbs.
Weight, for export, about	2,500 lbs.	3,300 lbs.

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# 24", 28" AND 32" TRIPLE GEARED SHAPERS.



FIG. 11195.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11195.

All flat bearings are carefully scraped to standard plates, insuring a high degree of accuracy for all operations performed on the machine. All wearing surfaces are provided with gibs, susceptible of fine adjustments. Shaft bearings are extra long and provided with liberal oil channels.

The driving pinion and intermediate gear are on the outside of the machine, permitting the use of an extra large gear, increased speed of pulleys and subsequent gain of power. Cutter har is driven by two rack gears of large diameter placed on opposite sides of the cutter bar. Racks are of steel cut from the solid bar.

The belts are shifted by means of a circular plate having eccentrical slots which receive the suds on the shifter arms. These slots are of such form as to shift one belt before the other, preventing the disagreeable squealing of belts. By this arrangement the shifters are always locked, so that the belts cannot move them. This will be found of special advantage when it is desired to stop the machine (without stopping the countershaft) to examine or remove the work.

The opening under the ram admits of long lengths of shafting being passed through the column for cutting key ways at any intermediate point.

Peed screws are provided with micrometer graduations; a very desirable feature for use in cutting rack, duplicating key seats and other work of like nature.

The tool head can be instantly set and very rigidly held at any angle by means of the lover shown. This has proved quite an improvement over the sid style way of securing the head with the bolts, as it draws the tool head equarely across the face of the ram and will not move while being tightened.

The table is slotted on top and both sides. It can readily be removed and work bolted to the slotted apron, to which the table is attached. Top of table, being slotted its entire length, affords a very liberal clamping surface.

The dable is slotted on top and both sides. It can readily be removed and work bolted to the slotted apron, to which the table is attach

SPECIFICATIONS

Length of stroke	26*	30"	34"
Automatic cross feed	25*	28*	28*
Vertical adjustment of table	16*	14"	14"
Feed of tool block.	8"	9*	9"
Length of ram bearing in column.	32"	34"	34"

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11196.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11196.

The purpose for which this tool is designed is rough shaping or planing off of smales beads, gates and risers from steed castings, locomotive driving baxes, etc., which have not been selficiently finished by saving or other process, or where a new could not be used at all. It is a heavy, powerful machine, designed especially for this class of work

The expacity, owing to its long stiff rame, large strong view (large opening), ample frame, and large, wide cone pulley, is such as to cover all work coming within range of this tool, and it will often do work that it causily put upon a planer.

The power is great and equal to all requirements.

The proportion is large and heavy, and

quirements.

The proportion is large and heavy, and well calculated to withstand all strains part upon it.

Face plate—A large face plate (not shown in cut) is furnished to replace vice jaw, and is used for strapping down large or irrugular work.

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FIG. 11196.

SPECIFICATIONS.					
Stroke. Height from vise slide. Planes, width	1336*	Vise jaws open Net weight, about Boxed weight, about	7.100 lbs.		

# 6" x 9" TRAVERSE HEAD SHAPER.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11197

Machine is built in three styles, as follows:

Style I. With swivel chuck complete, as shown in cut. Style 2. Hand muchine, without cone and countershaft.

Style 3. Hand machine for bench, without plate and legs.

Plain chuck, 9° long, furnished at extra cost.

This shaper, with countershaft and swivel chuck, with length of traverse 14", including plain chuck 14" long, is also built to order only.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Length of stroke, 6".

Length of traverse, 9".

Greatest distance between tool and table, 8" Driving pulleys on countershaft, 6" for 214" belt.

Cene pulley, three step, 3", 415", 6" for 154" belt.

Countershaft, revolutions per minute. 220

Size of swivel chuck, 7" long, 414" between jawe. 114" deep.

Weight, 450 lbs.

Boxed for export, 40" x 28" s 29", 600 lbs.

Floor space required, 25" x 25".

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## 8" x 12" TRAVERSE HEAD SHAPER.



Machine is built in three styles, as follows: Style I. With swivel chuck, complete as shown in cut.
Style 2. Hand machine, without cone and countershaft. Style 3. Hand machine for bench, without legs and plate. Plain chuck, 12" long, can be supplied at extra cost.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11198.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Length of stroke, 8". Length of traverse, 12". Greatest distance between tool and table, 10°. Driving pulleys on countershaft, 8° for 214° belt. Cone pulley, three step, 434", 634", 8" for 2" belt. Countershaft, revolutions per minute, 100. Size of swivel chuck, 8" long, 51/5" between jaws, 11/1" deep. Weight, 750 lbs. Boxed for export, 511/2" x 281/2" x 311/2", 925 lbs. Floor space required, 27" x 27"

FIG. 11198.

# 10" x 15" TRAVERSE HEAD SHAPER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11199.

The 10" machine, being on a pedestal, admits the placing of long work in front of the machine, for which there is provided a face plate, for attaching such work as legs of machines, etc., and to which also may be attached any angle plate, either in a right or left hand position. The swivel chuck may be fastened to either the face plate or angle plate.

Length of stroke, 10". Length of traverse, 15", Greatest distance between tool and table, 18". Distance under tool, after removing table, for long work, 36".

g wors, 30°.

Driving pulleys on countershaft, 10° for 2½° belt.

Cone pulley, three step, 4½°, 6½°, 8° for 2° belt.

Countershaft, revolutions per minute, 100.

Size of swivel chuck, 2½° long, 6° between jaws

134" deep. Weight, 1,000 lbs.

Boxed for export,  $52^{\circ} \times 35^{\circ} \times 33^{\circ}$ , I,200 lbs. Ploor space required,  $251_{5}^{\circ} \times 27^{\circ}$ . The following items are furnished at extra cost

only: Front face plate. Angle plate, as shown in cut. Plain chuck, 15° long.

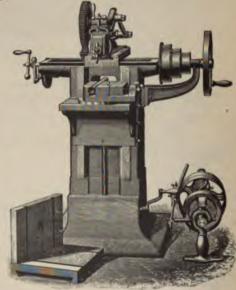


FIG. 11199.

# NO. 1 TRAVERSE HEAD SHAPER.

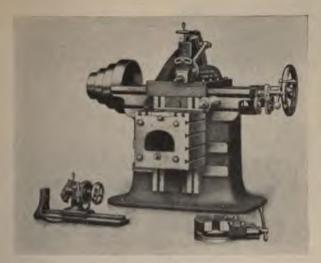


FIG. 11200.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11200.

The accompanying illustration represents our No. 1 shaping machine which has a stroke from 0 to 14". The cutter bar is 30" long and has a bearing 251;2" s 73;2"; the saddle has a cross movement of 28". The bed on top is 44" long and 171;2" wide.

This shaper has the Whitworth quiel return; the forward movement of cutter bur lakes about two-thirds of the crank movement and only one-third for the return.

Connecting rod made of steel; bearings at each end are provided with hardened steel split bushings adjustable for wear

The table is 14" x 1635" and forms as angle iron 1635" x 16"; it has a vertical movement by means of worm and gear of 1434"; distance from top of table, when at its lowest point, to cutter bur 17"

A cone mandrel is provided with independent, automatic, circular feed; this mandrel is so arranged that it can remain a permanent fixione, or can be quickly removed if desired; the feed can be connected and adjusted almost instantly.

A hole through bed admits a 3° shaft for slotting. The head has a vertical movement of 4%° and is provided with a micrometer attachment on feed screw reading to thousandths of an inch; the head is graduated and can be set at any angle desired. Cone has four changes, largest diameter 18°, smallest diameter 9°, face 3%°

Furnished with chuck and centers; the centers swing 11° and take in work 12° long. All sliding surfaces are scraped to a hearing and all shafts and screws are made of steel. Countershaft has tight and loose pulleys 16° x 4½°, and should make 120 revolutions per minute. Weight, 3,000 lbs.

### SHAPER CENTERS.

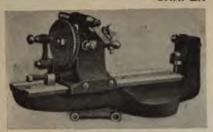


FIG. 11201.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11201.

Fig. 11201 represents our index centers, of which we make four sizes. They can be used on shaper, planer, or milling machine. The dials are drilled accurately with 24°, 28°, 30° and 36" holes.

Size.	For Size Shaper.	Swings Diameter.	Takes in between Centers.	Longth over all.	Weight,
1	14"	6"	12"	2015*	62 lbs.
2	16", 20"	7"	1435*	25*	105 lbs.
3	24"	10"	16*	30*	145 lbs.
4	34"	15"	20"	42*	325 lbs.

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# SHAPER VISES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11202.

Recognising the wants of the market for a solid shaper vise suitable for heavier classes of shapers, and one that can be swung around at any horizontal angle and rigidly held against the strain of the cut, we designed the "Perfected

rits.
All of our vises have a place cast on the end of the ways
the workman to "strike" when lining up his work. This
vides a place for final adjustment, and avoids bruises
hammer makes on the finished ways, which would in a
y short time ruin the efficiency of the vise and cause in-



For Machine Size.	Takes between Jaws.	Width Jawa	Height Jawa	Weight, about.
14"	10° 1414° 16°	10° 12°	216	90 Ibs. 135 lbs.
34*	16* 21*	14"	3"	260 lbs. 500 lbs.

# HIGH JAWED SHAPER VISES.

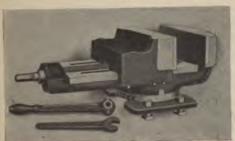


FIG. 11203.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11203.

Is largely used by mold makers. The jaws are made of extra height for holding deep work.

If ordered specially, any of our perfected vises are made with the high jaws at a slight advance in price.

For Machine Size.	Taken between Jawe.	Width	Height Jawa-	Weight, about,
16" and 20"	1434*	12"	4"	150 Bm.
24"	16"	14"	434	320 lbs.

# SLOTTING MACHINES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. II204 TO II207,

essently solvageed our storing mechines and bare of to 0" to the back of the upoghts, making them 40 per man, hearier and increasing the rigiday of the

It and BP slotting machines have no adjustment are slide, as it would not increase the value of the tool oftenke slotting machine. Move the BP slotting e-cutting-bar slide is made adjustable on the outside and by making the suffing-bar slide very heavy, so that point the outing-bar slide is set, it will be very adjust the suffing-bar slide, it is only necessary to one of the gib servers and foom the clamping both, slving the driving sums the slide can be adjusted in position to bring it down dose to the vork.



FIG. 11204.

#### MOTOR DRIVEN SLOTTER.

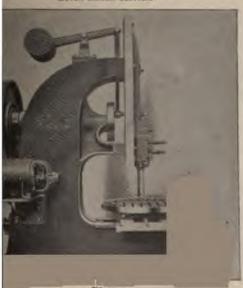


FIG. 11205.

The circular carriage has a full hearing on the lower saddle, the worm wheel being set in the auddle. The T slots for clamping work have ample metal over wing of slot, so they cannot break out when drawing bolts light.

The crank plate is driven with Whitworth's quick return motion, with exception of sizes above 30°

All machines above 20° stroke are driven through a train of spur gearing by two belfs separately shifted, or by the use of presumatic clutches, and owing to its long projection the rutter bar is supported in a movable bearing. Carriagus of these machines have power quick movements in all directions.

For specifications are following page.





					_	_		1141 1144				
e of machine	6*	8"	10"	12"	14"	-16°	18"	20"	25*	32"	40*	-50*
at adjustment	634° 1034° 14°	816" 1116" 122"	1016" 1636" 1356"	1215* 2215* 14*	1416" 28" 16"	16)4* 29)4* 21*	1834° 31° 24°	2014° 3314° 28°	26° 35° 35°	33° 40° 40°	41° 45° 45°	51° 50° 50°
ver T slots	1736"	1934"	22*	2534*	30*	32*	34"	38*	42"	48"	48"	52"
ver all from face of ram	2234"	2435*	2714"	31"	36"	39*	41*	4654"	48"	54*	56*	60"
it wor in height.	1034"	1314"	2114	27" 15"	2916* 19%*	3115° 2232°	3314° 252	3714* 26*	32"	36° 34°	40° 38°	445
	-											

# PORTABLE SLOTTING MACHINES.

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DESCRIPTION FIG. 11208.

36", 48" AND 60".

These machines can be used on very heavy work, beyond the range of the regular run of slotting and planing machines. These slotting machines can be clamped in any position on a base plate to suit the work, and are especially adapted for the electric manufacturers on their dynamo frames and rings, and can be used to advantage in the manufacture of large engines. Machines can also be made on a sub-base, giving an adjustment to the entire upright without smokamping it, at an additional price.

SPECIFICATION	s.		
Stroke of ram	36"	48*	60°
Cross feed to tool slide	28"	30"	46"
In and out adjustment of tool post	3"	40	4"

72", 84" AND 96".

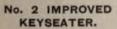
The rams of these three larger sizes of our portable slotting machines are driven with a screw in place of the rack and spiral phoino. The driving gas or top of machine is provided with a safety clutch, which is operated by a lever and rod, and is fitted with stops which can be set in position to throw out the clutch and prevent head from running off the ways in case of accident. When belt driven the motor is placed inside of unright.

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Maximum stroke of machine	72"	84"	'96"
Automatic cross feed to tool slide	48°	48*	48"
In and out adjustment to post	4"	4"	4"
Cross adjustment of upright when mount-			
ed on sub-base,	48"	45"	48"

Photographs and complete specifications will be sent upon application.

#### DIE SLOTTING MACHINE.



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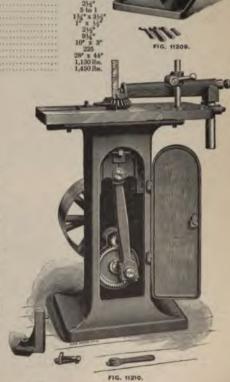
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DESCRIPTION FIG. 11210.

The accompanying cut shows our new machine for light work, which is now a geared machine. This machine will cut from 1/4" to 1/4" key seats in all ordinary work, and do it quickly and accurately. The feed has automatic relief, which prevents all breaking of cutters. This machine will cut from 20 to 60 key scats per hour on ordinary work, and is intended for all kinds of internal key seating within its range. The depth and taper of the key seats are measured accurately by scales and pointer, and any number of key mate can be cut of any depth and taper required, and all will be uniform. Tight and loose pulleys, 14" x 3½", should make 120 revolutions' per minute. When ordering machine specify size of cutters wanted. No cutters are included with the machine. Weight, 400 lbs.

Cutters can be furnished in the following sizes: 36°, 36°, 36°, 36°, 36°, 36°, 36° and 36°.



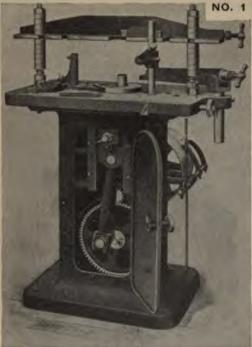


FIG 11211

IMPROVED KEYSEATER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11211,

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11211.

The accompanying cut shows our new in proved No. 1 key seating machine, which will be seat from 1 key seating machine, which will be seat from 1 key seating machine, which will be seat from 1 key to 12. The machine is comple with heavy clamping lever for small work. To machine will do all work necentrally and quite he feed as a consate relief, which prevents it has been a considered to the feed as a consate relief, which prevents it machine shops having internal key setting to nachine shops having internal key setting for. The work can be placed in this machines finished in the time other machines are beine and any number of key seats can be cut of a depth and taper. The cross head has a and justinent by which the cutter can be moved the seat of the seat of the cutter can be moved to the seat of the cutter can be moved to the seat of the cutter can be moved to the control of the cutter can be moved to the cutter of the work without moving the work on the table. It formula hone sample sleeve and holder, by whi means the work is chucked by the hole in work. Where a number of small pieces are to cut this always insures cutting the key seat cut has always insures cutting the key seat to cut this always insures cutting the key seat to cut and in period alignment with the he hole, if desired, at a nominal cost, but the slee simple to make, and can be made by any chinist for any special work they wish to use if the table and special attachment can be used not included with machine. Weight, 500 lbs.

Cutters can be furnished in the following air seat of the cutter can be uncontained and t

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#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11212 TO 11214

The Giant keyseater is an entirely new departury in that line of machinery and is so plain and simple in its construction, that no extended description is entirely new departury in that line of machinery and is so plain and simple in its construction. Hat no extended description is the temperature working parts.

The column and table are cast in one piece and the table is quite small, being seldom used. To hold large polleys, no extension has no outside supports are needed, as any piece requiring a key seat is supported solely by its hub.

A distinctive feature is the grooved post which holds the work and forms the guide for the fool. The use of this post solves the whole question of being able to obtain perfectly true, straight key ways, without regard to whether the hole is straight or taper, or whether the hub is faced true, or left rough as it comes from the foundry. Every job is quickly and accurately set and fastened by its bore only.

The great saving in money, represented by this feature alone, will score pay for the machine.

In high grade machinery the hubs are usually faced true, but in many shops there is a large number of castings, such as sprucket wheels, graw wheels and other prices, which do not need to have the hubs faced, except for the sake of having a true surface to work from, in cutting the key ways.

It usually requires from three to ben times as long to face off the hub as is required to cut the key seat.

#### CIANT KEYSEATERS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11212 TO 11214.-Continued.

ey seat 6° long, 3° wide, and 3° deep, can be cut in two minutes, which includes time of on and taking from the machine. Another 11° long, 5° wide and 5° deep in three s, without any special effort for haste. Thirteen key seats, 5° wide, some straight and aper, in pieces of different sizes and shapes, were cut in forty minutes. This shows addy miscellaneous work can be done which requires various adjustments of the machine, key seats in tool steel milling cutters, fifteen pieces 3° thick were finished in them, and six pieces 1° thick in five minutes.

gaar wheels used on the machines are key seated in less than two minutes, the actual occupying only one minute, and less than one minute is required to remove one and put on another.

quickness with which this machine can be adjusted for different requirements andhung to be desired.

Gaant will finish two ordinary key seats before one piece astened, ready for key seating, on other styles of machines. key seating hard steel huls the is well adapted, as it is imposer the cutter to spring back, no how hard the material to be cut

machines may be fitted to cut ats in holes from 35° diameter up largest size needed, and it is pos-or the largest machine to operate y small and long holes.

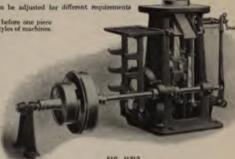


FIG. 11213.

		SPECIFICAT	IONS FIGS.	11212 TO 11214			
Size of machine Maximum stroke	No. 0.	No. 2. 13"	No. 3.	No. 3A. 25°	No. 4.	No. 5.	No. 6.
Will key seat in width	36"	134" 14" to 234"	2"	2"	234*	334*	***
Will earry posts	18" x 3"	10° x 3"	10° x 3°	10" x 3"	10" to 3%" 10" x 3"	14" x 5"	14" x 5"
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per min.	50	200	280	280	300	300	300
Weight	650 lbs.	1,500 lbs.	1,900 lbs.	2,000 lbs.	2,100 lbs.	4,300 lbs.	4,800 lbs.

Parties ordering should always state the diameter of the largest wheel to be key seated, so that the driving pulley and vertical belt y be set far enough from the machine. If the countershaft is placed on or below the floor the shaft of the machine will be made as rea spossible. Unless otherwise ordered, the driving pulley and belt will be put at the following distances from the center of machines: 0, 22°; No. 2, 25°; No. 3, 31°; No. 4, 37°; No. 5, and 6, 25°. Always state the diameter of the holes that are most often key seated that the pair of step bushings which we furnish with each post may be of the required sizes. Each bushing can be made to take to sween sizes, and extra ones can be furnished at moderate cost.

If key seats of more than one taper are required, extra charge will be made for the additional wedges furnished.

When ordering extra cutters always state the width of cutter, diameter of post, and number or stroke of machine.

To the price of the machine must be added the prices of such parts as the purchaser may select from the following: Countershaft, key 8, 11° or 15° long, automatic power feed attachment, posts and cutters.



Diam- eter of Post,	Length of Key way which may be out.	Size of Cutters Generally Furnished in each Post.					
*95° 110° 110° 286° 286° 386° 455° 6	6 9 9 11 12 15 15 18 18 24 30 30	150   150					

MACHINE NO. 4

"The K" poet is too small to admit a separate taper wedge, so that one poet is made to cut taper key seets and another to cut straight ones.

All poets will be fitted to cut a taper of ) a per foot unless otherwise ordered.

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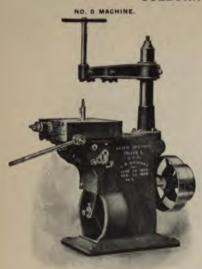


FIG. 11215.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11215 TO 11217.

It may appear to the casual observer that the upper arm and column are objectionable on account of limiting the range of work to be key seated. The fact is, the upper arm and column are very essential features and not at all objectionable, as we can prove. In the first place, the distance from the cutter bar to the column in every one of our keyseaters is sufficient to chuck 99 per cent. of the average work within the range of the machine without moving the column at all.

By comparing the dimensions given in the specifications of the different machines on the next page, it can be seen how great a range each machine really has.

When the work is of such diameter that it becomes nece

When the work is of such diameter that it occurses necessary so move the column, the change only takes a few minutes. The advantages of the upper support for the cutter bar are so self-evident that little need be said in regard to same. It insures a rigid support for the cutter bar, making it impossible

for the cutter to spring away from the work either backwards or sideways.

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The cutter bar always sets true with the table and cannot get The cutter bar always sets true with the table and cannot get cut of line. Although we ordinarily chuck the work by the bore with special bushings, no universal system of bushings can be de-vised which are adequate for all the work required to be done on this machine. For instance a piece of work of irregular shape may need to be key seated either on the inside or outside. Frequently there are pieces requiring slotting either internally or externally. Many times there will be a job of key seating for which you will have no bushings. All such work can be quickly and accurately clamped on the table of our machine without any fixtures at all and the job finished while you would be looking around for the fixtures on other machines. machines

It must be evident to any one that this feature of our keyseater makes it a most valuable tool in a jobbing shop where the work is continually changing.

# LIST OF PARTS REGULARLY SHIPPED WITH THE COLBURN KEYSEATERS WHEN ORDERED WITH STANDARD OUTFITS.

#### NOS. 00 AND 0 MACHINES.

1 No. 00 or 0 keywester with all necessary wrenches.

1 countershaft (for No. 0 machine only).

1 dat centering plate for centering bushings.

1 V shape centering plate for centering work by the outside.

3 short centering bushings as follows: 1\(\frac{1}{2}\)\epsilon\_\*, and 2\(\frac{1}{2}\)\epsilon\_\*, unless otherwise specified.

1 short clamping bar for holding work to table.

1 long clamping bar for holding work to table.

1 pair clamping botts.

2 cutter bars of any of the following sizes: 3\(\epsilon\_\*\), \(\frac{1}{2}\)\epsilon\_\*, \(\frac{1}{2}\)\ep

#### NOS, 1 AND 2 MACHINES.

NOS. 1 AND 2 MACHINES.

1 No. 1 or 2 keyssater with all necessary wrenches.
1 countershaft.
1 flat centering plate for centering bushings.
1 V shape centering plate for centering work by the outside.
1 V shape centering plate for centering work by the outside.
1 v shape for bushings as follows: 1½°, 1½°, and 2½° diameters, and 2½° diameter, with guide bars, hand levers and upper and lower bushings to match. If not specified, 1, 1½°, 2, and 1½° diameter, with guide bars, hand levers and upper and lower bushings to match. If not specified, 1, 1½°, 2, and 1½° diam will be sent.
10 cutters, any width, for any of the above bars. But unless otherwise specified, 1½°, 1½°, 3½° and 5½° cutters for the 1½° bar and 3½° cutters for the 1½° bar; and 3½°, 5½° and 1° cutters for the 1½° bar will be sent.

I pair extension arms for supporting work of large diameter.



FIG. 11216.

#### COLBURN KEYSEATERS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11215 TO 11217,-Confinued.

#### NO. 3 KEYSEATER.

3 keyscater complete with all necessary

plate for centering bushings. g bushings for centering work by the n hubs. Unless otherwise specified, bushings will be sent. tering plate for centering finished

r for holding work to table.

ag bar for Boisting worse-sing boths.

so of the following sizes: 1", 1\%", 1

#### NOS. 3%, 4 AND 5 KEYSEATERS.

cyscater complete with all necessary wrenches

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untershalt, at contering plate for centering bushings, at contering plate for bodding small centering bushings for centering bushings for testering bushings for holding work by the at is faced on hubs. Unless otherwise specified \$\frac{9}{2}\cdot and \$\frac{9}{2}\cdot and \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot bushings for holding work is space centering plate for centering finished with outside. In the plate for holding work to table, in clamping bar for holding work to table, in clamping botts.

bar for holding wore see apping bolts, and the following sizes: 1%,", 1%,", 2%,", and the following sizes: 1%,", 1%,", 2%,", and be shoss to match, assorted sizes, for any of the above bars, therevies specified, 1%," and 2% for 1%," and 1% for 1%," and 2% for 3%," bar will be sent, extension arms for supporting work of

NOS. 3, 3%, 4 AND 5 MACHINES.



FIG. 11217.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

SIZE OF MACHINE.	No. 00.	No. 0.	No. L.	No. 2	No. 3.	No. al.	No. 4.	No. 2
Weight complete Extrance length of stroke Working length of cutter Distance from cutter bar to column in outside position Length of table. Length of table. Length and movement of table. Diameter of column Diameter of column Ploor space required; Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute- Tight and foose pulleys on countershaft. Clutch pulleys on machine, driving pulley Reverse pulley	16° 16° 416° 312° 20° x 45°	1,200 lbs. 10° 9° 18° 17° 18° 4½° 4½° 4° 20° × 50°	2,400 lbs. 13" 21" 21" 21" 21" 416" 456" 180 16" x 5" 180 16" x 45" 12" x 454" 12" x 454"	20\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	26" 24" 36" 30" 32" 454" 6" 45" x 70" 200 16" x 6" 20" x 454"	20° 24° 4416° 30° 30° 5° 8° 55° x 74° 200 16° x 6° 20° x 416°	10,000 lbs. 32" 30" 4415" 30" 55" x 74" 200 16" x 6" 20" x 415" 14" x 415"	38" 36" 4416" 36" 5" 8" 55" x 74" 200 16" x 6" 20"x 416"

<sup>\*</sup> No. 09 has driving pulleys 18" x 4" and 12" x 4" on the machine, which should run 75 revolutions per minute and 168 revolutions per minute respectively.

<sup>†</sup> No. 0 has driving pulleys 16" x 4" and 12" x 4" on the machine.

Note - Any part of the standard equipment can be omitted and allowance will be made for same in the price. When machines are required for special work, it is frequently desirable to have them supplied with special equipment, and this can usually be obtained.

No. 1 PORTABLE SHAFT KEYSEATER.

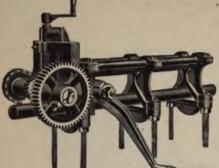


FIG. 11218.

# No. 2 PORTABLE SHAFT KEY-SEATER.

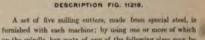
#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11219.

A set of five milling cutters, made from special steel, is furnished ith each machine; by using one or more of which on the spindle, ey seats, of any of the following sizes may be milled full width at 

Capacity: To mill key seats in shafts up to 8" in diameter; to mill from \( \frac{1}{2} \) wide.

Construction: Main head and arbor slide milled and scraped; de gibbed to main head with adjustable gib; automatic and nd feed; depth gauge; cut gears; large steel arbor; disengaring sel feed worm; steel lead screw; quick hand return for resetting; e special cutters.

Weight: Boxed, 250 lbs.; boxed for export, about 250 lbs.; size \( \times \) for export, 13" \( \times \) 18" \( \times \) 30".



on the spindle, key mats of any of the following sizes may be milled full width at one operation:

136° and 136°.

Capacity: To mill key seats in shafts up to 5" in diameter; to mill 12" without resetting; to mill from 14" to 114" wide.

Construction: Main bead and arbor side milled and scraped; slide gibbed to main head with adjustable gib; automatic and hand feed; depth gauge; cut gears; large steel arbor; disengaging steel feed worm; steel lead screw; quick hand return for resetting; five special cutters.

Weight: Net, 75 lbs.; boxed for export, about 100 lbs.; size box for export, 12" s 12" x 28".

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FIG. 11219.

# THE LAKE PORTABLE KEYSEATERS. FIG. 11220.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11220. No. I machine will mill key seats in any size shafting from 3%\* to 434\* in diameter the following widths, 34\* (by sixteenths) to and including 134\*. Weight, net, 45 lbs., boxed, 70 lbs., measurements, 12° x 12

No. 11/2 machine, while it is designed especially for cutting key seats in loom and other machine shafts. for cutting key seats in from and other machine shatts, where the shalling extends 3" or more through bearings, it will do all that the No. I machine will, besides it will cut key way to within 1" of the face of box. Weight, not, 65 lbs.; boxed, 90 lbs.; measurements, 12" x 12" x 22".

12" x 12" x 22".

No. 2 machine will trill key scata in any size shafting from 2" to 8" in diameter the following widths, from 14" (by sixteenths) to 154"; and from 14" (by cightho) to 2". Weight, net, 86 lbs.; boxed, 113 lbs.; eighths) to 2". Weight, net, measurements, 12" x 13" x 24".

Pulleys for belt power can be furnished at extra coat.

# CONTINUOUS KEY WAY OR SPLINE CUTTER AND PORTABLE KEYSEATER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11221.

This illustration shows a combination of two very valuable labor saying chines, a portable keyscater in combination with a continuous key way or ine cutter. The advantages of this machine will be apparent to engineers, chine tool builders, millwrights, manufacturers and all others using

machine tool builders, millwrights, manutaturers and us obsers usual halting.

As a continuous key way or spline cutter it will mill accurately and in perfect alignment, any size key way or spline, from 1½ by sixteenths to 1½ and from 1½° by eighths to 2°, any depth not exceeding ½° at the rate of 1 by er minute, any length required, and take any size shalf from 5½° to 0° in diameter.

To use it as a portable keyseater, disconnect two bolts from the stand of the continuous key way cutter and apply yoke and crank and you have a No. 2 portable key seater, that will mill any size shalting from 2° to 8° in diameter the following widths, viz. From ½° by sixteenths to 1½°, and from 1½° by eighths to 2°, any depth not exceeding 5½°, and this machine is pro-vided with either automatic or hand feed while cutting, and has an indicator to show the depth cut in shalt. The machine will mill 6° before it is necessary to move the base forward on the shalt. An operator can easily cut a key seat 12° long by ½° wide, ½° deep in one hour by hand, and other sizes in proportion. proportion.
Weight, net 400 lbs.; boxed, 500 lbs.; measurements, 22" x 31" x 48".

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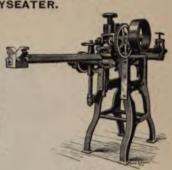


FIG. 11221.

## NO. 1 HAND BORE KEYSEATER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11222.

The engraving shows our improved hand bore keyscater for cutting straight and taper key ways up to 1½° wide in bores not over 12° long. It is designed for general machine and repair shop work and is adapted to cut key ways in work of any size, weight or shape. On heavy work it is advantageous to remove the machine from the pedestal and use it as a portable tool.

as a portable tool.

Work in all cases is chucked to the bore and hube need not be faced. The method of chucking is extremely simple, suitable stirrups and binders being furnished with each cutter bar outfit. Key ways cut on this machine come central with the bore and are ready for keys.

The machine is well built throughout, the first pinion and rack being of machinery steel, and all gears have machine cut tecth. Its efficiency, general usefulness and ease of operation will commend it to any one having key ways to cut. It is offered at a price which places it within the reach of all.

The cutter bars used in this machine consist of the wedge bar, with

the reach of all.

The cutter bars used in this machine consist of the wedge bar, with its bearing strip always pressed firmly against the channel of the guide bush and carrying the feed wedge at its outer end; and the bit bar having the cutter fastened to its outer end. These two bars are fastened to gether at the inner, or tool post end, and the feed is obtained by inserting the feed wedge between them. It will be seen that the cutter has a solid backing at all times between the cutting edge and the channel of the guide bush, making any retreat of the cutter from the work impossible. Cutter bars and cutters are extra. See Fig. 11223.



FIG. 11222.

# CUTTER BARS FOR HAND BORE KEYSEATER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11223.

These har are for use on machine shown in Fig. 11222 and are made in sizes as follows:

The ½° cutter bur which is furnished with one guide bush of any size desired from 1° to 1½° in diameter. The guide bushs for this bur must be the same size as the bore of the work to be key seated and are made regularly to cut key sents up to 6° long. The ½° bur is used for key ways from ½° to ½° wide.

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long. The ½" bar is used for any non-to ½" wide.

The ¾" cutter bar which is furnished with a guide

The ¾" cutter bar which is furnished with a guide

bash 1½" in diameter, adapted to straight and taper

say ways in bores of its diameter and larger, not over 12" long, and with which cutters from ½" to ¾" wide may be used.

The 1½" cutter bar which is furnished with a guide bash 3½" in diameter adapted to straight and taper work in all bores of its

diameter, or larger, not over 12" long, and with which cutters from ¾" to 1½" wide may be used.

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# IMPROVED KEY SEAT MILLING MACHINE.

NO. 1 KEY SEAT MILLING MACHINE.



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FIG. 11224.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11224.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11224.

For rapidly milling key seats for "feather keys," short "splines" and other work requiring one or both ends rounded up this machine il be found invaluable. The carriage has automatic feed with automatic stop, and is fitted with V blocks having false piece for small flat; one V block is mounted on taper base to accommodate varying diameters in the shafts. Horizontal cutters of the correct width haccompanying washer, brings the cutter in exact central position over V block when the carriage is moved over against the inner part of the correct width a micrometer on adjusting hand wheel. After key way is milled to the required length, the riage is moved back against another set of stops, which brings end milling cutter in vertical spindle in alignment with key seat, and end is nounded up. No sotting of work beyond placing of shaft in V block is required, and a perfectly finished key weat is tained. This does away with the use of the expensive and slow cutter drill, and the older method of planing key ways and chipping the into shape, as the full width and depth of key way is cut at one time by horizontal spindle; vertical spindle with end mil is used by to remove the stock at end left by radius of horizontal spindle. Spindle heads are counterweighted and have micrometer for curate adjustment to depth. Work requires no setting.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

# NO. 1 MACHINE.

Maximum diameter of shafta	. 4
Length of carriage over all.  Length of automatic feed to carriage.	24
Cutters and washers furnished for key seats in width: 34", 34", 34", 34", 34", and 34".	

	The state of the s	
Maximum diameter of shafts	AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY	8"
Length of carriage over all		60°
	rriage	30°
Cutters and washers furnish	and for here ments in whiteh: Lot have not 1 Lot	

On both sizes, the supporting arm for vertical spindle is used as a reservoir for lubricant.

#### NO. 5 KEY SEAT MILLING MACHINE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS, 11225 AND 11226

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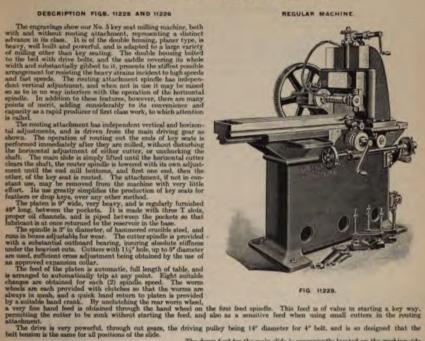
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REGULAR MACHINE



The drive is very powerful, through cut gears, the driving pulley being 14" diameter for 4" belt, and is so designed that the belt tension is the same for all positions of the slide. The down feed for the main slide is conveniently located on the working side of the machine, is graduated to 1-64ths, and operates through a pair of cut bevel

of the macanic, is grassiant or the property of the macanic, is grassiant or the permitting fast operation without injuring the cutters. The flexible connection permits the lubricant to be used on either cutter.

The equipment furnished with each machine consists of two speed friction counter shaft oil pump, wrenches, a pair of V blocks, studs and binders.

MACHINE WITH ROUTING ATTACHMENT

FIG. 11220.

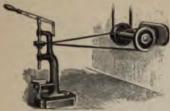
Platen 9° x 48°, 60° and 72°; 3 T slots, oil channels and pockets. Automatic feed of 48°, 60° and 72°, Automatic, adjustable trip. Eight feed changes for each spindle speed. Spindle of cruicble steel, 3° diameter. Cutters with 1½° standard hole, up to 5° diameter, can be used. Greatest distance from center of spindle to platen 11½°. Losat distance from center of spindle to platen 11½°. Will take through housing 10½° x 9½°. When the spindle spindle platen 11½°. Will take through housing 10½° x 9½°. Oil pump, piping, and flexible connection. Friction countershaft, allowing two changes of spindle speed. Router spindle has independent vertical adjustment of 3½°. Greatest distance from end of router spindle to platen 13½°. Least distance from end of router spindle to platen, 0. Router spindle has independent horizontal adjustment of 3½°. Createst distance from end of router spindle to platen, 0. Router spindle has independent horizontal adjustment of 3½°. Least distance from end of router spindle to platen, 0. Router spindle has standard. Nn. 7 issues — 4° 00 — a taken hole. Weight of complete 48° machine. 1 Hotel

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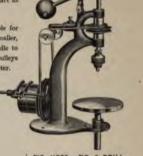
# BENCH DRILLS, NOS. 00, 0, 1; 10" AND 13".

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11227 TO 11229.



No. 00 drill is suitable for driving No. 40 gauge drills and smaller Can be supplied with wall countershaft, or overhead countershaft as desired.

No. 0 drill is suitable for driving 16" drills and smaller, 9" swing, 8" from spindle to table, tight and loose pulleys for 1" belt are 4" diameter.



' FIG. 11228. NO. 0 DRILL.

Two-speed cone for 3/2" round belt. Weight, 37 lbs. Column can be furnished if desired. Chuck shown in



FIG. 11229. 10" AND 13" NO. 1 DRILLS WITH COUNTERSHAFT.

No. 1, 10° drill has table 10° x 11°, spindle pulley  $3\frac{1}{2}$ ° x  $1\frac{5}{2}$ °, countershaft with tight and loose pulleys 5" x 2½" to run 350 revolutions per minute, weighs 156 lbs. Spindle bored No. 1 Morse taper.

No. 1, 13" drill has table 11" x 11", spindle pulley 4" x 11/2", countershaft with tight and loose pulleys 5" x 21/4" to run 350 revolutions per minute, weighs 166 lbs. Spindle bored No. 1 Morse taper.

# 10" SENSITIVE BENCH DRILL.

In the manufacture of this machine the best of material and workman-ship only enter into its construction. Both the quill and spindle are ground and this fact, together with the ball bearing thrust collar, double flanged upper cone and micrometer adjustment to the stop collar, are the special features. The taper on the spindle is made to fit a %\* Almond or Skinner chuck.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Greatest distance from spindle to table	734"
Vertical movement of spindle	236"
Vertical movement of table	7*
Diameter of table	8"
Distance from center of spindle to frame	534"
Drilling espacity	0 to 16"
Diameter of tight and loose pulleys.	11/2" x 4"
Speed of driving pulley, revolutions	550
Weight of machine	46 lbs.
Weight of machine ready for shipment	75 lbs.

Nore: Machine is built with swinging table as shown or with plain stationary table.



FIG. 11230.

FIG. 11231.

10" DRILL

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# SENSITIVE DRILLS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11231.

This tool is put on the market with some special features to recommend it.

It has large drilling capacity for a tool of this class, drilling  $\frac{1}{2}$  boles and under. It has the special feature of throwing the spindle its entire run of 5° by foot-lever. This leaves both hands free to hold the work. The hand-lever can also be used when wanted. Each drill is provided with a universal chuck that will hold  $\frac{1}{2}$ ° drills. The chuck tightens with a key, and the spindle does not have to be held in order to tighten the chuck.

The spindle pulley is 6° in diameter, 2° face, but larger or smaller pulleys can be fitted at option of the buyer; the cone pulleys are 4°, 5½° and 7° diameter, 2° face; the pulley belting to spindle pulley is 7° diameter, 2° face; tight and loose pulleys on countershaft are 8° diameter, 2½° face; the cone on counter is same as cone on drill.

A complete countershaft goes with each drill.

The rack and pinion are cut from steel. It will drill to center of a 13° circle. The greatest distance from table to chuck is 8°.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11232.

This drill is the same as that shown in Fig. 11231, with the exception that the foot lever is omitted.



FIG. 11232.

NO. 1 SENSITIVE DRILLS.

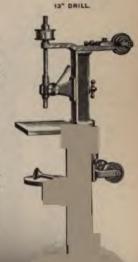
DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11233 AND 11234.

Spindles are bored No. 1 Morse taper and are spring balanced. A tightener is provided for top and back belts. Spindle pulleys run on studs. Spindles, sleeves and shafts are ground to size and all running bearings are bushed.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Size of drill.	10-	10
Spindle to table	12*	12*
Spindle to sliding table	44"	44"
Spindle pulley	31/6" × 15/6"	4"×11/2"
Tight and loose pulleys	436" x 136" 4	36" × 136"
Speed tight and loose pulleys, revolutions per minute	400	350
Cone belt	136"	134"
Weight, net	250 lbs.	290 lbs.

Weight, crated...... 295 lbs.





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# SENSITIVE DRILLS.



# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11235.

Capacity, 14" holes and smaller.

The spindle pulley is 6" in diameter, 2" face, but larger or smaller pulleys can be fitted at option of the buyer; the cone pulleys are 4", 5½" and 7" diameter, 2" face; the pulley belting to spindle pulley is 7" diameter, 2" face; tight and ioose pulleys on countershaft are 8" diameter, 2½" face; the cone on counter is same as cone on drill.

A complete countershaft goes with each drill.

The rack and pinion are cut from steel. It will drill to center of a 13° circle. The greatest distance from table to chuck is 8°.



FIG. 11235.

NO. 2

SENSITIVE

DRILL

10" SWING



FIG. 11237.

# NO. 2 SENSITIVE DRILLS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11236 AND 11237.

Spindles, Morse taper No. 1, spring balanced; tightener for spindle belt, swing and sliding table, bell center, adjustable depth stop; spindle, sleeve and shafts ground to size, all running bearings bushed; end of spindle to table 12°, to sliding table 44° Spindle pulley runs on atud.

10°: spindle pulley, 4° diameter for 13° belt; countershaft-tight and loose pulleys 5° diameter by 234° face, runs 350 revolutions per minute, three step cone for 134° belt; weight 264 lbs. net, crated 300 lbs. 13°: spindle pulley, 534° diameter for 134° belt; countershaft tight and loose, same as 10°, 300 revolutions per minute, three atep cone for 136° belt; has steel rack in sleeve; weight, 306 lbs. net, crated 400 lbs.

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#### 13" SENSITIVE DRILL.



FIG. 11238

# 14" SENSITIVE DRILL



FIG. 11240.

# SENSITIVE DRILLS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11238.

#### 13" DRILL.

It has counterbalanced spindle, sliding head and ratchest lever feed. The hable is vertically adjustable on column. The machine will drill holes up to \$2\tilde{m}\$ in diameter. The machine will drill holes up to \$2\tilde{m}\$ in diameter. The machine will drill holes up to \$2\tilde{m}\$ in the collection of the collect

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11239.

#### 14" DRILL.

Distance, post to spindle center, 7°; minimum distance, spiralle to table, 0; maximum, 32°. Verticals adjustment of head, 7½°; of table, 32°. Thravess of spindle, 3½°. Disameter of spindle, 3½°. Hole spindle, Morse taper No. 1. Table, 0° x 9°. Coue belt, 1½°. Driving pulleys, 5° x 1½°. Speed of countershalt, 330 revolutions per minute. Fulley on spindle, 5° x 13½°. Height of machine, 70°. Floor space, 26° x 14½°.

Weight, 250 lbs. Boxed weight, 325 lbs. 8 cubic local.



FIG. 11239.

# DESCRIPTION PIG. 11240. 14" DRILL

14" DRILL.

Distance from post to spindle center, 75\%'; from spindle to square table (maximum), 12\%'; (minimum), 0. To round table (maximum), 41\%'; (minimum), 5". Vertical adjustment of head, 7\%'; of round table, 36". Traverse of spindle, 3\%'. Distance of spindle, \( \frac{1}{2}\) Spindle, \( \frac{1}{2}\) Mole in spindle, \( \frac{1}{2}\) More taper No. 1. Has graduated quill. Has ateel rack. Table 11" x 11". Width of belt on cones, \( 1\)\sigma''. Driving pulleys, \( 5" \times 1\)\sigma''. Total height of machine, \( 6' \) Speed of countershaft, 400 revolutions per minute.

Floor space required, 22" x 28". Weight, 260 lbs. Boxed weight, 430 lbs. 15 cubic feet. Boxed weight, two in a bex, 675 lbs. 21 cubic feet.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11241. 15" DRILL.

Spudles, 1)6" diameter Morse taper
No. 2, spring balanced; tightener for top
and back belts, adjustable depth stop;
spindle, aleeve and shaffs ground to six,
all running bearings bushed; spindle pulley 4\for 1\for 1\for belt, three step cones
or 1\for 'belt'; tight and loose pulleys 0" x
2\for 1\text{N}, run 175 revolutions per uninste.

Slide table: end of spindle to table
33\for weight, net, 452 lbs., crated 510 lbs.
This drill is also built with swinging
table similar to that shown in Nr. 1237.

table similar to that shown in Fig. 11237



## SENSITIVE DRILLS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11242. 16" DRILL.

It has counterbalanced spindle, sliding head and ratchet lever feed. The lable is vertically adjustable on column. Capacity of the machine is \$\sigma^n\$ boles. Countershaft accompanies machine. Distance, post to center of table, \$\tilde{S}^n\$. Distance, spindle to table, maximum, 28°; minimum, 0°. Traverse of spindle, \$4\sigma^n\$. Traverse of head, \$1\tilde{S}^n\$. Traverse of table, \$1\tilde{S}^n\$. Table, \$1\tilde{S}^n\$ x \$11\sigma^n\$. Diameter of spindle, \$1\sigma^n\$. Therefore, \$\tilde{S}^n\$ the property of table, \$1\tilde{S}^n\$. Table, \$1\tilde{S}^n\$ x \$12\tilde{S}^n\$. Diameter of spindle, \$1\sigma^n\$. Therefore, \$6\tilde{S}^n\$ x \$2\tilde{S}^n\$. Speed of countershaft, \$30\$ revolutions per minute. Floor space, \$2\tilde{S}^n\$ x \$2\tilde{S}^n\$. Externe height, \$6^n\$. Weight, \$70\$ lbs. Boxed weight, \$50\$ lbs. Cubic feet, \$26\$.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11243.

13" ORILL.

The table is 11" in diameter, and has an adjustment up and down of 5". Net weight, 170 lbs.

Gross weight, 233 lbs.

Net weight, with floor column, 260 lbs. Gross weight, with floor column, 415 lbs. Chuck shown in cut holds drills up to ½° diameter.

FIG. 11242.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11244. 10" DRILL

10" DRILL

This drill is built with two, three or four spindles, as desired.

End of spindle to table 12", center to center of spindles 6". All spindle pulleys 13" face, three-step rones; countershalt, tight and loose pulleys. 8", 2.3", run 360 revolutions per minute. Spindles of 2.3", 2.3", run 360 revolutions per minute. Spindles shadened by springs, spindles, sheves, etc., are zound to sue.

Two-spindle weighs, net, 377 lbs., crated 440 lbs., spindle pulleys 4" and 43" diameter.

Three-spindle weighs, net, 505 lbs.; crated 625 lbs.; spindle pulleys 4", 44", and 5" diameter.

Four-spindle weighs, net, 575 lbs.; crated 710 lbs., spindle pulleys 314", 4", 43", and 514" diameter.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11245.

13" DRILL

DESCRIPTION FIG. 1248.

Built with two, three or four spindles Least distance end of spindle to table 415°, greatest 40°; center to center of spindles of table 415°, throw of spindle (regular) 3°; tables have oil grooves, spindles have No. 1 Morse taper hole, depth stops, and are balanced by spring. Spindles, sleeves, etc. ground to size.

Two-spindle weighs, net, 446 lbs, crated 500 lbs. Spindle pulleys, 4° and 43° for 115° belt; three step cone for 115°, run 250 revolutions per minute.

Three-spindle weighs, net, 585 lbs, crated 673 lbs. Spindle pulleys, 8° x 21°, run 250 revolutions per minute.

Four-spindle weighs, net, 585 lbs, crated 676 lbs. Spindle pulleys, 8° x 21°, run 250 revolutions per minute.

Four-spindle weighs, net, 5670 lbs, rated 600 lbs. Spindle pulleys, 8° x 21°, spindle pulleys changed as desired.

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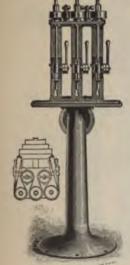
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13" BENSITIVE DRILL WITH TREADLE FEED.

FIG. 11243 13" TWO-SPINDLE SENSITIVE





10" THREE-SPINDLE SENSITIVE

FIG. 11244

# SENSITIVE DRILLS.

12" TWO-SPINDLE SENSITIVE



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#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11246.

Distance between spindles, 714.

ice, post to center of spindle, 614.

m distance, spindles to table, 36.

m, 0. Vertical adjustment of heads or table, 24". Traverse of spindles, 3 Diameter of spindles, 5". Holes in spind More taper No. 1. Table, 11" x 18". C bell, 119". Driving pulleys, 6" x 2". Sp of countershaft, 350 revolutions per min Pulleys on spindles, 4" x 119". Height machine, 6" 4". Ploor space, 35" x 2 Weight, 425 lbs. Boxed weight, 575 1 Scubic feet.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11247.

Distance between spindles, 75%. Distance, post to center of spindle, 63%. Maximum distance, spindles to table, 30% minimum, 0. Vertical adjustment of heads, 13% of table, 24%. Traverse of spindles, 33%. Holes in spindles, 34%. Holes in spindles, 36%. Gone belt, 15%. Driving pulleys, 8\* x2\*. Pulleys on spindles, 4\* x 15%. Height of machine, 6\* 4%. Floor space, 36\* x 26\*. Weight, 706 fbs. Boxed weight, 925 fbs. 25 cubic feet.

FIG. 11246

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11248.

Distance between spindles, 7½°. Distance, post to center of spindle, 6½°. Maximum distance, spindles to table, 38°; minimum, 0. Vertical adjustment of besids, 13°, of table, 28°. Traverse of spindles, 3½°. Dismeter of spindles, 5½°. Holes in spindles, Morse taper No. 1. Table, 11° x 33°. Cone belt, 1½°. Driving pulleys, 8° x 2°. Pulleys on spindles, 4° x 1½°. Height of machine, 6° 4°. Floor space, 43° x 29°. Weight of machine, 925 lbs. Boxed weight, 1,140 lbs. 31 cubic feet.

This drill is now made with sliding heads, which have an adjustment of 12°, Prominent among the many strong features of this drill is the countershaft, inpendent of and belting to the base of the drill, thereby removing all jar or shaking used by unevenness in the belt. This system of belting imparts a perfectly ady motion to the spindle, and the belts being long give great power, while uning quite loose. The tension of the belt is never on the spindle. The quill sated rack and pinion. The spindles are made of the best erucible steel, and are used with Morse taper No. 1. The spindles are under which control and are with a colding, which can be adjusted to any degree of sensitiveness. The spindles are 8° art, and are driven by one endless belt 2° wide. Each spindle has an independent of the properties of the spindle with a cold in the spindle with a cold in the spindle are 8° art, and are driven by one endless belt 2° wide. Each spindle has an independence of the spindle with our motion as shown on cut, which enables the operator to stop or start the indies without atopping the machine. Ston collars for drilling to depths are mislated, also collars to stop the spindles from rising higher than necessary, as belt should be endless, and it can be taken un without lacing. The table is materialanced by weight inside of column. The table is provided with oil annel, and is free to swing either way.

Net weight, 800 lbs. Gress weight, 970 lbs.



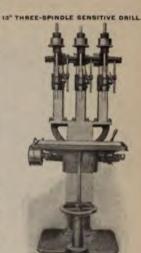


FIG. 11247.

13" FOUR-SPINDLE SENSITIVE DAILL





(Descript) eding page.)



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FIG. 11250.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11250.

This drill is so simple that hardly a word is needed to explain it. It is also a self-contained drill. No countershaft is needed or included. It belts direct from the main line.

About all multiple spindle drills need the website for each spindle, and one of those is a quarter twist, which is a very bad thing on a short belt. With this drill, only one belt for each spindle is needed, and that a straight, open belt. This desirable feature is obtained by a pair of bevel gears, one of which is a rawhide gear, so there is not any noise from the gears. These gears drive the upright shafts with the cone pulleys on top, then a 1½° belt drives the spindles. The tension of the belt is never on the spindle. The quill has steel rack and pinion. The spindle is made of the best crucible steel, and is reamed with Mores taper No. I. The spindles are counterbalanced with a coil spring, which can be adjusted to any degree of sensitiveness. The spindles are 8° apart, and have an adjustment on the side of 12°. Spindles have stop collars. The table is counterbalanced by weight inside of column. The table is provided with oil-channel, and is free to swing either way.

# SPECIFICATIONS.

Size of spindles	34"
Vertical run of spindles	42
Vertical run of table	32
Greatest distance from spindles to table.	12" × 24"
Diameter of column	435*
Will drill to center of	16"
Size of tight and loose pulleys.	7 8 23 2
Size of base Total beight of drill, s	70*
Dutance between spindles	6"
Net weight.	500 lbs.
Gross weight	000 Ibs.
Size of box	10 F41 F41

dding, on the frame directly over the spindle, and has a hollow shaft through and is driven by a key.

d, ranging from 700 to 1,300 revolutions per minute, which are obtained ag handle on the side of the motor to a position giving the speed desired, a speed of the spindle for each of the three positions of the starting lever, slow appeal type, is extremely durable and requires no starting resistance, arrings and, as there is no side pull upon any of them as in machines driven at lease of power through friction is very small and wear of bearings is reduced

SPECIFICATIONS.	
Drills up to 34" hole center of	12*
Greatest distance from spindle to table	38"
Vertical traverse of spindle.	3"
Diameter of table	1136
Total height of drill	73"
Weight of machine	250 lbs.
Weight crated for domestic shipment	325 lbs.
Weight boxed for foreign shipment	400 lbs.
Outside dimensions of box for foreign shipment	15"x 24"x 80"
Maximum horse-power of motor	34
Morse taper end of spindle	No. 2
Floor space	14" x 18"



FIG. 11261.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11252.

This drill is driven by electric motor through the medium of a friction disk, giving a very wide variation in spindle speeds. A serviceable machine for light, sensitive drilling.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Drills in center of	12*
Greatest distance spindle to table	38"
Traverse of spindle	3*
Dismeter of table	1136"
Total height of drill	67"
Hole in spindle fits No. 1 Morse taper.	
Weight of machine	175 lbs.
Weight of machine crated for domestic shipment	225 lbs.
Weight of machine boxed for foreign shipment.	250 lbs.
Dimensions of box for foreign shipment	15" x 22" x 70"
Maximum horse-power of motor	35

Nors: Motors are wound for a direct current of either 110 or 220 volts. In ordering always specify current on which motors are to operate.



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FIG. 11253.

Nore: Drill is built with or without table elevating device, as desired

FIG. 11254.

# SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11253 TO 11255.

Number of Machine and No. of Spindles.	1.	2.	3.		5.	6.
Spindles center to column face	8"	8"	8"	8"	8"	8"
Space between spindle centers		10°	935"	9"	8"	8"
Greatest distance spindle to table	32*	32"	32"	32"	32*	32"
Vertical traverse of spindle	13*	13*	13"	13*	13"	13*
Length of feed.	5*	5"	5"	5*	5*	5"
Size of table	13" x 15"	14" x 253-g"	1435"×34"	1435"×44"	1435" x 55"	1416"x 55"
Size of spindle	34*	34	34"	36*	34"	34"
Size of spindle belt	334"	134*	134"	134"	134"	154*
Drill capacity	30".	34*	NYT	36"	34"	36"
Hole in spindle Morse taper	No. 2	No. 2	No. 2	No. 2	No. 2	No. 2

Pulleys on countershaft 8" diameter for 134" belt.

For ordinary work with high speed drills, countershaft should run 600 revolutions per minute.

All machines equipped with 114" endless belts.

For general description see following page.

# MANUFACTURERS' HIGH SPEED DRILL PRESSES.

FOUR SPINDLE DRILL



FIG. 11255.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11253 TO 11255.

This machine is designed especially for the rapid and accurate production of large numbers of duplicate parts which are made with jigs and is furnished with any number of spindles from one to six. It will drive a %" high speed twist drill up to its limit of endurance, and do this work continuously without injury to the machine itself.

Every bearing on the drill press is a ball bearing made on the four-point contact system, insuring the least possible friction when

The spindle is driven by a two-step cone pulley which is so arranged that all belt strain is removed from the spindle itself, thus using the spindle to run absolutely free in its bearings.

The idler pulleys earrying the endless belt are modited on a bracket of very ingenious design. This bracket is raised or lowered shalt the belt on the spindle pulley from one step to the other by means of a hand lever on sight hand side of machine (see

For lightening or loosening the belt a slide carrying the idlers is mounted on the bracket. This slide is run backward or forward by rack and pinion operated by a small hand wheel (see Fig. 11254).

Provision is made for two additional spindle speeds by the shifting of pulleys on the back driving shall, thus giving the spindle four

For specifications see page 144.

# 14" UPRIGHT DRILL PRESS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11256 AND 11257.

The cuts show our new 1st drill for light d medium work, and we offer it as the best achine on the market, believing that it meets lift the increasing demand for a strong, dura-onal positive driven drill suitable for use in aces where a larger and heavier tool would the required. It is belt driven, the five-step-ness allowing a wide range of speeds; and with e strong positive driving power it gives a ma-sell adapted for the general run of light and drilling.

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SPECIFICATIONS.	
Height of drill	
Distance from column to center of table	
	-
Diameter of column	40
Size of table	10
Diameter of spindle	
Hole in spindle, Morse taper	- 2
Vertical travel of table	4
Vertical travel of spindle	
Greatest distance from spindle to base	
Greatest distance from spindle to table	- 4
Diameter of large pulley on	
COROLLESPACINESPACINES	
Diameter of small pulley on	
cone	
Cone pulleys carry belt	
Diameter of crown gear	
Diameter of bevel pinion	
Diameter of bever phuon	



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FIG. 11257.

# 20" STATIONARY HEAD UPRIGHT DRILL.

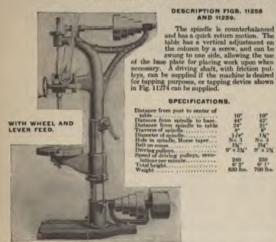


FIG. 11250.

FIG. 11258.



FIG. 11269.

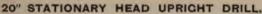




FIG. 11261.

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With wheel and lever and power feed and automatic

stop.

With wheel and lever and power feed, automatic stop and back guars.

Michine can be furnished with round base like that shown in Fig. 11256 instead of square base here shown, if so desired.



FIG. 11282

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11262.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11292.

The head is vertically adjustable on column. This machine has both hand and power feed and an automatic trip or stop motion. The head and spindle has quick return. The table can be round or square as preferred.

This drill can be used for tapping if driven by friction reversing pulleys, or can be fitted with device shown in Fig. 11274.

shown in Fig. 11274.

SPECIFICATIONS.
Distance of table, 10°. Distance from poet to center of table, 10°. Distance from poet to center of table, 10°. Distance from poet to center of table, 20°. As a few for traverse of table, 21°; of head, 12° spindle, 75°. Hole in spindle Morse taper No. 3. Width of be on cone, 214°. Driving pulleys, 9°. 234°. Speed of lower shaft, 24¢ Floor space, 44° x 18°. Height to top of cone, 70° Weight, 730° lbs.

# 21" STATIONARY HEAD DRILL PRESS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11263

Built in the following styles: With wheel and lever feed, as shown With wheel and lever feed and back

With power feed and automatic stop.
With power feed, automatic stop and back geam.



FIG. 11283.

# SPECIFICATIONS, FIG. 11283.

Height of drill, 6' 4\5''.

Drills to center of 21\5''.

Tavene of table on column, 16\4''.

Diameter of table, 19''.

Weights, 975 lbs., 1,020 lbs., and 1,075 lbs.

Belt on cones, 2''.

Diameter of column, 6''.

# 21" SLIDING HEAD UPRIGHT DRILL.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11264.

This machine is of similar design to that shown in Fig. 11262, but is larger, heavier and is fitted with back gears in addition to the usual attachments.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Diameter of table, 19". Distance from post to center of table, 1014". Maximum distance, spindle to base, 48°; spindle to table, 27°. Vertical traverse of table, 15"; of head, 101/2"; of spindle, 8". Diameter of spindle, 114". Hole in spindle, Morse taper No. 3. Width of belt on cone, 234". Driving pulleys, 111/2" x 3". Speed of lower shaft, 240. Floor space, 54" x 22". Height of machine to top of cone, 82". Weight, 1,020 lbs.

Attachment for tapping, as shown in Fig. 11274, can be supplied, if desired.

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FIG. 11264.



FIG. 11265.

# 23" STATIONARY HEAD DRILLS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11265 AND 11266

These machines are constructed of first quality material; and workmanship is on the best. The spindle is made of crucible steel forging

All gears are cut from stock. The driving cone extra large and with wid-giving great belt power 1½" bole in cast iron be drilled without using



FIG. 11266

# SPECIFICATIONS.

ce from post to center of table, 11½°, Greatest distance rolls to table, 25°, Greatest distance from spindle to base, 43°, traverse of spindle, 7½°, Diameter of spindle, 7½°, Hole, Mone taper No. 3. Speed of lower shaft, 250 revolution of the control of the con

# SLIDING HEAD UPRIGHT DRILLS.

24", 28", 32", 36" AND 42". SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11267.

Reight	7'5"	28"	32"	30"	42
Dellis tarcenter	25"	29"	33"	370	9'5"
Distance between buse and spin	ar.	59-	34"	87*	587
Distance between	200		- 100		
Traverse of table.	30%	30.6.	All'	1000	42*
Traverse of head	218-	20%	24%	19%" 26%" 32	2436
Diameter of table.	22"	25"	28"	32"	36
MANDA	74	716"	836"	934"	10*
Diameter spindle	100	110	310	3//-	24
Diameter - spindle	1	-18		*18	216
Barneter slowe	100	111	115	130	200
Traverse mundle	.312	TP.	13"	1400	16-
Moese taper Diameter of crown	No. 4	No. 4	No. 4	No. 5	No. 5
BONT	716"	835	936"	1010"	1116"
Ratio back gears.	256 1	24/1	214:1	25/1	25/1
Tight and loose		10.4		0.1	0.1
Diameter more pul-	12" × 3"	12, x 3%,	14" # 3%"	14" = 4"	10"×45"
C. Bernard and a contract of	5" to 11"	6" to 12"	7" to 13"	104" to 14"	7" to 16"
Face, even pulleys Speed of sounter-	2%"	914.	316.	034	436*
abalt, pevolu-					
tions per minute	350	325	325	275	260
Floor space	1.850 lbs.	24" x 57"	26" x 71"	3.700 ltm.	4,600 lbs.
Minter Charles	N HOUSE	200	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN		Annual Lines.

Compound table for these machines shown in Fig. 11271.

Tapping attachment, as shown in Fig. 11273, can be applied to these drills if desired.



FIG. HERT.

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## 20" SLIDING HEAD UPRIGHT DRILL.



FIG. 11282.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11262.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 1122.

The bead is verticelly adjustable on column. This machine has both hand and power feed and an automatic trip or stop motion. The head and spindle are counterbalanced and spindle has quick return. The table can be round or square as preferred.

This drift can be used for tapping if driven by friction reversing pulleys, or can be fitted with device shown in Fig. 11274.

sys, or can
thown in Fig. 11274.

SPECIFICATIONS.
Diameter of table, 10°. Distan
from post to center of table, 11°
Maximum distance, spindle to ba
85°; spindle to table, 30°. Verti
traverse of table, 21°; of head, 1
of spindle, 716°. Diameter
spindle, 118°. Hole in spin
taner No. 3. Width of 1
taner No. 3. Width of 1 of spindle, 71.5°. Diameter of spindle, 13.4°. Hole in spindle. Morse taper No. 3. Width of bell on cone, 23.4°. Driving pulleys, 9° s 23.4°. Speed of lower shaft, 240. Floor space, 44° x 18°. Height of machine to top of cone, 76°. Weight, 750 lbs.

# 21" STATIONARY HEAD DRILL PRESS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11263

Built in the following styles: With wheel and lever feed, as show With wheel and lever feed and bac

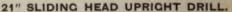
rs. With power feed and automatic With power feed, automatic stop -d back gears.



#### SPECIFICATIONS, FIG. 11283.

Height of drill, 6' 416'.
Drills to center of 213's'.
Distance between base and spindle,
43'5'.
Distance between table and spindle,

Distance between table and spindle, 27½°.
Traverse of table on column, 16½°.
Diameter of table, 19°.
Weights, 975 lbs., 1,020 lbs., and 1,075 lbs.
Belt on cones, 2°.
Diameter of column, 6°.



This machine is of similar design to that shown in Fig. 11262, but is larger, heavier and is fitted with back gears in addition to the usual

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Diameter of table, 19". Distance from post to center of table, 1014". Maximum distance, spindle to base, 48°; spindle to table, 27°. Vertical traverse of table, 15"; of head, 101/2"; of spindle, 8". Diameter of spindle, 11/5". Hole in spindle, Morse taper No. 3. Width of belt on cone, 21/5". Driving pulleys, 111/2" x 3". Speed of lower shaft, 240. Floor space, 54" x 22". Height of machine to top of cone, 82". Weight, 1,020 lbs.

Attachment for tapping, as shown in Fig. 11274, can be supplied, if desired.





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FIG. 11265.

# 23" STATIONARY HEAD DRILLS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS, 11265 AND 11266

ed by means of a screw, wm in cut, and may be cout of the way (to one in case the operator to secure the work to



FIG. 11266.

# SLIDING HEAD UPRIGHT DRILLS.

SPECIFICATIONS.

24", 28", 32", 36" AND 42". SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11267.

Height.	24° 7'8'	7'10"	8'4"	36"	42 9'5"	
Drille to center Distance between how and spin	25"	89*	24"	57*	43*	
Distance between	2690	20NC	41"	42"	42*	
Traverse of table Traverse of head Diameter of table.	19% 21 K	20%	24%	20%	24 M*	
Diameter of col- time.	70	736"	834"	934"	10*	
Diameter spindle	164"	118"	318"	2/4*	244	
Diameter sloeve Traverse spindle	器	帯	135	37	20°	
Morse taper Diameter of crown	No. 4	No. 4	No. 4	No. 5	No. 5	
Ratio back gears.	287.1	2M:1	214.1	10W	21/1	
Tight and loose pulleys.	12" = 3"	12" = 3N"	14" × 2%"	HEE	10"×4%"	
Diameter cone pul- leys. Face, cope pulleys	5" to 11"	6" to 12"	7" to 13"	636" 16 14"	7" to 10"	
Speed of counter- shaft, revolu- tions per minute	350	395	325	370	260	
Floor space	21M ×56	24" x 67" 2,250 lbs.	26" x 71" 2,850 lbs.	28%" x 70" 3,700 lba.	30° ± 90° 4,000 lbs.	

Note: Cut shows 32" machine.

Compound table for these machines shown in Fig. 11271.

Tapping attachment, as shown in Fig. 11273, can be applied to these drills if desired.

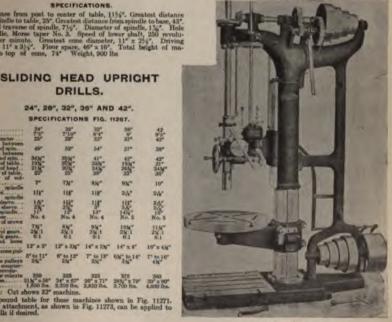


FIG. 11267.

THE

# 24", 26" AND 28" STATIONARY HEAD UPRIGHT DRILLS.

BACK GEARS, HAND AND POWER FEED, AUTOMATIC STOP.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11268.

With several machines running with proper jigs, the same amount of work can be done with half to onefifth the cost of labor, according to the number of machines used, that can be done with ordinary drill

It has a lever that can be used for counter sinking and light, quick drilling. It can be operated as easily as a light machine.

By adjusting thumb nut on side of quill, can drill to any desired depth required; and with the quick return it can be thrown back immediately, and is ready to operate again.

The back gears are thrown out with a lever, without having to use nuts, screws or wrenches.

The bevel gears are about two to one, which makes it very powerful without the back gears. The spindle is counterbalanced with weight and

The spindle is counterbalanced with weight and chain, which takes up lost motion and prevents breaking of drills.

These machines are made of best material and workmanship. The rack is cut from solid piece of steel, as are also the feed pinions on shaft and worm. All running gears and clutches are cut from the solid.

The machines are made with or without back gears, self-feed, reverse motion, or automatic stop, as desired by the purchaser.

All machines are run and tested before leaving the factory.

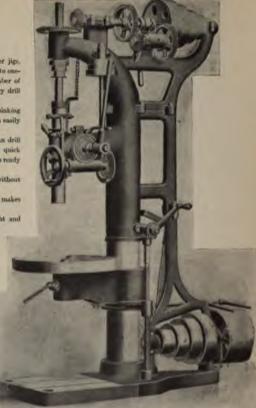


FIG. 11268.

	SPECIFICA	ATIONS.	
24" drille to center of	2434*	Width of pulleys	3*
26* drills to center of	2614**	Speed of pulleys	200
28° drills to center of	2814"	Total height of machine	80*
Distance spindle to base.	41"	Diameter of column	
Diameter of table	21*-23*	Diameter of pulleys	
Vertical feed of spindle.	914"	Hole in spindle Morse taper	
Diameter of spindle of 24*	115"	Floor space	
20° and 28°	194"	Diameter of quill.	
Width of belt on cone	216*	Weight.	

# STANDARD PATTERN, GEAR FEED, VERTICAL DRILLING MACHINES.

WITH SLIDING HEAD.

SIZES: 24", 26", 28", 30", 36", 42" AND 50".

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11269.

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FIG. 11269.

	26.6	CIFICATIO	13.				
Size of Doll.	217	26"	28"	30"	30"	42"	50"
Distance from center of spindle to column	1210	1315*	1436*	1554	1850	2116*	2539*
Maximum distance from spindle to base	40"	43"	48"	48"	55*	50*	60*
Maximum distance from spindle to table.	27"	29"	34"	33"	38*	40"	30*
Vertical adjustment of table	15"	15"	1716"	15"	13"	11"	11*
Vertical traverse of spindle	9"	11"	1234	1446"	1615*	1556*	1514"
Hole in spindle, Morse taper No	4	4	4	4	. 5	5	5
Total height of machine	81"	88*	97*	100°	113*	120"	120"
Diameter of spindle	1942	154*	1945	136*	2"	214"	21/4"
Diameter of table	2015	2234	2359*	25*	28"	30"	42*
Largest diameter of cone	1019	11"	1290	13"	1459*	14"	14"
Width of belt on cone	236	3*	3"	3"	4*	31/2"	314"
Driving bulleys	11"×35%"	12" × 316"	14" × 344"	14" x 334"	16"×43%"	16" x 5"	16" x 5"
Speed of bottom shaft, revolutions per minute	300	300	300	300	300	250	250
Net weight	,400 lbs.	1,700 lbs.	2,200 lba.	2,400 lbs.	.3,200 lbs.	4,700 lbs.	5,500 lbs.
Boxed weight	,815 lbs.	2,200 lbs.	2,820 lbs.	3,195 lbs.	4,090 lbs.	5,875 lbs.	6,875 lbs.
Cubic feet.	63	BT.	102	120	15m	235	275

FIG. 11270.

#### WITH GEARED POWER FEED, BACK GEARS AND AUTO-MATIC STOP.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11270.

Four changes of geared feed are pro-vided, all of which can be made instantly, at any time, without stopping the machine. The device for changing the feed is within says reach of the operator. The trouble heretofore experienced with alipping feed-belts is eliminated by using this geared feed.

feed.

A four step cone with the back gearing gives eight changes of speed to the spindle. Hole in spindle, Morse taper No. 4. Friction pulleys can be supplied for lapping or our special device for tapping (see Fig. 11274) can be attached to the spindle at extra cost. Motor attached, if desired.

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#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Distance from center of spindle to eolumn, 12%.

Maximum distance from spindle to lease,

Maximum distance from spindle to table,

2574". Vertical adjustment of table, 25". Vertical adjustment of table, 22%. Vertical traverse of spindle, 125%. Hole in spindle, Morse saper No. 4. Total height of machine, 81%. Diameter of spindle, 13½. Diameter of table, 21%. Largest diameter of cone, 11%. Width of belt on cone, 3%. Driving polleys, 11% x 31½. Speed of bottom shaft, 300 revolution or minute.

per minute. Net weight, 1,300 lbs.

# INDEPENDENT COMPOUND TABLE.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11271.

Designed primarily for use with drills shown in Fig. 11267, but can be adapted to any machines of similar size.

	Sae Drill.	Dissentions of tables	Cross food.	Lateral food.	Distance from base to tep of rable.	Distance from	Distance from
	24"	18" x 24"	1434"	15/4"	20"	28"	45"
	28*	22" x 26"	1534"	1614"	20°	32"	52*
	32*	22° x 30°	19*	20%4"	20"	34"	54*
н	30	24° x 32°	2034	2234"	20"	37"	57*
	42"	24° x 32°	23342	2234*	20°	38"	58"



FIG. 11271.

#### WITH ADJUSTABLE HEAD.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11272.

chines are made of best material and workhe rack is cut from solid piece of steel, as are
pinions it shalt and worm and shaft. All
and clutches are cut from the solid.
ines are made with or without back gears,
tree motion, or automatic stop, as desired by

is adjustable on the column giving a capac-tween spindle and base plate, and a vertical etween spindle and base pane, and of 26". sines are run and tested before leaving factory.

All machines are run and lested before leaving	g lactory.
DIMENSIONS AS FOLLOWS.	
Height of drill	98"
24" drille to center of	2434"
26" drills to center of	2634"
28" drills to center of	2814
Diameter of table	217
Vertical feed of 24"	10"
Spindle has Morse taper	No. 4
Dismeter of quill on 24*	23/#
Diameter of quill on 26"	32
Floor space	18" x 48"
Diameter of spindle of 24	136"
Diameter of spindle of 26'	196"
Diameter of column	7"
Diameter of tight and loose pulleys	11"
Face of pulleys	200
	1.500 lbs.
Weight of 26"	1,550 lbs.
Weight, lexed	1.900 lbs.
21" DRILL PRESS WITH TAPPING	

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P H H 21" DRILL PRESS WITH TAPPING





FIG. 11272.

26" DRILL PRESS.

GEARS POWER FEED AND AUTOMATIC STOP.

# 21" DRILL PRESS

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11273.

OESCRIPTION FIG. 11273. Indications are same as for Fig. 11203. San be driven in either direction and will handle either direction and will handle either dispace quality well. This machine returns the tap of all which it is driven forward, and is a most artistuch work as can be handled on a drill of this size, but embeddes the feature enabling the operator to reverse the studies in the level of the size of the law of the level. This sevence are supposed to the level.

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# DRILLING MACHINE WITH TAPPING ATTACHMENT.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11274.

Its advantages over other machines of a similar character are plainly recognized by users of drilling machines.

The back gears are so arranged that the spindle may be instantly changed from high to low speed or the reverse, without stopping the machine, by simply operating the back gear lever, which is easily reached from the front of the machine.

Four changes of geared feed are provided, all of which can be made instantly at any time without stopping the machine. The device for changing the feed is within easy reach of the operator. The trouble heretofore experienced with slipping feed belts is eliminated by using this geared feed.

A four step cone with the back gearing gives eight changes of speed to the spindle.

Our improved quick return and stop motions make it possible to quick approach or return the spindle, and engage or disengage the power feed, all with the same lever and with the use of one hand only.

The sliding head and spindle are counterbalanced, and the head is adjusted vertically by means of a rack and pinion.

#### DRILL PRESS WITH COMPOUND TABLE.

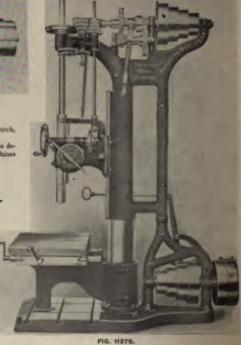


FIG. 11274.

Tapping attachment direct on spindle with positive clutch, shifted by means of lever.

This tapping device can be applied to any of the drills de-ecribed in Fig. 11269, and the specifications for those machines apply to the tapping drills also.

# DRILL PRESS WITH COM-POUND TABLE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11275.

This machine is the same as that shown in Fig. 11269 with the addition of compound table, which attachment can be furnished for any size of drill shown in Fig. 11269.

## SPECIFICATIONS OF COMPOUND TABLES

For. 24" & 26"	28° & 30° Drills.	Drill.	Drilla.
Surface of table 20" x 22"	22° x 26°	22" x 26"	24" x 32"
In and out traverse 1214"	1839"	21"	30*
Cross trav-	1734"	1739*	20"
Height from base. 20"	2034*	2134"	2234*

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# NEW CEAR SPEED CHANGE UPRIGHT DRILLING MACHINE.

The constantly increasing demand for time saving machinery caused us to design and bould the new opright drilling machine. All sixteen spindle speeds are obtained by means of gears and friction clutches which operate instantly and without stopping machine, the operator can change all speeds and feeds without leaving his usual position. The accompanying illustrations and feeds without leaving his usual position. The accompanying illustrations and feeds without leaving his usual position. The accompanying illustrations and feeds without shifting the drawing beit. Fig. 11276 shows a general view of the drill. Fig. 11275 a vertical elevation, and Fig. 11277 a detail of the change gear box.

Driving belt runs on a single pulley, A, Fig. 11278, and power is communicated to the drill spindle through the gear box C. The handles D, E, and F, situated within casy access of the operator, actuate the spools U, Y, and W, which, in conjunction with friction disks and friction rings, Fig. 11277, and each controls two friction clutches. Between the limit of their movements both clutches are disengaged when any one of the levers is in its intermediate position of the clutches operated by each lever be energed in order to drive the spindle. Therefore it is impossible for the operator to engage conflicting ratios of gearing. All speeds are in the same direction. How the eight heads are possible through the gear box will be understood by reference to Fig. 11277. With the right hand clutch on the lower shalf engaged, the spur gear a drives the pany gear 5 on the intermediate shalt. The resulting speed of the spindle is still dependent upon the position of the two upper clutches. The intermediate shalt the position of the spur gear 5 on the intermediate shalt. The resulting speed of the spindle is still dependent upon the position of the clutch spool on the shalt carrying these gears. Assuming that this is also in it right hand position, then the gear a drives the spur gear 5 or 4, sepanding upon the position of the clutch spool on

No. WIT

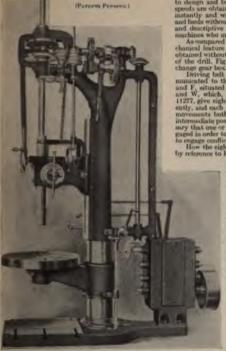


FIG. 11276.

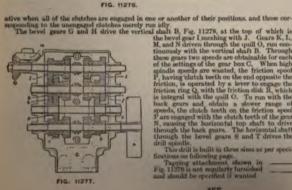


FIG. 11277.

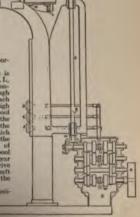


FIG. 11278.

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# GEAR SPEED CHANGE VERTICAL DRILLING MACHINES.

SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11276 TO 11278,-Continued.

Size of drill	20"	30"	Ser-
Distance from center of spindle to column.	1314"	1514"	1834*
Maximum distance from spindle to base	43"	50"	55"
Maximum distance from spindle to table.	29*	35"	35*
Vertical adjustment of table	18"	14"	13"
Vertical traverse of spindle	11"	1436"	1654"
Hole in spindle, Morse taper	No. 4	No. 4	No. 5
Total height of machine	87"	100"	111"
Diameter of spindle	136"	134*	2"
Diameter of table	2216"	25"	28"
Driving pulleys	12° x 314°	14" x 354"	16' x 436"
Speed of bottom shaft, revolutions per minute	350	350	350
Net weight	1,800 lbs.	2,650 lbs.	3,400 lbs.
Boxed weight	2,300 lbs.	3,450 lbs.	4,390 lbs.
Cubic feet	82	126	160
Water falor. Do sub-district of a secretary would make assent district to	the lames defeators the	to down the marries of	Madage wolffers a

Motor drive. By substitution of a constant speed motor, geared direct to the lower driving shaft, for the regular driving palley, a very efficient electrical drive is obtained.



# 221/2" UPRIGHT DRILL PRESS.

MOTOR DRIVEN.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11279.

This drill has the driving motor and controller built into the column of the machine. It is geared direct to the spindle for the high speeds and through a back gear for the slow speeds.

Motor has nine speeds, which, in connection with back gear, gives eighteen speeds for drill spindle in geometrical progression from 24 to 440; has friction back gear that may be thrown in or out without stopping.

Power feed has three changes for each speed, and by cone pullers which are conveniently located, back gears can be thrown in or out without stopping. Power feed is provided with automatic stop.

All gears are accurately cut from solid metal, and the machine is very carefully made throughout.

# SPECIFICATIONS.

Drills in center of	2235
Traverse of spindle	10"
Maximum distance from spindle to base	42"
Maximum distance from spindle to table	28*
Minimum distance from spindle to base	32"
Minimum distance from spindle to table	0"
Smallest diameter of spindle	136*
Weight of machine	1,150 Ilm.
Weight of machine crated for domestic shipment	1,300 lbs.
Weight of machine boxed for foreign shipment.	1,400 lbs.
Dimensions of box for foreign shipment	60" × 39" × 25"
Maximum horse-power of motor	1)6
Motor is wound for a direct current of either 110 or E	20 volta.

# 2', 2'/2' AND 3' ARM RADIAL DRILLS.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11280.

These drills are furnished either with or without tap-ping attachment, as desired.

A swivel table can be supplied, instead of plain table

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

	2'	25"	27.
Drills to the center of	48*	60*	72"
Traverse of spindle	12"	12"	12"
Dismeter of spindle (least			
mection)	1347	136*	136"
Spindle bored to fit Morse			-
taper No	4	4	4
Minimum distance column			
to spindle	1015	1355	13"
Fraverse of saddle on			
column	30"	2634"	301/9*
Fraverse of head on arm	1435"	1956"	26"
Maximum distance from			
spindle to base plate	48%	44"	49"
Size of round table	25"	26"	30"
Total height of machine	90"	87"	92"
Highest position of spindle	9734	92*	98"
Size of tight and loose pul-			
leys	12" x 334"	12" x 314"	12" x 314
Drawel of delution williams	-	-	-

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回 H H 78" x 80" 50" x 7514" 90" x 80" 2,400 lbs. 2,700 lbs. 3,250 lbs.



FIG. 11280.

# 21/2' AND 3' RADIAL DRILLS.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11281.

These machines are peculiarly adapted for These haccomes are peculiarly acapted for light and medium manufacturing, having sufficient power to drill from the solid holes up to 2° in steel and 2½° in cast iron.

Drive is either by gear box, as shown in Fig. 11281, or by cone pulley, as shown in Fig. 1281.

Fig. 11282.

Tapping attachment is part of the regular equipment.

The tables are made in six styles as enu-

The tables are made in six styles as enu-shown in Fig. 11281, and the sixth in Fig. 11283. The round table is merely an auxil-iary to the box, awinging and swiveling tables, and may be used or not, as desired, being readily removed. When notched for indexing, these combination tables are very convenient for spacing holes around a center. The machine may also be furnished with an independent round table 3' in diameter, which is fitted with a ball bearing so as to revolve freely by hand under a load.



FIG. 11201.

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# GEAR SPEED CHANGE VERTICAL DRILLING MACHINES.

SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11276 TO 11278,-Continued.

Size of drill	20"	30"	20"
Distance from center of spindle to column.	1316"	15%*	1834*
Maximum distance from spindle to base	43"	50"	55"
Maximum distance from spindle to table	29"	35"	38"
Vertical adjustment of table	18*	14"	13*
Vertical traverse of spindle	110	1435"	1614*
Hole in spindle, Morse taper	No. 4	No. 4	No. 5
Total height of machine	87"	100"	111"
Diameter of spindle	134"	134"	2"
Diameter of table	2234"	25"	28*
Driving pulleys	12" x 334"	14" x 316"	16' x 456"
Speed of bottom shaft, revolutions per minute.	350	350	350
Net weight	1,800 lbs.	2,050 lbs.	3,400 lbs.
Boxed weight	2,300 lbs.	3,450 lbs.	4,390 lbs.
Cubic feet.	82	120	160
Makes delice. The substitution of a constability and makes assent direct to \$	has been about the ball	A few abor sometime of	Markey was Home .

Motor drive. By substitution of a constant speed motor, geared direct to the lower driving shaft, for the regular driving pulley, a very efficient electrical drive is obtained.



# 221/2" UPRIGHT DRILL PRESS.

MOTOR DRIVEN.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11279.

This drill has the driving motor and controller built into the column of the machine. It is geared direct to the spindle for the high speeds and through a back gear for the slow speeds.

Motor has nine speeds, which, in connection with back gear, gives eighteen speeds for drill spindle in geometrical progression from 24 to 440; has friction back gear that may be thrown in or out without stopping.

Power feed has three changes for each speed, and by cone pulleys which are conveniently located, back goars can be thrown in er out without stopping. Power feed is provided with automatic stop.

All gears are accurately cut from solid metal, and the machine is very carefully made throughout.

## SPECIFICATIONS.

Drills in center of	223-5"
Traverse of spindle	10"
Maximum distance from spindle to base	42*
Maximum distance from spindle to table	28*
Minimum distance from spindle to base	32"
Minimum distance from spindle to table	OP
Smallest diameter of spindle	134*
Weight of machine	1,150 Das.
Weight of machine crated for domestic shipment.	1,300 lbs.
Weight of machine boxed for foreign shipment	1,400 lbs.
Dimensions of box for foreign shipment	89" x 39" x 25"
Maximum horse-power of motor	116
Motor is wound for a direct current of either 110 or	220 yelts.

FIG. 11279.

# 2', 21/2' AND 3' ARM RADIAL DRILLS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11280.

These drills are furnished either with or without tap-ping attachment, as desired.

A swivel table can be supplied, instead of plain table

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

	2	21,	3"
Drills to the center of	48"	60"	72"
Traverse of spindle	12"	12*	12"
Diameter of spindle (least			
section)	1%	1%	196"
Spindle bored to fit Morse			
taper No	4	4	4
Minimum distance column		5000	
to spindle	1015	1355"	13"
Traverse of saddle on	802	-	200
eolumo	30"	2614"	3035"
Traverse of head on arm	1435	1934"	26"
Maximum distance from			
spindle to base plate	4856"	44"	49"
Size of round table	25"	26"	30"
Total beight of machine	90"	87"	92"
Highest position of spindle	9736"	92"	98"
Size of tight and loose pul-			

OMPANY

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0 MM

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12"x314" 12"x314" 12"x314" 250 250

or space..... 78" x 80" 80" x 75)-4" 90" x 80" 2,400 lbs. 2,700 lbs. 3,250 lbs.

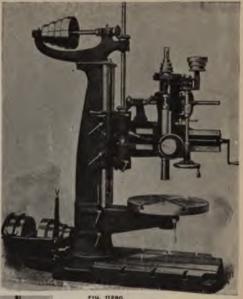


FIG. 11280.

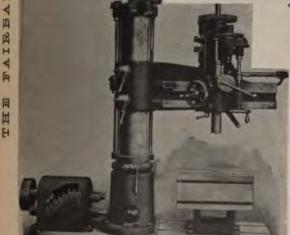


FIG. 11201.

# 21/2' AND 3' RADIAL DRILLS.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11281.

These machines are peculiarly adapted for light and medium manufacturing, having sufficient power to drill from the solid holes up to 2" in steel and 2½" in cast iron.

Drive is either by gear box, as shown in Fig. 11281, or by come pulley, as shown in Fig. 11281, or by come pulley, as shown in Fig. 11282.

The tables are made in six styles as enumerated on eaxt page, the first of which is shown in Fig. 11281, and the sixth in Fig. 11283. The round table is merely an auxiliary to the box, swinging and swiveling tables, and may be used or not, as desired, being readily removed. When notched for indexing, these combination tables are very convenient for spacing holes around a conter. The machine may also be furnished with an independent round table 3" in diameter, which is fitted with a ball bearing so as to revolve freely by hand under a load.

# 21/2' AND 3' RADIAL DRILLS.

CONE DRIVE AND SWINGING TABLE.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11201.-C

Styles of tables.

No. 1, box table.

No. 2, swinging table.

No. 3, swiveling table.

No. 4, round and box tables. No. 5, round and swinging tables No. 6, round and swiveling tables

GEAR DRIVE, WITH SWIVELING AND ROUND TABLES.

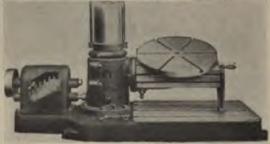


FIG. 11283.

SPECIFICATIONS.	2X Pt.	
Base, height	6"	
Base, size of working surface.	216' x 3'	2
Capacity, vertical range of arm	19 30	
Capacity, horizontal range of bead	2114*	
Capacity, minimum distance column to spindle center.	1514*	
Capacity, minimum distance under spindle over base	13	
Capacity, maximum distance under spindle over base	4' 3"	
Capacity, drills in plane of base to center of	1/	
Capacity, drills in plane of table to center of	511*	
Column, diameter	0,0	
Column, total height from floor.	6. 34	_
Cone drive, size of largest step	246° × 12°	- 2
Cone drive, speed and size of tight and loose pulleys	350-256° x 12°	350
Cone drive, maximum number of revolutions to one of spindle	5.75	-
Gear drive, size of driving pulley	23/ × 12*	3
Gear drive, speed and size of tight and loose pulleys	350-254" x 12"	1356
Gear drive, maximum number of revolutions to one of spindle	10.73	27
Spindle, vertical range	115	
Spindle, diameter at least section	190*	
Spindle, bored to fit Morse taper	No. 4	
Spindle, maximum height from floor	71.84	
	160 = 920	
Table, size of working surface of box.  Table, working surface of swinging and swiveling	16" × 20"	
Table, working surface of swinging and swivering	180	
Table, height of all three styles.	3.520 fbs.	
Weight, akidded for domestic shipment	3.710 lbs	
"Cigor, actioned for demonstre surprised and the control of the co		

# 3' ARM STANDARD RADIAL DRILL.

#### PTION FIGS. 11284 AND 11285.

Il is regularly supplied with tapping and plain table, as shown in Fig.

swivel table as shown in Fig. 11285 unified if desired, or a swivel table worm gear may be had. The round is an accessory which is also supplied and will be found convenient for s of work

red leed gives six changes, as follows: btained are .007, .0102, .0149, .0218, 5 of an inch per revolution of the

is powerful, being capable of driving through solid cast iron, a 214" drill id steel, or a 255" pipe tap in east iron.



FIG. 11284.



# SPECIFICATIONS

FIGS. 11284 AND 11:	285.
Drills to the center of	72*
Traverse of spindle	12"
Diameter of spindle (least sec-	
tion)	192*
Spindle bored to fit Morse taper	No. 4
Minimum distance column to	
spindle	13"
Traverse of saddle on column	29*
Traverse of head on arm	25"
Maximum distance spindle to	
base	51"
Minimum distance spindle to	
base	10"
Command hatake of make	
Size and height of table	10° x 30° x 18°
Size of round table	23°
Size of round table	23* 7' 8* 8' 634*
Size of round table Total beight of machine	23° 7′ 6°
Size of round table	23* 7' 8* 8' 634*
Size of round table	23* 7' 8* 8' 634*
Size of round table	23° 7' 8° 8' 6)4' 12° x 3)4" 230 9"
Size of round table	23° 7′ 8° 8′ 634° 12° × 334° 230
Sine of round table	23° 7' 8° 8' 6)4' 12° x 3)4" 230 9"
Sine of round table  Total height of machine  Highest position of spindle  Size of tight and loose pulleys.  Speed of driving pulleys, revolutions per minute.  Face of column  Face of arm	23° 7' 8° 8' 6)4' 12° x 3)4" 230 9"
Sine of round table	23* 7' 8* 8' 63/4* 12* x 33/4* 230 9" 8*
Sine of round table	23° 7' 8° 8' 634° 12° x 334° 2330 9" 8°
Sine of round table	23* 7' 8* 8' 63/4* 12* x 33/4* 230 9" 8*

# 3' AND 4' ARM CEAR SPEED CHANCE RADIAL DRILLS.



FIG. 11286.

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ort, in place of the plain table shown in cut (see Fig. 11297), me at extra cost (see Fig. 11291).

	SPECIFICATIONS.	Y	
Diameter of spindle		1965	750
Hole in spindle, Morse taper		No. 4	No. 4
Traverse of spindle		14"	3436"
Traverse of saddle		39"	33
Traverse of brad		24"	33"
Maximum distance, column to spindle center		4014*	47*
Minimum distance, column to spindle center		163-9*	14"
Maximum distance, spindle to trunnion		343-0*	40*
Minimum distance, spindle to truncasa.		10%	7*
Will drill to center of		83*	94"
Maximum distance, spinslle to base.		58*	59"
Minimum distance, spindle to base.		6"	1134"
Driving pulley		12° x 304°	12° x 350°
Speed of driving pulley, revolutions per minute		350	330
Ruse plate		61" x 29"	70° x 34°
Available space on base plate		43° x 29°	40° x 54°
Table		20" × 24" × 22"	26° x 24° x 22°
Height		92"	80.
Floor space		7814" x 28"	84" × 35"
Weight, net.		3,200 Ba.	4,400 lbs.
Weight, boxed	The transport of the second of the second	3,930 ftm.	5,255 Nm.
Cubic fort		37	104

# NOS. 1, 2 AND 3 ORDINARY PLAIN RADIAL DRILL.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11287.

ack gears, which consist of but three gears and a clutch and assered or disengaged from the front of the head, are so located and that the friction rings in the tapping mechanism are obliged nit less than one-seventh the pull required at the spindle.

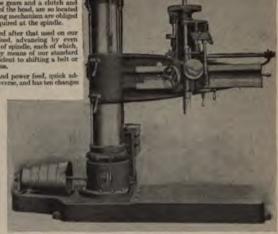
feeding mechanism, which is patterned after that used on our dradials. furnishes four rates of feed, advancing by even tas from .008 to .020' per revolution of spindle, each of which, esse machines, is instantly available by means of our standard which eliminates all loss of time incident to shifting a belt or ting under a feed of unnecessary fineness.

persting under a feed of unnecessary inneness.

The spindle is provided with both hand and power feed, quick adce and roturn, safety stop and hand lever reverse, and has ten changes
peed which, by being made to advance
geometrical progression between the
parstrely narrow limits of approxiely eight to one, are suitable for drilleconomically all work adapted to the
active of the machine. An engraved
a stached to the arm abows the
rator how to obtain the proper speeds
different metals and diameters of drills.

erent metals and diameters of drills.

tapping mechanism, which is
tapping mechanism, which is
al with that used on our improved
is incorporated in the design of
ad and permit tapping at any
vith which the machine is provided,
the with friction clutches which,
to the back gears being located bethem and the spindle gear pinion,
attermely light duty to perform,
them both powerful and long lived,
clutches are operated by a lever,
died of which extends around under
a within convenient reach of the
r and is used for efarting, stopping,
wesing the spindle.



#### FIG. 11207.

SPECIFICATIONS.			
	No. L.	No. 2.	Na. 3.
Diameter of column	11*	13°	15"
Diameter of spindle, least section	1960	234*	254"
Spindle bored to fit Morse taper	No. 4	No. 5	No. 5
Traverse of spindle.	15"	17"	19"
Berisontal range of head	3' 2"	4' 2"	N 2"
Receives under spindle, over base	5'	5' 9"	6' 6"
Drills work in plane of base to center of	8'	10"	12'
Drills work in plane of table to center of	8' 614"	10' 754"	12' 814"
Width of driving belt.	3*	314"	314*
See of tight and loose pulleys	334° × 15°	334" × 16"	334" x 18"
Speed of countershaft, revolutions	400	400	400
Ploor spaced required	9' x 11' 7°	10' 6" x 14'	12' x 16' 5"
Weight, net	6,200 lbs.	9,900 lbs.	13,600 lbis.

# NOS. 1, 2 AND 3 IMPROVED PLAIN RADIAL DRILL.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11288.

The back gears are fitted with friction clutches, which, without having to stop the machine, give instantly for each position of the driving belt or set of driving gears, four changes of speeds, each of which exerts at the spindle more than double the pulling power of the next faster one.

The spindle has sixteen changes of speed, arranged in geometrical progression, and is provided with both hand and power feed, quick

where each dog should be located in order to disengage the feed at the desired points.

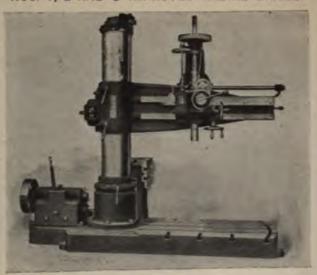
The automostic trip operates at as many different metals and diameters of drills.

The depth gauge answers a double purpose; besides enabling the operator to read all depths from zero, which does away with the usual keys concentrate to scaling or calipering, it supplies a convenient means for setting the automatic trip, the graduations showing exactly there each dog should be located in order to disengage the feed at the desired points.

The automostic trip operates at as many different points as there are depths to be drilled at one setting of the work.

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# NOS. 1, 2 AND 3 IMPROVED RADIAL DRILLS.



# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11288.—Custin

# SPECIFICATIONS.

	Nu.L.	No. 2.	No. 3.
Diameter of column.	111*	13*	15*
Diameter of spindle, least section.	1967	234*	250
Spindle bared to fit Mosse taper.	No. 4	No. 5	No.5
Travene of spindle.	10"	17*	364
Horisotal range of head	37.50	4' 50	N 50
Vertical range of arms	St. Fe.	20	3" 11"
Receives under spindle, over base	37	37.95	6' 8"
Receives under spindle, over floor.	87.75	67.55	7' 3"
Drills work in plane of base to center of	*	307	120
Drills work in plane of table to center of.	8" 654"	10'734"	12' 81/1
Size of table, working surface	20° x 20°	24" x 24"	200" + 200"
Size of buse, working surface.	2350	3'6' x 5' 634"	N' = N' 7"
Distance from floor to highest point of column	7'8"	8' 93/*	9" 1116"
Distance from floor to extreme height of spindle	W 7*	30" 1116"	12" 33.04
Minimum revolutions of driving pulsey to one revolution of spindle	.9713	3808	1.130
Maximum revolutions of driving pulley to one revolution of quindle	33.04	15.68	18.04
Diameter of driving pulley	16*	16*	10"
Width of driving belt	3*	7	3"
Size of tight and loose pulleys	214"×10"	31/7 x 16"	35C* x 10*
Speed of countershaft, revolutions	230	235	240
Floor space required	9'4" × 11'10"	10'0" x 14'2"	11'8" x 16'6"
Weight, net.	6,300 fla.	9.600 Dec	13,200 lbs.
Weight, skidded for domestic shipment	6,400 Ds.	9,550 lbs.	13,500 fbs.

# GEAR SPEED CHANGE RADIAL DRILLING MACHINES.

5', 6' AND 7' ARM.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11289.

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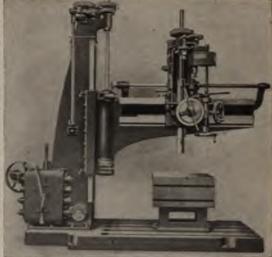


FIG. 11269.

ed without stopping the machine and without shock; a feature which saves a great deal

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runng. tt, in place of the plain table shown in cut (see Fig. 11297). e at extra cost (see Fig. 11291).

## SPECIFICATIONS

	When.	Within.	T' Arm.
Dismeter of saintle	170*	23/4	250*
Made to saintle Mores Caree	200	No. 5	80.5
Hole in spindle. Morse taper	107	167	16*
Traverse of spindle	711/7	747	979
A.Parente of species	41.14	200	0.00
I farefree of bendamental and the second sec	40"	3435	90"
Maximum distance, solumn to spindle center	61.	78"	80"
Minimum distance, column to spindle center	21"	2234	23"
Maximum distance, spindle to trumine.	52"	6615"	100
Minimum distance, spendle to trustaion.	12"	12	14"
Will drill to center of	122"	190"	160*
Maximum distance, spindle to base.	-601.c*	66"	75"
Minimum distance, spindle to base	142	16"	20*
Driving pulley	14" = 410"	16" x 410"	16° x 416°
Speed of driving pulley, revolutions per minute	330	250	350
	915 = 365	112° × 42°	129° x 48°
Box Jule account to him white	667 + 367	900 - 500	55" × 45"
Available space on have plate and a second and a second as a secon	345 × 345 × 350	227 × 227 × 247	27" x 23" x 24"
The state of the s	24 2 24 2 22	1159	1978
Hegalization to the control of the c	100	110	1001/ 8- 100
Place space	10215 X 30	13F X 42	13039 X 90
Weight art	6,500 lbs.	10,200 lbs.	12,200 206

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# 8' AND 9' ARM PLAIN RADIAL DRILLING MACHINES.



FIG. 11290.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11290

These dells are similer to those shown on preceding page except that they are driven by cone policy and cosmic-chaft instead of by speed box. They are heavy, powerful tools, designed for the hardest kind of work.

SP			

North data	FAM.	F.Arm.
Diameter of spindle	256"	4"
Hole in spindle, Moree taper	No. 6	No. 8
Traverse of spinds	227	72"
Traverse of making	43*	53*
Traverse of head.	101	535
Maximum distance, column to spindle senter	100*	
	100	-110945
Mainum distance, rolumn to spindle center	280	-36)/2"
Maximum distance, spindle to tremain.	327	10134*
Maintan distance, spladle to trustion	16*	1855"
Will drill to make of	ZHP.	230*
Maximum distance, spindle to base	52*	9234*
Mainten distance, quade to base.	13*	1734*
Driving puller	16" × 550"	
		34, ¥ 616,
Speed of driving pulsy, weektime per minute	330	333
Due plate a response a commence a	105,426.	118" x 54"
Available space on hose plate	108° X 54°	1111" + 54"
Table	27"×22"×26"	60° × 42° × 24°
Height	1.04*	174"
Floor grade	138° x 54°	1757 × 541
Weight, set.	15.100 Dec	36,000 Bat.
	29.700 Eu.	The state of the s
Weight, borod.	1111111111111111	40,000 ilus
Cable feet.	36	480

# GEAR SPEED CHANGE RADIAL DRILLS.

SEMI-RADIAL DRILL.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11292.

The chief characteristics of this machine rigidity, simplicity and durability, ich, combined with a high ratio of naminsion gears, make it an admirable for many clauses of work. The head, on which all bearings are of common length, consists of a single fing and is adjustable on the arm by ans of a spiral gear which gives it any and quick motion.

0 0

M A 4 IRB. 4 14

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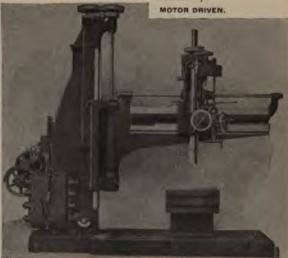


FIG. 11291.

The spindle, which is made of hammered steel and has an urusually great vertical adjustment for a machine of its size, is provided with both hand and power feed and quick advance and return.

The forcing mechanism furnishes three rates of feed, advancing by even increments rates of feed, advancing by even increments each of which is instance would be spindle, each of which is instance and in the spindle of t

Diam. spindle, least section.
Spindle bored to fit Morse taper
Traverse of spindle.
Horizontal range of head
Maximum distance under spindle over table.
Maximum distance under spindle over table.
Maximum distance under spindle over base.
Maximum distance under spindle over floor.
Drills work in plane of base to center of.
Size of table, working surface.
Size of base, working surface.
Maximum dianueter of driving scones. SPECIFICATIONS. 4

Maximum manuscript of the cones. 18° sones. 18° size of tight and loose pulleys. 3½° x 18° Width of cone belt. 28° Speed of countershaft, R.P. M. 250° Speed of countershaft, R.P. M. 250° Weight, net. 6,500° lbs.



FIG. 11292.

# HALF UNIVERSAL RADIAL DRILL.

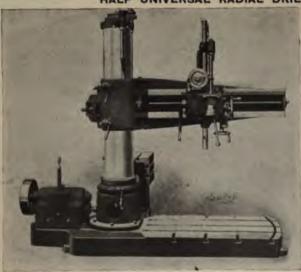


FIG. 11293.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11293.

The head works at all angles in vectical plane, is griduated 90° either side of zero, and has an improved locking devenith instead of compressing the faces of the arm expands them in the saddle, whereby the combined stresses of twisting and bending are most effectually

The back gears are fitted with friction clutches, which without having to stop the machine, give instantly for each position of the driving belt or set of driving gears, four changes of speeds, each of which exerts at the spindle more than double the the pulling power of the next faster one.

The spindle has sixteen changes of speed, arranged in geometrical progression, and is provided with both hand and power feed, quick advance and return, safety stop, automatic trip, dial depth gauge and hand lever reverse. An engraved plate attached to the arm shows the operator how to obtain the proper speeds for different metals and diameters of drills.

double purpose: besides enabling the operator to read all depths from zero, which does away with the usual delays concomitant to scaling or calipering, it supplies a convenient means for setting the automatic trin, the gradu-

ations showing exactly where each dog should be located in order to discripage the leed at the desired points.

The automatic trip operates at as many different points as there are depths to be drilled at one setting of the work.

The feeding mechanism furnishes eight rates of feed, ranging in geometrical progression from 0.07° to .064° per revolution of spindle, each of which is instantly available, eliminating all loss of time incident to shifting a belt, or to operating under a feed of unnecessary fresenses.

The tapping mechanism is located on the head, and permits the backing out of tape at any speed with which the machine is proceeded, seen-citibet on the ment used in divinier them; in

The driving mechanism consists ementially of a pulley, four pairs of grars, two friction clutches and an operating lever, by me of which are not four models in instantial continues in the continues in the continues of the conti

SPECIFICATIONS.

	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.
Diameter of column	11"	13*	15*
Diameter of spindle at point power is applied	2%*	2%5	250
Spindle bored to fit Morse taper	No. 4	No. 5	No. 5
Traverse of spindle	15"	17*	19*
Horisontal range of head	3' 2"	4'34"	4'110
Vertical range of arm	3'1"	3, 0,	3' 11"
Receives under spindle, over base	4' 10"	8' 614"	6, 3,
Receives under spindle, over floor	5' 5"	6' 216"	7"
Drills work in plane of base to center of	8'	10'	12'
Drills work in plane of table to center of	8' 654"	10' 734"	12' 814"
Size of table, working surface	20° × 20°	24" * 24"	28" x 28"
Size of base, working surface	3' x 4' 6'	3' 6" x 8' 6) 4"	4' × 6' 7"
Least distance between drill and column centers	1814*	2114"	2436"
Distance from floor to highest point of column	7' 8"	8' 934"	9' 114"
Distance from floor to extreme height of spindle	9' 6"	10' B*	11' 10"
Minimum revolutions of driving pulley to one revolution of spindle	,8713	,9908	1.130
Maximum revolutions of driving pulley to one revolution of spindle.	13.91	15.66	18.04
Diameter of driving pulley	16"	16"	16"
Width of driving belt	3"	3"	3"
Size of tight and loose pulleys	3%" x 16"	3%4" × 16"	354" x 16"
Speed of countershaft, revolutions	230	235	240
Floor space required	8' 10" x 11' 9"	10' 3" x 14' 1"	11' 7" x 16' 4"
Weight net	6,200 lbs.	9.820 lbs.	13.430 lbs.

# 5' ARM HALF AND FULL UNIVERSAL RADIAL DRILLS.

# DESCRIPTION FIGS, 11294 AND 11295.

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FIG. 11294. SHOWS HALF UNIVERSAL

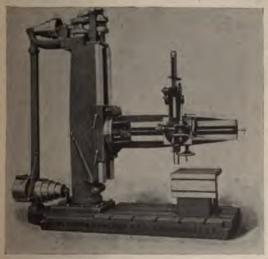


FIG. 11295. SHOWS FULL UNIVERSAL.

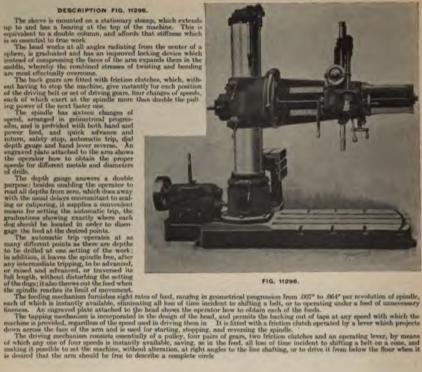
device is so arranged that the spindle may be started in either direction or stopped without the control of the

SPECIFICATION	21
Drilla to center of	120"
Greatest distance from spindle	
to have	60"
Diameter of spindle	234*
Taper hole in socket, Morse	10000
taper	No. 5
Traverse of spindle	18"
Traverse of saddle	44"
Traverse of head on arm	38"
Table	22" x 22"
Height of table	22"
Width of belt on cone	3)4"
Tight and loose pulleys, diam-	30.00
eter	16"
Tight and loose pulleys, face	4"
Tight and loose pulleys, speed	335
Total height of drill	10'7"
Floor space	12956" × 174"
Weight, net	10,500 lbs.
Note: We are prepared to	furnish drills

of similar pattern having 4' or 6' arm.
Complete information will be sent on application.

## FULL UNIVERSAL RADIAL DRILL.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11296.



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#### SPECIFICATIONS.

	No. 1	No. 2.	No B
Diameter of column.	11*	13*	15*
Diameter of spindle at point power is applied	256"	254*	296*
Spindle bored to fit Morse taper	No. 4	No. 5	No. 5
Traverse of spindle,	15"	17"	19"
Horizontal range of head	2' 8"	3' 615"	4' 5"
Vertical range of arm	3, 1,,	3. 6.	N' 11"
Receives under spindle, over base	4' 10"	5' 616"	6, 3,
Receives under spindle, over floor	2. 3.	0. 214	201
Drills work in plane of base to center of	9/61/7	100 731 07	10/ 01/0
Size of table, working surface	20" = 20"	24" = 24"	264 = 364
Size of base, working surface	3' v A' 45"	3" 6" x 5" 614"	4' = 6' 7"
Distance from floor to highest point of column.	7' 8"	8' 914"	9" 1114"
Distance from floor to extreme height of spindle	9' 6"	10' 71-5"	11'9"
Minimum revolutions of driving pulley to one revolution of spindle	.8713	9808	1.130
Maximum revolutions of driving pulley to one revolution of spindle.	13.91	15.66	18.04
Diameter of driving pulley	16*	16"	16"
Width of driving belt	3"	3"	3"
Size of tight and loose pulleys	314" × 16"	3% × 16"	394" × 16"
Speed of countershaft, revolutions	234	10' 116" x 14' 2"	238
Floor space required	6 300 th	about 9.650 lbs.	about 13,000 lbs.
Weight, net	O, see Hos.	2000 PM	MOOUT 18,000 10s.

# UNIVERSAL TILTING TABLE FOR RADIAL DRILL.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11297.

This table was designed primarily for use with radial drills shown in Figs. 11286 and 11289, but can be used with equal satisfaction on any design of radial drill.

Made in two sizes:

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回 Ц H Size No. 1. Suitable for use with 3' or 4' arm tadial drill.

Top surface	23 M" x 22"
Side surface	22" x 20%;"

See No. 2. Suitable for use with 5', 6' or 7' arm radial drill.

Top surface	-27" x 23"
Side surface,	27" x 22%"



FIG. 11297.

## RADIAL DRILLING AND COUNTERSINKING MACHINE.



FIG. 11296.

This machine is designed for use in holler shops and shipyards, for drilling and countersinking large steel plates. These plates can be laid upon the floor, or beach underseath the machine. The radial arm is supported by one long, heavily ribbed wall plate, or bracket, for the purpose of bolting to a post or to the wall. It is placed at a sufficient distance from the floor for the operator to pass under. The radial arm swings easily upon tall bearings. The spindle is brought to any position, either by swinging the arm or by moving the head, carrying the spindle along the arm, both movements being easily accomplished. The spindle is fed by a long hand lever, and counterbalanced by a spiral spring. The driving shaft is adjustable, for the purpose of belting from the main line, at either side of the post or in the position shown in illustration.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Extreme length of machine, 15' 6\*. Maximum distance from post to spindle, 14'. Minimum distance from post to spindle, 3'. Maximum distance from under side of radial arm to end of spindle, 40". Minimum distance from under side of radial arm to end of spindle, 40". Minimum distance from under side of radial arm to end of spindle, 35°. Vertical traverse of spindle, 7°. Diameter of spindle, 39". Hole in spindle, Morse taper No. 4. Traverse of bead on radial arm, 11'. Laught of wall plate, 6" 10". Width of wall plate, 14". Tight and loose pulleys on driving slatt, 16" in diameter by 434" face. Speed of rountershaft, 120 revolutions per minute. Weight, 2,550 lbs. Boxed weight, 3,250 lbs. 94 cubic feet.

This machine is designed for light drilling. Diameter of spindle, 134".

Length, 10".

Will drill a 14" hole to center of 10" circle 2" de

The greatest distance from spindle to table, 10°.

The drill socket screws on to the spindle and takes drill with ½° round shank. It can be removed and our No. 51 universal chuck put on in its place, which would be extra.

It has a swing table 7" diameter and automatic feed.

Length, 40".

Net weight, 90 lbs.

Gross weight, 130 lbs.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11300.

Will Drill from 16" to 116" Hole.

Diameter of spindle, 11/4".

Length of spindle, 12".

Will drill a 1½" hole to center of 11" circle 2½" deep.

Greatest distance from spindle to table, 12".

The drill socket screws onto the spindle and takes drills with 14" round shank.

It can be removed and our No. 51 universal chuck put on in its place.

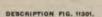
The chuck would be extrm.

It has positive automatic feed, which can be adjusted to four rates of speed. It has swing table 8° diameter, also a grinding attachment with rest for grinding the bit correctly.

Total length, 47°.

Net weight, 120 lbs.

Gross weight, 164 lbs. Size of box, 47" x 16" x 11".



Will Drill from 16" to 116" Hole.

This machine is designed for carriage makers and heavier blacksmith work. In general design it resembles the No. 2. It is built heavier and has larger capacity.

Diameter of spindle, 13%".

Length, 15".

Will drill a 136" hole to center of 16" circle, 436" deep.

Greatest distance from spindle to table, 22".

The drill socket screws on to the spindle, and takes drill with 11" round shank. It can be removed and our No. 52 universal chuck put on in its place. The chuck would be extra.

This drill has the automatic feed, a swing table 11" in

diameter, and grinding attachment.

This drill has been changed so that two speeds are obtained without changing the crank; this also gives high speed on the balance wheel all the time; the change is made in an instant by turning the little lever to the right or left.

Length, 60".

Not weight, 200 lbs.

Gross weight, 262 lbs. Sire of box, 60° x 20° x 13°,

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11302.

This machine is substantially the same as the No. 3, except that it is arranged for operation by both hand and power.



NO. 1% DRILL



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FIG. 11200



FIG. 11302.



FIG. 11299.

NO. 3 DRILL

NO. O DRILL

FIG. 11301.

## NO. 13 IMPROVED UPRIGHT POWER DRILL.

LEVER FEED.

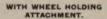
DESCRIPTION FIG. 11303.

The cut represents a power drill, with lever feed, fastened to tubular iron columnt. It is a very suitable machine for blacksmith and other shops where power is used. It is furnished with a square table and forked footpiece, or with round table and footpiece, a shown in cut, as desired. Drills to the center of 19° circle. Greatest distance between table and spindle, 21°; traverse of spindle, 8°. Spindle is fitted for ½' straight shank drills, or ½° if desired and can be made to take taper or square shank at small advance is cost. It has mechanical device for raising and lowering table. Three step cone pulley, 3½°, 6½°, 4½°, for 2½° belt. Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft, 10°, for 2½° belt.

Levett, 53°.

Length, 63°. Weight, 330 lbs. Boxed for export, 64½° x 28° x 15°, 420 lbs.

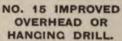
## NO. 14 IMPROVED UPRICHT POWER DRILL.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11304.

The illustration represents No. 14 drill for blacksmiths and carriage makers, being fitted with a removable wheel holding attachment, on which wheels are quickly revolved when drili-ing holes in tires. Wheels of various dimensions can be brought in contact with drill bit by raising or lowering the table arm to which the wheel holder is

Can be furnished with or without wheel holder, as desired.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11305.

When placed on a wall the distance from wall to spindle is 1952". When placed on a cross beam or hanging post, work of any dimensions can be brought under the drill. Entire length of drill,

Weight, 400 lbs. Boxed for export, 38" x 30" x 18", 475 lbs. Made in three styles: Style 1, with countershaft and lever

feed. Style 2, with countershaft and screw

Style 3, with countershaft, lever and screw feed combined.



FIG. 11303.



FIG. 11306.



FIG. 11304.



FIG. 11308.

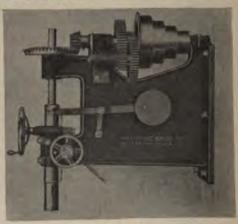
### BOILER MAKERS' DRILL-ING MACHINE.



## COMBINED 20" AND 56" POST DRILL.

Head is vertically adjustable on column. Head and spindle are counterbalanced. Hand wheel feed and quick return motion Countershaft accompanies this machine.

Traverse of spindle, 18°. Distance from post to center of spindle, 28°; Irom column, 10°. Diameter of spindle, 1½°. Hole in spindle, Morse taper No. 3. Width of cone belt, 2½°. Counter pulleys, 11° x 3½°. Speed of countershaft, 22S. Required space on post, 30° x 6°. Weight, about 500 Rs. Boxed weight, 750 Rs.



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It is bolted to a post or will at any required distance from the floor. Especially designed for heavy stock, it is most substantially built, the gearing particularly being very large. The pinion wheel which engages the rack on quill is driven on or keyed to its shaft, but is, with its shaft, made of one sold piece of steel. This construction gives great strength to pinion to resist heavy strains. The worm is of hardened steel, running in a bronze worm gas of coarse pitch. The rack on quill as and is strongly bolted to it. It has a counterbalanced spindle and quertum motion. The feed is by hand wheel and worm garing. Capacity holes in wrought metal. Countershaft accompanies machine.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Distance from pest to center of spindle, 18% at Traverse of spindle, 19) Diameter of spindle in bearing, 2½ at Hole in spindle, Mores taper No. Width of belt on cone, 3". Driving pulleys, 14" x 4". Speed of countershaped 200 revolutions per minute. Space required on post or wall for frame machine, 36½ x 14". Weight, 1,600 lbs. Board weight, 1,680 lbs. cubic feet.

# SUSPENSION DRILLING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11308.

It is suspended from the ceiling or overhead timbers and bolted thereto. There is nothing in this machine to interfere with any work that may be brought under it. The frame is rigid, in one casting, and needs no trips tred to support it. The spindle is counterbalanced, has hand and power feed, quick return movement, and three changes of feed. Power feed thrown in by quick return lever. Capacity, 2\* holes. Countershaft accompanies machine.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Traverse of spindle, 19°. Diameter of spindle, 2°. Hole in spindle, Morse (aper No. 4. Distance from ceiling to lower end of spindle, when spindle is at the greatest height, 70°. Ceiling space required to fasten frame, 30° squeen Counter polluys, 14° x 4°. Speed of countershaft, 200 revolutions per minute. Weight, 1, 200 its. Boxed weight, 2, 200 its. 50 cubic feet.

#### 14" MANUFACTURERS' CANG DRILL.

WITH SELF OPERATING SPINDLES.

#### DESCRIPTION PIG. 11300.

We build our 14" manufacturers' drill in 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 spindle styles. This machine is similar in design to our 20" manufacturers' drill, being especially adapted for trapid drilling and reasoning on multiple pieces of work. The syndless are independent and self-operating. There are no time consuming feed levers to manipulate. The operator has only to trip the throw-included the control of the control of

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It is a great time and labor saver



FIG. 11309

# Height of drill... Diameter of spindles... Diameter of spindles... Diameter of spindles... Diameter of spindles... Bole in spindle conforms to Morse taper. Each spindle will drill to the center of a circle. Vertical travel of spindle... Vertical travel of spindle... Vertical travel of spindles... Vertical travel of spindles... Size of table, planed surface, two spindle drill. Size of table, planed surface, two spindle drill. Size of table, planed surface, four spindle drill. Size of table, planed surface, four spindle drill. Size of table, planed surface, its spindle drill. Chaineter distance from spindle to table. Diameter of large pulley on cone. Diameter of small pulley on cone. SPECIFICATIONS. ATIONS. Cone pulleys carry belt. Diameter of crown gear. Diameter of crown gear. Diameter of bevel pinion. Size of tight and loose pulleys for ordinary work, revolutions per minute. \*Floor space required, three spindle drill. \*Floor space required, five spindle drill. \*Floor space required, four spindle drill. \*Floor space required, four spindle drill. \*Floor space required, four spindle drill. \*Floor space required, five spindle drill. \*Floor space required, six spindle drill. \*Floor space required, six spindle drill. \*Floor space required, six spindle drill. \*Veight, two spindle drill, net, 1,250 lbs., crated, 1,363 lbs. Weight, six spindle drill, net, 1,260 lbs., crated, 1,300 lbs. weight, six spindle drill, net, 1,260 lbs., crated, 2,900 lbs. so cover rount stack nby countershaft. 67" 12" No. 2 13" 8" 1615" 10" x 24" 10" x 36" 10" x 48" 10" x 60" 10" x 72" 24" 40° x 27° 40° x 39° 40° x 51° 40° x 63° 40° x 75° \* The figures given for requ



# AUTOMATIC REVOLVING CHUCK.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11310.

This automatic chuck can be used on any of our 14" and 20" manufacturers' drills now on the market.

Our manufacturers' drills have independent, self-operating spindles, and together with these new chucks attached make completely automatic drilling machines.

The automatic chuck will work in an upright or horizontal position or at any angle that may be required. It revolves and spaces automatically for equidatant holes in a circle, or for holes of unequal distances, provided no two holes are more than a half circle apart.

This chuck is especially built for use on our manufacturers' drills for drilling holes in single pieces or in any number of small separate pieces that can be set in a circular jig for holding same; in fact the chuck can be used advantageously on a large variety of work and, will do it faster than any drill on the market to-day.

The whole machine is see simple that a boy can run it.

The only limit to the amount of work it will do is the time it takes the operator to change the pieces.

#### 20" MANUFACTURERS' GANG DRILL.



FIG. 11311.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11311.

A drill that does all but placing the work in the

We build our 20° manufacturers' drill regularly in two, three, four and six spindles.

This machine is entirely new in design and con-atruction, being adapted particularly for manufac-turing plants having multiple pieces of work to be rapidly drilled or reamed or both.

rapidly drilled or reamed or south is controlled by one lever. This lever starts the drill, and im-mediately the spindle rapidly descends to the work, feeds through or to required depth at proper speed, then quickly returns submantically, where it awaits the next operation; or by removal of a certain stop-pin, the spindle instead of stopping upon return, will again descend and so on, thus keeping up a con-tinuous operation. We can furnish any or all of the spindles with back gearing when required.

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The spindles are driven separately from quarter lurn countershalts, giving independent speeds as well as independent feeds. When desired we can turnish single belt drive with friction clutch for each

The table is raised and lowered by a single sc centrally logated, as may be seen in the cut. table has T slots and grooved rim for oil drip, an required, we can equip the machine with oil pa attachment.

A mechanic can readily see the advantage of the machine. The operator is kept busy taking wor to and from his jags; the machine does the rest. I can be adapted to do a large variety of work, bot quickly and accurately. As an economizer of time and labor, this machine is far ahead of any drill or the market. We guarantee it to produce more workham any other drill of its size.

SPEC	SIFICATIONS.	
4"	Diameter of crown gear	536"
50	Diameter of bevel pinion.	314
36"	Size of tight and loose pulleys	10° x 214"
0.3	Speed of tight and loose pulleys for ordinary work,	
ge.	revolutions per minute	250
4"	*Floor space required, two spindle drill	46" x 40"
9"	*Floor space required, three spindle drill	48" x 46"
x 30°	*Floor space required, four spindle drill	48" x 60"
x 45"	*Floor space required, six spindle drill	48" x 90"
x 60"	Wgt., two spindle drill 1,650 lbs, net, 1,800 lbs, crated,	2.300 lbs. boxed
x 90°	Wgt , three spindle drill 2,250 lbs. net, 2,400 lbs. crated,	3,200 lbs. boxed
16×	Wgt., four spindle drill 3,250 lbs. net, 3,400 lbs. crated,	4,450 lbs. boxed
3/8"	Wgt., six spindle drill 4,530 lbs. net, 4,800 lbs. crated,	6,500 lbs. boxed
14"	* The figures given for required floor space cover room t	

## STATIONARY SPINDLES

Height of drill
Distance from center to center of spindles.
Distance from center to center of spindles.
Distancer of spindle.
Vertical travel of spindle.
Vertical travel of table.
Each spindle will drill to center of a circle.
Size of table, planed surface, two spindle drill.
Size of table, planed surface, two spindle drill.
Size of table, planed surface, four spindle drill.
Size of table, planed surface, four spindle drill.
Size of table, planed surface, six spindle drill.
Size of table, spindle surface, six spindle drill.
Distancer of small pulley on cone.
Distancer of small pulley on cone.
Cone pulleys carry belt.

#### AUXILIARY SPINDLE ATTACHMENTS.

FIG. 11312.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11312 AND 11313.

We furnish these attachments with two or more spindles, and they are made in proper sizes for our various drills and gangs, particularly for our 14° and 20° manufacturers' drills They are very useful and time saving devices where it is desired to drill two or more hole.

at a time on one spindle. These attachments are made with stationary spindles, or with adjustable spindles according to work for which they are required. ADJUSTABLE SPINDLES



FIG. 11313

#### 23" SLIDING HEAD CANG DRILL.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11314.

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SPECIFICATIONS.	
Height of drill	8514*
Distance from center to center of spindles	20*
Diameter of spindles	196*
Hole in spindle conforms to Morse taper	No. 3
Vertical travel of spindle	12"
Vertical travel of table	14"
Vertical travel of sliding head	18"
Size of table, planed surface, two spindle drill	16" × 40"
size of table, planed surface, three spindle drill	$16" \times 60"$
Size of table, planed surface, four spindle drill	$16^{\circ} \times 80^{\circ}$
Greatest distance from spindle to table	33"
Diameter of large pulley on cone	10"
Diameter of small pulley on cone.	4"
Cone pulleys carry belt	234"
Dameter of crown gear	756
Diameter of bevel pinion	350
Speed of tight and loose pulleys, for ordinary	200
work, revolutions per minute	250
Floor stage required two spindle drill	10" x 3"



FIG. 11314,

Floor space required, three spindle drill.	53° x 65° 53° x 85°
With the state of the last of the state of t	

\* The figures given for required floor space cover room taken by countershaft.

## RAIL DRILLING MACHINE.



FIG. 11315.

It has hand and power feed, quick return motion and counterbalanced spindles. Spindles are adjustable vertically and they are independently fed. The outer spindles can be brought to within 3" and 414" respectively of the center spindle. The center spindle has no lateral adjustment. It has a vise for holding the rail. Countershaft accompanies this machine.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11315.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Distance between center and left hand spindle, maximum, 11°; minimum, 3°. Distance between center and right hand spindle, maximum, 17"; minimum, 41/2". Distance, spindle to table, maximum, 13°; minimum, 634°. Traverse of spindle, 614". Diameter of spindle, 2". Diameter of nose of spindle, 2%". Cone belt, 3%". Driving pulleys, 18" x 5". Speed of countershaft, 225 revolutions per minute. Weight, 4,500 lbs. Boxed weight, 5,600 lbs. 108 cubic feet

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11316

In this type of machine, the boiler shell is placed horizontally upon for or six rollers in frost of the tool, then by adjusting the spindles horizontally at the height of the center line or pointing toward the center line, and turning the shell, all the holes in the circular seams can be reached, and by moving the upright along the bed all the holes in the longitudinal seams can be drilled

The machine, as seen in accompanying cut, consists of a cast fron bed, of any length desired, and mounted thereon is an upright, which, by means of a lever and ratchet arrangement, can be easily moved along the bed.

The upright carries a swivel slide to which is fastened the drilling head, the whole being counterweighted so that it can be easily moved vertically upon the upright by means of a rack and pinion operated by a ratchet wrench

The drilling head consists of an electric motor, around the circumference of which are moved and fastened the spindle frames; the motor being of the enclosed type, is well adapted to boiler shop use, as it is practically dust and waterproof. It is furnished with roller bearing and end ball thrust so that it can be run in the vertical position, and in connection with the lack guaring the spindles can be run at ten different speeds for different sized drills. The spindle frames are held firmly to the motor by V gils at the ends and botts locked in T slots around it. They are easily moved in setting by means of a locked in T slots around it. They are easily moved in setting by means of a ring gear around the motor and pinions on the spindle frames by which they can be moved singly or both together-

#### DIMENSIONS OF MACHINE.

Horizontal range is limited only by length of bed, which in a standard machine is 20°; vertical range of drilling head on upright is 4½°, the spindles in the highest position being 7° above the base of the tool; the drilling head is fitted with spindles 2° in diameter, bored to fit a No. 4 Mores taper shank; the spindles have a traverse of 15° and are furnished with an automatic feed arrangement giving them 0.04° to .07° advance per revolution. They can be run at ten different speeds between 35 and 150 revolutions per minute, and can be adjusted between from 4" to 17" between centers.

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Net weight of machine, one upright, 9,000 lbs

#### BOILER SHELL DRILLING MACHINE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11317.

It has a vertically adjustable cross rail, carrying one or more drilling heads and spindles. These heads are movable laterally of the control of the control

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Distance between housings, 13' 1\*. Vertical adjustment of cross rail, 6'. Transverse adjustment of heads, 5' to 24' as desired. Extreme height of machine, 10' 2". Floor space required, 15' 6' by 6'. Weight of four-head machine, 17,000 lbs.

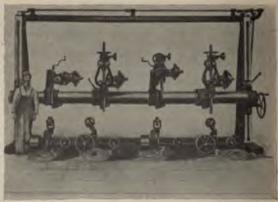
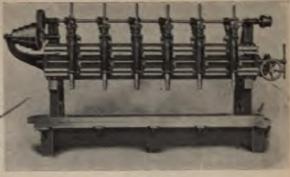


FIG. 11317.

## SIX SPINDLE CANC DRILL WITH MOVABLE TABLE.

FAIRBANKS COMPANY

THE



# MULTIPLE DRILL.



FIG. 11319.

SPECIFICATION	Kr.
Diameter of spindles, least	
section	156*
Spindles bored to fit Morse	
taper	No. 4
Vertical traverse of spindles	15.
Largest diameter of driving	100
Width of belt for cone	18"
Size of tight and loose pul-	
leys.	18" x 314"
Speed of countershaft, re-	
volutions	300
Approximate weight, six	40.00
head on 7' rail	7,225 lbs.

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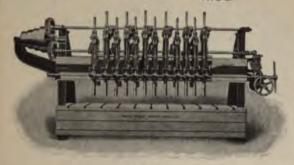
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# MULTI-SPINDLE MACHINE FOR DRILLING MUD RINGS FOR LOCOMOTIVES.

TYPE B.



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11320.

Heads are mounted on saddles, an adjustable thereon by a rack and pinion independently, to give varying disbetween centers of Saddles have independent lateral traverse on cross rail, or by coupling them together, a universal traverse. When saddles are coupled, they constitute a continuous surface upon which the heads can be adjusted to drill holes in a line on equidistant centers. Saddles are adjustable on the cross rail by rack and pinion and ratchet lever. head has an independent quick proach and return movement. T

proach and return movement. There are four changes of speed and four of gear feed. The stop motion can be set to drill holes to a depth, and it autoraches lowest position, preventing damage to gears. Spindles are universally driven, but any can be disconnected by a clutch, operated by a handle placed in front of each head. Spindles are raised and lowered to or from the work collectively by a lever, feed changed and hand wheel and friction feed operated all at the end of the machine. Table is T slotted to hold the work. Capacity, twelve 1° holes in steel. Countershift accompanies machine eteel. Countershaft accompanies machine

# SPECIFICATIONS.

Minimum distance between spindles, 5°; maximum, 8°. Maxmium distance between outside spindles, 134°. Travèrse of spin 14°. Diameter of spindles in bearings, 234°. Distance from floor to top of table, 30°. Maximum distance, spindles to table, 16°. Theight, 112°. Distance between housings, 144°. Floor space, 212° x 60°. Weight, 18,500 lbs.

#### DOUBLE MACHINE FOR BORING CONNECTING RODS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11321

There are two complete and indepen-dently driven machines mounted on a heavy base and having lateral adjustment thereon. Capacity, 12° holes in each end of a rod, on from 3' to 1014' centers. Heads adjustable. Spindles are counterbalanced and have extra weights for counbeing boring bars. Hand and power feet, improved quiek return and stop motion, permitting spindles to be quick returned or approached while power feeding and point of boring tool to be brought to the work and power feed thrown in by same lever while machines are in operation. There are eight changes of speed and four changes of feed. Bases are bored for bushings to support boring bars. The sub-base has oil gutters around the edge and deep trough through the center. Machine is supplied with oil pump and the necessary piping to deliver a steady flow of oil to the center of each spindle. Two countershafts for driving the machines one for driving the pump are included in

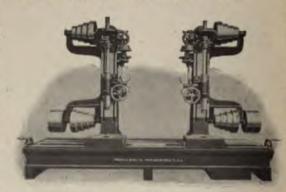


FIG. 11321

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Distance, spindle to bases, maximum, 33°; minimum, 3°. Traverse of spindles, 13°. Distance between centers, maximum, 126°; minimum, 32°. Dismeter of spindle in sleeve, 234°. Nose of spindle, 343°. Total ratio of driving gears, 1 to 20; back gears, 1 to 5. Cone belt, 396°. Driving pulleys, 16° x 5°. Speed of countershaft, 230 revolutions per minute. (Gives spindle revolutions, maximum-100; minimum, 16.7.) Floor space, 13° x 4°. Height, 8° 9°. Weight, 17,500 lbs.

#### PORTABLE DRILLS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11322

#### NO. A.

The arm has a reach of 12°; drilling, at one setting, anywhere over a surface of 24° outside diameter and 0° inside diameter. The spindle is held in a vertical position by, a squaring collar which is splined to the arm and bolted to the post: by loosening this collar it can be set at any angle.

#### NO. B.

The arm has a reach of 1615', drilling, at one setting, anywhere over a surface of 33" outside diameter and 11" inside diameter. The spindle is held in a vertical position by a squaring collar which is splined to the arm and bolted to the post; by loosening this collar it can be set at any angle.

#### NO. 1

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The arm has a reach of 16½°; drilling, at one setting, anywhere over a surface of 33° outside diameter and 11° inside diameter.

It is held in a vertical position by a squaring collar fitted to the under side of the ball on the frame; on removing this collar, the spindle (by means of the ball and socket joint) can be set at any angle up to 30°

The arm has a reach of 21147, drilling, at one setting, anywhere over a surface of 43° outside diameter and 13° inside diameter.

It is held in a vertical position by a squaring collar fitted to the under side of the ball on the frame; on removing this collar, the spindle (by means of the ball and socket joint) can be set at any angle up to 30°

#### NO. 3.

The arm has a reach of 21½", drilling, at one setting, anywhere over a surface of 43" outside diameter and 13" inside diameter.

The spindle is held in a vertical position by a squaring collar fitted to the underside of the ball on the frame; on removing this collar, the spindle (by means of the ball and socket joint) can be set at any angle up to 30"

#### NO. 4.

The arm has a reach of 28"; drilling, at one setting, anywhere over a surface of 56" outside diameter and 16" inside diameter.

#### NO. 5.

The arm has a reach of 36°; drilling, at one setting, anywhere over a surface of 72° outside diameter and 223½° inside diameter and is adapted for the very heaviest drilling and boring, being powerfully back geared.



FIG. 11322.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

SIZE.	Nn. A.	No. B.	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4	No. 5.
Spindle, traverse of Spindle, diameter of Spindle, bored to fit Morse taper Spindle, number of speeds Spindle, proceeds , revolution per minute Spindle, speeds, revolution Vertical adjustment post Countershaft, revolutions per minute Size pulleys Width, belt Size rope used Countershaft used Countershaft used Net weight of drill	106° No. 2 3 160 to 390 5° 250 9° 214°	5" 136" No. 3 3 109 to 200 10" 200 10" 3" No. 2 125 lbs.	5" 1%" No. 3 3 109 to 206 5" 200 10" 3" No. 2 140 lbs.	5" 1½" No. 4 4 58 to 176 200 10" 3" No. 2 250 lbs.	7" 136" No. 4 4 4 35 to 127 .005", .007", .013" 0" 200 10" 3" 56" No. 2 285 lbs.	12" 196" No. 4 8 40 to 197 .005" to .075" 200 10" 3" No. 2 400 the.	20° 21's" No. 5 10 36 to 111 005° to .075° 150 16° 315° 34° No. 3 900 lbs.



FIG. 11323

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11323.

#### NO. 4.

This machine is our regular No. 4 portable drill, fitted with motor drive and is capable of very much heavier work than the same machine rope driven. The range of speed is greater than in the rope driven apparatus and the machine, taken as a whole, is an extremely serviceable and satisfactory tool.

Net weight of machine, 765 lbs.

#### NO. 5.

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Our regular No. 5 drill equipped with motor drive comprises this machine, and, as is the case with the No. 4, the combination forms a tool with a much greater range and flexibility than in possible with the rope driven apparatus.

This drill is capable of performing almost any work that could possibly be required of it. For efficiency and rapidity of execution of heavy and awkward drilling and boring, it is unequalled.

Net weight of machine, 1,300 lbs.

## ELECTRICALLY DRIVEN BREAST DRILL.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11324

For drilling the many small holes in large pieces, we have designed the small drill shown in cut. It will be found to be very effective for such work and a great time saver over the old hand drills. The drill is driven at much higher epeed than is possible by hand. The operator can give his entire attention to guiding the drill and can keep at it, as his strength is not exhausted by turning the crank. It will gave its cost in a short time and no shop can afford to be without one.



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SPECIFICATIONS.	No. 1.	No. 2
Will drill up to	34"	34"
Weight of machine	151/2 Dm.	223/2 Ibn.
Weight of machine crated for domestic shipment	20 lbs.	27 lbs.
Weight of machine boxed for foreign shipment.	22 lbs.	30 lbs.
Dimensions of box for foreign shipment	14" x 7" x 7"	18" x 8)5" x 8)5"
Maximum horse-power of motor	36	14
Wound for either 110 or 220 volts, direct current.		

180

SPO	CIFICATIO	NS FIG. 11326.	Capacity
Sac.	Type	Volte	Chuck.
SC	A.	110	0" to 16".
M*	В	220	0" to 14"
M	A	T10	0" to 16"
16	В	220	0" to 14"
16" change of speed.	A	110	0" to 34"
15" change of speed.	В	220	0" to 16"

Combined handle and breast plate furnished, instead of breast plate illustrated, when desired. In ordering, kindly state voltage, (this is very important), also size of machine desired.

Note: In addition to the sizes above listed, we can furnish a zimilar machine designed to drive 34" drills.

PLAIN DRILL

FIG. 11326.



FIG. 11326.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11326.

We here illustrate our type "KK" hand drill, fitted with a screw feed and spindle carrying a taper socket. This drill is priotically the same as our type "K" but has a capacity up to 34" It is provided with two speeds.

The "Old Man" as illustrated is furnished as an extra, and is not included in the price of the drill.

Type. Volts.		Dimensions Over All.	Weight.	Capacity		
KK-110 KK-220	110 )	5)/2" x 20"	30 lbs.	0" to 14"		

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11327

We here present a new type of a portable electrical radial drill, especially suitable for light work and which is built on new and original lines. It is really a portable universal radial drill and we claim that it will do about all the work of a stationary radial drill up to its capacity, and being portable can be taken to the work.



FIG. 11327.

This drill is provided with a 10° feed through the hand wheel, with a quick return by hand. It has a radius of 24° in any direction at any angle. Hand wheel and worm box have a swiyel adjustment from horizontal to vertical, permitting the use of the drill in corners and close places, according to where the work is to be done.

The spindle is fitted with a ball bearing thrust and carries a taper socket. This drill has two speeds, changeable by means of a thumblover at lower end of motor. The vertical and horizontal columns are made of hollow steel tubing and are adjustable, enabling the operator to drill at any angle and in any direction.

This machine is self contained and portable in the full sense of the word and its usefulness will be readily recognized. Its range of work is unlimited, as it can be taken to any part of the shop or any distance on outside work. Any desired length cord can be used. This convenience saves time and trouble, and does away with carrying heavy work to the drill press. One man can easily handle it. No belt connections of any kind. Driving power from the ordinary incandescent lamp socket, direct current.

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#### PORTABLE ELECTRIC DRILLS.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11327.-Continued.

Туре,	Volta.	Over All Bis Illustrated.	Weight.	Capac-
N-110 N-220	110	28"	115 lbs.	34"
NN-110 NN-220	110	34*	210 lbs.	130

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FIG. 11328.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11328.

This is, without doubt, one of the handiest little tools on the market. It is designed to take the place of the old style hand drill, and is driven at a much higher speed, without exhausting the strength of the operator.

It is under perfect control at all times, as the motor is provided with a switch to start and stop it. It is located near the vertical handle, as shown in illustration, and is easily reached by the index finger.

The chuck spindle is so arranged as to allow drilling on a line with the base of the motor, and by this means permitting angle and

The motor is enclosed, and suitably geared to develop the necessary power up to the capacity of the drill. Being light in weight, it can be carried snywhere, and the range of operation is not limited, as any length of cord can be used.

Sent out complete, ready for work, with chuck, cord and attachment plug. Any incandescent light socket furnishes the power.

Турь.	Volts.	Including Chuck and Handle.	Weight.	Will Hold Drille from	
G-110	110 }	434" x 13"	12 lbs.	0° to 34"	
H-110 H-220	110	4)4° x 15°	14 lbs.	0° to 36°	

#### FLEXIBLE SHAFTS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11329 AND 11330.

The core is composed of segments made of gun metal, encased in square steel wire made and tempered especially for this specific purpose, that in turn is covered with leather or specially prepared rubber, warranted to withstand 350° of heat and to be unaffected by the soft grease used in lubricating the core.

It can be made to meet requirements not possible in other shafts, one of which is that it is capable of being run in both directions, delivering the maximum power, and in any length of section up to 8"; the parts being interchangeable, the sections can be coupled together, making a shaft of much greater length than can be procured any other way. It has been pronounced by expert mechanics the ideal flexible shaft, the segments being of such contour that they are neither affected by, nor do they affect the slight opening formed on the one side of the wire casing, in rounding a curve.

The shaft should be kept thoroughly lubricated, being greased not less than twice a day, where it is kept running steadily, the most convenient method of doing this being to remove the end fittings and withdraw the core into a trough and apply the soft grease by hand. The effect of this treatment will be to greatly increase the

In case of accident, a broken segment can be readily replaced and repairs completed at the place the shaft is in use, doing away with the necessity of sending the shaft to the factory, an objectionable feature shafts of other makes. The cost of such repairs is also reduced to a trilling figure, making the economy of their use the marked characteristic.

It makes practical what has heretofore been deemed impossible with a flexible shaft.

Back lashing has been eliminated.



FIG. 11329.

### FLEXIBLE SHAFTS.

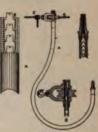
DESCRIPTION FIG. 11330 .- Continued.

Fig. 11330 is a sectional view of the flexible shaft. AA, leather or rubber and wire case. B, Core. C, cord for tightening belt. D, driving belt.

In all correspondence, the term flexible shaft means the shaft only, as shown on the cut.

No.	3			8	.6		9
Diameter of core	34*	3/4"	36"	34*	1"	112"	196*
Length of shaft	5'	6'	7'	7"	8'	8'	8*
Weight complete as per cut	10 lbs.	18 lbs.	25 lbs.	30 lbs.	35 lbs.	60 lbs.	80 lbs

When a flexible shaft is desired of double or more the length of the standard, we would recommend the coupling of two or more shafts of standard lengths together rather than making them in one piece. They are fully as durable, and in case of accident are more cheaply and easily repaired.



#### FIG. 11330.

## FLEXIBLE SHAFT DRILLING OUTFITS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11331

The cut represents full portable drill plant, consisting of flexible shaft, countershaft, drill press, roundabout, etc. The wheels and pulleys are of a size to permit the use of 5% rope, doing more work with less tension than a larger size rope, and saving the wear on the belt.

Each outfit is supplied with 100' of driving rope. This rope may be either of cotton or of rawhide, and purchaser should state in ordering which kind is wanted.

Speed of countershafts as given in table is approximate and should be varied to suit conditions.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

No.	Drills, Capacity, About.	Spend of Countershaft, About.	Shipping Weight, About.
3. reasons and a reasons	34"	200	135 lbs.
4	36"	650	145 lbs.
435	34"	450	285 lba.
5.,	1"	450	300 lbs.
6	134"	440	325 lbs.
8	20	425	390 lbs.
9	259*	400	420 lbs.

#### PORTABLE SCREW FEED DRILL PRESS.

FOR USE WITH FLEXIBLE SHAFT.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11332.

All sizes are of the same type as shown in the cut. Are carefully and accurately made, with heavy cast iron frame, steel spindles and feed screw, cut gears, hardened clutch, that they may be thrown in or out of gear at will. Are arranged to take Morse twist drills and fitted with Morse taper socket. Drill presses geared back 4 to 1.

Nas Flexible Shaft.	files Hole will Drill.	Size Taper Socket	Flexible Shaft, Rev. P. M.	Maximum H. P of Shaft at given Rev
No. 3	340	14" to 17"	1,050	26
No. 4	360	14" 10 11"	1.000	28
No. 41/2" No. 5	28	11, 10 11	900	116
No. 6.	114"	G* to 114"	800	234
No. 8	24	% 10 2	750	4
No. 9	234"	1602"	600	0

All drill presses are fitted for drill rest and support.\* For drill presses same numbers may be used as for flexible shalt.

Note: Where the developed power of the shaft will permit the use of a larger drill than the standard size socket will take, the drill shank must be turned down to fit.

\* Drill rest and support is extra.

FIG. 11331.

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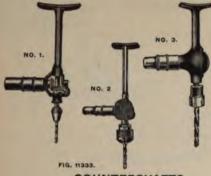
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FIG. 11032.



# BREAST DRILLS.

#### FOR USE WITH FLEXIBLE SHAFT.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11333...

The cuts illustrate breast drills. All are furnished with gear covers. In No. 1 it is left off to show genring. Nos. I and 2 are practically the same, except the chucks.

All the drills are of the best possible material. No. 1, with Trump chuck taking drills from 0" to 14". No. 2, Whiton chuck taking drills from 0° to 1/2". Each has clutch attachment to throw them in or out of gear at will. For heavy work No. 3 should be given the preference. The capacity of all breast drills is limited to the body pressure possible to put upon them,

#### COUNTERSHAFTS.

#### FOR USE WITH FLEXIBLE SHAFT OUTFITS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11334.

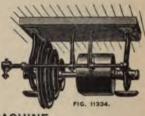
We make three sizes to be used in connection with the flexible shafts. They are carefully proportioned and well made.

are carefully proportioned and well made.

No. 3 is used with all sizes of shafts up to and including No. 4; has a three step cone pulley, and tight and loose pulleys 5" in diameter, for 2½" belt.

No. 6 is used with Nos. 4, 4½, 5, 6, and 8 shafts; has three step cone pulley, tight and loose pulleys 10" in diameter for 3½" belt.

No. 9 is used with No. 9 shaft; has three step cone pulley and tight and loose pulleys 12" in diameter for 4" belt.



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#### TAPPING AND REAMING MACHINE.

FOR USE WITH FLEXIBLE SHAFT.



# PORTABLE FLEXIBLE SHAFT ELECTRIC PLANTS.

FOR DRILLING, TAPPING AND REAMING.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11336.

With a power that can be handled so economically and quickly-electricity, the advantage of the motor driven portable drilling in becomes strongly manifest. These conditions create a de-nal for such tools that we can efficiently and astisfactorily fulful; e cut illustrate one of our tools at work in a large factory, consists of motor, speed regulator, starting and stopping device, uction gears, truck, and the regular drilling attachments nacet the wires and the plant is ready for work. Motors are unit for 110, 220, 500 volta direct current, but can be furnished order for any practical voltage. Also niternating current stors.

tors.

The motors are semi-inclosed, allowing ready inspection
thout removal of cover plates. Will carry overload of 50 per
ts, without sparking.
Specifications on following page.



FIG. 11336.

#### NO. 4 PLANT.

Drilling up to 14".

#### Comists of

- I one horse-power motor, complete.
- I No. 4 flexible shaft, less pulley head.
- I No. 4 universal joint.
- 1 No. 4 drill press.
- 1 No. 4 drill rest and support.

The maximum speed of this motor is 1,100 revolutions per minute. Speed regulator will give 50 per cent. reduction. Drill press geared 4 to 1. Flexible shaft driven direct from armature shaft. When breast drill is desired in place of drill press deduct \$20.00 from the above list. This includes the difference in price between the drills and also the cost of the drill rest, which is not required with the breast drill.

#### NO. B PLANT.

Drilling up to 134".

#### Consists of

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- I two horse-power motor, complete.
- 1 No. 8 flexible shaft, less pulley head.
- 1 No. 8 universal joint.
- 1 No. 8 drill press.
- 1 No. 2 tapping and reaming machine.
- 1 No. 8 drill rest and support.

#### NO. 6 PLANT.

Drilling up to 114".

#### Consists of

- t one and a half horse-power motor, complete.
- 1 No. 6 flexible shaft, less pulley head.
- 1 No. 6 universal joint.
- 1 No. 6 drill press.
- 1 No. 6 drill rest and support.

Note: The maximum speed of this motor is 1,800 revolutions per minute. The reduction gears are made to bring this speed into proper relation to drill press. Drill press geared 4 to 1. Speed regulator will give 50 per cent reduction from maximum.

#### NO. 9 PLANT.

Drilling up to 214".

#### Consists of

- I two and a half horse-power motor, complete.
- I No. 9 flexible shaft, less pulley head,
- 1 No. 9 universal joint.
- 1 No. 9 drill press.
- 1 No. 2 tapping and reaming machine.
- 1 No. 9 drill rest and support.



#### DRILL PRESS VISE.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11337.

Bise No.	Width Jaw.	Depth Jaw.	Jawa Open.
434	435"	2"	5"
51/2	514*	2"	0,

Approximate Shipping Weight 35 Iba. 45 fbs



## IDEAL REVERSING TAP HOLDER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11338.

No special taps are required,

Operated with one hand, same as a drill chuck. Indispensable for handling large quantities of particular work.

Tappers Nos. 1 and 2 are especially valuable tools to use in multiple or turret drills, when a piece of work is to be drilled and tapped with one handling. Blank shanks furnished with each size,

These holders have been installed in the works of the largest manufacturers in the country, and give excellent results. The No. I is particularly adapted for use on bicycle, typewriter, cash register parts, etc., while for heavier work, the larger sizes are unequaled by any reversing tap holder on the market.

> No. 1, taps up to 36". No. 2, taps up to 34".

No. 3, taps up to 134".

These tap holders are furnished with shanks to fit any drill press. They can be supplied with chuck or with stem and bushing, as desired.



FIG. 11008.



REVERSING TAPPING CHUCK.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11339.

This half tone illustrates our reversing tapping chuck for use in drill press or lathe. We believe that in this device we have the simplest and strongest tool possible for the purpose.

The operation is very simple. Feed the drill press down in the ordinary manner until the desired depth is reached. The chuck is reversed by returning the drill press spindle.

> collar on drill spindle one quarter of an inch higher than depth of hole when tap is resting on surface of work.

This tool is the best money maker that can be put into a shop for the price. To illustrate: it will take a man fifteen minutes to tap two holes in the ordinary manner; the same man can tap them in less than five minutes perfectly true with this tool. Where there is more tapping it will show a greater saving. A pretty good interest on the investment during the year.

On heavy work a drill may be put in chuck and the hole drilled and tapped without moving.

The price includes any size Morse taper mandrel and Horton tap bolding chuck, fitted, ready to use.

## AUTO-REVERSE TAPPING CHUCK.

WITH ADJUSTABLE POSITIVE STOP.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11340.

The style B stop holds the work down while the clutches dis-

The style B stop holds the work down while the crutenes dis-engage.

Where the work is easily handled and centered, so that all the holes can first be drilled, and then the work rehandled and tapped, this simplest form of the tapping chuck is recommended.

Only one hand is required to operate the chuck, leaving the Other free to handle duplicate parts in bulk, by passing them be-tween two parallel pieces, or other suitable fixture clamped on drill table that avoids holding each piece. Actionishing results are thus being secured by its users, some tapping as high as 15,000 to 20,000 below a day by this matche. holes a day by this method.

Radial drill work. Tapping in surfaces at different heights.

No stop required on machine.

Quick and exact adjustment.

No. 00 taps to 34". No. 0 taps to 36".

No. 1 taps to 14". No. 2 taps to 1". No. 3 taps to 116".

No. 4 taps to 135".



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AUTO-REVERSE TAPPING CHUCK.

WITH ADJUSTABLE FRICTION TOOL HOLDER.



Tapping steel, bronze, etc., as safely as cast iron.

Bottom tapping. Impossible to break taps.
"Fool proof."

No. 00 taps to 34". No. 0 taps to 34". No. 1 taps to 34". No. 2 taps to 1".

No. 3 taps to 114".

No. 4 taps to 13/2". No. 5 taps to 2."

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11341.

The novel combination of a slip spindle with an adjustable friction secures in this device a wonderfully sensitive tool for quick, accurate tapping in steel, bronze, copper, etc., wherever there is danger of breaking taps. Should the tap stick in the work the friction slips (to avoid breakage), whereupon the tap can be reversed, olided, and started ahead again, and so on until the toughest piece of metal can be smoothly tapped with absolute safety. This device can be used with or without a stop collar on machine spindle (or table), although it is quicker and easier to disengage the auto-revense clutches by using a stop collar (or stop by hand), to avoid unclutching under pressure should the tap first strike the bottom of the hole before the clutches automatically disengage. The friction drive can at any time be changed to positive drive by alipping a key into the spindle through slot under the lug of the fiber check washer.



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# THE JACOBS IMPROVED DRILL CHUCK.

SPECIFICATIONS FIGS, 11342 AND 11343.

No.	Capacity.
Innequality in the same	0 to 12"
2	0 to 11"
	0 to 110



FIG. 11343.

#### NEW MODEL DRILL CHUCK.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11344.

No.	Capacity.
11.,	 0 to 1/1"
12	 0 to 11"
13	 0 to 11"



FIG. 11344.

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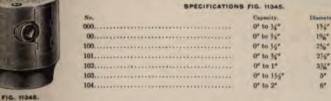
21/

211"

2%"

434"

#### STANDARD DRILL CHUCK.



## IMPROVED POSITIVE DRIVING DRILL CHUCK.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11346.

The distinctive feature of this chuck is the patented equalizing driver in which the end of the drill is inserted, giving positive rotation to the drill independently of the jaws of the chuck. This driver is self-adjusting, permitting the jaws to center and align the drill accurately in the chuck, so that it is always true and absolutely impossible for the drill to slip while in work.

SPECIFICATION	3.	
 Diameter. 234° 37 334° 514° 634°	Capacity. 0° to 16° 0° to 34° 0° to 1° 0° to 116° 0° to 2°	Weight of Chucks, 23-2 lbs. 53-2 lbs. 10 lbs. 231-6 lbs. 48 lbs.
	107	



FIG. 11346.



# LITTLE CIANT IMPROVED DRILL CHUCK.



PIG. 11348.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11347 TO 11349.

Fig. 11347 shows regular pattern chucks, No. 00 to No. 215. Fig. 11348 shows regular pattern chucks Nos. 3 and 4. Fig. 11349 shows same style chuck made with straight body.

SPECIFICATIONS.			
No.	10-11	Approximate Diameter.	Hotde Drills.
00		154"	0° to 34°
0		216*	0" to 14"
Lanna		3"	0" to 34"
	***************************************	319"	0" to 1"
	manufacture and the same of th	4"	0" to 1", extra street
3		6*	0" to 119"
		8428	70° 4 × 10°



FIG. 11049.

#### BENCH MACHINE.



FIG. 11350.

## NO. 2 TAPPING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11350.

This markine is built to mount on beach, as shown, or can be furnished with iron column, if desired.

A suitable tap holder, fitted to the spindle, can be supplied at extra cost.

SPECIFICATIONS.	
eight of marhine without column	25 lbs.
eight with rolumn	85 Ibs.
illeys, tight and loose	B" x 15g"
pacity	36"

#### NOS. O AND 1 VERTICAL TAPPING MACHINES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11351.

We We Pu

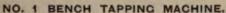
triven directly by a continuous belt and a friction disk between two pulleys, which a with either at will. The disk has but a small vertical motion, insuring the quick p, small wear and no noise. provided with a knee lift, allowing the full use of both he work. An adjustable screw stop limits the motion of the table in either direction in depth of tapping. The machine can be arranged to do left-hand tapping by changone of the idler pulleys at the back.

by treadle instead of the knee lift.  Equipment.—No. 0 vertical tapper: chuck and wrench; I plain counter.  No. 1 vertical tapper: chuck and wrench; I plain counter.			
	SPECIFICATIONS.	No. O.	No. t.
Largest tap machine will drive		34"	11.
Depth that can be tapped.		1"	110
Greatest distance between chuck and tab Dimensions of table	MC	814° × 554°	10° x 12°
Width of spindle belt	***************************************	not In the	114*
Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft.		416" x 2"	6" x 2"
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per mi	inute	220	200
Floor space required		18" x 12"	21" v 14" 230 lbs.
Not weight, complete. Foreign shipment, tight bound, size		8 cubic fort	10 cubic fort
Portugu suspinens, tight mount, mar-		COO II-	TO CODIC 1004



FIG. 11351.

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#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11352.

No. 1 bench tapping machine has a range to ¼", it being fitted with drill chuck to hold taps to that size.

Height of machine, 15".

Size of base, 13" x 16". Diameter of awing table, 1115".

Deamster of away came, 1152.
Clearance of tap spindle to column, 6".
Vertical adjustment of table, 3".
Base has a planed surface, which gives greater range for jig

Speed of countershaft, 450 revolutions. Weight, 135 lbs. This machine is mounted on column 33\* high, when desired.



FIG. 11353.



FIG. 11352.

### NO. 2 BENCH TAPPING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11363.

This machine has the same general dimensions as the No. 1,

This machine has the same general dimensions as the No. 1; machine, shown in Fig. 1132.

In addition it has an adjustable belt tightening bracket on back of machine as shown in cut. These machines are equally satisfactory on either blind or through holes and tap to the required depth every time, which gives uniform work and prevents the breaking of taps.

Weight, 150 lbs.

#### NO. 1 HORIZONTAL TAPPING MACHINE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11354.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11364.

This machine is designed for tapping small holes ranging from ½, and ½, and diameter, and similar in general design to the No. 2 machine.

The bead stock is solid with the bed, and the driving pulleys run on hollow studs, which sever the spindle of all wear and pressure due to the belt and make the spindle sensitive to the property of the principle of the spindle sensitive to the principle with an Almond chuck to hold taps and is driven by a friction clutch thing between the two pulleys, which are driven by open and cross belts, insuring instances reversing of the tap.

The tall spindle has a movement of 1½, by lever, and is provided with a binder and an installed stop collar.

The work pad is removable and a taper hole is fitted in the tall spindle to receive tools for ling purposes.

An oil reservoir is formed in the bed and a large pan is provided to hold the work.

Equipment: Two wrenches; I chuck; I plain countershaft.

SPECIFICATIONS.

Greatest distance between chuck and work plate
Swing over teel
With of spindle belt.
Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft.
Speed of countershaft providuous per minute
Floor space required.
Domestic shipment, crated, weight.
Foreign shipment, tight boxed (8 c. f.), weight



FIG. 11384.



#### NO. 2 HORIZONTAL TAPPING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11355.

This machine is an effect tool of thoroughly approved design and is suitable for tapping holes from \( \frac{5}{2} \) to \( \frac{5}{2} \) diameter.

The head stock is solid with the bed and fitted with cap bearings in which run the hubs of the driving pulleys, so that the spindle is freed from the wear and pressure of the belt.

The spindle is driven by a positive clutch working between the two pulleys, and is fitted with an adjustable coliar to provide for tapping very shallow holes and a universal three jaw chuck for holding taps.

The tail spindle has a movement of \( \frac{2}{2} \) by lever and is provided with a binder and an adjustable stop collar.

The work pad is removable, and the spindle is fitted with a taper hole to receive tools, so that the machine may be used for drilling purposes.

An oil reservoir is formed in the bed and a large pan is provided to hold the work. We can also furnish with this machine a special tail block, arranged with hollow spindle and spring chuck, designed for threading rods or special work that can be best held by the chuck. This fature has a capacity for \( \frac{2}{2} \) for \( \frac{2}{2} \) for the chuck. This fature has a capacity for \( \frac{2}{2} \) for \( \frac{2}{2} \) for the chuck.

Equipment: 2 veneches, 1 chuck, 1 plain countershaft.

reatest distance between chuck and work plate	1234"
wing over bed.	11"
idth of spindle belt	10° x 3°
ight and loose pulleys on countershaft	150
oor space required	24" x 48"
omestic shipment, crated, weight	400 lbs.

# NO. 3 HORIZONTAL TAPPING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11366.

This machine operates on the same general plan as the small borisontal tappers, but is genered up sufficiently to tap \$i' boles. The work is held on the front or top surface of the slide, as most convenient, and pressed to the tap by the section of the tap draws the driving clutch out of the strikes the land border of the slide. The section of the tap draws the driving clutch out of the strikes the land of the section of the tap draws the driving clutch out of peculiar contents of the plot wheel throws in the fast running reversing clutch. The tap chuck is a self-ceutering, two-jewed one of special construction which grips the round shank and drives by the square end of the tap. The body of the cluck makes a universal joint with the end of the spindle to accommodate work out of center or taps not running true.

The tail block is adjustable along the bed and bound by the hand wheel. Chips and oil fall through the open bed to the large pan, and the oil drains into a reservoir, whence it is drawn off to supply an oil pot swung from the head stock. Equipment: 2 wrenches, I chuck, I oil pot and bracket, I plain counter.

"9"

Equipment: 2 wrenches, 1 chuck, 1 oil pot and bracket, 1 pla Greatest distance between chuck and work plate. Swing over best. Width of spindle belt. Tight and loose pulleys. Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute. Phore space required. at, erated, weight



# NO. 1 AUTOMATIC TAPPING MACHINE.

NO. 1 AUTOMATIC TAPPING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11357.

In designing this machine we have sought to combine lightness, strength, ease and rapidity of manipulation, together with securacy and uniformity of the work produced.

The spindle is fitted with two friction pulleys, driven in opposite directions by one continuous belt, and between these pulleys plays a friction clutch keyed to the spindle. The friction clutch is connected with the lever at the right by a toggle arrangement which is adjustable for any tension desired, so that any extra safety device to prevent breaking of taps is unnecessary. The tap is started by the lever at the right, and is tripped and reversed automatically at any point by an adjustable screw stop on the upper end of the spindle striking the reversing lever on the top of the machine, or by moving this lever by hand. The spindle is balanced and fitted with a chust for holding laps. The table is rectangular with 27 alosts, and has an oil groove around it, and is adjustable up and down on the column to suit the work.

A valuable feature of this tool is that it operates astifactorily at high speeds, and will trip or reverse after being set, though the operator should continue to press down the starting lever. Motor drive. The application of motor drive to this machine is made in a very neat and simple manner. A ½ horse-power constant speed motor at the foot of the column is geared with by a single pair of gears, and drives the machine by one continuous belt, the idler pulleys at without noise and is protected by cover.

Equipment: chuck and wrench, plain countershaft.

Diameter of spindle.

11° x.15°

Diameter of spindle.

20°

With of spindle bett.

30° x.21°

100° space required.

30° x.21°

100°

#### NO. 4 VERTICAL TAPPING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11358.

The machine is so constructed that the operator has every facility to handle work sidy. As she work is brought up to the tap by the foot treadle he has both hands to handle and hold the work firmly, and does not have to waste the time necessary mach up to a handle at every operation. As the platen stem works in a long sleeve, the work comes up to the tap true, integrating the bless and avoiding breakage of taps.

Operator may tap the depth by the eye, or may set stop collar on platen stem. Cose pulleys are turned inside and out; all bright parts are polished; all painted at filled, rubbed to a filst entrace and painted with egg shell gloss.

A suitable tap holder can be furnished, fitted to the machine, if desired.

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SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11308.	
Height	60*
Height to platen	44"
Distance from platen to spindle	10°
Distance from column to center of spindle	51/2"
Size of tight and loose pulleys	4" x 154"
Both cone pulleys	6" and 41/4" x 11/4"
Speed recommended by tap manufacturers (many run them faster).	300 to 600
Capacity	36"
Weight.	120 lbs.



NO. 6 VERTICAL TAPPING MACHINE.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11359.

The machine is so constructed that the operator has every facility to handle work rapidly. As the work is brought up to the tap by the foot treadle he has both hands free to handle and hold the work firmly and does not have to waste time necessary to reach up to a handle at every operation.

As the plates stem works in a long sleeve the work comes up to the tap true, insuring true holes and avoiding breakage of taps.

As will be seen from the illustration the platen is operated by a gear engaging in a rack cut in the platen stem, which is counterbalanced by weight shown, so that the platen can be raised with one finger on handle, whether platen be empty or carrying 50 lbs.

Cone pulleys are turned inside and out; all bright parts are polished; all painted parts filled, rubbed to a flat surface and painted with egg shell gloss.



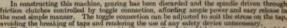
FIG. 11359.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

62*
34"
15%*
854"
9"
254*
325
9", 7" and 5"
2"
34"
375 lbs.

#### NO. 2 AUTOMATIC TAPPING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11360.



ose and spindles operated by hand or foot.
In the drive of this machine a variable speed motor baving,
loyed. The motor on the base plate is geared to a shaft car
es the spindle by one continuous lett, and the rocking idlers at
serveas tighteners. No clutches, change graving or cone pulle
ed for different size taps are obtained from the motor. The
druns without jar or noise, and the gearing is protected by
wrenches, 1 chuck, 1 plain countershaft, 1 table clevating bar.



FIG. 11360.

meter of spindle	196
rement of spindle.	
meter of table inside oil channel	21"
tical adjustment of table	20"
ith of spindle belt	216
ht and loose pulleys on countershaft	10" x 314"
ed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	45" × 31"
or space required	
nestic shipment, crated, weight	920 lbs.
eign shipment, tight boxed (45 cubic feet), weight.	1,220 lbs.

# BENCH MILLING MACHINES.



DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11361 AND 11362.

The No. 2 miller is similar to the No. 4, but has no overhanging arm.

The No. 3 miller is similar to the No. 1, but is provided with overhanging arm.

Attachments for these machines are described on following page.



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mpro:	FICATIONS		1,01	
arec.	RIGHTIONS.			
	No. L	No. 2.	No. 2	No.4
I made direct fresh of subtra	67	HAZE	457	W047
Longitudinal feed of table.		200		- 200
Travers food	214*	304	214	20%
Wasting! southing to lorge	53.74	68	9170	4577
Vertical motion to knee	429	71.00	723	260
Maximum distance between center of spindle and table	7"	7547	7"	754
Working surface of table	21/4 - 12	316" x 16"	334" × 12"	31.0° × 10°
Working surrants of these contracts of the contract of the con	073.00	473	The state of the s	1072 000
Greatest distance between centers (6" swing)	-839	W.	239	9
Largest diameter of cone	0.5	- 6"	67	10*
Largest distinctor of Company	21.0	91.0	21.48	WALE .
Smallest diameter of cone.	93.7	914	955	959
Driving belland appreciation of the control of the	2"	2*	2*	2"
The same belong the D. A. C.	No. 4	Nic 8	No B	No. 8
Taper hole in spindle, B. & S.	110.0	140'9	110,0	110/10
Hole in spindle	34".	34"	345	MC.
	330	95*	52*	96*
Height over all	WW - 195 / W	** - ***	MR	ms 193 19
Looss pulley on countershaft.	7" × 214"	7" × 254"	7" X 234"	V × 234
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	280	280	280	280
	cacho Here	010 11-	men the	THE TANK
Weight complete	220 108,	230 10%	230 IDE.	Sept town

H A

# H

### MILLING MACHINE COLUMN.



FIG. 11362

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11363.

This column is designed for use with bench milling machines shown in Figs. 1361 and 11302. It is 285g\* high, measures 123g\* x 16° at the base, 10° a 133g\* at the top and weighs 72 high part of the p

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11364.

This vertical milling attachment is especially adapted for use on our No. 3 and 4 milling machines (see Fig. 11302), and the spindle is so constructed as to use spring collets. One collection 1/4°, 5°, or 1-5° is furnished with the attachment. Extra collets, with either straight or standard taper holes, furnished as desired. The gearing in this attachment is two to one, so that the spindle runs at twice the speed of the milling machine spindle, giving a speed of from 200 to 1,500 revolutions per minute.

## VERTICAL MILLING ATTACHMENT.



FIG. 11364.

## MILLING MACHINE VISE.



FIG. 11366.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11365.

This vise is designed primarily for use with milling machines shown in Figs. 11361 and 11362, but can be used on other machines as well.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Vise jaws measure..... 334" × 134" Vise jawa open.
Weight of vise.... 11 lbs.

# MILLING MACHINE INDEX CENTERS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11366.

These index centers are especially designed for the rapid production and indexing of light work of any kind. They are strongly built, the bost of workmanship and materials only being used in their construction. One dial with forty-eight divisions is furnished with the centers. Blank dials or dials milled with other divisions furnished on application. The spindle is reamed for B. & S. taper No. 7, and is also threaded so that a face plate or chuck can be used.

Weight, 20 lbs. 6" swing.



FIG. 11386.

# NO. 31/2 AND NO. 5 BENCH MILLING MACHINES.



FIG. 11367.

# SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11367.

Vine.	jaws.		
	will		

N. MINO.	100.11	21.50	* * *	9.3	ж,	**	,	м	**	ж		**	* *	•	•	٠	•	^	~	۰	
Jaws	wil	lope	ori.				٠	u			×	ä,							х		
Total	he	ight			п		ú	0		ä	ú			ú				i.			
Weigl												et		h	M	t	ú			.,	

10° 130 lbs.

#### THE RIVETT BENCH MILLING MACHINE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11368.

Although this machine is small, it is very rigid, as the stock is disposed so as to give strength where it is especially needed, and it will do work more rapidly and smoother than a great many milling machines four times its size.

great many minung macannes rour tunes its use.

The work table is adjustable from two points; by the lever shown in the cut, and by a hand wheel at the back of the machine which is graduated to read in thousandths of an inch. The serve is entirely under cover and protected from the dirt and chips. It has also a rigid stop.

The machine is well adapted for steam gauge makers, small gears, cutters, saws, and all straight milling, also for the various parts of clocks, and other mechanical motions.



FIG. 11368.

#### VISE FOR RIVETT BENCH MILLER.



FIG. 11369.

#### CENTERS FOR RIVETT BENCH MILLER.



194

#### DIMENSIONS.

Distance between centers	7*
Vertical movement	6*
Swing	6"
Vise	336" x 336"

Stable lass an oil channel all around and is fed by each and pinion, operated by lever in pring a direct motion and quick return.

It is not out and vertical adjustments have moreometer readings, qualitations are provided on the table to limit the length of cut, which should can be durabled, arranged for cutting guars on centers or with spring collets quants (with arm): I No. 2 plain vise and crank verench; I vise holding-down sows and arbor planner; I knee erask; I weenches; I plain countershaft. (Without arm): I plain crank; I abore planner; I knee erask; 2 wrenches; I plain countershaft.

I adjustment under springle.

I adjustment under springle. 4" x 2114" 1256" 5" 10" 4" No. 7 B. & S. 1256" 614" 3 8" x 2)4 165 525 lbs. 234



# NO. 2. HAND MILLING MACHINE.

NO. 2. HAND MILLING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11372.

The spindle has a taper bearing, running in a broase box of our standard form, and the over-handing arm is also of standard design.

The table is feel by rack and pinion, with long, adjustable lover, and is provided with adjustable stops both ways.

The sadele has screw adjustment in line with the spindle.

The knee is moved by a long, adjustable lover through rack and pinion, and is nicely balanced in all positions, which gives an easy, sensitive motion and facilitates working. Adjustable serve stops in both directions are provided for the knee. A special quick acting vise for screw-slotting can be furnished with this machine.

Equipment No. 2: I plain vise and crank; I vise holding-down screw; I arbor plungur; 2 screeces; I knee crank; I plain countershaft.

Dimensions of table.

45° x 103's

Vertical adjustment under spindle.

33° x 103's

Adjustancer in line with spindle.

No. 7 II. 4 S.

Length of feed.

Largest diameter of cone.

8 Vigith of belt required.

4 Vigith of belt required.

100

Bonnestic shipment, crated, weight.

8 3's

Speed of countershaft.

8 2 3's

Speed of countershaft, crated, weight.



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# NO. 3 HAND MILLING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11373.

The arm, outboard center, spindle bearing, micrometer adjustments, etc., are those of our standard design.

The main slide has large oil channels all around and is provided with a T slot, by which the vertical milling head can be set at any position on the slide, Adjustable plug stops in either direction are provided. The vertical milling head is of the most improved design and is fitted with square gibbing and contently located stops, by which any tendency to tilt the head is entirely prevented. Fixtures may be mounted on the head instead of the vise shown. Both vertical and main slides are fitted with rack and pinion motion and long levers, which are adjustable in position.

The machine is also made without arm.

Equipment: 1 No. 3 plain vise and crank; 1 vise holding-down screw; 1 vertical milling fixture with two bolts, nuts and washers; 1 arbor plunger; 1 knee crank;

3 wrenches; I oil pot with awinging arm; I plain countershaft.	-
Dimensions of table inside oil pockets	534" x 20"
Vertical adjustment under spindles	1714"
Swing under arm	13"
Distance from spindle to outboard bearing	13"
Adjustment in line with spindle	4
Vertical feed fixture	170
Arbor hole in spindle, B. & S. taper	No. 10
Largest diameter of cone.	109-6*
Number of steps on cone	4
Width of belt required.	254*
Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft.	12° × 3°
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute.	120
Domestic shipment, crated, weight	1,250 lbs.
The state of the s	



#### NO. 2 HAND MILLING MACHINE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11374.

The pilot wheel hand feed of the carriage is especially valuable for long work and a quick return, and for milling "spots" which are some distance apart.

Machine furnished complete with overhanging arm, vise, and tight and lone pulley countershaft.





# NO. 3 AND NO. 31/2 HAND MILLING MACHINES.

MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11375.

NO. 3 HAND AND POWER FEED MILLER.

Hand rack, hand serew and serew power feed.
Power feed instantly started, stopped or reversed, Machine mished complete, as shown, including two-speed friction tch countershaft.



FIG. 11375.

Center of spindle to overlanging are Greatest distance end of spindle to	overhanging
Working surface of table	*********
Longitudinal movement of table. , .	

SPECIFICATIONS 12° 6° x 24° 17¼° NO. SX MILLER.

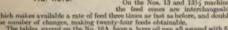
6" X	30"	T
24		V

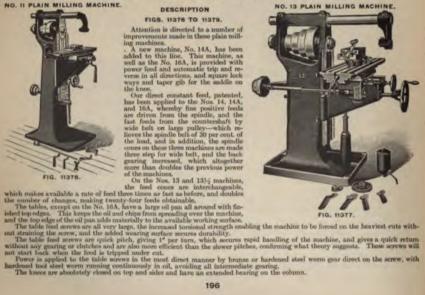
# PLAIN MILLING MACHINES.

FIG. 11374

#### DESCRIPTION

# FIGS. 11376 TO 11379.





#### PLAIN MILLING MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11376 TO 11379.-Continued.

This most important and far reaching improvement removes the relical seakness of the open knee, gives the solidity and stiffness repeists for heavy cutting and the severe stresses brought about 19 light speed tool stools and prevents the spring, twist and villation due to the weakness inherent in a knee open on top and own rut open on sides as well. The extended bearing on the same acids largely to the wearing surface and increases the holding power of the knee, which, combined with the box construction, shrels a stronger and stiffer support for the arm and arbor support lances, a point sot hitherto considered in the design of the knee, and enables more and better work to be obtained from the tools that was possible before. The strength of the solid extended knee its enables us to provide a large space in the clear between the lands of the arm braces and the face of the column.

Elevating serves telescope, requiring no hole in the floor, and

Defating serews telescope, requiring no hole in the floor, and are ball thrusted.

Interchangeable hand wheels are provided on the knee and

micrometer dials are fitted for all movements.

Haddles are fitted to the knee with taper gibs, giving the greatest

Raddles are litted to the knee with taper gibs, giving the greatest solidity with the same case of novemen.

The base or column has a ledge around the bottom to keep all from spreading over the floor.

A strong support is given to the felescope arm tapering out to a large width around the spindle, and a wide surface and large Vs are provided for the knee.

A large solid steel arm, ground, is provided. On this is mounted are constructed to the strong the strong the strong the strong the strong that the strong that the strong the strong the strong the strong that the strong the strong the strong that the strong the strong the strong the strong that the strong the strong the strong that the strong the strong the strong the strong that the strong the strong the strong the strong that the strong the strong the strong that the strong the strong the strong that the strong the strong that the strong the strong the strong that the strong that the strong that the strong that the strong the strong the strong the strong the strong that the strong the strong the strong that the strong the str

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A large solid steel arm, ground, is provided. On this is mounted a yoke, carrying two centers for tit and bush bearings for arbors, which meets all requirements for light and heavy work. On the largest machine however, two pokes carrying bush centers are provided for the end and intermediate support of the arbor.

The yoke can be quickly removed to mount vertical spindle situchments, etc., without taking out the arm.

NO. 15. PLAIN MILLING MACHINE.



FIG. 11379.

NO. 14A. PLAIN MILLING MACHINE.



FIG. 11378.

Provision is made for binding the braces to the end of the arm itself, so that the arm yoke can be adjusted along the arm, leaving the braces out on the end of the knee.

the braces but on the end of the know.

A screw red passing through the spindle is provided for holding and removing cutter arbors. Arbors are held with great power, and disturbance of the bearing by pounding action is avoided. On the No. 14 and larger sizes, positive drive for the arbor is provided.

The table feed screw is provided with one fixed and justable nut to take up all play, and is fitted with an adjustable nucrometer dial, giving facilities for every kind of spacing work, rack cutting, locating holes in jig boring, etc.

Tests have been made of the capacities of our machines under conditions similar to those existing in practical use. These tests were made with single belts, using a spiral mill 31/2" diameter, 51/2" face, and demonstrate the power of the machines that they work without chatter, and the further fact that the power of the feed belt and feed works is equal to any load the main spindle belt can pull.

Other features of design and construction are specified in detail under the headings of the different machines, together with re-

ferences to cuts and description of same.

It may be remarked that a large proportion of the work commonly done on a universal milling machine can be done on a plain machine and to better advantage owing to the greater simplicity and stiffness of the plain machine, stronger feed works and longer and summes of stee pean macanne, scronger need works and origer bearings. A tool room machine is not always a universal milling reachine. Adjustments conform to the manufacturers' standard. All our machines can be fitted with an efficient arrangement of motor drive, by variable speed motor, combining positive drive,

great range of speeds, increasing by small increments, and a minimum of gearing.

Specifications on following page.

# PLAIN MILLING MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11378 TO 11378.—Continued.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

	No. 11,	No. 12	No. 13.	No. 11M.	No. 14	No. 14A.	No. 15.	No. 16A.
ength of automatic feed of table	1234"	18"	24"	24"	28"	28"	42"	34"
djustment in line with spindle	1234*	15"	7*	7"	19#	19*	21	10° 20°
mensions of table over all	23% = 6%	3436" x 9%"	11'x 111%	41° x1116	48° x 13°	48° ± 13°		
mensions of table inside oil pockets estest capacity for work between column and arm braces	2114" x 314"	3034" x 634"	37" × 735"	37" × 713"	21500	43° × 9° 2156°	2150*	50° x 12°
ing under arm	81/4"	93-5"	13"	13"	1314" No. 10	1310"	1335"	2315*
oor hole in spindle B, & S. tapergest diameter of cone	No. 7	No. 10	No. 10 11%(*	No. 10 1134"	No. 10 1234"	No. 10 1254	No. 10 1234*	No. 11
ith of belt required	2"	234"	3"	21/2	4"	4"	3"	4352
nber of steps on cone. inges of speed by cone, back gears and counter- shaft.		4	4	16	3	13	16	12
omatic feeds in all directions	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
nber of feed changesacity of vise furnished	4" x 1%"	12 5° x 214"	6" x 3%4"	6 "x 3%("	20	20	12 6" x 314"	20
ction pulleys on countershaft	8" x 3", tight	10° x 3° tight		14" x 3"	14" x 4"	14" x 4"		16 x 3
ed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	and loose	and loose	80-100	120-160	120 240	120-240	110-320	110.740
or space required	38" x 36"	47" x 38"	60° x 48°	60° x 48°	08° x 53°	68° x 53°	75° × 38°	76" x 98"
mestic shipment, crated weight	650 lbs.	1,016 lbs.	1,725 lbs.	1,780 lbs.	2,650 lbs. 73	2,850 lbs. 73	2,800 lbs.	4,200 lbs.
reign shipment, tight boxed (weight).	975 lbs.	1.370 lbs.	2.100 lbs.	2,175 lbs.	3,250 lbs.	3,400 lbs.	3,300 lbs.	5,050 the
NO. 1 I	PLAIN	MILLIN	NG M	ACHII	NE.			
		MILLIN	NG M		NE.	NS FIG.	11380.	
NO. 1 F		MILLIN	NG M			-	11380.	
		MILLIN	NG M	SPECI	FICATIO	FEEDS.		
		MILLIN		SPECI	TABLE Is positive	FEEDS.	tomatic.	27/9"
		MILLIN	Longitue	SPECI	TABLE	FEEDS,	tomatic.	27 <i>)4</i> ° 8°
		MILLIN	Longitue	SPEGI	TABLE Is positive	FEEDS.	tomatic.	100
		MILLIN	Longitue Transver Vertical.	All feed	TABLE la positivo	FEEDS.	tomatic.	8" 19" 13) ("x 10"
Man and		MILLIN	Longitue Transver Vertical.	All feet	TABLE la positivo	FEEDS.	tomatic.	8° 19°
		MILLIN	Longitus Transver Vertical Working B. & S. to	All feed	TABLE la positivo	FEEDS.	tomatic.	8" 19" 13) ("x 10"
	5	MILLIN	Longitus Transver Vertical Working B. & S. te	All feed limit.	TABLE la positivo table a spindle, under side	FEEDS.	tomatic.	8" 19" 13) ("x 10"
	5	MILLIN	Longitus Transver Vertical. Working B. & S. ti Center of ing	All feed final	TABLE  Is positive  table  a spindle, under side	FECOS. e and aut	tomatic.	8° 19° 33)4°x 10° No. 10

## NO. 1 PLAIN MILLING MACHINE.



FIG. Haso.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11380.

#### TABLE FEEDS.

Longitudinal	27/9"
Transverse	8"
Vertical	19"
Working surface of table	3336"x 10"
B. & S. toper hole in spindle.	No. 10
Center of spindle to under side of everhang-	
ing arm	69/4
Front of spindle to arbor bearing in arm	
pendant without braces	1634"
Diameter of largest step on cone	1032"
Width of belt on cone	234*
Extreme floor space	90° x 56°
Net weight	2,600 lbs.
Domestic shipping weight	2,775 lbs.
Export shipping weight	2,000 lbs.
Countershaft pulleys	12" = 234"
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	180 and 150
For description see following page.	

### NO. 2 PLAIN MILLING MACHINE.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11381.

#### TABLE PEEDS.

All feeds automatic and positive.

	Longitudinal	29*
3	Transmission	9*
2	Versiel	19*
1	Working surface of table	39" x 10"
	A S. taper hole in spindle	No. 10
10	Center of spindle to underside of over-	
	bacging arm	854*
10	Front of spindle to arbor bearing in arm	
ŧ	pondant, without brace	10"
	Diameter largust step on cone	12*
ME	Width of belt on cone	3"
	Extreme floor space	97" x 62"
) (	Not weight.	3,000 lbs.
)	Domestic shipping weight	3,250 lbs
	Expert shipping weight	3,550 lbs.
) (	Counterstaft pulleys	12" x 354"
•	Speed of countershaft, revolutions per	
ш	minute:	170 and 140

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FIG. 11381.

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11380 AND 11381.

central description Figs. Hase AND Haset.

modern milling machine must be primarily a manufacturing machine. The Kempanith miller, herein described, has recently supletely redesigned, strengthened, and its efficiency increased in every possible way, to adapt it to the greatly increased strains by modern milling methods. It is truly a miller of quality, and we commend its many food features to your careful examination. 200 per revolution of spindle, in geometrical progression, this wide range adapting it to the very heaviest classes of milling. Steel are are used throughout, and by our method of construction, the loss of power through riction is minimized. Each change of feed by obtainable by means of levers on the gear box, and a simple and easily comprehended index plate on the box shows the range, and how to obtain any desired feed.

gard box is recessed into the column, and is thus rigidly supported without any overhanging part. Is chain driven from main novements have power feed, reversed or sutdenatically tripped at any time, from front of knee, thus foringing all movements of thine under operator's immediate control without change of position. One lever only is necessary in tripping all feeds, which is a davantage in suiden emergency. It acts instantaneously. All feeds can be read in 0.01° insuring delicate work.

min is of fiberal dimensions without unnecessary metal. Column, base, and bridge for overhanging arm are all cost in one integral abstantially ribbed internally, the internal ribs serving both as tie plates for strengthening the column and as a series of handly lever. This is absolutely the most rigid construction conceivable. Base is pan shaped, concaved to hold waste oil and outtings, tell into formed steel contracts by the first parties for knee, and is officied for applying vertical situatement at any future to the floors. Column presents bread bearing surface for knee, and is officied for applying vertical situatement at any future to the floors.

Column presents bread bearing surface for k

resection to the floors. Column presents broad bearing surface for knee, and is drilled for applying vertical attachment at any future. Spindle is of forged steel, ground absolutely true, with bole its entire length, and B. & S. taper hole in front end. Has large bearings, front bearing tapered, rear bearing cytindrical. Bearing boxes are highest quality bronze, with improved means for adjustment, so of spindle is threaded for face milling cutter or chuck, and when not thus used is protected by a collar. Driving cone has four particular through double friction countershaft.

Overhanging arm is a solid steel bar, accurately ground and by removing pendant supporting arbor, may be pushed back flush with unn, or be ready for receiving attachments.

Table is of large working surface, with three T slots. Table screw has ball bearing thrust collars; nut is in two sections, with ample can for taking up wear. Is back geared on right end to impart quick return motion. Elevating and cross feed screws may be operated utlaneously by hand without handles interfering.

Elevating screw is telescopic and permits of lowering table full distance of feed without need for screw hole in floor or foundation. Trust is taken by ball bearing collars.

Double friction countershaft is furnished with each machine.

All kearings are wide, semped to a perfect fit. All gears are coarse pitch and wide face.

Regular equipment includes countershaft, 1° arbor, No. 3 plain vice with steel face jaws, brace for overhanging arm, outside tool aff, and all versucles and accessories shown in illustration.

\*\*When specified and steet citate cost, we can furnish this machine with vertical, circular and high speed milling attachments, plain or versul index emters, extra arbors, oil pump and piping, and improved motor drive.

#### NO. 3 PLAIN MILLING MACHINE.



FIG. 11382.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11282.

#### TABLE FEEDS.

All feeds automatic and positive. Longitudinal..... 37\* Transverse..... 110 Vertical.... 20" Working surface of table..... 46" x 12" B. & S. taper hole in spindle . . . No. 11 Center of spindle to underside of overhanging arm..... 736" Front of spindle to arbor bearbearing in arm pendant, without brace ... 2134" Diameter largest step on cone .... 1336" Width of belt on cone.... 314" Net weight ..... 4,100 lba. Domestic shipping weight..... 4,400 lbs. Export shipping weight...... 4,800 lbs.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11382.

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ntly been coned, and its

Feeds are positive and automatic in ill directions. The genred feed changing mechanism provides sixteen changes, range .006 to .260 per revolution of spindle, in geometrical progression, advancing by small increments, the range being selected for elliciency in every day milling. Steel sour gears are used throughout, and by our method of construction, the loss of power friction is minimized. Each change of leed is readily obtainable by means of levers on the gear box, and a simple and easily hended index plate on the box shows the range of feeds, and the necessary combination for any desired feed.

The gear box is recessed into the column, and is thus rigidly approted without any overlang part. Is chain driven fre spindles, the sprecket wheel being keyed direct to spindle. The entire mechanism is extremely simple and compact throughout All movements have power feed, reversed or automatically tripped at any time by improved melods, from front of knee, thing all movements of the machine under operator's immediate control without change of position. All feeds can be read in .001° delicate work.

is work.

Lumn is of liberal dimensions without unnecessary metal. Column, base, and bridge for overhanging arm are all cast in one int
substantially ribbed internally, the internal ribs serving both as tie plates for strengthening the column, and as a series of h
selves. This is absolutely the most rigid construction conceivable. Base is pan shaped, concert to hold waste oil and ently
selves. The floors. Column presents broad bearing surface for knee, and is drilled for applying vertical attachment at any fr

contection to the floors. Column presents broad bearing surface for knee, and is drilled for applying vertical attachment at any future no.

Spindle is of forged steel, ground absolutely true, with hole its entire length, and B. & S. Laper hole in front end. Has large bearings, a front bearing lapered, rear bearing evilundrical. Bearing brazes are bronze, with improved means for adjustment. Now of spindle threaded for face milling cutters or chuck, and when not thus used is protected by a coliar. Driving cone has four steps, large diameter of wide face, and is powerfully back geared. Sixteen spindle speeds are obtainable, through double friction countershaft ranging from to 312 revolutions per minute.

Overhanging arm is a solid steel bar, necurately ground, and by removing pendant supporting arbor, may be pushed back flush with mnn, or be ready for receiving attachments.

Table is of large working gurface, with three T slots. Table acrew has ball bearing thrust collars; nut is in two sections, with ample ans for taking up wear. Hand wheel at right of table is back geared to impart quick return motion, but can be instantly connected table serve, to give same slow motion as ball crank at left end. Elevating and cross-feed serves may be operated simultaneously hand without handles interfering.

Elevating serve is telescopic and permits of lowering table full distance of feed without need for screw hole in floor or foundation. rust is taken by ball bearing collars.

Double friction countershaft has pulleys 15' diameter for 4' belt to run 165 revolutions per minute (or at 135 and 165 revolutions per nute for sixteen spindle speeds in same direction).

All bearings are wide, scraped to a perfect fit. All gears are coarse pitch and wide face.

Regular equipment includes countershaft, 1\frac{1}{2} arbor, No. 4 plain vise with steel face jaws, brace for overhanging arm, outside tool (ft, and all wysselbes and accessories shown in illustration.)

When specified and at extra cost, we can furnish this machine with vertica

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11383.

#### TABLE FEEDS.

Longitudinal feed automatic.

Longitudinal	30*
Traingre	736*
Vertigal	20*

B. & S. taper bale in spindle	No. 10
Center of spindle to under side of overhanging	
Front of spindle to arbor bearing in arm pendant	634"
rent of spindle to aroor bearing in arm pendant	100

WIGOUT DIRECTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRA	TA.
Diameter largest step on cone	12*
Width of belt on cone	3"
Extreme floor space	80° x 65°
Net weight.	2,500 lbs.
Domestic shipping weight	2,700 lbs.
Export shipping weight	2,850 lbs.

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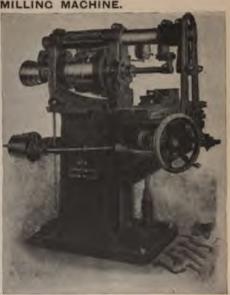


FIG. 11383.

# VERTICAL SPINDLE MILLING ATTACHMENTS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11384 AND 11385.

These attachments can be fitted to milling machines shown in Figs. 11380 to 11383; also to universal machines shown in Figs. 11389 to 11382.

Type C attachment is designed primarily for massive strength and rigidity sufficient to handle without undue strain the very heaviest classes of milling which the power of the main spindle of the machine itself can stand. We call attention to its compact and rigid design, and the absence of any fmil construction which would detract from the original strength of the attachment.



FIG. 11384. SHOWS TYPE C.

Type B attachment is for lighter work and is provided with a rack cutter spindle.



FIG. 11385, SHOWS TYPE B.



FIG. 11386

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DESCRIPTION FIGE. 11300 TO 11300.

The making appears the most advanced design, and built in such liberal processing that they are supable of excelling all others in the matter of until end accurate production.

The quindles are large in diameter, made of crucible used, and the larger sizes of conclusion are all provided with a positive fixed muchanism with quark-fixed change feature, permitting changing the rate of fixed a note in at a time while the mechanism are doing heavy cutting, and will take any out that the man driving belt will juil. The Nos. 3, 4, and 3 are a rated with double back goars of wide ratio, giving a baigh belt velocity, resulting in unusually high aposits power.

The excellential arm and braces are massive and afford a right and substantial support for the outer end of the cuttof after.

HO & PLAIN MILLING MACHINE.



Fig. hasy.

The table has unusually great vertical depth, giving it stiffness as a beam to resist being sprung when work is clamped to it. This stiffness is further increased by the stout transverse and horizontal webbing on the inside. It is provided with liberal bearings in the saddle, these being placed at the top of the V-part, making the bearing as wide as the table itself. These, as all other sliding bearings, are at a 45° angle, providing a large surface for a given depth, and they are much deeper than the bearings on other machines. Wear is in all cases taken up by means of adjustable taper gibs.

Convenience in operation is a feature which has been given special attention in the design, all levers without a single exception being on the front or operator's side of the machine within easy reach. This is an unusual feature, but is important, in that convenience in operation is one of the chief factors determining the productive capacity of modern machine tools.

The materials and workmanship entering into their construction are guaranteed to be of the highest quality,

For specifications see following page.



FIG. 11388. SPECIFICATIONS, FIGS. 11386 TO 11388.

	Not Back Geared.	Back Geared.	Not Bac	k Geared.	Back (	Gesred.	Dos	ble Buck Gear	ed.
Sumber of Machine	ò	0.00	1	1-10	1)(	2	1	. 4	
engitudinal feed	15"	18"	24*	24"	24° 7°	28*	34"	42° 10°	50"
ertimal feed.	10"	18"	19"	19"	19"	19"	20"	20"	12"
rem end of spindle to bush in overarm (without braces)	10%	10%"	14%T 12%	1450	14%*	14%* 13%*	10%	34%*	82M° 27
rom face of column to bush in overarm (without braces) ame as above (with braces)	12%	12%"	1735	179	1779"	17K	19%	2715	35%
rom face of column to braces as of table over all. orking surface of table umber of T slots in table	2256° = 8° 2756° = 8°	27% = 8° 27% = 8°	30 % = 10"	30 k" × 10"	30% = 10" 34 × 10"	\$1\mathred{\pi} \tau \tau \tau \tau \tau \tau \tau \tau	19%* 24%* 52%* = 19* 46%* = 12*	27%° 64° x 16° 52° x 16°	33 N = 18 56" x 18
igniber of T slots in table	100	Nº	W.	N- 1	Nº.	N°	N.	X**	N.
cone	10"	9"	12"	12"	10"	11Me.	12"	14"	-14%*
ember of spindle speeds	2	16	4	4	4	10	3	3 18	il.
inge of spindle speeds, idth of driving belt,	54 to 378	16 to 376	50 to 300	50 to 300	10 to 384	10 to 365	13 to 350 3N <sup>2</sup>	11 to 320	10 to 36
seds per revolution of spindle	.004" to .100"	2004" to .100"	.004" to .100"	.005" to .253" Genred	Grand	.005" to .253"	.000" to .300" Geared	.000° to .300°	.007* to .1
enter of spindle to overarm.	38	5/6	5N°	6N*	016" EN"	6N°	10%** 436**	7%	S.M.
ameter of overhanging arm.	1.Bwivel	I Swivel	1 Swivel	1 Swivel	1 Swival	1 Swivel	3 Plain	4 Plain	5 Plain
per hole in spindle (B, & S. Standard)	No. 9	No. 9	No. 10	No. 10	No. 10	No. 10	No. 11	No. 12	No. 12
ecinile	125 and 165	162 and 200	90 and 260	90 and 200	146 and 186	139 and 177	145 and 200	150 and 275	170 and 2
pulloys		100	12"	12"	12"	92" 5.74%°	16"	125" 1 84"	18"
oor space	70" a 58" 1,530 lbs.	70" a 58" 1,680 lbs.	2.300 lbs.	83° € 70%° 1,375 flm.	2,550 lbs.	2,750 lbs.	100° ± 78%° 4,000 lbs.	5,370 lbs.	7.700 lbs
ipping weight, about, do-	2,000 lbs	2.150 lbs.	2,900 Bs.	9.000 Box	5,175 fbs.	2,400 lbs.	4.700 Bas.	6.000 lbs.	8.750 lbs

#### NO. 20 UNIVERSAL MILLING MACHINE.



#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11389.

#### TABLE FEEDS.

Longitudinal feed automatic.

Longitudinal	1835"
Fransverse,	434"
Tertical	1334*
Working surface of table	2936" x 636"
3. & S. taper hole in spindle	No. 9
center of spindle to underside of over-	
hanging arm	5%*
ront of spindle to arbor bearing in	
arm (greatest distance)	10"
Distance of largest step on cone	1055
Vidth of belt on cone	234"
Extreme floor space	71" × 44"
fet weight	1,300 lbs. *
Domestic shipping weight,	1,400 lbs.
Export shipping weight	1,650 lbs.
Countershaft pulleys	10" x 254"
peed of countershaft pulleys, revolu-	
tions per minute	80 and 110

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FIG. 11389

#### NOS. 1 AND 2 UNIVERSAL MILLING MACHINES.

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NOS. 1 AND 2 UNIVERSAL MILLING MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11380 AND 11381.

Feeds are positive and automatic in all directions. The geared feed changing mechanism provides sixteen changes in geometrical progression, ranging from ,005 to .200 per revolution of spindle, this range adapting it to very heavy classes of milling. Each change of feeds is readily obtainable by means of levers on the gaar box, and an index plate on the box shows simply and clearly the range of feeds, and the part of the continuation of the continuation of the part of the continuation of the continuation of the part of the continuation of the

(Continued on page 205.)

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11300.

## TABLE FEEDS.

All feeds automatic and positive,

Longitudinal	24)4*
Transport.	735*
Vertical.	18"
Working surface of table.	3535" × 834"
B, & S. taper hole in spindle	No. 10
Center of spindle to under side of overhanging arm	6%*
Front of spiralle to arbor bearing in arm pendant, without	
brace	1654*
Diameter largest step on cone.	1035*
Width of belt on cone	234"
Extreme floor space	85" x 56"
Not weight	2,800 lbs.
Demestis shipping weight	3,050 lbs
Export shipping weight.	3,300 lbs.
Countershaft pulleys	12" × 2%"
Speed of countershaft pulleys, revolutions per minute	150 and 180

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FIG. 11390.

## SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11391,

#### TABLE FEEDS.

All feeds automatic and positive.

Longitudinal	29*
Transverse	834"
Vertical	18"
Working surface of table	40° × 10°
B. & S. taper hole in spindle	No. 10
Center of spindle to under side of over-	
banging arm	93%
Front of spindle to arbor bearing in arm pendant, without brace	19*
Diameter largest step on cone	12*
Width of belt on cone	3*
Extreme floor space	97° × 62°
Net weight	3,300 lbs.
Domestic shipping weight	3,550 lbs.
Export shipping weight	3,850 Iba.
Countershaft pulleys	12" × 315"
Speed of countershaft pulleys, revolu- tions per minute	140 and 170
For general description of Figs.	11390 and
11391, see page 204.	



FIG. 11391.

### NO. 3 UNIVERSAL MILLING MACHINE.



#### SPECIFICATIONS, FIG. 11392.

#### TABLE FEEDS.

Longitudinal.....

All feeds automatic and positive,

Vertical	19"
	48° × 12°
B. & S. taper hole in spindle Center of spindle to under side of	No. 11
Front of spindle to arbor bear-	754"
ing in arm pendant, without	2114
Diameter largest step on cone Width of belt on cone	314"
	1,800 lbs.
	5,100 lbs.

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### UNIVERSAL MILLING MACHINES.

NO. 4 UNIVERSAL MILLER



FIG. 11393.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11293.

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These machines are similar in design and construction to the plain milling machines described on pages 202 and 203; each machine is provided, however, with the swiveling table and the universal head and tail stock. A milling machine chuck is also furnished as part of the usual sequipment.

The illustration shows the heaviest type of machine. The No. 3 and No. 4 machines are double back-geared, the No. 1½ and No. 2 schlose are single geared, while the No. 1 machine has plain head.

SPECIFICATIONS.

	NOT BACK- GRARED.	Bace-6	JEARED .	Dovets Be	HER-GRABER.
Number of Machine	1	130	2	1	
Longitudinal feed	20"	20"	25"	30*	35*
Cross feed	7"	7"	18"	10"	10° 20°
From end of spindle to bush in overarm (without braces)	1436*	121/*	1414*	1014	2456
From end of spindle to bush in overarm (with braces)	1459	1351-	1314	1032*	212
From face of column to bush in overarm (without braces)	1716"	1550	1734*	1032*	2750*
From face of column to bush in overarm (with braces).		1694"	16%*	1934*	2414"
Distance between face of column and braces	Contraction of	2014"	2134"	24)4"	2732*
Size of table over all	3715" × 9"	3714" × 9"	43346" x 10"	51° x 12°	60° x 14"
Working surface of table	35)2" x 9"	3534" x 9"	40)4° x 10°	48" x 12"	5634"× 14"
Number of T slots in table	3	3	3	3	3.
Width of T alots in table	10*	56° 10°	10*	100	135
Index centers take in length.	16*	16"	21"	20°	274
Largest diameter of driving cone	12*	10*	1134*	12*	14*
Number of steps on driving cone.	4	4	4	3	3
Number of spindle speeds	8	16	16	18	18
Hange of spindle speeds	50 to 300	10 to 384	10 to 365	13 to 350	11 to 326
Width of driving belt	3"	254*	A.	314	33-5*
Number of feed changes	12	12	12	16	16
Variations in feed to one revolution of epindle.	.005" to .253" Geared	Geared	Genral	.006" to .300" Geared	Genred
Center of spindle to overhanging arm	616"	GLC*	Genred	Alexander .	TA/F
Diameter of overhanging arm	334*	3%/*	41/*	412*	100
No. of arbor furnished	11	ii	ii	16	21
No. of vise furnished	1 swivel	1 swivel	1 awivel	2 swivel	2 swivel
Taper hole in spindle (B. & S. standard)	No. 10	No. 10	No. 10	No. 11	No. 12
Diameter of hole through spindle		36"	96"	36	
Speeds of countershaft	90 and 260	146 and 186	139 and 177	145 and 260	150 and 27
Diameter of countershaft pulleys	70° x 7016°	12° 76° × 71°	80° × 7434°	18" 98" x 7814"	110° x 84°
Floor space	2,500 lbs.	2,700 lbs.	2.930 lbs.	4.200 lbs.	5,470 lbs.
Shipping weight, about, domestic.	3,100 lbs.	3,300 lbs.	3,700 lbs.	4,700 lbs.	6,100 lbs

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#### RACK MILLING ATTACHMENT.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11395.

This attachment is constructed to revolve the milling cutter at a right angle to main spindle of machine, permit

cutter at a right angle to main spindle of machine, permitting racks of any length to be cut. It can also be used to advantage in cutting off stock. The attachment is well supported with an upper brace to overhanging arm and is secured on the face of the column which insures rigidity.

It is built for Nos. 3 and 4 plain and Nos. 3 and 4 universal machines, shown on pages 202, 203 and 207. It is strong enough to mill two teeth of three pitch in steel at one cut. The vise for this size will take work 34" long and 534" wide. It is 1" deep.



FIG. 11396.

### HEAVY VERTICAL SPINDLE ATTACHMENT.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11394.

This attachment is designed to be used on our Nos. 2, 3 and 4 millers shown on pages 202, 203 and 207, in cases where it is desired to do heavy vertical milling. It is strong enough to take any cut within the power of the machine. The main body of the attachment forms a bearing for both miter gears, affording a "self-contained" construction.

The head can be swiveled in a vertical plane through 360°. The circle bearing graduations is large in diameter, thus bringing the graduations far apart.

The spindle has adjustable bearings, similar to the bearings of the main spindle of the machine. It takes the same tools that are used on the main spindle of the machine. It is threaded on outside to take large face mills.

A 34" 11 drawing-in bolt is provided for holding cutters with shanks.



FIG. 11395.

### HICH SPEED MILLING ATTACHMENT.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11396.

This attachment is designed for use on milling machines shown on pages 198 to 201 and 204 to 206.

For taking light-cuts with small end mills and sbank cutters, this high-speed milling attachment can be used to great economical advantage. Through its use, as can be readily seen in the illustration, much higher speeds are obtainable on the attachment spindle than would be possible by using the main spindle of the miller alone. The bracket which supports the two driving pulleys is well braced and rigidly clamped to overhanging arm. This arrangement insures the full umber of speed changes obtainable on the main spindle of the miller.

The spindle of this attachment has B. & S. taper hole, and runs in taper bearing in phosphor bronze shell, which is inserted in the taper hole in the main spindle of the miller.

#### MILLING MACHINE INDEX CENTERS.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11397.

These centers are of value in milling taps, reamers, mail goars, aprocket wheels, and a variety of such such nest requiring spiral cutting. These centers sing S' in diameter, or we can furnish when so theself, raising blocks increasing the awing to any course upon the length of table on which used, as wn in table below.

The head stock and tail stock are substantial in natruction and firmly bolted to table. The spindie is fitted to receive No. 10 B. & S. taper, and has the hole running through. The indexing mechan-

wheel, and an index plunger best. The index dial, also the ratchet wheel, are keyed to the spindle, and can be easily withdrawn. The indexing is accom-

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FIG. 11397.

plished easily siturates. The indexing is accomplished easily and rapidly with one hand. The index plunger boit is automatically released by a slight upward movement of the hand lever shown, and by the downward movement of some the spindle is revolved and the index boit engaged in the next noteh on the dial. The spindle is held to position by the ratchet and plunger, and can be further locked by the clamping screw shown on the side, which relieves the indexing mechanism of all strain.

mechanism of all strain.

Single index dials are furnished with any number of divisions up to and including 60, which range covers all ordinary requirements in this character of work. In ordering, please be careful to state the number of divisions wanted on the index dial. A main advantage in our construction lies in the fact that by using single dials with just the number of divisions required, instead of complicated dials, all calculations and mistakes in indexing are obviated.

Necessary wrenches are always furnished, also dog driver and centers.

Net weight of 8° centers, with one dial, 55 lbs.

### UNIVERSAL DIVIDING HEADS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11398. DESCRIPTION FIG. 11396.

This is a newly designed dividing head, possessing valuable and exclusive features, to which we are pleased to direct attention below. When forming part of tuniversal millers it is fitted with twelve change goars, which will form combinations to cut any spiral likely to occur in practice from a lead of .669\* to 21.43" and many beyond this length. When supplied for plain millers, the head remains the same, but the driving gears, change gears, and segment are omitted. It is shown in this shape in the illustration.

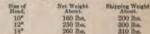




FIG. 11398.

### UNIVERSAL DIVIDING HEADS.



FIG. 11399,

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11399.

Diameter will Swing. 834" 1034"	Aughe will Roisse.  210° from 15° below horizontal, either way 210° from 15° below horizontal, either way	Taper Hole in Spindle, No. 9 B, & S. No. 10 B, & S.	Diameter Hole In Spindle,	Diameter R. H. Serew End on Spindle. 24 214"	Threads U. S., per inches of Screw End. 16 10	Not Weight. 85 lbs. 100 lbs.

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### UNIVERSAL DIVIDING HEAD.



FIG. 11400.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11400.

Diameter will awing.	Angle will rotate.	Taper Hole in Spindle.	Diameter Hole in frpindle.	Diameter R. H. Serwe End on Spindle.	Threads U. S. per Inches of Screw End.	Not Weight.
13%	110° from 10° below horizontal.	No. 11 B. & S.	134"	3"	8	180 lbs.

### MOTOR DRIVEN MILLING MACHINE.



FIG. 11401.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11401.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11401.

It has become so customary during the past few years, in many machine shops, to provide all machines, or in some cases, the larger machines, with individual electric motor drive, that we have found it desirable to make designs for all sizes and types of milling machines so that any one of them may be arranged in this manner. The illustration herewith represents a large sized plain horizontal milling machines with individual electric motor driven. In this particular case, the machine is driven by a variable speed motor of sufficient size to give the best results. The type of motor which is used to operate the various kinds and sizes of machines is naturally variable, depending considerably on the machine itself. All of the milling machines described and illustrated in the foregoing pages, however, can be arranged for electrical operation, if desired. On receipt of inquiries, specifying the voltage and nature of the electrical current on which the motors are to operate, we should be very glad to submit photographs, blue prints or sketches showing the method which it is proposed to follow in attaching motors to these machines, and also quotting prices at the same time. In order to make an intelligent quotation, however, it is very necessary that we be fully informed in regard to the conditions under which the machines themselves, as well as the motors, are to operate. operate.

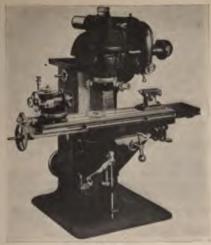


FIG. 11402.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11402.

This milling machine differs from other types of milling machines in the arrangement of the cutter head which is adapted to be moved and operated at any angle from vertical to horizontal. In addition to the movement of the cutter head, the ram, or frame, on which the best is mounted, has an adjustment in and out over the column, and those combined adjustment in and permit the operation of the cutter in the most advantageous position, relative to the nature of the work to be operated upon. The change from one position to another of the cutter head or ram can be made in a moment, and it will be noted that the cut at any angle can be carried through the full longitudinal movement of the table.

The machine not only possesses all the advantages of both the ordinary horizontal and vertical types, but the movement of the ram
gives an added advantage over the other types for either vertical or horizontal work, and the ability to cut at any angle through the full
longitudinal movement of the table is a feature found on none of the other regular types.

We can furnish a subbead for the machine, which is attachable to the face of the main head. This subbead is adapted for cutting spirals in connection with the universal centers of the machine, for rack cutting and for a large variety of regular milling operations where the work cannot be got at with the main cutter head. This subhead can be operated with the main head fixed in any position, and the combined adjustments of these two heads with the ram movement give an almost unlimited cutting range to the machines.

Other special features of the machines are

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(1) The interior sliding spindle, which can be inserted in a moment or two and which has a sliding movement inside the main spindle, with a hand feed of 3" for drilling, counterboring, etc., at any angle

(2) The profile stud for cutting of came or other irregular forms from a pattern.

Main head frame to which the swivel cutter head is attached is 29° long, has bearing 18° long on column, movement in and out over column, 11° Frame is moved by means of hand wheel at side of column and is secured rigidly at any position by means of lever binders.

Overhanging arm, 4" diameter, is fitted in main head frame for use in slab or gang milling, when spindle is set in horizontal position. Svivel cutter head, adjustable to any angle, from horizontal to vertical, in a plane at right angles to the longitudinal movement of work holding table. Head has finely graduated index for setting at angles, and the vertical norizontal positions are accurately determined by means of positive stops. Head is held securely in position by three quickly operated binder bolts.

Spindle is large, has conical bearings running in hard bronze, is 2% diameter at front of bearing. Front end takes in No. 13 B. & S. standard taper. A large taper collet which takes in the spring collets and a draw-in spindle used in connection with same are provided to the neck machine. Mills or arbors with shank of same form as collets will be found to work with great satisfaction. A large nut operated by spanner wrench draws large taper collet into spindle, and a milled follower nut serves as shoulder to draw collet out of spindle. This device does away with all driving on spindle.

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### UNIVERSAL DUPLEX MILLING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11402,-Continued.

An interior sliding spindle, operated from back end of head, is provided. This spindle is 1½° diameter, and has a feed of 3° at any angle in line with the spindle, for radial drilling, milling or counterboring. It takes a No. 7 B. & S. standard taper, and its front bear, ing is in a No. 13 taper cellet. This interior spindle is inserted from back end of spindle, and is held in place by large cap nut screwing on to spindle bead. Tapers used in this spindle should be threaded on back end and can then be drawn in or ejected from spindle by means of the milled hand wheel at back.

Driving pulley has three steps and is powerfully back geared.

Table is 44° long and is provided with side water channels with pockets at each end. The tops of channel ribs are planed level with table, making full working width of table 10° It has automatic feed of 28° in either direction. Feed is reversed by means of a tumbler motion in feed box.

Carriage is 241/4" long and has 12" movement in and out from column.

Knee has vertical range of 18°.

Feeds. There are twelve changes of feeds, ranging from .005 to .160 per revolution of spindle.

Profiling and cam-cutting device is provided.

Profiling and cam-cutting device is provided.

Height of machine from floor to center of spindle, 43°

Floor space of base, 29° by 31°

Column is provided with cabinet for tools and cutters, and has tray with pockets for wrenches.

Countershalt pulleys are 10° diameter for 23¢° belt, and should run 340 revolutions.

Swivel vice is of very large capacity. Has jaws 7° wide, 11½° deep, opening 4½°.

Weight of machine complete, boxed for shipment, about 2,700 lbs.

Outfit furnished with each complete machine consists of interior sliding spindle, one collet holder with draw-in spindle, one 1½° collet, one 1½° end mill, one cutter arbor on collet shank, one vice, set of wrenches and countershaft.

#### OPERATIONS PERFORMED ON UNIVERSAL DUPLEY MILLER

(SEE FIG. 11402.)



FIG. 11403.



FIG. 11404.



FIG. 11405.



FIG. 11406



FIG. 11407.



FIG. 11408.

These cuts show only a few of the many operations which can be performed with this machine, but will serve to demonstrate the wide range of work which it will handle.

### CENTERS FOR UNIVERSAL DUPLEX MILLING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11409 AND 11410

Seri-musual centers, adapted for all kinds of index milling, both straight and taper, excepting entting of spirals.

Fall universal centers, including subhead, adapted for all kinds of index milling including spiral cetting.

All machines are made with a solid saddle with long table bearing to secure strength and rigidity, and the salbend which is attachable to face of main cutter head arves to get the necessary angles in spiral cutting The subhead can be operated with the main cutter head fixed in either a vertical or horizontal position and will he found invaluable for a variety of purposes such as tack cutting, etc. With this subhead much greater angles for spiral entting can be readily obtained than is possible with the use of the ordinary swivel table or

Centers have 10° swing, and both centers and subhead are provided with draw-in spindles to take the regular collete, etc., as used in main spindle of machine.

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SEMI-UNIVERSAL CENTERS



FULL UNIVERSAL CENTERS WITH SUBHEAD



FIG. 11410.

### NO. 3 VERTICAL MILLING MACHINE WITH ROTARY.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11411.

This machine is built in several sizes as noted below.

### NO. 2 MACHINE.

High spindle speed is essential to the prolongation of the life of delicate cutters. This machine is built to run at ex-treme high speed by means of the patented auxiliary spindle support; it is, therefore, of special value to metal engravers

The vertical movement of the spindle is controlled by the foot lever; the head is nicely counterbalanced to return auto-matically when the pressure of the foot upon the lever is withdrawn. Both hands are free to guide the direction of the table while the operator's foot governs the vertical movement. Both hands are free to guide the direction of the table These features are much appreciated in machine shops where

These features are much appreciated in machine shops where experimental jobbing is made a specialty.

The spindle is adapted for use with split collets. It is hardened at main bearing, and finished by grinding.

The boxes are made of bronze lined with bubbits, and are provided with means of adjustment for wear. Cutters are rigidly secured by a draw bar passing through the center of spindle.

Stop gauge with micrometer readings controls the depth

Gripping jaws are provided with each machine for securing

Rotary attachment is usually furnished with a graduated table. Die sinkers sometimes prefer a four jaw chuck, in which case same will be furnished instead of the circular table, or both may be had interchangeable with each other at additional cost.



FIG. 11411.

### VERTICAL MILLING MACHINES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11411 - Continued.

Countershaft, when machine is to be used for metal engraving, is provided with tight and loose pulleys 6" in diameter and should be run about 500 revolutions per minute. For machine shop practice, we furnish a double-friction counter, speeds 125 and 400. Unless otherwise specified we shall furnish regularly counter with tight and loose pulleys.

Size of platen	17" x 9"	Distance between center of spindle and neck	15"
Length of saddle	1614*	Vertical adjustment of knee	16"
Longitudinal feed	12*	Diameter of spindle main bearing	1,
Cross feed	12*	Diameter of spindle driver	5"
Vertical motion of spindle	2*	Diameter of rotary table	15*
Range of spindle speeds	200 to 10,000	Size of hole in spindle (for collet)	48-
Greatest distance between spindle and platen	17"	Speed of counter, fast, 700; slow	125
Greatest distance between spindle and rotary		Diameter of pulleys on countershaft (214" beit)	8" and 12"
platen	13*	Not weight	1,400 lbs.

#### NO. 3 MACHINE.

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The vertical movement of the head is controlled by a hand wheel. The foot lever is, however, provided instead of the hand wheel, when the machine is to be used for fine die sinking purposes, thus enabling the operator to more conveniently manipulate the vertical movement of the spindle. For drilling and boring, the hand wheel is preferable to the foot lever and is usually furnished unless otherwise specified.

specified.

Stop gauge with micrometer readings is attached to the head to regulate the depth of the cut.

The spindle is hardened at main bearing, and finished by grinding. It is adapted for use with split collets which are rigidly secured by a draw-har passing through the center of the spindle.

The boxes are made of bronze and provided with means of adjustment.

Steel-faced gripping jaws are furmished with each machine. These are made to work in combination with the T slots of the main table. Length of jaw, 8°; depth, 2°; length of piece that may be held between jaws, 16°.

Hand rotary attachment is usually furnished with graduated table provided with T slots. When machine is to be used for die sinking, a four-jaw chuck can be supplied in place of circular table, or both may be provided interchangeable with each other at additional cost, Feeds are derived from compounded gears, giving six changes for each change of spindle speed.

Size of platen inside oil pocket	26° × 1014°	Distance between center of spindle and neck.	16"
Length of saddle	28*	Vertical adjustment of knes	1634*
Longitudinal feed, automatic in either direction.	21*	Diameter of spindle, main bearing	735"
Cross feed by hand	12"	Diameter of spindle driver	10"
Vertical feed of spindle by hand or foot lever.	336"	Diameter of rotary table, inside oil pockets, 15":	
Feed per revolution of cutter	.003" to .043"	outside	18"
Range of spindle speeds	100 to 2,000	Size of hole in spindle (for collet)	36"
Greatest distance between spindle and platen .: ; :	1756*	Speed of counter, fast, 400; slow	100
Greatest distance between spindle and rotary		Diameter of pulleys on countershaft (3" belt)	8" and 12"
platen	1334*	Net weight	2,000 lbs

### NO. 4 AND NO. 48 MACHINES.

The vertical movement of the heatl is controlled by a powerfully geared hand wheel, thus making it a valuable vertical boring machine. A micrometer stop gauge controls depth of cut, and the head can be rigidly clamped at any point within the limits of its movement.

The spindle is bored to B. & S. taper No. 10. The arbors, cutters and collets are secured by a drawbar which passes through the ollow spindle. The spindle of No. 4B only has threaded nose for securing large surface mills or chucks, and is back geared four to one. This is the only difference between No. 4 and No. 4B machines.

The boxes are made of hard bronze, the bearings are of generous proportions and are provided with means of adjustment for taking up wear. A flat vise is furnished with each machine.

Rotary attachment is fed automatically or by hand with automatic stop dogs for throwing out feed at either end of a segment,

Feeds are derived from compounded gears, giving six changes for each change of spindle speed.

Size of platen inside oil pockets	26" x 1014"	Greatest distance between spindle and platen	19"
Length of middle	36"	Distance between center of spindle and neck	15*
Longitudinal feed, automatic in either direction,	28*	Vertical adjustment of knee	1735"
Cross feed	13"	Diameter of spindle, main bearing	234*
Vertical feed of spindle.	510"	Diameter of spindle driver	Line
Feed per revolution of cutter, No. 4 spindle	.004" to .058"	Diameter of rotary table, inside oil pockets, 17";	
Feed per revolution of cutter, No. 4B spindle	.004" to .227"	outside	20*
Range of spindle speeds, No. 4, 50 to 1,500; No.		Size of hole in spindle, B. & S. tapur.	No. 10
4B	50 to 800	Speed of counter, fast, 400; slow	100
Greatest distance between spindle and rotary		Diameter of pulleys on countershaft (3" belt)	10° x 14°
platen	1354*	Net weight, No. 4, 2,775 lbs.; No. 4B	2,825 lbs.

### VERTICAL MILLING MACHINES.

#### NO. 22 MILLING MACHINE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11412.

24 has power feed with reverse and automatic trip in all direcin and out, up and down, and rotary table also. The No. 22
feed with reverse and automatic trip to table only. The rotary
No. 22 is hand feed. The rotary tables can be quickly mounted
in any position along the table. The spindles are our standard
rotation, running in solid bronnes, self-coling boxes, with hardened
i thrust washers, and provided with disengaging back goar,
as the demands of both light and heavy work.
ent No. 22: rotary table, 2 nuts, bolts and washery, 2 watra
s. I table stop; 5 wrenches; I double friction contentwhaft.
ent No. 24: rotary table; 2 bolts, 5 wrenches; I double friction.

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# SPECIFICATIONS. tions of table inside oil pockets. ser of rotary table. st distance end of spindle to top of table. sistance end of spindle to top of table t distance end of spindle to top rotary table. 14" x 50" 24" 17%" 136" of power feed to table. center of spindle to face of column... ls in spindle, B. & S. taper...

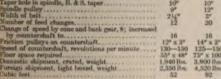




FIG. 11412

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11413.

These machines are of the most advanced type, embodying the elements of first class vertical boring machines. In addition to the circular work for which they are especially adapted, they will, to a great extent, do the work of a large lathe. For surface finishing, angular and dovetail milling, slide work, etc., they are indispensable to the manufacturer.

The vertical movement of the head is actuated automatically by a worm gear. For boring purposes, it is provided with automatic stop dog which will throw out the feed at any point within its limit.

A micrometer stop gauge at the upper left hand side of the head accurately gauges the depth of cut.

The spindle end is threaded to receive large surface mills. Medium cutters are secured by means of a drawbar passing through the hollow spindle. Spindle driving pulley is mounted upon a patented adjustable auxiliary bearing. The boxes are made of hard bronze, and bearings are of generous proportions, provided with means of adjustment for taking up

wear. A flat vise is furnished with each machine,

Rotary attachment is fed automatically or by hand, with automatic stop dogs for throwing out feed at either end of segment.

Feeds are derived from compounded gears, giving eight changes for each change of spindle speed.

The cut on following page shows the machine fitted up with oil tank, pump, relief valve and connections, which are not regularly furnished.

### SPECIFICATIONS NO. 5 MACHINE.

Size of platen inside oil pockets.	45° x 13°	Distance between center of spinitle and neck	17*
Length of middle	48*	Vertical adjustment of knee	13145
Longitudinal feed, automatic in either direction	39*	Diameter of spindle, main bearing.	3"
Cross feed, automatic	14"	Diameter of spindle driver (back geared 5: 1)	36°
Vertical feed of spindle, automatic	7"	Diameter of rotary table, inside, 19"; outside	22"
Food per revolution of cutter	.005° to .315°	Size of hole in spindle, B. & S. taper	No. 11
Range of spindle speeds	10 to 800	Speed of counter, fast, 400; slow	100
Greatest distance between spindle and platen	20*	Diameter of pulleys on countershaft (312 belt)	12" and 18"
Greatest distance between spindle and rotary platen	1439*	Net weight	4,500 fbs.

### VERTICAL MILLING MACHINES.

NO. SB MILLING MACHINE WITH ROTARY.



FIG. 11413.

### NO. 142 VERTICAL MILLING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11414.

The accompanying cut illustrates No. 142 vertical universal milling machine with a rotary carriage, which is a separate attachment, and can be readily removed from the flat carriage when not required. By throwing in back gears heavy outside work can be milled, such as stationary engine straps or light locomotive work.

The machines are so arranged that universal centers can be furnished if desired by swinging the horizontal spindle attachment instead of swinging the table as on the ordinary universal milling machine. Spiral cutters can be made, gear cutting, die sinking, heavy slabbing, milling and every operation within the range of these tools can be performed.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11413.—Continued. SPECIFICATIONS NO. 68 MACHINE.

Size of platen inside oil pocketa	43" × 14"
Length of anddle	52*
Longitudinal feed, automatic	42*
Cross feed, automatic with stop	16"
Vertical feed of spindle, automatie	9*
Feed per revolution of cutter	
Range of spindle speeds	10 to 800
Greatest distance between spindle and platen.	2114"
Greatest distance between spindle and rotary	
platen	16"
Distance between center of spindle and neck.	Tales.
Vertical adjustment of knee	1413"
Diameter of spindle, main bearing	3"
Diameter of spindle driver (back geared 5: 1).	16*
Diameter of rotary table, inside, 19"; outside.	20*
Size of hole in spindle, B. & S. taper	No. 11
Speed of counter, fast, 400; slow	100
Diameter of pulleys on countershaft, 334" belt	
Net weight	4,960 lbs.
	Acres seen

SPECIFICATIONS NO. 6 MACH	INE.
Size of platen inside oil pocket (standard)	49° x 18"
Length of saddle (standard)	60*
Longitudinal feed, automatic (standard)*	50"
Cross feed with automatic stop	20"
Vertical feed of spindle, automatic	13"
Feed per revolution of cutter	
Range of spindle speeds	9 to 340
Greatest distance between spindle and platen	30"
Greatest distance between spindle and rotary	-
platen Distance between center of spindle and neck.	24"
Vertical feed of knee, automatic	20"
Diameter of spindle, main bearing	334"
Diameter of spindle driver	200
Diameter of rotary table, inside oil pockets,	20
24"; outside	2734"
Size of hole in spindle, B. & S. taper	No. 13
Speed of counter; fast, 300; slow	. 130
Diameter of pulleys on countershaft (414"	
belt), tight and loose	15*

\* Can be furnished with feed of 42" or 60" if desired



FIG. 11414.

### NO. 146 VERTICAL MILLING MACHINE.



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### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11417.

This is the type of machine that is universally used for the production of large mbers of duplicate parts in the manufacture of guns, pistols, sewing machines, redvare specialties, etc.

The spindle is large, strongly back geared, and fitted with long bearings and vided with a standard Lincoln miller taper hole.

The side is wide and deep, and the feed works are well protected.

The feed is driven by fast running belt from the back shaft and provided with blener.

The feed is driven by last running belt from the back shaft and provided with tightener.

The tail stock is a solid yoke casting, affording the utmost solidity. The tail spiralle is adjusted by two large nuts, and the arbor bearing is a hardened steel bushing with take-up for wear and special oiling facilities.

Equipment: 1 No. 15 plain vise and crank; 2 vise holding down serews; 1 drift; 4 wrenches; 1 plain countershaft.

SPECIFICATIONS.	
Dimensions of table	7147 x 28*
Adjustment of spindle above table	314 × 8"
Adjustment in line with spindle	40
Length of automatic feed of table	90*
Maximum distance between head and tail stock	10*
Largost diameter of cone	1014
Number of steps on cone	3
Width of belt required	214"
Number of feed changes	- 4
Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft	12° x 3°
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	190
Floer space required	61° × 58°
Domestic shipment, crated, weight	1,475 lbs.
Foreign shipment, tight boxed (74 cubic feet)	1,800 Ibs.

### NO. 2 LINCOLN MILLING MACHINE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11418.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11416.

This is a more powerful enachine than the No. 1 Fig. 11417 and has several other advantages—the large oil pan and reservoir and the larger range of adjustments. The spiridle has large bearings in adjustable boxes and is driven by a large cone and wide belt. The table is wide and seep and provided with two T alots 3% wide and center groove. The feed works are thoroughly protected and the feed belt runs at high speed and is provided with an efficient swing tightener.

The saddle has screw adjustment and positive screw stops.

The tail stock is of the most solid description and the tail block is firmly clamped and adjusted by pand wheel above. The tail spindle is adjusted by large nuts and the arbor bearing is a hardened steel bushing, adjustable for wars and provided with special oil facilities.

Equipment: 1 No. 15 plain vise and crank; 2 vise holding-down screws; 1 drift; 4 wrenches; 1 plain countershaft.



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Dimensions of table	$756'' \times 2856''$
Adjustment of spindle above table	234" × 974"
Adjustment in line with spindle	7"
Length of automatic feed of table	2134"
Maximum distance between head and tail stock	20°
Largest diameter of cone	1134"
Number of steps on cone	3
Width of helt required	-3*
Number of feed changes	4
light and loose pulleys on countershaft	12" x 4"
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	190
Floor space required	61° x 60°
Demestic shipment, crated, weight	1,825 lbs.
Foreign shipment, tight boxed (74 cubic feet)	2,125 lbs.

### NO. 7 LINCOLN MILLING MACHINE.

### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11419.

FIG. 11418.

Size of table over all	12° x 3
Working surface of platen	9" x 26
Length of saddle	245,"
Longitudinal automatic feed	20"
Fransverse adjustment	7"
Vertical adjustment of spindle	8*
Greatest distance from end of spindle to bush-	
ing in arbor support	3814
Greatest distance from face of column to tail	
stock	3234
Number of T slots	1
Width of T slots	34
Diameter of spindle	23/2"
Length of front spindle bearing	634"
Range of spindle speeds	15 to 4
Number of spindle speeds	3
Size of hole in spindle	36
Size of taper, H. & S	No. 10
Largest step on cone	10"
Smallest step on cone	6"
Number of steps on cone	3
Variations of feed to one revolution of spindle	.019" to .
Number of feeds for each speed	8
Ratio of back-gearing	6.3 to
Diameter of pulleys on countershaft	14° x 3
Width of driving belt	3"
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute.	160
Net weight	1,770 11
Weight boxed	2,070 11
Contents in cubic feet	61
Automatic oiling device can be furnished.	

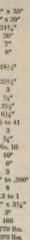




FIG. 11419.

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### NO. 32 LINCOLN MILLING MACHINE.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11420.

## Longitudinal food automatic

Longitudinal ..... 534" Vertical ..... 9340  $367 \times 125$ Working surface of table..... P. & S. taper hole in spindle..... No. 10 Center of spindle to under side of overhang-434" ing arm..... Front of spindle to inside face of harness or brace for armi..... 16" Diameter of largest step on cone ...... 110 35 Width of belt on cone ..... 80° × 54° Extreme floor space..... Net weight..... 2,300 lbs Domestic shipping weight..... 2.450 lbs Export shipping weight..... 2,800 lbs



FIG. 11420.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11420.

The longitudinal feed of table is automatic, through bronze screw of large diameter running constantly in oil, engaging with a thread cut the full length in underside of table. This construction permits effective feed of full length of table in either direction—of diamet advantages in manufacturing purposes. There are four changes, ranging from .011 to .067 per revolution of spindle. These feeds are all readily reversible, without change of belt, and may be automatically tripped at any position by improved methods.

Transverse feed is operated by hand movement of screw, and is indexed, by graduated collar, to read .001".

Vertical adjustment of spindle head is through head wheel, and is graduated in .001" The outer pendant is simultaneously adjusted by the same movement.

Bed is of liberal dimensions, designed for resistance of strain, and set in a broad pan for catching all waste oil and cuttings. The head frame is very substantial, with broad bearing for spindle head,

Spindle is of forged crucible steel, with hole its entire length, and B. & S. taper hole in front end. Has large bearings, both front and rear being tapered, ground absolutely true, running in bronze boxes, with improved means of adjustment for wear. Nose of spindle is threaded to receive face milling cutter or chuck, and when not thus used is protected by a collar. Driving cone has three steps, large diameter and wide face, is strongly geared at a ratio of 5 to 1 Six spindle speeds are obtainable through double friction countershaft, ranging from 22 to 65 revolutions per minute.

Overhanging arm is a solid steel bar rigidly supported by long bearings in spindle head and the outer pendant, which is firmly clamped at any position, to upright harness. Besides the outer pendant for use with long arbors, the arm carries an inner double ended pendant with large and small bronze bushed bearings, for use either as an intermediate support to a long arbor with end bearing in the outer pendant, or by using reverse bearing, as end bearing for arbors of various shorter lengths.

Table is of very large working surface, with three T slots. Longitudinal feed is full length, as described above.

Double friction countershaft has pulleys 12° in diameter for 3½° belt to run 210 revolutions per minute (or at 175 and 210 revolutions per minute for six spindle speeds in same direction).

All bearings are wide, acraped to a perfect fit, with ample means of compensation for wear. All gears are coarse pitch and wide face.

Regular equipment includes counterchaft, No. 3 plain vise with steel faced jaws, 1° arbor and all wrenches and accessories shown in

Illustration, except arbor.

When specified, and at extra cost, we can furnish this machine with extra lengths of table, extra arbors, cutters, oil pump and piping, and improved motor drive.

### PLANER TYPE MILLING MACHINES.

NOS. 100, 101 AND 102 MILLING MACHINES.

NO. 101 MACHINE.



FIG. 11421.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11422.

The spindle is made of hammered crucible steel, 3° in diameter, has a threaded nose and rains in self-centering bronze boxes with nut and check nut to compensate for wear. The spindle carrier is very heavy and is elevated by a crew with adjusted dials graduated to a crew of operation. The spindle is driven by a 5° belt on a five step cone, the largest step of which is 23° diameter and the amaliest 13° diameter, giving gar ratios of 131°s and 27 to 1, thereby allowing twenty changes of speed.—By means of hand lever and quick change gearing, the speed is easily adjusted.

The table is very heavy and is regularly built we tavels on flat ways accuracy gibbed and has a quick the usual hand whose.

The feed of the table is directly operated through from ½ to ½°. These changes of feed can be made.

The bed is extra deep, extending to the floor and evenly spaced throughout the entire length. The bed

The state of the s		
By means of hand lever and quick change gear-	FIG. 11422.	
ing, the speed is easily adjusted.	to the land of the late of the late of the	
The table is very heavy and is regularly built with five T slots	lengthwise and an oil channel the full length and at	each end. It
travels on flat ways securely gibbed and has a quick return operated the usual hand wheel.	by power from a separate countershaft. It can also	o be moved by
The feed of the table is directly operated through gearing from t	La sanda Adalan aran akiba a sana akiba da kabanak	Make Assessed
from 34" to 34". These changes of feed can be made instantly, by r	he main driving cone, giving a range or feed through	eight changes
The head may be adjusted from either side of the machine, so	that it is not programmy to take the cutters off the ar	har in ander to
change their position in relation to the work.	that it is not necessary to take the cutters on the ar-	our in order to
The bed is extra deep, extending to the floor and making a solid	foundation. It is securely beared by heavy cross rie	done which are
evenly spaced throughout the entire length. The bed can be made		OUTS WHICH MAN
event, chares emonghous me come tengen. The nest can be made	and striken near ton	
SPECIFIC		
Working surface of platen	***************************************	120° x 26°
Length of bed		168*
Longitudinal feed, automatic in both directions		120"
		28"
Greatest distance from center of spindle to table		
Least distance from center of spindle to table	***************************************	2"
Greatest distance from end of spindle to center of table	***************************************	1654*
Least distance from end of spindle to center of table		634*
Greatest distance from end of spindle to tail stock spindle		634"
Least distance from end of spindle to fail stock spindle		17"
Net weight		25,000 lbs.

101

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20"

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### DUPLEX MILLING MACHINES.

### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11423.

### DIMENSIONS.

Maximum distance between and of spindles	30"
Minimum distance between end of spindles	8"
Maximum distance between uprights	40°
Maximum distance from spindles to carriage.	10*
Minimum distance from spindles to carriage.	3"
Length carriage	52*
Width earriage	1534
Automatic ford	30"

### NO. 123 DUPLER MILLER.



FIG. 11423.

NO. 120 DUPLEX MILLER.

### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11424.

Maximum distance between end of spindles,	22"
Minimum distance between end of spindles	9"
Distance from center of spindles to carriage.	1139
Length carriage	6'
Width carriage	120
Automatic feed	6"

FIG. 11424.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11425.

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Spindles of machine 4" diameter, driven with phosphor bronze worm whoels, hard-send steel worms; earnings can be made to mill any desired length; machine has eight number of the steel steel who will be supported to the steel at a desired length steel s

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

SPECIFICATIONS.	
Maximum distance between ends of spindles	32+
Minimum distance between ends	
of spindles	839"
rights	41"
Maximum distance from spindles	No.
Minimum distance from spindles	19*
to carriage	334*
Width of carriage	2034

### SPECIAL NO. A DUPLEX MILLING MACHINE,

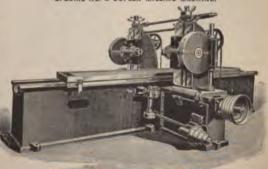


FIG. 11425.

221

### VERTICAL SLAB MILLING MACHINES.

NO. 133 SLAB MILLER.

NOS. 131, 132, 133, AND 134, SLAB MILLERS.

FIGS, 11426 AND 11427.

No. of Machine.	131.	132.	133:	134.
daximum height under spindle Will admit work in width 'arriage width 'To mill in length*	24"	32"	36"	42"

Longer carriage can be furnished, if desired.

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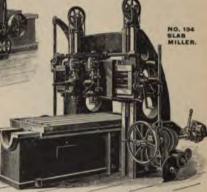


FIG. 11426.

SLAB MILLERS, FIGS. 11426 AND 11427.

With the exception of the No. 131 machine, these millers can be built with two heads on rail as shown in Fig. 11427, if so desired,

FIG. 11427.

## DOUBLE SPINDLE MILLING MACHINE.

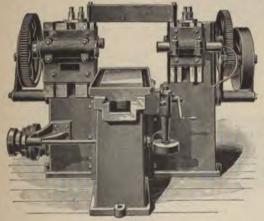


FIG. 11428.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11428.

Spindles can be raised 1014° from carriage; distance between the spindles, 16°; carriage 13° wide and 18° wide over drip pan; the carriage is 30° long over T slots and 43° long over all; the machine can be made with a carriage with full width, that is, 18°, and of any desired length; it is atlapted for doing many operations of work where the work can be fastened on carriage and passed under one set of cutters, continuing on with the feed passing under the other set of cutters, finishing the work without resetting.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11429.

It is designed for the milling or surfacing of the squares, beares or other flatted parts of valves and other brass work, party for finish, but more particularly to secure uniform sizes to not wrenches or other apparatus as circumstances may The spindles and boxes of these machines are made was larged and ground, and will wear an indefinite time. The bends with cutters therein can be adjusted sepantely by the hand wheels at sides and securely clamped when is postion. The vertical adjustment can be obtained both is the side species which carries the work and by raising or bearing the whole slide by means of the lower hand wheel.

This machine, as the cut shows, has two cutters whereby tes surfaces are operated on at the same time. This machine is designed for brans work only.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

This machine is 9" between cutters, and 10" from top of dracing spindle to cutter. Pulleys on spindles 7" diameter, Then. Speed of counterchaft, 500 revolutions per minute. Tons and loose pulleys on countershaft 8" diameter, 4" face. Pricing pulley on countershaft 12" diameter, 10" face. Weight. 1,300 lim. Finer space 66" by 34".

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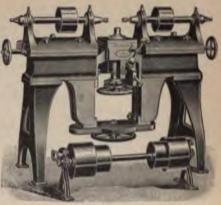


FIG. 11429.

### TWO SPINDLE VALVE MILLING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11430.

This machine is designed especially for milling the square and hexagon parts of valves, nuts and similar work. The piece to be milled is firmly clamped to the vertical spindle by means of the large hand wheel shown below the bed. After milling two opposite sides of the piece (them two sides being milled simultaneously), a partial revolution of the piece through an arc of either 60° or 90° is obtained by giving the lever shown just above the hand wheel, a forward movement. This movement unlocks the spindle, turns it the proper distance, and locks it again, bringing the part into proper position for milling two other sides. In the case of hexagon parts this operation is performed three times, thus producing the six sides of the nut or valve. In the case of square parts, the operation is performed twice only, thus producing the four sides of the square nut or valve,

The heads are adjusted independently at the ends of the bed, on that the cutters can be separated any distance not exceeding 7". The cutture are held concentric by means of spring chucks.

The upright spindle has a vertical adjustment of 3)6°, giving 4)6° as the greatest distance from the center of cutter to top of spindle.

The hardened steel index is adapted to both square and hexagon milling.

The spindle pulleys are 6° in diameter for 2M° belt.

The counterchaft has 10° tight and loose pulleys for 4° belt, and should run at a speed of 325 revolutions per minute, which gives a spindle speed of \$75.

Floor space of machine, 2' 10" x 4' 3". Weights: net 900 lbs.; evaled 1,050 lbs.; boxed for export 1,250 lbs. Cubic measurement boxed 46 cubic



FIG. 11430.

### NO. 1 VALVE MILLING MACHINE.



FIG. 11431.

### FOUR SPINDLE VALVE MILLING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11432.

The two knees which carry the four heads are adjustable endwise, so that the cutters can be separated any distance not exceeding 7°.

The upper heads are adjustable vertically from 3½° to 5½° from the center

of the lower heads.

The lower heads are adjustable right and left on the knees, to insure milling both ends of the valve the same size.

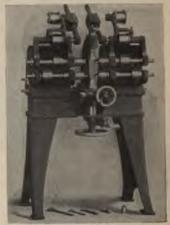
The upright spindle has a vertical adjustment of 3½", giving 4" as the greatest distance from the center of lower cutters to the top of spindle.

The spindle pulleys are 4" in diameter for 2½" belt.

The countershaft has self-adjusting idders for the upper spindles, and is supplied with 12" tight and loose pulleys for 4" belt. It should run at a speed of 180 revolutions per minute, which gives a spindle speed of 720 revolutions. Floor space of machine, 2" 10" x 4" 3" "Weights: met 1,300 lbs.; crated 1,500 lbs.; boxed for export 1,700 lbs. Cubic measurement boxed, 67 cubic feet.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11431.

This machine is 5% between cutters and 314" from top of elevating spindle to center of cutters. Pulleys on spindles 6" diameter by 3" face. Speed of countershaft 500 revolutions per minute. Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft 6" diameter by 3" face. Driving pulley on countershaft 10" diameter by 0" face. Floor space 45" by 25° Shipping weight 800 lbs.



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FIG. 11432.



FIG. 11434.

### DIE MILLING MACHINES.



FIG. 11433.

DESCRIPTION FIGS, 11433 AND 11434.

Figs. 11433 and 11434 show the machines without the die sinking attachment. Speed of No. 1 machine, 350 revolutions

Speed of No. 2 machine, 250 revolutions per minute.

Description on next page.

### DIE MILLING MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11433 AND 11434,-Continu

This machine is built for any purpose requiring blanking, trimming or punching dies, such as silverware, jewelry, blcycles, firearms, top largings, typewriters and sewing machines. The frame is supported upon trunnions or gudgeons which hold it is noy desired posifor that the operator may secure the best possible light on the surface of the work. The spindle is vertical and adjustable. The cutter projects through an opening in the chuck, in which the work is clamped, and is straight or tapered to suit the amount of clearance regared in the dis. It is only necessary to drill one hole through the die, and the culter starting in this hole removes the entire center in a minds piece. The chuck is moved in either direction by means of two slides at right angles to each other, and by use of the hand where the lines laid out on the surface of the work can be accurately followed. The pointer at the right remains in a fixed position with where to the rutter when below the surface of the work, and indicates its exact position. This is convenient in cases where a sharp

corner is to be made, when the cutter can be lowered and the cutting continued, guided

by the pointer, thus leaving very little to be filed.

Two sizes are built, No. 1, the small machine, will hold a plate 6" wide, "i" thick, and my length; No. 2, the large machine, 10" wide, 2" thick, and any length.

The No. 1 machine can be furnished with or without table.

The No. 2 machine is always supplied with table.

Die sinking attachment, Figs. 11435 and 11436, is furnished at extra cost only.

### DIE SINKING ATTACHMENT.



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H HIL DESCRIPTION FIG. 11435.

The die sinking attachment here represented is very useful for roughing out hubs and sinking a large variety of dies, and can be fitted to any of our die milling machines in a very few minutes, thus converting it into a die sinking machine.

Fig. 11436 shows the No. 2 die milling machine with die sinking attachment fitted.



FIG. 11436.

### QUICK INDEX MILLING FIXTURE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11437.

This fixture is designed to take the place of the universal head in milling operations requiring speed as well as accuracy.

It can be used to great advantage on milling machines, planers, shapers, profiling machines, or upon the table of a drill press, and its many uses will be quickly suggested to any mechanic.

It is made in one size only, the chuck having a capacity up to 2°, and is furnished with unhardened jaws which may be shaped, if desired, for holding special

It will cut the following number of teeth: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 16, 20, 24, 30, 48, 60.

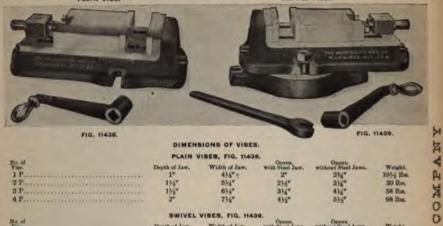


FIG. 11437.

### MILLING MACHINE VISES.

PLAIN VISE.

SWIVEL VISE.



DIMENSIONS OF VISES.

### PLAIN VISES, FIG. 11438.

No. of Year.  1 P	134"	Width of Jaw. 436" + 536" 636" 736"	Opana, with Steel Jaw. 2° 234° 334° 436°	Opens, without Steel Jaws. 234" 334" 434" 534"	Weight. 1934 lbs. 30 lbs. 58 lbs. 98 lbs.
**************************************		178	932	932	SO TIME

	SWIVEL	VISES, FIG. 114			
No. of Vim. 2 S	Depth of Jaw.	Width of Jaw.	with Steel Jaws.	Opena, without Steel Jawa 314	Weight, 40 lbs.
3 S		63-6"	314"	434*	65 lbs.
48	2"	73%*	436"	514"	123 lbs.

### PROFILING MACHINES.



FIG. 11440.



FIG. 11441.



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FIG. 11442.

Fig. 11440 shows No. 1 machine with Wesson drive, Fig. 11441 shows No. 2 machine with belt drive, Fig. 11442 shows No. 4 machine with belt drive.

Specifications on following page.

226

### PROFILING MACHINES.

SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11440 TO 11442.

Western Drive Profiling Machiner.

Belt Drive Profiling Machines.

-	No.0	No. t.	No. 2	No. 4.	No.L	No. I	Nat	No.4
	1100,00	ACRES SA	71-1-	1400,40	200.00	2000-4-	2100 000	me
Young surfus of table		11NC # 13"	15M2 ± 12"	1000 300	10NC - 12"	140C + 12"	11N" x 12"	110C y 20
of table	14	30"	30"	14"	30"	30*	150	14"
from table to cross-slide		60K*	734"	70%	536"	736	556	785
Note in equipment, D. & S. Tapoy	No. 7	JAK T	No. 10	Nu. 10	July .	Nº 10	107	No. 10
bearing the far farmer pin center	3%*	A. W. De.	350"	9N"	4" or 414"	Nº	57C*	300
Windlet of T store in table.	192	10	80	8:	7,112	16	8	8
Princip some pulley on countershaft, Wee-		0.000	10	10*	10"	10	10	10
fully most of countershaft, revolutions	12.10.6.×3	12, 10, 5, 8 25	12.10.8.83N	12, 10, 8, 8.23	Street,	1000		11101
Wessell drive.	400	350	300	300	514+3	14.2	14 4.3	1142
Free pulleys on countershaft	2000	-000		1000	118 100	14 75	34" 100	8 X 3 16° 70 8° 100
and of constantialt, revolutions.	34" 138"	81° × 86°	tr x 00"	58" × 50"	6" 200	# 150 00 * + 70 *	8" 200 51" x 38"	8" (50) 58" = 38"
Describe chapping weight burge shipping weight (hight broad)	1,178 lbs. 1,450 lbs.	2,830 lbs. 3,130 lbs.	5,300 fbs. 3,200 fbs.	2,245 lbm. 2,000 flm.	2.015 fbs. 2.800 fbs.	2,300 fbs. 3,300 fbs.	1.875 Bo. 2,100 Bo.	1,025 Bu.
California and Control of the Contro	45	84	86	70	363	94	64	70

### NO. 3H PROFILING MACHINE.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11443.

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for taking up wear. A flat vise is furnished with neans of adjustment.

The spindle pulley is independently mounted upon an adjustable anti-friction bearing (patented), by which means the
spindle is relieved from belt strain, and prevented from overbeating when running at the extraordinary high speed which
is necessary when using cutters of small diameter.

Andies which manipulate the lateral feeds of table may be
adjusted to a higher or lower position to sait the convenience
and comfort of the operator.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Size of platen inside oil pocket	28" x 1034"
Length of saddle.,	28"
Longitudinal feed	27*
Cross feed	10"
Vertical feed of spindle	314"
Feed per fevolution of cutter, hand feed only.	- 500
Range of spindle speeds	100 to 2,000
Greatest distance between spindle and platen	17°
Distance between center of spindle and neek.	16"
Vertical adjustment of knee	1034
Diameter of spindle, main bearing.	110*
Diameter of spindle driver.	10°
Size of hole in spindle (for collet)	34"
Speed of counter; fast, 400; slow	100
Diameter of pulley on countershaft (3" belt)	8° and 12"
Not weight	1,800 lbs.



FIG. 11443.

### SEMI-AUTOMATIC PINION OR CEAR CUTTER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11444.

n or gear cutter, adapted

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of the cutter head has a No. 1 Morse taper hole in the front-end, to which a cutter arbor to take standard cutters 14 d furnished. The spindle runs in split brass boxes, and has a limited end adjustment by screw collars on each side of

at bearing, it was pulley on spindle is 31/4" and 21/4" diameter, 11/4" face. The corresponding pulley on the countershaft is 14" and 121/4" er and same face. The tight and loose pulleys are 5" diameter and 23/4" face. Driving the tight and loose pulleys 450 turns per will give about 2,000 turns of the exter.

the index head we furnish a spring chyck with hole 4", unless otherwise specified. We make thirty-seven sizes of these chucks, a same varying by hundredths of inch and ranging from A to .04. We will turnish any one size selected with the machine, and hucks at extra cost.

build the same machine with the index head and spindle arranged to swivel so that bevel or miter gears can be cut. Many small steel deatal burrs or cutters are made in this style of machine.

FULL AUTOMATIC GEAR CUTTER.

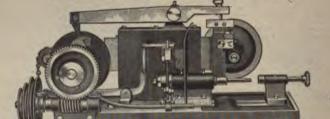


FIG. 11445.

This machine is designed to meet the modern demand for rapid production at low cost. It is especially adapted for making all bevel gears, pinions, spur gears, etc. up to 4° in diameter, and cutters of irregular shapes. It will cut teeth in blanks, single or stacks 2° long.

Owing to the simplicity of construction there is little chance for wear, and it can be run at the highest possible speed without ration or noise.

It has two changes of speed for cutter spindle and nine for feed rocchanism.

Both spindles have taper bearings with compensation for wear.

The irregular shapes are obtained by changing the shape of the interchangeable cam on spindle slide.

The cutter works nine-tenths of the time as it is clear of the work while returning, and the indexing (which is positive) is done at same time.

The custer works nine-tender of the cutter is controlled by a cam which is changed quickly and easily from one to another.

These came can be furnished with any throw up to 2½°.

228

### FULL AUTOMATIC CEAR CUTTERS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11448 AND 1144T.

ity of Noz. 1 and 2 Automatic.—The No. 1 style will handle work on all material ranging from pinion rods by diameter fifty pitch, to 3 diameter itch. Will cut single blanks or when possible to stack a number of thinks.

linds of material ranging from pinion rode by diameter fifty pitch, to 2' diameter pitch. Will cut single blanks or when possible to stack a number of blanks, will not 31% face.

The No. 2 evilw will cut single blanks or when possible to stack a number of blanks, will not 31% face.

The No. 2 evilw will cut from smallest gear up to 8' diameter, 414' face, the provision of the stack of the sta

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is a fact which tail of champing dog can be secured. This is the common form truction.

B. The illustration of No. I machine shows this form of head. The tool steel spindle is period on the property of the common form truction.

B. The illustration of No. I machine shows this form of head. The tool steel spindle is period on the property of the common form the content of the spindle is particular construction the notice in the count end, similar construction the No. 3 bench lathe checks in used. These can be common form the count end, similar construction the No. 3 bench lathe checks in used. There can dear the count of the count end, similar construction to the count end, similar construction the No. 3 bench lathe checks in used. There can dear the count of the count end, similar construction to the count end of the count end of the content of the count end of t



### FULL AUTOMATIC CEAR CUTTERS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11446 AND 11447,-Continued.

Other Good Features.—The table supporting knee is locked to place by two bolts which pass entirely through a recessed slot in vertical clumn slide, thus giving extreme rigidity to this connection.

The hand wheel on the slevating acrew is graduated to show variations of thousandths of an inch.

Counterplant, etc.—The cone pulley on cutter spindle of No. 1 machine has three steps, 10°, 6½°, and 3° diameter, 2½° face. On contenhalt is corresponding cone and pair of 8° by 2½° face tight and loose pulleys. A speed of 350 revolutions per minute. This gives fair range for both brass and steel cutting. Where a wider variation is wanted a double-speed counterplant is mentioned below can be furnished. The come one cutter spindle of Ye. 2 machine has three steps, 10°, 6½°, and 3° diameter, 2½° face. Where a wider variation is wanted a double-speed counterplant is mentioned below can be furnished. The come one cutter spindle of Ye. 2 machine has three contents of the property of the content of the

Will cut gears to maximum diameter of Will cut gears with face of Will cut gears pitch and finer	No. 1. 5" 31/2" 16	No. 2 8" 43-9" 12	KPA
Machine and counter.  Machine and counter ersted.  Machine boxed, cubic feet.	No. 1. 475 lbs. 666 lbs. 34	No. 2. 775 lbs. 950 lbs. 46	000

### NO. 11 FULL AUTOMATIC UNIVERSAL PINION OR GEAR CUTTER.

CUTS BEVEL, MITER AND SPUR GEARS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11448.

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Capacity is about the same as our No. I automatic, shown in Fig. 11446, but in addition to the work handled on that, will cut bevel and nuter grars 18 pitch and finer. Will cut apur genrs 5' diameter same pitch, and in stacks up to 334' face. Bevel gears any angle from spur to face gasrs.

Spindle is made of tool steel, provided with end adjustment and taper hole cutter arbor. An arbor is furnished with each machine to take cutters with regular holes; other styles made to order.

Indexing Arrangements.—With machine, unless otherwise specified an index plate with 120 divisions is furnished. This can be used for division of circle into any number of parts, four or more that will evenly divide into 120. Plates with any number of divisions can be furnished. We recommend for stock work plates with exact number of divisions required.

Forms of Heads.—The machine can be supplied with either the style A or style B head as described in connection with our Nos. 1 and 2 gear cutters. The style B form is very convenient for many bevel gears which can be held by the hub, using special protroding jaw chucks.

Tail Stock.-Center in tail stock is grooved to allow for cutting small pinion rods close to center.

Feed and Adjustment.—In this machine while work is being done, the table is stationary, but is provided with screw end adjustment for bringing work to desired relation with cutter spinels. The new comment of the control of the provided relation with cutter spinels. The new comment to cut spur gears, and in any intervening position from borizontal to vertical for cutting bevel or face gears. The maximum travel in all cases is 4. The feed or travel of slide is governed by a can working against a redprocating arm, and ready adjustments are provided so that any desired shown of travel from minimum to maximum can be obtained by use of single cam.

The hand wheel on elevating table serve and table feed acrew are graduated to show thousandths of inch movement.

Show incumous or inch movement.

Countershaft.—As regularly furnished has tight and loose pulleys, 8" diameter, 21% face and speeded at 350 revolutions per minute, will provide cutter speeds of 100, 350, 1,100 revolution per minute.

The two-speed countershaft referred to in description of No. I automatic can also be used.

When ordering it is desirable that we have information as to work that is to be handled, and the supplying of proper feeds and speeds will receive consideration.

Weight, \$25 lbs.



PIG. 11448.

## 20" SEMI-AUTOMATIC GEAR CUTTING MACHINE.

FOR SPUR AND BEVEL GEARS.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Capacity:	
Disseler	27
Dimeter with outside support	197
Para	3"
Disnatral pitch in steel	15"
Diseased pitch in rast iron	0

Curser pitches can be out by taking stocking outs.

Carter arbor takes holes, both	50° and 150
Work spindle B. & S. taper hole	No.10
Denterbalt policy (so machine)	W x 234"
Constendant produtions	125
Ther space	30" ± 40"
Not weight	750 lbs.

Equipment includes all necessary change genes and indense for divide and feed; gauge for centering outlier, pair of centers and diver; ries support for genra; outside support for work arbor: semelow; and belting required on the machine.

Oil pump and fittings when desired at entry cost.

REBA



FIG. 11449.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. H449.

This markine was designed to meet the experience of a semi-anisomatic markine to out the light and sardium class of sport and level gains. It has been found, by actual experience, that a boy can turn out the work for which this machine was designed, in competition with higher priord automatic machines, and without in any respect sarrificing the quality or accuracy of the output. Especial attention has been given to obtain the highest accuracy in the gazer produced.

Operation is simple. The entire is fed through the work, by power, the feed being automatically released at the end of the ent.

The operator then returns the entire shide and indexes the blank, previous to engaging the feed for the next space.

Index wheel is of large discreter. It is made in halves, and is hobbed in place by a method which issues the highest accuracy in the divisions. The index wheel on each machine is an original master wheel. The worm can be disengaged, so that the work spindle may be provided by hatel, to test the black. A micrometer dist, reading in degrees, facilitates rolling the black, in outling hered guars. The worm is conveniently adjustable for wear.

Work spindie is of steel, of large diameter, and is provided with No. 10 B. & S. taper hole, for receiving various work arbors. A drawin bull is provided, to draw in and force out the work arbors, positively, without hammering. A live center, with dog driver, is furnished. For holding work upon centers, in connection with the outside support. This permits of cutting gains upon ordinary or lathe mandrels, outsing solid pinions, fluting tape, resources, and all such other work which must be done on centers.

Work head is raised and lowered by means of a screw, with ball-thrust bearings. A dial, graduated to read to thousandths of an inch. is used in setting the proper depth to be cut.

Description continued on following page.

### 20" SEMI-AUTOMATIC CEAR CUTTING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11449.—Continued.

Outside support for work arbor, being supported from the work head, is raised and lowered with it, thus being always in line with a work spindle. It is adjustable for different classes of work, and is easily removable.

Eim support for large gears is also provided, to take the strain of the cut.

Cutter spindle is provided with four changes of speed, by means of the cone pulley countershaft on the base of the machine. The ter-spindle pulley runs upon its own bearing, thus relieving the spindle of all strain of the belt. The countershaft loose pulley runs on a rast iron bush, thus avoiding any liability of the machine starting accidentally, as is the case when the loose pulley runs on shaft itself. Both bolts are endies, means being provided for adjusting and maintaining the proper belt tension.

Cutter slide can be adjusted, for cutting level gears, to an angle of 90°, by means of a graduated quadrant. The lower slide is independity adjustable, in and out, to accommodate various lengths of hubs. A micrometer dial indicates the side adjustment of the cutter, cutting bever gears.

I gears, ared power feed has aix changes, obtained by means of change gears, giving feeds evenly graded from .016" to .150" per he cutter spindle. Feed is automatically released by an adjustable stop.

s.—The machine is entirely self-centialed, being driven by one belt direct from the line shaft, or by constant speed motor, arts and gears are guarded and protected from dust. A removable chip box catches the chips directly from the cutter, the machine is formed to serve as a pan, to keep the floor free from oil and chips.

hip is of the highest class. All bearings are amply proportioned and accurately fitted. The material used is of the best

elments are provided where necessary, and are conveniently located.

machine is carefully inspected and actually operated before shipment.

### HAND FEED CEAR CUTTING MACHINE.



FIG. 11450.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11450.

This is a low-priced, practical and efficient machine, capable of cutting spur, bevel and worm gears up to 30° diameter, 634° face, 6 diameters pitch in cast iron.

A similar machine is also built in the semi-automatic type. It has the same capacity as the hand feed gear cutter, but will cut as coarse as 5 diametral pitch in cast iron.

### NO. 1 AUTOMATIC CEAR CUTTING MACHINE.

## DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11451 AND 11452.

ARD 11462.

This machine will est spur and bend guars, and worm gears (by the hobbing process) from blanks not presimally ninked.

Every movement is positive and depends on the escapelation of all provious movements. There are no frictional devices; and you are driving belt and one stop adjustment for the length of stroke and release of indexing devices.

The traversing acrows have graduated dalab. A gauge is provided for setting the sutter on the winter. The range of feeds is wide and feed may be thrown in or out at any time. Graduated stops provide micrometer adjustments for acting over the catter in bevel gear cutting. Similar graduated adjustments are also provided for setting over the blank.

The machine will divide for all numbers from 4 to 100, all even tombers to 200, and many of the ligher numbers.

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FIG. 11451, REAR VIEW.



FIG. 11452. FRONT VIEW.

The machine can be furnished with reversible feed (whereby bevel gears may be cut either toward or away from the apox); also with spend gears for brass work, power hobbing feed, and horizontal centers, vertical spindle, internal gear cutting and rack cutting attachments, and oil pump.

All of these are attachments at extra prices.

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SPECIFICATIONS.	
Diameter of gears cut.	34"
Face of gears cut	7*
Diametral pitch.	6
Size hole in outler.	34"
Countershaft pulleys	10° × 3°
Speed of countershaft, revolutions	
per minute	280
Machine pulley	11" × 234"
Speeds of machine pulley, revolu-	
tions per minute	0, 280 and 420
Floor space	30° × 50°
Net weight	2,400 fba:
Domestic shipment	2,700 Ibras
Foreign shipment, 63" x 63" x 30"	2,750 lba.



FIG. 11453.

## NO. 2 AUTOMATIC CEAR CUTTING MACHINE.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11454.

The No. 2 machine will cut spur guars and will finish worm gears by the hobbing process from blanks not previously nicked. It is similar to the No. 1 machine, page 233, except that there is no provision for setting over the cutter head at an angle to the axis of the blank.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Diameter of gears cut	36*
Face of gears cut	936*
Diametral pitch	.0
Size of hole in cutter	16*
Countershaft pulleys	10" × 3"
Spend of countershaft, revolutions	
per minute	280
Machine pulley	11" x 234"
Spenia of machine pulley, revolu-	



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### NEW TYPE GEAR CUTTERS.

FOR SPUR GEARS ONLY.

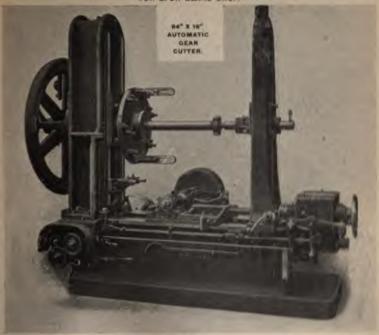


FIG. 11455.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS, 11455 AND 11456.

The new type line of machines is designed for cutting aper game only. These machines are satisfully automatic in operation. Every movement is complete in itself and cannot take place unless all previous movements are fully and correctly sampleted.

Only one belt is used to drive the entire machine.

Cutter spindle has powerful drive and is of extra large diameter; it has long, howy bearings at both sods.

Cutter carriage has long, flat-bearing surfaces, with a perfect cleany on ways, preventing to word oping. Cutter startings has our improved positive dividing mechanism is the news perfect even attained. It compounds for all went and skey in change whether and intermediate parts. Worm wheel is made in two sections and is perment.

Automatic oil pump and pan are furnished—no oil-maked floors.

Outside support to work mandred can be moved longitudinary and can be another to the can be brought close up to the work, and makes a very rigid support.

Cutter speeds and feeds are obtained by simply changing two moves such can be depend on each of the shall without either the man of second, not on servey. No changing of cumbersome belts on cases, six.

Change gears are furnished for all numbers of both from 10 to 100, seed all from 100 to 100, seed all fr

For specifications, sor following page-



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FIG. 11486.

### SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11455 AND 11456.

	20" x N" Special Steel Pinion Cutter.	New Type.	New Type.	Now Type.	64" k 20" Special Steel Motor. Gear Cutter.	TE'x14" New Type.	Non Type.
Diameter and face	20" x 8"	30° × 9°	48° × 10°	60° x 12°	64" x 20"	72" × 14"	84" x 16"
Will cut minimum diameter	255"	0"	0*	0"	4"	20	4"
Diametral pitch in cust iron	2	4	3	2	114	194	116
Diametral pitch in steel	3	8	4	3	13%	3	136
Diameter of cutter spindle,	134*	136"	114"	134".	11/5" and 2"	134" and 135"	1342
Weight, about	5,400 lbs.	2,700 lbs.	3,750 lbs.	6,300 lbs.	12,300 lbs.	9,200 lbs.	13,500 lbs.
Counter pulleys	14" × 435"	12" x 334"	12" x 314"	14" × 434"	10° x 6'	16° x 6°	16" × 6"
Revolutions for counter pulleys	275	250	250	275	400	300	323

We furnish, at extra cost, worm hobbing, automatic rack cutting, automatic rim clamp, hand rim clamp, wood cutting and internal goar outling attachments.

In addition to machines shown in Figs. 11455 and 11456, we are prepared to furnish two sizes of large full automatic gear cutties for cutting spur gears only. These large machines are of the horizontal type and differ materially from those described above. Specifications as follows:

Diameter and face.	120° x 20°	180° x 24°
Will cut minimum diameter.	- 0'	6"
Circular pitch, in cast iron.	450"	6"
Circular pitch, in steel	3"	43-97
Diameter of cutter spindle	2" and 3"	2" and 3"
Weight, about the second secon	27,000 lbs.	40,000 Ibs.
Counter pulleys.	24° x 634°	28" x 014"
Revolutions for counter pulleys.	300	300

Photographs and complete description sent on application.

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### REGULAR STYLE CEAR CUTTERS.

BEVEL, SKEW AND FACE GEARS.



FIG. 11457.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11457

Our regular style automatic gear cutting machines have been redesigned, and are now made from entirely new patterns. The princial change has been made in the method of driving, only one belt, direct to machine, being now employed to drive the entire machine. Bearings and wearing parts are large and generous in proportions, and as now constructed these machines are considered the arms of decition in this class of machinery.

They can be set by any person of ordinary mechanical knowledge, as they have less complicated parts than any other gear cutting tehines made.

Worm wheel and worm have V shaped teeth, which we have found to give the best results. We have machines in our works which we been in use for about forty years, the worm and worm wheel of which are now as true as when made.

Worm dividing wheel is large. It is made in sections and undergoes a process which positively insures accuracy. We warrant it to correct.

be correct.

Index and change gears are provided for cutting all numbers from 10 up to 100, all but prime numbers and their multiples from 100 to 450 and a wast range of higher numbers.

This machine is arranged so that cutter carriage cannot feed forward, unless the divisions have been fully completed.

The support of overhanging arm to hold the outer end of the work mandred is a desirable feature in cutting solid pinions, or using long mandrels. When work larger than will swing under the arm is required to be cut, the overhanging arm is to be removed, and the arm is so armaged that this can be done expeditiously and replaced when required.

To take the strain of the cutter, in cutting large gears, an adjustable rim brace is furnished.

For cutting bevel, miter or face gearing they have graduated slide and quadrant for setting the clide at any angle from 0 to 90°. The machines have also a quick adjustment to cutter spindle.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

	Hand Feed Machine.	Regular Style.	30" x 0" Regular Style.	50° z 8° Regular Style.	Regular Style.	74" x 14". Regular Style.
Diameter and face	12" x 5" 12 14	22" x 5" 6 8	36" x 6"	50° x 8° 21⁄2 3	62° x 10° 2 2)4	74" × 14"
Diameter of cutter arbor	560 lbs. 7" x 234" 125	1,500 lbs. 10° x 3° 200	3.650 lbs, 12° x 3° 175	5,200 lbs. 12" ± 3" 200	8,500 lbs. 16" x 5" , 200	12,300 lbs. 16" x 6" 200
Overhanging support will awing gear in diameter	834*	12*	2014"	29"	40"	40"

"The 12" x 5" mashine is not full automatic and is designed for cutting spur and bevel goars only.

### NO. 2 FULL AUTOMATIC GEAR CUTTER.



FIG. 11458.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11458.

This machine was designed to meet the requirements of an automatic machine, to cut the large quantity of light and medium class of spur and bevel gears. Spur gears are cut entirely automatic; bevel and miter gears, where it is desired to take two cuts, are cut automatically, except the necessary resetting, between the two cuts.

The machine will cut 24\* diameter; 17\* diameter under the outside support; 6\* face; and will cut 8 diametral pitch in cast iron, from the solid. Coarser pitches can be cut, by taking stocking cuts.

Work spindle is of steel, of large diameter, and is provided with B. & S. No. 10 taper hole, for receiving the various work arbors. A draw-in bult is provided, for drawing in and forcing out, positively, without hammering, the work arbors. A live center and dog driver are furnished for holding work on ordinary or lathe mandrels, on centers, in connection with the outside support. This permits of cutting solid gears, fluting reamers, tape, etc., and all such work which must be done on centers.

Index wheel is of large diameter. It is made in sections, and is hobbed in place, by a method which insures the highest accuracy in the divisions. The index wheel on each machine is an original master wheel.

Work head is raised and lowered by means of a screw, with ball thrust bearings. A dial graduated to read to thousandths of an inch is used in setting the depth to be cut.

Cutaids support for work arbor, being supported from the work head, is raised and lowered with it, thus being always in line with the work quindle. It is adjustable for different classes of work and is easily removable.

Been support for large gears is also provided, to take the direct strain of the out,

Cetter spicelle is provided to take cutters with the hole both 1/4" and 1/4".

Cutter dide can be adjusted, by means of a graduated quadrant, and worm adjustment, to the angle of 90°, for cutting bevel or mitter mars. The lower side is independently adjustable, in and out from the column, to accommodate the various lengths of hubs. A micromotor dial indicates the side adjustment of the cutter, in cutting bevel or mitter grave.

Positive gamed power feed is provided with change gears, giving a wide range of feed. The feed and entire drives are independent of each other, allowing one to be changed without affecting the other. This allows the feed to be determined at a certain rate per minute, independently of the cutter speeds.

Quick return to the cutter slide is driven independently of the feed, and is thus constant.

All the movements are arranged conveniently and safely. The automatic feed can be instantly disengaged at any time.

The machine is self-contained, being driven by one belt direct from the line shaft, or by constant speed motor. All working parts and gents are generated and protected from dust. The chips are conveniently removed. The base of the machine is formed as a positive face free from oil and chips.

Of pumps and fittings are very desirable, where it is required to cut steel gears in large quantities,

Workmanship is of the highest class. Bearings are accurately fitted and amply proportioned. Material is of best quality. Convenient adjustments are provided where necessary.

Weight, 1,500 lbs.

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### 30' GEAR CUTTING MACHINE.

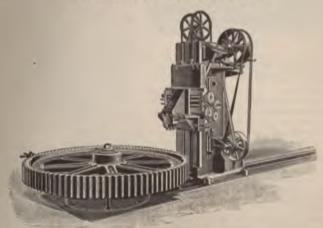


FIG. 11459.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11459.

This is a special machine of which details will be sent on application.

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### VERTICAL BORING AND TURNING MILLS.

34" BORING MILL.



FIG. 11460.

position, or by placing the feed reverse lever in central position. Feeds range from .012° to .125° in vertical or angular directions, and .025° to .250° in horizontal directions.

The chuck is 30° in diameter, of extra heavy design and all parts are very strong. The scroll is made from a steel forging, and the chuck is both universal and independent. The jaws are fitted in T slots, planed in supplementary steel slides which can be adjusted separately by an independent screw underneath. This screw takes lits bearing in a shorter slide which engages the scroll, and by means of which the entire jaw is moved forward or backward when used universally. If it is desired to move the gripping jaws quickly, they may be loosened from the slide and set in any position. To prevent any possibility of the jaws slipping, when under extreme pressure, interlocking teeth are milled in both jaw and slide. Either 3 or 4 jaw chuck or plain table can be furnished as preferred. Both chuck and table provided with beavy T slots for the use of strapping bolts.

The driving cone shaft is placed parallel with the cross rail and the machine may be located under a traveling crane and beited back to the countershaft, leaving a clear space overhead for crane service.

The main drive.—The main driving gear has spur teeth, is made of semi-steel and is bolted to the lower part of the chuck or table, so DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11460 TO 11464.

The capacity of this mill is 35" in diameter, will take 10" with chuck and 17" with table under cross rail and 25" under the turret. It has sixteen changes of speed, varying from 234 to 69% revolutions per minute.

The feeds are positive, gear driven, both vertical and horizontal, and provided with adjustable automatic stops. The feed changes are affected by means of two levers, thus: The multiplying lever is placed at spring pin hole marked stow, and the feed change lever immediately below covers a range of four changes which can be repeated with multiplying lever at spring pin hole marked raser; making eight available changes of feed for each speed of table or chuck. The entire feed mechanism may be stopped, started, or reversed by means of a hand lever at base of the machine. It is possible to stop the feed at five different points, viz. By using the trip lever; by withdrawing the slip pinion on feed screw, or feed shaft; by dropping out the feed change lever; by placing multiplying lever in central

34" BORING MILL

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FIG. 11461.



FIG. 11462.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11460 TO 11464.-Continued.

that there is no twisting strain on the spindle. It is driven by a steel pinion through a powerful train of gears. The ratio of the constant train is 7½ to 1, and the ratio of back gears is 45 to 1. There are sixteen changes of speed, graded to give a perfect promotrical programsion.

REAR VIEW 34" BORING MILL

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FIG. 11463,

The table spindle is 6° in diameter and has a large phosphor bronze conical bearing at the top, making it self-centering, and its own weight as well as that of the table and load has a tendency to maintain its alignment. The table spindle extends downward nearly to the floor and has two large vertical bearings to resist side strains. An adjustable collar on the lower end of the spindle keeps the table from lifting when taking under cuts.

The vertical turret slide has a travel of 20° either by hand or power, and is carried on a swivel saddle attached to the cross slide by a central stud. The saddle is clamped to the cross slide by a central stud. The saddle is clamped to the cross slide by four bolts, working in a circular T slot. When the power feed is used, an adjustable automatic stop regulates the length of travel as desired. A graduated scale 24° long is attached to the turret slide cap, parallel with the turret slide. The latter has an adjustable pointer which moves over the scale, indicating at all times the travel of the turret slide. A counterbalance weight suspended within the column and connected to the turret slide makes it easy running. The turret slide can be swiveled to any angle up to 30° either side of the perpendicular. This operation is unique and is accomplished by simply turning the crank on the vertical feed shaft, first having locked the weight cable by means of the clamp on the sheave wheel bracket on top of the machine, and loosening the clamping bolts on the swivel.

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# VERTICAL BORING AND TURNING MILLS.

THREAD CUTTING ATTACHMENT, SIDE VIEW.

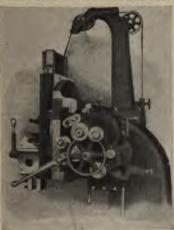


FIG. 11464.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11460 TO 11464.

The thread cutting attachment will cut from 4 to 14 including 11½ threads per inch. It is quickly applied and can remain permanently attached to the machine without interfering with its regular operation. It consists of an arm having a fixed stud forming a bearing for change gears. This is attached to the side of the feed gear case, so as to bring the change gear in mesh with the proper gear in the train.

A special index plate is placed in plain sight of the operator.

Thread cutting is very simple, and is as follows: The table should be running in one direction and it is not necessary to stop or reverse same when cutting threads. Raise alide to required height, set pointer on scale to an even inch. Multiplying lever on back of feed case should stand in vertical position.

Throw multiplying lever over to point marked rast and take first cut. When the cut has run down to the required depth, throw multiplying lever back to central position. Withdraw tool and return to starting point indicated by pointer on scale. Set tool in for required depth for next cut, then throw multiplying lever to rast, and proceed as before until the thread is finished.

The micrometer dial on cross feed screw permits a fine adjustment for depth of cut.

An adjustable stop regulates the final depth of cut for both inside and outside thread cutting.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Swing	35"
Maximum distance under cross rail with table	17*
Maximum distance under cross rail with chuck	16"
Maximum distance under turret with table:	25"
Maximum distance under turret with chuck	24"
Vertical travel of turnet slide.	20*
Horizontal travel of turret slide	18"
Diameter of turret.	100
Diameter of holes in turret.	234"
Largust diameter of cone.	38"
Smallest diameter of cone	1236*
Width of bolt on cone,,,,	3"
Diameter of countershaft pulleys	14" and 20"
Width of belt for countershaft pulleys.	4*
Floor space over all.	4' 6" by 5' 1"
Weight of machine, net.	5,200 Ibs.
Weight of machine, crated	5,500 Ilas.
Weight of machine boxed for export.	6,000 Ibe.
"Soxed for export, I case (7' 5" by 4' 10" by 5' 5") cubic contents	195 cubic feet

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### VERTICAL BORING AND TURNING MILLS.

42" MILL WITH TWO PLAIN SWIVEL HEADS AND THREE JAW CHUCK TABLE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11465 TO 11467.

The espacity of this mill is 43" in diameter, takes 32's" under the cross rail with chuck, or 33" with plain table, and 36's" under the turret with chuck, or 33" with plain table. It is a stiff, powerful tool, built for high-speed duty and capable of handling any job within its range in the best possible manner. Furnished with one fixed turret head and one plain swivel head, as shown in Fig. 11466, or with two plain swivel heads, as illustrated on this page.

The table is 37° in diameter and is driven by a large steel spur pinion. It has ten changes of speed in correct geometrical progression, varying from 3 to 61 revolutions per minute.

A combination chuck or plain table may be furnished, as desired. Interlocking teeth are milled in both jaw and slide of chuck to prevent any possibility of the jaws slipping when under extreme pressure. Both chuck and table are provided with T slots for the use of clamping



FIG. 11465.

The table spindle has a large angular bearing at the top, and two straight vertical bearings. The angular bearing makes it self-centering, and its own weight, as well as that of the table and load, has a tendency to maintain its perfect alignment. A special automatic lubricating device is provided, and the spindle always rides on a thin film of oil.

The plain swivel heads, both right and left, are entirely independent in their movements, both as to direction and amount of feed, and are operated from separate feed cases. They may be set at any angle up to 45°, and have a vertical or angular travel of 22°. Both heads may be brought to the center for boring, the exact position being determined by a positive center stop. The tool holders are made from the best steel forgings; their shanks are 23¢° in diameter and have a vertical adjustment of 4° in the ram.

The right hand turret head is of very heavy design. The turret is five-sided, with 2½" holes for chank of forged steel tool holders. Each side is drilled and tapped for four ½" screws for clamping special tools to turret. The turret is inclined at an angle, giving much greater depth to the turret slide, and consequently more strength and rigidity than is possible with the old style straight turret. The vertical travel of the turret slide is 23". The turret head does not swivel.

The cross rall is 72½° long, of the box girder type, the back strongly arched between hausings, and extremely rigid. It is raised and lowered by power by means of worm and worm wheel, which run in oil in dust-proof cases mounted on top of housings.

Feets are positive gear driven, have ten changes, ranging from .030° to .700° horizontally, and from .015° to .350° in vertical or angular directions.

A safety device prevents injury to mechanism in case heads are accidentally allowed to come together

Head Stock.—All the driving mechanism for the main spindle is self-contained in a separate head stock, which is secured to the lad between the housings. The gears run in a bath of oil and are throughly protected by suitable dust-proof guards. If necessary, the entire head stock may be quickly removed from the machine, and easily replaced as it is downled in position.

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### VERTICAL BORING AND TURNING MILLS.

THREAD CUTTING ATTACHMENT. SIDE VIEW.



FIG. 11464.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11460 TO 11464.

The thread cutting attachment will cut from 4 to 14 including 11½ threads per inch. It is quickly applied and can remain permanently attached to the machine without interfering with its regular operation. It consists of an arm having a fixed stud forming a bearing for change gears. This is attached to the side of the feed gear case, so as to bring the change gear in mesh with the proper gear in the train.

A special index plate is placed in plain eight of the operator.

Thread cutting is very simple, and is as follows: The table should be running in one direction and it is not necessary to stop or reverse same when cutting threads. Raise slide to required height, set pointer on scale to an even inch. Multiplying lever on back of feed case should stand in vertical position.

Throw multiplying lever over to point marked rast and take first eul.

When the cut has run down to the required depth, throw multiplying
lever back to central position. Withdraw tool and return to starting
point indicated by pointer on scale. Set tool in for required depth for next
cut, then throw multiplying lever to rast, and proceed as before until the
thread is finished.

The micrometer dial on cross feed screw permits a fine adjustment for depth of cut.

An adjustable stop regulates the final depth of cut for both inside and outside thread cutting.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

Swing.	35"
Maximum distance under cross rail with table.	17"
Maximum distance under cross rail with chuck	16"
Maximum distance under turret with table.	25"
Maximum distance under turret with chuck	24"
Vertical travel of turret slide	20*
Horizontal travel of turret slide	18"
Diameter of turret.	10"
Diameter of holes in turret.	234"
Largest diameter of cone.	18"
Smallest diameter of cong.	1236*
Width of belt on cone	3*
Diameter of countershaft pulleys	14" and 20"
Width of belt for countershaft policys.	4*
Floor space over all	4' 6" by 5' 1"
Weight of machine, net.	5,200 lbs.
Weight of machine, crated.	5,500 lbs.
Weight of machine boxed for export.	6,000 lbs.
Boxed for export, I case (7' 5" by 4' 10" by 5' 5") cubic contents.	195 cubic feet

## VERTICAL BORING AND TURNING MILLS.

42" MILL WITH TWO PLAIN SWIVEL HEADS AND THREE JAW CHUCK TABLE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11465 TO 11467.

The capacity of this mill is 43° in diameter, takes 3234° under the cross rail with chuck, or 33° with plain table, and 3634° under the turnet with chuck, or 37° with plain table. It is a stiff, powerful tool, built for high-speed duty and capable of handling any job within its range in the best possible manner. Furnished with one fixed turnet head and one plain swivel head, as shown in Fig. 11466, or with two plain swivel heads, as illustrated on this page.

The table is 37° in diameter and is driven by a large steel spur pinion. It has ten changes of speed in correct geometrical progression, varying from 3 to 61 revolutions per minute.

A combination chuck or plain table may be furnished, as desired. Intertocking teeth are milled in both jaw and slide of chuck to prevent any possibility of the jaws slipping when under extreme pressure. Both chuck and table are provided with T slots for the use of clamping botts.



FIG. 11465.

The table spindle has a large angular bearing at the top, and two straight vertical bearings. The angular bearing makes it self-centering, and its own weight, as well as that of the table and load, has a tendency to maintain its perfect alignment. A special automatic lubricating device is provided, and the spindle always rides on a thin film of oil.

The plain swivel beads, both right and left, are entirely independent in their movements, both as to direction and amount of feed, and are operated from separate feed cases. They may be set at any angle up to 45°, and have a vertical or angular travel of 22°. Both heads may be brought to the center for boring, the exact position being determined by a positive center stop. The tool holders are made from the best steel forgings; their shanks are 23¢° in diameter and have a vertical adjustment of 4° in the ram.

The right hand turret head is of very heavy design. The turret is five-sided, with 234° holes for shank of forged steel tool holders.

Each side is drilled and tapped for four 54° serews for clamping special tools to turret. The turret is inclined at an angle, giving much greater depth to the turret slide, and consequently more strength and rigidity than is possible with the old style straight turret. The vertical travel of the turret slide is 23°. The turret head does not swivel.

The cross rail is 7255' long, of the box girder type, the back strongly arched between housings, and extremely rigid. It is raised and lowered by power by means of worm and worm wheel, which run in oil in dust-proof cases mounted on top of housings.

Foeds are positive gear driven, have ten changes, ranging from .000° to .700° horizontally, and from .015° to .350° in vertical or angular directions.

A safety device prevents injury to mechanism in case heads are accidentally allowed to come together

Head Stock.—All the driving mechanism for the main spindle is self-contained in a separate head stock, which is secured to the led between the homings. The gears run in a bath of oil and are throughly protected by suitable dust-proof goards. If necessary, the entire head stock may be quickly removed from the machine, and easily replaced as it is develed in position.

## VERTICAL BORING AND TURNING MILLS.

THREAD CUTTING ATTACHMENT, SIDE VIEW



FIG. 11464.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11460 TO 11464.

The thread cutting attachment will cut from 4 to 14 including 1132 threads per inch. It is quickly applied and can remain permanently attached to the machine without interfering with its regular operation. It consists of an arm having a fixed stud forming a bearing for change gears. This is attached to the side of the feed gear case, so as to bring the change gear in mesh with the proper gear in the train.

A special index plate is placed in plain eight of the operator.

Thread cutting is very simple, and is as follows: The table should be running in one direction and it is not necessary to stop or reverse same when cutting threads. Raise slide to required height, set pointer on scale to an even inch. Multiplying lever on back of feed case should stand in vertical position.

Throw multiplying lever over to point marked #ast and take first cut. When the cut has run down to the required depth, throw multiplying lever back to central position. Withdraw tool and return to starting point indicated by pointer on scale. Set tool in for required depth for next cut, then throw multiplying lever to #ast, and proceed as before until the thread is finished.

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The micrometer dial on cross feed screw permits a fine adjustment for depth of cut.

An adjustable stop regulates the final depth of cut for both inside and outside thread cutting.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Swing.	37.
Maximum distance under cross rail with table	17"
Maximum distance under cross rail with chuck	16"
Maximum distance under turret with table.	25"
Maximum distance under turret with chuck.	24*
Vertical travel of turret alide.	20*
Horizontal travel of turret slide	19"
Diameter of turnst.	10*
Diameter of holes in turret.	2)(*
Lorgest diameter of cone.	18*
Smallest diameter of conc	1234"
Width of belt on enon-action to the state of	27
Diameter of countershaft pulleys.	14° and 20°
Width of belt for countershaft pulleys.	4"
Ploor space over all.	4' 6" by 5' 1"
Weight of machine, not.	5,200 Jbm.
Weight of machine, crated.	5,500 lbs.
Weight of machine boxed for export	6,000 Iba
Boxed for export, I case (7' 5" by 4' 10" by 5' 5") cubic contents.	195 cubic feet

42" WILL WITH TWO PLAIN SWIVEL HEADS AND THREE JAW CHUCK TABLE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11465 TO 11467.

The especity of this mill is 43" in diameter, toles 323/2" under the cross rail with chuck, or 33" with plain table, and 363/2" under the turnet with chuck, or 37" with plain table. It is a stiff, powerful tool, built for high-speed duty and capable of handling any job within its range in the best possible manner. Furnished with me fixed turret bead and one plain swivel head, as shown in Fig. 11466, or with two plain swivel heads, as illustrated on this page.

The table is 37° in diameter and is driven by a large steel spur pinion. It has ten changes of speed in correct geometrical progression, varying from 3 to 61 revolutions per minute.

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A combination chuck or plain table may be furnished, as desired. Interlocking teeth are milled in both jaw and alide of chuck to prevent any possibility of the jaws slipping when under extreme pressure. Both chuck and table are provided with T slots for the use of clamping



FIG. 11465.

The table spindle has a large angular bearing at the top, and two straight vertical bearings. The angular bearing makes it selfcentering, and its own weight, as well as that of the table and load, has a tendency to maintain its perfect alignment. A special automatic lubricating device is provided, and the spindle always rides on a thin film of oil.

The plain swivel heads, both right and left, are entirely independent in their movements, both as to direction and amount of feed, and are operated from separate feed cases. They may be set at any angle up to 45°, and have a vertical or angular travel of 22°. Both heads may be brought to the center for boring, the exact position being determined by a positive center stop. The tool holders are made from the best steel forgings; their shanks are 234" in diameter and have a vertical adjustment of 4" in the ram.

The right hand turret head is of very heavy design. The turret is five-sided, with 214" holes for shank of forged steel tool holders. Each side is drilled and tapped for four \$6" screws for clamping special tools to turret. The turret is inclined at an angle, giving much greater depth to the turret slide, and consequently more strength and rigidity than is possible with the old style straight turret. The vertical travel of the turret slide is 23". The turret head does not swivel.

The cross rail is 7215° long, of the box girder type, the back strongly arched between housings, and extremely rigid. It is raised and lowered by power by means of worm and worm wheel, which run in oil in dust-proof cases mounted on top of housings.

Feeds are positive gear driven, have ten changes, ranging from .030° to .700° horisontally, and from .015° to .350° in vertical or angular directions.

A mfety device prevents injury to mechanism in case heads are accidentally allowed to come together

Head Stock -All the driving mechanism for the main spindle is self-contained in a separate head stock, which is secured to the bed between the housings. The gears run in a bath of oil and are throughly protected by suitable dust-proof guards. If necessary, the entire head stock may be quickly removed from the machine, and easily replaced as it is downled in position,

### VERTICAL BORING AND TURNING MILLS.



FIG. 11466.

Countershaft is mounted on the housings of mill and carries tight and loose pulleys 16° in diameter for 5° belt. The driving belt may be shitted from either side of the machine. A five-step cone is arranged for 3° double belt. Speed of countershaft should be 424 revolutions per minute.

A belt shifter is provided for mechanically shifting belt from one step of the cone pulley to another. Practically no effort is required to operate it, and changes may be quickly made, enabling the operator to run his machine at the proper speed for his work at all times.

Floor space is reduced to the minimum on account of the compact design. Actual space required being 97s by 71s.

Weight.—Net, 11,000 lbs. Crated, 11,300 lbs. Boxed for export, 12,500 lbs. Occupies for export, 270 cubic feet.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

ar administration of	
Swing	417"
Maximum distance under cross rail	33"
Maximum distance under turret	37"
Length of cross rail	7234
Table diameter	37*
Travel of rams	22"
Diameter of Lool-holder shanks in plain head	234*
Diameter of tool-holder shanks in turret head	234"
Largest diameter of cone pulley	18"
Smallest diameter of cone pulley	934*

42" MILL, ONE PLAIN SWIVEL HEAD, ONE FIXED TURRET HEAD AND THREE-JAW CHUCK TABLE.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11465 TO 11467.-

This mill is provided with friction brake, which is operated by a treadle placed within easy reach of operator at the front of machine. Acting directly upon the prime mover, all shock and jar is eliminated and the table brought to a dead stop instantly in any desired position.

All gears are thoroughly protected by guards

This machine can be driven by either a constant or variable speed motor without changing the construction, and motor may be attached at any time.

Bronze bushings are furnished for all high-speed journals.

Proper and convenient means for lubrication is given special attention. MO

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Thread-cutting attachment for cutting all standard threads from 4 to 14 per inch, including 1135, can be attached to righthand head. Furnished only when specially ordered, but may be attached at any time.

42" MILL, REAR VIEW



FIG. 11467.

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## VERTICAL BORING AND TURNING MILLS.

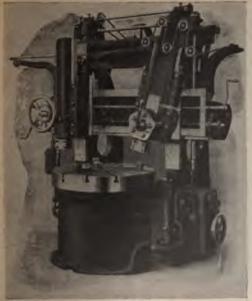


FIG. 11466.

48" MILL WITH ONE SWIVEL TURRET HEAD, ONE PLAIN SWIVEL HEAD AND THREE JAW CHUCK TABLE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11468 AND 11469.

The capacity of this mill is 48" in diameter, takes 34" under the cross rail and 40" under the turret. It is a rugged, powerful tool, built to withstand the heaviest cuts with high speed steel. Furnished with one swived turret head and one plain swived head, as shown in cut on this page, or with two plain swivel leads, as illustrated on the following page.

The table is 40° in diameter and is deiven by spur gearing. It has eight changes of speed in correct geometrical progression, varying from 2½ to 52 revolutions per minute.

A universal chuck or plain table may be furnished. Interlocking teeth are milled in both jaw and slide of chuck to prevent any possibility of the jaws dipping when under extrems pressure. Both chuck and table are provided with T slots for the use of clamping botts.

The spindle has a large angular bearing at the top and two atraight vertical bearings. The angular bearing makes it self-centering, and its own weight as well as that of the table and load, has a tendency to maintain its perfect alignment.

The heads, both right and loft, are entirely independent in their movements, both as to direction and amount of feed, and are operated from separate feed cases. They can be set at any angle, and have a vertical or angular travel of 28° Both heads can be brought to the center for boring, the exact position being determined by a positive center stop. The tool holders are made from the best steel forgings; their shanks are 3° in diameter and have an adjustment of 4°

The right hand turret head is of extremely heavy design. The turret slide has a vertical travel of 24° The turret is five sided, with 2½° holes for shank of forged steel tool holders. Each side is drilled and tapped for four 5% screws for clamping special tools to turret. A plain swivel head, same as left hand head, can be furnished in place of the turret head, if desired.

Power rapid traverse is furnished regularly on all 46" mills with turret heads and on mills with two regular swivel heads when specially ordered. This device allows the heads to be operated quickly in all directions and when in use the regular feeds are automatically disengaged.

Cross rail D' 6" long, of massive construction, raised or lowered by power

Feeds are positive gear driven, have ten changes, ranging from .025° to .500° horizontally, and from .016° to .304° in vertical or angular directions.

Cone pulleys do not overlang, but are carried on heavy shafts and supported by bearings on each side, thus eliminating any tendency for the bearings to wear out of true, enused by the pull of the belt.

A safety device prevents injury to mechanism in case heads are accidentally allowed to come together

Main drive.—All the driving mechanism for the main spinile is self-contained in a separate head stock, which is secured to the hed between the housings. The gears are thoroughly protected by suitable dust guards. If necessary, the entire drive can be removed from the machine in a few minutes.



FIG. 11469.

Bronze bushings are furnished for all high speed journals

Thread cutting attachment for cutting all standard threads from 2 to 14 per inch, including 11½, can be attached to right hand head.

Furnished only when specially ordered, but can be attached at any time.

Countershaft has tight and loose pulleys 16° in diameter for 5° belt and one 20° pulley for 4° belt, driving to 20° pulley on jack shaft, which also carries a four step come for 3½° double belt. The jack shaft is attached to the upper part of housings on the machine. Speed of countershaft should be 430 revolutions per minute.

Floor space is reduced to the minimum on account of the compact design. Actual space required being 112" by 80". Not weight, 14,500 lbs.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Swing	48*
Maximum distance under cross fail	34"
Table diameter	40"
Travel of rams	26*
Diameter of tool holder shanks	2"
Largest diameter of cone pulley.	164
Smallest diameter of cone pulley	8"
and the first of the first of the second	

48" MILL WITH TWO PLAIN SWIVEL HEADS AND CHUCK JAWS FITTED TO PLAIN TABLE.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. H468 AND H469.—

Brake.—Machine is provided with friction brake, which is operated by treadle placed within easy reach of operator at the front of machine. The friction is applied to the inside of the lower driving cone pulley by means of a taper friction, and by operating directly upon the prime mover all shock and jar is eliminated and the table brought to a dead stop instantly in any desired position. The conical type of brake which is used prevents any distortion to bearings.

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Guards.—All gears are thoroughly protected by guards.

Motor drive.—This machine can be driven by either a constant or variable speed motor without changing the construction, and motor can be attached at any time.

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## VERTICAL BORING AND TURNING MILLS.

53" MILL WITH PLAIN TABLE



FIG. 11470.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11470.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 14476.

The capacity of this mill is full 54° in dismeter and will take 45° under the cross rail. It is built to take the heaviest cuts with high speed steels, is of massive proportions, in fact is the most powerful and rugged mill of its swing on the market.

The table is 50° in diameter, with spur gard drive. It is of massive construction and ample provision is made in the T slots for securing any description of work. A set of four extra heavy chuck laws furnished to fit the plain table upon order. There are ten changes of speed graded in geometrical progression, varying from 2)½ to 45 revolutions per minute.

The table spindle has large angular bearing at the top and two straight vertical bearings. The angular bearing makes it self-centering and its own weight, as well as that of the table and load, has a tendency to maintain its perfect alignment.

The brads are entirely independent in their movements, both as to direction and amount of feed, and can be set to any angle either size of central position. Both heads may be brought to the center for boring. The rams ensayer, have a travel of 26° in vertical are angular directions, and have an adjustment of 4° in the ram.

The cross rail is 7° of long, of the box girder type, the back strongly arched between the housings, extra heavy, and is raised and lowered by power.

Feeds are positive gear driven, have ten changes, ranging from .025° to .500° horizontally, and from .020° to .400° in vertical or angular directions.

A safety device prevents injury to mechanism in ease heads are accidentally allowed to come together.

Cone palleys do not overhang, but are cerried on heavy shafts and supported by bearings on each side, thus eliminating any tendency of the bearings to wear out of true caused by the pull of the belt. This arrangement of the one pulloys and driving pulley between the housings secures absolute rigidity and does away with the vibration which is unavoidable on mills with overhanging cones. The constance is a few of the caused by the 国 H

## VERTICAL BORING AND TURNING MILLS.

60" MILL WITH PLAIN TABLE.



FIG. 11471.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11470.-Continued.

which also carries a five step cone for 3" double belt. The jack shaft is attached to the upper part of housings on the machina. Speed of countershaft should be 500 revolutions per minute. Floor space is reduced to the minimum on account of the compact design. Actual space required being 10' by 7' 10"

Net weight, 10,000 ton.					
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ximum distance under cre	om rail	***********		 	*******
mgth of cross rail					
ble diameter					
avel of rams				 	
ameter of tool holder shan					
rgest diameter of cone pul					
nallest diameter of cone pu			**********	 *****************	
untershaft (see description	above).				

## DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11471 AND 11472.

The especity of this mill is full 62° in diameter and will take 48° under the cross rail. It is built for heavy cuts with high speed steel, is of massive proportions and is a very rugged, powerful tool.

The table is 58° in diameter, having spur gear drive. It is of massive construction and ample provision is made in the T slots for securing any description of work. As et of four extra heavy chuck jaws furnished to fit the plain table upon order. There are ten changes of speed graded in geometrical progression, varying from 2 to 38½ revolutions per minute.

The table spindle has large angular bearing at the top and two straight vertical bearings. The angular bearing makes it self-centering and its own weight, as well as that of the table and load, has a tendency to maintain its perfect alignment.

The heads are entirely independent in their movements, both as tendency to maintain its perfect alignment.

The heads are entirely independent in their movements, both as tendency to maintain its perfect alignment.

The heads are entirely independent in their movements, both as tendency to maintain its perfect alignment.

The heads are entirely independent in their movements, both as the direction and amount of feed and can be set to any angle either side of central position. Both heads may be brought to the escaled are made with large arched tops and there are as a % 2° clamping boils holding the served to the saddle, thus securing great rigidity. The tool holders are steel forging with chanks 3° in diameter, and law as vertical adjustment of 4° in the ram.

The cross rail is 8° 4½° long, of the box girder type, the back strongly arched between the housings, extra heavy, and is raised and lowered by power.

Fools are positive gear driven, have ten changes, ranging from .025° to .500° horizontally and from .020° to .400° in vertical or angular directions.

A safety device prevents injury to mechanism in case heads are accidentally allowed to come together.

Cone pullaye do not overhang, but are carried on heavy shafts

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### VERTICAL BORING AND TURNING MILLS.

80" MILL REAR VIEW.



FIG. 11472.

### DESCRIPTION FIGS, 11471 AND 11472.-Continued.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11471 AND 11472.—Continued.

Main drive.—All the driving mechanism for the main spindle is self-centained in a separate head stock, which is secured to the main it between the bousings. The gears are thoroughly protected by suitable guards. If necessary, the entire drive can be removed from matchine in a few minutes.

Firske.—This mill is provided with friction brake, which is operated by treadle placed within easy reach of operator at the front of chines. The friction is applied to the inside of the lower driving come pulley by means of taper friction cone, and by operating directly on the party avoids any distortion to becarings.

Guards.—All gears and the entire driving mechanism are thoroughly protected by guards.

Motor drive.—This machine can be driven by either a constant or variable speed motor without changing the construction, and stor may be attached at any time.

Bronze bushings are furnished for all high speed journals, and special attention has been given to their proper lubrication. Thread cutting attachment for cutting all standard threads from 4 to 14, including 11½; can be attached to right hand head. Furhed only when specially ordered, but can be attached at any time.

Countershaft has tight and loose pulleys 20° in diameter for 6° belt and one 24° pulley for 5° belt, driving to 24° pulley on jack shift, is able carries a five step cone for 3° double belt. The jack shift is attached to the upper part of housings on the machine. Speed countershaft should be 425 revolutions per minute.

Floor speen is reduced to the minimum on account of the compact design, actual space required being 10° 9° by 7′ 10° Net weight: 19,500 lbs.

#### VERTICAL BORING AND TURNING MILLS.

72" DOUBLE HEAD MILL.



FIG. 11473.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11473.

Vertical boring and turning mills are now extensively used, owing to their many features of advantage, for doing a variety of work, not found in other tools. The mills illustrated by Fig. 11473 are of the same general design and are furnished one or two heads on the cross rail. They are built as an exclusive specialty in a shop equipped with the latest improved specialty.

The heads have powerful automatic and reversible feeds, entirely independent of each other, through five step cons pulleys are counterbalanced in any position. They are made right and left so as to work close together, and can be set at an angle means of a crank handle operating on the vertical feed rod from the end of the rail. This new and simple device allows of and close adjustment when setting head accurately to a mark.

The tool spindles are octagonal in shape, fitted on alternate sides. This furnishes excellent bearings with little friction, and provision for taking up wear, oiling, etc.

Tool holders are machined from the solid steel block and will take 134" square steel for tools.

Counterweight chains for tool spindles are so arranged that they do not cross over center of table in the way of hoisting chain traveling crane—a very important feature.

The cross rails are extra heavy and deep, have large bearing surfaces carefully planed, acraped and fitted to the saddles. The raised and lowered by power, operating through a new device easily reached on inside face of housing.

The table is very heavy and is driven by means of an internal or annular gear nearly its full diameter. This insures a steady powerful motion free from lifting or chattering tendencies.

The table spindles are extra large and long, and run on hardened and ground steel steps submerged in oil.

All gearing is cut from the solid by modern methods, and the bevel driving gears are planed. The pinion driving the table is of sphard bronze, possessing great strength and excellent warring qualities. All feed screws, rods, shafts, etc., are of steel, and main driving ser made of special high carbon steel and are accurately turned and fitted. The materials used in the construction of these are of the best quality and the workmanship is of the highest grade:

For specifications see following page.

	S.W.C.	P.Mile.	0'Mil.	PML	T Special
Capacity, rwing	50"	ar.	23*	ART	Ma.
Capacity, under rail	30"	40*	48*	40"	180
Vertical movement of tool spindle,	241	24*	30*	30"	30"
Six of tool spindle	6" x 40"	6" × 90"	6) 2" × 10"	109 x 10°	614 × 100
Rim of table	49"	54"	624	73*	73**
Size of table spindle, upper journal,		10"	12*	14"	100
Size of table spindle, lower journal	6*	6"	7"	24	90
Size of table spindle, length	48"	66"	.56*	AM	10*
Number of steps on cone pullay	4	8	6	I	7
Size of countershaft pulleys	20*	224	29*	785	307
Speed of countershaft, revolutions	130	136	190	130	2309
Approximate gross weight, boxed for export.	15,000 To-L	18,200 Ilm.	21,000 0=	26,000 Bes.	
Approximate net weight, boxed for export	13,000 lbit.	16.000 Bm.	20,000 lbs.	25,000 Bes	

<sup>\*</sup>Case furnish special int labels

## 60" BORING AND SPLINING MACHINE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11474.

This machine is designed for quick and accurate boring and splining of pulleys, balance wheels, goar blanks and similar work. Every part of the machine is made heavy and alrong to withstand the strain of heavy cuts and coarse feeds.

## SPECIFICATIONS.

Length of machine, 8' 3".

Width, 5' 2".

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Height to top of pulleys, 9' 7".

Height with ram at highest point, 10' 8".

Tight and loose pulleys on counterchaft, 16" diameter, 434" face, and should run 80 revolutions per minute.

Tight pulley on machine to drive splining attachment, 20° diameter, 2° face, and should run 360 revolutions per minute. Table 62° diameter.

Machine will bore a pulley 60" diameter, 30" face.

Distance from top of table to underside of head, 3' 4". Shipping weight about 8,000 (bs.

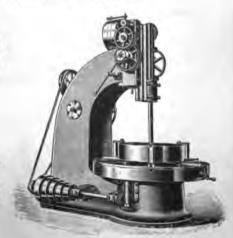


FIG. 11474.

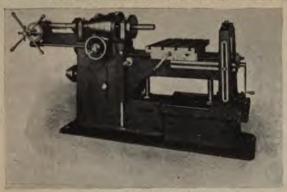


FIG. 11475.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11475

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The adjusting screws are provided with graduated dials reading to .001° for the vertical movement, and to .002° for the cross movement.

The knee is 48° long, and can be raised or lowered from either the end or side. The elevating screws are geared together and provided with an adjustment by means of which the table can be kept parallel with the spindle. The greatest distance from the face plate to the outer support for box is 3° 6°.

A rotary table can be furnished upon special order. It is 20° x 20°, and the circular base is graduated to degrees.

A facing head is furnished as an extra when specially ordered.

A double friction countershaft is furnished. It has 12° pulleys for 3½° belt, and should run at a speed of 150 revolutions per minute.

or space of machine 6' by 10' 6" Weights; net 4,400 lbs.; crated 4,700 lbs.; boxed for export 5,300 lbs. Cubic measurement 100 cubic feet.

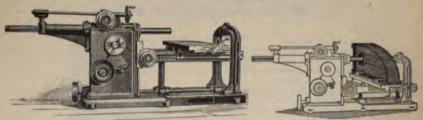


FIG. 11477. MACHINE IN OPERATION.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11478 TO 11478.

Boring bar 434" in diameter, automatic food 42". Maximum distance between center of boring bar and carriages, 2716".

Maximum distance between center of boring bar and knee, 331/4".

Carriage to 25" wide and 60" long, with automatic feed of 36" The knee can be made either 6' or 9'

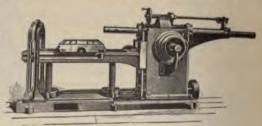
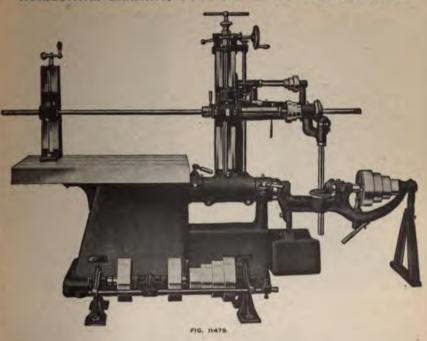


FIG. 11478. REAR VIEW.

## HORIZONTAL DRILLING, BORING AND TAPPING MACHINE.



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DESCRIPTION FIG. 11479

This new machine has been designed particularly for work which, by reason of length, cannot be handled advantageously on either an upright or a radial drill. It is specially adapted for drilling in the end of long pieces, and also in heavy eastings where holes are required in different places, and generally for any work within the range of its capacity which cannot be done at all, or with difficulty, on a vertical drilling machine. It is provided with a reversing friction countershaft, adapting the machine for tapping as well as drilling, and is capable of drilling up to 11/2", and tapping up to 11/4".

For boring work we can furnish a boring bar support, as shown in cut, also when required a boring bar of suitable size.

The cut shows very clearly the construction of the machine, and its method of operation will be easily understood. The upright arm wings on journals which are in line with the cone shaft, and is properly counterweighted as shown. It can be swung in either direction and moves through 180° of a circle, having a radius of 24°. The spindle is provided with power feed, hand worm feed and also quick return merhanism. The machine can be furnished either with or without back gearing, as required. The greatest distance from table to center of spindle when the swinging arm is in a vertical position is 17°, and when the arm is swung so that the spindle is on a level with the table, the greatest distance from the center of table to center of spindle is 2214". The spindle can be operated at any point through 145" of a circle having a radius of 24". The table is 20" by 40" and has lateral T slots, so that the work can be held either in jigs or boited to the table. The spindle is 15% in diameter and is fitted with No. 3 Morse taper, and can be furnished with either 10" or 15" Eraysi. Required floor space, with 10° spindle travel, 90° by 42°, or with 15° spindle travel, 90° by 42°.

The light and loose pulleys on countershaft are 83½° by 23½°, and should be speeded 450 revolutions per minute.

	Net	Crated.	Boxed.
Weight, with 10° spindle travel	1,800 lbs.	2,000 ltm.	2,260 lbs
Weight, with 15° spindle travel	1,950 lbs.	2,150 lbs.	2,400 lbs.

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## HORIZONTAL BORING, DRILLING AND MILLING MACHINES.

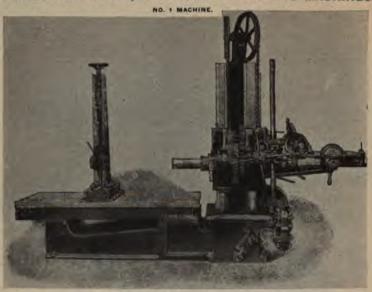


FIG. 11480.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11480.

Our new No. 1 horizontal boring, drilling and milling machine, as illustrated and described herewith, will perform the various operations of boring, drilling, tapping, reaming, facing, milling, etc., on both light and heavy work in the most economical manner possible, eing accurate and rapid in its different operations and adjustments.

All of the different operations mentioned above can be performed on a piece of work fastened to the table in one setting, insuring the nost accurate and profitable results.

The machine is driven by a splined shaft which traverses the driving cone on the rear of bed.

The column carrying the splinde head has horizontal movement on the bed by hand or power in both directions; also a quick forward and return motion by power operated by the hand wheel conveniently located on the front of bed.

The splinde head, which is ecunterivalanced and provided with a safety chain, has vertical movement on the column by hand or power a both directions, and for quick adjustment is easily operated by means of the pilot wheel on front of spindle head.

The splinde runa": a square bearings and has a thread cut on its front pare to receive chucks, large milling cutters, facing eads, etc., for very leavy work, it evolves in right of left hand directions and can be started, stopped, or reversed instantly; this is recovered to the properation.

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## HORIZONTAL BORING, DRILLING AND MILLING MACHINES.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11480.

	No. t.	No. 2.
Director of spindle bit	314*	4*
Descript of spinite new control or control o	516*	6"
Spinite bored to fit Morse taper	No. 5	No. 6
Torrew of spindle	220	28"
Vertical adjustment of head on column.	30"	34"
Horizonal adjustment of column on bod	32*	62*
Maximum distance table to center of spindle	44"	62"
distance table to center of spindle	8"	8"
Height of table from floor	22*	22" -
Size of table	31° x 72°	36° × 120°
Number of spindle speeds	10	10
Range of spindle speeds, revolutions per minute	4 to 200	4 to 260
Number of feeds (in all directions)	3	
Range of fieds	ries" to 14"	vilue" to 14"
Tight and loose pulley on countershaft	16" × 4"	10" x 4"
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	228	228
Width of belt on cone	314*	354*
Distance and of pulley shaft to end of bed	9'9"	12'3"
Rectance end of spindle to end of table	12' 6"	16' 6"
Total beight of machine	8".	9' 6"
Net weight	12,000 lbs.	15,000 lbs.

For general description see preceding page.

## 40" HORIZONTAL BORING, DRILLING AND MILLING MACHINE.



#### DESCRIPTION FIGS, 11481 TO 11483.

The machine consists of a bed plate on the high portion of which is fitted a column made every stiff and rigid, two sides being vertical, while the others taper to a broad base which is gibbed down to a sliding fit on a wide scraped bearing. This column can be arranged to have any reasonable longitudinal traverse. On this column is a saddle having a long bearing scraped to a sliding fit carrying a spindle of suitable dameter provided with a genred feed motion and the end arranged for a Morse taper. The saddle is fully counterbalanced and is raised and lowered by hand. The spindle is moved by hand, either slowly for feeding or rapidly by spoke wheel for quick adjustment, but in addition the spindle has several power feeds. Back goaring is applied on the saddle at the front end of the driving sleeve and provision is made for taking up any lost motion in the spindle.

# HORIZONTAL BORING, DRILLING AND MILLING MACHINES.

### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11481 TO 11483.—Continued.

To the other portion of the bed plate is fitted the universal table which is capable of handling work of several thousand pounds weight. This table (which is usually furnished with the 40° machine only) has a sliding movement of 30° to and from the column, being operated by a rack and pion. The top is 50° x 38° and has a pivoted movement, from a horizontal to a vertical plane and can be rigidly clamped at any angle. It also has a rotary movement, which makes it possible to drill holes in any part of a hemisphere or in five sides of a cube without rechucking the work. There is an oil channel around the outer edge from which the lubricant can be drained back to the tank. When large work is to be machined the table can be removed from the work bed. When this machine is to be used for boring, an

#### 40" MACHINE PERFORMING VARIOUS OPERATIONS.

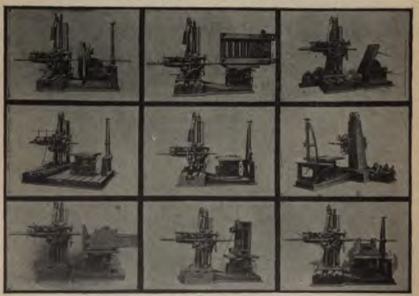


FIG. 11482.

outside support for the bar is furnished, which can be used either with or without the universal table. Steel scales for accuracy of adjustment are also furnished if desired. These machines are built for either belt or motor drive. When a motor is used a special arrangement of cone gearing gives the different speeds without the use of belts.

#### 40" MACHINE.

Vertical movement of saddle, 40°. Horizontal traverse of column, 40° or more if desired. Diameter of spindle, 3½°. Horizontal movement of spindle, 24°. In two reaches, 36° or 48°. End of spindle arranged for No. 5 Morse taper.

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## HORIZONTAL BORING, DRILLING, AND MILLING MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11481 TO 11483.—Centinued.

Ten changes of speed to spindle. Six drilling and boring feeds. Three reversible vertical and horizontal milling feeds. Height over all, 9'. Floor space required, with standard bed plate,  $15' \times 9' \cdot 2''$ .

Speed of counterskaft, 200 revolutions. Driving belt, 3½". Size of tight and loose pulleys for belt driven machine, 16" x 4½". A countant speed motor of 3½ horse-power required.

This else is usually arranged for drilling and boring only, the column having a band and quick power movement, but automatic feeds can be attached for light milling if required.

40° x 40° standard mashine, boxed for shipment, 350 cubic feet. Weight about 18,500 lbs. Universal table, boxed, about 3,575 lbs. Outboard support, boxed, about 1,200 lbs.



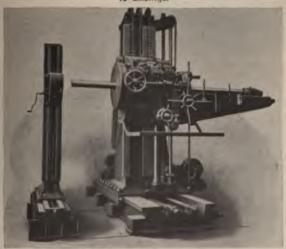


FIG. 11483.

#### 72" MACHINE.

Vertical movement of saiddle, 72". Horizontal traverse of column, 72" or more if desired. Diameter of spindle, 5%". Horizontal movement of spindle, 36". End of spindle arranged for No. 6 Morse taper.

Twenty changes of speed to spindle. Ten drilling and boring feeds. Eight reversible vertical and horizontal milling feeds.

Height over all, 14'. Floor space required without hed plate for work, 20' x 12'.

Speed of countershaft, 175 revolutions. Driving belt, 4°. Size of tight and loose pulleys for belt driven machine, 20° x 5½°. A constant speed motor of 7½ horse-power required.

Facilities are provided on this size for heavy milling as well as for boring and drilling.

72° x 72° standard machine, boxed for shipment, 850 cubic feet. Weight about 40,000 lbs. Outboard support, boxed, about 5,500 lbs. Weight of outside work bed, 160 lbs. per square foot.

### 120" MACHINE.

This machine is similar in design to the 72° machine above described. Complete specifications sent upon application.

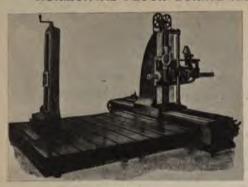


FIG. 11484.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11484.

Machines have eight changes of automatic feed to the boring bar, four slow feeds for roughing and four fast feeds for finishing; the spindle head has a vertical feed for milling, and upright has a feed on bed for mill-ing; both these movements can also be operated quickly by power for adjusting machine to position.

The price includes the necessary countershaft, wrenches and outside support for bar; it does not in-clude the work table or floor plate.

We will furnish drawings of any size of work table, so that it can be attached after machine is received; or if size is given, will quote price where desired.

The state of the s	No. 259.	No. 260.
Diameter of boring bar	4"	555"
Length of feed to boring bar	32"	50"
Vertical feed to spindle head	3' 6"	5'
Horizontal feed of upright on		
base	6"	8'

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## HORIZONTAL CYLINDER BORING MACHINES.

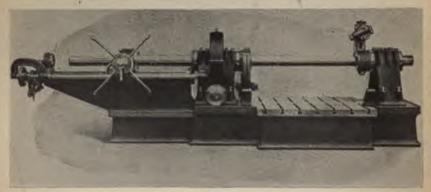


FIG. 11485.

### DESCRIPTION PIG. 11485. NO. 1 CYLINDER BORING MACHINE.

Bed is 10" 11" long; widened portion 36" x 55" long, 18" high. Machino has a continuous feed travel in either direction of 48", and will hore and face both ends of a cylinder at the same time. The boring bar is 3% in diameter, with forty points of carbon. Pedestale are 18" from top of bed to center of bar. Power is transmitted by the Albro worm and worm wheel, geared 45 to 1, affording a very smooth and even motion to boring bar, particularly desirable in cylinder boring and work of similar character. The cone has four steps 414" wide by 10", 13", 10", 19" in diameter. The equipment of the machine consists of the two facing arms, countershaft, and necessary wrenches.

Speed of countershaft 250 revolutions per minute. Tight and loose pulleys, 12" x 5".

## HORIZONIAL CYLINDER BORING MADHINES

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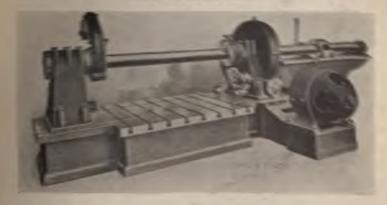


FIG. 11466.

### DESCRIPTION INLTHES.

Has a very lawry feet, 16° 0° long, without portion 50° x 80° long by 10° high. Machine has a continuous food travel in withor direction of 80°, and will have add from both scale of a cylinder at the same time. The boring but is 0° in diameter, made of harmonous steal with farty points of exciton. Pedestals are 20° from top of bod to emiter of her. Power is transmissed by the Albor warm and some wheel, general 70 to 1, affecting a very smooth and even motion to the horing but, particularly chainable in cylinder boring, and work of similar character. The cose has five steps 15° wide by 13°, 16°, 19°, 22° and 10° in diameter. The equipment of machine consists of the two facing arms, countershall and necessary waveshoe.

Speed of countershalt, 200 revolutions per minute. Tight and loose pulleys, 10" x 5".

Motor drive, shown in cut, is furnished at extra cost only.

Grass table, shown in Fig. 11488, can be supplied if desired,

Longer length of bed and bar can be furnished.

CONTRACT

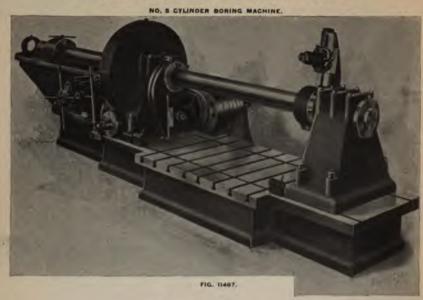
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# HORIZONTAL CYLINDER BORING MACHINES.



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For description, see next page.

NOS. 6 AND 7 CYLINDER BORING MACHINES WITH CROSS TABLE.

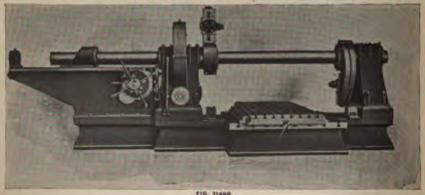


FIG. 11488.

For description, see next page.

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#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11487 AND 11488.

No. 3 Machine —Bod is 13' 5' long; widened portion 51' x 64" long, 18' high. Machine has a continuous feed travel in either direction of 60" and will bore and face both ends of a cylinder at the same time. The boring bar is 7" in diameter, made of hammered steel eith feety points of carbon. The podestals are 28' from top of bed to center of the last. Power is transmitted by the Albro worm and some whoch, garred 78 to 1. It is equipped with our patented variable feed device, which has fourteen different feeds ranging from 5," to 3g". The boring bar has quick travel in either direction.

A cross table similar to that shown in Fig. 11488 can be applied if desired.

Length of bed and bar can be altered to sait requirements.

Speed of countershaft 250 revolutions per minute.

No. 6 Machine — Bed is 15' 5' long, wideous portion 72" x 64" long, 18" high. Machine has a continuous food travel in either direction of 60°, and will here and face both ends of a cylinder at the same time. The horing har is 8" in diameter, made of hammered steel, with torty points of carbon. The pedestals are 32" from top of bed to cause of the har. Power is transmitted by the Albro worm and seems wheel, gazer 88 5 to 1. It is equipped with our patented variable feed device, which has fourteen different feeds ranging from \$\frac{1}{2}\$ is \$\frac{1}{2}\$". The horing bar has a quick travel in either direction by power.

Speed of countershaft 250 revolutions per minute.

Cross table is 30" which of thick, 8' 5' long, and has a cross travel of 30"

Cross table not furnished regularly, only when specified.

Length of bed and bar can be aftered to suit requirements.

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No. 7 Machine.—Bed is 16'3' long; widened pertion 72' x 64' long, 18' high. Machine has a continuous feed travel in either direction of 60', and will hore and face both ends of a cylinder at the earne time. The horing bar is 8' in diameter, made of harmesred steel, with forty points of carbon. The pedestals are 36' from top of bed to center of the bar. Power is transmitted by the Albro worm and worm wheel, geared 100 to 1. It is equipped with our patented variable feed device, which has fourteen different feeds ranging from 3' to 3'. The boring har has a quick travel in either direction by power.

Speed of countershaft 250 revolutions for minute.

Cross table is 30' wide, 6' thick, 8' 5' long, and has a cross travel of 30''.

Cross table not furnished regularly, only when specified.

Length of bed and bar can be altered to suit requirements.

#### THREE WAY FACING MACHINE.

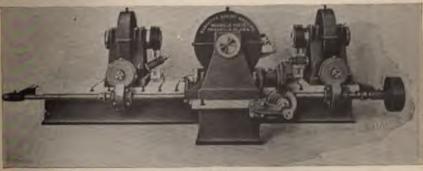


FIG. 11489.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11489.

This machine is especially designed for the purpose of facing such work as water gates or valves, tees, elbows, etc., operating on one, two or three surfaces at the same time, as may be desired; the work being held in a fixture suitable for the purpose, supplied by user.

The bed consists of two parts 18' high by 28' wide, which can be furnished of any length to suit the user, with several T slots for convenience of securing the work. The heads are 22' from top of bed to center of the spindles, and are all adjustable on top of bed in either direction and independent of one another. They are driven by one belt running onto a single pulsey, this being accomplished by helical and bevel gears. The facing blocks on the arms are fed by means of star wheel and pins. The driving power is three Albro helical and bevel gears, worm and worm wheels,

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## IMPROVED PORTABLE LOCOMOTIVE CYLINDER BORING BAR AND FIXTURES.



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11490.

This portable boring bar and fixtures is designed to bore out locomotive cylinders in place. The fixtures that go with the bar allow cylinders to be bored where it is not desirable to take off the cylinder and guides. After removing the gland and packing, a suitably arranged cone bearing is placed in the opening and supports the bar perfectly central, it being only necessary to use one cross head and two blocks to support the front end. There is furnished an extra cross head to support and adjust the bar when boring cylinders with both heads off. (See cut.) This being a travelling

bar, it is necessary to have the feeding thrust so arranged that it will have no tendency to force the har out of line (which often causes the tools to cut and chatter on one part of a revolution). We have in this, our improved machine, overcome these difficulties and have a perfect working tool that gives a first class finishing cut and perfectly true.

The feed nut is in halves, held together by a round milled nut, so that when the cut is through cylinder, unscrew the round nut, open the halved nuts, loosen the tools so that they will not mark the cylinder in moving back, push the bar back until cutter head is in place for another cut or to counter bore. To stop the feed at any time pull cut the slip pin top shaft. This pin is useful in starting cuts for hand feed, etc.

We build these machines of any length, 8' being the usual length.

These bars are perfectly straight and round; bearings fitted by ecraping. For driving, either a pulley for power, or small fly-wheel with handle for hand driving.

236° x 8' bar will rebore cylinders 8" to 16" diameter. Weight, boxed 850 lbs.
3" x 8' bar will rebore cylinders 10" to 20" diameter. Weight, boxed 1,000 lbs.
336" x 8' bar will rebore cylinders 10" to 24" diameter. Weight, boxed 1,150 lbs.

## PORTABLE CYLINDER BORING BAR.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11491.

This portable tool is designed for general boring, being made in several sizes.

All kinds of engines, steam hammers, pumps, blowing engines, air compressors,

Corlise valves, etc., can be bored in place. It has fixtures for boring (with one or

both cylinder heads off) in any position and in very cramped places, as on board

ship, etc. It can be readily operated in a space that is large enough to take the

piston out of the cylinder. Many times cylinders can be rebored in place in less time

than they could be removed from fixed position, lesving all steam connections, hold
ing-down bolts, etc., intact. Enough cutter heads are furnished with each size

bar to bore diameters given for each diameter of bar. These bars are powerfully



FIG. 11491.

guared and can be driven by power or hand. Each bar has two changes of feed; the feed screw is steel; the feed nut is also made of steel, cut in a poculiar way, insuring great wear.

A full complement of expanders will be sent to fit stuffing boxes. One set of sample tools and wrenches are furnished with each outfit. We are prepared to make special sizes for special work.

For sizes, etc., see following page.

## PORTABLE CYLINDER BORING BARS.

FIG. 11491.-Counteurd.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

 $25_0^{\prime\prime}$ bar, to bore  $4^{\prime\prime}$  to  $12^{\prime\prime}$  diameter x  $30^{\prime\prime}$  stroke has 5' long. Weight, 700' lbar, 3' bar, to bore 6' to 16' diameter x  $30^{\prime\prime}$  stroke, has 5' $5_0^{\prime\prime}$  long. Weight, 900' lbar, 31 $6_0^{\prime\prime}$  bar, to bore 8' to  $22^{\prime\prime}$  diameter x  $42^{\prime\prime}$  stroke, has 6' long. Weight, 902' lba. 4' bar, to bore 10' to  $24^{\prime\prime}$  diameter x 60' stroke, has 6' long. Weight, 1,550 lbar, 4' bar, to bore 10' to  $24^{\prime\prime}$  diameter x 60' stroke, has 6' long. 314° bar, to bore 8° to 22° diameter x 42° struke, har 8° long. Weight, 1,550 lbs.

4° bar, to bore 10° to 24° diameter x 50° stroke, har 8° long. Weight, 1,550 lbs.

4° bar, 5° long, for locomotives. To bore from 12° to 20° diameter. "Special."

415° bar, to bore 20° to 50° diameter x 72° stroke, har 10° long. Weight, 1,750 lbs.

6° bar, to bore 20° to 50° diameter x 60° stroke, bar 10° long. Weight, 3,5000 lbs.

8° bar, to bore 20° to 60° diameter x 72° stroke, bar about 11° long. Weight, 5,5000 lbs.

8° bar, to bore 20° to 60° diameter x 120° stroke, bar about 15° long. Weight 5,500 lbs.

## SPECIAL BORING BAR FOR COMPOUND ENGINES.

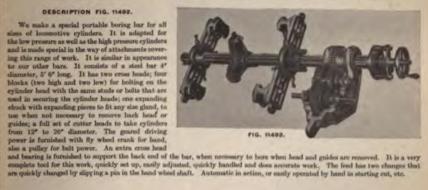
#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11492.

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## CORLISS VALVE SEAT PORTABLE BORING BAR.



FIG. 11493

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11493.

23½" diameter of bar, 5' long, will rebore valve seats from 3½" to 6½" diameter. Weight, 425 lbs., bexed 3" diameter of bar, 5' long, will rebore valve seat from 4" to 8" diameter. Weight, 725 lbs., boxed.

Each size complete in all parts, with sample tools, wrenches, etc.



FIG. 11494

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11494.

We build these bars of any diameter or length with hardened steel centers to run on-(self-oiling). The feed screw and nut are made of Screw is fitted with a bronze thrust bearing of improved make. Two cutter heads are furnished with each bar, and a driver plate to be turnsnow with each par, and a driver plate to be bolled to face plate of lathe. Feed as shown in cut has two changes of feed in either direction; the bars are accurately ground to gauge. We build these bars only on order, varying them at times to suit requirements. Patterus on hand for bars from 4° to 14° diameter.

#### SIZES.

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### PORTABLE FACING ARM.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11495.

This attachment as shown in cut, we make to suit any size of our bars, and have patterns for sizes varying from 3° to 10° diameter of bar. They are readily attached, as shown in the cut. One half of the hub is bolted on to the sliding part, has a detachable erank for hand adjustment, and a star for power feed.

We also make them of different design for some kinds of work where there is not room for this style.

In ordering give largest diameter to be faced, size of bar and width of key

way in the bar.

A first class attachment for a boring bar.



FIG. 11498

### FACING SPIDER FOR USE ON BORING BARS.

The cut represents this device so clearly that very little description Is necessary.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11498.

It is intended to use on our boring bars to support the bar while facing off cylinder head joints, etc. It consists of a light four arm spider, made light and strong with two sets of set screws; one set is to screw out into the cylinder, the other set screwing toward .the center intended to fit into the groove of the bearing shown in the cut, thus allowing of a very fine adjustment, so that the facing is square and true with the bore of the cylinder. This leaves the cylinder end clear for the facing arm, the other or opposite end of the bar being supported with the pin of the gland chuck or cross head. It is used to advantage often when the bar is in the cylinder after boring.

When ordering, give the bore of cylinders it is to be used in; also size of bar.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11497.

This improved press embraces many changes from those first made, and is now a very complete tool for street railroad shops, small railroad repair shops and engine shops for forcing in shafts, etc.

engine shops for forcing in shafts, etc.

The hydraulic part is our most reliable and convenient style of large jack. The lever works horizontally at right angles to line of press, and convenient for operator to easily watch the work. The valves are large, perpendicular and easy of access. The piston is entirely enclosed, thus preventing all grit or foreign material getting into the pump and cutting or preventing its working. The cylinder is made from crucible steel and has a most bearing on stationary beam. The

movable beam runs on rollers upon the lower bar, which is planed. It is recessed so that blocks may be placed in it of sufficient thickness to act as a template in forcing on car wheels, etc. A swinging chuck placed against the ram or jack acts as a template for the other end of axle. The block can be also used when forcing a shaft into a wheel. The pull-back weight is suspended from upper lar and does not require any pit.

- 80 ton press complete for 30° wheels, weighs about 1,000 lbs.
  60 ton press complete for 30° wheels, weighs about 2,500 lbs.
  100 ton press complete for 36° wheels, weighs about 2,700 lbs.
  100 ton press complete for 40° wheels, weighs about 3,500 lbs.
  125 ton press complete for 48° wheels, weighs about 4,500 lbs.

Larger sizes or power presses to order. A gauge will be placed on each press unless otherwise ordered.

We make a 60 ton press for 30° wheels, of special patterns, for export, where the heaviest pieces weigh not over 225 lbs., so that they may be earned by mules. It is known by us as the mule back pattern.

### HYDRAULIC WHEEL PRESSES.



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FIG. 11498



FIG. 11499.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11498 TO 11500.

The simple construction of these presses renders all parts of easy access, the valves can be removed by unscrewing caps, and plungers The ampie construction of these presses renders all parts of early access, the valves can be removed by taking out the consecting rot boils. The plungers are packed with leather rings of such construction that they pack absolutely tight under any pressure, but allow the free movement of plungers without excessive friction. The ram is packed with regular "U" hydraulic packing which can be easily removed after withdrawing the ram. For convenience in handling heavy work, the parallel hars are placed on a slight angle, as shown by end view, which permits the handling of work with an overhead crane. This is a distinct feature of our presses, and meets with universal approval. Heavy work, such as locomotive drivers, and irregular shaped work, that cannot be rolled to and from a press, can be handled with such a degree of case and rapidity that this feature alone places our presses

in advance of all other makes, in which the upper har is directly above the lower one.

The plungers are operated by eccentries on the back shaft which is driven by cut gears, ratio 3½ to 1. This method requires a minimum amount of power and insures perfectly steady belt motion, without using an excessively wide belt. The ram is drawn back automatically as soon as the pressure is shut off from the pumps.

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## HYDRAULIC WHEEL PRESSES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11498 TO 11500,-Continued.

No special foundation is required, as these presses are self-contained, and only require a floor strong enough to safely carry the weight of the press, and the work to be handled. We include with each press two serve hangers to attach to upper bar, drawback weight for ram, and hydraulic gauge marked in pounds per square inch and tons on ram.

An extra valve is furnished to connect with city water line, when it is convenient to do so, and by opening this valve before turning on the pressure from the pump, the ram is moved out against the work rapidly, after which the water line valve is closed and the valve to the pump is opened, giving the full pump pressure.

We give dimensions of our regular sizes, but can furnish presses of any desired capacity, or length, and fitted for any special class



FIG. 11500. REAR VIEW.

#### 30" 100 TON HYDRAULIC WHEEL PRESS.

Distance between parallel bars, 30°; extreme distance between ram and head block, 8½°; diameter of ram, 9½°; travel of ram, 15°; naminum working pressure, 3,000 lbs. per square inch; parallel bars, 1½° x 5° steel; single plunger pump not geared; 24° x 3½° tight and losse pulleys, 125 revolutions; weight, 4,500 lbs. [host space, 4 x 12½°, 4 x 12½°.

#### 38" 150 TON HYDRAULIC WHEEL PRESS.

Distance between parallel bars, 38°; extreme distance between ram and head block, 8½°; diameter of ram, 9½°; travel of ram, 18°; maximum working pressure, 5,000 lbs. per square inch; parallel bars, 2° x 6° steel; double plunger geared pump; 18° x 4° tight and loose pulleys, 400 revolutions; weight, 6,000 lbs.; floor space, 4½° x 15°.

### 48" 150 TON HYDRAULIC WHEEL PRESS.

Distance between parallel bars, 48°; extreme distance between ram and head block, 8½°; diameter of ram, 9½°; travel of ram, 18°; maintum working pressure, 5,000 lbs. per square inch; parallel bars, 2° x 9° steel; double plunger geared pump; 18° x 4° light and loose pulleys, 400 revolutions; weight, \$5,000 lbs.; floor space, 4½° x 15°.

## 58" 150 TON HYDRAULIC WHEEL PRESS.

Distance between parallel bars, 58°; extreme distance between rum and head block, 83°; diameter of rum, 95°; travel of rum, 18°; marinum working pressure, 5,000 lbs. per square inch; parallel bars, 2° x 6° steel; double plunger geared pump; 18° x 4° tight and loose pulleys, 400 revolutions; weight, 9,500 lbs.; floor space, 6° x 13°.

### 58" 200 TON HYDRAULIC WHEEL PRESS.

Distance between parallel bars, 68°; extreme distance between ram and head block, 8½°; diameter of ram, 11½°; travel of ram, 18°mainum working pressure, 5,000 lbs. per square inch; parallel bars, 2½° x?° steel; double plunger geared pump; 18° x 4° tight and loose pulleys, 400 revolutions; weight, 10,000 lbs.; floor space, 5° x 15°.

### 76" 200 TON HYDRAULIC WHEEL PRESS.

Distance between parallel bars, 76°; extreme distance between ram and head block, 8½°; diameter of ram, 11½°; travel of ram, 18°; maximum working pressure, 6,000 lbs. per square inch; parallel bars, 2½° x 7° steel; double plunger geared pump; 18° x 4° tight and loose pulleys, 400 revolutions; weight, 12,000 lbs.; door space, 5′ x 16°.

## 88" 300 TON HYDRAULIC WHEEL PRESS.

Distance between parallel bars, 88°; extreme distance between ram and head block, 83%; diameter of ram, 14°; travel of ram, 20°; natural working pressure, 5,000 lbs., per square inch; parallel bars, 23% at 8° steel; triple plunger geared pump; 18° x 4° tight and cose pulleys, 400 revolutions; weight, 18,000 lbs.; floor space, 6° x 16°.

#### 100" 300 TON HYDRAULIC WHEEL PRESS.

Distance between parallel bars, 100°; extreme distance between rum and head block, 8½°; dismeter of ram 14°; travel of ram, 20°; mornium working pressure, 5,000 lbs., per square inch; parallel bars, 2½° x 8° steel; triple plunger geared pump; 18° x 4° tight and focosopulleys, 400 revolutions; weight; 22,000 lbs.; floor space, 6° x 10°.

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## HYDRAULIC WHEEL PRESSES.

STANDARD 36" 100 TON PRESS WITH ONE PUMP.

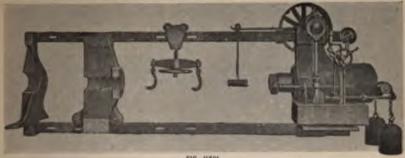


FIG. 11501.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11501 TO 11503.

Cylinder and yoke are made of high grade iron, and cast in dry sand mold.

A ratchet device is attached to the yoke on all presses of over 150 tons capacity so that the same can be easily moved by one man.

Lining -The cylinder lining is of a specially prepared iron, bored, turned and pressed into the cylinder, making it much superior to a brass or copper lining. On account of its hardness, the movement of ram does not wear it oblong as it would a brass or copper lining, thus causing a leakage, and in time necessitating either a new lining or the reboring of the old with the additional cost of a new ram, either way being expensive.

Pumps are made of the best phosphor bronze and have extra long eccentric rods, connection being made with pump by ball joint, which reduces the wear and friction to a minimum.

Tension bars are of the best quality of steel, the lower one set on edge, so as to give a bearing under its entire length, preventing the weight of yoks which travels on this bar from springing same.

Keys are of the same quality of steel as the tension bars with a large margin of safety, and are machined on bearing edges.

Traveling crane which holds axle or shaft for proper adjustment can be readily removed from carriage without removing bolt. Steel facings.-The face of the ram and yoke, as well as all points of bearing on yoke and cylinder are faced with steel.

STANDARD 36" 60 TON PRESS ARRANGED FOR HAND POWER.



FIG. 11602.

## HYDRAULIC WHEEL PRESSES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11501 TO 11503.-Continued.

Packings are made from our own design, of the best leather procurable, and so constructed that they are self-tightening, making a perfectly tight and durable packing.

Fittings are of extra heavy steel.

Lock-up pressure gauge, pop safety valve and automatic valves are of the best as well as everything that goes into the makeup of our

All presses are 8' 4" between face of ram and face of yoke. If more space is desired, an extra charge is made.

Each press is furnished with single pump. Double, triple or quadruple pumps can be supplied and are recommended except for the emaller sizes.

Pulleys run parallel to the tension bars, unless otherwise ordered; on all presses up to 150 tons, pulleys are 26° x 5°; on presses over 150 tons, 26" x 6".

Presses can be built to operate by hand power as shown in Fig. 11502 or by electric motor (see Fig. 11503) if so desired. All presses built to take in standard length of American axle, unless otherwise specified.

Specifications on following page.

MOTOR DRIVEN 110" 800 TON PRESS WITH THREE PUMPS



# HYDRAULIC WHEEL PRESSES.

Continued

### SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11601 TO 11603.

	No.	Wheels.	Distance Barn	Power in Time.	Movement of Euro.	Opening in Yoles	Weight.	Water
	1	201*	33"	30	14"	434**	2,468	Gal. iron
	2	30*	33*	40	14"	414"	2,700	**
	3	36*	40"	60	14"	434*	4,715	Cast iron
	4	36*	40*	80	15"	434"	4,890	-
	\$	30*	40*	100	105	616*	6.450	**
	Bernsteinersteinersteine	36"	40"	125	15"	034"	7,020	
	Agrantian Commission of the Co	36*	40*	150	1.0"	616*	7,820	
	Recommendation of the contract	36*	40"	175	15"	616*	8,211	
4.	9	36*	40*	200	150	9"	8,520	
M		36*	40"	225	15"	9*	9,025	
A	10	30,	40*	250	15"	9"		
	11	42"				177	9,550	
4	12		47*	150	16"	7.56"	9,617	
A	13	42*	47*	175	16*	734"	10,125	*
H	14	42*	47"	200	16*	9*	10,650	
A	15	42"	47"	225	16"	9"	11,000	
0	16	42"	47"	250	16"	9"	11,425	
0	17	48*	34"	1.50	16"	80	10.617	
~	18	48"	54"	200	16"	9"	11,225	-
-	19	46"	54"	250	16"	0"	11,830	
W	20	54*	60°	130	10"	8"	11,451	
M	21	34"	60°	175	16*	8"	11,951	
A	22	54"	60"	200	16"	9"	12,349	
	23	54"	60"	250	16"	9*	13,350	
4	24	60*	66"	150	16"	B*	12,050	
M	25	60*	66"	175	16"	8"	12,455	40
	26	60°	66"	200	16*	9*	12,675	
R	27	60°	66"	250	16*	9"	13,450	
H	28	60*	60"	300	16"	9"	14,025	
4	29	66"	72"	150	16*	9*	13,220	
F	30	66*	72"	200	17*	9"	13,875	
-	31	66"	72	250	17"	9"	14,439	
-	32	66*	72*	200	17"	9*	15,120	
回	33	72*	78*	200	17*	9*	18,000	
H	34	72*	78"	225	17*	9*	18,330	
-	85	72*	78*	250	17"	0*	18,720	
H		72*	78*	300	17*	0+		
	36	78*	84*	200	18"	9*	19,020	
	37	78*	84"	250	18"		21,500	
	38		M.		18"	934"	25,125	*
	30	78*		300		814*	22,650	*
	40	78*	84"	350	18*	914*	23,172	
	4lournament	84*	90*	250	18"	93-9"	23,490	
	<b>Q</b>	84*	50*	300	18*	916	24,000	
	43	84*	90*	350	18*	914	24,560	
	44	90*	96"	300	18"	93%	24,720	
	45	90"	96"	350	100	934	25,200	
	40	80%	96.	400	18*	03-5*	26,720	**

<sup>\*</sup>These dimensions are standard. Opening in yoke can be enlarged to suit requirements.

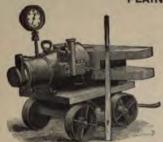


FIG. 11504

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11504.

This cut shows our plain pattern of crank pin press, designed for forcing crank pins into locomotive driving wheels, forcing on and off balance wheels, crank disks, pulleys, gears, drums, etc. The operating mechanism is the same as in our best style of large horizontal jacks, in which the piston is inclosed, thus keeping foreign matter from the pump. The operator, when using it, stands close to the work and same. The receivation of the receivable is the same and the same and the same than the same and the same than gauge. To a projection on the ram a chain is attached for easily forcing the ram back into the cylinder. The pump valves are large and fall on their scals, re-quiring no rush of water to scat them, and all parts are made so that they can be easily examined or repaired.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG.	11504.	
Press.	Movement.	Weight
60 ten	12"	950 lbs.
100 ton	12"	1,250 lbs.
125 ton	12"	1,600 lbs.
150 ten	12"	2,200 lbs.

A 4 4

K 0 O

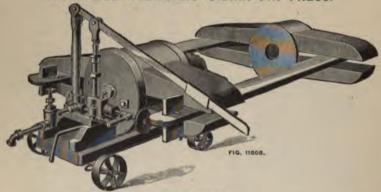
M A 4 M

H

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Other sizes built to special order. As working conditions vary so much, rods are not included, and are made to order only.

## PORTABLE HYDRAULIC CRANK PIN PRESS.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11505.

This press is a convenient machine for removing from and applying crank pins to the wheels of locomotives without removing the wheels, saving much valuable time, both in labor and the use of the engine; it is also useful in applying the shell liners to driving boxes, removing the pisten rods from the head, and many other uses to which it can be put in a locomotive or general repair shop.

## IMPROVED CRANK PIN PRESS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11508.

To avoid the tendency to force the crank pin out of true, which was the case in the older forms of crank pin presses when the beam is at the rear end of the machine, and acts as a weight with a leverage of the length of the press, this type of machine was devised, bringing the beam as close as possible to the work, and the placing of the pump close behind it with the lever at right angles to the line of the jack allows the operator to watch closely the work he is doing. All of the larger pieces of the machine are made of steel, in order to secure lightness. The very satisfactory working of the rack and pinion in our hydraulic punches and rail benders suggested the desirability of applying it to this tool, so that the loss of time caused in the older types by having to pump the ram out to working position can now be done away with, and at the same time a very satisfactory return motion is attained. We have retained the rack and pinion pump so satisfactorily used by us for the last few years upon this tool. The four sprocket wheels on the raising screws are, when sent out, connected with one chain which can, if desired, be placed upon them in pairs, or taken off entirely. The hydraulic gauge bas

## IMPROVED CRANK PIN PRESS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11506,-Centlaued.

one of our improved safety couplings to avoid the shock exceed by the sudden releasing of pressure, and the weaking parts of the press are all of them many of access for repairs or examination. The valves are situated directly beneath bonnets, fitted tal to tal, and require no packings.

	SIZES.		
	Movement.	Bours.	Weight,
60 tom	12"	28*	750 lbs.
60 tim	12"	42*	850 lbs.
100 ton	12"	41"	900 lbs.
100 tom	12"	48"	1,025 lbs.
125 ton	12"	40*	1,150 lbs.
150 ton	12*	42"	1,450 lbs.

H Z

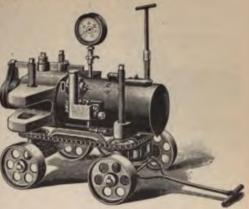
4 A MO

D

th M The rods, chucks and pins are not included in the price of the machine, as the requirements for these are so variable. If height adjusting acrews are not wanted, suitable allowance is made in the price.

A set of special railroad fittings for use with this press can be furnished if desired. Details will be

furnished on application.



## DOUBLE PUMP PORTABLE CRANK PIN PRESS.

WITH REVERSING CYLINDER.



FIG. 11507.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11507.

This tool, the most powerful portable This tool, the most powerful portable shop tool which we have any knowledge of, was designed for engine shop work, where a variety of service is required. It is very complete, the large ram being operated by a double plunger pump; the low pre-sure piston drives it forward at four times the speed of the other and will give a maximum pressure of sixty tors. A small cylinder for withdrawing the large ram is located on top of the larger one, and the ram of this is connected to the larger one. A pair of geared screw valves throws the A pair of genred serve varies inflows the pump delivery to either the premure or re-turn cylinder, whichever is desired. The whole tool can be raised or lowered by the socket wrench placed on either of the four desired, the chain may be taken off and each screw operated independently.

The beam and cylinder are made of

steel and in one piece, in order to secure lightness.

The rod centers are adjustable, from 23° to 52°, the diameter of the attaching rods being assumed at 4°.

The center of large ram is adjustable vertically from 20° to 32°.

Shipping weight is about 2,600 lbs.



This tool is one which we have recently added to our line of rails tools, and it has shown itself in use all that we expected (the most sirable tool for the purpose which has ever been produced). It is sirable tool for the purpose which has ever been produced). It is known that all the serve forms of this tool have not given satisface on the heavy rails, while it takes a gang of men to handle and work the and a space of several feet across the track to operate them. Also, it soon wear out and have to be replaced. This tool, while it weighs I more, is not so clumny to handle, and can be quickly applied and wur much easier by one operator. Our experiments have shown that it not the method of bending, but the long spacing which sprung the rail so that a very heavy hook to eatch the web was not necessary. In tool the ram may be run in and out without pumping for a distant 315°. This allows the tool to be placed over the rail and the ram brow tool the ram may be run in and out without pumping for a distance 31½°. This allows the tool to be placed over the rail and the ram broup to its work on the rail head, when a few strokes will bend the rai the desired curvature; it may then be slid along easily and another p sirre given. The ram is graduated to show the spring of rail and h loose steel head which fits the rail head. In a recent test in ser two men bent forty 30° 90 lb, steel rails in one day, where previous twenty had been the best work of six men with the best of se benders, and one rail was bent perfectly flat on 45° radius in 1½ a utes, on 10° centers of application. utes, on 10" centers of application



#### Made in three sizes, as follows:

No. 1. Weight 200 lbs., for 70 lb. 40 carbon rail. No. 2. Weight 275 lbs., for 90 lb. 40 carbon rail. No. 3. Weight 425 lbs., for 100 lb. 70 carbon rail.

HYDRAULIC PORTABLE SHAFT STRAIGHTENER. DESCRIPTION FIG. 11509.

This tool is designed for the straightening or bend-ing of a shaft when on the center of a 24° lathe, or as a portable shop tool. The tool is mounted on wheels which are placed upon axies and between collars so that the gauge of the wheel can be made to suit the space between the Vs of the lathe. A rack movement to the ram, ready access to all working parts, bronze pump, steel pinion shaft, and tool steel ram. The tool has a steel trussed girder bed, 25° long, 25% from back of jaw to the center of the ram, and it will bend 31.6° of jaw to the center of the ram, and it will bend 334" shaft easily.

The total height of the tool being 33\*

Weight, 375 lbs.



FIG. 11509.



FIG. 11510.

## STOCK AND SHAFTING STRAIGHTENING MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11510 AND 11511

Figs. 11510 and 11511 represent our improved stock and sha straightening machines. The screws are made of steel, the beds planed true, and have two steel V blocks fitted to slide on them, the making it possible to accommodate work of any length.

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## STOCK AND SHAFTING STRAIGHTENING MACHINES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS 11510 AND 11511.—Continued.

Fig. 11511 shows No. 2 machine with centers, to take any length up to 30° attached. The same centers can be furnished with No. 1 machine. They are very convenient for testing a great variety of work, and can be made to order to take any length over 30° at an additional charge.

A light steed tur is placed in front of the centers for convenience in resting a pencil or piece of chalk when testing the work. The centers are always
in line, assally adjusted without wrenches, and can be quickly removed from
the machine when not wanted. No. 2 machine can be furnished with legs
that fasten to the floor, as shown, or short legs can be substituted, making it
mitable for bench use. No. 1 machine is intended for the bench only and
a secured by lugs cast on each end of the bed. With each machine is furnished a finished steel bar for operating the serve.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

	No. 1 Machine.	No. 2 Machine.
Will straighten shafts, diameter.	134"	256*
Length of bed	18"	26"
Weight of machine to mount on bench	60 Ibs.	215 lbs.
Weight of machine with floor legs	*****	295 lbs.
Weight of centers	25 lbs.	25 lbs.



FIG. 11511.

## NO. 3 STOCK AND SHAFT STRAIGHTENING MACHINE.

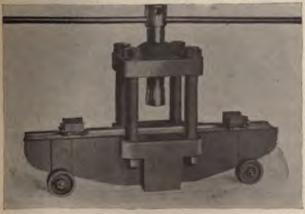
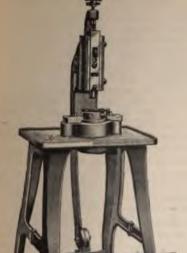


FIG. 11512.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11512.

Our No. 3 machine will bend a shaft 5" in diameter. The bed is planed true for sliding V blocks, is 5' long, and is mounted on wheels which raise the bottom of the machine from the floor, so that it can be easily moved about should occasion require. The head for carrying the screw varies from the style of Nos. 1 and 2 machines, it being supported by four wrought iron posts, making it proof against fracture and capable of withstanding immense pressure. The V blocks are fitted with a device for testing the truth of the piece to be straightened without removing it from the machine. Weight, 1,750 lbs.





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FIG. 11817,

DESCRIPTION FIGS, 11612 TO 11517,-Continued.

The Nos. 00, 0, and 1 presses can be furnished without tables, to mount on beach, if so desired.

All presses are regularly furnished with cast iron levers, but steel levers can be supplied instead, at extra cost.

FIG. 11516.

PECIFI	CATTONS FINE.	11010 10 11017
.00A	0.4	1A

No. of Press.	.00A	0.4	1A	136A	2A	929
Weight of press without legs	65 lbs.	140 Iba.	190 lbs.	-	HALLHARD .	
Weight of press with legs	160 lbs	225 Ibs.	335 Iba.	385 Ibs.	600 lbs.	500 Ibs.
Length of stroke	134"	13-9"	154" and 254"	2"	134" and 2"	134"
Hole in bed	134"	2"	3"	2"	3" × 434"	314" = 614"
Greatest distance slide to platen	354"	4"	554*	6"	7*	634"
Distance from center of plunger to back.	23-9"	3*	939*	145	456*	356"
Width of bed, front to back	435*	5"	0"	7*	B3C*	034*
Width of bed, right to left	015"	1035"	1136"	12"	15"	15"
Sise of table	12" x 18"	1319" × 20"	15° × 2319°	16" × 24"	24" × 30"	25" x 24"
Floor space	19" x 22"	19" x 23"	24" x 24"	24" × 25"	30° x 36°	30° × 27°
Height over all	4055*	51"	6036"	60*	06"	63*
Weight with legs, domestic shipment	180 Ibs.	250 lbs.	360 lbs.	410 lbs.	650 lbs.	550 lbs.
Weight with legs, foreign shipment	250 lbs.	325 lbs.	435 Ibs.	500 lbs.	800 lbs.	675 lbs.
Weight for bench use demestic ship- ment	110 lbs.	180 Iba.	230 lbs.	*********		**********
Weight for bench use, foreign shipment.	160 lbs.	240 Iba.	300 lbs.	********	*********	*******

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#### ADJUSTABLE SCREW PRESSES.



FIG. 11518.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11818.

This exceedingly convenient press is designed for use in machine shops for pressing shafts into and from pulleys, gear wheels, hubs, etc., and for straightening shafts. Its invention was the result of a constant need for such a press in our works, and we have one convenient to each of the lathes in our factory.

The engraving shows the construction and principle of operation of the machina very distinctly. From the table rise two screw guides, upon which the cross head is adjustably supported, having two semi-screw nuts and toggle mechanism by which the cross head is hold fast or released for vertical adjustment. The cross head is balanced by weights, as shown, and a steadying bar connects the press cup with the press screw. On the press screw is fixed a spur toothed ratchet wheel embraced by a forked lever head fulcrumed to oscillate on the press screw. A double acting spring pawl engages the teeth of the ratchet, and to the press screw a hand crank is fixed.

After the object has been placed in press, the cross head in which the central screw is placed can be instantly dropped to the work, and with a few turns of the screw the required pressure is applied. An important saving in time is thus effected, as compared with the method heretofore followed of placing a quantity of blocks on the bed plate, or running a long screw up and down until it reached the material to be pressed.

The operator at a lathe can turn to the machine and press on or off any work that is done on mandrels in his lathe, avoiding the necessity of pounding on the ends of the mandrels, battering or spoiling the centers or springing the mandrels. The durability of mandrels thus used is indefinite, and the risk of breaking a wheel or other object in

putting it on or taking it off the mandrel is avoided. Moreover, pulleys or gear wheels pressed on shafts by this machine are more securely fixed, and less liable to be out of true when put into service.

We furnish this press in three sizes, as follows:

No. 1. 12" x 24", capacity 20 tons pressure, weight 260 lbs.

No. 2. 20° x 36°, capacity 50 tons pressure, weight 870 lbs.

No. 3. 30° x 36°, capacity 50 tons pressure, weight 1,435 lbs.

#### SCREW PRESSES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11519 TO 11521.

This screw press has many advantages that will be readily appreciated by any one familiar with this class of tools. The nut which receives the most wear is made in a separate casting, and bolted to the press body. These nuts are interchangeable and can be replaced at any time, when worn out. The slide is extra long, and the bearing surfaces are hand scraped to insure perfect fit. The ways for the slide are solid with the press, which we consider a valuable improvement.

The stop or check nut instead of being threaded on the screw, as is common practice, is independent and threaded on the nut easting, a heavy shoulder on the screw bringing up against the check nut. This construction is clearly shown in the cut and is an important improvement.

Description continued on next page.



FIG. 11521.

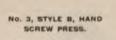
#### SCREW PRESSES.

#### No. 1 HAND SCREW PRESS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11619.

This press is largely used for blanking and bending operations where power is to trouwed, also for testing tools in the tool recom. Capable of cutting blanks 11/4" diameter, 1/4" thick high brass.

and service on a service of the serv	
Length of stroke	434*
Greatest distance between slide and platen	8"
Distance from center of slide to back	316" 450 lbs.
Weight, net	
Weight, net, without table	335 lbs.
Weight, complete, domestic shipment	480 lbs.
Weight, complete, foreign shipment.	600 lbs.
Floor space occupied	28" x 28"



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11520.

Used for camera trimmings, tool room work, etc.
Size of bed.
Greatest distance between .. 1614" x 13" slide and bolster...... Distance from center of slide to back...... 16\*

1,300 lbs. 1,500 lbs. Weight, foreign shipment. 1,800 lbs. 40° x 40° Floor space occupied.....



FIG. 11520.

#### No. 3 ARCH SCREW PRESS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11621.

This press is designed especially for tool room use in testing new dies; it is also used for manufacturing purposes on heavy work.

On heavy work, requiring considerable power, we inset one of our thrust bearings at the top of the machine to reduce the friction and take the thrust of the servew.

Stroke	7-
Distance from bottom of guides to bed	10s
Distance between uprights.	15"
Width of bed	13"
Weight, net.	1,700 lbs.
Weight, domestic shipment	2,000 lbs.
Weight, foreign shipment	2,500 lbs.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11522 AND 11523.

The style A, or arch press, is designed with special reference to having the frame conform to the line of stress, which makes it prefer-able for all punching where the work is severe, as the die is set under the shaft and the strain is borne directly by the uprights: They are so constructed as to give a large die space, at the same time main-

so constructed as to give a mage one special state in the strength.

The shafts are of forged steel, fitted with split bushings which are arranged to take up the wear on the under side of the shaft, thus always keeping it up to the upper side of the bearing, where it belongs.

The smallest size is often furnished for bench use, and can be so fitted when ordered.

The clutch used is our patent instantaneous clutch. The balance wheels are fitted with bronse bushings, and a combined hand and foot lever is furnished with each press.

NO. 5 GEARED PRESS WITH ROLL FEED ATTACHMENT.

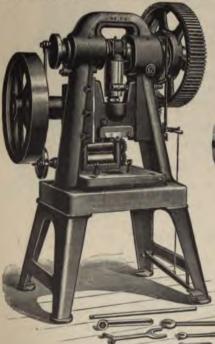


FIG. 11623. (For description of roll feed see Fig. 11546.)



Z 4

A × 0 0 O M Z 4 M R H 4 A

回 出

H

FIG. 11522.

These presses are fitted to receive bolster plates and dovetail chucks, both of which are furnished with each machine.

machine.

It is often advisable to use a geared power press on account of the larger range of work that can be produced with the same press, as a slow moving punch will penetrate a greater thickness of metal with less injury to the tools than if driven at a high rate of speed,

Where work is heavy, such as punching nuts, washers or sprocket work, we recommend a geared press; but where the metal is thin, a plain press is better suited to the work on account of the greater speed that can be obtained.

The gears are well proportioned, extra heavy and are east from the best gun iron, both gear and pinion being out from the solid metal.

The balance wheels are well proportioned and as large as they can be made and be consistent with the size of the body of the press

For specifications see following page.

#### POWER PRESSES.

## STYLE A, SINGLE ACTING PRESSES. SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11522 AND 11523.

Sc of Production	3	3	3		10	7	
Weight of press, genred. Weight of gress, plain Weight of lywheel, genred Weight of flywheel, plain Size of flywheel, glarnd Size of flywheel, glarnd Size of flywheel, glarnd	501bs	150 lbs.	300 lbs.	500 lbs.	4,025 lbs. 3,600 lbs. 500 lbs. 700 lbs. 30° x 41-6° 42° x 6°	9,000 lbs. 1,350 lbs. 1,800 lbs. 42° x 714°	25,000 lbs. 23,000 lbs. 3,400 lbs. 4,200 lbs. 60° x 734°
Seroke, regulat Skroke, longest Adjustment of alide. Hole in bed, regular Hole in the largest Distance between uprights Tustance from side to bolster with alide down and	1)4" x 2)4"	1" 4" x 6)4" 6)4" x 7"	136" 4" 136" 6" x 9" 9" x 9" 12"	716" x 1216" 716" x 1216" 1016" x 1216"	536	2" 8" 3" 13" x 16" 20" x 20" 30"	2" 1114" 20" x 28" 30" x 30" 42"
Aginational up.  Size of bottom of slide Thickness of bolster plate Distance between die bolst Width of bed, front to back Width of bed, right to left.	434" 234" x 234" 434" 934"	3° x 436° 1° 736° 13° 16°	554° 114° x 634° 10° 1514° 2114°	634° 434° × 9° 2° 1314° 18° 27°	734° 534° × 10° 234° 1854° 23° 3346°	9" 935" x 15" Slota 31"	13° 14° x 19° 43° Slots 44°
Speed of press, plain, revolutions.  Speed of press, guared, revolutions.  Floor space.  No. of countershaft.  Size of tight and loose pulleys.	200 19" x 23" 12" x 2"	150 1914" x 26" 12" x 3"	130 23)4° x 29° 3 14° x 4°	120 20" x 36" 4 16" x 4"	100 24 32" x 4234" 24" x 5"	31 1/2" 80 18 88" x 40" Special 28" x 6"	70° x 120 Special
Sise of driving pulley on countershaft	12" x 2" 16" x 34"	12" x 3" 36" x 136" 57"	14" x 4" 14" x 4" 67"	10" x 4" 36" x 6" 73"	20° x 6° 14° x 5° 84° 1 to 5	24" x 7" 34" x 12" 100" 1 to 5	26" x 8'

STYLE A, DOUBLE ACTING POWER PRESSES.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 19524.

Where it is desirable to obtain in one stroke of the press a cutting and drawing operation, double acting presses are generally used; that is, where the work is not so deep as to require a blank holder.

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No. of Press	2	3	4	5
Weight of press, geared				4,025 lbs.
Weight of flywheel, geared	625 lbs.	1,200 lbs.	2,100 lbs.	3,600 lbs.
Weight of flywheel, plain	150 lbs	300 lbs.	500 lba.	500 lbs. 700 lbs.
Size of flywheel, geared		municipal.	500 100	30" x 416"
Size of flywheel, plain	18° × 314°	27" × 414"	30" × 414"	42° × 6"
Cutting stroke	1*	1,	1"	1347
Drawing stroke	139"	20	23%	23.5
Adjustment of cutting slide Adjustment of drawing plunger	13.	25.	12.	200
Hole in bed (regular)	4" x 614"	5° × 9°	714" x 1214"	8" × 1314"
Hole in bed (largest)	614° × 7"	9" x 9"	1014" x 1234"	12" x 15"
Distance between uprights	9"	12*	16"	22"
Distance from cutting slide to				
bolster with stroke down and	394*	53.0*	634*	min.
Distance from drawing plunger to		278	078	735"
bolster with stroke down and	100			300
adjustment up	514"	754"	956*	1054"
Size of bottom slide	3" x 434"	316" x 616"	41/6" × 9"	516" × 10"
Thickness of bolster	1"	11/4"	2"	2347
Distance between die bolts	736"	10*	1336*	1836"
Size of bed, front and back, right and left	195 - 165	1516" × 2116"	10+-978	23" x 3316"
Floor space			26° × 36°	32° x 4216
Speed of press, guared, revolutions		THE PERSON NAMED IN	Translation of	24
Speed of press, plain, revolutions.	150	130	120	100
No. of countershaft	2	3	4	5
Size of tight and loose pulleys		14' x 4'	16" x 4"	24" x 5"
Size of driving pulley on counter- shaft	12° x 3°	145-45	100 - 40	20° x 6°
Will punch and draw in soft ;	16" × 16"	16" × 16"	116" x 5/"	234" × 1"
brass	× .020°	x .040	x .062	× 062*
Height over all	57"	67"	73*	84"
Ratio of gearing	VI-ILIANI.	Circumitates	Tradition with	1 80 5

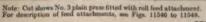




FIG. 11524,

#### POWER PRESSES.

STYLE P. A









#### SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11525 TO 11526.

No. of Press	1	2	3		5		7		
Weight, plain	250 lbs.	163	800 lbs.	1,500 lbs.	2,000 lbs.	3,000 Ibm	3,500 lbs.	Laurence Laurence	Crass Shall
Weight, genred			1,000 lbs.	1,800 lbs.	2,500 lbs.	3,800 lbs.	4,500 lbs.	6,500 lbs.	8,500 lbs.
Opening in bed	3* B	2212	5" x 6"	635" x 8"	736" x 936"	816" x 10"	9" x 12"	10° x 12°	12" x 14"
Distance from bed to slide, when up	6"		6"	7*	816*	834°	10°	10"	10"
Distance back from center of slide.	3*		434"	514"	6"	6550	7"	8"	8*
Distance between standards	5"		53-2"	7"	9*	10*	12"	12*	14"
Stroke of plunger (atandard)	1"		134"	136"	114	114"	1147	150*	136"
Adjustment of plunger	349	00 X T	14	10	14	10	12	15	10
Star of bulance wheel	14" × 236"		20" x 316"	24" x 4"	28" x 5"	32" x 516"	34" × 6"	36" x 654"	40° × 8"
Weight of balance wheel	75 lbs.			250 lbs.	350 lbs.	375 Ibs.	675 lbs.	900 lbs.	1,200 lbs.
Speed of balance wheel	175		125	100 to 125	100	75 to 100	75 to 100	200	200 to 300
Aren of bolster plate		2000	8" × 11"	10° x 15°	14" x 19"	14" x 20"	16" x 24"	18" x 24"	18° x 29°
One bolster plate furnished with		11000	-						
press, thickness		1000	10	1160	116"	184*	210	214	210*
Hole in plunger, round		1000		112"	1100	104	1100	11/2*	110
lieared presses, diameter of goar				24"	260	339	367	38*	400
Proportion of gouring.		1000	4 to 1	436 to 1	5 to 1	5 to 1	5 to 1	5 to 1	10 to 1
Size of pulley		1000	14" x 314"	16" x 334"	18" × 4"	22" × 6"	24" = 0"	24" × 6"	24" × 6"
Capacity of plain, punching round		1000	334	516"	310	8.3.5	81.0		20.00
blanks from machinery steel		1000		4324	93.04	21/0	4674		
Capacity of geared press, round i		5555	4124			41/4	4124	94/4	95.04
blanks						21.0	0670	6374	67/8
Ploor space	10° × 12°		98° v 30°	797 × 305	28" × 36"	24'8">24'6"	245 - 400	200 7 484	705 T AV

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#### INCLINABLE POWER PRESSES.





FIG. 11529.



FIG. 11530.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11829 AND 11530.

indard inclinable power presses are built in four sizes, ranging in weights from 750 lbs. to 6,500 lbs. inclusive. The general sions in the construction are such that diss previously used in any modern type press are interchangeable. The workmanship is best and the materials are of the highest grade obtainable, or the exceptionally long gib bearings, extra heavy forged steel crank shafts, simple and so brake friction, accurate adjustments of stroke and absolutely positive instantaneous stutches. The trunish these presses with several types of clutches and among them are the sliding bar, rolling pin, and the "Horton" ricks clutch. This last clutch engages at any point instantly; in fact, there is less than § travel on the periphery of the flywheel te time the trendle is depressed until crank shaft is revolving. There are usually nice distinct points which connect simultaneously y giving an almost solid connection from the face of the flywheel to the center of crank shaft. The clutch also disengages, instantly the as title effort as it engages. ort as it engages. It as it engages are provided with a positive stop which prevents the erank shaft from making a second revolution. To run the press continuously by holding the treadle down successive strokes may be had by afiding the positive

ustion.

K.—We furnish a treadle lock with each press without extra charge.

A positive knockout attachment is furnished in each press of this style for discharging the work from the upper dis, with-

extra clarge.

Friction or brake is of the "Tong" type. It is attached to the frame of press and works on a collar attached to the end of crank shaft.

Crank shaft is of special forged steel and is extra large in diameter,

Lubrication appliances.—The crank shaft bearings are provided with compression grease cups in which we advise the use of crude

strictures appuances—in evance in all flywbeels, dissetting are used in all flywbeels, dissetting nuts are in all presents of this type case hardened, an actuated kneckout is furnished when desired at extra cost, or actuated kneckout is furnished when desired at extra cost, or actuated kneckout is furnished when desired to meet requirements at a small additional cost, motors—that is not this type of press are built general in satistile halios depending whelly upon the nature of the work whether sating.—All sizes of this type of press are built general in satistile halios depending whelly upon the nature of the work whether satings.—All sizes of this type of press are sating and double roll, dial, finger, and hopper feeds.

I all times prices on our regular feeds, such as single and double roll, dial, finger, and hopper feeds.

I all times prices on our regular feeds, such as single and double roll, dial, finger, and hopper feeds.

I all times prices on our regular feeds, such as single and double roll, dial, finger, and hopper feeds.

I all times prices on our regular feeds, such as single and double roll, dial, finger, and hopper feeds.

I all times prices on our regular feeds, such as single and double roll, dial, finger, and hopper feeds.

So rods.—Although our presses are very beavily reinforced in the pape, we sometimes furnish in the larger sizes, when required, rolls to permit of heavier work than is regularly given as the press's capacity.

#### INCLINABLE POWER PRESSES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11629 AND 11630. Continued.

DIMENSIONS NO. 7 STANDARD		DIMENSIONS NO. 8 STANDARD		
Weight complete	750 lbs.	Weight complete	1,300 lbs.	
Standard opening in bed	6"	Standard opening in bed	7*	
Largest possible opening in bed, front and back, right and left	436" x 8"	Largest possible opening in bed, front and back, right and left	5" x 9"	
Distance back from center of slide	4"	Distance back from center of slide.	4"	
Width of opening in back of frame	7*	Width of opening in back of frame	8*	
Width between gibs	4"	Width between gibs	5*	
Distance bed to slide, stroke and adjustment up, standard stroke.	734*	Distance bed to slide, stroke and adjustment up, standard stroke	736*	
Standard stroke of slide	11/2"	Standard stroke of slide	2"	
Maximum.		Maximum,		
Adjustment of slide	134*	Adjustment of slide	234"	
Diameter of balance wheel	21"	Diameter of balance wheel	26"	
Width of face of balance wheel	31/*	Width of face of balance wheel	314*	
Weight of balance wheel	150 lbs.	Weight of balance wheel	250 lbs.	
Speed of balance wheel, revolutions per minute	100-150	Speed of balance wheel, revolutions per minute	100-150	
Area top of bolster plate, front and back, right and	200-200	Area top of bolster plate, front and back, right	100-100	
left	814" x 14"	and left	935" x 1735"	
Thickness of bolster plate	134"	Thickness of bolster plate	134*	
leight to center of shaft	51*	Height to center of shaft	5034*	
Floor space over all	31" x 25"	Floor space over all	37" x 29"	
DIMENSIONS NO. 9 STANDARD		DIMENSIONS NO. 10 STANDARD	4.	
Weight complete	2,200 lbs.	Weight complete	3,000 lbs.	
standard opening in bed	10°	Standard opening in bed	14"	
argest possible opening in bed, front and back,	9° × 12°	Largest possible opening in bed, front and back, right and left	12° × 16°	
Distance back from center of slide	6*	Distance back from center of slide	9"	
Vidth of opening in back of frame	9*	Width of opening in back of frame	13*	
Vidth between gibs	534"	Width between gibs	714*	
Distance bed to slide, stroke and adjustment up,	8"	Distance bed to slide, stroke and adjustment up, standard stroke.	10*	
tandard stroke of slide	2"	The second secon	20	
		Standard stroke of slide		
faximum	2"	Standard stroke of slide	***********	
laximumdjustment of slide	2"	Standard stroke of slide	23.9*	
Aximum	2° 234° 34°	Standard stroke of slide	23g* 36*	
Iaximum  djustment of slide  Nameter of balance wheel  Vidth of face of balance wheel	2° 234° 34° 534°	Standard stroke of slide.  Maximum.  Adjustment of slide.  Diameter of balance wheel.  Width of face of balance wheel.	23g* 36* 5)q*	
Aximum  djustment of slide  Xiameter of balance wheel  Vidth of face of balance wheel  Veight of balance wheel	2942* 34* 5)4* 500 lbs.	Standard stroke of slide.  Maximum.  Adjustment of slide.  Diameter of balance wheel.  Width of face of balance wheel.  Weight of balance wheel.	254° 36° 5)4° 750 the	
Asximum  Adjustment of slide  Siameter of balance wheel  Vidth of face of balance wheel  Veight of balance wheel  peed of balance wheel, revolutions per minute	2° 234° 34° 534°	Standard stroke of slide.  Maximum  Adjustment of slide.  Diameter of balance wheel.  Width of face of balance wheel.  Weight of balance wheel.  Speed of balance wheel, revolutions per minute	23g* 36* 5)q*	
Asximum  Adjustment of slide  Siameter of balance wheel  Vidth of face of balance wheel  Veight of balance wheel  peed of balance wheel, revolutions per minute	2942* 34* 5)4* 500 lbs.	Standard stroke of slide.  Maximum.  Adjustment of slide.  Diameter of balance wheel.  Width of face of balance wheel.  Weight of balance wheel.	23-9" 36" 53-4" 750 fbs. 75-125	
standard stroke of slide	2% 23% 34° 534″ 500 lbs. 100-150	Standard stroke of slide	23-9" 36" 5)-9" 750 thm. 75-125	
Asximum  Adjustment of slide  Nameter of balance wheel  Vidth of face of balance wheel  Veight of balance wheel  Veight of balance wheel  The stop of balance wheel  The stop of balance wheel, revolutions per minute  The stop of balance wheel, revolutions are minute	2° 234° 34° 534° 500 lbs. 100-150	Standard stroke of slide	23-9" 36" 53-4" 750 fbs. 75-125	

#### ADJUSTABLE POWER PRESSES.

NO. 304 PLAIN PRESS.

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FIG. 11531,



FIG. 11532.



FIG. 11800.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11531 TO 11533.

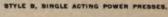
These preses are of such a familiar type that much description is unnecessary. They are extensively used by all manufacturers of sheet metal goods. The whole body of the machine may be inclined to any desired angle. Presses are built in the plain fly wheel type as shown above, or, if more power is desired, they can be heavily geared. Each machine is supplied with bolster plate and treadle. Dies are furnished at extra cost only.

SPECIFICATIONS.

No. or Passa.	10	20	30	30A	30H	40	50	60	70
Weight, complete, about	500 lbs.	600 lbs.	800 lbs.	1,300 lbs.	1,600 lbs.	2,200 lbs.	3,500 lbs.	5,200 llm.	7,500 lbs.
Distance back from center						-	-	20	1000
of slide,	3"	4".	414"	414"	6,	6° 10°	9"	13"	15° 26°
Distance between standards Distance from bed to bot-	4.	1-	7-	8-	2	10-	13"	13"	20"
tom of slide, when stroke			1					1000	100
and adjustment are up	6"	7"	715	715"	715	814	9"	10"	11"
Stroke of plunger, standard.		116"	114	24		25	2145	216*	214
Adjustment of plunger Diameter of balance wheel	18-	20*	22"	216"-	214*	236"	215*	42"	200
Width of balance wheel	214*	3*	314"	314"-	334"	514"	514"	514"	0"
Weight of balance wheel	75 lba.	125 lbs.	160 lbs.	250 lbs.	260 lbs.	500 lbs.	750 lbs.	900 lbs.	1,300 lbs.
Speed of balance wheel	125	125	125	125	125	100	100	75	40 to 78
Area of bolster plate	0° × 10"	8" x 13"	9" x 14"	9" × 17"	12" × 18"	13" x 21"	15" x 23"	16" x 23"	23, × 39,
Thickness of bolster plate	1.	1.	134"	136*	135"	134"	234"	3"	134"
Hole in bolster plate, round furnished	10	24	20	3* _	in.	40	5"	44	100
Hole in plunger, standard	in	10	1140	1160-	1360	116	114"	1160	114"
Area of plunger, standard	3" 5 4"	434" × 5"	5° × 5°	5" x 6" -	B" 3 6"	0 270	9" x 11"	10° x 12"	14" = 10"

#### POWER PRESSES.

NO. 5 GEARED PRESS. SHOWN WITH TIE BOLTS, OR STAY RODS.



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11534.

This press was designed to meet a demand for an open back tilting press which could produce a large variety of work, and which could be inclined, permitting work to slide from the die by gravity, thus answering the purpose of a knockout motion, and not increasing its cost and complication.

These presses have large die space, and their overhang construction with open back permits the stock to be fed from front to back or sideways, as desired, as the feed rolls can be placed on either side or on the back of the die.

The body of the press is very heavy in comparison with those of other makes of equal size, and the shaft and bearing are amply large for the work required.

The ball and socket adjustment is used on the connection unless otherwise ordered. Shafts are of forged steel, fitted with bushings.

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Our patent instantaneous clutch and stop motion is used. Balance wheels are fitted with bronse bushings, and a combined hand and foot trip is furnished with each press. The rods can be furnished if required, but it is advisable to select a press large enough for the work without their use.

In the upright position these presses are used for blanking out all work that can be passed through the dies, with either plain or combination dies and punches, and when inclined are adapted to combination dies, or any style of die work where the work should slide from the die by gravity.

Experience has shown that the press should be inclined from 38° to 40° to produce the best results. Symmetry of design as well as utility has been considered in the design of these presses, the stock having been placed to give the greatest strength with the least amount of metal.

The larger sizes can be furnished either plain or geared.

FIG. 11534.

SPECIFICATIONS.

No. or Passe.	1	2	3	4	5	7
Weight of press, geared			*********		5,000 lbs.	10.800 lbs.
Weight of press, plain	400 lbs.	875 lbs.	1,550 lba.	2,600 lbs.	4,575 lbs.	10,200 lbs.
Weight of flywheel, geared			**********		500 lbs.	820 lbs.
Weight of flywheel, plain.	50 lbs.	150 lbs.	300 lbs.	500 lbs.	700 lbs.	1,350 lbs.
Diameter of flywheel, guared.  Diameter of flywheel, plain.	12"	18*	Chies.	200	42"	365
Face of flywheel, geared.		10	41	30		5147
Face of flywheel, plain	216*	31/4"	416"	456"	416"	714*
Stroke, regular	100	12	134"	135"	2*	100
Stroke, longest			4"	436"	516"	615*
Adjustment of slide	34"	1,	13%	134"	2"	35
Hole in bed, regular	134" x 234"	4" x 634"	0, x 3,	716" x 1216"	8° × 1316°	10" x 1016"
Hole in bed, largest possible, extra.  Distance between housings or uprights	4" X 4"	0)4 × 4.	9" X 9"	1014 × 1214	12 × 10	12" ± 15"
Distance from center of slide to back	31/4"	41.00	512#	64	1439	18
Thickness of bolster plate		12	114"	20	20	310
Distance between die bolts, regular		736"	10°	1334*	1834"	Slota
Distance from slide to bolster with stroke down and			100			
adjustment up		436"	536"	614	8"	W.
Size of bottom of slide		3" x 41/5"	314" x 614"	435" x 9"	514" x 10"	736" x 1336"
Width of bed, front to back	9"	11116	14"	1656"	1944	200
Width of bed, left to right	24" x 26"	955 - 995	2614" x 30"	28° × 34°	3314° × 39°	100° = 60°
Floor space, regular	200	150	130	120	100	90
No. of countershaft	2	2	3	4	5	Special
Size of tight and loose pulleys	12" x 2"	12° x 3°	14" x 4"	16" x 4"	24" x 5"	26" x 5"
Size of driving pulley on countershaft		12" x 3"	14" x 4"	16" x 4"	20° × 6°	24" x 6"
Capacity in high bram, round blanks	16" × 36"	36" x 236"	36" × 4"	36" × 7%"	36" × 6"	36" 3 9"
Height over all.	53"	. 57*	67*	76"	84"	87"
Proportion of gearing	ASSESSED AND ADDRESS OF	OCCUPATION AND	CHERTSON		I to 5	1 to 5

#### POWER PRESSES.

#### STYLE B, DOUBLE ACTING POWER PRESSES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11535.

The style B double acting presses are identical with the style A, shown in Fig. 11524, as far as capacity is concerned, but they are adapted to a far wider range of work, as they can be inclined and the work pass from the top of the die by gravity, and thus allow the use of the dies that would require the work to be removed by hand or knockout motion if used in a style A press.

The feed rolls can also be placed on the side of the press for using stock in short lengths.

Each press is furnished with one plain bolster plate, also treadle and stay bolts. No dies are supplied except at extra cost. Press may be either of the plain flywheel type, as shown, or, if more power is desired, it can be heavily geared.

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For description of feeding devises applicable to this press see page 292, Figs. 11546 to 11548.

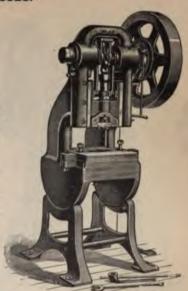


FIG. 11535.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11535.

No. of press.	2	3	4	5
Weight of press, geared	1111111111111111	100013030313	THE PARTY NAMED IN	5.000 lba.
Weight of press, plain	875 lbs.	1,550 lbs.	2,600 lbn.	4,575 lbs.
Weight of flywheel, geared			**********	500 lbs.
Weight of flywheel, plain	150 lbs.	300 Iba.	500 Iba.	700 Ibs.
Diameter of flywheel, geared				30"
Diameter of flywheel, plain	18*	27*	30"	42*
Face of flywheel, geared		***********	**********	436*
Face of flywheel, plain	314"	416*	415	05
Cutting stroke	· P	1,	1.	1147
Drawing stroke	13%*	2"	2367	254"
Adjustment of cutting slide,	190	25.	190	Ex
Adjustment of drawing plunger	44 2000	472.00	21/2 2 101/5	or - large
Hole in bed, regular	4" X 034"	0. x 3.	1010 - 1217	120 = 150
Distance between housings or uprights	014 11	91.05	1022 2 1022	14147
Distance from cutting plunger to bolster with stroke down	18.00	972		11/2
and adjustment up	394*	534*	674*	(40)
Distance from drawing plunger to holster with stroke down	700	~~*		
and adjustment up	516*	734*	956*	1050*
Size of bottom of alide	314" x 414"	334" x 634"	419" × 9"	514" x 10"
Distance from center of slide to back	435"	516*	6"	74
Thickness of bolster plate	1*	-134*	2"	2"
Distance between die bolts, regular.	734"	10"	1316*	1856*
Width of bed, front to back	1134"	14"	1616*	1934*
Width of bed, left to right	13"	1514	119"	2334"
Floor space, regular	25° × 28°	26) 5° x 30°	28° ± 34°	33)6" x 38"
Speed of press, plain, revolutions.	150	130	120	100
No. of countershaft, extra	100 - 10	245-45	107 - 47	245 - 55
Size of tight and loose pulleys. Size of driving pulley on countershaft.	100 × 30	145 - 45	10" × 4"	200 = 60
Will punch and draw in soft brass.	8/8 + 3/8 × 1000	725 - 125 - 045	11/2 - 1/2 - 1000	01/7 × 15 × 0005
Height over all		670	76"	84"
Proportion of gearing.		-		1 to 5



FIG. 11636.

Shown with cam movement on central plunger,

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11536 AND 11537,-Continued.

The cam motion can be applied to either central plunger or slide. Shafts have central support to prevent springing. Roller bearings are applied to the cam rolls, and the cams and rolls are hardened tool steel. This obviates the trouble so often experienced of heating and roughing up, and allows the press to run continuously.

Cam presses can be supplied in either our style A or style B, and specifications are in general the same as given for Figs. 11522 and 11534.

Feeding attachments as shown in Figs. 11546 to 11548 can be supplied for these machines if desired.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11536 AND 11537.

Cam presses are designed for blanking and cupping shell work the stock being cut and drawn in one stroke of the press. The advantage of the cam over the crank double acting press lies in the fact that the plunger dwells longer on the blank during the operation of drawing, and also in the increased length of stroke which can be obtained.

NO. 5, STYLE B, CAM PRESS.

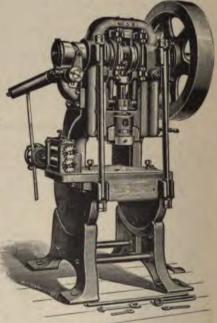


FIG. 11537,

Shown with can movement on slide and press equipped with rack roll feed, arranged to feed from side to side.

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# THE

#### POWER PRESSES.

#### STILL C POWER PRESES.

#### DESCRIPTION FOR THE WIRD THEM.

paid to bigod's set format if making of our e d'inclines, dest cotal, spind preis, soli in tale les plan el s the last war which you

have it must with a large speciage and the sensiter size has to be I for each wine bright. All heading are adjusted for was the baring a particularly long feating service, ground its notice length.

these is conditing the dalls with a series of mations. These mations proved in the fills, with model, on that with hard uni-britan i. In preve pressing the side than bening

The adjustment of the planer is made by an exercise with changing e. This of partners does not affect the length of stroke but in used for signating the disk for the of different functioners.

Our replie point intentiones data and any action is provided. by the san of which the press can be real continuously or stopped at each medicine, as the web may require.

Present are fermidded with a balle or may be used for brack if desired. First trip-only is familied with the smallest size of this explical press.



FIG. 11639.

### SPECIFICATIONS TIES, 1939 AND 1939.

	30.1	36/3/
Weight of press.	200 Day.	
Weight of press with lags.	300 Da.	3,890 Day
Weight of balance wheel	180 Day	100 lbs.
Hen of Indiance wheel.	WAT	18" × 100"
Strán, replie	Je.	Ja.
Strein, Inspet	200	20
Adjustment of steriles.	34"	36"
Hole in Ind., regular		PX WC
Hole in bed, largest possible	450	77.875
Side to believe, stroke up, adjustment down	2047	855"
Distance Iron center of slids to back	4	815*
Size of bettern of allah	250° discoulor	200 space
Distance between the bolts	756"	256
With of bed, front and back	T	100
Waith of bed, right to left.	EE.	3116
Thickness of bolster plate		24
Beach space	37" × 36"	
Floor space, with logs	39° x 30°	200° x 200°
Height over all.	E.	*****
Height over all, with logs.	52"	654
Speed of press, revolutions.	300	200
Capacity of high bram	No diameter	1 134" disease
and the same of th	citt. mark	178-mile

NO. 1 PLAIN STRAIGHT SIDED



NO. I PLAIN STRAIGHT SIDED PRESS WITH SPECIAL ROUND BED.



POWER PRESSES.



NO. 6 STRAIGHT SIDED GEARED PRESS WITH SPECIAL ROUND BED.

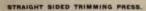


SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11640 TO 11641A.

Number of Press	1	3	3	4	5	0	7	*		10	20
Weight, plain, lbs	1,500	2,400	3,500 4,200	4,000	4,500	5,200					
Weight, geared, lbs	2,300	3,000	4,200	4,700	5,200	6,000	7,600	9,000	11,000	14,000	36,000
Distance from bed to slide,		20	100	100		100	700	200			100
when up.	8*	8"	10"	10*	12"	12*	12*	12*	12"	12*	16"
Opening in bed	8" × 16"	10° x 20°	12" x 24"	12" x 28"	$14' \times 30'$	16° x 32°	18" x 36"	20° × 40°	22" x 42"		24° × 84
Distance between standards.	20*	24*	30"	34"	36"	38*	42"	48"	54*	60*	96"
Stroke of plunger	11/2"	119	2"	2"	2"	2"	214"	27.5	216*	3*	5"
Adjustment of plunger		1,	1"	11/4"	134"	114"	2"	04	2"	3"	4"
Diameter of balance wheel	24"	28"	30°	36"	2" 11/5" 30" 41/4" 800 75	1142	48"	48*	50"	50"	60°
Face of balance wheel	3"	Bigs	4"	434"	414"	5*	64	6"	614"	70	No.
Weight of balance wheel, Ibs.	200	250	350	500	800	1,000	1,200	1,200	1,300	1,500	2,000
Speed of balance wheel	125	100	100	75 to 100	75	50	45	35	30	25	15
Area of bolster plate		Victoria		110000		Acres 1	VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VII	Valuation	VIIII	January.	11111111
Bolster plate furnished with										-	
press, thickness	134*	134"	2"	21/4*	235"	3"	3*	334"	314*	315*	4"
Geared presses, diameter of	25.0			-12	-74	-	-	076	0.00	100	100
gear	30"	32*	32*	34"	34"	36"	36*	40*	48*	48*	48*
Proportion of gearing		StoI	5101	5 to 1	6 to 1	6 to 1	6 to 1	6 to 1	7 to 1	Sto 1	10 to 1
Diameter of pulley	22*	22"	1240	94"	265	265	30*	32"	36*	48*	48"
Face of pulley	3"	334"	24"	434*	26*	26"	6"	O.	6*	6"	0.00

#### POWER PRESSES.

STRAIGHT SIDED TRIMMING PRESS WITH TRIMMING ATTACHMENT.



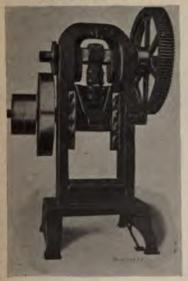


FIG. 11642.



FIG. 11543

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11542 AND 11543.

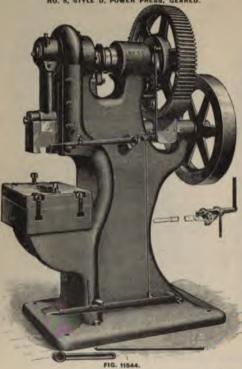
No. of Press,	8	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Weight of press, plain, lbs	2,500	4,000	5,000	6,000	8,500	10,000	13,000 15,000 12° 15°	16,000 19,000 12* 15* 4* 6*
Weight of press, geared, lbs	2,500 3,000 5"	4,000 4,800 6"	5,000 6,000	6,000 7,000 8°	9,500	12,000 10" 14" 4"	15,000	19,000
Opening in bed, round	5"	6"		8"	9"	10"	12"	12"
Stroke of plunger	or.	2167	24	24	12"	40	10	40
Adjustment of plunger	3"	10° 216° 3°	12° 3″ 3″	12" 3" 4"	4*	5"	5"	6"
Width between housings	8" 2" 3" 15" 18"	18*	20°	22"	22"	24"	26"	26" 30"
Length of plunger	18*			22"	24"	26*		
Size of die bed	15" x 18"	15" x 18"	18" x 20"	20" x 22"	22" x 22"	24" x 24"	24" x 26"	24" x 26
Area of plunger	8" x 10"	8" x 10" 15" x 18"	8° x 10° 18° x 20°	10° x 12° 20° x 22°	12" x 13"	14" x 15"	15" x 18" 20" x 24"	24° x 26
Hole in bolster, round	15" x 18"	10 3 18	18 × 20	20° X 22	22" x 24"	24" x 24"	20° × 24°	120
Thickness of bolster	216"	3*	3"	314*	314"	314"	4*	4"
Distance from floor to bed	216"	32"	32"	334*	32"	32°	32° 80°	4" 32" 82"
Distance from floor to center of shaft	70"	70"	32" 72" 40"	74"	314" 32" 76" 48"	78"	80°	82"
Diameter of balance wheel	32"	36"	40"	44"	48"	50"	60°	66"
Weight of balance wheel, lbs	350	600	700	900	1,300	1,800	2,000	2,200
Face of balance wheel	70" 32" 350 436" 34"	32" 70" 36" 600 515" 36"	40°	615*	1,300 714* 48*	314" 32" 78" 50" 1,800 714" 48"	8	EAR
Proportion of gearing.	5101	0 to 1	7 to 1	7 to 1	8 to 1	8 to 1	*******	8 to 1
Diameter of pulley, when geared	20" x 6"	22"×6"	24" x 6"	24" x 6"	24" x 6"	30° × 0"	36" x 8"	30" × 8"

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#### POWER PRESSES.

NO. 5, STYLE D. POWER PRESS, GEARED.



#### STYLE D PRESSES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11544.

Style D presses are designed for general work not requiring feeds. The frame is extremely rigid, and is so constructed as to give large die space and convenience in handling the work.

These presses have proved very efficient and are successful with manufacturers requiring heavy punching, and will do all kinds of forming, bending, punching, perforating or cutting operations, such as can tope and bottoms, pocketbook trimmings, jewelry, watch parts, silver and brass work, guns, sewing machines, bicycles, typewriters, and similar work.

The occentric adjustment is used, and permits rapid and accurate adjustment of the plunger while forming a perfectly solid connection between the slide and crank shaft.

The presses are provided with our patent instantaneous clutch and stop motion, by the use of which they can be set to run continuously or stopped at each revolution, as the work may require.

Balance wheels are fitted with bronze bushings, and a combined hand and foot trip is furnished with each press.

Weight of press, plain.
Weight of press, geared
Weight of press, geared
Weight of flywheel, plain
Weight of flywheel, geared
Size of flywheel, plain
Size of flywheel, geared
Stroke
Stroke
Adjustment of slide
Hole in bed
Slide to bed, stroke down, adjustment up.
Size of bottom of slide
Distance from center of slide to back
Size of bolster plate
Distance between die bolts
Floor space
Speed of press, plain, revolutions
Character present present revenuences
Speed of press, guared, revolutions,
No. of countershaft
No. of countershaft Size of tight and loose pulleys
No. of countershaft
No. of countershaft. Size of tight and loose pulleys Size of driving pulley on countershaft Capacity in high brass.
No. of countershaft

SPECIFICATION	S FIG. 11544.		
No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 6.
1,000 lbs.	2,300 lbs.	6,000 lbs.	200,000
2000 11	Carrier St.	6,300 lbs. 1,000 lbs.	9,000 lbs.
300 lbs.	500 lbs.	700 lbs	1,350 lbs.
27" x 416"	30° x 414"	42" x 734"	24111111
FFF112345	1111027	38" x 5%"	42" × 714"
L'a	136	134	113
516" x 616"	656" x 736"	9" x 1016"	11" x 12"
436	5	70	314
4- X 0/8-	436" x 636"	100	12"
134" x 934" x 1136"	2" x 123(" x 133("	3" x 1615" x 2215"	334" x 20" x 24"
27° x 32°	10"	54° = 38°	60° × 49°
150	130	100	85
anning.	********	24	20
3	444	040 - 00	Special
14" × 4"	10° × 4°	20° x 6°	24" × 7"
214° x 14°	5" x 16"	7" × 36"	7" x 36"
6314	72"	84*	96"
KENNING	********	1 to 5	1 to 5

#### POWER PRESSES.

#### STYLE E PRESSES, ADJUSTABLE BED.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11545.

These presses were originally designed to accommodate dies of varying thicknesses, and are always in demand by our customers who do a jobbing business in presswork.

The larger sizes are used for bending bicycle handle bars and similar work, as well as for sub-press dies. In the larger sizes the adjustable bed is accurately fitted in a right angled recess, and bolted securely at the spex and both sides, making a firm and rigid bed, fully equal in strength to the one solid with the press, while at the same time by the use of the crank, gears and screw, shown in the illustration, it is adjustable to any position within the capacity of the machine.

This feature is original with us, and patented. The slide is adjusted by an eccentric, while the shafts are of forged steel, fitted with bushings, and the balance wheels bushed with bronze:

Our instantaneous clutch and stop motion is used, and the press can be run continuously or automatically stopped after each revolution. A combined hand and foot trip is furnished with each press.

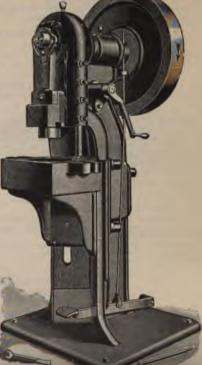
NO. 1	STYLE	E POWER	PRESS,	ADJUST	ABLE	BE

No, of press		3
Weight of press   guared   plain	300 lbs.	700 lbs.
Weight of fly wheel   plain	50 lbs.	150 lbs.
Diameter of fly wheal grand	19*	18"
Stroke (regular)	2%*	314.
Adjustment of struke. Adjustment of bed. Hole in bed (regular). Hole in bed, largest possible (extra)	4, x4,	5° 11 6° 6' 11 6°
Maximum distance from alide to bolster, with stroke down and adjustment up. Thickness of bolster plate. Defance between die bolts (regular).	6.	100
Width of bed, left to right.  Distance from center of slide to back.  Place space (regular).  Speed if press (plain).	14" 5" 24" = 24" 150 rev.	24" x 32" 130 rev.
No. of countershaft (extra). Size of tight and loose pulleys. Size of driving pulley on countershaft	12" 12"	12" x 3" 12" x 3"
Proportion of gearing.	54"	60°

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No. of press.		
Weight of press   geared   Weight of fly wheel   plain   Diameter of by wheel   print   Diameter of by wheel   print   Face of fly wheel   print   Face of fly wheel   general   Plain   Face of fly wheel   Face of fly wheel   Face of fly wheel   Face of general   Face of gen	1,400 lbs. 200 lbs. 27" 4 hg" 1 hg" 1 hg" 2 hg"	2,150 lbs. 300 lbs. 3



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#### FEEDING ATTACHMENTS FOR POWER PRESSES.

#### RATCHET ROLL FEED.

BUILT IN FIVE SIZES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11548.



FIG. 11546.

This is one of the simplest and most useful feeds where long strips or coils of metal.
are used,

A press with a ratchet roll feed applied, is practically an automatic machine, as it does not require an operator except to start the strip of metal into the rolls; the press will then operate without attention until the strip is finished.

Ratchet roll feeds are made in five sizes, and are applied to style A, B, and C presses, shown in Figs. 11522 to 11524, 11534 to 11539.

This feed, when used with style A presses, is designed to feed from front to back or the reverse. With style B presses it can be arranged right to left, front to back, or the reverse; with style C presses, from right to left, or the reverse.

The length of feed for each stroke is about the same as the diameter of the rolls and can be adjusted to feed a less distance by the adjusting screw and sliding nut in the slotted disk.

The feed rolls are steel. The upper roll is easily adjusted for different thicknesses of stock by the thumb acrew regulating the tension on a spring bearing on the upper roll boxes.

Ratchets are cut with fine teeth and two pawls are furnished for accurate adjustment.

This feed is applied to single and double acting presses.

SPECIFICATIONS.				
	1	2	3	4

## Diameter of rolls. 134" 134" 234" 334" 434 Length of rolls. 334" 434" 534" 634" 8"

#### DIAL FEED.

BUILT IN FIVE SIZES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11547.

This design of dial feed consists of a flat disk or dial, revolving on a stud fastened to the bolster plate of press. The dial is notched and revolved by means of a finger, operated by the feed disk and connecting red.

The locking arm is held in contact with the edge of the dial by a spring, which causes it to act as a brake and prevents the dial from going beyond its proper position.

The table is provided to hold the work to be operated upon. The dial is furnished with holes to receive the work, when ordered,

This feed is made in five sizes and is applied to style A presses, shown in Figs. 11522 to 11524 and 11536.

It is designed for feeding blanks, shells, cups, bieycle links and a great variety of pieces upon which a subsequent operation is required. It is especially useful for feeding shells to be re-drawn.

The disl feed is often used to perform two or more operations, as stamping, piercing and forming. With this feed from 40,000 to 60,000 pieces can be operated upon in a day of ten hours.



FIG. 11647.

#### RATCHET DOUBLE ROLL FEED.

BUILT IN FIVE SIZES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11548.



FIG. 11548

This feed is applied to style B presses shown in Figs. 11534, 11535 and 11537. The construction of our double roll feed is essentially the same as single roll feed, but is applied to presses when greater accuracy is required.

The stock can be cut without waste of metal at either the beginning or end of the strip.

In connection with our double roll feed a top roll lifting device can be applied. By
this the top feed roll is released from contact with the stock during part of the operation,

Shown on bolster plate with top roll lifting device.

#### EMBOSSING PRESS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11549.

of line.

The press can be made to stop extreme down on the work when so ordered, and this is quite important where the figures are very finely matted, or for forming hot steel or iron in dies.

Our instantaneous clutch is used, and the press can be run centinuously or automatically stopped after each revolution. A combined hand and foot trip is furnished with each press.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

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Weight of press, geared	8,000 lbs.
Weight of press, plain	6,000 fbs.
Weight of flywheel, geared	500 lbs.
Weight of flywheel, plain	700 lba.
Diameter of flywheel, geared	30*
Diameter of flywheel, plain	42*
Face of flywheel, geared	43.6"
Face of flywheel, plain	60
Stroke, regular	116"
Adjustment of slide	115"
Hole in bed, regular	3" x 3"
Hole in bed, largest possible	8" × 8"
Distance between housings or uprights	10"
Distance from slide to bed with stroke down and ad-	
justment up	816*
Size of bottom slide.	536" x 856"
Thickness of bolster plate	3"
Distance between die bolts, regular,	10*
Width of bed, left to right	14"
Width of bed, front to back.,	20"
Floor space	33" x 40"
Speed of press, plain, revolutions	80
No. of countershaft	4
19th Of Countries and provided the contract of	
Size of tight and loose pulleys	16" x 4"
Size of tight and loose pulleys	16" x 4"
Size of tight and loose pulleys	16" x 4" 16" x 4" 80"

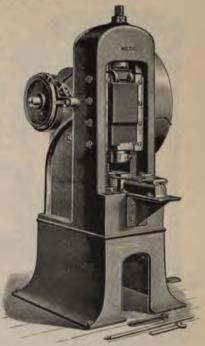


FIG. 11549.

#### STANDARD COUNTERSHAFTS FOR POWER PRESSES.



FIG. 11550.

SPECIFICATION	ONS FIG.	11550.	
Number of countershaft	0	1	2
Drop	616" 5" x 2" 10" x 2" 36" 32)4 lbs.	8" 6" x 234" 12" x 234" 1" 5534 Iba.	8" x 215" 12" x 215" 114" 62 lbs.
Number of countershaft	3	4	- 8
Drop	10*	12" 12" x 4" 20" x 4" 100" lbs.	14" 16" x 5" 20" x 5" 256" 250 lbs.

#### ADJUSTABLE STROKE DRAWING AND BROACHING PRESSES.

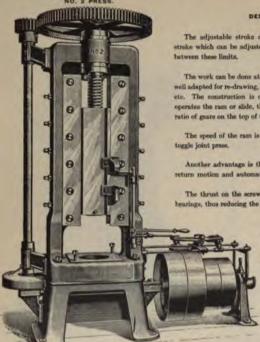


FIG. 11551.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11551.

The adjustable stroke drawing and breaching presses have a variable stroke which can be adjusted to operate through any intermediate distance between these limits.

The work can be done at any part of the stroke, which makes the machine well adapted for re-drawing, broaching, drawing cups, tubes from heavy metal, etc. The construction is clearly shown in the illustration; a large screw operates the ram or slide, the speed of which can be varied by changing the ratio of gears on the top of the machine.

The speed of the ram is constant, making this style superior to a cam or toggle joint press.

Another advantage is the time gained by the variable stroke. A quick return motion and automatic stop are provided as shown.

The thrust on the screw is taken by one of our patent end thrust roller bearings, thus reducing the friction on the downward stroke.

For using heavy metal which requires considerable power to strip the shell from the plunger, we place one of our end thrust bearings under the gear on the top of the machine to reduce the friction on the return stroke.

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The No. 1 press has double thread screw and the No. 2 press has single thread screw.

Each machine is supplied complete with countershaft of size noted below, but special countershafts can be furnished to suit special requirements.

SPECIFICATIONS.

arecirications	No. 1 Press.	No. 2 Press.
Stroke	7"	12"
Exerted pressure	20 tons	40 lone
Die space	13" x 15" x 10" high	16" x 19" x 10" high
Diameter of screw	234*	436*
Pitch	34*	1*
Geared	15 revolutions of pulley	12,We revolutions of pulley
	shaft gives 1" motion of slide	shaft gives 1" motion of slide
Driving pulley	18" diameter, 514" face	24" diameter, 614" face
Return pulley	18" diameter, 534" face	19" diameter, 514" face
Weight, net.	2,000 lbs.	5,200 lbs.
Weight, domestic shipment	2.200 lbs.	5,500 lbs.
Weight, foreign shipment	2,500 lbs.	6,000 lbs.
Driving pulleys on countershaft, regular	28" diameter, 5)4" face	30" diameter, 1234" face
Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft	16" diameter, 614" face	24" diameter, 734" face
Height over all	6' 2"	7' 4"
Space occupied	2' 6" × 5' 6"	3' 2" x 7' 6"

#### POWER SPRUE PRESSES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11862.

The illustration shows a press which we have designed with special reference to the needs of brass founders and other manufacturers of soft metal castings. The operator has both hands free to hold and guide the work, the cutters starting in instant response to the foot pressure on the lever and stopping automatically at the highest part of the stroke. The overhung construction of the frame allows large or irregular shaped eastings to be operated upon.

The cutters are made from plain bar steel of the right section, doing away with the necessity of expensive machine work in fitting, and can be set at right angles to the front of press if found more convenient. The adjustment of the cutters permits their use up to the last inch, and they may be accurately set to just cut off the gate without touching each other, thus preserving the cutting edges.

The general design and proportions correspond to our No. 3 style D press, shown in Fig. 11544.

as engine, ne	*********		1,50,0106
Weight of	balance who	d	275 lbs.

Size of balance wheel...... d'ameter 30°, face 41/2°

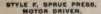




FIG. 11553.



STYLE D.

FIG. 11562.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11553.

ecially designed to meet the requirements of manufacturers of self metal te are made large. The machine is constructed so the operator can use square on or at an angle to the main gate, can be cut off as easily and as or dimensions. There is an opening between the standards which per-centings to be fed from front to back. nished with pulleys for belt drive, but can be supplied with direct con-thown, if desired.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

	No. 53.	No. 54.	No. 55
Weight, complete	800 lbs.	1,500 lbs.	2,800 lbs.
Distance from cutter to frame	4"	5"	6"
Distance from cutter to slide, when up	4"	5"	6"
Distance between standards	5"	.75	9
Width of cutters	250 lbs	11/1	200
Weight of balance wheel.	250 100.	350 108.	DOU IDIL
Diameter of balance wheel	125 to 150	100 to 125	100
Speed of balance wheel	140 10 100	200 00 120	100
Will cut off gates, round	1162210	10 x 202	16" × 116"
WHI CUE OIL SERVER, HIRE.		18 4 18	28 - 278

#### DOUBLE SEAMING MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11554.

This machine is for double seaming the bottoms of round pails, fruit and paint cans, also other round articles made from sheet metal.

Weight, about	350 lbs.
Will handle work up to	6" diameter and 6" high
Size of driving pulleys.	
Size of driving pulleys on counter	8" x 234"
Speed of spindle, revolutions per minute	300 to 400

NO. 2 DOUBLE SEAMER.



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11885.

Our double seaming machines may be arranged with a four or five step cone pulley, in order to vary the speed, according to the different diameters of the cans. These machines can be operated by unskilled labor with great rapidity and will produce perfect work.

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NO. 3 DOUBLE SEAMER.



FIG. 11555.

Speed of spindle per minute, 250 to DESCRIPTION FIG. 11556.

350 revolutions.

FIG. 11554.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11865.

Weight, about ..... 600 lbs.

Will handle work up to ... { 18" dia., 16" high.

Size of driving pulley . . . 8" x 3" Size of pulleys on counter . . 8" x 3"

All progressive tin can manufacturers use double seamers, which do away with expensive methods and skilled

labor. We will make changes on the above machine for the customers' special work, at a small additional cost. All double scamers are fitted with one chuck and one set of curling disks.

Weight, about	1,500 lbs.
Will handle work up to	24" diameter, 24" high
Size of driving pulleys	12" x 314"
Size of pulleys on counter	12" x 314"
Board of safe the manufactions	700 1- 200

FIG. 11556.

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#### DRAW BENCHES.

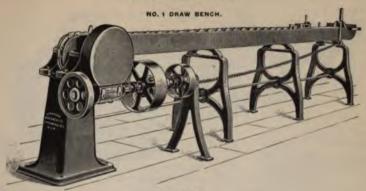


FIG. 11557.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11557 TO 11559.

Our line of draw benches comprises three sizes, which have recently been redesigned and perfected on modern lines.

In addition to the drawing chains, they are all fitted with return chains which automatically return the tongs to the head of the bench thus silowing the machine to be operated quickly by one man, as there is no time lost by the operator in returning the tongs before starting the second piece.

The return is geared 2 to 1, thereby saving much time, while the operator, standing at the head of the bench, can cause the tongs to turn in any direction at any,point on the bench. When the draft is made on the rod or tube and it clears the dies, it can be picked up by the operator, and the tongs will return automatically to the head of the bench and remain until started again by the operator. All the driving parts are mounted on a single iron column, giving great stability and steadiness in working. The tongs are steel forgings, of new and efficient form, and have interchangeable jaws, which is a great advantage on account of the hard wear to which tongs are put.

The draw chains are exceptionally heavy and amply strong enough for the strain to which they are subjected.

The benches are constructed entirely of metal, which enables them to stand greater strains than those of ordinary design. They are unquestionably the smoothest running benches on the market.

Description continued on following page.

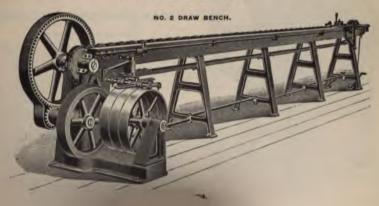




FIG. 11559.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11557 TO 11559,-Continued.

The No. 1 draw bench is used for light jewelers' work, such as drawing seamless wire, small rods, curtain rods, and the like. It is regularly made in 20' lengths, but can be furnished in any length desired, at an extra charge.

OPE 1,000 lbs. 32" x 21' 9" 16" x 354" 0

The No. 2 draw bench is used for the heaviest of jewelers' work. It will reduce about 3% brass rod 16 at a draw. This be thoroughly constructed in every respect, and is one which we recommend especially for heavy work. It is regularly made in 20 to but can be furnished any length desired, at an extra charge. 0

The No. 3 draw bench is designed for drawing steel, copper and brass tubing, as well as solid rods. It is driven by a friction clutch ley, or can be geared direct by a shaft underneath the floor. In many cases this machine will take the place of a hydraulic draw Dalley, or can be geared direct by a shaft underneath the floor. In many cases this machine will take the place or a nyuraune unablench.

Capacity. Reduces solid brass or steel bar 1" in diameter or steel tube 2" in diameter, 34" at a draw. 8.3 revolutions of worm shaft give 1" of motion to draw chain.

The bench is regularly made in 20" lengths, but can be made any length desired, at an extra charge.

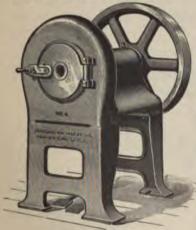


FIG. 11500.

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#### ROTARY SWAGING MACHINES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11560.

The bead is fitted with roller bearings, by means of which the machine can be operated continuously without heating and without the necessity of an oil connection. The working mechanism is substantially supported in a cast iron body of ample size and weight to absorb all strains and vibration.

The rolls which operate the plungers or hammers, and which in turn close the dies on the work, are of tool steel, hardened and ground. The main spindle revolves in bronse sleeves, which can be replaced at any time if worn. The dies are made of flat tool steel, being in-expensive and capable of being replaced very rapidly by those of other sizes. The case and rapidity in changing dies are the most essential features in any reducing machine, and we claim that in this respect our machine is most superior. The awaging dies are fitted into the bead of the mostine on the end of the spindle or driving shaft, and are closed on the work by being rapidly revolved against the closing hammers or plungers, which come in contact with the hardened and ground tool steel rolls.

All the parts, including the rolls, hammers and dies, being constantly in motion, the friction is reduced to a minimum. These machines are at present made in five sizes.

They are used by jewelers, silversmiths, optical manufacturers, etc., for pointing and reducing wire and tobling. They are especially used by manufacturers of seamless gold plated ware.

For specifications see following page.

For specifications see following page.

#### ROTARY SWACING MACHINES.

No. of Marhine	1	2	3		6
Size of balance wheel. Weight of halance wheel. Capacity. Speed of balance wheel, R. P. M. Heduction at one pass. Size of dies. Net weight of machine Floor space. Height over all	12" x 2" 30 lbs. 0" to ¼" 500 21" 34" x 35" x 135" 350 lbs. 18" x 24"	20" x 3" 130 lbs. 36" to 34" 400 50" x 116" x 2" 700 lbs. 24" x 24"	28" x 4" 200 lbs. 36" to 154" 325 156" x 254" x 234" 1,400 lbs. 20" x 34"	35" x 5)4" 460 lba 56" to 2)4" 250 156" x 254" x 334" 2,900 lba, 30" x 43"	40° x 51·5° 800 lbs. 35° to 234° 275 3° x 134° x 334 8,000 lbs. 37° x 41° 60°

#### ADJUSTABLE DRAW PLATES.

6" square x 114" thick

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11561.

This cut represents a new labor saving tool that is far superior to any tool heretofore ade for drawing or rolling square or that wire. The opening for the wire can be justed to any size within its limit very quickly, without change of rolls, by simply ming the two square head screws shown in cut. These screws are provided with a dutation that will be found very convenient. When a number of pieces of wire are noted of one size, it is only necessary to draw one piece and notice where the dials are, returning them to the same place when the finishing strain is taken, and all pieces were will come exactly alike. These tools are made strong and durable, and can be do on steel and iron as well as the softer metals. Made in three sizes, as follows:

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Capacity from Weight Weight, foreign shipment	0" to 14" square 12 lbs. 15 lbs.
Outside dimensions. NO. 2. Size of rolls. Capacity, from: Weight, foreign shipment.	7" square x 1%" thick 1%" chameter x 3%" thick 0" to 3%" square 18 lbs. 23 lbs.
Outside dimensions. NO. 3. Size of rolls. Capacity. Weight, foreign shipment.	11% x 12% x 23% thick 2½ diameter x ½ thick ½ to 3½ square 50 lbs.



FIG. 11561.

#### WIRE COILERS.

NO. 1 WIRE COILER.

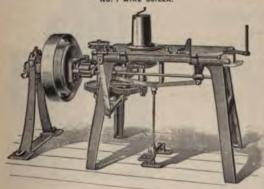


FIG. 11502.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11562 AND 11563.

These coilers are designed for jewelers' use mostly, for drawing small wire and very small rods. They are thoroughly constructed in every respect, all gears being cut and all bearings bushed. They are generally built with the wire starting attachment, although machines can be furnished without this if desired.

#### NO. 1 COILER.

A single gen wire coller for light work, and generally used to reduce wire after it comes from the draw bonch. The principal features are the genting which is apported in a bearing, holted to the underside of a heavy table, thus bringing it near the drum and giving a function of the principal transparent of the principal pri

strain.

Description continued on following page.



FIG. 11559.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11567 TO 11569.-Continued.

The No. 1 draw bench is used for light jewelers' work, such as drawing seamless wire, small rods, curtain rods, and the like. It is regularly made in 20' lengths, but can be furnished in any length desired, at an extra charge.

Weight, net... Floor space occupied... Size of driving pulley... 1,000 lbs. 32" x 21' 9" 16" x 3½"

The No. 2 draw bench is used for the heaviest of jewelers' work. It will reduce about ½" heave red ½" at a draw. This best horoughly constructed in every respect, and is one which we recommend especially for heavy work. It is regularly made in 20' less team be furnished any length desired, at an extra charge. 1,400 lbs-38" x 22"6" 20" x 316"

The No. 3 draw banch is designed for drawing steel, copper and brass tubing, as well as solid rods. It is driven by a friction clutch pulley, or can be geared direct by a shaft underneath the floor. In many cases this machine will take the place of a hydraulic draw bench.

Capacity. Reduces solid brass or steel bar 1" in diameter or steel tube 2" in diameter, ½" at a draw. 8.3 revolutions of worm shaft give 1' of motion to draw chain.

The bench is regularly made in 20' lengths, but can be made any length desired, at an extra charge.



FIG. 11560.

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#### ROTARY SWAGING MACHINES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11560.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11860.

The bead is fitted with roller bearings, by means of which the machine can be operated continuously without beating and without the necessity of an oil connection. The working mechanism is substantially supported in a cast iron body of ample size and weight to absorb all strains and vibration.

The rolls which operate the plungers or hammers, and which in turn close the dies on the work, are of tool steel, hardened and ground. The main spindle revolves in bronse sleeves, which can be replaced at any time if worn. The dies are made of flat tool steel, being inexpensive and capable of being replaced very rapidly by those of other sizes. The case and rapidity in changing dies are the most essential features in any reducing machine, and we claim that in this respect our machine is most superior. The waging dies are fitted into the head of the machine on the end of the spindle or driving shalt, and are closed on the work by being rapidly revolved against the closing hammers or plungers, which come in contact with the hand the part, including the rolls, hammers and dies, being constantly in motion, the friction is reduced to a minimum. These machines are at present mide in five sizes.

They are used by jewelers, silveremiths, optical manufacturers, etc., for pointing and reducing wive and tubing. They are especially used by manufacturers of seamless gold plated ware.

For specifications see following page.

#### ROTARY SWACING MACHINES.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11560.

No. of Machine	1	2			6
Size of balance wheel	12" x 2" 30 lbs.	20" x 3" 130 lbs.	28" x 4" 260 lbs.	35° x 5½° 460 lbs.	40° x 515° 800 lbs
Capacity	0° to 34°	36" to 36"	34" to 134"	96° to 236°	36° to 236°
Reduction at one pass.	200-100-1100	no - Wa - m	100 - 1E - no	Service	w - 18 - m
Net weight of machine	350 lbs.	700 lbs.	1,400 lbs.	2,900 fbs.	8,000 lbs.
Floor space. Height over all.	18" x 24" 48"	24" x 24" 48"	26" x 34" 48"	30" x 43" 51"	37" x 41" 60"

#### ADJUSTABLE DRAW PLATES.

6" square x 134" thick

This cut represents a new labor saving tool that is far superior to any tool heretofore made for drawing or rolling square or flat wire. The opening for the wire can be adjusted to any size within its limit very quickly, without change of rolls, by simply turning the two square head screws shown in cut. These screws are provided with a graduation that will be found very convenient. When a number of pieces of wire are wanted of one size, it is only necessary to draw one piece and notice where the dials are set, returning them to the same place when the finishing strain is taken, and all pieces of vire will come exactly salite. These tools are made strong and durable, and can be used on steel and iron as well as the softer metals. Made in three sizes, as follows:

Outside dimensions.....

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Capacity from. Weight, foreign shipment.	0" to 14" square 12 lbs. 15 lbs.
Outside dimensions No. 2. Size of rolls. Capacity, from. Weight, W	7" square x 1%" thick 1%" diameter x 1%" thick 0" to 34" square 18 lbs. 23 lbs.
Outside dimensions. No. 3. Size of rolls. Capacity Weight.	1194" x 1294" x 294" thick 294" diameter x 34" thick 14" to 34" square 80 lbs.



FIG. 11561.

#### WIRE COILERS.

NO. 1 WIRE COILER.

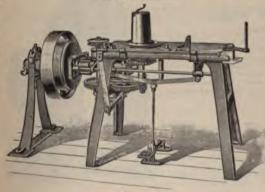


FIG. 11562.

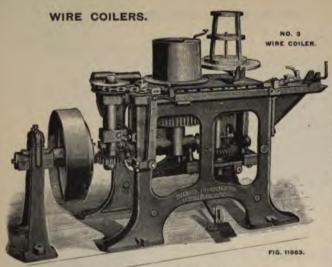
#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11562 AND 11563.

These coilers are designed for jewelers' use mostly, for drawing small wise and very small rols. They are thoroughly constructed in every respect, all gases being cut and all bearings bushed. They are generally built with the wire starting attachment, although mackinsts can be furnished without this if desired.

No. 1 COILER.

A single gen wire coiler for light work, and generally used to reduce wire after it comes from the draw bench. The principal features are the genting which is supported in a hearing, belied to the undereded of a heavy table, and the second of the supported in a hearing belief of the undereded of a heavy table, and the second of the sec

Description continued on following page,



#### SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11562 AND 11563.

	No. 1.	No. 2	No. 3.
Dimensions of drum	diameter, 85% high	9" diameter, 85%" high	12" diameter, 9" hig
Table	1'6" x 3"	2' 10" x 4"	3514" x 2214"
Diam. of driving pulley .	18" x 436"	18" x 5"	20" x 5"
Speed of driving pulley.			10000
revolutions per minute	175	175	200
Geared	1 to 2	1 to 8	1 to 10
Weight, net	450 lbs.	650 lbs.	1,400 lbs.
Weight, skidded	525 lbs.	725 lbs.	1,470 lbs.
Weight, boxed	650 lbs.	850 lbs.	1,700 lbs.
Space occupied	26" x 4"	28" x 5"	6' 6" × 2"

#### WIRE FLATTENING MILLS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11864.

Equipped with the patent roller bearings on the roll journals. This mill is used in the manufacture of hard flat steel and brass wire for springs, etc.

Owing to the high rate of speed, and continuous running of the rolls in this form of mill, it has been found necessary hitherto to provide some means of cold water circulation through the rolls, which is a source of trouble and expense. This trouble is entirely obviated by the use of our roller bearings, and we can guarantee the complete absence of beat from our bearings. Worm gears are used to obtain uniform adjustment of the rolls.

No. of mill	34	1	2	3
Diameter of rolls	4"	6"	8*	10"
Face of rolls	194"	255*	43.6*	5"
Gearing	1 to 3	1 to 3	1 to 4	1 to 9
Diameter of pulleys	14"	16"	16"	20*
Face of pulleys	294"	254*	434*	514"
Floor space	20° × 30°	31" x 42"	35" x 54"	35"x 50"
Height	5'	5'	5'6"	6' 3"
Weight, net	700 Ibs.	1,700 lbs.	2,400 lbs.	4,000 lbs.
Capacity size of wire	36	36	34	36
Speed of rolls, revolutions				
per minute	100	100	75	50

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11562 AND 11563. Continued.

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#### ROLLING MILLS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11866 AND 11866.

Cut grare are used for all driving mechanism, and gears made of a right and left hand spiral, the combination of which is commonly known as the herring bone gear, are used in the housings of all the smaller size mills, while the larger size mills are equipped with what is termed staggered gears. The object of using these styles of gears is to secure smooth and even running under a heavy strain.

One of the most important improvements in our rolling mills is the application of the Mossberg.

Oroller bearing to the journals of the rolls. This feature enables us to build a mill which will do its work faster than the ordinary mill with less than one half of the driving power, as with roller bearings there

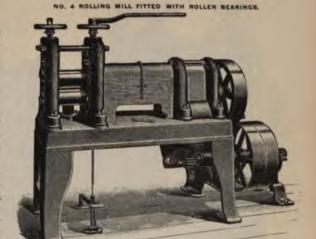


FIG. 11565.

is scarcely any friction on the roll journal, and consequently no heating of the rolls, involving frequent delays to cool them.

Again the roller bearing enables us to reduce the weight of the mill by reducing the size of the gears, making the machine more compact.

From the cuts it will be seen that all gearing and driving mechanism is protected from dust and dirt by detachable covers, which also remove the possibility of accident to the operator.

Indexed hand wheels are used for setting down the rolls, thus reducing the liability of setting one end of the top roll lower than the other, a saving of time, and more accurate results are thereby accomplished.

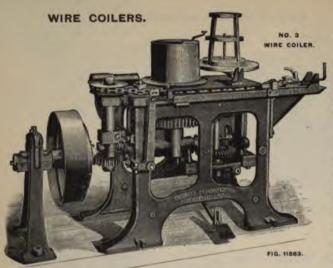
All bearings are fitted with bushings, which can be renewed when necessary.

The mills are equipped with friction clutches instead of tight and loose pulleys, unless otherwise ordered. On the larger sizes of mills chilled iron rolls are mostly used, although hardened etccl rolls can be furnished if desired.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11585 AND 11586.

No. of Miller	1	2	1	4	5	ă.	7*	9.	94	10*
Space occupied	1 to 12 18" x 315" 2' x 4' 3" 1,100 lbs.	1 to 14 20" x 4" 2' x 5' 1,430 lbs.	1 to 14 20° x 4° 2' 2° x 5' 1,650 lbs.	1 to 16 24" x 5" 214" x 7' 3,300 lbs.	26" x 516" 3' x 8' 5,500 lbs.	8" 12" 6,800 lbs. 1 to 20 25" x 6" 314" x 914" 7,480 lbs. 8,000 lbs.		1 to 32 32" x 7" 4"4" x 12%4"		

<sup>\*</sup> Details not given in the table will be sent on application.



#### SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11562 AND 11563.

	No. 1.	Na 2	No. 1
Dimensions of drum	6" diameter, 856" high 6	diameter, 85% high 1	2" diameter, 9" high
Table	1'6" x 3'	2' 10" x 4"	3516" x 2214"
Diam. of driving pulley .	18" x 414"	18" x 5"	20° x 5°
Speed of driving pulley,		1000	
revolutions per minute	175	175	200
Genred	1 to 2	1-to 8	1 to 10
Weight, net	450 lbs.	650 lbs.	1,400 lbs.
Weight, akidded	525 lbs.	725 lbs.	1,470 lbs.
Weight, boxed	650 lbs.	850 lbs.	1,700 lbs.
Space occupied	26" x 4"	28" x 5"	6' 6" x 2"

#### WIRE FLATTENING MILLS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11564.

Equipped with the patent roller bearings on the roll journals. This mill is used in the manufacture of hard flat steel and brass wire for springs, etc.

Owing to the high rate of speed, and continuous running of the rolls in this form of mill, it has been found necessary hitherto to provide some means of cold water circulation through the rolls, which is a source of trouble and expense. This trouble is entirely obviated by the use of our roller bearings, and we can guarantee the complete absence of heat from our bearings. Worm gears are used to adult a mildram guistrent of the rolls.

used to obtain uniform adju	stment of the	Logia"		
No. of mill	36	1	2	3
Diameter of rolls	4"	6"	8"	10*
Face of rolls	3345	235*	434*	5*
Gearing	1 to 3	1 to 3	1 10 4	1 to 9
Diameter of pulleys	14"	16"	16"	20*
Face of pulleys	254*	294*	434*	534"
Floor space	20" × 30"	31" x 42"	35" × 54"	35"x 56"
Height	5"	5'	5'6"	6'3"
Weight, net	700 lbs.	1,700 lbs.	2,400 lbs.	4,000 lbs.
Capacity size of wire	36	34	96	34
Speed of rolls, revolutions				
per minute	100	100	75	50

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11562 AND 11563. Continued.

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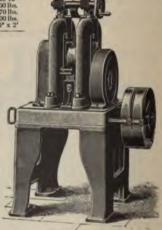


FIG. 11564.

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#### ROLLING MILLS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11666

Cut gears are used for all driving mechanism, and gears made of a right and left hand spiral, the combination of which is commonly known as the herring bone gear, are used in the bousings of all the smaller size mills, while the larger size mills are equipped with what is termed ataggered gears. The object of using these styles of gears is to secure smooth and even running under a heavy strain.

One of the most important improvements in our rolling mills is the application of the Mossberg, roller bearing to the journals of the rolls. This feature enables us to build a mill which will do its work faster than the ordinary mill with less than one half of the driving power, as with roller bearings there



FIG. 11565.

is scarcely any friction on the roll journal, and consequently no heating of the rolls, involving frequent delays to cool them.

Again the roller bearing enables us to reduce the weight of the mill by reducing the size of the gears, making the machine more compact.

From the cuts it will be seen that all gearing and driving mechanism is protected from dust and dirt by detachable covers, which also remove the possibility of accident to the operator.

Indexed hand wheels are used for setting down the rolls, thus reducing the liability of setting one end of the top roll lower than the other, a saving of time, and more accurate results are thereby accomplished.

All bearings are fitted with bushings, which can be renewed when necessary.

The mills are equipped with friction clutches instead of tight and loose pulleys, unless otherwise ordered. On the larger sizes of mills chilled iron rolls are mostly used, although hardened steel rolls can be furnished if desired.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11565 AND 11566.

No. of Mill.	1	3	3	4	5	0	7*	50	ge	10*
Space occupied	2' x 4' 3" 1,100 lba.	20° x 4° 2' x 5' 1,430 lbs.	20" x 4" 2'2" x 5' 1,650 lbs.	214' x 7' 3,300 lba.	26" x 514" 3' x 8' 5,500 lbs.	314' x 914' 7,480 lbs.		12" 18" 1 to 32 32" x 7" 4'4" x 1234'		36"

<sup>\*</sup> Details not given in the table will be sent on application.

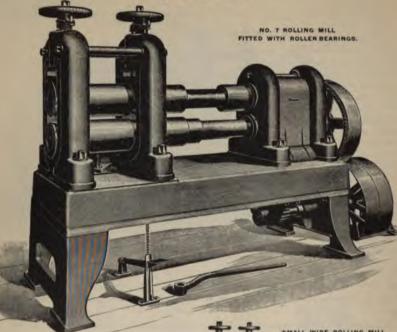


FIG. 11566.

For description and specifications, see preceding page.

#### SPECIAL ROLLING MILLS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11567 TO 11670.

Some of the special forms of our rolling mills are shown in cuts herewith. We use our patent roller bearings on all styles of our mills where the conditions demand. We will be pleased to estimate on any special type of rolling machinery.

The standard mills can be adapted to a large variety of uses.



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FIG. 11867.

#### SPECIAL ROLLING MILLS.

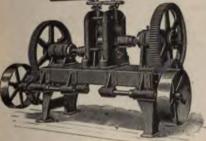
SPOON GRADING MILL.

FITTED WITH ROLLER BEARINGS FOR SILVERSMITHS.

For description see preceding page.



FIG. 11508.



DOUBLE GEARED GRADING MILL

FITTED WITH PLAIN OR ROLLER BEARINGS.

For description see preceding page.

FIG. 11569.

CROSS ROLLING MILL.

FITTED WITH ROLLER BEARINGS FOR SILVERSMITHS.

For description see preceding page,



FIG. 11570.

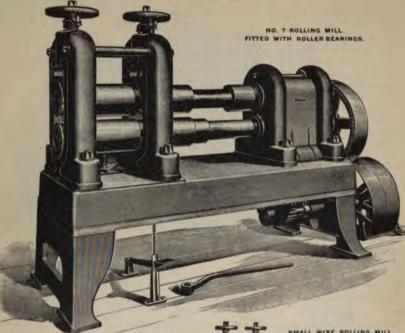


Fig. 11566.

For description and specifications, see preceding page.

#### SPECIAL ROLLING MILLS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11567 TO 11570.

Some of the special forms of our rolling mills are shown in cuts herewith. We use our patent roller bearings on all styles of our mills where the conditions demand. We will be pleased to estimate on any special type of rolling machinery.

The standard mills can be adapted to a large variety of uses.



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FIG. 11587,

#### SPECIAL ROLLING MILLS.

SPOON GRADING MILL.

FITTED WITH ROLLER BEARINGS FOR SILVERSMITHS.

For description see preceding page.



FIG. 11568.



DOUBLE GEARED GRADING MILL.

FITTED WITH PLAIN OR ROLLER BEARINGS.

For description see preceding page.

FIG. 11569.

CROSS ROLLING MILL.

FITTED WITH ROLLER BEARINGS FOR SILVERSMITHS.

For description see preceding page,



FIG. 11570.

### QUEEN CITY SQUARING SHEARS.

city, No. 18 and lighter iron. legs and guides for cutter bar are in one piece. ison is made to compensate for the wear of the knives

ves are made of best materials and ground perfectly true, ted scale is marked on bed.

17 36° and longer it is advisable to use a hold down attach-nt of the cutter bar, to insure a straight cut.

18 includes a set of front, back, bevel and side gauges. The back gauge is furnished with Queen City shears up to 36°

with a hold down



### EXCELSIOR SQUARING SHEARS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 1871.

beso shears are accurate, durable, and well adapted to the ary work of tinemiths, etc. They work easily, and no more use required when the treadle is nearly down than at the ning of the stroke. He was a stroke the scale legs and guides for the upper knife are east in one thus securing rigid bearings for the cutter bar. The best fixed with a graduated scale in ½, and a wrench to take nd replace the knives is sent with each machine. digustment is provided for wear of the knives and guides, shear knives are made of high grade materials, excelling med and ground on autoomatic machines, which makes them

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### HERCULES SQUARING SHEARS.

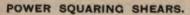
DESCRIPTION FIG. 11873.

Capacity, No. 15 and lighter iron.

30" Hercules squaring shears, with hold down, weigh 650 lbs. 36° Hercules squaring shears, with hold down, weigh 700 lbs.

42" Hercules squaring shears, with hold down, weigh 850 lbs. 52" Hercules squaring shears, with hold down, weigh 1,150 lbs.

These shears will not be supplied without hold down.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11574.

Capacity, No. 22 and lighter iron.

	Will Cut		Fly-Wheel.			
No.	No. and Square.		Diam-		Weight	
30	30"	18*	235*	Per Minute. 75	Lbs. 500	

Automatic spring hold down supplied at extra cost.

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DESCRIPTION FIG. 11875.

	Will Cut		Fly-Wheel	1.	Ship-
No.	Square.	Diam-	Fam.	Speed.	Weight.
130 136 142 152 162 172	30° 36° 42° 52° 62° 72°	20° 25° 25° 25° 28° 28°	3° 4° 4° 4° 4°	Revolutions. 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	1.hs. 850 1,050 1,200 1,500 1,650 1,800

Equipment includes a set of front, back, bevel and side gauges to facilitate cutting to size without marking the sheets.



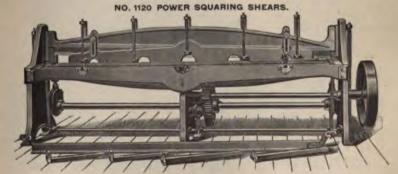


FIG. 11578. For description see following page.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11576.

are are of substantial construction, with the material properly distributed and all parts well fitted. The wearing surfaces means are provided to take up wear. The knives are made of best materials, carefully hardened and ground perfectly true, scale is marked on the table.

down attachment, operated automatically by springs, holds the sheet firmly upon the bed while being cut, so that a per-

The hold-down statement, operated automatically by springs, holds the sheet firmly upon the bed while being cut, so that a per-dly straight cut is obtained.

The shears are driven by belt power, are back geared, thereby insuring smooth and easy action. The gears are machine cut and steeted. The motion is controlled by a clutch, and it may be started from any one of the three-foot treadles.

Capacity, No. 18 or lighter iron or soft steel.

25" x 4" 28" x 434" 28" x 434" 1120. 10' 125 4,100 lbs.

28" x 41/4" Improved automatic back gauge in place of ordinary one can be supplied at extra cost.

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### NO. 536 GAP SHEAR.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11577.

4,300 lbs.

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Capacity, No. 16 or lighter iron or soft steel.

These shears are made off new patterns, the outlines pleasing and modern. There is a gap 15° deep in the hou which gives the advantage that in addition to cutting and sing sheets equal to the length of the knives, sheets of any ken be trimmed and cut apart up to 15° from the edge.

The driving mechanism is overhead to prevent particular and scale from the sheets dropping into the working. The pressure of the cutter bar toward the back is taken to solid metal, not by loose gibs. The sheets can be moved it ting position sideways, without obstruction.

A spring hold-down holds the material while being cut. It are provided for taking up wear on the guides, knives and ings. The motion is controlled by a positive clutch, act from a foot treadle extending the entire length of the mach We furnish a set of front, back, bevel and side gauges, slitting gauge on the right hand bousing, to permit of gas the second and following cuts, in slitting long sheets, fror cutting line previously obtained.





FIG. 11577.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11578. Capacity, No. 14 or lighter iron or soft steel.

	win	1	Ship-			
No.	Cut- and Square.	Cut and Diam		Speed, Revolu- tions.	Weight Lin.	
225 230 236 242 252 262 272 296 2120 2132	25* 30* 36* 42* 52* 62* 72* 96* 120* 132*	20° 20° 22° 22° 25° 28° 30° 34° 34°	33344444	150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	1,200 1,400 1,500 1,750 2,200 2,500 2,600 4,400 5,200 5,500	

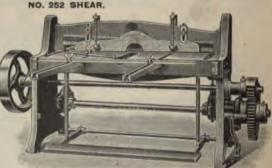


FIG. 11578.

NO. 696 GAP SHEAR.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11879.

Capacity, 1% from or soft steel.
Particularly intended for trim
ming and cutting apart long short
These shears are of modern and substantial design and of best workman
ship throughout. The open throat
or gap in the housings is 15' deep
giving the advantage that, in addition to cutting and squaring sheets
equal to the length of the knives.
sheets of any length can be trimmed

The motion is controlled by a positive clutch, which can be setuated from three different points, to tradies being provided for the purpose. The clutch is coupled to the gear wheel in a positive manner, thereby preventing the cutter bar from dropping ahead of the wheel on account of its weight. This construction does away with balance weights or undue brake pressure, which are usually employed to

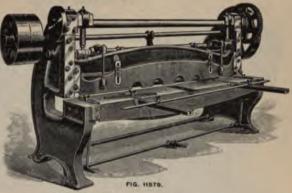
We furnish a set of front, back, bevel and side gauges, also automatic hold-down attachment with each shear.

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### SPECIFICATIONS.

No. 6772. 6868 1320. 1323.	96* 120* 132*	Diam- eler. 20° 20° 20° 20°	Face.  5°  5°  51'  5°  6°  SHEAR.	Speed, Revolutions, 200 200 200 200 200	Proportion of Genering. 6: 1 6: 1 6: 1 6: 1	Weight. 5,600 lbs. 7,600 lbs. 8,500 lbs. 9,700 lbs.
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### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11580.

Capacity, 36" iron or soft steel.

In order to make these shears suitable for cutting heavy stock without undue strain, they are made off extra heavy patterns. The design is on modern lines, and all parts carefully fitted. The open throat or gap in the housings gives the advantage that in addition to cutting and squaring sheets equal to the length of the knives, sheets ed any length can be trimmed and cut apart up to 15" from the edge. The driving mechanism is overhead to give direct pressure upon the cutter bar, and to prevent particles of dirt and scale from the sheets are upon the cutter bar as a tunated by means of a forged double crank shaft, and its pressure to-cutter bar is act unated by means of a forged double crank shaft, and its pressure to-ward the back is taken up by solid metal, not by loose gibs. The housings are so shaped that sheets can be moved in cutting position sideways, without obstruction.

tion. The automatic hold-down attachment. The automatic hold-down attachment moved up and down by cam and levers from the main shaft, is guided at both ends and adjustable for various thicknesses of material. The gears are machine cut, and tight and loose pulleys are provided be-sides the flywheel. There are means for taking up wear on the guides, knives and main bearings. The motion is controlled se.

by a positive clutch, actuated from a foot treadle extending the entire length of the machine.

We furnish a set of front, back, bevel and side gauges, also a slitting gauge fastened to the right hand housing, to permit of gauging the second and following cuts from the cutting line previously obtained.

	- 100	PIPIGNITONS				
No. 839	Will Cot and Asserts 36° 48° 62°	Diagram of the Line of the Lin	Driving Pulleys Fast, B <sup>p</sup> R <sup>p</sup> Sp	Revolutions. 240 240 240	Proportion of Genring. 6: 1 6: 1 6: 1	Weight. 5,000 lbs. 5,700 lbs. 6,000 lbs.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11676.

These shears are of substantial construction, with the material properly distributed and all parts well fitted. The wearing surfaces are large and means are provided to take up wear. The knives are made of best materials, carefully bardened and ground perfectly true. A graduated scale is marked on the table.

The hold-down attachment, operated automatically by springs, holds the sheet firmly upon the bed while being cut, so that a perfectly straight cut is obtained.

The shears are driven by belt power, are back geared, thereby insuring smooth and easy action. The gears are machine cut and protected. The motion is controlled by a clutch, and it may be started from any one of the three-foot treadles.

Capacity, No. 18 or lighter iron or soft steed.

No.	Cotting Lengths	Fly- Wheel.	Fly- Wheel,	tion of Genring.	Weight.
196	8*	25" x 4"	125	1:3	3,400 lbs.
1120	10'	28" x 41/2"	125	¥:3	4,100 lbs.
1132	11'	28" x 41/4"	125	1:3	4,300 lba.
1144	12'	28" x 41/2"	125	1:3	4,600 lbs.

Improved automatic back gauge in place of ordinary one can be supplied at extra cost.

### NO. 536 GAP SHEAR.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11577.

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Capacity, No. 16 or lighter iron or soft steel.

These shears are made off new patterns, the outlines pleasing and modern. There is a gap 15' deep in the hou which gives the advantage that in addition to cutting and a ing sheets equal to the length of the knives, sheets of any ke can be trimmed and cut apart up to 15' from the edge.

The driving mechanism is overhead to prevent partic dirt and scale from the sheets dropping into the working; The pressure of the cutter har toward the back is taken to solid metal, not by loose gibs. The sheets can be moved it ting position eideways, without obstruction.

A spring hold-down holds the material while being cut. M are provided for taking up wear on the guides, knives and from a foot treadle extending the critic length of the mach We furnish a set of front, back, bevel and add gauges, a slitting gauge on the right hand housing, to permit of gas the second and following cuts, in slitting leng sheets, fron cutting line previously obtained.





FIG. 11577.

### NO. 252 SHEAR.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11578.

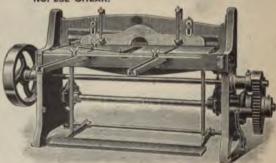


FIG. 11578.

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NO. 696 GAP SHEAR.



		C.	Ditting Family Street,		Friguettes,	Market .
a.	Will Cut	Diam-	Yes.	Baridotion.	'A Contra	WYSPS.
No.	and Square.	eser.	**	300	612	SAME.
672	720	20"	00	700	6/3	7 600 See
696	96*	20"	200	200	61	5.000 Sec.
6120	120*	20"	854"	200	6:1	4300 fee
6132	132*	20*		200		

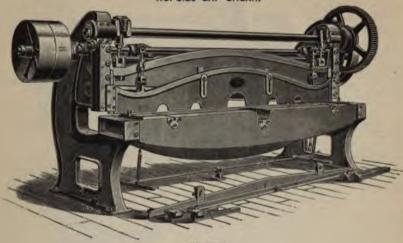
# NO. 862 GAP SHEAR.



FIG. 11680.

	SPC	CILICALISMA	Spirit Com	-		
No. 830	Will Cust and System 30° 48° 62°	307	has	alana.	The same	*

NO. 8120 GAP SHEAR.



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FIG. 11581.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11581.

Capacity, 36" iron or soft steel.

These machines are adapted to a large variety of work from the lighter up to heavy gauges, within the limits stated. The open threat or gap in the housings gives the important advantage that sheets of any length can be trimmed and cut apart up to 15° from the edge.

The driving mechanism is overhead to give direct pressure upon the cutter bar, and to prevent particles of dirt and grit from the sheets dropping into the working parts. The two housings are connected by means of a heavy transverse bar, which is in such position that it was not interfere with sheets that may be passed through from front to back. Sheets equal to the cutting length can be handled in this manner.

The cutter bar is actuated by means of a forged double crank shaft, and its pressure toward the back is taken up by solid metal, not by loose gibs. The housings are so shaped that sheets can be moved in cutting position sideways, without obstruction. The table has T slots running from front to back, and from right to left.

In front of the cutter bar there is a positive hold-down, moved up and down by cam and levers from the main shaft, guided at both ends, and adjustable for various thicknesses of material. The gears are machine cut, and tight and loose pulleys are provided besides the flywheel.

A positive clutch controls the motion. The machine is put in action by depressing one of the three foot treadles, located at different points along the front of the shears. After making one stroke the cutter bar with the upper knife will stop at the highest point, unless the foot treadle is kept depressed. The clutch is coupled to the gear wheel in a positive manner, thereby preventing the cutter bar from dropping abad of the wheel on account of its weight. This construction does away with balance weights or undue brake pressure, which are ordinarily employed to counteract this tendency.

We furnish a set of front, back, bevel and side gauges.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

Ma.	Will Cut Diam-Driving Pulleye						
en.	and Square	eter.	Face.	Speed, Rev.	of trearing.	Weight.	
899	96"	22"	5"	240	7:1	9,000 lbn.	
8120.	120°	24"	6"	240	7: 1	12,500 lbs.	
8132	132"	24"	6"	240	7:1	14,000 lbs.	

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### POWER SQUARING SHEARS.

NO. 996 GAP SHEAR.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11582.

Capacity 14" iron or soft steel,

Capacity M\* iron or soft steel.
These shears are designed on modern lines, and amply heavy for the duty they are to perform. The housings have a gap or open throat 18\* deep, so that sheets of any length can be cut apart up to 18\* from the edge. The two housings are connected by means of a heavy transverse har. The gears are machine cut, and tight and loose pulleys are provided besides a heavy fly wheel. The main shalt is forged of steel with two cranks transmitting the power to the cutter har by means of two solid connections. The hold-down attachment which is guided at both ends, is intended to hold the sheet firmly upon the bed while wagen is guided at both clost, in intensect to hold the sheet firmly upon the bed while being cut. It is moved up and down in a positive manner by means of a cam, thereby doing away with the springs usually employed for raising the hold-down. The hold-down can be quickly adjusted for various thicknesses of stock

adjusted for various thicknesses of stock
Means are provided to take up wear on the
guides, knives and other working parts.

The motion is controlled by an automatic clutch, engaged by means of a foot
treadle. When the latter is released the cutter bar will stop at the highest point, and when the treadle is kept depressed the motion will be continuous

The table has T slots running from right to left and from front to back. In line with the latter, brackets can be attached to carry the front gauge. The back gauge can be set closs up to the lower kind for cattering narrow strips. On both ends of the bed there are side gauges and we also furnish a bevel gauge. At the right hand side of the machine there is an extension gauge which is used in splitting sheets longer than the knives. After the first cut, the edge obtained at the previous stroke is used to gauge by, not the original edge of the sheet. In this manner alignment of the successive cuts is obtained.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

			- Driving Pulleys		Lamaster.	man for the Control
No	Will Cut	Diam-	Face.	Speed, Rev.	Proportion-	Shipping Weight.
		eter.				
962	62*	20"	4"	220	1:12	13,500 lbs.
996	96*	28"	5*	220	1:13	17,000 lbs.
9126	120"	28"	5*	220	1:15	20,000 lba.



FIG. 11683

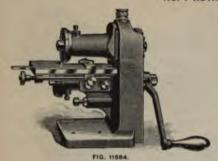
### MOTOR DRIVEN SQUARING SHEAR.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11583.

Illustration shows a squaring shear fitted with direct connected electric motor. We are prepared to furnish any of our squaring shears arranged in this manner. On receipt of inquiry, we shall be glad to submit detailed descriptions and prices.

### ROTARY SHEARS.

### NO. 1 ROTARY SHEAR.



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11584.

These shears are built extra heavy for the work for which they are designed, as we find that the cutters are dulled more by springing and rubbing against each other than by actual work stripping stock. The upper cutter is adjustable, in order to give more or less lap for the different thicknesses of stock. The gange for width can be quickly moved, and has a screw adjustment for exactness. All parts are scraped to fif, and all bearings are amply large, giving a machine that for power and ease of running for its size cannot be surpassed.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

316"
No. 16
3"
25 lbs.
30 lbs.
50 lbs.
14" x 16"

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# NO. 2 POWER SHEAR. NOW FURNISHED WITH FOOT TREADLE.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11585.

Capacity: Shears will cut 634° wide No. 10 B. & S.

These shears are built extra heavy to prevent springing, as we find that for the work for which they are designed the cutters are dulled more by springing and rubbing against each other than by the actual work in stripping stock. The upper cutter is adjustable in order to give more or less also for the different thicknesses of stock, and to allow for grinding. The gauge for width can be quickly moved, and has a screw adjustment for exactness. When running by power the machine can be started or stopped at will of the operator by means of a clutch on the driving pulley operated by a treadle.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

Diameter of cutters	4"
Size of driving pulley on machine	14" x 214"
Geared	1" to 4"
Speed, revolutious.	250
Weight, net	250 lbs.
Weight, domestic shipment	300 Iba.
Weight, foreign shipment	350 Ibe.
Size of driving pulley on countershaft	10° x 234°
Size of tight and loose pulleys on countershaft	10° x 234"
Floor space occupied	17" × 23"
Countershaft	No. 2
Speed of countershaft, revolutions	250



FIG. 11586.

### ROTARY SHEARS.

### NO. 3 POWER SHEAR.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11586.

This shear has been designed recently, not only for those who require a shear of greater capacity than our No. 2 as to thickness of metal, but for stock of greater widths.

Special attention has been given to furnishing a machine of solid construction, and one which will do accurate work. The cutters are adjustable for different thicknesses and the table is furniabed with a gauge for different widths.

This ahear is made either plain or geared, and a treadle is furnished with each machine.

SPECIFICATIONS.	
Weight, plain	725 Iba.
Weight, geared	800 Iba.
Ratio of gearing	4 to 1
Size of cutter	5"
Depth of throat	15"
Will slit, in width, up to	12*
Will slit, in thickness, plain	36"
Will slit, in thickness, geared	W.
Size of driving pulleys	20"
Width of driving pulleys	33-9"
Speed of driving pulleys, plain, revolutions	100
Speed of driving pulleys, geared, revolutions	225
Countershaft	No. 3
Size of driving pulley on countershaft	14" x 31/2"
Size of tight and loose pulleys on countershaft	14" x 31/4"
Floor space occupied	24" x 36"
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### NO. 8 ROTARY SHEAR.

No. of about		5		
Weight, plain_	900 lbs.	1,700 lbs.	erenne.	
Weight, geared.		2,000 lbs.	3,000 lbs.	5,000 Iba
Size of cutters.  Depth of throat.  Will slit in width	16"	24"	24"	20°
will slit in thick	14"	20"		******
ness, plain, Will slit in thick	#	34"	******	
ness, geared Size of driving	34"	36"	56"	76"
Width of driv-	24"	24*	307	36"
ing pulleys Speed of driving	4"	8'	835"	6"
pulleys, plain. Speed of driving	75	75		
pulleys, genred	175	200		200

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11567.

FIG. 11507.

### CIRCULAR SHEARS.

### NO. 4 CIRCULAR SHEAR.



FIG. 11588.

### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11588.

Number of Shear.	3	
Weight	800 lbs.	1,500 lbs.
Weight of circular attachment.	200 lbs.	350 lbs.
Depth of throat of shear frame	22"	24*
Depth of throat of circular attachment	24"	24*
Capacity of smallest and largest circles	4" and 48"	12° and 54°
Size of tight and loose pulleys	18° x 3°	24" x 314"
Speed of tight and loose pulleys	150	300
Diameter of cutters	4"	5*
Thickness of metal which shear will cut	14 gauge	10 gauge

### HEAVY SHEAR WITH CIRCULAR ATTACHMENT.



FIG. 11589.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11589.

The circular attachment shown in this illustration can be applied to either of the shearing machines shown and described under Fig. 11588. The device consists of an extension bar carrying a jaw-shaped holder to carry the plate when it is desired to cut out perfect circles. The holder is adjustable as to its position on the extension bar, the distance between the center of the holding plates and the cutting edge of the blades on the machine proper determining the radius of the circle to be cut out. In view of the fact that the requirements as to depth of throat and length of extension bar on the circular attachment are of such a variable nature, we do not have any definite standards of size to list, but on receipt of information as to customer's actual requirements, we will make quotation on an attachment to suit the actual conditions of the work to be performed.

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### SPLITTING SHEARS.

NO. 8 SHEAR.







FIG. 11590.

FIG. 11591.

### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11590 AND 11591.

Machines are regularly furnished for helt drive, but motor can be attached as shown in Fig. 11591 if desired. Each machine fitted with removable stay bolts.

No. of Shear.	5		T	8	0	10
Weight, about	1,000 lbs.	1,500 lbs.	2,000 lbs.	2,500 lba.	3,500 lbs.	8,000 lbs.
Length of blades	8"	8"	10"	12"	12*	14"
Will cut machinery steel, in thickness	36"	34"	15"	26"	34"	1"

### HAND SPLITTING SHEARS.



FIG. 11592.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11592.

The cut represents our hand shears. It is designed for tinners and all workers of light metal.

Will shear ½4' sheet metal and less, any length or width.

Weight, 65 pounds.

### NO. 3 SPLITTING SHEAR.

### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11693.

No of Shear	0	2	2	3		D-
Weight, about	251bs.	50 lbs.	150 lbs.	250 lbs.	400 lbs.	600 lbx
Length of blades	2"	3"	4"	6"	6"	8"
Will cut machinery steel	36"	34"	36"	34"	360	36"



2(48)	Capacity.	DIAME	At the State of
0	34"× 16"	134"	4 lbs.
1	134" × 34"	B.	30 lbs.
2	134" × 34"	3345	68 lbs.
3	2" x 16"	356*	88 lbs.
4	2" x 34"	354*	155 lbs.

FLAT BAR IRON SHEAR. SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11594.

FIG. 11594.



FIG. 11595.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11895.

These are the most powerful hand-lever shears yet placed upon the market, while in price they are the lowest.

Sies. Capacity. Weight. No. 2. . 14" x 2", 14" x 3", or 34" round. . . 164 lbs. No. 3. . 34" x 2", 14" x 3", 34" x 4", or 1" rd. 375 lbs.

Cutters for flat and for round iron go with each machine.

# BAR AND ROUND IRON SHEAR.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11596.

OESCRIPTION FIG. 11696.

With these shears the operator stands before his work, the lever working toward instead of away from him. Light from can be cut with one hand and adjusted with the other. It is the handlest shear made, and requires but one man 60 operate it. Each machine is thoroughly tested before shipping.

No. 1 will shear 3/c" x3" flat bars; weight 75 lbs.

No. 1 will shear 3/c" vand bars.

No. 13/c will shear 3/c" round bars.

No. 13/c will shear 3/c" round bars.

No. 2 will cut 5/c" x2" flat bars; weight 150 lbs.

No. 2 will cut 5/c" x2" flat bars; weight 165 lbs.

No. 21/2 will shear 1/2" round.



FIG. 11596.

ROUND IRON SHEAR.

FIG. 11597.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11597.

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#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11598.

Parties who have quantities of round iron rods and bolts to cut off to lengths should have one of these tools. Do not hack the iron all round with a cold chisel, whack it over the anvil and then hammer the burr off both pieces, but use one of these shears, which, having the holes through eastings and cutting knives, made the size of the bar, cuts without making any burr, directly across the iron, and insuring that the piece will not be spread in shearing.

#### PECIFICATIONS.

	SPECIFICATIONS.	
Sign.	Capacity.	Weight
No. 0.	34" and smaller	4 lbs.
No. 1.	%', M' and M'	15 lbs.
No. 2.	36", 36", and 36"	21 lbs.
No. 3.	36", 36" and 36 "	26 lbs.
No. 4.	34", 36" and 34"	42 lbs.
No. 5.	36", 56" and 36"	94 lbs.
No. 6.	34", 36", 36" and 34"	135 lbs.
No. 7.	1", 34", 34", 39" and 34"	225 lbs.
No. 8.	134", 1, 34", 34", 34" and 34"	284 lbs.

We do not guarantee shears to cut steel, except upon special application, stating size and quality of steel.



FIG. 11598.

### SQUARE IRON SHEARS.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11599.

These shears have the holes through castings and knives made square, so that the corners are not rounded or sides burred or flattened in cutting off. This is a great advantage and saving of time in making railings and similar work.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

	SPECIFICATIONS.	
Size.	Capacity.	Weight.
No. 1.	1/4" and smaller	15 lbs.
No. 2.	%* and 14*	21 lbs.
No. 3.	N', N' and N'	26 lbs.
No. 4.	14", 14" and 14"	42 lbs.
No. 5.	14', 14' and 14'	94 lbs.
No. 6.	34", 94" and 34"	135 lbs.
No. 7.	16, 16, 16 and 16.	225 Ibe.
No. 8.	1", 3%", 36", 56" and 36"	284 lbs.
Sec.		Will be dead or

We do not guarantee shears to cut steel, except upon special application, stating size and quality of steel.



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FIG. 11599.

### WIRE ROPE SHEAR.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11600.

This tool we have been making for several years but have never before shown it in our lists. As can be seen, it is a variation of our regular bar iron shear adapted to this work by special knives and an extra heavy body. It has proved a very desirable tool for parties who sell less than full coils of wire rope of medium sizes. Capacity is up to 11% steel cable. Weight 175 lbs.

This shear is made of either east iron or cast steel, as desired.





DESCRIPTION FIG. 11601.

It is constructed throughout of steel, and for light work makes a very desirable tool. The lever is 60° long.

Capacity, 2" x 2" x 14" angles. Weight, 150 lbs.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11802.

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Each size of angle, T or channel iron has a separate pair of sutters, which are easily put in place. Channel irons, which are very difficult to cut on a hand tool, are cut easily and very clean and true on this machine. The cutters are 34" thick, of the best

and store on this maxime. The cutters are 32 track, of the best tool steel.

The shipping weight is about 375 lbs. Each machine is furn-ished with one pair of dies.

Capacity, 214° channel.

### HAND PUNCHES AND SHEARS.



FIG. 11603.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11603.

These machines will be found very useful tools for general use, as they are a combination of the round and flat iron shears and the hand punch, and the workmanship put upon them is of the best, no casting fits, but all parts are excelully fitted by hand or

machine.

No. 2 will cut ½°, ½° and ¾° round iron, and 2° x ¾° bar iron; will punch ¾° holes in ¾° iron, 3¾° from edge to center of hole. Weight, 200 lbs.

No. 3 will cut ¾°, ½° and ¾° round iron, and 3½° x ¾° bar iron; will punch ½° hole in ¾° iron, 4° from edge to center of hole. Weight, 400 lbs.

One punch and die only with each machine.

HAND POWER SPLITTING SHEAR AND PUNCH COMBINED.



FIG. 11804.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11604.

Will shear 14" plate any width or length. Will punch 36" hole in 36" plate. Length of shear blade 61/2". Each end is independent of the other. Weight, 550 lbs.

Will	shear			 	and bars.
16.771	ADMIT.			16° X	4" flat bars.
Will	shear	Walter)		 	band iron.
Will	punch.		4000	 	ole in 14 plates

### NO. 33 COMBINED HAND PUNCH AND SHEAR.

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FIG. 11608.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11607. Will shear  $b_2^{\infty} \times 4^{\alpha}$  or  $b_4^{\infty} \times 3^{\alpha}$  flat bars or  $1^{\alpha}$  round iron. Will punch  $b_3^{\alpha}$  hole in  $b_3^{\alpha}$  plate. Weight, 510 lbs.

NO. 6 COMBINED HAND PUNCH AND SHEAR.



NO. 15 COMBINED PUNCH AND SHEAR.



FIG. 11605.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11806.

Will shear  $\frac{1}{2}$  x  $\frac{2}{2}$  or  $\frac{3}{2}$  v 3 bars or  $\frac{7}{2}$  round iron. Will punch  $\frac{5}{2}$  hole in  $\frac{3}{2}$  plate. Will punch to center of 6

## NO. 66 COMBINED HAND PUNCH AND



FIG. 11607.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11608.

This machine is furnished with three punches and dies and a lever bar.

All hand-power machines should be rigidly fastened to the floor to secure
good results.

Will shear. 15° x 4° flat bare.
Will shear. 1° round bars.
Will punch. 15° hole in 15° plate.
Will punch to the center of 8°.
Weight, 570 lbs.

H

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### HAND PUNCHES.

#### NO. 71/2 HAND PUNCH.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11609.

These punches have been especially designed for use of boiler makers, but can be also used on a large variety of other work. They are made in twelve sizes, as follows:

No. 27 will punch 34" hole in 34" plate; 5" depth of threat; weight, 225 lbs. No. 28 will punch 3%" hole in 3%" plate; 10" depth of throat; weight, 450 lbs. No. 29 will punch 34" hole in 34" plate; 15" depth of throat; weight, 750 lbs. No. 31 will punch 3% hole in 3% plate; 18 depth of throat; weight, 875 lbs. No. 814 will punch 34" hole in 34" plate; 414" depth of throat; weight, 170 lbs. No 41 will punch 34" hole in 35" plate; 15" depth of throat; weight, 790 lbs. No. 42 will punch 14" hole in 14" plate; 15" depth of throat; weight, 900 lbs. No. 43 will punch 15" hole in 15" plate; 30" depth of throat; weight, 1,250 lbs. No. 44 will punch 14" hole in 15" plate; 36" depth of throat; weight, 2,400 lbs. No. 45 will punch 34" hole in 34" plate; 30" depth of throat; weight, 2,650 lbs. No. 46 will punch 54" hole in 54" plate; 48" depth of throat; weight, 4,700 lbs. No. 47 will punch 34" hole in 34" plate; 48" depth of throat; weight, 4,650 lbs.

### LYON'S PATENT HAND PUNCHES.

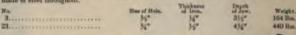
			The fact many	
No	Depth of Jaw,	Diameter of Hole.	of Iron.	Weight.
	314*	3/2	200	65 lbs.
1	979	78	76	
2 martin	374	347	347	115 lbs.
Account to the same of the sam	4"	26"	76	175 lbs.
3/2	4"	365	36"	200 lbs.
4	4"	36"	34"	325 lbs.
Sammer and the same and the sam	73/5"	34"	36"	300 lbs.
One round punch and die	furnished with eas	sh machine.		



### REAR WORKING LEVER PUNCH.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11811.

The levers, gears, blocks and pins are all made of steel in the No. 3 size, but the No. 23 is made of steel throughout.





### NO. 6 HAND PUNCH.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11812.

This cut shows a beavy punch made for the use of iron railing manufacturers, bridge and building contractors and truck manufacturers.

contractors and truck manufacturers.

The gears and arms are made of crucible steel;
the pins of the best tool steel. The planger is
square; the bearing very long, carefully fitted and
scraped, thus insuring long-wearing qualities and
the punch entering any shaped die properly. The
strain between arm and plunger is taken upon a
solid block; well fitted and

strain between arm and plunger is taken upon a solid block, well fitted, easily gotten at and pluncated, and so designed that it has only ½° of revolution. The opening behind the punch is 75% deep by 6° high. The hole in lower jaw is 1° x 15%, which is large enough for iron railing tenoning. Upon special order the hole in lower jaw is made 13% x 33% for punching truck syrung trons 1½° x 2½°. A hole of ¾° in diameter can be punched in ½° iron. The punch weighs about 1,025 ba.



FIG. 11612

HAND PUNCHES.

### DEEP THROAT PUNCH.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11613.

To meet the occasional demand for a cheap, light punch with deeper jaw, we offer this style. A roller on the end of the lever, below bearing bolts, works in a slot in top of plunger. The lever will work either to the front or

### NO. 1 PUNCH.

This size will punch 15" hole in 35" from 6" from edge. Weight, about 60 lbs.

### NO. 2 PUNCH.

This size will punch 14" hole in 14" iron 6" from edge. Weight, 140 lbs.



FIG. 11614.

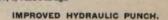


FIG. 11613.

334"

315"

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11815.

this driven down by operating the pump inside reservoir, the piston of which is connected to in which the upper lever is shown. It is raised the secket down against the lug on head and

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11014.



FIG. 11615.

	-		ONS FIG. 110	016.			
Blan.	of Hote,	Thick- ness of Iron.	Depth of Jaw.	No. of Gland.	No. of Punch.	No. of Dio.	Weight.
0	340	365	119"	Special	Special	Special	30 lbs.
	25.	13.	214	2	2	- 1	105 lbs.
2	7.	0.	216*	5	8	- 2	130 lbs.
2x	1*	360	456	8	8	4	165 lbs.
3	110	197	3"	6	6	5 5	220 lbs.
4	1110	10	250	72	7	6	325 Iba.
One second manch and die from							

DESCRIPTION FIG. Hele.

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Face of die to ground, 1414".

One movement of the lever in the lower socket withdraws the punch entirely from the iron, or brings the punch down on the work without the labor and loss of time necessary to pump it down.

The punches are prevented from turning, thus allowing the use of irregular-shaped dies without danger of the punch coming down on the die. The hand ring is put on for lifting or suspending the punch. Larger sizes to order.

Capacity of punch, with one man on lever 1" round hole in 1"

Weight, 645 lbs.



### COMBINED PUNCHES AND SHEARS.



FIG. 11817.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11617.

Will abear 435" x 55" flat barn.

Will shear 6" x 14" band iron.

Will shear 134" round iron. Will punch 34" hole in 34" plates.

Will punch to center of 14". Should run 200 revolutions per minute. Weight, 2,600 lbs.

Machine can be equipped with angle-shearing attachment, if desired.



FIG. 11616.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11618.

Will shear 415" x Jg" flat burn.

Will shear 136" round iron. Will punch I" hole in 34" plate.

Will punch to the center of 20°.

Weight, 4,600 lbs.

This machine can be fitted with "architectural jaw" for handling structural shapes, if desired.

### STANDARD PUNCHING AND SHEARING MACHINES.

### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11819 TO 11833.

Note I. These machines are made either double or single ended. The meaning of the terms is readily understood. The word "combined" is sometimes used instead of "double-ended," although the single machines are combined in one sense—i.e., used for both shearing and punching. The double-enders are practically two machines in one, each starting and stopping independently of the other by its own clutch, and all regular tools and attachments will fit either end of the machine interchangeably.

Note 2. The machines mentioned in the above list are made with throats from 6" up to 72" in depth. Our deep-throat patterns vary as follows: 16", 20", 25", 30", 36", 42", 48", 54", 60", and 72"

Anything below 16" we call a short-threat pattern. Intermediate sizes can be made between the figures given, but is scarcely worth while to do so, as no expense is saved by the taking of intermediate instead of the next size greater depth. The deep-threat machines are made from particularly heavy patterns designed to give the full capacity of the machine in every case. The number of the machine indicates the capacity, whatever the threat. For instance, the No. 15 has the same capacity, whether with an 8" or a 58" threat; the depth of threat being measured from the center of the punch or shear horizontally back to face of the frame. The only exception in this rule is as follows: That when a short-threat pattern is used from 8" up to 15", the strength of the frame is somewhat less for 12" or 15" threat than for the short-threat pattern is used from 8" up to 15", the strength of the frame is somewhat less for 12" or 15" threat than for the short-threat pattern is used from 8" up to 15", the strength of the frame are frame for a No. 145 g" or 12", and 15"; so that with the 15" threat the No. 144; lass less strength of frame and capacity. This is the only exception, and all the deep threats have some capacity as short threats; in fact the deep threats are built with actually more proportionate strength, in order to prevent the spring in the jaws, which with a shorter threat is not so noticeable as when multiplied by the longer jaws.

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Combining different depths of throat. All different depths of throat of the same size machine can be combined together. For instance a 9" throat can be combined with a 48" throat in the No. 14½ size. But one depth of throat of one size machine cannot be combined with the same or with a different depth of throat of another size machine.

We do not furnish reinforcing bolts with the deep-throat patterns, because the frames are made heavy and rigid enough to do the work without. It is seems to us simply absurd to buy an expensive, deep-throat machine, and then have to use reinforcing bolts, which practically convert it into a short-throat machine. Moreover, the bolts are of little value.

- Note 3. Standard equipment regularly furnished unless otherwise specified is one pair of shears, also one punch and die with the necessary connections and the usual gauges, stripper, and wrenches. Special shears, dies, gang dies, blades for rounds, angle shears, architectural jaw, automatic stop, etc., when desired, are charged extra.
- Note 4. Splitting shears or plate shears stand parallel with the front of the head, and are designed for continuous cutting of the sheet lengthwise without notching the sheet at either end of the blade. The width of the strip or plate which can be split off is of course limited by the depth of the throat.

Cutting-off shears can be made parallel with the front of the machine, similar to splitting shears, if so desired, but if made the same length as the regular splitting shears they must be used for cutting thinner plates or bars than the regular splitting shears would handle.

- Note 5. The capacity of a machine for plate shearing, or splitting, is limited by the length of stroke, length of shear blades, and the degree of angle between the blades. The shorter the blades and the greater the angle the heavier the plate which can be cut; but in the same degree will the cuts be shorter and the plate that is cut off will be bent downward during the cutting. Thus by making the blades shorter and the angle large, a smaller machine can be sold and used for the same work. It has been our practice to make the blades longer, with less angle, and thus requiring a heavier machine than is customary with other manufacturers. But this permits of longer cuts; that is, quicker work and less bending on the plate cut off. But it is immaterial to us which kind of blades we furnish with a machine, and can as well furnish the shorter blades with more angle, and in connection a lighter and less expensive machine, if so desired.
- Note 6. Is will be understood that the shape of the jaws is built to suit different classes of work; for instance, boiler work, architectural work, large die surfaces, etc. We solicit inquiries respecting adaptation of machines to special work. (See note 7.)
- Note 7. The architectural jaw is a very important feature because so frequently needed for boiler and architectural work. The projecting steel die holder permits of punching flanges of I-beams, channels, angles, and also boiler heads.

In connection with the architectural jaw, the front of table, or lower jaw, is separate, and the separate piece is called the filler block. When the filler block is replaced, the machine is practically the same as if without the architectural jaw, and all the regular shearing and punching attachments can be used. When the filler block is removed, and the projecting steel die holder put on, it is then adapted to punching danges.

If a machine having architectural jaw is to be used for punching only, the filler block may be omitted, and some expense saved thereby

Description continued on following page.

### STANDARD PUNCHING AND SHEARING MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. Help TO 11633.-Continued.

Note 8. Angle shearing requires considerable power for the reason that, in order not to distort the angle, the blades are made so as to strike the surface of the metal at all points at the same time; thus differing from the regular bar and plate shears which are made with a rake or bevel so as to distribute the strain over a greater interval of time. Consequently the practical capacity of a machine is never so great for angle shearing as for plate and bar shearing.

Note 9. In cutting rounds, the capacity of the machine is limited rather by the stroke than by its actual strength. Frequently notched blades are used for cutting off rounds larger in diameter than the length of stroke, because it is not necessary that the blades shall pass each other to cut off.

Note 10. The steel ram instead of cast iron, although the latter is standard, is desirable where severe shearing strains come on the machine. Shearing, under certain conditions, causes a twisting or wedging strain that is more severe than punching.

Note 11. The adjustment of the ram is seldom used, or needed, for punching or shearing, although desirable for forming and riveting and can be put on if desired at an extra cost.

Note 12. Weights given in table are the approximate actual shipping weights, including such ordinary skidding or boxing as is necessary for domestic transportation. But these weights often vary considerably on account of the variation in the castings.

Furthermore, the architectural jaw when put on adds several hundred pounds, up to perhaps 1,000 lbs. on the heaviest sizes. It should also be horse in mind that motor bracket and connections and other tools and attachments add to the weight.

For export and ocean shipments, the machines are boxed in heavy oak cases, which add also materially to the weight, from a few hundred up to two or three thousand pounds, depending on the sise of machine.

On a medium-sized machine with a short throat, such additional weight of boxing will run approximately 800 or 1,000 lbs.

Note 13. The method of drive may be by belt, engine, or motor. Motors are frequently furnished, direct-connected. Rightangle drive or overhead drive will also be furnished at an extra cost.

Note 14. In case of motor drive, where we furnish bracket and connections without motor, it is necessary that we have a blue print of the motor dimensions, in order to make bracket and connections to sait. Also in such case the user after receiving machine must line up motor and drill holes in bracket to sait same, as

2,500 lbs

NO. 19 SINGLE END PUNCH AND SHEAR,



FIG. 11619.

we cannot make these adjustments or drill the holes here.

Where we furnish motor, we put it on complete ready for wiring, with usual starting box. Weights added from 500 up to

Note 15. Spacing tables are practically special in nearly every case, made to sait the needs of the customer. They may be operated by hand or power, and are built in a variety of ways. Upon receipt of full information as to what is required, we will quote price and furnish drawing of such table as is suitable.

Note 16. In making inquiry, a customer should always specify fully the number of holes to be punched at one stroke, diameter of hole, thickness of metal, quality of metal, also the maximum size of bars to be sheared, and thickness of plate to be split.

Note 17. We have a printed list of punches, dies, stems and couplings, which is supplied to customers on application.

For table of capacities, see following page,

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### STANDARD PUNCHING AND SHEARING MACHINES.

TABLE OF CAPACITIES.

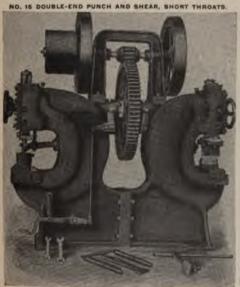
FIGS. 11619 TO 11633.

Sign of Machine	Punch- ing.	Bar Shearing. See Note 3.	Splitting or Plate Shearing. See Notes 3, 4 and 5.	Angle Shearing, See Notes 3 and 8.	See Note 9.	Depth of Thrunt, See Note 2,
No. 10	Nº hole	23C* x 3C*	A plate	14" × 14" × A"	Nº	0" only
No. 18	N bole	B'xN"	M" plate	IN'SIN'SK"	10	0" and 10"
No. 17	in No hole	3" = N"	N° plate	2N" × 2N" × N"	130	87, 12*, 10", etc.
No. 16	It hole	B* # 96"	M" plate	24" × 24" × 4"	216"	Sea Note 2
No. 15	36 hole in 36	orxn"	15" place	4"×4"×10"	136"	9", 12," 16", 20", ele:
No. 14%	1" hole	0" x 1"	%" plate	6" x 6" x N"	376	See Note 2 0*, 12", 15", 16", 20", etc.
No.14	1 %" hale in 1"	7"×1"	Nº plate	6" × 0" × 1/2"	2"	See Note 2 10, 12, 15, 20,
No. 13	1 %" hole in 1"	8" x 1%"	1" plate	0" x 0" x M"	2)4"	See Note 2 10", 12", 15", 20" etc.
No. 12	216" hole in 116"	8" x 1 1/4"	1%" plate	0" = 0" × N"	235"	See Note 2 12", 15", 20", etc.
No. 11	2N° hole in 1%°	10° × 1 %"	136" plate	S'xS'xX'	336	See Note 2 15", 25", 36", etc.
No. 10	2%" hole	10" × 2"	2º plate	8' + 8' × 1'	354"	30", etc.
No. 0	in 1 %"	10" x 2M"	2N".plate	8" x 8" x 1 1/4"	434"	20°, etc.

NO. 16 SINGLE PUNCH AND SHEAR,



FIG. 11620.



SPECIAL RAPID-ACTION PUNCH AND SHEAR 20' THROAT.



FIG. 11622.

A quick-running single-ended punch and shear. Capacity, §§" hole in §§" fron. Other sizes will be furnished without gears, quick-running, as called for.

FIG. 11621.

For general description see pp. 320 to 322,

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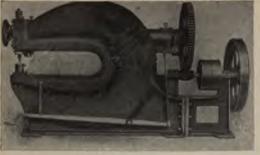
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### STANDARD PUNCHING AND SHEARING MACHINES.

(For description and table of espacities, see pp. 320 to 323.)



NO. 16 SINGLE-END PUNCH AND SHEAR WITH DEEP THROAT.

SPECIAL OPEN END BAR SHEAR.

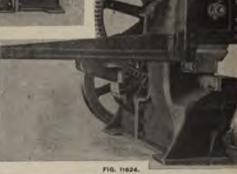


FIG. 11623

Note: Fig. 11024 shows open-fronted bar shear type for shearing only. It will be noted that the lower jaw is cut away on the back side so that short cuttings will fall off. It will also be noted that the upper jaw on the back side is carried down to insure a long guide and support against the side strain of shearing so as to insure great rigidity. Also note the heavy gears. Made double-ended also. Note that all sizes of machines are made in this manner as called for.

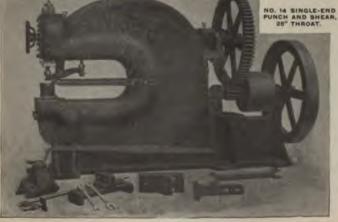


FIG. 11626.

Fig. Note: 11625 shows machine with architectural law When filler block is removed the projecting steel die holder, shown at the left-hand side, lower end of the illustration, can be put on. It is used for punching flanges. Punching and shearing tools are interchange-

When filler block is replaced, shearing tools can be put on.

### STANDARD PUNCHING AND SHEARING MACHINES.

(For general description and table of capacities, see pp. 320 to 323.)

NO. 14 SINGLE-END PUNCH AND SHEAR, MOTOR-DRIVEN.

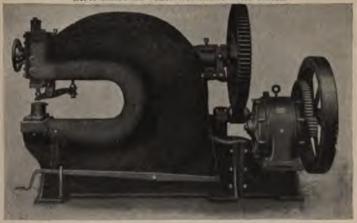


FIG. 11826.

NO. 14% DOUBLE-END PUNCH AND SHEAR, 25" THROATS, MOTOR-DRIVEN.

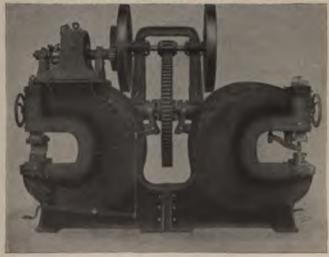


FIG. 11627.

### STANDARD PUNCHING AND SHEARING MACHINES.

(For general description and table of capacities, see pp. 320 to 323.)

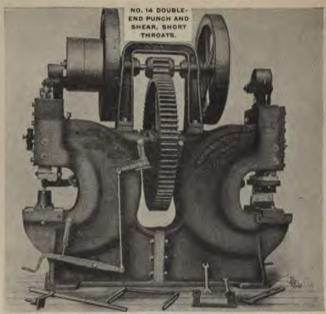


FIG. 11628

Fig. 11628 shows punching attachment on one end and standard attachment for shearing flat bars on the other end.

### NO. 13 DOUBLE-END PUNCH AND SHEAR.

Plate shears on one end and punch on the other, but are interchangeable. On the right-hand end is shown the architectural jaw. When the filler block is removed the projecting steel die holder is put on for punching flanges.

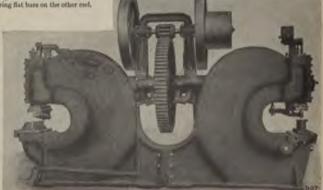


FIG. 11629.

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### STANDARD PUNCHING AND SHEARING MACHINES.

(For general description and table of capacities, see pp. 320 to 323.)

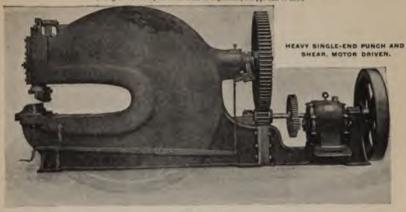


FIG. 11630.

This shows a very deep throat heavy punch, motor-driven, with plate or splitting shears in position. Punches can be used on the same machine, also bar shears, angle shears, and other tools.

### EXTRA HEAVY DOUBLE-END DEEP THROAT PUNCH AND SHEAR, MOTOR-DRIVEN.

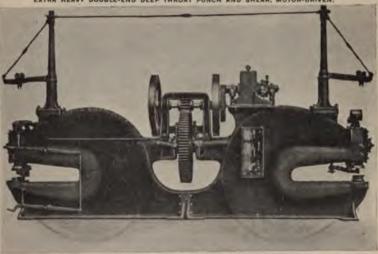


FIG. 11631,

This illustrates a very heavy deep threat punch and shear weighing approximately 100,000 lbs., motor-driven with starting panel.

Also with cranes. Plate shears in position on the left-hand end, and punch on the right-hand end. All punching and shearing tools interchangeable. Built in all depths of throat and capacities.

### STANDARD PUNCHING AND SHEARING MACHINES.

(For general description and table of capacities, see pp. 320 to 323.)

HEAVY SINGLE-END PUNCH WITH ARCHITECTURAL JAW, MOTOR-DRIVEN.

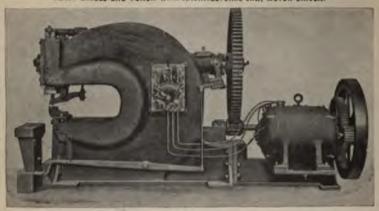


FIG. 11632.

PUNCHES AND SHEARS WITH SPACING TABLE.

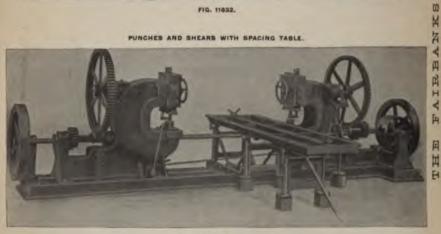


FIG. 11633.

This shows two machines mounted on one base, with spacing table between, designed to punch both edges of a sheet at the same time, either one or more holes on each side at the same time. The machine on the left-hand side is adjustable, by rack and pinion, back and forth, for different width of sheets. The spacing table as shown is hand operated; but spacing tables are also operated by power, if desired, and for heavy work it is preferable. Specing tables will be fitted to any machine when called for, either hand or power operated.

# DESCRIPTION FIG.

Single-ended coping and punching machine. Coping tools interchangeable with the punching tools. Made also double-ended and can be equipped with plate shears and bar shears and angle shears, or other tools if desired. H Equipped when called for with double-ended coping dies for coping 24" beams, and smaller. Adjustable automatic stop clutch. This style of machine is made in other sizes also. The punches are equipped with gag sockets, and are adjustable across the beam or plate. Further D particulars will be sent on application.

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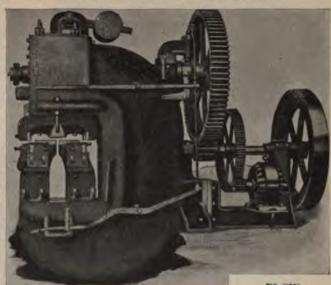


FIG. 11634.

### MULTIPLE PUNCHING MACHINE.

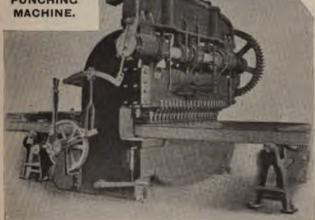


FIG. 11635.

# DESCRIPTION FIG.

This is our No. 32 multiple punching machine with automatic spacing table and twenty punches and dies with gag sockets. Spacing table operates by power and the spacing is changeable or adjustable. The table has a quick return by power. The same machine is made without spacing table.

This is but one of a large variety of machines of this type, all of which can be specially built to suit individual requirements of purchaser.



### HORIZONTAL PUNCH.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11636.

This illustrates a horizontal punch which we make in several sizes, and will be pleased to quote. Furnished with different depths of throat, bell drive or motor drive.

Further particulars will be sent upon application.

### BAR AND BILLET SHEAR.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11637.

This shows a large billet and har abears for heavy work. This style of machine, and as illustrated also on the three following pages, is made in a variety of sizes, and also with vertical adjustment to the ram, if desired.

Same machine can be used for cutting angles with proper shears, but in that case when the machine is ordered, it should be specified in advance.

Made wider between housings, if called for.

The cut shows machine arranged for belt drive; it can, however, be fitted with electric motor drive if so desired.

Further particulars will be sent upon application.

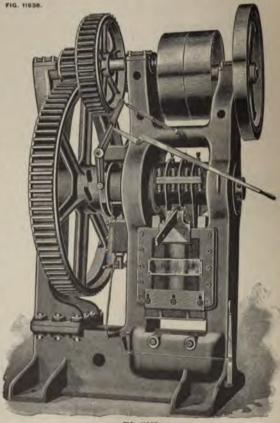


FIG. 11037.

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### CATE SHEAR.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11638.

This shows what we call our No. 43 (ypc of gate shear and punch. The illustration shows it equipped with a variety of shears, so that a variety of work can be done without changing. The machine can be adapted to quite a wide variety of purposes, also used for multiple punching.

Complete description of this or several other machines of similar type will be sent upon application.

### ALLICATOR SHEARS.



FIG. 11639.

A will shear 15" x 3" flat bars. A will shear 1" round. Weight, 1,200 lbs.

B will shear 6" x 1/4" flat bars. B will shear 11/4" round.

Weight, 2,400 lbs. C will shear 6" x 1" flat

C will shear 6" x 1" flat bars. C will shear 2" round. Weight, 4,000 lbs.

D will shear 8" x 1" flat bars. D will shear 14" x ½" band iron. D will shear 2½" round. Weight, 6,800 lbs.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11640.

This shows a double-end alligator shear of medium size, which we furnish to a number of our customers. Full particulars will be sent on application.

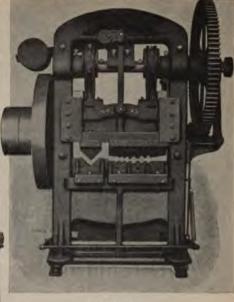


FIG. 11638.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11639.

These shears are built in four sizes, as noted below.

11 C and 11D are not fitted with clutch for stopping and starting, but can be fitted with clutch if so desired at a nominal extra charge.

### DOUBLE-END ALLIGATOR SHEAR.

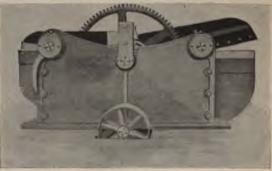


FIG. 11640.

### ALLICATOR SHEARS.

MOTOR-DRIVEN SHEAR.



ENGINE-DRIVEN SHEAR.



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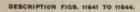
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FIG. 11842.



These shears are designed for heavy work. They are built in several sizes and style to suit varying conditions. In making inquiry care should be taken to state definitely the class of work to be performed, also whether machine is to be driven by pulley, steam



FIG. 11643.



MOTOR-DRIVEN SHEAR

FIG. 11844.

engine or electric motor. On receipt of such information full particulars of a machine best suited for the work will be sent.

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### DOUBLE ANGLE SHEARS.



FIG. 11645.

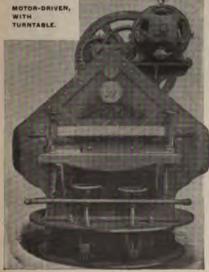


FIG. 11647.

### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11645 TO 11647.

The double angle shears shown by these illustrations are made in several sizes for work from the lightest up to the heaviest. They may be furnished with motor drive or belt drive, and with or without turntable, as desired. Only the motor-driven machines can be mounted on turntables. These machines are very heavy and thoroughly constructed, and have given ex-

### MOTOR-DRIVEN, WITH TURNTABLE.

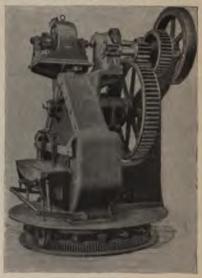


FIG. 11646.

### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11645 TO 11647,-Continued.

cellent satisfaction. The workmanship, and material throughout, and the design are the highest grade used in the construction of such machines. Rams are made of steel.

Full particulars will be sent on application.



DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11648

These rolls are built in several sizes and lengths and may be arranged to operate by hand power or supplied with pulleys for belt power, as desired. Electric motor drive can also be furnished to cuatomers desiring to use this form of pewer.

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Size A .- Upper roll 436 diameter, lower rolls 336 diameter, built to take 4'2 between housings only. Size B .- Upper roll 5" diameter, lower rolls 4" diameter, built to take 4' 2" between housings only.

Size C.—Upper roll 534" diameter, lower rolls 434" diameter, built to take 5' 2" between housings only.

Size D .- Upper roll 6" diameter, lower rolls 5" diameter, built to take 5' 2" or 6' 2" between housings.

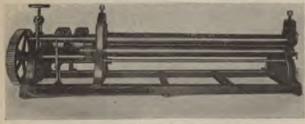
Size E .- Upper roll 614" diameter, lower rolls 6" diameter, built to take 6' 2" between housings only.

Note: Special rolls not described here will be built to order.



FIG. 11649.

BELT-DRIVEN ROLLS, 10" AND 8" DIAMETER.



### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11660.

These rolls are built in several sizes and lengths and may be arranged for belt drive as shown or fitted with electric motor drive, if desired.

Size F.-Upper roll 8" diameter. lower rolls 6" diameter, built to take 8' 2" between housings.

Size G.-Upper roll 8" diameter. lower rolls 7" diameter, built to take 6' 2" between housings.

FIG. 11850.

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### PLATE BENDING ROLLS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11850.-Continued.

Size H.-Upper roll 9" diameter, lower rolls 7" diameter, built to take 8' 2" or 10' 2" between bousings.

Size I .- Upper roll 91/2" diameter, lower rolls 8" diameter, built to take 10' 2" between housings.

Size J.—Upper roll 10" diameter, lower rolls 8" diameter, built to take 8' 2" or 10' 2" between housings.

Note: Special rolls not described here will be built to order.

### BELT DRIVEN BENDING ROLLS.

HEAVILY GEARED.

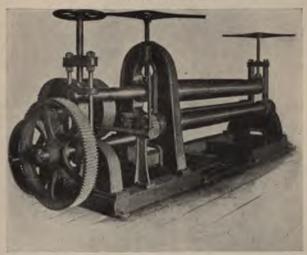


FIG. 11651.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11851.

These rolls are designed for heavy work. They are strongly geared and driven by clutch pulleys. Electric motor drive can be supplied if desired.

Size K .- Upper roll 113/2" diameter, lower rolls 9" diameter, built to take 10' 2" between housings.

Size L.—Upper roll 12" diameter, lower rolls 9" diameter, built to take 10' 2" between housings.

Size M.-Upper roll 13\* diameter, lower rolls 10\* diameter, built to take 10' 2" or 12' 2\* between bousings.

Size N.-Upper roll 13" diameter, lower rolls 1015" diameter, built to take 10' 2" or 12' 2" between housings.

Size O.—Upper roll 14" diameter, lower rolls 11" diameter, built to take 12' 2" or 14' 2" between housings. Size P.—Upper roll 15" diameter, lower rolls 12" diameter, built to take 12' 2", 14' 2" or 10' 2" between housings.

Size Q .- Upper roll 18° diameter, lower rolls 15° diameter, built to take 12' 2", 16' 2" or 18' 2" between housings.

Size R .- Upper roll 20" diameter, lower rolls 16" diameter, built to take 12' 2", 16' 2", 18' 2" or 20' 2" between housings.

Note: In addition to the regular sizes above described we are prepared to furnish plate bending rolls of similar design of any special are or length to suit individual requirements. Weights and prices of standard and special rolls will be quoted on application.

### PLATE STRAIGHTENING ROLLS.

HEAVY STRAIGHTENING ROLLS, DRIVEN BY STEAM ENGINE.



FIG. 11652.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11852.

This is a solid type machine and can be driven either by engine as shown or by electric motor. It is built to handle any thickness of plate, from the lightest gauge with 21 rolls to the heaviest with 7 or 5 rolls, in widths up to 14°. Bearings are of bronze, gearing is all cut from the solid and rolls are balanced independently and pervided with independent adjustment. Specifications and prices will be sent on receipt of specific inquiries, stating nature of work to be performed.

### OPEN TYPE STRAIGHTENING ROLLS.

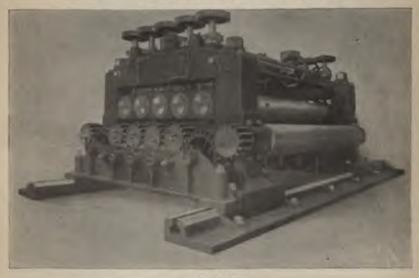


FIG. 11653.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11663,

This machine is similar to that shown in Fig. 11652, but is of the open type, which is more desirable for hard service, as repairs are more easily effected. Specifications and prices will be sent on application.



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### FLUE WELDING MACHINE.

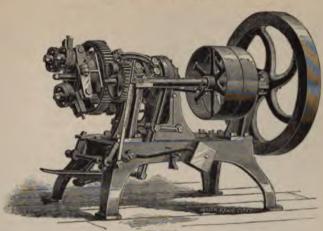


FIG. 11854.

### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11854 TO 11857.

The class of trade for which this machine is especially designed are aware of the necessity of rapidity in joining and welding the flues of locomotive and other boilers. With proper heating capacity the machine will successfully handle from ninety to one hundred 2" flues per day (see illustrations below) skilled labor not being essential to its proper workings. Each operation is only limited in capacity by the heating efficiency. The machine has been on the market for years and is built to do the work in three operations and to do each operation properly, i. e., scarfing, cutting off fag ends and spreading simultaneously and welding. Will also swedge for ferrules with special rollers.

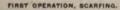




FIG. 11855.



SECOND OPERATION, SPREADING.

Contrary to claims made for inefficient machines wherein welding only is done, the preparing of joints is most particular. With well fitted joints, smooth so no slack or dirt can get between while heating to weld (as can be done on our machine), the welding operation is in itself the simplest.

The lap should be from 1/4" to 1/4" which through many years' experience we know to be the most satisfactory and will roll down so smooth it is almost impossible to detect the weld. Our machine is the only one on

the market that does work that is accepted by the United States government in preference to hand work.

The machine is substantial and lasting, weighing 2,400 lbs., and those we built years ago are being operated to-day.

Tools for the three operations and one set of formers for working 2" flues are furnished with each machine, but the machine will handle sizes ranging from 155" to 5" flues inclusive and extra mandrels, formers, etc., will be furnished at reasonable prices.

THIRD AND LAST, WELDING.



## PIPE CUTTERS.

ROLLER PIPE CUTTER



FIG. 11658

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11859.

NOS. 1, 2 AND 3 MACHINES.

These machines are designed for cutting light tubing such as bicycle tubing, etc. On the No. 1 machine the driving fulley is geared on the satter shaft, so that this machine will cut any length stock either side of the cutter disk, while on the No. 2 and 3 machines the pulley is of the water disk, while on the No. 2 and 3 machines the pulley is of the machine. The capacity of the Nos. 1, 2, and 3 machines, is light abing \( \frac{1}{2} \) for 2 outside diameter (1\frac{1}{2} \) 22 gauge hard tube may be cut at seconds). The No. 1 machine cuts up to 60° long; shipping weight 130 ks. The No. 2 machine cuts up to 60° long; shipping weight 210 ks. No. 3 machine cuts up to 60° long; shipping weight 210 ks. No. 3 machine cuts up to 60° long; shipping weight 210 cs. No. 3 machine cuts 30° long; shipping weight 130 lbs. Tight and cose pulleys, 8° x 2½°; revolutions, 175.

## NO. 5 PIPE CUTTER.

This machine was designed to fill a demand for a heavier machine for cutting heavy tabing and pipe to length quickly and accurately.

This machine cuts any length stock either side of the cutter disk. The lower rolls are carried in an adjustable hearing block which is elevated and lowered by the hand wheel shown on the end of the machine. The proper adjustment is that which brings the pipe just clear of the cutting disk. Pressure on the hand lever forces the pipe up against the rotary cutter, quickly separating the tubing.

Upon actual test, an ordinary piece of 1° steam pipe as cut in 10 seconds, and a piece of 12° pipe in 30 seconds. One extracted disk is furnished with each machine. Tight and losse pulleys 12° x 38°. Now complete the pipe of the pip

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11658.

These roller pipe cutters are adapted for rapid cutting of pipe from 14" to 2"; are fitted with either lever attachment or hand wheel and quick acting screw motion; and will cut off pipe for close nipples to pieces 9' long.

These machines are fitted with hardened tool steel rollers, with internal roller bearings running on a hardened steel pin, and cutting-off kaife is made of best tool steel, carefully tempered; has gauge bar running entire length of machine with an additional adjustable clamp which is easily set for different lengths of pipe to be cut. Machine is thoroughly built in every respect, and is fitted with tight and loose pulleys.

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Speed 200 revolutions per minute,

No. 1 roller cutter, for 14", 14" and 34" pipe.

No. 2 roller cutter, for 34" to 2" pipe.

These machines can be built to any length to suit shop conditions or other requirements, and for special price we can furnish one machine to cut all sizes from 14" to 2" inclusive.

NO. 5 PIPE CUTTER.



FIG. 11650.

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## PIPE CUTTING-OFF MACHINES.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11880.

Cutter is circular, is revolved when brought in contact with pipe, attached to sliding head which has vertical movement by hand wheel, worm gear, and rack.

Feed rolls are revolved by gearing connecting with pulley shaft, making 105 and 90 revolutions per minute.

Will cut pipe from 0 to 3° in diameter.

Weight, 1,500 lbs.

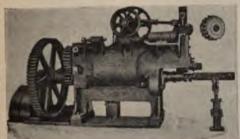
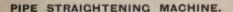


FIG. 11661.

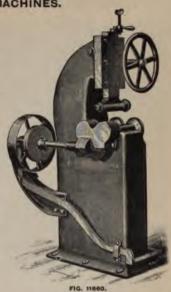
## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11661.

Rotary pipe entier for cropping ends of pipe from 4° up to 30° or 36° diameter, built for belt or motor drive. It is a powerful, accurate machine and will cut off pipe edges absolutely straight without fins either inside or outside and will save cost of itself in saving scrap, as the operator can see exactly where he is cutting, which is possible with no other type of machine.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11662.

Very strong and rigid and powerful. Will straighten pipe up to 3° Is driven by spur gear and pinion operating plunger, which presses pipe between dies. Arranged to be driven from main shaft,



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## PIPE THREADING AND CUTTING-OFF MACHINES.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11063.

NOS. 5% AND 6% COMBINED HAND AND POWER MACHINES.

Each machine is supplied with counter-shaft for bela power, ratchet for hand power, cutting off device, and right hand chasers to thread all sizes of pipe within its capacity as noted below. Oil pump can be furnished at extra cost,

No. 514 Machine.—Capacity 1" to 4". Countershaft has pulleys 12" x 3", and should run 300 revolutions per minute. Net weight, 725 lbs. Weight, boxed, 1,175 lbs.

No. 614 Machine —Capacity 1" to 6". Countershaft has pulleys 12" x 3", and should run 300 revolutions per minute. Net weight, 1,310 lbs. Weight, boxed, 1,840 lbs.

FIG. 11663.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11864.

NOS. ON AND 11% COMBINED HAND AND POWER MACHINES.

Each machine is supplied with countershalt, also ratchet for hand power, cutting-off device, right hand chasers, oil pump and rear pipe rest.

	No. 934	106.
Capacity	259" to 8"	4" to 12"
Countershaft pulleys	12" × 3"	14" x 5"
Speed of countershaft,		
revolutions	300	300
Not weight	1,540 lbm.	3,300 lbs.
Weight, bossed	2,100 lbs.	4,200 lbs.



FIG. 11664.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11665.

Any of the machines shown in Figs. 11663 and 11664 can be supplied with direct current motor drive as shown in this illustration. In this event the countershaft and hand ratchet are of course omitted. In all other particulars the motor driven machines are the same as the combined hand and power machines.

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FIG. 11665.

## NO. 7 POWER PIPE MACHINE.



FIG. 11666.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11686.

This machine has capacity for threading and cutting off pipe from M<sup>\*</sup> to 2\* inclusive. It is regularly furnished with quick opening, adjustable dies, right hand, for threading all diameters of pipe from M<sup>\*</sup> to 2\* inclusive. Countershaft, oil pot and cutting-off attachment. A crank is also provided for operating the trachine by hand power. When desired, an automatic oil pump is supplied at extra cost. Attachments for threading bolts and tapping nuts, as shown on pages 344 and 345 can also be furnished.

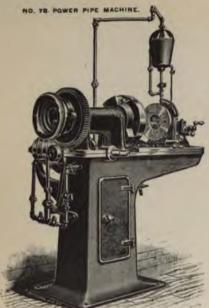
Countershaft has three pulleys, one tight and two looss, 12" diameter for 3" belt.

Speed of countershaft, 200 revolutions per minute.

Cone has three steps for 3" belt.

Floor space 2' 4" z 4' Weight, 875 lbs.

341



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11887.

Machine has capacity for threading and cutting off pipe from 14" to 3" inclusive. It is regularly furnished with right hand, quick opening, adjustable dies to handle all sizes of pipe within this range, cutting-off attachment, oil pump and countershaft. Solid die attachment, nipple holder and attachments for threading bolts and tapping nuts, as described on page 344 two loose pulleys, 14" x 4" and should run 200 revolutions per minute, Cone has four steps for 31½" belt. Floor space, 43" x 4" 4". Weight, 1,325 lbs.

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NOS. 9 AND 11 POWER PIPE MACHINES.



## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11068.

These machines are furnished with right hand, quick opening, adjustable dies for all sizes of pipe within the limits of their capacities as below noted, cutting off attachment, oil pump and countershaft. Solid die attachments, nipple holder and bolt and nut attachments as shown on page 344 can be supplied at extra cost.

	No. y.	No. 11.
Capacity	1" to 4"	115" to 6"
Countershaft pul-		
leys*	14" = 4"	14" x 4"
Speed of counter-		
shaft, revolutions		
per minute	200	200
Floor space	3' x 0'	3' 3" × 0'
Weight	2,500 lbs.	2,650 lbs.

<sup>\*</sup> One tight and two loose pulleys.

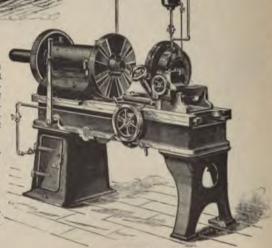
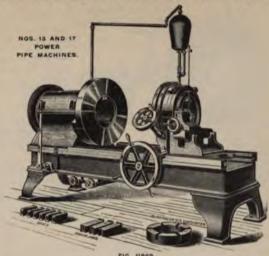


FIG. 11008.

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## PIPE THREADING AND CUTTING-OFF MACHINES.



### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11669.

These machines are furnished with full set of right-hand, quiek-opening, adjustable dies for threading all sizes of pipe within the capacities below mentioned, cutting-off attachment, oil pump and countershaft. Nipple holder, shows on page 344, can be supplied at extra cost.

	No. 12.	No. 17.
Capacity	215" to 8"	235° to 12°
Countershaft pulleys*	18" x 4"	18" x 4"
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per min-		
ule	200	200
Floor space	3'8"x8'3"	4' x 10'
MILES.	m none III	D DOD II

<sup>\*</sup> One tight and two loose pulleys.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11670.

All sizes of machines shown in Figs. 11666 to 11669 inclusive can be fitted with electric motor drive as here shown, when so desired. In making inquiry for prices of motor-driven machines, care should be taken to state the nature of electric current available at the place where machine is to be installed.

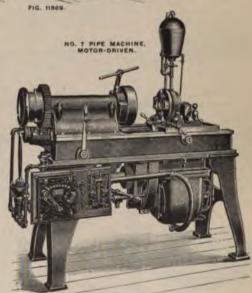


FIG. 11070.

## PIPE THREADING AND CUTTING-OFF MACHINES.

## SOLID DIE HOLDER.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11671.

Suitable for use on machines shown on proreding pages

The solid die holder can be attached to machines by first removing the die bead cover and adjustable dies from die head. The solid die frame is for the purpose of using 21/2" x 3/2" dies. 1" and smaller in solid die holder.

For pipe ma-chine, Non. Range of 14" to 2" 14" to 2" 15" to 2" 134" to 2"

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## FIG. 11671

#### NIPPLE HOLDER.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11672.

Suitable for use on machines shown on preceding pages

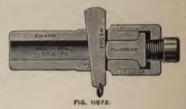
Suitable for use on macaines above on precaming pages.

Place shank part of nipple budier into pipe gripping chuck. Serew nipple which is to be threaded into collar as shown in cut, then drive in the wedge lightly. To remove nipple, drive wedge back, which releases the plunger, allowing nipple to be removed by hand.

A complete nipple bolder consists of one shank only, and separate collars for each size of nipple, the collars all being threaded to fit the same size

shank.

No...... 7 8 9 10 Takes... 415" to 6" 235" to 6" 415" to 8" 7" to 10"



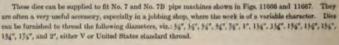
## BOLT THREADING DIES.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11673.



DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11674 AND 11675.

For use with No. 7 and No. 7B pipe machines shown in Figs. 11666 and 11667. Taps can be furnished for either United States standard thread in diameters as follows thread in diameters as follows via: 54", 54", 54", 54", 74", 11, 114", 114", 114", 114", 114", 114", 175", and 2". A sepa-rate socket is required for each diameter of tap.



# FIG. 11674

TAP SOCKET. # CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O dienaminaminaminamina

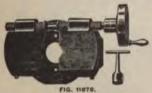


## NUT GRIPPING CHUCK.

This chuck is for use on all sizes of pipe machines shown in Figs. 11666 to 11670 inclusive. It is interchangeable with the die head cover and pipe dies regularly furnished with the machine. Chuck for No. 7 machine holds note up to 11/5" diameter. and for larger machines up to 2" diameter.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11676.

FIG. 11675.



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## PIPE THREADING AND CUTTING-OFF MACHINES.

DIE HEAD AND CHUCK.





FIG. 11677.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11677.

When it is desired to thread bolts on the No. 0 and No. 11 pipe machines (Fig. 11668), it is necessary to use both of these attachments. They can also be used for threading pipe of smaller diameter than that which will be handled by the regular machine. Each die head is regularly furnished with V or United States standard bolt dies from \$5° to 2° inclusive, but pipe dies may be substituted, it desired.

## B AND K NO. 2 IMPROVED PIPE MACHINE.



FIG. 11678.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11678.

This machine is designed to meet the demand for a good, strong, quick acting combination pipe and bolt threading machine at a reasonable price. It will cut and thread all sizes of pipe from \$4'' to 2'' and bolts \$5'' to 2''. The bed is long and travel of carriage ample. The chuck is of the universal type and very strong. With a special cut grip, and a chuck with shank for holding tap, nuts can readily be tapped on the machine.

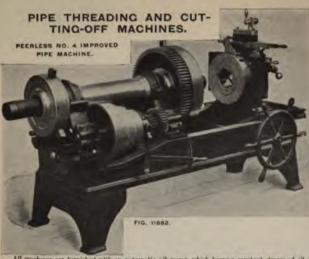
Regular equipment consists of right hand pipe dies to thread from \( \mathcal{M}''\) to 2" inclusive, cutting off attachment, automatic oil pump and countershaft having pulleys 12" x 3" which should run 260 revolutions per minute. Bolt dies and holder for solid dies are supplied at extra cost only.

This machine can be furnished to operate by hand power if so desired.

Weight, 1,000 lbs.

Floor space, 24" x 36".

A



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11882.

The goars are all mack cut from the solid, and with sliding gears and a three a cone pulley six speeds are tainable.

All machines are furnished with an automatic oil pump, which keeps a constant stream of oil on the dies and cutting-off knife. In threading pipe 2½° and under, always use the bushing to stiffen the dies.

Regular equipment consists of right hand dies for pipe from 1° to 4°, countershaft and wrench.

250 Expending the pulleys all years and a stream of oil on the dies and cutting-off knifes.

250 Expending the pulleys all years and a stream of oil on the dies and cutting-off knifes.

250 Expending the pulleys all years and cutting-off knifes.

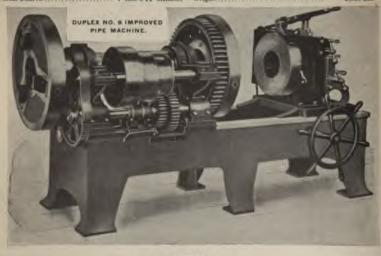
250 Expending the pulleys all years and cutting-off knifes.

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Description on following page.

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## PIPE THREADING AND CUTTING-OFF MACHINES.

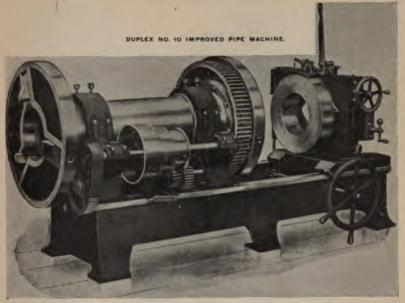


FIG. 11684.

## DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11683 TO 11685.

Casing dies can be furnished for all standard sizes within the capacity of the machine, and may be substituted for standard pipe dies or furnished extra-

The gears are all machine cut, from solid metal, and great care has been taken to give them ample strength to sustain the most severe service.

The chucks are massive and identical in design, each having three independent jaws operated by powerful acrews. Tempered steel grips are devetailed into the ends of the jaws; these can be readily removed and resharpened. As the jaws are graduated on the face they can be easily set for any size of pipe.

Special flange grippers are placed on the outside of the jaws of the rear chuck. They will be found very convenient when making up flanges or flanged fittings.

The die head is heavy and substantial and is equipped with the Peerless adjusting mechanism, which is exceedingly simple and yet absolutely accurate. Duplicate threads of exact gauge can always be obtained and the gauge can be varied by 1-1000 of an inch. All adjustments are made by hand and the dies are inserted in the head without removing any of the parts.

The cutting-off tool and sready slides are on the back of the die stand, the latter being equipped with interchangeable steel facings.

An automatic oil pump is placed in the bed of the machine and the oil is delivered directly to the dies and cutting-off tool.

The cone pulley has three steps, and by means of a compound shifting gear two speeds for the arbor can be obtained from each step of the pulley.

The learings are all of ample proportions, and well babbitted, and all wearing parts are large and accurately fitted.

For table of capacities and specifications we following page.

FIG. 11685.

## SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11883 TO 11885.

	No. 6.	No. 8.	No. 10.	No. 12.	No. 14.	No. 15.
Capacity	114" to 6"	234" to 8"	335" to 10"	4" to 12"	7" to 16"	7" to 18"
Number of sets of dies furnished	10	9	9	0	8	8
Number of chasers per set of dies	6	0	8	8	12	12
Size of two loose pulleys on countershaft	16" x 8"	16' x 8'	18" x 8"	18' x 8'	18" x 10"	18" x 10"
Size of tight pulley on countershaft	10" x 4"	16" x 4"	18" x 4"	18" x 4"	18" x 5"	18° x 5°
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per						
minute	250	250	250	250	250	250
Floor space	37" x 96"	38" x 100"	42° x 122°	43" x 120"	51" x 132"	51 x 132
Weight	3,850 lbs.	5,500 lbs.	7,500 lbs.	9,000 the	11,500 lbs.	12,000 lbs.

## TAPPING MACHINE CRANK CHUCKS.

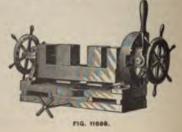
## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11686.

This chuck was designed for holding pipe fittings for tapping, but is useful for other purposes as well.

No. 2 holds pipe fittings 34" to 3".

No. 3 holds pipe fittings 35" to 0".

No. 4 holds pipe fittings 1" to 8".



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## BOLT CUTTING MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11687.

Capacity: Cuta 34", 36", 34", 36", 36", 36", 36". Weight, 275 lbs.

Each machine is furnished with tap chuck, wrench and solid die holder, and can be supplied in three styles, as follows:

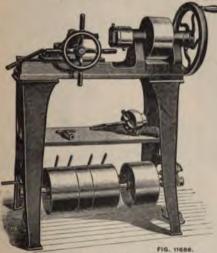
- A. Without taps and dies.
- B. With taps and solid dies.
- C. With taps and adjustable dies.

Note: This machine can also be furnished without

legs, to mount on beach, if so desired.

## NO. 1 IMPROVED POWER BOLT CUTTER AND NUT TAPPER.

WITH SINGLE PULLEY AND COUNTERSHAFT.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11889.

signed especially for threading work from \( \frac{4}{5}\) of \( \frac{1}{5}\) inclusive, either \( \text{ir}\) for the Add.

Cone, \( \frac{5}{3}\), \( \frac{7}{3}\), and \( \frac{9}{3}\); in diameter for \( 2\) \( \frac{5}{2}\) of countershaft with 10° x at pulleys, 200 revolutions per minute. or space, \( \frac{3}{7}\) the \( \frac{1}{3}\) the \( \frac{1}{3}\) of revolutions per minute. or space, \( \frac{3}{7}\) the \( \frac{1}{3}\) in \( \frac{1}{3}\) of \( \frac{1}{3}\) at \( \frac{1}{3}\) of \( \frac{1}{3}\) at \( \frac{1}{3}\) of \( \frac{1}{3}\)

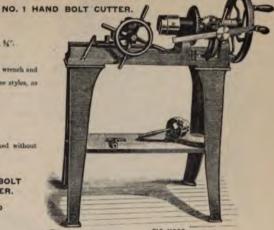


FIG. 11687.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11688.

Capacity: Cuts 14", 36", 36", 36", 36", 36", 36".
Weight, 350 lbs.
Size of pulley on spindle, 8" x 4".
Size of driving pulleys on countershaft, 9" x 5".
Each machine is furnished with tap-buck, wrench, and olid die holder, and can be supplied in three styles, as allows:

A. Without taps and dies.

B. With taps and solid dies.
C. With taps and solid dies.
C. With taps and adjustable dies.
Note: Machine can be furnished without legs, to mount on bench, if desired.

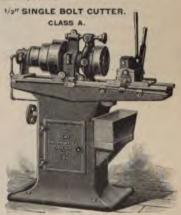


FIG. 11689.





capacity and can be furnished in the same styles as machine shown in Fig. 11691. The only difference being that it has short logs, making it mitable to mount on a bench. Weight, 225 lbs.

FIG. 11692.

## BOLT CUTTING MACHINES.

I" AND 11/4" SINGLE BOLT CUTTERS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11693.

#### 1" MACHINE.

vitable for threading and tapping ½" to 1",
right or left hand. Cone, 8", 10", and 12" in
tter for 3" belt. Speed of countershaft with
4" pulleys, 250 revolutions per minute,
cared 3½ to 1.
oor space, 6" x 2" 3".
roas weight, 1,700 lbs.
et weight, 1,500 lbs.
et weight, 1,500 lbs.
et weight, 1,500 lbs.
The counterparts of:
Pump, countershaft, wrenches and automatic
die head.
T acts of cap dies, ½", 3%", ½", 3%", 34", 3%",
1".
T acts of cap dies, ½", 3%", 34", 3%", 34", 3%",
1",
T aut taps as per dies.

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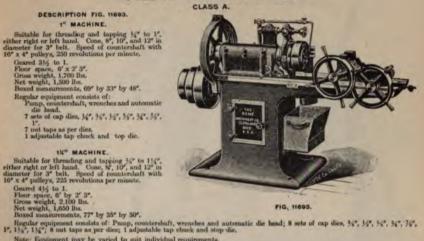
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7 nut taps as per dies. 1 adjustable tap chuck and top die.

### 1%" MACHINE.

Note: Equipment may be varied to suit individual requirements.



## 1" AND 11/4" SINGLE BOLT CUTTERS.

CLASS B.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11694.

### I" MACHINE.

Suitable for threading and tapping M\* to 1\*, either right or left hand. Cone, 8\*, 10\*, and 12\* in diameter for 3\* belt. Speed of countershaft with 10\* x 4\* pul-leys, 250 revolutions per minute.

geared 4½ to 1.
Floor space, 5' 3" by 2".
Gross weight, 1,500 lbs.
Net weight, 1,200 lbs.
Boxed measurements, 66" by 33" by 48".

Regular equipment consists of: Countershaft, wrenches, and automatic die bead. 6 rets of cap dies, 34", 34", 34", 34", 34", 1".
6 nut taps as per dies.
1 adjustable tap chuck and stop die.

## 1%" MACHINE.

Suitable for threading and tapping 3% to 114", either right or left hand. Cone, 8", 10", and 12" in diameter for 3" belt. Speed of countershaft with 10" x 4" pulleys, 225 revolutions per minute. Geared 414 to 1.

Floor space, 5' 6" by 2'.

Gross weight, 1,000 lbs.

FIG. 11694.

FIG. 11694.

Regular equipment consists of: Countershaft and wrenches, 8 sets of cap dies, \$5°, \$5°, \$4°, \$5°, \$4°, \$5°, \$1,00°, \$1,15°, \$1,15°, \$1,15°, \$1 nut tape as Note.

Note Production of the Countershaft and wrenches, 8 sets of cap dies, \$5°, \$5°, \$5°, \$4°, \$5°, \$4°, \$1,00°, \$1,15°, \$1,1

Note: Equipment may be varied to sait individual requirements.



### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11895.

Capacity, cuts 34", 34", 34", 34", M. W. P. 110, 110, 130, 130, 130. Weight, 500 lbs.

Machine is furnished with tap chuck wrenches and solid die holder, and may be supplied in three styles, as follows:

A .- Without taps and dies.

B.-With taps and solid dies, 36" to 136".

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C.-With taps and adjustable dies, 34" to 134".

Power machine.-This same machine can be furnished with cone pulley and countershaft for belt drive, if desired. Driving pulleys on countershaft, 10° x 254". Speed of countershaft, 100 revolutions per minute. In making inquiry, specify whether the hand or the power machine is wanted.

## 11/2" SINGLE BOLT CUTTER.

CLASS A.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11696.

Suitable for threading and tapping 34" to 134", either right or left hand. Cone, 8", 10\*, 12\*, and 14\* in diameter for 3\* belt. Speed of countershaft with 10" x 4" pulleys, 225 revolutions per minute. Geared 416 to L

Floor space, 6' by 2' 3".

Gross weight, 2,300 lbs.

Net weight, 1,750 lbs.

Boxed measurements, 80" by 35" by 50". Regular equipment consists of: Pump, countershaft, wrenches and au-

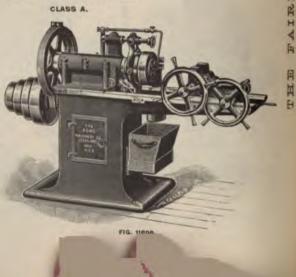
tomatic die head. 9 sets of cap dies, 36", 36", 36", 36",

1", 136", 136", 136", 136".

9 nut taps as per dies.

I adjustable tap chuck and stop die.

Note: The equipment may be varied to suit individual requirements.



## BOLT CUTTING MACHINES.

11/2" SINGLE BOLT CUTTER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11897.

Suitable for threading and tapping 34" to 11/2", either right or left hand. Cone, 8", 10", 12°, and 14° in diameter for 3° belt. Speed of countershaft with 16" x 4" pulleys, 225 revolutions per minute. Geared 41/2 to 1.

Floor space, 5' 9" by 2'.

Gross weight, 1,750 lbs.

Net weight, 1,500 lbs.

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Boxed measurements, 78" by 35" by 50".

Regular equipment consists of:

Countershaft, wrenches and automatic die head.

9 sets of cap dies, 34", 34", 34", 34", 1", 1965, 1965, 1965, 1965.

9 nut taps as per dies.

I adjustable tap chuck and stop die.

Note: Equipment may be varied to suit individual requirements.

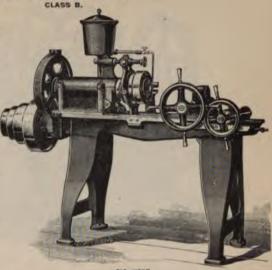


FIG. 11897.

2" SINGLE BOLT CUTTER. CLASS A.



FIG. 11698.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11698.

Suitable for threading and tapping 34" to 2", either right or left hand. Cone, 6", 10", 12", 14", and 16" in diameter for 3" belt. Speed of countershaft with 16° x 4" pulleys, 225 revolutions per minute. Geared 614 to 1.

Floor space, 7' 3" by 2' 7". Gross weight, 3,000 lbs.

Not weight, 2,400 lbs. Buxed measurements, 96° by 39° by

Regular equipment consists of:

Pump, countershaft, wrenches and automatic die head.

11 sets of cap dies, 34°, 54°, 54°, 54°, 34°, 34°, 134°, 134°, 134°, 134°, 134°, 2°, 11 nut taps as per dies.

I adjustable tap chuck and stop die.

Note: Equipment may be varied to suit individual requirements.



### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11895.

Machine is furnished with tap chuck wrenches and solid die helder, and may be supplied in three styles, as follows:

A.—Without tape and dies, B.—With tape and solid dies, 34" to 134".

C.—With tape and adjustable dies, 54" to 154".

Power machine.—This same machine can be furnished with cone pulley and countershaft for belt drive, if desired. Driving polleys on countershaft, 10° x 2½, ". Speed of countershaft, 100 revolutions per minute. In making inquiry, specify whether the hand or the power machine is wanted.

11/2" SINGLE BOLT CUTTER.

CLASS A.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11696.

Suitable for threading and tapping 5% to 11%, either right or left hand. Cone, 8\*, 10\*, 12\*, and 14\* in diameter for 3\* belt. Speed of countershaft with 10\* x 4\* pulleys, 225 revolutions per minute. Genred 4½ to 1.

Floor space, 6' by 2' 3". Gross weight, 2,300 lbs.

Net weight, 1,750 lbs.

Boxed measurements, 80° by 35° by 50°. Regular equipment consists of:

Pump, countershaft, wrenches and automatic die head.

9 sets of cap dies, 36", 36", 36", 36", 36", 36".
1", 136", 136", 136", 136".

9 nut tape as per dies.

I adjustable tap chuck and stop die.

Note: The equipment may be varied to dual requirements.



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## BOLT CUTTING MACHINES.

11/2" SINGLE BOLT CUTTER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11897.

Suitable for threading and tapping 34" to 114", either right or left hand. Cone, 8", 10", 12", and 14" in diameter for 3" belt. Speed of countershaft with 16" x 4" pulleys, 225 revolutions per minute. Geared 414 to 1.

Floor space, 5' 9" by 2'.

Gross weight, 1,750 lbs.

Net weight, 1,500 lbs.

Boxed measurements, 78° by 35° by 50°.

Regular equipment consists of:

Countershaft, wrenches and automatic die

9 sets of cap dies, 34°, 54°, 54°, 54°, 1°, 134°

9 nut taps as per dies.

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I adjustable tap chuck and stop die,

Note: Equipment may be varied to sait individual requirements.

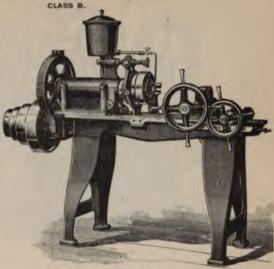


FIG. 11697.

2" SINGLE BOLT CUTTER. CLASS A.



FIG. 11696.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11698.

Suitable for threading and tapping % to 2°, either right or left hand. Cone, 8°, 10°, 12°, 14°, and 16° in diameter for 3° belt. Speed of countershaft with 16° x 4° pulleys, 225 revolutions per minute. Geared 6¼ to 1.

Floor space, 7' 3" by 2' 7". Grom weight, 3,000 lbs.

Net weight, 2,400 lbs.
Boxed measurements, 96° by 39° by

Regular equipment consists of:

Pump, countershaft, wrenches and automatic die head.

11 sets of cap dies, 36°, 36°, 36°, 36°, 36°, 36°, 136

1 adjustable tap chuck and stop die.

Note: Equipment may be varied to mit individual requirements.

B

## BOLT CUTTING MACHINES.

21/4" AND 21/2" SINGLE BOLT CUTTERS.

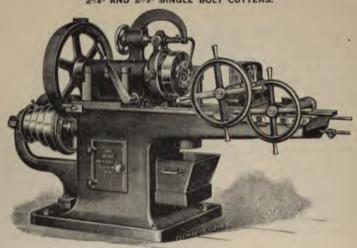


FIG. 11699.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11699.

### 24" MACHINE.

Suitable for threading and tapping 14" to 214", either right or left hand. Cone 8", 10", 12", and 14" in diameter for 3" belt. Speed of countershaft with 10" x 4" pulleys, 225 revolutions per minute. Genred 2714 to 1.

Floor space, 8' 2" by 3'. Gross weight, 3,800 lbs. Net weight, 3,100 lbs.

Net weight, 3,100 lbs.

Boxed measurements, 100° by 40° by 58°

Regular squipment consists of:

Pump, countershaft, wrenches and automatic die head.

13 sets of cap dies. 54°, 54°, 1°, 1)4°, 134°, 1

## 24" MACHINE.

Suitable for threading and tapping by "to 214", either right or left hand. Cone, 8", 10", 12", and 14" in diameter for 3" belt. Speed of counterchaft with 10" x 4" pullaye, 225 revolutions per minute. Geared 27% to 3.

Floor space, 8" 4" by 3",

Gross weight, 4,000 lbs.

Not weight, 3,300 lbs.

Boxed measurements, 100" by 40" by 58"

Boxed measurements, 100° by 40° by 50° Regular equipment consists of: Pump, countershaft, wrenches and automatic dischard. 13 sets of cap disc, 36°, 56°, 1°, 136°, 136°, 136°, 136°, 136°, 136°, 2°, 236°, 216°. 13 nut taps as per diss. I adjustable tap chuck and stop disc.

Note: Equipment may be varied to suit individual requirements.

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## BOLT CUTTING MACHINES.

3", 31/2", 4" AND 5" SINGLE BOLT CUTTERS.

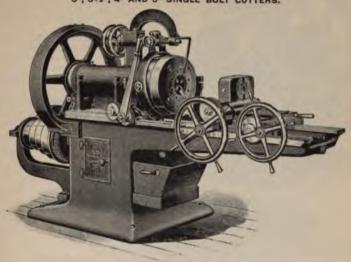


FIG. 11700.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11700.

Each machine is furnished with pump, countershaft, wrenches and automatic die head, also adjustable tap churk and stop die. The regular assortments of taps and dies can be varied to suit requirements. The following assortments will be supplied unless otherwise specified:

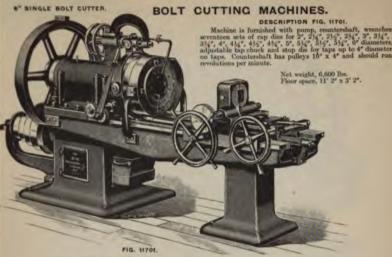
- 314" Machine.—15 sets of cap dies, 1", 114", 114", 114", 114", 114", 114", 114", 114", 2", 214", 214", 214", 314", 314", 314". 15 mut taps as per die
- 4" Machine —13 sets of cap dies, 1½", 1¾", 1¾", 1¾", 2", 2¾", 2½", 2½", 2¾", 3", 3¼", 3¾", 3¾", 3¾", 4".
  13 nut taps as per diex.
- 5" Machine.—15 sets of cap dies, 134", 134", 134", 134", 2", 234", 234", 234", 3", 334", 334", 334", 4", 435", 5". No taps.

## SPECIFICATIONS.

Sas of Marhine	9"	2.14*	4"	8"
Capacity*	34" to 3"	34" to 334"	1" to 4"	1" to 5"
Number of steps on cone pulley	4	4	4.	4
Width of belt on cone pulley	3"	34	4"	4"
Countershaft pulleys	16" × 4"	16" x 4"	16" × 4"	16" x 4"
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	225	225	200	200
Ratio of gearing.	2734 to 1	273£ to 1	27 % to 1	27% to 1
Net weight	3,500 lbs.	3,800 lbs.	4,400 lbs.	4,800 lba.
Floor space occupied	8'4" x 3"	8' 4" x 3'	9'7" x 3'	9'7" x 3'

<sup>\*</sup> Machine will cut either right or left hand, but it is understood that dies for right hand threads will be supplied unless otherwise specified,





## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11702.

d especially for threading work from )4" to 54" inclusive, either thand. Cone, 514", 714", and 914" in diameter for 235" d of countershaft with 16" x 4" pulleys, 200 revolutions per

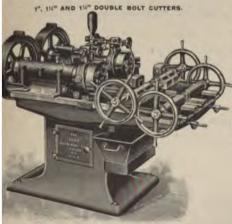


FIG. 11703.

## 1-2" DOUBLE BOLT CUTTER.

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FIG. 11702.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11703.

Each machine is amplied with pump, countend wrenches and automatic, also adjustable tap of and stop die. Countershaft has pulleys 16° diam

## BOLT CUTTING MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11703.—Continued.

by 4" face and should run 225 revolutions per minute. The following assortments of dies and taps will be supplied unless otherwise specified.

1" Machine.—Twelve sets of cap dies, two sets each, 34", 34", 34", 34"; one set each 34", 1".

7 nut taps as per dies.

134" Machine.—Thirteen acts of cap dies, two sets each 34", 34", 54", 34", 34"; one set each 1", 134", 134".

8 nut taps as per dies.

1)4" Machine.—Fourteen sets of cap dies, two sets each 34", 34", 34", 34", 15", 10: one set each 1)4", 134", 134", 134".

9 nut taps as per dies.

1" machine weighs 2,200 lbs.

1347 machine weighs 2,500 lbs.

134" machine weighs 2,700 lbs.

2" DOUBLE BOLT CUTTER.



FIG. 11704.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11704.

Each machine is furnished with pump, countershaft, wrenches, automatic, adjustable tap chuck and stop die.

Countershaft has pulleys 16" diameter by 4" face and should run 225 revolutions per minute.

2º machine weighs 4,200 lbs.

214 machine weighs 5,800 lbs.

The following assortments of dies and taps will be furnished unless otherwise specified:

2" Machine.—Twenty sets of cap dies, two sets each 34", 34", 34", 34", 154", 134", 134", 134", 134"; one set each 134", 2".
11 nut taps as per dies.

234" Machine.—Twenty-four sets of cap dies, two sets each 34", 34", 134", 134", 134", 134", 134", 134", 134", 134", 134", 23; and one set each 234", 234".

13 nut taps as per dies.

## BOLT CUTTING MACHINES.

1" AND 11/2" TRIPLE BOLT CUTTERS.

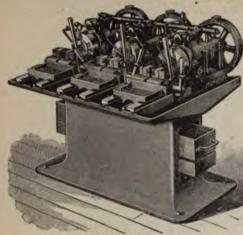


FIG. 11705.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11706.
This machine is designed es-

pecially for manufacturing purposes, to produce as large a quantity of work as is possible for a single operator to handle and

still run the machine at a rate of speed that will insure long life to the machine and dies and produce perfect work. Cone, 8",

10°, 12°, 14°, 16° in diameter for 3° belt. Speed of countershaft

with 16" x 4" pulleys, 160 revolutions per minute.

134", 134", 2".

Floor space, 6' 5" x 5'.

Gross weight, 5,500 lbs.

Net weight, 4,800 lbs.

Boxed measurements, 66" x

60" x 60".

Each machine is furnished with pump, counterahaft, wrenches, automatic, and eleven sets of cap dies, one set each ½", 54", 54", 34", 1", 1½", 1½", 1½", 1½",

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11705.

These machines are designed especially for manufacturing purposes, to produce as large a quantity of work as is possible for a single operator to handle and still run the machine at a rate of speed that will insure long life to the machine and dies and produce perfect work.

Each machine is furnished with pump, countershaft and automatic.

The following assortments of dies will be supplied unless otherwise specified.

1" Machine.—Six sets of cap dies, one set each 36", 34", 34", 34", 34", 1".

134" Machine.—Nine sets of cap dies, one set each 34", 54", 34", 34", 1", 134", 134", 134", 134".

SPECIFICATIONS.	
1"	130
t pulleys 16" x 4"	16" x 4"
ntershaft 175	160

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2" TRIPLE BOLT CUTTER.

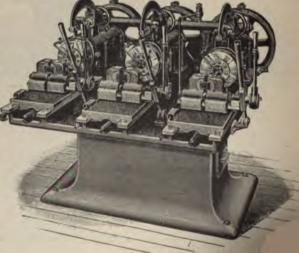


FIG. 11708.

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Countershaft

This machine was designed for locomotive and marine boiler shops. When equipped with lead screw attachments, will thread a stay bolt 39° long of absolutely correct pitch. It is suitable for threading and tapping 34° to 114°, either right or left hand. Cone 8°, 10°, 12° and 14° in diameter for 3° belt. Speed of counterslaft with 18° x 4° pulleys, 225 revolutions per minute. Geared 415 to 1. Will entire 130° in length without re-gripping. Each machine is furnished

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DESCRIPTION FIG. 11707.

Each machine is furnished with pump, countershaft, wren-ches, automatic and 9 sets of cap dies, 15°, 75°, 75°, 75°, 71°, 115° 2,000 lbs.

" For description of lead serew assachment, see page 362

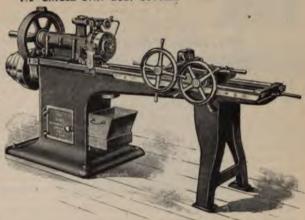


FIG. 11707.

11/2" DOUBLE STAY BOLT CUTTER.

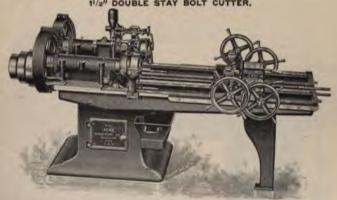


FIG. 11708.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11708.

This machine was designed for locomotive and marine boiler shops. When equipped with lead screw attachment, will thread at one time two stay bolts 36° long of absolutely correct pitch. It is suitable for threading and tapping %° to 1½°, either right or left hand. Come, 8°, 10°, 12° and 14° in diameter for 3° belt. Speed of countershaft with 10° x 4° pulleys, 225 revolutions per minute. Genred 4½ to 1. Will cut 36° in length without re-gripping.

whine is regularly furnished with pump, countershaft, wrenches and automatic, also 14 sets of cap dies, two sets each, 1\*, one set each 154, 154, 154, 154, 194, 194, 195, as per dies, adjustable tap chuck and stop die.

\* For description of lead serve attachment, see page 302.

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## BOLT CUTTING MACHINES.

### LEAD SCREW AND BRONZE NUTS.

Can be applied to all Acme bolt cutters, described on preceding pages, during course of construction only.





FIG. 11709.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11709.

The lead serew of a bolt cutter and that of a lathe differ very materially with regard to their natural wear. The bolt cutter produces a full thread usually with one cut, and in so doing strains the lead screw much more than the lathe would do by producing the same thread in several cuts. This is owing to the difference of pressure upon the screw when cutting threads, and if a long train of gears are used to drive the lead screw, there will necessarily be too much lost motion to produce threads of a perfect pitch.

Our power feed attachment can be applied to Acme bolt cutters of all sizes during the course of construction, but not after the machines are in operation, as a special head stock and carriage are required in order to use the lead screw. The object of using this device is to produce coarse beatard threads true to pitch, and also to act as a feed when milling round work. In cutting ordinary threads, such as United States and Whitworth standards, this attachment is not necessary on the Acme bolt cutters. We especially recommend this attachment for stay bolt work.

The spindle to which the lead screw is attached is driven directly from the main spindle with two spur gears, thus reducing the lost motion between the dies and the lead screw to the smallest possible amount. The lead screws are made short, and they can be changed from one pitch to another in less than three minutes. The carriage is supplied with a bronze split nut opened and closed by hand, by means of a cam disk and lever conveniently arranged.

## BOLT POINTING MACHINES.

1-2" POINTING MACHINE.

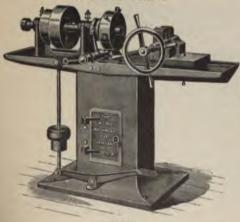


FIG. 11710.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11710.

Suitable for shaping and finishing the points of bolts and stude 34" to 14". Cone, 8" and 10" in diameter for 4" belt. Speed of countershaft with 16" x 4" pulleys, 200 revolutions per minute.

This machine is supplied with a plunger pump bolted to a bracket in the column. The discharge pipe passes through the hollow steel spindle and conveys the lubricant directly upon the cutter. The carriage is stationary, and has steel lined vise jaws to grip rods and bendless work of any length. The vise jaws are arranged also to receive holders for square, hexagon, and other shape bolt heads. The pointing head is moved forward by means of a foot treadle and returned by the counterweight. The cutting tool is made of square has steel, shaped to any form of point desired. It can be removed, ground and replaced in a few minutes.

Floor space, 4' 9" by 2'. Gross weight, 1,200 lbs.

Net weight, 900 lbs.

Boxed measurements, 60° by 26° by 46°,

## BOLT POINTING MACHINES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11711.

Suitable for shaping and finishing the points of bolts and stude 3% to 1%. Cone, 8° and 10° in diameter for 4° belt. Speed of countershaft with 16° x 4° pulleys, 125 revolutions per minute.

with 10° x 4° pulleys, 125 revolutions per minute. This machine is supplied with a planger pump bolted to a brackst in the column. The discharge pipe passes through the hollow steel spindle and conveys the lubricant directly upon the cutter. The carriage has steel lined vise jaws to grip rods and headless work of any jaws to grip rods and headless work of any length; they are arranged also to receive holders for square, bexagon and other shape bolt heads. When pointing small diameters the pointing head is moved forward by means of the foot treadle and when pointing 3½° diameter and above, the geared carriage is used to force the work against the cutter. This is much more rapid than the treadle on large work. The cutting tool is made of square her ateel, shaped to any form of point desired. It can be removed, ground and re-placed in a few minutes.

desired. It can be removed, ground and replaced in a few minutes.

Each machine is furnished with countershaft, wrenches, and 6 sets of cutting tools, 34°, 34°, 34°, 54°, 54°, 18°.

Floor space, 5′ 2° by 2°.

Gross weight, 1,700 lbs.

Boxed measurements, 64° by 28° by 50°.

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I" POINTING MACHINE.

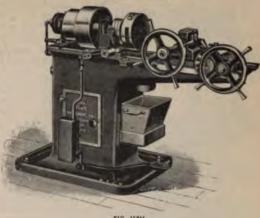


FIG. 11711.

## TH" AND 2" POINTING MACHINES.



FIG. 11712.

14" 2" 16" x 4" 16" x 4" . 250 225 .6' x 2' 3'6' x 2' 3" 1,700 lbs.2,000 lbs. 2.100 lbs.2.600 fbs

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11712.

These machines are supplied with a plenger pump bolted to a bracket in the column. The discharge pipe passes through the hollow spindle and conveys the lubricant directly upon the cutter. The carriage has steel lined vise jaws to grip rods and beadless work of any length; they are arranged also to receive holders for square, hexagon and other shape bolt heads. The cutting tool is made of square bar steel, shaped to any form of point desired. It can be removed, ground and replaced in a few minutes.

The 11/2" machine is suitable for shaping and finishing points of bolts and studs from 35" to 335", and is regularly supplied with countershaft, wrenches, and 9 sets of cutting tools, 34", 56", 36", 36", 1", 136", 134", 156", and 134"

The 2" machine is suitable for shaping and finishing points of bolts and studs from 14" to 2", and is regularly furnished with 11 sets of cutting tools, 34", 34", 34", 34", P. 1965, 1965, 1965, 1965, 1965, and 25,

## NUT TAPPING MACHINES.

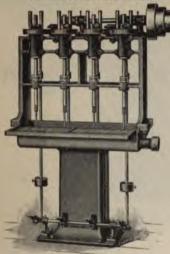


FIG. 11713.

Each machine is furnished with pump, countershaft, wrenches, chip pans, 6 quick acting spring sockets and 6 tapper taps, one each, 34", 34", 34", 34", 34", and 1"

Countershaft has pulleys 16" x 4" and should run 300 revolutions per minute.

## FOUR SPINDLE MACHINE.

435 to 1
3% to 1

SIX SPINDLE MACHINE.	
Geared:	
First pair of epindles	4% to 1
Second pair of spindles	334 to 1
Third pair of spindles	236 to 1
Floor space, 6' 6" by 3' 5".	
Orom molabe A 500 Hos	

Boxed measurements, 90° by 46° by 82°

Net weight, 3,800 lbs.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11713.

Suitable for tapping 1/2" to 1/2", either square or hexagon nuts. Cone, 8", 10°, and 12" in diameter for 2° belt. Speed of countershaft with 16° x 4° pulleys, 280 revolutions per minute.

The four spindles on this machine are driven by gearing like our ordinary tappers, except that each alternate gear is of compressed raw hide, so that when the machine is run at a high rate of speed it is comparatively noiscless. The connection between the tap spindle and gear sleeve is made by a simple positive clutch. Each spindle may be stopped at the will of the operator.

Machine is furnished with countershaft, wrenches and 4 tapper taps, one each, 34", 36", 34", and 34".

Floor space, 3' 2" by 3' 1". Gross weight, 1,600 lbs. Net weight, 1,200 lbs. Boxed measurements, 79° by 54° by 29°.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11714.

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These machines have adjustable nut holders and quick acting sockets. Taps can be removed and replaced while the machine runs at full speed or each spindle may be stopped at will. The spindles are counterbalanced to prevent the breaking of taps, which are sometimes broken by heavy spindles. Each pair of spindles run at different speeds, but can be arranged to run at one speed if desired.

## " FOUR AND SIX SPINDLE NUT TAPPER



FIG. 11714. SHOWS SIX SPINDLE MACHINE.

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#### FOUR SPINDLE MACHINE

Geared: 

Floor space, 6' by 3' 7". Gross weight, 5,300 lbs.

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回 山 H Net weight, 4,400 lba: Boxed measurements, 91" by 50" by 79".

#### SIX SPINDLE MACHINE.

Geared: 

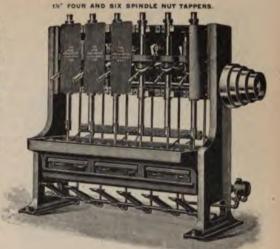


FIG. 11715. SHOWS SIX SPINDLE MACHINE.

2" FOUR AND SIX SPINDLE BACK GEARED NUT TAPPERS.

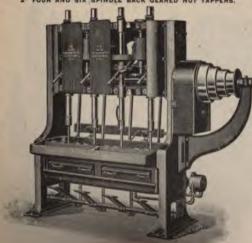


FIG. HTM. SHAWE FRUE SEINDLE MACHINE.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11718.

Similar to 11/2" machines, but strongly back geared. Each machine is furnished with pump, countershaft, wrenches, chip pans, 11 quick acting spring sockets and 11 tapper taps, one each, 34°, 56°, 56°, 56°, 1°, 136°, 136°, 136°, 136°, 136°, 2°. Countershaft has pulleys 16" x 4" and should run 300 revolutions per minute.

## FOUR SPINDLE MACHINE.

First pair of spindles	2235 to 1
Second pair of spindles	1714 to 1
Floor space, 7' 2" by 3' 7"	
Gross weight, 5,800 lbs.	
Net weight, 5,000 lbs.	
Boxed measurements, 92° by 50° by	89".

### SIX SPINDLE MACHINE.

Geared:		
First pair of spindles	2234 to	İ
Second pair of spindles	1714 10	į
Third pair of spindles	13% to	Ä

Floor space, 9' 10" by 3' 7". Gross weight, 7,300 lbs. Net weight, 6,500 lbs.

Boxed measurements, 123° by 48° by 89°.

## NUT TAPPING MACHINES.

1-2" FOUR SPINDLE NUT TAPPER.

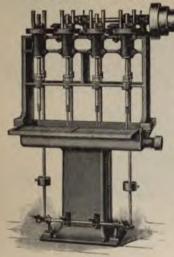


FIG. 11713.

Each machine is furnished with pump, countershaft, wrenches, chip pans, 6 quick acting spring sockets and 6 tapper taps, one each, 36", 36", 36", 34", 74", and 1"

Countershaft has pulleys 10° x 4° and should run 300 revolutions per minute.

## FOUR SPINDLE MACHINE.

Geared:	
First pair of spindles,	436 to 1
Second pair of spindles	314 to 1
Floor space, 4' 11° by 3' 5".	
Gross weight, 3,500 lbs.	
Net weight, 3,000 lbs.	
Boxed measurements, 64° by 46° by 70°.	

## SIX SPINDLE MACHINE.

water being out abstraction	
Second pair of spindles	
Third pair of spindles	
Floor space, 6' 6" by 3' 5".	
Gross weight, 4,500 lbs.	
Nat maleby 9 900 lbs	

Boxed measurements, 90° by 46° by 82°

Gesred:

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11713.

Suitable for tapping ½" to ½", either square or hexagon nuts. Cons. 3", 10", and 12" in diameter for 2" belt. Speed of countershaft with 16" x 4" pulleys, 280 revolutions per minute.

The four spindles on this machine are driven by gearing like our ordinary tappers, except that each alternate goar is of compressed raw hide, so that when the machine is run at a high rate of speed it is comparatively noiseless. The connection between the tap spindle and gear sleeve is made by a simple positive clutch. Each spindle may be stopped at the will of the operator.

Machine is furnished with countershaft, wrenches and 4 tapper taps, one each,  $34^a$ ,  $54^a$ ,  $34^a$ ,  $34^a$ , and  $34^a$ .

Floor space, 3' 2" by 3' 1". Gross weight, 1,600 lbs. Not weight, 1,200 lbs. Boxed measurements, 79" by 54" by 29".

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11714.

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These machines have adjustable nut holders and quick acting sockets. Taps can be removed and replaced while the machine runs at full speed or each spindle may be stopped at will. The spindles are countertelanced to prevent the breaking of taps, which are sometimes broken by heavy spindles. Each pair of spindles run at different speeds, but can be arranged to run at one speed if desired.

## 1" FOUR AND SIX SPINDLE NUT TAPPER.

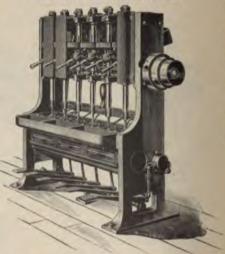


FIG. 11714. SHOWS BIX SPINDLE MACHINE.

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Geared:	-
First pair of spindles	534 to 1
Second pair of spindles	454 to 1
Floor space, 6' by 3' 7".	

Gross weight, 5,300 ms. Net weight, 4,400 lbs. Boxed measurements, 91° by 50° by 70°.

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Geared:	
First pair of spindles	536 to 1
Second pair of spindles	416 to 1
Third pair of spindles.	336 to 1

Floor space, 8° 2° by 3′ 7°. Gross weight, 6,800 lbs. Net weight, 6,000 lbs. Boxed measurements, 104° by 48° by 83°.

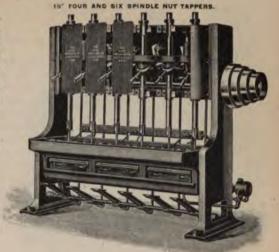


FIG. 11715. SHOWS SIX SPINDLE MACHINE.

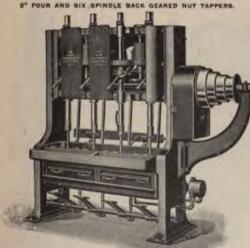


FIG. 11718. SHOWS FOUR SPINDLE MACHINE.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11716.

Similar to 11/2" machines, but strongly back genred. Each machine is furnished with pump, countershaft, wrenches, chip pans, 11 quick acting spring sockets and 11 tapper taps, one each, 34°, 56", 56", 56", 1", 136", 136", 136", 136", 136", 2". Countershaft has pulleys 16" x 4" and should run 300 revolutions per minute.

### FOUR SPINDLE MACHINE.

Geared:	
First pair of spindles	2235 to 1
Second pair of spindles	1734 to 1
Floor space, 7' 2" by 3' 7"	
Gross weight, 5,800 lbs.	
Not weight 5 000 lbs	

# Boxed measurements, 92° by 50° by 89°.

SIX SPINULE MACHINE			
Geared:			
First pair of spindles,	2234	to	t
Second pair of spindles	1734	to	1
Third pair of spindles	1354	to	1
Floor space, 9' 10" by 3' 7".			

Gross weight, 7,300 lbs. Net weight, 6,500 lbs.

Boxed measurements, 123° by 48° by 59°.

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## NUT FINISHING MACHINES.



FIG. 11717

The double headed nut milling machine has two independent head-stocks, each provided with an improved adjustable cotter, the teeth of which are made of ½" square steel, and are 4" in length. A set of nut arbors from 5% to 1½" are Jurnished with machine. There is also a device provided for setting the nuts in position on the arbors, so that they will some exactly square with the face of the cutter when they are placed for milling, and no further setting is required. The machine mills two sides of from twelve to twenty nuts at once, depending on the thickness of the nuts.

Machines will be sold separately if so desired.

### DESCRIPTION FIGS. HTTT AND HTTB.

When used in conjunction, these two machines make a very efficient plant for finishing nuts. The nut facing machine has many advantages over a lathe or ordinary facing machine. The tools for facing can be made 12° long, the profiles desired are planed or milled in lengthwise on the faces of them, and lool is ground on the end and always retains its shape; the tools are tempered the whole length, and no dressing is required. A pair of sample tools is furnished with each machine, and arbors from \$4° to 134° are furnished with the machine.

An important feature of this tool is a device for reaming the burr from the thread. A small tool is held in the carriage and operates on the nut the same time it is being faced, requiring only one operation to face the nut and ream the burr from the thread.

DOUBLE-HEADED NUT MILLING MACHINE.



FIG. 11718.

## BOLT HEADING, UPSETTING AND FORGING MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11719 TO 11723.

The hed is made in the box form with three deep longitudinal trusses, strengthened by a transverse truss through the box, which distribution of metal gives great strength to the bed, and the bearing next to the fly wheel is further strengthened with a steel tie-beam.

The shaft is of the best forged iron, or of fluid compressed steel, made with a clutch bub and two double disk cranks from one solid forging, and is carried in three large bearings. The face of the bearings being inclined toward the front of the machine at an angle of 45 degrees brings the thrust of the forging tools against solid metal and relieves the main caps and cap bolts from all strain.

The clutch hub has a mortise in which is fitted a tool steel pin. This pin engages with the clutch by placing the foot on the treadle and is automatically disengaged when the foot is removed, so that when making special forgings one or more blows can be given as may be required to finish the work, or the machine may be run continuously by throwing in the treadle latch.

The fly wheel is bushed with bronze, which insures smooth running, good wear and quick repair.



FIG. 11719.

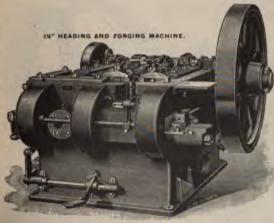


FIG. 11720.

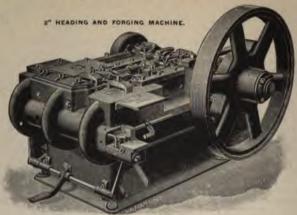
The slides are provided with phosphor bronze ways and east iron side gibs and run on hardened tool steel ways in the bed, to insure perfect alignment during years of service, and should the ways and gibs ever become worn they can be replaced in a shorttime without the trouble and expense of dismantling and removing the entire machine to the machine shop.

Stationary die block, movable die block and toggle block and slide are steel castings. The toggles are hardened tool steel forgings, running in bronze lusshings. All of these parts have ample bearings and resi on steel ways in the same manner as the main slides, so that none of the reciprocating parts wear on the bed.

The dies and plungers are of novel construction and will turn out perfect work with few blows or strokes, so that square and heragon head bolts are made in from two to three strokes, standard upsets at a single stroke and rivets at a single stroke right off the red.

The production, as will be seen, is limited only by the activity of the operator and the capacity of the furnace used. The latter playe a very important part and should be constructed from the most approved plans.

## BOLT HEADING, UPSETTING AND FORGING MACHINES.



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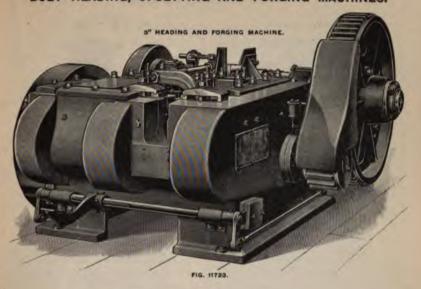
## DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11719 TO 11723.—Continued.



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## BOLT HEADING, UPSETTING AND FORGING MACHINES.



## DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11719 TO 11723.—Continued.

In addition to the office of the spring as a relief, it is also an adjustable time device. By time device we mean the time that the dies close and remain closed in relation to the advance of the heading plunger. For instance if rivets and small pieces are being made, it is necessary for the dies to remain closed an instant only. In making larger work, where it is desirable to gather more stock into the upset, the pitman that closes the dies may be lengthened (means for doing this being provided) so that the spring will compress as the machine goes over the center, and thus the dies will remain closed longer, the first eighth compression giving 3½" more stock in the upset and the second eighth giving 3½" more stock in the upset, and so on to the limit beyond which the material only folds into cold shuts. Thus it will be seen in addition to the relief being automatic, the time that the dies shall remain closed is adjustable to suit conditions.

This device has been thoroughly tried on the difficult jobs that long experience suggested as sure to try the machine to its limit and has been found to meet all requirements in a most satisfactory manner.

The parts in this machine are fewer in number, larger in their bearings and working surfaces, more convenient of access, less in the way in rapid operation and more self-contained than anything we have ever built in this line before.

The entire construction of the machine is the best that special tools, skilled workmen, long experience and efficient superintendence can make it.

These machines are built in nine sizes, 34", 1", 134", 132", 2", 2" geared, 235", 3" and 4". The five smaller sizes are furnished with countershaft, wrenches and one pair of sample dies each for making one diameter bolts, rivets and upsets. The four larger sizes are each furnished with countershaft, wrenches and one pair of bolt dies.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

Him.	K**	1*9	136**	136.1	2"1	2" Geared.	236"4	3.4	4**
Pleor space occupied Speed, revolutions per	5' 8" x 3' 6"	5' 4" x 7'	8' 4" x 7'	6' 2" x 8"	7' 5" x 9' 2"		8' 7" x 9' 3"	9' 4" x 10' 1"	0' 3" x 5' 10)4"
Speed, revolutions per minute. Net weight.	5,800 lbs.	10,000 lbs.	11,000 lbs.	17,000 lbs.	26,000 lbs.		36,000 lbs.	45,000 lbs.	76,000 lbs.

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## BOLT HEADING MACHINES.

## NO. 1 BOLT HEADER.



FIG. 11724.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11724.

The dies are made of either cast iron or steel, as desired. Weight, 225 lbs.

Boxed for export, 37+ x 23" x 13", 300 lbs.

## NO. 2 BOLT HEADER.



FIG. 11725.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11725.

Besed for export, 37" x 21" x 22", 490 lbs.

## NO. 2 EYE BENDER



## EYE BENDERS.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11726.

These machines bend hot stock and turn out perfect eyes and hooks, uniform in character and size.

Our system of gripping the end of the stock and carrying it around a forming pin, enables operator to turn eyes on the ends of long rods.

## BUILT IN THREE SIZES.

No. 1. Takes stock up to and including ½". Bends rings and eyes up to 2½", outside diameter.

No. 2. Takes stock up to and including M.\*. Bends rings and eyes up to 3"
outside diameter.

No. 3. Takes stock up to and including 13%, round or square. Bends syes up to 7" outside diameter.

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## EYE BOLT MACHINES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11727.

Handles iron up to 34" or even 34" in diameter and smaller. Has three dies, the two clamping dies as well as the rotating die. Stock is automatically clamped, bent, and discharged, and the mandrel automatically retreated. This machine is quite rapid in operation. The largest outside diameter which can be handled is 334". The largest automatically retreating mandrel is 194", but larger mandrels can be used if the work is palled off by hand.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11728.

The No. 2 eye bender possesses features which no other machine has, and in a general way we may say there is nothing like it made, possessing the capacity, range and other points for this class of work. It attracted a great deal of attention at the World's Fair.

This machine has an adjustable stroke. This is a great advantage. By shifting the stop a man may increase or shorten the stroke, so that if the iron is not bent quite far enough, it is

NO. 2 EVE BOLT MACHINE.

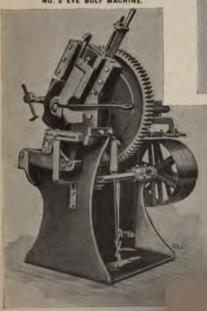


FIG. 11728.

NO. 1 EYE BOLT MACHINE.



FIG. 11727.

simply a matter of shifting the stop instead of having to file or change the dies, or make new dies. Also the short stroke is very useful for short bends. It is double geared and runs with a narrow belt. Has automatic stop, and if jammed will relieve itself automatically without danger of breaking. In connection with the automatic stop we also have a cushion and what may be called a by-pass, so that the machine will stop without excessive jar, and the intermediate gear pinions and pulleys may continue revolving and stop more slowly while the main shaft and the main gear have already stopped. The machine in fact has been greatly improved in the last few years, and is practically noiseless in operation.

The largest outside diameter that this machine will handle is 6°. The largest automatically retreating rounded is 2" in diameter, although if the work is pulled and a larger mandrel may be used, and this is

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#### TIRE BENDING MACHINES.

NO. I TIRE BENDER.



1G. 11729

Style E.—Hand machine with plain rolls.

Style F.—Hand machine with grooved rolls.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11730.

This machine is very powerful and especially designed for very heavy work, but is adapted to bending from the lightest to the heaviest tires, taking 1/4" to 1/4" thick and to 10" wide. The upper and lower stationary rolls are geared together by very strong gears, and so arranged that the tire can be taken out after bending without removing any of the gears or rolls by slipping the side bar or brace off from the shaft of the top roll, when it will swing down on lower stud er shaft. For bending iron edgewise it is furnished with collars, which are slipped over the rolls to form a groove; same collars are also used when bending very light tires for a small circle. Rolls are made of steel.

Geared 18 to 1.

Weight, 1,000 lbs.

Boxed for export, 43" x 43" x 34", 1,155 lbs.

Made in two styles, as follows:

Style I.—Complete for hand.

Style J.—Complete with 18" x 4" tight and loose pulleys for power.

Speed for pulleys, about 60 turns per minute.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11729.

#### NO. 1 MACHINE.

This is a strong and well made machine, having open side so that tires can be taken out without apringing. The bearings or track of carriages on all our tire benders replaned perfectly parallel, which insures the tire going through the rolls and the ends coming together perfectly square. A pair of grooved rolls for bending iron edgewise is furnished when ordered. Also tight and loose pulleys can be fitted to the machine for power when desired. It will bend tires from the lightest to 34" thick by 5" wide.

Genred 9 to 1.

Speed for pulleys about 120 turns per minute.

Weight, 500 lbs.

Boxed for export, 34" x 22" x 21", 550 lbs.

The machine is made in four styles, as follows:

Style A .- Hand machine, with plain rolls.

Style B.—Hand machine with grooved rolls.

Style C.—With plain rolls and  $16" \times 3\frac{1}{2}"$  pulleys for power.

Style D.-With grooved rolls and 16" x 314" pulleys for power.

#### NO. 2 MACHINE.

Similar to No. 1 machine, but smaller, bending iron up to 3" x 34".

Geared 9 to 1.

Speed for pulleys about 150 turns per minute.

Weight, 250 lbs.

Boxed for export, 34" x 26" x 17", 300 lbs.

Built in four styles, as follows:

Style G.—With plain rolls and 14" x 3" pulleys for power. Style H.—With grooved rolls and 14" x 3" pulleys for power.

NO. 3 TIRE BENDER.



FIG. 11730.

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## TIRE BENDERS.

NO. 992 TIRE BENDER.



FIG. 11731.



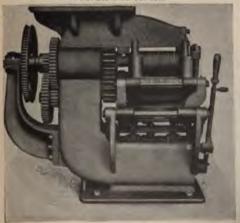


FIG. 11732.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11731 AND 11732.

The No. 992 machine is designed for ordinary beavy work. Both upper and lower rolls are driven by power. It is usually driven by tight and loose pulleys, as shown, but may be supplied with motor drive if desired.

Fig. 11732 shows the No. 808 machine which is made more particularly for steel wheel work, largely for wide tires and not extremely heavy. It is a very complete machine in every respect. Both upper and lower rolls are driven. There is a guide roll for entrance and a back roll which is quickly adjusted for the different circles. Also guide rolls for the edge. The lower roll is adjustable for different thicknesses of tire, and when the yoke is taken off the front of the machine, the upper roll can be readily dropped by means of the long lever, and the tire taken out edgewise if desired.

The cut shows the side of the machine at which the tire enters. The machine as shown is with motor bracket, but is generally furnished belt driven.

The lower roll can be so adjusted that if an extraordinary strain comes on the machine on account of extra thickness of stock, the roll will drop and relieve the machine.

Full particulars in --

in weights,

## TIRE SHRINKERS.

NO. I TIRE SHRINKER.



No. 1 will upset tires 34° thick by 4° wide. Is furnished with clamp in center, which is brought down on tire by means of wheel and acrew, to prevent tire from kinking when being upset.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11733.

Weight, 150 lbs.

Boxed for export, 22" x 17" x 12", 185 lbs.

#### NO. 2 MACHINE.

Is the same as No. 1 without the clamp, wheel and scree, kinking of the tire being prevented by hammer in the hands of operator.

Weight, 125 lbs.

Boxed for export, 22" x 17" x 12", 160 lbs



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11734.

NO. 3 MACHINE.

No. 3 is a large machine especially adapted for all sizes of tires, to 114" thick, to 8" wide.

Weight, 400 lbs.

Boxed for export, 28" x 25" x 19", 500 lbs.

Boxed for export, 28" x 25" x 19", 500 lbs.

Directions.—When setting the machine, fasten it securely on a block about 1' high; fasten block to floor or ground in a solid manner; see that lever holder is put on so as to get the full use of cam. Use the longest dogs or clamps for thinnest tires. See that work when set has a bearing on machine under dogs as much as possible; use a strong, hard wood lever 8' or 10' feet long; fasten same in lever socket. Heat the work to a good white heat, and after bringing dogs down on work, anoly the power to lever, bringing it down to a apply the power to lever, bringing it down to a horizontal position.

#### NO. 4 MACHINE.

Same as No. 3, but smaller, taking tires to 3/4" thick, to 5" wide. Weight, 225 lbs.

Boxed for export, 24" x 22" x 17", 300 lbs.



FIG 11734.

#### BENDING AND STRAIGHTENING MACHINE.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11735.

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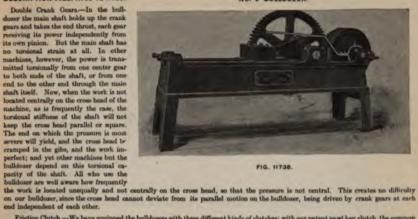
This illustrates a motor driven bending and straightening machine. Bending ram has a quick adjustment by means of the hand wheel. The rear bending dies can be placed nearer the center of the machine if so desired.

Specifications, prices, etc., will be sent upon applica-

FIG. 11735.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS, 11736 TO 11738.

Double Crank Gears.—In the bull-dozer the main shaft holds up the crank guars and takes the end thrust, each gear receiving its power independently from its own pinion. But the main shaft has no torsional strain at all. In other machines, however, the power is trans-mitted torsionally from one center gear to both end of the shaft, or from one to both ends of the shaft, or from one end to the other end through the main



Friction Clutch.—We have equipped the bulldozers with three different kinds of clutches: with our patent pawl key clutch, the common squars jaw clutch, and also the friction clutch. The standard clutch used at the present time is the friction clutch, which we put on all our machines except the No. I double geared, on which there is not room. All other types and sizes have the friction clutch. We regard the friction clutch as quite an improvement, for several reasons.

- 1. The machine starts without perceptible shock or jar. Those using the larger machines, particularly, will appreciate the advantage of this.
- 2. The friction clutch lessens the danger from accidents.
- 3. With the friction clutch the machine can be stopped at any point. It is sometimes desired to drive the cross head forward and stop before quite completing the stroke, to see whether the work lies in the proper position in the forms, before giving the final squeeze.
- 4. The friction clutch is very useful in adjusting dies. It can be thrown part way in and the cross head advanced slowly, and let the dies strike to see whether they match.
  - 5. The friction clutch can be adjusted so as to slip under too severe a strain, and so relieve the machine,



FIG. HTST

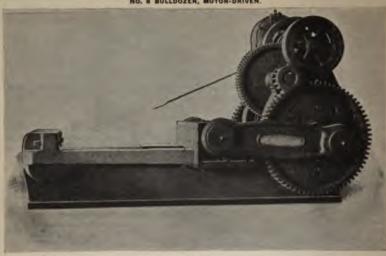
Gibs.-It will be noted that the cross head is gibbed with tapered brass gibs, both vertically and horizon-tally, thus very accurately guided, with provision for taking up the wear.

Die space has been increased on the Nos. 1, 2 and 3 machines, the No. 1 being lengthened from 14° to 2°, the No. 2 from 1755 to 30°, and the No. 3 from 25° to 30°. It is understood, of course, that where necessary we can furnish extra length of bed and die space or width for special work, charging an extra price, of course, for such additions, and we very frequently do

Hard steel plates on top of the ways. The ways of the bulldozer are broad, flat and protected by hard steel wearing plates. While the bed does not wear greatly for years, yet if after any years it is neces mary to replace the plates, it can be done at a slight ex-

## BULLDOZERS.

NO. 8 BULLDOZER, MOTOR-DRIVEN



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FIG. 11738.

## DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11736 TO 11738,-Continued.

AIRBANKS The End Luga.-We make the end lugs of the buildozer purposely low so that the dies can extend back of the lugs and over them, and also so that wing dies can swing around over them. We wish customers to bear in mind, however, that they can have the end lugs higher if they want them so, without extra cost. The tail screws for these higs are made of hardened tool steel, so that they will not upset in the threads, and are of great advantage for adjusting dies. We generally furnish Nos. 9, 8 and 7 machines without tail scrows. HE

The bolt holes are rearned and the bolts turned to fit. The nuts are locked from getting loose, and all of the keys are of tool steel. Automatic stops furnished, when desired, at additional cost.

These machines can be furnished with belt, engine or motor drive, as desired.

## SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11736 TO 11736.

	0	1	2	4	4			Ť		
Length over all	8"	7' 6" 3' 2034" x 5" 14"	8' 6' 3' 7' 3435' x 635' 16''	9' 3" 4' 39" x 7" 16" 30"	10' 8" 4' 7" 45" x 7) 6" 18"	11° 8″ 6′ 3″ 63″ x 12″ 20″ 38″	12' 6' 3" 63" x 12" 20"	15° 5° 6′ 9° 70° x 16° 22° 48°	15' 8" 7' 4" 72" x 16" 24" 46"	17' 10" 8' 10" 8934" x 16" 24" 49"

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## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11739.

The regular type hammer is designed for general blacksmith work and is built in four sizes, as follows:

	259- Ex	250- 4
Diameter of cylinder	6"	8"
Length of stroke or lift	16"	18*
Weight of falling parts		450 Iba.
Bed plate	3'6'x2'3"	2' 11" x 2' 834"
Total height from bottom of bed		Contract Contract
plate	7' 2"	8' 6"
Total weight	3,800 lbs.	5,200 lbs.
Diameter steam pipe.	136*	134*
Diameter exhaust pipo	2*	2"
Usual die face	334° × 7°	434" x 8"
Face of ram	434" x 7"	516" x 8"
Distance center dice to column	1134"	15"
	No. 1	No. 4.
Diameter of cylinder	10"	12*
Length of stroke	22" 4.	30"
Weight of falling parts	700 lbs.	1,500 lbs.
Bed plate	4'935" x 3'135"	6' 1" = 4' 3"
Total height	9'8"	12
Total weight	8,200 lbs.	18,700 lbs.
Diameter steam pipe	2*	234*
Diameter exhaust pipe	234*	3"
Usual die face	534" x 10"	7" x 14"
Face of ram	634" × 10"	0° x 14°
Center of die to frame	16)4"	18°







#### DESCRIPTION 11740.

Workmanship and Material.—These hammers are built as an esclusive specialty, and it therefore goes without saying that only the most suitable materials are used, and the most accurate quality of workmanship is thus assured. This being backed up by long years of practical experience in the manufacture and use of these machines, furnishes the keynote to their past and continually increasing success, and a rigid adherence to the highest standard will always be maintained.

Design.—Very heavy and massive, with plenty of metal distributed where it will do the most good.

Operation.—Double-acting, taking steam (or hammer can be operated without any changes, by compressed air) at top and bottom of stroks, through steam ports, arranged to give maximum force of blow, but under perfect control, and easy regulation and variation in the force or position of same, continuously sustained automatic operation, with sensitive regulation by the thruttle valve, which can be also connected to foot treadle, saving the service of helper when working the hammer automatically.

to foot treadle, awing the service of helper when working the hammer automatically.

Valve Motion.—Extremely simple, with few working parts, and giving the most accurate and sensitive control to the blow, not connected except by sliding contact with the hammer head. It is free from all shock or jar of the blow, is therefore of the most durable and efficient construction, and requires no attention except proper lubrication.

Main Frame.—Casting made from pattern without cores, except column core, thus giving absolute uniformity, thickness and shape of metal. Column of box section, cored out. Bed plate cast in one piece, solid with frame, with heavy risk below the floor line, running lengthwess, and heavy reinformement around die block opening.





FIG. 11740,

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#### STEAM HAMMERS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11740.-Continued.

Reinforced Guides.—Latest improvement consisting of making the main casting at the point to which the lower end of slides are belited, fully 60 per cent. stronger and heavier than heretofore, and increasing greatly the strength by the addition of a vertical flasge on the cross web, tying the lower ends of the slide faces together in the main casting. This entirely overcomes a weak point in this type of hammer, and greatly strengthens the point where the most strain comes.

Stiffened Column.—This consists in adding to the pattern, and casting solid on the column of the main frame, a heavy band or web extending from around the bottom of the alides down each side of the column to the bod plate, and joining at that point the heavy ring around the die block opening. This greatly adds to the resistance to shearing at any point in column.

Cylinder.—The cylinder casting is in one piece, with piston and throttle valve chests, and has extra heavy flange, top and betteen, which latter are reinforced by heavy vertical ribs. Cylinder is dowel pinned, and through bolted to the frame with fitted bolts in reamed holes. Cylinder is accurately bored and faced, and the piston valve bushing is ecraped and fitted after being put in place.

Valves.—Main working valve of the balanced piston type, working without friction in a removable bushing, which has steam port edges finished, thus giving uniform operation. Throttle valve is of the circular form, ground with emery in construction, to its said and held tight by steam pressure.

Hammer Head.—Of hammered steel, with piston rod. Hammer head itself is set at the proper angle in the main frame casting, so as to permit drawing and finishing work either way of the dies, without the work interfering with the column. Head finished from the solid, having gang milled V grooves, which work in adjustable V slides, which are also gang milled, with special formed cutters. This gives perfect bearing to the working surfaces in contact. The slides are of heavy construction, through botted to the main framewith spring washers on botts, and are fitted iron and iron against taper gib extending entire length, and arranged for independent adjustment. Piston rod fitted to taper hole in head, the jam of which taper constitutes the real hold, but with safety pin to give warning in case of rod cetting loose.

Die Block.—In two pieces, with the top cap above bed plate, which can be easily removed when more space is required for special shape work, upsetting, etc. The lower die can then be put into dovetail slot in lower die block. The lower die block is very heavy, to absorb the force of blow, extending below the bed plate, and having large square base. The die block is entirely independent of the bed plate, and no strain is put on the bed plate from hammering.

Dies.—One set plain forging dies, regularly furnished of special open hearth steel.

Piston.—Can be raised above top of cylinder to examine or renew packing rings without disconnecting from hammer head, by simply removing the buffer springs and the piston rod gland, which is in halves.

Spiral Springs.—Are fastened to the under side of the reinforced cylinder flange, to cushion the up stroke, and prevent injury in case of careless handling, there still being clearance between top of piston and cylinder cover, when these springs are compressed solid.

Pipe Connections.-Stuffing box or expansion joint connections are in the cylinder casting, for steam and exhaust pipes.

Oil Pump.—Hand force oil pump furnished with the hammer, and pipe connected to the throttle valve. (It is, however, recommended that a sight feed lubricator be strached to the steam pipe some distance away from the hammer, at a point where there is not much vibration to the piping.)

Foot Treadle.—This attachment can be furnished at slight extra cost, for controlling the automatic action of the hammer, and will be found very useful for some classes of work, on hammers up to and including 850 lbs. falling weight.

Testing.—Every hammer is thoroughly tried with steam at the works before shipment. Plan of foundation and directions for actting are furnished with each hammer, so that the foundation can be finished ready to set the hammer on its arrival,

Sizes.—These hammers are rated entirely by the actual scale weight of the falling parts, and do not take into consideration the added force of the blow from the steam or air pressure on top of the piston.

#### SIZES AND SPECIFICATIONS.

#### FIG. 11740.

Weight of falling parts.  Diameter of cylinder. Length of article.  Total weight.  Veight of the block.  Usual die face.  Diameter of the block.  Lunder face.   814° 18° 7,200 lbs. 3,200 lbs. 5" x 5" 53's" x 59'4" 8'2"	600 lbs. 7" 22" 11,000 lbs. 5,100 lbs. 5,10" x 11" 735" x 1134" 1135" 18"	850 lbs. 814° 24° 13,500 lbs. 6,000 lbs. 6" x 13' 8" x 13'4" 13'4" 21° 10' 4" 2"	I,100 lbs. 10" 28" 19,000 lbs. 8,800 lbs. 7" x 13½" 8½" x 14" 22½" 11" 4" 21½"	1,250 lbs. 1114" 32" 24,000 lbs. 10,000 lbs. 10,000 lbs. 10,000 lbs. 1445" 24" 121 2" 24"	1,000 lbs. 12° 34° 28,000 lbs. 12,000 lbs.	2,000 lbs 13° 36°,000 lbs 19,000 lbs 19,000 lbs 10° x 10° 10° x 10° 27° 10° 5° 212°	
Diameter steam pipe. Diameter exhaust pipe. Bed plans	- 19	4' 7)4" x 2' 10"	2, 3, x 3, 4,	3° 9° x 3° 7°	0, 3, x 3, 10, 5,2,	0. 0. x 4. 5.	7 2 T

#### STEAM HAMMERS.

STANDARD SINGLE FRAME HAMMER.



FIG. 11741.

# SINGLE FRAME HAMMER WITH RAM ON ANGLE.



# STANDARD DOUBLE FRAME HAMMER.



FIG. 11743.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11741 TO 11746.

These hammers are of the very best design and are built of best quality of material throughout, making them the most satisfactory line on the market. The standard single frame hammers are built in nearly all sizes up to 3,000 lbs. falling weight, the smaller sizes being built regularly for stock. The larger sizes of single frame hammers and the double frame and steam drop hammers are built to order only. In making inquiry for prices, advise the type of hammer desired, also weight of falling parts, or inform us of the character of work to be performed. Complete specifications will be sent with quotation.

#### S TON DOUBLE FRAME HAMMER.



20 TON DOUBLE FRAME HAMMER.



FIG. 11745.



FIG. 11746.

4500 LB. STEAM DROP HAMMER.

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# THE FAIRBANKS POWER HAMMER.



FIG. 11747.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11747 TO 11756.

In presenting the Fairbanks power hammer for consideration by manufacturers, the company does so with a full degree of confidence in its excellence and usefulness, and feels sure that a close examination will show beyond question that it is especially adapted for the sort of work required in carriage factories, car works, edge tool and general job shops.

The hammer, as will be seen by the accompanying illustrations, is operated by an adjustable crank, the crank pin sliding in a groove in the crank disk, allowing the operator to lengthen or shorten the stroke at will. Motion is applied to the head or ram by means of a connecting rod to which is secured a cross head Z having a split sleeve, and to this cross head are hinged two side arms these in turn being directly connected to the ram by links. By the use of a steel spiral spring properly adjusted, the force and weight of the blow are many times multiplied, but with an elasticity that removes all danger of breakage, and, at the same time, the jar is so thoroughly cushioned that it is not noticeable in the machine when the blow is struck. The head strikes a quick, sharp blow, at the rate of 200 to 500 blows per minute, according to the size of the machine, and instantly gets away from the work, thereby avoiding any chilling of the stock.

No hammer made at the present time has fewer parts than this one. The solid head of frame in which the crank shaft runs precludes all possibility of capbolts getting loose or shaft getting out of line. While every effort has been made to have few parts, nothing necessary for the good working of the hammer has been omitted.

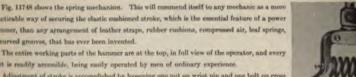
#### SPRING MECHANISM USED ON FAIRBANKS POWER HAMMER

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practicable way of securing the slastic cushioned stroke, which is the essential feature of a power hammer, than any arrangement of leather straps, rubber cushions, compressed sir, leaf springs, or curved grooves, that has ever been invented.

The entire working parts of the hammer are at the top, in full view of the operator, and every part is readily accemible, being easily operated by men of ordinary experience.

Adjustment of stroke is accomplished by loosening one nut on wrist pin and one bolt on cross head, and when at required places, again tightening.

The spring is adjusted at the factory for the correct blow, but one each 1/4" and 1/4" washers are sent with each hammer, one or both of which may be inserted at the ends of the spring, should if become necessary

The treadle may be adjusted to accommodate the height desired by the operator. In the regular pattern hamner the treadle extends half way around the base as shown in Fig. 11747,

FIG. 11748.

but a special treadle to extend all around the base as shown in Fig. 11749 can be supplied at a slight extra cost and is a very desirable fuature in many instances.

The lower die block and die are so arranged that they are readily adjusted. This is appreciated especially when special forming dies nee used, as it is then necessary that the upper and lower dies be in perfect alignment to produce good work.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11747 TO 11766.-Continued.

The compact design of the hammer will recommend itself at once. It not only saves floor space, but also permits of placing the hammer in the most convenient position with relation to the forges in conjunction with which it is used.

The small amount of power required to run this hammer is an agreeable surprise to all who use it; as power means money whatever the motive force may be, this economic feature will especially commend the Fairbanks hammer.

In the construction of this hammer all parts are of such proportion as to insure durability. The material used is the best that can be obtained. The ram or hammer-head, links, sleeve and connection, are of steel castings; the crank, joint pins and side arms of forgest steel; the castings for the other parts of a special formula to insure strength and durability, and every piece used is of iron or steel except the bronze bushing in the crank connection. Under the most trying work the Fairbanks hammer has been more than a match in durability for any hammer thus far built, the cost of repairs being practically nothing. Instances are on record of their having been run for six years on steel work with a total cost for repairs not exceeding \$2.00.

## SAMPLES OF WORK PRODUCED ON FAIRBANKS POWER HAMMERS.

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FIG. 11760.

THE FAIRBANKS POWER HAMMER WITH SPECIAL TREADLE.



FIG. 11749.

The Fairbanks power harmer can be adapted to a great variety of work by providing special dies. With proper dies large quantities of forgings of uniform size and shape can be turned out, as for instance, carriage work, stone cutter's tools, edge tools, scythes, hatchets, shoe dies, welding gas tubes, etc. The dies always come squarely together in any size of thickness of work, so that parallel sides are insured when wanted. In the following illustrations, Fig. 11750 represents a few of the many kinds of work now being made;

#### REGULAR DIES



FIG. 11761.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS, 11747 TO 11756.-Centinued.

Fig. 11751 is the form of die regularly furnished with the hamme and Figs. 11752 to 11756 inclusive, illustrate a few of a great variety of dies which have been designed. These dies are made from steel blocks and when special designs are required it necessitates experimental work and a greater percentage of hand labor. This makes them more expensive than the regular dies, but in the end it is an economy for the purchaser. We have every facility for making special dies and are at all times ready to furnish estimates.

#### SPECIAL DIES



FIG. 11782.

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#### SPECIAL DIES



FIG. 11763.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11747 TO 11756.

Slan.	Weight of Ram.	Size of Base.	Diameter of Driving Pulley.	Size of Beit.	Average Number of Histor Per Minute or Speed of Countershaft.	Adapted to Work Stock.	Height, Foundation to Center of Shaft,	Size of Dies.	Horse-Power Required.	Total Weight.
CARCDERG	25 50 75 100 125 150 200 250	18%" = 26M" 20M" × 20M" 21 = 31%" 22%" × 34 23%" = 26M" 20" × 38M" 29M" × 42%" 22" × 40%"	10° 12° 14%° 14%° 16%° 16%° 17%°	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	500 350 325 300 275 250 250 225 200	1 1 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2	63° 65%* 667' 72' 74' 77' 83'	3%" x 5" 4%" x 5%" 4%" x 6%" 5" x 7" 5%" x 7" 6" x 8" 6" x 8" 6" x 8"	1 M 2 M 3 M	1,560 1,010 2,440 2,910 3,325 4,235 5,600 6,400



SPECIAL DIES.



FIG. 11755

#### COUNTERSHAFT FOR FAIRBANKS POWER HAMMER



FIG. 11757.



FIG. 11756.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11757.

Although a countershaft is not regularly provided with the Pairbanks hammer, in many cases it is impossible or undesirable to tell the hammer directly from the line shaft, and in order to take care of this condition we have designed special countershafts for all sizes of hummers. Details of these countershafts will be found on following page.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11757.-Continued.

DETAILS OF COUNTERSHAFTS.

For Hammer Number	0	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute. Diameter of smooth pulley. Width of smooth pulley. Length of hanger.	385	323	271	279	240	225	207	207
	1134"	1334°	13%*	1556"	1734"	1934"	1934	1935"
	512"	515°	5%*	554"	534"	634"	734	734"
	10" to 12"	10° to 12°	12" to 14"	12" to 14"	14" to 16"	14" to 16"	16° to 18°	16" to 18"

is determined by bringing

the tire up against the

shoulder on the dies, and

in this manner the weld is made even with the curve of the tire. The bottom die is straight while the top die is convex.

At the rear ends of the dies a short portion is left straight which can be used for traing up the edges of the tire.

When the hammer is used for ordinary work, the regular dies may be inserted and the work per-

formed without removing the guard, the latter being so located that it does not interfere with the work. Hammers are adapted

to weld tires of the follow-

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11758.

This illustration shows the Fairbanks power hammer fitted with a special anvil and die block adapted for handling forgings where it is necessary to work up to a shoulder, as in drawing fork tines. T irons and a variety of carriage, wagon and agricultural work. Any size of Fairbanks hammer can be thus arranged at slight extra cost.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11759.

The illustration shows a device for welding tires which can be attached to any Fairbanks harmer, the extra parts necessary being the tire guard or gauge, and special dies. The upright guard which is boilted to both the face plate and frame, performs two functions, viz., it protects the tire from the working parts of the hammer, and also gauges the top of the tire with respect to the dies. The slant which the guard takes is at right angles to the inclined working surface of the dies, and the position of the work

THE FAIRBANKS POWER HAMMER.
Fitted with Tire Welding Attachment.

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FIG. 11759.

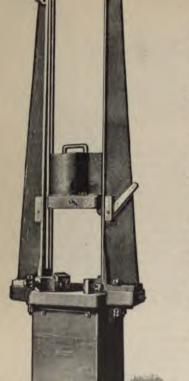
#### SPECIAL PATTERN HAMMER.



FIG. 11758.

ime	naions;			
	Capacity.	Diameter of Tire.	Width of Face.	Thickness of Iron.
lb.	hammer	24" to 50"	0 to 2"	36" to 36"
16,	hammer	26" to 52"	0 to 3*	34" to 34"
lb.	hammer	28° to 50°.	0 to 4*	34" to 34"
Ib.	hammer	30" to 60"	0 to 5"	34" to 34"
lb,	bammer	32" to 64"	0 to 6*	35" to 1"
	1b. 1b. 1b.	Capseity.  Ib. hammer  Ib. hammer  Ib. hammer  Ib. hammer  Ib. hammer  Ib. hammer	Capacity. Diameter of Tire.  1b. hammer 24" to 50"  1b. hammer 26" to 52"  1b. hammer 28" to 30"  1b. hammer 30" to 60"	Capacity. Diameter of Twe. of Face.  1b. hammer. 24° to 50° 0 to 2°  1b. hammer. 28° to 52° 0 to 3°  1b. hammer. 28° to 50° 0 to 4°  1b. hammer. 30° to 60° 0 to 5°

Note: This cut does not show our latest type of sammer. All hammers are now built with open back frames as shown in Figs. 11747 and 11749.



FIQ. 11760.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11760.

The plain drop press, shown in the illustration, is made in ten sizes. The two smaller sizes, 1/2 and 1, may be operated by hand or foot, but power is recommended in every case where it can be obtained.

One of the most valuable of our recent improvements is the method of adjusting the movable upright. The heads of the adjusting screws are counterbored, one into the base, and the other into the upright, as shown in the cut; this method prevents the screws from breaking. The screw in the base is for the adjustment, and the one in the upright for a check screw to lock the upright in position, so that when locked it cannot be altered by the blow of the hammer.

The anvil is extra heavy in proportion to the weight of the hammer, while the poppets are made from forged steel, finished all over and fitted accurately into the base. They are held in place by slowed crews, which fasten the poppets securely in their proper position.

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Poppet screws are made from crueible steel, finished, hardened and tempered. The screws have a fine pitched thread which overcomes the tendency to work loose, and allows accurate adjustment of the dies

The uprights are extra heavy, fastened to the anvil by heavy bolts, with check nuts to prevent them from jarring loose. Ears are provided at the top of the uprights to attach tie rods if necessary. The uprights are so constructed that the latch for holding the hammer can be used on either side, as desired,

The eye in the hammer for the strap is made of the best forgod iron, east into the body of the hammer, obviating breakage, which is so common with hammers made entirely of cast iron or steel castings.

The die holder, or "pick-up," is fastened in the hammer, either by a dovetail or taper shank, as required.

Drop press countershafts, Figs. 11761 to 11763, are fitted with either plain flange pulleys or patent lifters. We recommend, however, the patent power lifter, which utilizes the friction between the pulley and the belt only when required to lift the lammer. When

the hammer is stationary or falling the belt is held away from the surface of the polley, thus increasing the force of the blow and prolonging the life of the belt.

Plain drop presses are used for hollow ware, spoons, tadles, sugar bowls, cream pitchers, looking glass backs, large medals, etc., and are adapted for work which requires the metal to be set or dapped into the dies before the finishing blow is struck.

Note: Countershaft is furnished at extra cost only.

For list of sizes and specifications, see following page.

## DROP HAMMERS.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11760.

No. of Humber	36	1	1X	2	234	2	304	5		
Weight of hammer  Weight of navel.  Weight of navel.  Weight (amount phinoment.  Weight (amount phinoment.  Height of navel.  Sam of lose  Turke (unaximum).  Lengthed up wight.  Detagons between properts (regular).  Sam of lose in hammers.  Sam of new of hammers.  Sam of pure of hammers.	1,050 fbs. 1,100 fbs. 1,000 fbs. 2,000 fbs. 14" x 10" 48" 7,8" 100 rev.	1,700 Hu. 1,750 Hu. 2,100 Hu. 2,100 Hu. 277 87 177 4,197 457 87 8 0° 90 rev.	1,800 Rus. 2,500 Rus. 2,600 Rus.	200 Be, 2.456 Be, 3.300 Be, 3.300 Be, 3.300 Be, 3.300 Be, 20% 20% 21 * 2.20% 12	250 flos. 3.000 flos. 3.000 flos. 4.100 flos. 20° 21° 5 22° 21° 5 22° 48° 128° 5 78° 128° 5 78° 16 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7	300 lbs. 3.650 lbs. 4.700 lbs. 4.700 lbs. 4.900 lbs. 5.400 lbs. 5.	330 lbs 4,000 lbs 5,000 lbs 5,000 lbs 6,000 lbs 35 lb 35 lb 20° a 20° 4 lbs 11/4° 11/4 11/4	500 flus. 6.450 flus. 8.3000 flus. 8.000 flus. 8.000 flus. 8.000 flus. 8.000 flus. 8.000 flus. 8.100 flus. 17° 10° = 11° 80° =	000 Bo. 11,000 Bo. 14,000 Bo. 14,000 Bo. 15,500 Bo. 30° 9 30° 48° 0 19° 1934° 1934° Special	14,000 lb. 17,000 lb. 17,000 lb. 17,000 lb. 18,000 lb.

#### POWER LIFTER FOR PLAIN DROP HAMMER.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11761.

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One of the simplest styles of power lifters for drop hammers; a belt is attached to the hammer and drawn over the flange pulley. The pulley revolves in the direction of the rising hammer When the operator pulls down on the end of the belt, the friction between the belt and the face of the flange pulley causes the belt to revolve with the pulley, lifting the hammer to any desired height.

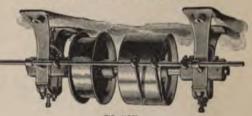


FIG. 11761.

	SPECIFICAT	IONS.			Warm of
Box		Diameter.	Date	Hammer.	Bhaft,
No.	In the second se	12"	234*	Up to 80 lbs.	1365
No.	2	12*	4"	100 to 125 fbs.	1365
No.	4	10*	4"	150 to 200 lbs.	100
No.	5	10°	6"	350 to 400 lbs.	2100
No.	6	16"	8"	450 to - 500 lbs.	23%*
No.	8	20"	10"	600 to \$600 lbs.	25%
No. 1	0	24"	12"	900 to 1,000 lbs.	20%

#### PATENT POWER LIFTER FOR PLAIN DROP HAMMER.

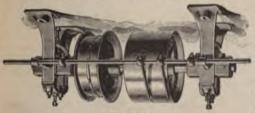


FIG. 11762.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11762 AND 11763.

It is well known that for many years much time has been epent in trying to devise some mechanism to prevent the burning the belt by back friction when stamp hammers are lifted by power. This has been accomplished by our patent lifter.

The illustration shows our lifting pulley mounted on a countershaft. This pulley is made in three parts; the two outside parts, which are separate pulleys with a flange on one edge, are fastened to the shaft; the inside pulley or disk, which carries the belt-lifting segments, is free to revolve in either direction according as the hammer is moving up or down.

When the hammer is being raised the central segments are depressed by the force of the pull on the lifting strap, allowing the belt to come down on the revolving pulleys. When the hammer reaches the desired height and is allowed to fall, the belt is raised from the face

## DROP HAMMERS.



FIG. 11763.

## SPECIFICATIONS.

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#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11784 AND 11785.

Automatic drop presses, shown in the following illustrations, are made in eight sizes, and are designed to rapidly produce uniform work in large quantities. These presses are self contained, the driving mechanism being fastened to the base, where it is of easy access. They are operated in the same manner as a board drop, either with foot or hand trip.

The hammer is lifted entirely by power, and only required to be tripped by the operator. Both hands are required to operate the driving mechanism, unless furnished with treadle and safety device.

The guides for the hanner are substantially fastened, and cannot be thrown out of line by strain or vibration. The left guide is adjusted by a side-threaded screw, so that all wear may be taken up. Removable bronze bushings are used throughout, except the bearings at the top of the uprights of the large hammers, which are fitted with roller bearings.

The instantaneous clutch used in this machine is one of the most important features of its construction, acting immediately on the rebound of the hammer. When the clutch is released the hammer is at the top of the stroke, remaining securely locked in position until released by the tripping mechanism, which is so constructed that only one blow can be made, unless set for continuous work.

The eye in the hammer for the strap is made of the best forged iron cast into the body of the hammer, obviating breakage so common with hammers made entirely of cast iron or steel castings. The die holder, or "pick-up," is fastened in the hammer either by a dovetail or taper shank, as required.

Poppets are made from forged steel, finished all over and fitted accurately into the base, being fastened in place by dowel screws, which hold the poppets securely in their proper position. Poppet screws are made of crucible steel, finished, hardened and tempered, and are provided with a fine pitched thread, which overcomes the tendency to work loose, and allows accurate adjustment of the dies.

Description continued on following page.

## DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11761 TO 11763.-

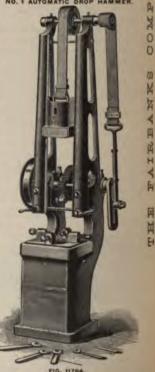
of the pulleys by the segments, which are pushed out by springs, and these segments revolving with the belt do away with all baca friction, and as compared with the ordinary plain flange pulley lifter, there is a mate

This lifter can be applied to any plain drop press where a plain power lifter is now a ployed.

Belt.	Hammer.		Diameter of Shalls.
216"	Up to 80	Ilbur.	136*
4"	100 to 125	lbs.	132*
4"	150 to 200	bs.	192*
5"	250 to 300	ibs:	190
6.	350 to 400		2350
Ba.	450 to 500		232"
10"	600 to 800		2)4
12"	900 to 1.000	ba:	202*

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NO. 1 AUTOMATIC DROP HAMMER.



386

## DROP HAMMERS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS, 11764 AND 11765.-Continued.

The length of the stroke can be quickly changed by varying the length of the crank motion. The adjustment of the dies is easily performed, the flange pulley being turned by hand to raise or lower hammer during the setting, and in the larger sizes a bar is provided. Under suitable conditions ten to twenty thousand pieces should be struck in a day of ten hours; the output should be double that of a plain drop. These machines are used in the manufacture of lock parts, clock and watch gears, suspender batckles, cutlery, carriage trimmings, piano hardware, bicycle and typewriter parts, embossing, etc., etc.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIGS, 11764 AND 11765.

No. of Hammer	36	1	2	3	* /	B		12
Weight of hammer, flo	50	100	200	300	400	500	900	1,200
Weight of anvil, libs	950	1,400	3,050	4.050	5,600	7,000	11,900	22,000
Weight of press, lbs		2,000	4,100	5,400	7,600	9,200	15,600	30,000
Weight, domestic ship-	1,400	2,100	4.170	5,550	7,300	5,400	10,000	30,500
Weight, foreign ship-	41400	2,100	4,224	0,000	a desired	B,mar	Dogwood .	September 1
ment lbs.	1.650	2,400	4,500	6,000	8,200	9.800	17,000	32,000
leight of anvil.	20"	24"	27"	80"	30"	35"	40"	46"
leight over all	6	77 65	8'-6"	9' 3"	8	9' 10"	11' 2"	11' 8"
tian of base	15"x 16%"	17"a19"	22"x26"			30"x34"		41":40
Stroke (maximum)	36"	50"	38° 5536°	50"	64M*	48" 64%"	50"	48° 68°
Length of uprights		836"	12%	1334	15N°	17%	7136"	24"
Distance from center to		100	200	2000	Bulks .	2172		
back	636"	7"	854	88*	950"	100	13%"	17M"
National between proports	6)6"	7%"	D'alt"	125	9%"	100	18	20 x 20
irentest admissible dis-		10000	10000	1	10000	1000	100000	10000
space	6% × 10"	8"X 8 M"	10"x12"	10"x12"	14"x14"	14"x10"		23"×25
No. of countershaft	230	225	240	280	300	300	Special 240	Specia 200
size of driving pulley on		-	240	200	300	200	240	200
countershalt	10"x2"	12"x3"	14" x 336"	15"x4"	16">5"	10">0"	20"4 834"	22" = R5
sian of tight and home		2000	100		1000000	Name and	200	
pulleys	10"x2"	12"x3"	14"×336"	15"x4"	16°x5"			
Proportion of genering	1 1 to 4	1 10 3	I to 6	1 to 8%	1 to 9	1 to 9	1 to 9	I to f
Floor space	22"x28"	25 M BU	35" 145"	46 2765	61 234	SE SEE	63"x09"	79"x8;

JACK DIES FOR DROP HAMMERS.

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NO. 3 AUTOMATIC DROP HAMMER.

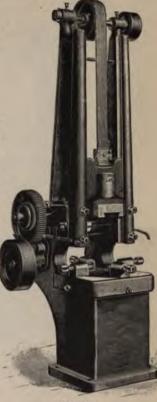


FIG. 11765.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11766.

When so ordered, our plain and automatic drop pressus are furnished with jack dies, also called ragjacks, or pick-ups. They are made from the best steel forgings, slotted at right angles to receive the forcer, and then hardened. In ordering, give size of face, and state whether round or square face is desired.

FACE

#### BOARD DROP HAMMERS.

600 LB. BOARD DROP HAMMER.



This type of machine is widely used and well known. We solicit comparison of our make with the better grades, and are confident in such a case of a commundatory judgment from experts. The design of these-hammers has been worked out with special pains and care. Please note the points below.

Stroke is variable either by hand lever or treadle; that is, the ram can be dropped from any height desired. The automatic trip also can be adjusted on the rod vertically as desired. Please note that the ram can be dropped from the full height and make a light blow at will by operating the treadle gently.

Also please note, we will furnish when desired, two automatic trips on the drop rod; the upper one for full blow and the lower one for light blow, so that the operator can instantly change to automatic trip for light blow as well as an automatic trip for heavy blows. This is extremely useful on most classes of work and well worth having, but we do not furnish the extra trips except to order.

It should also be noted that while the height of lift in our judgment is ample and that the tendency nowadays is to use heavier hammers and low falls, yet if desired we can furnish longer uprights. We can also make hammers wider between the guides to order; and other special changes, as they may be needed, fitting up the hammer, for instance, with steel poppets if wanted instead of the die alot.

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The special points which we claim with regard to our make of board drop hammers are enumerated berewith:

First. The automatic trip on these hammers, which is patented, is smooth in operation. It has a free oscillating movement, and the dog which engages the tapered surface of the ram can be adjusted on the pivot shaft for different thicknesses of diss.

Second. Massiveness of construction throughout. The uprights or guides are particularly heavy. The lugs for the adjusting screws of the anvil are extra long. Anvils are regularly made fifteen times the weight of the ram, and can be made heavier to order.

Third. Our pulleys are on the same shaft, the rolls being connected by steel gears. The two shafts are thus always maintained in line; whereas, where the pulleys are on separate shafts there is a constant tendency to destroy the alignment and wear the boxes unequality.

Fourth. All hammers having side latch to suspend the ram received a few inches or side wrench as the ram passes up above the latch a few inches and then drops back upon it. We suspend the ram by central clamps, directly under the rolls and directly above the ram. These clamps have broad surfaces and are pivoted so as to follow the board downward before engaging, and the shock of suspense is thus cushioned and always remains a direct vertical pull, without lateral strain,

Fifth. Our eccentrics are both keyed on the same shaft, and thus held rigidly in line.

FIG. 11767.

Sixth. Large wearing surfaces of the front roll. Shaft and eccentries do not revolve; simply have a slight oscillatory movement.

In general, will say that the details throughout are carefully worked out, and there is ample provision for adjusting the guides for wear and for the alignment of dies necessary for fine drop forging. The ram and above, or dis holder, in the anvil are made regularly of steel, unless otherwise specified.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

No.	Weight.	Weight of Rate.	Between finides	Height of Uprights.	* Pulley.
2	7,500 lbs.	200 lbs.	11"	66"	18" x 4"
4	12,000 lbs.	400 lbs.	14"	84"	24" x 8"
6	17,000 lbs.	1000 Ilina	10+	96*	28" x 8"
B	21,000 lbs.	800 lbs.	16"	96"	32" x 8"
10	24,000 lbs.	1,000 lbs.	16"	96"	32" × 11"
12	27,500 lbs.	1,200 lbs.	16*	96"	36" x %"
15	32,000 lbs.	1,500 lbs.	16"	96"	36" x 8"
18	39,000 lbs.	1,800 lbs.	10*	96" _	38" x 8"
20	42,000 lbs.	2,000 His.	18*	96"	40° × 10°

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#### FORGES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11768.

The No. I forge is especially adapted for heavy blacksmith work. It has a very large and deep fire place and powerful blast, and is capable of doing the heaviest kind of work.

It will bring a bar of 3° round iron to a welding heat in five to six minutes; 4" iron in ten minutes; and heavier work, if required, in the same proportion of time.

It is far superior to the old fashioned bellows and brick forge. It does not require half the room, can be got at from all sides, and can be placed in the most convenient position, regardless of the position of the chimney.

This forge has the patent drop doors and revolving ball tuyere, and with it we give our improved iron stand-a very convenient article, and found in no other forge.

This stand is adjustable as to height, and can be placed any required distance from the forge, supporting a bar of iron any length. Please contrast these features with other makes.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Height, to top of hearth	30"
Hearth	40° x 28°
Fan, diameter	14"
Weight	270 Iba.
Hood is made of No. 20 steel, braced inside by two braces of	34" × 34"
bar iron. This makes the stiffest hood ever put on any forge.	

Power attachment and water tank are furnished at extra cost when desired.

## FAIRBANKS NO. 1 SCIENTIFIC BLACKSMITH'S



FIG. 11768

## NO. 24 SCIENTIFIC PORTABLE



FIG. 11769.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11760.

The 2A forge will make a welding heat on 23/2" iron (round) in five to sight minutes.

It is a favorite size and style for machine shops, tool works, plumbers, locksmiths, planters and railroad repair shops. The cut shows the detachable lever used on all of our forges, as it appears when removed from its bearing and stood up out of the way. To take it out and replace it, it is only necessary to bring the end of the lever down until it is about level, when it can be rolled out of or into the socket."

No other forge made can detach the lever. No dead centers; always ready to start.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Height, to top of bowl	20"
Hearth	27" x 21"
Fan, diameter	10"
Weight	150 lbs.

Power attachment furnished at extra cost.

## FORGES.

NO. TA SCIENTIFIC PORTABLE PORGE.



FIG. 11770.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11770.

The 7A forge has our double ratchet, selid frame, adjustable legs, detachable lever, and other special features.

It has a coal box in one end.

This forge will produce welding heat on 214" iron in from five to eight minutes, and will do heavier work when required.

This style is very popular on account of the shape of bowl (or fireplace) and the convenience of coal box, which is a part of bowl. This forge is appreciated by practical men.

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#### SPECIFICATIONS,

Height, to top of bowl	29"
Bowl	30° x 20°
Coal box, depth	554"
Fan, diameter	10"
Weight	165 lbs.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11771.

Our 7B forge differs from our 7A only in having a shield or dash instead of a hood. It is practically of same weight, will do the same work, and is adapted to the same class of users.

## SPECIFICATIONS.

Height, to top of bowl or fireplace	29*
Bowl	30" x 20"
Coal box, depth	536"
Pao, diameter	10°
Weight	165 lbs.



FIG. 11771.

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FIG. 11772.



FIG. 11776.

This forge is arranged so that both the shield and lever can be removed entirely and placed on the inside, thus obviating danger of breakage in transportation. The door on side gives ample room to oil and clean the working parts.

Height, to top of bowl	31"
Diameter, outside measure	18*
Fan, dismeter	8"
	out 100 lbs.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11773.

Style H is particularly designed for manual training and similar schools. The base of H I is open for receipt of hod to catch refuse from dumping tuyers. H 2 is the same as H I, except that there are four legs. H 3, of steel plate, has individual draws with pediocks, one for each pupil. Upon each tank is a tool hanger.

No. of Forgs.	Height of Forge.	Pan.	Weight.
H 1 and 2	29"	26" x 30"	300 lbs.
H 1 dble	29"	26" x 30"	550 Ibs.
H 3	29#	26" x 30"	400 lbs.
Down draf	t hood fe	or style H,	extra.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11774.

Style J is designed for the handling of medium and heavy work. Buills in three sizes, it is especially adaptable to general smithshop equipment. The exceptionally heavy fire paa is provided with insulated fire plate and fitted with type D tuyeres, as described below, Fig. 11779. In all three sizes, the coal pan is cast as a part of the forge, but with independent water tank, except in the case of the J 2 style, in which both coal and water compartments form a part of the main forge pan. Either up or down draft can be provided for all three sizes. In the down draft hood an interior plate forms with the back plate a space which, under the action of the exhaust fan, serves as a passage for smoke and gases caught at the top edge of the hood. By means of the handle and gear, adjustment to any angle is a simple matter.

No. of Height of Size of Weight.

	No. of Forge.	Height of Pan.	Sise of Pan.	Weight not Packed.
J	0	2834*	20" x 34"	325 lbs.
J	1	2834"	38" x 49"	450 Iba.
3	2	26"	48" x 60"	750 lbs.



FIG. 11773.



FIG. 11774.

Style O, designed for the heaviest work, is built in four sizes, all of which are of steel plate, having angle iron base and top, which insures rigidity. The coal pan is deep. The tuyeres are of a special free air type which insures quick heat. Either down draft hood or the up draft type can be furnished. The ventilating hood is of the up draft type.

Style O 4 is made with a special tuyere arranged in three parts, each having a separate blast connection. It is thus adapted for plate and other heavy work, for the tuyere permits making the fire the whole length of the forge, 52°.

	SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11778.		Size of Pan-	Weight not Packed.
01			42" x 42" 54" x 54"	800 lbs. 1,300 lbs.
03		. 25"	72" x 72"	2,000 lbs.
04	*************************	25"	52" x 52"	1,000 lbs.

## DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11778 TO 11779.

The nest tuyers, A 1, is 6" square by 6\forall 'right, Ari is delivered to fire through a slot measuring \forall 4" x 1\forall 4".

The adjustable tuyers, B 1, is provided with a rod ending in a tapering key, which regulates the width of opening for discharge of air to the fire. The tuyers flange is 10" diameter.

The oil-burning tuyers, C 1, 19" diameter by 12" deep, is a cast iron pot designed to be supported beneath the forge, and lined with fire clay and brick.

The dumping tuyers, D, is built in four sizes, D 1, D 2, D 3, and D 4, applicable for light, medium, heavy, and very heavy work.

	NO. BI TUYERE.	No. of Tuyers.	Weight	NO COMPRE.	
NO. AT TUYERE.	_	B 1	23 lbs. 38 lbs.		NO. DI TUVERE.
-	-	C1	130 lba.		
	AR	D 1 D 2 and 3,,	24 lbs. 38 lbs.		
FIG. 11776.	FIG. 11777.	D 4	62 (ba.	****	
	F140 117.11.			7190	

## ELASTIC ROTARY BLOW RIVETING MACHINES.

STANDARD MACHINE, STYLE A.



FIG. 11788.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS, 11788 AND 11789.

The riveting machines here illustrated represent the results of long experience in the feapability and durability of the elastic rotary blow type of riveter.

One important feature over the old type of machine is the direct and central application of power to the oscillating cylinder containing the hammer rod and compression springs.

This feature allows of an increase of from 20 to 35 per cent in the speed of the various machines, which increases the number of blows per minute, and therefore the time required for heading a rivet is reduced, resulting in an increased output of the machine.

Another feature which improves the quality of work done on this machine is the positive rotary motion given to the hammer rod through the medium of worm and gear. The action of the riveting hammer when revolved by this method is to create a regularly applied "breaking-down" action, which causes the rivet to spread evenly on all sides, thereby forming an even shaped head on the rivet.

These riveters are built in sizes to head rivets from ½" to ¾" in diameter. The face ofthe machine against which the table bracket is bolted is faced and grooved to receive a

tongue on the table bracket. This construction, therefore, will admit of the use of a horizontal or vertical table. In many cases it is an advantage to have the machine equipped with both tables, thus permitting of handling a larger variety of work.

The machine is also furnished with a lower revolving fixture which is secured to the circular table when both heads of a rivet are to be formed simultaneously.

STANDARD MACHINE, STYLE B.



FIG. 11789.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Size of Machine.	Floor Space.	Total Height.	Depth of Thrust.	Tiammer to Face of Machine	Ploor to Ham- mer in Lowest Position.	Lowest Position to Ham- mer in Lowest Position.	Weight
16"	12" x 18"	001/5"	5"	4"	35%*	25"	185 lbs.
34"	15" x 22"	66"	7"	594*	3734"	25"	405 lbs.
36"	16" x 25)4	7334"	834"	736*	40%	3134"	594 lbs.
36"	20" x 28"	74"	10"	834"	40"	2534*	762 lbs.
36"	24" x 32"	80*	1134"	9*	373-6"	1935"	932 lbs.
30*	20° x 34°	89*	12*	(p)	42*	2834"	1,194 lbs.
34"	35" x 43"	9934*	13)-9"	1034	3934"	2234"	2,428 lbn.

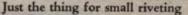
Countershaft, shown on following page, is furnished at additional cost only,

# ELASTIC ROTARY BLOW RIVETING MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11790.

COUNTERSHAFT FOR





This rotating vibratory riveter is a light bench model that will speed up your production on small riveting up to ¼ in. diameter. Easily operated by an apprentice or the most inexperienced female



are manufactured in many styles.
There are Noiseless Spinning Riveters, Multiple Spindle Riveters, Pneumatic Riveters, and many other designs. Complete details are outlined in booklet. Send for your copy today.

The Grant Mfg. & Machine Co.
85 Silliman Avenue Bridgeport, Conn.



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saking a very neat bend without brough wood, and similar classes hat most of our customers make

to from %" up to 14". No. 4

n. 4 for about 36" or 36". t of course it was slow d be glad to furnish fur-as to construction.



THE HIGH SPEED RIVETING HAMMER (Patd.)

Cold Riveting 1/64 in. to 11 in. in diameter

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#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11760.

Bench space, 6" x 6". Weight, packed, about 30 lbs. Measure, packed, 15" x 11" x 11".

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11781.

Bench space, 9" x 12". Weight, packed, about 85 lbs. Measure, packed, 17" x 17" x 12"

Entrance, 3" wide, 2" high. Depth of heating space, 4". Floor space, 24" x 20". Weight, net, about 210 lbs. Weight, packed, about 275 lbs.



NO. 2 GAS FORGE (BENCH).

FIG. 11781.

Weight, packed, about 400 Uss.





## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11782.

Measure, packed, 58" x 26" x 24". Gas consumption, per hour, about 60 cubic feet.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11783.

Entrance, 6" wide, 3" high. Depth of heating space, 6\*. Floor space, 24" x 20". Weight, net, about 325 lbs.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11784.

NO. 3.

Heating space, 8" wide, 10" deep. Entrance, 5" x 3". Floor space, 30" x 26". Weight, net, about 490 lbs. Weight, packed, about 585 lbs. Measure, packed, 52" x 32" x 26". Gas consumption, per hour, about 100 cubic feet.

#### NO. 5:

Heating space, 11" wide, 14" deep. Entrance, 11" wide, 3 or 356" high. Floor space, 36" x 20". Weight, net, about 700 lba. Weight, packed, about 800 lbs. Mensure, packed, 52" x 38" x 28". Gas connection is made to union G. Blast connection below air cock A. Gas consumption, per hour, about 120 cubic feet

Measure, packed, 62° x 26° x 24°. Gas consumption, per hour, about 100

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#### FORGES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11785.

Entrance, 12" x 1½", depth, 4". Floor space, 18" x 23". Weight, net, about 285 lbs. Weight, packed, about 375 lbs

Measure, packed, 42° x 27° x 24°. Gas connects at G by ½° pipe. Blast connects at C by 1° pipe. Gas consumption, per hour, about 90 cubic feet.

# NO. 7 GAS FORGE



# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11788.

Entrance, 3½" x 3½" x 3½" deep. Slot under burner H, 9½" x 1½". Floor space, 24" x 24". Height to entrance, 40". Height to top, 52°.

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Weight, net, about 1,200 lbs. Weight, packed, about 1,400 lbs. Measure, crated, 27" x 27" x 55". Gas consumption, per hour, about 200 cubic foot.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11787.

Front entrance, 9" wide, 3" high.

Capacity, about 40 lbs. per charge, heating at rate of three 34° rivets per minute. Smaller size proportionately quicker.

NO. 9 GAS FORGE

Floor space, 25" x 26".
Weight, net, about 413 lbs.
Weight, packed for shipment, about 514 lbs.
Measure, packed, 52" x 28" x 27". Gas consumption, per hour, about 120 to 200 cubic feet



FIG. 11786.

This furnace will heat rivets of any thickness up to 34", and not exceeding 3" in length.

About 40 lbs. are fed into the furnace in bulk and it will discharge three 34" rivets per
minute, or smaller rivets in proportionately less time. It takes 15 minutes to best up the furnace, at the expiration of which time the first rivet can be withdrawn

The heater is made for any kind of gas in ordinary use, including natural gas, but the kind of gas to be used must be specified in the order, so that the burner may be adapted to it.

The air supply connects at A.P and must be under the pressure of 1 lb. to the square inch. The gas connects at G.P and the pressure may be anything above 1 os., the supply being abundant. The rivets are left through the feed hole H under the cover K. The furnace should be kept well filled and as the heated rivets are discharged new rivets should replace them so that the furnace never contains less than two-thirds of a full charge.

The bottom slab F is an inclined plane connecting with the horizontal slab C about 6" from the front of the furnace. On the slab C the actual heating is performed, while the rivets, packed into the furnace and resting on the inclined plane, are pre-heated by the waste heat, which passes through the charge to a vent at the

NO. 2 GAS RIVET HEATER

The burner B emits numerous small flames downward upon the werk, and as the beated rivets are removed from the slab C those back of them slide down the incline and take their place. The rapidity of heating can be controlled, as also the temperature of the rivets, which can be brought up to a bright cherry red or nearly white heat. The rivets are uniformly heated and over heating is effectually prevented by proper adjustment of the gas and air valves.

The angle plug D may be removed, if necessary, but is intended to confine the heat to the furnace as much as possible without interfering with the removal of the heated rivets. This will save the gas, by forcing the products of combustion to escape through the feed hole instead of the wide open front entrance, thus pre-besting the rivets on the inclined slab before they reach the actual heating space immediately below the burner.

We make these furnaces to order for larger sizes and quantities of rivets, the order stating the required output per hour.

Air supply under pressure of one pound to the square inch is indispensable, and our No. I pressure blower will supply two furnaces.



FIG. 11787.

A

## ELASTIC ROTARY BLOW RIVETING MACHINES.

STANDARD MACHINE, STYLE A.



FIG. 11788.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS, 11788 AND 11789.

The riveting machines here illustrated represent the results of long experience in the frapability and durability of the elastic rotary blow type of riveter.

One important feature over the old type of machine is the direct and central application of power to the oscillating cylinder containing the hammer rod and compression springs.

This feature allows of an increase of from 20 to 35 per cent in the speed of the various machines, which increases the number of blows per minute, and therefore the time required for heading a rivet is reduced, resulting in an increased output of the machine.

Another feature which improves the quality of work done on this machine is the positive rotary motion given to the hammer rod through the medium of worm and gesr. The action of the riveting hammer when revolved by this method is to create a regularly applied "breaking-down" action, which causes the rivet to spread evenly on all sides, thereby forming an even shaped head on the rivet.

These riveters are built in sizes to head rivets from 1/6" to 3/4" in diameter. The face efthe machine against which the table bracket is builted is faced and grooved to receive a

tongue on the table bracket. This construction, therefore, will admit of the use of a horizontal or vertical table. In many cases it is an advantage to have the machine equipped with both tables, thus permitting of handling a larger variety of work.

The machine is also furnished with a lower revolving fixture which is secured to the circular table when both heads of a rivet are to be formed simultaneously.

STANDARD MACHINE, STYLE 8



FIG. 11789.

## SPECIFICATIONS.

Rise of Machine.	Floor Space.	Total Height.	Depth of Throat.	Hammer to Face of Machine	Floor to Ham- mer in Lowest Position.	Position to Ham- mar in Lowest Position.	Weight
360 1	12" x 18"	5935"	5"	4"	35%*	25"	185 lbs.
34"	15" x 22"	66"	7*	554*	3734"	25"	405 lbs.
30"	16° x 253/2	733/2"	854"	734*	401/2"	311/4"	594 lbs.
34" :	20° x 28°	74"	10*	834"	40"	2514"	762 lbs.
39" 3	24" ± 32"	80°	1134"	9*	3734*	1934*	932 lbs
36" 3	20° x 34°	80"	12*	9"	42"	2814"	1,194 lbs.
34"	35° x 43°	9934*	1336*	1014*	3934"	2234"	2,428 lbs.

Countershaft, shown on following page, is furnished at additional cost only.

## ELASTIC ROTARY BLOW RIVETING MACHINES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11790.

	Blows		-Countershaft	
Size.	per Minute.	Machine Driver.	T and L Pulleys.	Speed
36	1,550	22° x 3°	6" x 3"	425
W	1,325	24" x 3"	6" x 3"	396
16	1,270	22° x 3°	0° x 3°	460
M*	1,070	22" × 3"	6" x 3"	390
36"	975	20° x 4°	8° × 3°	440
W	1,000	22° x 4°	10° x 3°	155
36	750	26" x 4"	8" × 4"	350



## QUICK STROKE ROTARY RIVETING HAMMERS.





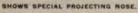




FIG. 11792.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11791 AND 11792.

These machines strike an extremely rapid blow and their action is such as to bead around the head, making a very neat head without upsetting or bending the body of the rivet. They are therefore especially suitable for hinges, riveting through wood, and similar classes of work. The machine is regularly furnished with flat table, as shown in Fig. 11702, for the reason that most of our customers make their own special chucks or dies to suit their work, but we can make lower dies or chucks as may be desired. We furnish these in five sizes: No. 1 rivets fy' up to ½', No. 2 rivets from ½' up to 3½'. No. 3 rivets from ½'' up to 3½''. No. 4 rivets from ½'' up to 3½''. No. 3 rivets from ½'' up to 3½''. No. 4 for about ½'', No. 4 for about ½'', No. 2 for about ½'', No. 3 for about ½'', No. 4 for about ½'', No. 4 for about ½'' and No. 5 for §'' and 3½'' round. We have known the No. 5 to be used for riveting even as large as 1½'', but of course it was slow. We furnish these with rubber springs, which we consider much superior to the steel or bronze. We would be glad to furnish further details to our customers upon application, as to the adaptability of these machines to special work and as to construction.

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### FILING MACHINES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11793.

This is a machine for doing all sorts of filing—more especially the particular kind—accurately and rapidly in a much more estisfactory way than by the old, slow, weary way of our grandfathers.

It does best the kinds of work that are best worth doing, and that have always called for the most skillful hand filing, the making of blanking, trimming and coining dies, light slotting, gauges, templates and models.

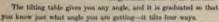
In addition it can be and is used to advantage in the finishing of parts of guns, typewriters, swingmachines, gas fixtures, electrical fittings, jewelry, dental and surgical instruments, novelties, elock parts, cuttery, silverware, etc. It is just right for trimming sprues and gates for metal castings; in fact wherever hand filing is now in use the machine will do the work as well or better at a lower cost. It is not limited to filing dies.

The machine is divided by the work bench into two parts—the driving mechanism below and entirely out of the way—the upper division above, in the handlest possible position, leaving the bench free from belts or countershafts.

The table occupies a beach space nine inches in diameter, has a rotary adjustment so that file can be adjusted in any relation to change of light; and can be completely detached from the beach without disturbing the driving mechanism.

The driving mechanism drives the file rapidly in a vertical position and has a rapid return motion; in fact if exactly imitates the motions of hand filing, only the stroke is more regular and uniform.

The file works through an opening in the center of a tilting table which supports the work at the proper angle for filing. The center of the file opening is in line at all positions of the table with the longitudinal center of the file-ram.



You can use any kind of a file—any length and shape of shank—round, squars or tapered. You can use a needle file in close quarters and at the speed best adapted to the work. The proper speed for this matchine for iron or steel is 200 strokes per minute; for brass or other soft metals, 500 strokes; in fact it must be run at the stated speeds to produce the results we claim for it.

Each machine is furnished complete with countershaft, belt-shifter, hack saw attachment, file guide and work hold-down, and the first cost is practically the whole cost.

Stroke, 0" to 4".

Table, 9° in diameter.

BENCH FILING MACHINE.

FIG. 11793.

Tilt of table, 30° to front and back.

Tilt of table, 10° to right and left,

Bench space, 9° in diameter. Speed of countershaft, 300 revolutions.

.....

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11794.

The ways are placed at the back of the machine away from the dirt and fillings, which leaves the space under the table entirely free for handling the files.

The slide has its hearing in the frame of the machine and is fitted with a taper gib.

The crank pin bearing is extra large and is fitted with a bronze bushing.

They are so made that after putting in the file they may be placed

in the machine and adjusted so that the file will run true.

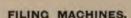
The table has an adjustment of 45° to the front and 10° back.

The file holders are arranged to take any shape file up to about 6' long.





FIG. 11794.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11794.—Continued.

When it is necessary to change to a different shape of file this holder may be detached with the file in place and another file and

After the files required for a certain job have been adjusted in their separate holders, the changes from one style to another may be made very rapidly.

We furnish a set of six holders, two of each of the styles shown. Additional holders may be ordered. Height to top of table..... 11° Face of pulleys,.... 114" Diameter of table..... Diameter of pulleys..... 

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11795.

The machine is made and finished in a first class manner and is a high grade machine throughout. The ways and slide are fitted with taper gib and are carefully scraped to a bearing, the crank shaft and important bearings are hardened and ground and are protected from dust and dirt. The bearing for the crankshaft has a cast iron bushing and the crank pin has an adjustable bronze bushing. Cone pulleys provide for four changes of speed.

The ways are placed at the back of the machine away from the chips and filings, directly back of and in line with the file, making the stiffest construction possible with the weight.

The table is adjustable about two axes at right angles to each other, tilting to an angle of 45°, and work may be filed at any angle. The space under the table is left clear to facilitate the changing of

A screw feed, operated by hand, is provided by which the work may be fed to the file.

An adjustable finger holds the work firmly to the table without marring and allows it to be moved freely in any direction on the table.

An air pump blows away the chips and filings and keeps the work and file clear, insuring a smooth cut.

The stroke of the file is adjustable from 4" to 0". The file is arranged to clear on the return stroke either on the up or down stroke as desired, and may be made to cut either on the up or down stroke by changing the crank pin to the opposite end of the crank arm. The amount of clearance is adjustable from he to 0" by means of the knurled headed serew at the back of the machine.

The file arms are attached to the slide, two of them carry the file holders and the file may be clamped either above or below the table, or at both ends. Either of these arms may be detached and the file supported at the free end by means of the special arm furnished, which carries an adjustable flager to support the file at the back.

The file and holder may be removed very quickly without disturbing the adjustment when it is necessary to marning the or to change from one style of file to another,



FIG. 11795.

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#### FILING MACHINES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11795 .- Continued.

A pair of arms for holding hack saw blades is also furnished, which may be attached to the slide in place of the file arms.

File Holders.—We have two systems of holding files, one by using adjustable holders and the other by using rigid holders. The adjustable holder consists of three parts. It clamps the file, allowing it to be adjusted in the machine to run true. After adjusting, it may be locked in position and removed and replaced at will without disturbing the adjustment.

The adjustable holder is made in three styles, No. 1, 2 and 3, each of which is made in two sizes, (small) A and (large) B. The No. 1 with wood hundle for small files, No. 2 for round, square and irregular shaped files, and No. 3 for pillar and rectangular files.

The rigid holder takes round shank files. We furnish a convenient jig for babbitting round shanks to ordinary files. The rigid holder is made in three sizes for shanks, ½°, ½°, and ¼°.

Both the rigid and adjustable holders have a V way, which is clamped to a corresponding V on the file arm, admitting of very quick changes.

quick changes.

The regular equipm	ent as furnished with	the machine includes:
--------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------

1	countershaft attached to base.	I habbitting jig.
2	file holder arms (top and bottom).	9 file holders:

1 each A1, A2, A3, adjustable. 1 each B1, B2, B3, adjustable. 1 each 34", 34", 39", rigid. I file holder support arm. 2 hack saw arm 3 file support rods with plate.

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4 B M 0 0 0 M

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#### SPECIFICATIONS

seight of table from floor			12"
troke, adjustable	entre de la constitución de la c		4" to 0
Diameter of drive pulley	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	motoring and	S*
ace of drive pulley			2"
Veight, net		distribute.	330 lbs
Veight, boxed			450 lb
peed of countershaft, revolutions per minute		Marie Land	160

## CENTERING MACHINES.

#### NO. I SINGLE SPINDLE BENCH CENTERING MACHINE.

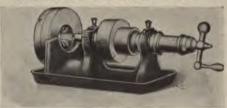


FIG. 11798.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11798.

The No. 1 machine will center round bars from  $M^*$  to  $3^*$  in diameter. The centering chuck of this machine is permanently attached to the frame at a fixed distance from the spindle.

The machine is furnished in two styles, as follows:

Style A. Machine complete on iron table, with countershaft, special drill chuck for combination center drills and half dozen drills.

Style B. Same as A, but without stand, as shown in cut.

Note.—Machine is furnished with three jaw chuck for holding round and hexagon stock, but if a four jaw chuck is desired it can be supplied in addition or instead of the regular chuck. Countershaft may be omitted if not required.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Floor Space,	Weight.	Box Mean.	Revol
Style A	350 lbs.	18" x 27" x 40"	400
Style B	150 Iba.	12° x 12" x 30°	400

## CENTERING MACHINES.

#### NO. 2 SINGLE SPINDLE CENTERING MACHINE ON STAND.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11797.

The No. 2 machine will center round bars from 14" to 414" diameter. The centering chuck is mounted to slide on the bed and may be adjusted with reference to the drilling spindle. This permits the use of various special tools in the spindle, and some irregular pieces may be conveniently held in this machine for special drilling or end operations.

Each machine is regularly furnished with a three jaw chuck for holding round and hexagon work, but a four jaw chuck can be supplied in addition to or in place of the regular chuck, if desired.

Built in two styles:

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Style A machine, complete on table, with countershaft, special drill chuck for combination center drills, and half dozen drills for same.

Style B. Same as Style A, but without stand, so as to use as a bench machine.

	Style A.	Style B.
Space required	25° x 324	11° x 32°
Weight	400 lbs.	225 lbs.
Box measurements	18"x27"x40"	13°x15°x21°

The countershaft has tight and loose pulleys 6° diameter for 2° belt, and should make about 400 revolutions per minute.

Countershaft may be omitted if not required.



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11798.

The No. 3 machine will center round bars from \( \)\_4" to 5\( \)\_6" diameter. The centering chuck of this machine slides on the ways and may be clamped at any desired point, like the No. 2 machine.

machine.

The machine may be readily modified for special requirements. An additional jig plate or angle with guide bushings to support long tools or standard drills is frequently furnished; a special rest or work holder fitted in place of, or to exchange with, the regular centering chuck, is often advantageous. These changes sometimes provide convenient facilities for special work, at low first cost as compared with other machines for such nurse. for such purposes.

for such purposes.

Each machine is furnished with a three jaw
centering chuck for round and bexagonal stock,
countershaft, special drill chuck for combination
center drills, and half doesn'd drills for same.

A four jaw chuck can be supplied, if deared.

or space required ...





FIG 11798.

## CENTERING MACHINES.

NO. 4 SINGLE SPINDLE CENTERING MACHINE.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11799.

The No. 4 machine will center round bars from 1/2" to 71/4" diameter. The centering chuck of this machine slides on the ways, and may be clamped at any point, to permit the use of various special tools in the spindle if required for special drilling or end operations.

A floor stand is furnished to support the end of long bars.

Machine is regularly furnished with three jaw centering chuck for round and hexagonal stock, countershaft, special drill chuck for combination center drills, and half dosen drills for

A four jaw centering chuck can be supplied, if desired.

Floor space required ... 25" x 56" Weight.... 600 Ibs. Box measurements.... 26" x 26" x 38"

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The countershaft has tight and loose pulleys 6" diameter for 2" belt, and should make about 350 revolutions per minute.

FIG. 11799.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11800 TO 11802.

Two spindles are provided, one of which carries a small twist drill and the other a center reamer or countersink. The spindles are driven at different speeds by gears connecting them with the driving pulley which revolves on one of who the driving pause when revoves on one the the pivots for the swinging head. The belt tension does not vary, and exerts no strain tending to change the position of the spindles. Sensitive spindles.—Both spindles are sens-tive, being balanced by springs, but these do not

bear on revolving parts, thus avoiding wear

Convenient feed.—Each spindle is advanced to its cut by the one feed lever, which has the same direction of feeding motion for both spindles. The head is swung laterally by the convenient ball handle shown,

Positive stop motion.—Each spindle is pro-vided with a fixed collar inside the head, which limits its advance at the proper point. In con-nection with the adjustable stop for setting the work, this feature avoids all danger of reaming

the work too deep.

Positive locking device.—Neither spindle can be advanced by the feeding lever except when on the center; and whenever either spindle is so adthe center; and wenever either spindle is a advanced the swinging head becomes positively locked against eideways motion and remains so until the spindle has been again returned to the fully withdrawn position. This feature prevents the breakage of drills by any accidental side movement.



FIG. 11800.

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#### CENTERING MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11800 TO 11802.-Continued.

The vise is a carefully made universal scroll chuck with ample wearing surfaces and hardened jaws which may be readily ground true

I not vise is a training make undertain state of the law annue wearing surfaces and natureled paw since may be caused whenever necessary.

Supports for work.—A support is attached to the lower chuck jaw to guide the front end of the har while same is being inserted in the chuck. The bar to be centered may be conveniently laid upon this support and the Y-shaped rest shown, while being gripped by the chuck, thus avoiding all necessity for the operator to support the weight of the work while chucking same. The angle of the Y

by the cancer, thus avoiding an necessity for the operator to a rest is such that one turn of the nut will vary the height of the rest sufficiently for bars of 34" difference in diameter. Stope for work.—A swinging stop with an adjusting screw is provided, against which the work should be placed before gripping. The screw can be adjusted to permit any required depth of reaming, thus securing perfect uniformity.

Oil supply for the cutting tools is obtained from a con-veniently placed oil pot; a drainage pan for the chips and a drip cup to catch the oil are provided. Ample shell and table

any temporates the control and provided.

Although these machines are regularly furnished with three jaw centering-chucks, four jaw chucks can be supplied in addition to oh in place of the regular chucks, if desired.

#### 4" MACHINE.





#### S" MACHINE.

Equipment: Three jaw centering chuck, countershaft, necessary wrenches, one dozen center drills, and one-half dozen center reamers (60°).

Shipping weight, in crate. Shipping weight, tightly boxed.	1,150 lbs. 1,215 lbs.
Crate measurements.	27° x 50° x 76°
Box measurements.	17" x 28" x 70"
Not weight	1,065 lbs.
Capacity to center	14" to 5"
Floor space required	26" x 72"

Countershaft has tight and loose pulleys 10" in diameter for 2½" belt, and should make about 295 revolutions per minute.

Diameter of machine pulley 8½" for 2½" belt, and should make 382 revolutions per minute. This information is given for guidance in cases where it is desired to drive the machine from an independent motor.





FIG. 11802.

## 7" MACHINE.

Equipment: Three jaw centering chuck, countershaft, necessary wrenches, three drill sockets, and one center reamer (60°).

Machine occupies floor space 26" x 62" and weighs about 1,000 lbs. Countershaft has tight and loose pulleys, 10° in diameter for 2½° belt, and should make about 175 revolutions per minute.

#### 9" MACHINE.

Equipment: Three jaw centering chuck, countershaft, necessary wrenches, three drill sockets, one center reamer (60°).

Machine occupies floor space 122" x 20" and weighs about 1,700 lbs. Countershaft has tight and loose pulleys, 10" in diameter, for 234" belt, and should make about 175

revolutions per minute.

Note: We can furnish this machine with short bed (5' long) if desired.

#### CENTERING MACHINES.

#### REVENDIBLE CENTERING MACHINE, STYLE B.



FIG. 11803.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11803.

This new machine has the same spindle mechanism and head stock used in our regular two-spindle centering machine, in which the traverse of the spindles is limited by suitable stops, and which is designed so that neither spindle can be advanced except when on the center. When sither spindle is advanced, the head is locked against lateral movement. The new machine is fitted with an improved reversible vise, designed to conveniently present both ends of short bars to the tool spindles to be centered and reamed, without releasing them. It will center stock up to 315" in diameter.

The vise is made with a sliding base, which may be elamped anywhere on the ways of the machine bed. An upright portion carrying the vise jaws (which are operated by a right and left screw and slide vertically), is pivoted in line with the centering spindles, and may make a half revolution against suitable stops, where it becomes automatically and securely locked.

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The short bars to be centered are held in the vise at the middle of their length. After one end is centered and reamed, the vice lock is released and the work reversed, presenting the other end of the bar in proper position to be centered and reamed also,

Each end of long work may be centered in the same manner as in the regular machines.

An adjustable swinging stop for the end of the bar regulates the depth of reaming, and also locates the work in proper position to be gripped in the vise. A stop acrew is provided for slightly adjusting the sliding base to the correct position (when sotting up for a lot of pieces), so that the bar to be centered will pivot at the middle of its length and be reamed to a uniform depth at both ends.

It is important to notice that a number of pieces centered in this machine will be uniform in length between the extremities of the lather centers, even though varying slightly in length when cut off. This fact gives the machine a special advantage in centering lots of pieces which are to be afterward worked by the system of lathe carriage stops for different operations, as it permits such work to be reversed in the lathe without disturbing the accuracy of gauge length between various shoulders.

It is the outgrowth of a demand in our own shops for a machine to give precisely these results, and it has met the requirements successfully.

The machine is accurately made to suitable fixtures, which secure correct alignment, and it will rapidly handle short stock cut from round, square or octagon bars.

As compared with machines which center both ends of short work at once by the action of opposite spindles, it is to be noted that the pieces are accurately and automatically centered in this machine by a vise which adjusts itself to inequalities of the material, and that the pieces are rapidly and conveniently handled without necessity for moving any portion of the machine.

Convenient means are provided to take up wear and maintain correct alignment, and the machine will give attisfactory service for a long period.

The machine is built in two styles, as follows:

Style A. Machine to be placed on bench, with countershaft, necessary wrenches, one dozen center drills and one-half dozen center reamers (60°).

Style B. Machine complete on column with countershaft, necessary wrenches, one dozen center drills, and one-half dozen center

Floor stand for machine on column to support long bars, can be supplied at extra cost,

	Style A.	Style II.
Shipping weight, crated	************	400 lbs.
Shipping weight, boxed	275 lbs.	450 fbm.
Box measurements	12" × 23" × 34"	18" x 30" x 51"
Net weight,	225 lbs.	350 lbs.
Capacity to center	36" to 316"	14" to 314"
Space required.	15" x 36"	15° x 36°

Countershaft has tight and loose pulleys 6" diameter, for 2" belt, and should make about 325 revolutions per minute.

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#### CENTERING MACHINES.

# DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11804

The special machine here illustrated is designed to accurately center previously finished shafts 4" in diameter and smaller. The work is held in two centering chucks, one of which revolves and acts as a driver. The shaft is firmly gripped in the revolving chuck, while the end near the tools is supported and revolved in the jaws of the stationary chuck as in a lather center reat. The centers may then be drilled and reamed to the required depth by the drilling and reaming tools which revolve in a direction opposite to the work and at different speeds. In this way the tools produce centers which exactly correspond with the surface of the stock. It is only in this manner that finished shafting can be centered to run perfectly true. When so centered, such shafts may be turned to receive pistons, pulleys, gears, etc., which may be mounted as accurately as upon fully turning may be dispensed with.

4" REVOLVING CENTERING MACHINE.



FIG. 11804

The product of the turret lathe may also be conveniently centered and afterward perfectly finished by grinding.

This new machine has the same spindle mechanism, head stock and three jaw centering chuck used in our regular two spindle centering machine, in which the traverse of the spindles is limited by suitable stops, and which is designed so that neither spindle can be advanced except when on the center. When either spindle is advanced, the head is locked against lateral movement. It also has the secondary revolving chuick which may be clamped anywhere on the bed to accommodate the length of material to be centered. Long shafts may pass through the chucks, and the projecting end may be supported on a floor stand if required.

For ordinary centering of rough stock which is to be turned, the revolving chuck may be swung back out of the way and disconnected by means of a convenient slip pinion. In this position the machine may be used in the common manner.

This special machine has all the advantages of our regular machines, and the revolving attachment in addition, and is an important money saver, because it makes the extended use of commercially finished shafting for machinery parts much more convenient and economical than heretofore.

#### S" REVOLVING CENTERING MACHINE.



FIG. 11805.

Machine is built in two styles, as follows:

Style A. Machine complete with three jaw centering chuck, countershaft, necessary wrenches, one dozen center 'drills, and one-half dozen center reamers (60°).

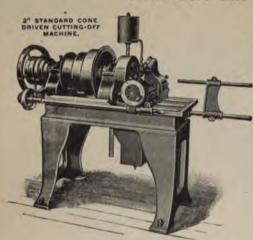
Style B. Machine complete, as above, and fitted with additional four jaw centering chuck (to interchange with the regular three jaw chuck) for centering square and octagon stock.

Floor stand, for long bars, furnished at extra cost.

## SPECIFICATIONS.

	4" Machine.	3" Machine.
Shipping weight, in crate.	750 lbs.	1,235 lbs.
Shipping weight, tightly		
boxed	800 lbs.	1,300 lbs.
Crate measurements25	"x48"x62"	27" x 50" x 76"
Box measurements17	"× 26"× 64"	17" x 28" x 76"
Net weight	700 lbs.	1,150 lbs.
Capacity to center	36" to 4"	14" to 5"
Floor space required	24" = 58"	26" x 72"
Countershaft pulleys	8" x 214"	10" x 255"
Speed of countershaft,		1000
R. P. M.	260	295

## CUTTING-OFF MACHINES.



DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11806 TO 11809.

The two tools will cut twice as fast as one, and each tool is a rest for the other. One tool presses each tool is a rest for the other. One tool presses up and the other down, which relieves the strain and leverage on chicks and bearings. The same amount of work can be done with less power, and conse-quently with less strain on tools and maschine by grinding one of the tools V shaped to take out the middle of the cut and leaving the other square to take out the corners, just as in planing a slot the work is done much easier by taking a narrow sool first.

The tool blocks are a new pattern in which the blade is set solid in the block at an angle with the line of travel, giving a very strong shearing cut.

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FIG. 11806.

FIG. 11807.

As will be seen from the cut, the blades are clamped very strongly in a fixed position and are supported out under the cutting edge.

The blades are nicely ground with good clearance, and cut square every time if only ground square.

Many who have had their temper tried in attempting to set the old style holders to cut square will appreciate these which can be set in but one position.

in our one position.

We manufacture and supply the blades for these blocks and intend to carry all sizes in stock.

The patent nut on back tool block enables the operator to make that tool block independent of the other, and quickly set tools to cut alike, even when machine is running.

The chips and oil are caught in a hinged receptacle under the machine, which drains the oil from the chips; chips can then be dumped dry. This makes a r nomical arrangement. This makes a neat, convenient and eco-

The patent shipper uses two pairs of tight and loose pulleys and ships each belt independently of the other.

This avoids the use of friction clutches and

requires no attention except the usual ciling.

The centering attachment runs with a seprate belt and countershaft, and makes a perfect centering machine.

It is conveniently arranged and easy to oper-

Boxes take up wear, and spindle is carefully ground to fit. to fit the Morse standard taper No. 1.

One great advantage of centering with this machine is that the work can revolve while centering, which is sure to bring the center true.

Aside from these special features, the ma-chines are made of good material with first class

Chucks, tool blocks, and carriages are very solid and stiff, which is of first importance in a cutting-off machine. All sizes are furnished with automatic feed,

automatic throw off, two tools, gauge, and a pedestal rest for long shafts.

For specifications see following page.

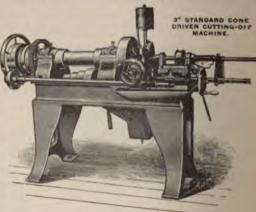


FIG. 11800.

# THE E

## CUTTING-OFF MACHINES.

4" 5" AND 6" STANDARD CONE DRIVEN CUTTING-OFF MACHINES.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11806 TO 11809.

Size.	T. and L. Pulleys.		Speeds, R. F. M.		Shipping Weight.	
2*		10"	100		800 lbs.	
3"	3" X	10"	150 and :	220	1,400 lbs.	
4"	3" x	12"	100 and	160	1,750 lbs.	
5*	314° x	14"	100 and :	180	2,200 lbs.	
Qu.	336" x	14"	100 and	180	2,900 lbs.	

# 2" ACCELERATED SPEED CUTTING-OFF



FIG. 11810.

wheels are driven by pulleys, one of which is shown in the cut, a corresponding one being at the back of the machine.

The two friction wheels are moved simultaneously by a right and left screw which is connected with the cross screw of the carriage so that as the tools are fad in, the wheels are also fed toward the center of the disks, thus running on a smaller diameter of the disks and driving them at a higher speed. The acceleration thus produced is gradual and regular and the fastest speed is about five times that at starting.

The machine is of a strong, solid build and has proved its superiority in the four years it has been on the market. In many cases it has taken the place of two cone driven machines and has repeatedly proven that it has a much larger capacity than any cone driven machine, even our own two tool machines.

One important feature of this machine is the tool blocks or carriers which are very solid and strong and earry wide blades set in recesses in the side of the blocks and clamped with a cup and bolts.



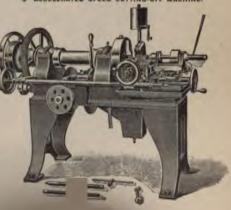
(For description see preceding page.)

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11810 TO 11813.

These machines have a device by which the speed of the main spindle is increased or accelerated as the cutting tools approach the center. This acceleration is produced by a mechanism consisting of two disks, compressing between themselves two movable friction wheels of hard fiber which drive the disks at a speed corresponding to the position of the wheels upon the disks.

Each disk has a geared connection with the main spindle, and the friction

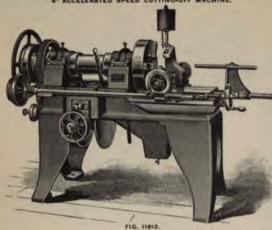
#### 3" ACCELERATED SPEED CUTTING-OFF MACHINE.



11011

#### CUTTING-OFF MACHINES.

A" ACCELERATED SPEED CUTTING-OFF MACHINE.



SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 11010 TO 11813.

# DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11810 TO 11813.

Each recess forms a guide for setting the blades square and as each blade is supported out under the cutting point and sets at an angle to take a shearing cut, danger of breakage is reduced to a mininum. A special circular on tool blocks will be sent on application.

All sizes are provided with three rates of automatic feed, an automatic stop, patent chip box, countershaft with two speeds, all necessary wrenches, gauges, etc.

The countershafts of these machines set across the machine, but parallel countershafts can be supplied if necessary at slight extra cost,

Any of these machines can be supplied with an attachment for drilling and centering the ends of stock. This is a convenient and accurate machine for this purpose, and will be found very useful when this work is required.

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6" ACCELERATED SPEED CUTTING-OFF MACHINE.

FIG. 11813. SHOWS CENTERING ATTACHMENT.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11814.

This cut shows our 3' cutting-off machine, with two tools.

The machine is complete, with two powerful chucks, floor stand and countershaft. The countershaft is so arranged that by shifting a lever the speed can be changed while machine is in operation, and allows a faster speed as the cut nears the center. The machine is provided with oil pump and all necessary attachments. The friction pulleys on the countershaft are 12° in diameter with 43½° face, and one should make 70 and the other 100 turns per minute. Weight of machine is 1,050 lbs.

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FIG. 11814.

4N" CUTTING-OFF MACHINE.



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11815.

The cut shows our 415° cuttingoff machine with single tool and
centering attachment, but the machine is lurnished with either single
tool or with two tools as desired. It is
provided with two powerful chueka
and oil pump. The driving cone
has four changes which, with the
two speeds provided with pulleys, with the
two speeds provided with pulleys of
the counterhalte, gives eight different speeds to 100 to 100 to
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#### CUTTING-OFF MACHINES.

8" CUTTING-OFF MACHINE.

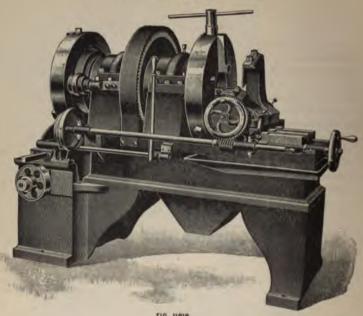


FIG. Hele.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11816.

This machine will cut unfinished shaft from 2" to 8" diameter.

Chucks are 24" diameter, extra heavy and powerful.

Machine is furnished with oil pump and pans, not shown in the cut.

Has automatic accelerated speed as the tools approach the center.

Countershaft has two speeds with Hurlbut's patent shipper.

Tight and loose pulleys, 315" x 14",

Speeds, 275 and 320 revolutions per minute.

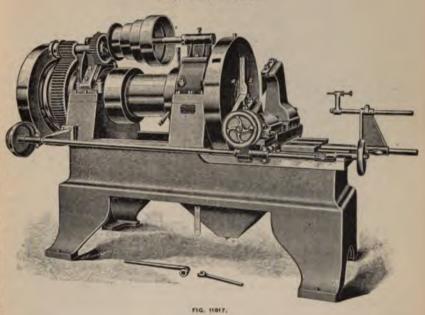
Shipping weight, 5,200 lbs.

Can be furnished with a direct current motor attached if desired.

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#### CUTTING-OFF MACHINES.

10" CUTTING-OFF MACHINE.



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#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11817.

This machine will cut unfinished shaft from 2" to 10" diameter.

Chucks are 30° diameter, extra heavy and powerful.

Machine is furnished with oil pump and drip pans, not shown in the cut.

Built only in the cone-driven style.

Constershalt has two speeds with Hurlbut's patent shipper.

Tight and loose pulleys,  $314^o$  x  $14^o$  .

Speeds, 225 and 260 revolutions per minute.

Shipping weight, 5,500 lbs.

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#### POWER HACK SAWS.

#### FAIRBANKS POWER HACK SAW.



FIG. 11818.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11818.

The Fairbanks power back saw is constructed on correct mechanical principles, for longest wear, and to obtain the best and greatest amount of service from back saw blades.

Cute on backward or pulling stroke, with weight of aw frame and levers lifted off the blade on its forward or idle stroke. This arrangement keeps the saw blade sharp longer, and enables it to do 30 per cent. more work than machines of ordinary construction.

Spring tension—not weights—One of its valuable features is the spring tension, which acts on the saw frame, and is much more effective and convenient than the weights with which hack saws are ordinarily equipped.

The connection from the pulling end of saw blade to main lever is rigid.

The steel overhanging saw arm gives a constant tension to the blade, and facilitates the quick insertion of blades or changing for different lengths.

Change of stroke can be effected while the machine is in motion, thus utilizing the full length of the blade for effective work.

The stroke may be varied from 614" to 8", to suit the size of work being cut.

Cuts straight—no lost power.—It has means for adjusting the saw blade to make it cut straight or squarely through a piece of stock, even when the blade has more clearance, or is duller on one side than the other.

It has a driving clutch that locks the crank to the driving pulley, without end friction on the bearings, with its consequent loss of power.

An adjustable automatic stop.—This stops the machine when the cut is finished. This may be set to stop the machine when the saw has cut partly through a piece, and it will operate positively to within \( \frac{1}{2} \) from the point where it is desired to end the cut.

This machine is built in two sizes, viz ..

No 1. Capacity 5" x 5". Will take saw blades from 9" to 14" long. Weight about 250 lbs.

No. 2. Capacity 10" x 51/2". Will take saw blades from 14" to 18" long. Weight about 300 lbs.

Each machine is regularly supplied with one saw blade only. Proper speed for operation of either size machine is about forty strokes per minute (40 revolutions per minute of pulley). Pulley is 14° diameter by 234° face.

In view of the slow speed of operation of these machines, it is sometimes impossible to operate them successfully by helting direct from the line shaft. We are therefore prepared to furnish a special countershaft to interpose between the line shaft and the machine to decrease the belt speed. This is furnished at extra cost only.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11819.

This machine is constructed on an entirely new principle, great care having been taken to provide means whereby all kinds of sawing within its capacity may be done. It has gravity feed, years of experience with different styles of cold sawing mechines having demonstrated that this is the most satisfactory way. The old style machines all have their awar frames located so that the saw does its cutting of one side of the machine, and outside of the work holding vise, so that the usefulness of these machines is confined to simply cutting sections off a bar. In the "Universal" the saw frame is located directly in the center of the machine and the saw does its cutting in the center of the work holding vise, thereby enabling the operator to do a greater variety of work than is possible on any other machine of its class. The illustration, Fig. 11819, shows a squard block with a section aswed out, and then mitered; it also shows a round piece of steel of x 22 split in treain; all mechanics will appreciate the advantage of this way over the old, i. e., of drilling a row of holes and then breaking apart with a chiest, to say nothing of the saving of expensive steel. Another improvement is provided in the crank, which is adjustable, so that the whole available length of the saw blades may be used; the pittnan is also adjustable to correspond with the stroke of the saw. The machine is automatic and can be adjusted to stop at any point. The saw frame is also arranged to take blades from 10° to 14° inclusive. Any apprentice can operate a number of these machines, keeping all of them at work at the same time.

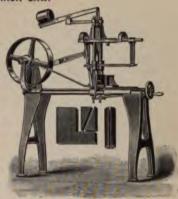


FIG. 11019.



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FIG. 11820.

Capacity	6" solids
Size of pulley	14" x 234"
Speed of pulley, revolutions	40'to 60
Length of saw blade, inclusive.	10" to 14"
Net weight	225 lbe.
Note: 45 strokes per minute is fast enough for steel, 50 strokes for	east iron and
60 for brass.	Sand State State

# NO. 1 SHOP SAW.

Capacity	4" x 4"
Stroke of asw blade	6*
Length	12*
Size of pulley	14" x 236"
Speed, revolutions per minute.	50
Feed, per minute	Nº 10 1
Floor space	18" x 30"
Height over all.	36"
Net weight	136 lbs.
Weight, boxed for export	182 lbs.
Size, boxed for export	19" x 19" x 32

#### NO. 2 SHOP SAW.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11021.	
Capacity	5" x 5"
Stroke of mw.	6*
Length	14"
Size of pulley	14" x 23/2"
Speed per minute, revolutions	50
Food, per minute	35" to 5"
Floor space	19" x 34"
Height over all	41"
Net weight	150 lbs.
Weight, boxed for export	210 lbs.
Size, boxed for export	- 20*



FIG. 11821.

FIG. 11822.

#### PECIFICATIONS FIG. 11822.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11	022.	
Capacity		* 5" x 6"
Stroke of saw blade		6*
Length of saw blade		14"
Size of pulley		14" x 234"
Speed per minute, revolutions		50
Floor space		18° x 30°
Height over all		36*
Not weight		180 lbs.
Weight, boxed for export.		230 Ibs.
Size, boxed for export.	OCCUPATION.	18" ≥ 20" ≥ 34"

#### NO. 4 SHOP SAW.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11823.

Capacity, solids.	7° × 8"
Ploor space	12° x 32°
Height over all	3' 2"
Size of pulley	14" × 3"
Height of work table	21"
Speed per minute, revolutions	50
Feed, per minute	de to !"
Stroke of saw blade	6*
Length of saw blade	17"
Thickness of saw blade	36"
Net weight	270 lbs.
Gross weight	360 lbs.
Size, baxed for export.	20° x 32° x 31



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FIG. 11823.

#### NO. 4A SWIVEL VISE SAW.

FIG. 11824.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11824.

This machine has been designed to meet a large demand for a saw similar to our standard. No. 4 shop saw, but arranged with a swivel vise so that cuts can be made at any angle up to  $45^{\circ}$ .

The machine is of the same capacity and design as the standard No. 4 and on our latest design the swivel vise is attached to an adjustable lowering bracket as shown on cut.

This machine can be used only for cutting at angles on material up to 7° thick, and the adjustable bracket is available only for straight cuts, the same as on the standard No. 6 machine.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11826.

Will cut off stock with smooth, parallel ands in from one-quarter to one-sixth the time required by a power back saw.

Cuts off round, square and other shaped stock up to 314" round.

Saw is driven through steel gears, hobbed worm wheel, steel worm provided with ball thrust bearing and splined worm shaft.

Saw carriage is gibbed to frame, and latches when clear back.

Gravity feed, adjustable by moving weight out on lever.

Efficient saw grinder furnished with each machine. Time required to sharpen maw, about fifteen minutes.

Tight and loose pulleys on worm shaft run 500 revolutions per minute.

Weight, 350 lbs, skidded

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NO. 1 COLD SAW.

FIG. 11825.



FIG. 11826.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11828.

Will cut off stock with smooth, parallel ends.

Cuts off round, square and other shaped stock up to 5" round. Saw is driven through steel gears, hobbed worm wheel, steel worm provided with ball thrust bearing and splined worm shaft. Saw carriage is gibbed to frame, and provided with quick hand return.

Gravity feed, changes made instantly.

Efficient saw grinder furnished with each machine. Time required to sharpen saw, about twenty minutes.

Tight and loose pulleys on worm shaft,  $12^n \times 234^n$ , should run 480 revolutions per minute.

Weight, 1,000 lbs. skidded.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11827.

Will cut off stock with smooth, parallel ends.

Cuts off round, square and other shaped stock up to 6° round.

Saw is driven through steel gears, hobbed worm wheel, steel worm provided with ball thrust bearing and splined worm shaft.

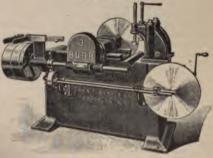
Saw earriage is gibbed to frame, and provided with quick hand return.

Variable friction feed, changes made instantly. Automatic trip.

Efficient saw grinder furnished with each machine. Time required to sharpen saw, about thirty minutes.

Tight and loose pulleys on worm shaft, 12" x 31/4", should run 440 revulutions per minute.

NO. 3 COLD SAW.



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#### POWER HACK SAWS.

#### NO. 3 SHOP SAW.



FIG. 11822.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11822.

Capacity	* 5"x6"
Stroke of mw blade	6*
Length of saw blade	14"
Size of pulley	$14^{\circ} \times 250^{\circ}$
Speed per minute, revolutions	50
Floor space	16" x 30"
Height over all	36*
Net weight	180 fbs.
Weight, boxed for export.	230 lbs.
Size, boxed for export	18" x 20" x 31"

#### NO. 4 SHOP SAW.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11823.

Capacity, solids	7" x 8"
Floor space	$12'' \times 32''$
Height over all	3' 2"
Size of pulley	14" x 3"
Height of work table	21"
Speed per minute, revolutions.	50
Feed, per minute	do to !
Stroke of mw blade	6"
Length of saw blade	17*
Thickness of saw blade	34"
Net weight	270 lbs.
Gross weight.	360 lbs.
	x 32" x 3



FIG. 11823.

#### NO. 4A SWIVEL VISE SAW.

FIG. 11824.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11824.

This machine has been designed to meet a large demand for a saw similar to our standard No. 4 shop mw, but arranged with a swivel vise so that cuts can be made at any angle up to 45°.

The machine is of the same capacity and design as the standard No. 4 and on our latest design the swivel vise is attached to an adjustable lowering bracket as shown on out.

This machine can be used only for cutting at angles on material up to 7s thick, and the adjustable bracket is available only for straight cuts, the same as on the standard No. 4 machine,

Cuts off round, square and other shaped stock up to 31/2" round.

Saw is driven through steel gears, hobbed worm wheel, steel worm provided with hall thrust bearing and oplined worm shaft.

Saw carriage is gibbed to frame, and latches when clear back.

NO. 2 COLD SAW.

Gravity feed, adjustable by moving weight out on lever.

Efficient mw grinder furnished with each machine. Time required to sharpen mw, about fifteen minutes.

Tight and loose pulleys on worm shaft run 500 revolutions per minute.

Weight, 350 lbs. skidded

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FIG. 11825.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11826.

Will cut off stock with smooth, parallel smale.

Cuts off round, square and other shaped stock up to 3" and Saw is driven through steel gears, hobbed worm what, a worm provided with ball thrust bearing and splined worm at Saw carriage is gibbed to frame, and provided with past hand return.

Gravity feed, changes made instantly.

Efficient saw grinder furnished with each machine. These re-quired to sharpen saw, about twenty minutes.

Tight and loose pulleys on worm shaft, 12° x 216°, should rue 480 revolutions per minute.

NO, 3 COLD SAW

Weight, 1,000 lbs. skidded.

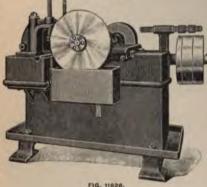


FIG. 11626.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11827.

Will cut off stock with smooth, parallel ends.

Cuts off round, square and other shaped stock up to 6" round.

Saw is driven through steel gears, bobbed worm wheel, steel worm provided with ball thrust bearing and splined worm shaft. Saw carriage is gibbed to Irame, and provided with quick

hand return Variable friction feed, changes made instantly. Auto-

matie trip. Efficient saw grinder furnished with each machine. Time

required to sharpen saw, about thirty minutes. Tight and loose pulleys on worm shaft,  $12^{\mu} \times 314^{\mu}$ , should run 440 revolutions per minute.

Weight, 1,600 lbs. skidded.



FIG. HB2T.

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#### COLD SAWS.

#### NO. 3 C B METAL COLD SAW



FIG. 11828.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11828.

The saw spindle is made extra large and runs in a solid bearing which is of the strongest construction possible, and makes the machine very rigid, with no vibration in a heavy cut.

The drive is obtained through a case-hardened steel worm with ball bearing thrust and bronze wheel running in oil,

The feed of the saw is through a rack and pinion, the pinion being driven by worm and wheel. The wheel runs between friction washers, and the friction may be regulated to suit the nature of work.

An automatic stop shifts the belt when the cut is finished and the carriage may be quickly returned by hand.

The table is provided with a V for holding round, square or hexagon stock, and two clamps are provided, the screws of which are offset to bring them close to the saw in cutting short pieces.

Oil pump.—A geared pump, which requires no priming, runs in the oil tank and furnishes an extra large supply of oil to the saw This keeps the saw cool and thoroughly washes away the chips.

The base is made large to catch all of the drip, and keeps the floor clean.

The oil tank is part of the base casting, and all oil drains into it.

A grinder is furnished with the machine by which the saw may be sharpened on its own arbor. This insures its being true and each tooth doing its share. The grinder is driven from the loose pulley, and to sharpen the saw it is only necessary to unmesh the worm.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

SPECIFICATIONS.	
Saw	1316" diameter, 16" thick.
Depth of cut	436*
Saw arbor bearing in box	10*
Saw arbor diameter	336*
Capacity of vise	4"
From floor to work table	1034*
Floor space	40" x 24"
Weight, net	OGO RESI
Tight and loose pulleys.  Speed of pulleys, revolutions per minute.	12" x 3" 200
One saw with muching.	200
One saw with disching.	

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#### COLD SAWS.



FIG. 11829.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11829.

The No. 5 machine has been very carefully designed and is made as good as possible at every point. It has several features found on no other machine which we believe are necessary in a perfect saw.

The earrings is made solid and fitted to the ways with a taper gib, doing away with all springing which arises from using gibs held by serews and allowing every particle of slack caused by wear to be taken up. The saw arbor bearing is also made solid and an extra large arbor is used which is case-hardened and ground and fitted into the bearing so that there is no slack. These are the most important points, as it is absolutely necessary that there be no lost motion in the ways or spindles when done placy work. The end of the spindle which carries the saw is ground to a taper and fitted with an expanding bushing, insuring the saw being absolutely central every time and each tooth doing its share of the cutting.

The feed is another important point and another where there should be no lost motion. The feed on No. 5 machine is by means of a large screw placed as nearly as possible directly back of the saw. This screw is 2½° in diameter by 9° long and runs in a split nut of the same length allowing all the slack to be taken out of the feed. The feed screw is turned by a worm and wheel driven by a five step

cone of spur gears. The saw is driven by a triple lead worm and worm wheel 1134" diameter, through steel gears, making the smoothest possible drive. The drive shaft is provided with back gears giving two speeds, a slow speed for hard stock and a faster one for soft.

A generous drip pan is furnished which returns all the oil to the tank at the back of the machine. A positive gear pump which requires no priming furnishes an abundant supply of oil to the saw.

An automatic stop cuts out the feed and returns the carriage for another cut. The work table is provided with T slots for holding any kind of vise for special work. The work may also be strapped directly to the table and the full section of the saw outside of the collars may be utilised. A vise for ordinary round or square stock is furnished, also a stand to support the free end of the stock.

	SPECIFI	CATIONS.	
Saw	20" diameter, 36" thick	Saw arbor diameter	436*
Depth of saw cut.	634"	Saw collars	6"
Speed of drive shaft direct drive, revolu-		Traveling slide movement	7*
tions per minute	192	Drive pulley	16" diameter, 4" face
Speed of drive shaft back gear, revolu- tions per minute		Positive gear feed. Five changes on direct drive.	
Speed of saw (direct), turns per minute, .		Five changes on back gear from	AN AND AND AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE P
Speed of mw (back gear), turns per		From floor to work table	24"
minute	3.0	Floor space	60° x 36°
Saw arbor bearing in box	100	Weight	2,100 lbs.





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#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11833.

Has a saw 36" diameter.

Capacity for round bars, 1114 diameter.

For square bars, 1014'.

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Larger sizes will be designed and built for special work.

Complete specifications will be sent on application.



FIG. 11833.

#### NO. 38 STEEL FOUNDRY COLD SAW.



FIG. 11834.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11834.

This machine is equipped with a 40° diameter high-speed steel-inserted tooth aw blade; capacity for sawing off gates and risers 13° in diameter. This machine designed expressly for sawing off risers and gates from locomotive wheel centers, side frames, and other odd-shaped castings. Belt or motor drive.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11835.

This machine is equipped with a 40° diameter high-speed steel-inserted tooth saw blade; espacity for sawing off risers and gates 13° in diameter. This machine is built in three sizes for sawing gates and risers, 13°, 17° and 20° in diameter. Belt or motor drive.



FIG. 11835.

#### NO. 7 BAR COLD SAW



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11830.

The machine illustrated was designed and built to meet the de-mand for a cold saw cutting-off machine that would be low in its cost; that would cut materials accurately and with speed; to have good wearing qualities; to be easily operated and to be practically "fool-proof."

The machine will cut 6" rounds, 5\\( 5\)\( 5\) squares, 8" I beams, 10" channels, 6" angles, 100 lb. rails and other materials. It will cut these materials either straight or at an angle and is consequently adapted for general shop use and for special purposes.

The machine is furnished with variable automatic feed and automatic afety top and quick return by hand. The automatic step and quick return by hand. The automatic step regulates the depth of cut at the option of the operator to any depth up to 0°, and will throw out the feed when the capacity of the machine is reached. The saw is driven by a hardened crucible steel worm and phosphor bronze worm wheel. The saw rarbor is of hammered crucible steel worm and phosphor bronze worm wheel. The saw rarbor is of hammered crucible and liberally proportioned. The saw rarbor is no trough and is kept cool and well supplied with cutting fluid. The machine is turnished with two swiveled clamps that can be placed of very thin gauge, effecting an economy of stock as a minimum amount of material is removed when cutting.

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#### DESCRIPTION-FIG. 11831.

Diameter of saw blade 28°. Capacity 8°. Machine has a variable automatic feed, automatic safety stop and swiveled clamp on table for holding different shapes and sizes of material to be cut straight or at an angle. The clamp can be removed for doing special or jig work. The machine is driven by a hardened crucible steel worm, phosphor bronze worm wheel and compound gearing. The gears are made of crucible steel and cut from solid blanks. The spindle is made of hammered crucible steel.

Regular machine is furnished belt-driven. Motor drive, as shown, is extra.

NO. 3E BAR COLD SAW. MOTOR-DRIVEN.

FIG. 11831.

NO. 15 BAR COLD SAW.



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11832.

This machine carries a 30° high-speed steel-inserted tooth saw blade and has capacity for cutting off 10° round stock.

Regularly built for belt drive, but can be equipped with motor drive at additional cost, if desired.

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#### COLD SAWS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11830.

Has a saw 30" diameter.

Capacity for round bars, 111/2" diameter.

For square bars, 1015".

Larger sizes will be designed and built for special work.

Complete specifications will be sent on application.

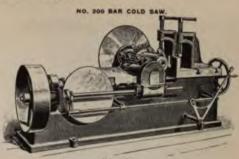


FIG. 11833.

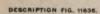
#### NO. 38 STEEL FOUNDRY COLD SAW.



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11834.

This machine is equipped with a 40° diameter high-speed, steel-inserted tooth as blade; capacity for sawing off gates and risers 13° in diameter. This machine designed expressly for sawing off risers and gates from locomotive wheel centers, side frames, and other odd-shaped castings. Belt or motor drive.

FIG. 11834.



This machine is equipped with a 40° diameter high-speed atcel-inserted tooth saw blade; capacity for sawing off risers and gates 13° in diameter. This machine is built in three sizes for sawing gates and risers, 13°, 17° and 20° in diameter. Belt or motor drive.



FIG. 11636.



FIG. 11836.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11836.

This machine is designed especially for cutting off I beams, channel, angle iron and all kinds of structural iron work. The capacity is 15" I beams. Diameter of saw is 22" It has a variable automatic feed, automatic safety stop and swiveled clamp on table for holding different shapes and sizes to be cut straight or at an angle. The saw runs in a trough and keeps well lubricated at all times. Saw spindle is made of hammered crucible steel and is driven by a hardened curcible steel worm and phosphor broaze worm wheel.

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NO. 30 I BEAM COLD SAW.



FIG. 11837.

# CRIPTION FIG. 11837.

cam cold saw cutting-off machine ameter saw blade; capacity 20° I r structural shapes. Belt or motor

NO. 204 AND NO. 205 I BEAM COLD SAWS.

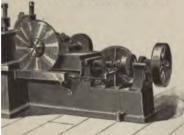


FIG. 11838.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11838.

Machine designed principally for cutting off I beams. Can be used on all classes of cutting generally done by the friction saw. The work table of the machine is made so that, when cutting on the largest I beam of the capacity of the machine, the center of the I beam will be on a line with the center of the saw.

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TOG .	204.	266.
24"	30"	307
15*	30"	24"
	26°	24" 30"

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#### COLD SAWS.

NO. 2 COMBINATION COLD SAW

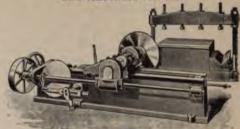


FIG. 11839.

#### NO. 4 COMBINATION COLD SAW. MOTOR-DRIVEN.



FIG. 11840.

STECIFICATIONS FIGS. 1105				
Size of Machine,	No. L	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.
Diameter of saw	20"	26"	32"	30°
Capacity on top table	5" x 16"	7" x 24"	9" × 32"	1115 × 36
Capacity for I beams on a square or miter cut on bottom table.	10"	15"	20*	
Capacity for round bars in V clamps	5*	7"	D.	1135*

#### HOT METAL SAWING MACHINE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11841.

This saw is designed for general use in machine, locomotive, and other blacksmith shops where belt power is available. It will cut iron and steel at an ordinary red heat with a facility not to be accomplished by any other means, and requires little or no care to keep in order; the wear on the teeth being hardly perceptible after months of use.

Saw will cut to a depth of 8".

Work 12" wide can be placed in front of saw.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11839 AND 11840. These machines are built in four sizes and can be furnished for belt drive as shown in Fig. 11839 or with motor drive as shown in Fig. 11840.

Speed of mm, 1,400 revolutions.

ed of countershaft, 350 revolutions. tht and loose pulleys, 12" diameter for 6" belt.

Weight, 2,000 lbs.



FIG. 11841.

#### METAL BAND SAWS.

NO. 1 METAL BAND SAW.

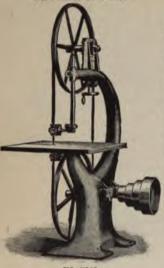


FIG. 11842.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11842.

This machine is fitted with a four-cone driving pulley, grared back 4 to 1 with cut gears which are concealed in base of machine casting. A cone countershaft is furnished with each machine fitted with an 8" x 3\2" tight and loose pulley, which gives a large range of speed, accommodating different temper and conditions of metal.

This machine is fitted with slitter gauge and new improved cut-off exeriage and is specially designed to meet all the requirements of a first class tool. It is well and substantially built and embodies many new features which cannot fail to be appreciated, the frame is cast solid in one piece, making a good stiff machine. The 30° pulley wheels are made from the best machinery casting, turned perfectly true and evenly balanced. All bearings are fitted with taper sleeve bushings that can be replaced from stock at a more trifle. Guides are from our latest improved pattern. Gears are machine cut, upper pulley has a lateral adjustment the easier to manipulate the saw, table is 30° x 30° planed perfectly true.

This machine takes a 15', 10" saw, has a 30" swing between saw and casting, and will accommodate 18" between table and guide.

Each machine is furnished complete with cone countershaft, upper and lower patent guides, and one-half dozen saws ready for use. Weight, 1,000 lbs. Floor space 4' x 3½". Countershaft should run 180 revolutions per minute.

#### DESCRIPTION, FIG. 11843.

This machine has a tight and loose pulley 12" diameter by \$1\frac{1}{2}" face, runs direct and should make 200 revolutions per minute. Designed specially for cutting brass, copper, aluminum, marble, fibers, etc. We furnish with No. 0 and No. 1 machines hand cut-off carriage and extra slitting gauge, which are not shown in cut, being new improvements recently brought out.

Every brass mill should have one because there is no better way for sawing up tubing, rods and bars, sheet metals, etc.

Every brass worker should have one because it is specially adapted for scroll work. For trimming gate eastings, stamped work, metal patterns, etc., this machine is a valuable acquisition to the factory.



FIG. 11843.

Adjustable to work stock from \( \frac{1}{2} \) to 1" thick; will cut to the center of 22". For slitting brass, copper, aluminum, silver, bronze, fiber, etc., there is no better tool in existence, being especially adapted for ship builders, boiler manufacturers, rolling mills manufacturers of electric appliances, etc., working sheet metal.

The speed and accuracy of this machine is guaranteed; we can usually show a net saving of from 40 to 50 per cent, where it is adopted for general use. It is always ready, easily adjusted to work any width or thickness of stock, insures perfect, true, smooth edges, has a range of speed of from 7" to 40" per minute, accommodating different thicknesses and conditions of metals.

Both upper and lower feed rolls are hardened steel and driven direct. Machine is full size,  $30^{\circ}$  pattern, and weighs complete, 1,000 lbs.; tight and loose pulley  $12^{\circ} \times 4^{\circ}$ 

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Each machine is furnished with patent upper and lower non-friction guides and one-half dozen saws ready for use.

NO. 2 AUTOMATIC STOCK CUTTER

NO, 3 METAL BAND SAW SLITTING MACHINE.

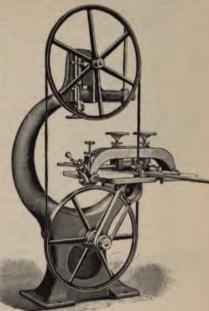
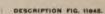


FIG. 11844.





This machine set up in or near your tool room will enable the attendant to reduce your stock cutting to the smallets minimum cost. It has all the advantages of our No. 1 size with the additional advantage of an automatic power feed chuck, for straight and bevel cutting. Chuck can be removed instantly, thus converting this machine into a No. 1 size for seroll work, etc. Chuck is so applied to table that work being sawed clears the other end of revolving saw, at the same time keeping saw true to cut, this is an essential feature and enables any length stock to be worked.

For cutting off brass and steel tubings, die stock, and general machine shop work, this machine will do the work of any two cutting-off tools on the market.

Weight, 1,200 lbs.; floor space, 4' x 3\\frac{1}{2}'; speed of counter-shalt, 180 revolutions per minute.

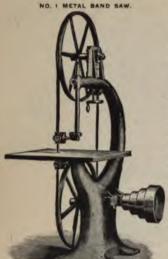
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# METAL BAND SAWS.



IG. 11842.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11842.

This machine is fitted with a four-cone driving pulley, geared back 4 to 1 with cut gears which are concealed in base of machine casting. A cone countershaft is furnished with each machine fitted with an 8" x 3½" tight and loose pulley, which gives a large range of speed, accommodating different temper and conditions of metal.

This machine is fitted with slitter gauge and new improved cut-off carriage and is specially designed to meet all the requirements of a first class tool. It is well and substantially built and embodies many new features which cannot fail to be appreciated, the frame is cast solid in one piece, making a good stiff machine. The 30° pulley wheels are made from the best machinery casting, turned perfectly true and evenly balanced. All bearings are fitted with taper sleeve bushings that can be replaced from stock at a mere trifle. Guides are from our latest improved pattern. Gears are machine cut, upper pulley has a lateral adjustment the easier to manipulate the saw, table is 30° x 30° planed perfectly true.

This machine takes a 15', 10" saw, has a 30" swing between saw and casting, and will accommodate 18" between table and guide.

Each machine is furnished complete with cone countershaft, upper and lower patent guides, and one-half dozen saws ready for use. Weight, 1,000 lbs. Floor space 4' x 31.2'. Countershaft should run 180 revolutions per minute.

#### NO. O METAL BAND SAW.



FIG. 11843.

#### DESCRIPTION, FIG. 11843,

This machine has a tight and loose pulley 12" diameter by 3½" face, rons direct and should make 200 revolutious per minute. Designed specially for cutting brass, copper, aluminum, marble, fibers, etc. We furnish with No. 0 and No. 1 machines hand cut-off carriage and extra slitting gauge, which are not shown in cut, being new improvements recently brought out.

Every brase mill should have one because there is no better way for sawing up tubing, rods and bars, sheet metals, etc.

Every brass worker should have one because it is specially adapted for scroll work. For trimming gate castings, stamped work, metal patterns, etc., this machine is a valuable acquisition to the factory.

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#### METAL BAND SAWS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11844.

Adjustable to work stock from A to if thick; will cut to the center of 22". For slitting brass, copper, aluminum, silver, bronze, fiber, etc., there is no better tool in existence, being especially adapted for ship builders, boiler manufacturers, rolling mills manufacturers of electric appliances, etc., working sheet metal.

The speed and accuracy of this machine is guaranteed; we can usually show a net saving of from 40 to 50 per cent. where it is adopted for general use. It is always ready, easily adjusted to work any width or thickness of stock, insures perfect, true, smooth edges, has a range of speed of from 7" to 40" per minute, accommodating different thicknesses and conditions of metals.

Both upper and lower feed rolls are hardened steel and driven direct. Machine is full size, 30° pattern, and weight complete, 1,000 lbs.; tight and loose pulley 12" x 4"

Each machine is furnished with patent upper and lower non-friction guides and one-half down mws ready for use.

NO, 2 METAL BAND SAW SLITTING MACHINE.

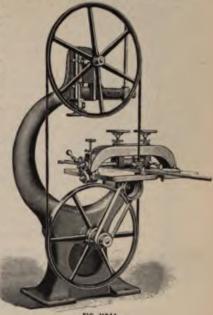
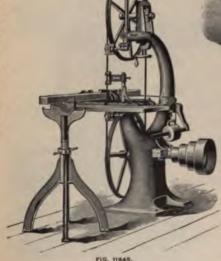


FIG. 11844.





#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11845.

This machine set up in or near your tool room will enable the attendant to reduce your stock cutting to the smallets minimum cost. It has all the advantages of our No. I size with the additional advantage of an automatic power fied chuck, for straight and bevel cutting. Chuck can be removed instantly, thus converting this machine into a No. 1 size for scroll work, etc. Chuck is so applied to table that work being sawed clears the other end of revolving saw, at the same time keeping saw true to cut, this is an essential feature and enables any length stock to be worked.

For cutting off brass and steel tubings, die stock, and general machine shop work, this machine will do the work of any two cutting-off tools on the market.

Weight, 1,200 lba.; floor space, 4"x 314"; speed of countershaft, 180 revolutions per minute.

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# METAL SAW TABLES.



\* FIG. 11846.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11846.

Ready for work, nothing but driving belt from main shaft required.

Table swings entirely open or may be set to saw to any depth desired.

Slitting gauge may be set from 0° to 12° wide.

Cross cut gauge will swing from 90° either way to any practical angle. Ample bearings for both saw mandrel and counter.

Belt shifting mechanism is simple, convenient and effective.

A removable throat plate allows saws to be used for wood work up to 6° diameter.

Center of saw mandrel only 1" below surface of table, thus permitting the use of small diameter saws and consequent maximum power and accuracy.

Improved device for holding saw mandrel from turning while attaching or rem

Weight, 160 lbs.

Owing to peculiar construction of countershaft the machine may be set at also any position with the main shaft.

Construction is of the best workmanship throughout, and the accuracy of all parts will produce saw cuts almost equal to milling machine work.

Will saw ebeet, rod and tube brass and copper, fiber, hard rubber, mother-of-pearl, printers' furniture, electrotype plates, and le indispensable to instrument makers, electrical manufacturers, chandelier makers, electrotypers and metal workers.

This machine is regularly supplied arranged for belt drive as shown in the illustration. If desired, however, we can furnish it complete with direct connected electric motor wound for any voltage, making a very complete electrically driven machine of the entire outfit.

Extra saws can be furnished for this machine, either 4", 5" or 6" diameter, at additional cost.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11847.

This machine was especially designed for workers in metal, horn, ivory, cabinet makers, etc.

The base is cast in one piece, the upper part being securely bolted to the base, thus insuring a perfectly rigid machine. The table is 24° x 28°, fitted with a groove on each side of the saw, so that right or left hand miters may be out.

If required, a ripping gauge can be fitted to the saw at an additional cost.

The arbor is 1", and the machine will take mws from 6" to 12" in diameter.

Tight and loose pulleys, 8" x 3".

Driving pulley, 16" x 3".

Speed of countershaft, 200 to 250 revolutions per minute.



FIG. 11847.



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# HAND WIRE CUTTER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11848.

This machine is offered as a practical and serviceable tool for cutting up wire or rod that has been previously straightened. It is not a toy like most so-called hand wire cutters on the market, but a strong, well made machine calculated to meet the wants of those who occasionally desire to cut up a small quantity of wire, or for use in small shops where the work is largely done by hand power.

Machine is made in four sizes, 36", 36", 34", and 36".

16° gross, 85 lbs. Net, 80 lbs. %" gross, 135 lbs. Net, 130 lbs.

54" gross, 215 lbs. Net, 210 lbs. 54" gross, 230 lbs. Net, 320 lbs.

Note: The cut shows a round weight at the lower end of the cutting lever; this is furnished with the 54" and 54" sizes only.

#### ROTARY WIRE CUTTER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11849.

This machine is routed at the rate of 600 lengths per minute.

Each machine is made only in one size, and will clarify and surface until one when the rate of the rate of the lengths of 1° and shorter at the rate of 600 lengths per minute.

This machine and against an adjustable gauge, where it is cut off by rapidly revolving cutters. There is no straightener attached to this machine, for where wire is cut in such short lengths the natural curve is almost imperceptible, and straightening the wire is therefore unnecessary. This machine is made only in one size, and will cut wire of ½° and smaller diameter into lengths of 1° and shorter at the rate of 600 lengths per minute.

Each machine is provided with one set of feeding rolls. Countershaft furnished at extra cost. Gross weight, 300 lbs. Net weight, 250 lbs.



# COMBINED HAND AND POWER WIRE STRAIGHTENING AND CUTTING MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11850.

The combined hand and power wire straightening and cutting machine is a combination of a rotary wire straightener and feeding rolls run by power and a lever for cutting by hand. It is designed for straightening wire and cutting it into short pieces, or into long lengths that are to be cut again.

Where the size of wire and length to be cut is such as will not spring or drop out of line, it can be cut accurately by means of the gauge, but long lengths can only be cut where exactness is not essential. For cutting long lengths the machine can be used in connection with a trough in which the wires may be allowed to feed out to

used in connection with a trough in which the wires may be allowed to feed out to the required length.

Where a large quantity of wire is to be handled, this machine is not so well adapted as the "medium" or "long cut" machines described on following pages, although an experienced operator can manipulate quite rapidly.

This machine is huilt in six sizes, via.: '\$\lloo'', '\lloo'', '\$\lloo'', '\lloo'', '\lloo'', '\lloo'', '\lloo'', '\lloo'', '\llo wire gauge used.

#### ROTARY WIRE STRAIGHTENERS.





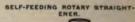
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FIG. 11852.

#### ROTARY WIRE STRAIGHTENERS.

ONE INCH ROTARY WIRE STRAIGHTENER.

FIG. 11863.



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# SELF-FEEDING WIRE STRAIGHTENERS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11854 AND 11855.



#### WEIGHTS.

Stan.	Rotary Straighteners.		Rell Straighteners	
	Not Weight.	Gram Weight.	Nat Weight.	Green Weight
	150 lbs.	200 lbs.	*******	10.0000
W	350 lbs.	475 lbs.	180 ftm.	230 lbs.
F	450 lbn.	520 lbs.	300 lbs.	415 lbs.
M*	575 lbs.	675 lbs.		
4*	1,250 lbs.	1,500 lbs.	*********	Annana i

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# AUTOMATIC WIRE STRAIGHTENING AND CUTTING MACHINES.

LONG CUT MACHINE, STYLE A.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11856.

The long cut machine, as its name implies, is designed for straightening wire and cutting it into long lengths. It can also be used for cutting any length shorter than the extreme length for which it is arranged, but is not recommended for continuous use in cutting short pieces.

This machine is constructed upon the same principle as the "medium cut" which is described under Fig. 11857, having the balance wheel and clutch attachment, and is also provided with a grooved guide bar and adjustable gauge to insure accurate lengths. Forked holders are employed in this machine to eatch the wire as it is cut off and drupped from the groove in the guide bar. These holders are mounted upon a piece of wrought iron pipe which is fastened into the base of the machine at one end and at the other is supported by a floor stand. Some of the holders are carried up so as to support the shaft, guide bar and other necessary parts, thus rendering great accurity and strength to the various parts of the cutting extension.

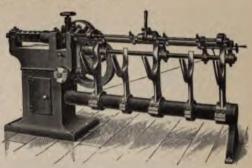


FIG. 11858

The engraving represents a machine with guide bar arranged to cut lengths of 8' and shorter, but we can furnish the machines to cut almost any length desired. This machine is built in the following sizes, vis.: 36'', 56'', 56'', 56'', 36'',

There is included with each machine a suitable rest for holding the coils of wire, a full set of dies for the straightener arbor (either white iron, gun metal or babbit, as the wire to be worked may require), also one set of feeding and cutting tools which can be arranged to work from two to three consecutive sizes of wire within the capacity of the machine.

The 1/2" machine is built in two lengths, vis.: to cut lengths up to 2' and to cut lengths up to 4'.

The M" machine is built in five lengths, viz.: to cut lengths up to 2', 4', 6', 8' or 10'.

The M" machine is built in five lengths, viz.: to cut lengths up to 2', 4', 6', 8' or 10'.

The 34" machine is built in four lengths, viz.: to cut lengths up to 4', 6', 8' or 10'.

The 34" machine is built in four lengths, viz.: to cut lengths up to 4', 6', 8' or 10'.

The 14" machine is built in four lengths, vis.: to cut lengths up to 4', 6', 8' or 10'.

The above are standard sizes, but machines can be built to cut longer lengths than listed if desired. Countershafts are furnished at extra cost only.

#### MEDIUM CUT MACHINE, STYLE A.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11857.

The medium cut machine is designed to straighten wire, and to cut it up automatically into lengths of from 1° to 3° and shorter, according to the size of the machine.

In this machine, a shaft, about as long as the machine is intended to cut, is attached to the fulcrum of the cutting-off lever and rotates with tach movement of the lever. The guide bar, situated above, and forward this shaft, is connected with both the shaft and cutting-off lever and has a groove running its entire length in which is located a movable adjustable guage; the gauge being connected at its outer end by a wire to a dutch on the cam shaft. When the straightened wire strikes this gauge, as it passes through the groove from the bushing die, it throws in the clutch, and the cutting-off lever works instantly; at the same time the rotary motion of the shaft throws the cover off the groove in the guide bar, by means of arms attached to it, and the cut wire drops out.

If straightened wire is run out too far without support, the end will drop out of line more or less according to the size of the wire, and if fed out by power against a stop gauge, it will either bend or spring before it can be out off, and cannot, the straight of the straight of the grouped guide but with coverand is one of the important



FIG. 11857.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11857.-Continued.

The medium cut machine is built in the following sizes, viz.:  $\frac{1}{2}6^{\circ}$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}6^{\circ}$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}6^{\circ}$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}6^{\circ}$ , and  $\frac{1}{2}6^{\circ}$ , each machine being capable of working many smaller diameters of wire than that indicated as its size, by having the necessary feeding and cutting tools.

There is included with each machine a suitable red for holding the coils of wire, a full set of dies for the straightener arbor (either white iron, gun metal or habbit, as the wire to be worked may require), also one set of feeding and cutting tools which can be arranged to work from two to three consecutive sizes of wire within the capacity of the machine.

			and the same			
Size	36"	34"	- %°	34"	347	34*
	To cut lengths					
	of 12° and shorter.	of 16" and shorter.	of 20" and shorter.	of 24" and shorter.	of 30" and shorter.	of 30" and aborter.
Note: Countersh	oft in furnished at a	vtra cost only	- Control	and the t		

#### LONG CUT MACHINE, STYLE B.

The long cut machine is designed to automatic ally straighten and cut wire into long lengths. It can also be used for cutting shorter lengths than the espacity of the machine, but it is not recommended for continuous use in cutting short pie In this machine, a shaft, about as long as the

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11858.

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machine is intended to cut, is attached to the fulcrum of the cutting-off lever and rotates with each movement of the lever. The guide bar, situated above, and forward of this shaft, is connected with both the shaft and cutting-off lever and has a groove running its entire length in which is located a movable adjustable gauge; the gauge being connected at its outer end by a wire to a clutch on the cam shaft. When the straightened wire strikes this gauge, as it passes through the groove from the bushing guide, it throws in the clutch, and the cutting-off lever works instantly; at the same time

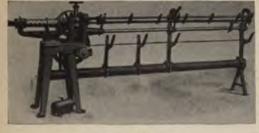


FIG. 11858

the rotary motion of the shaft throws the cover off the groove in the guide bar, by means of arms attached to it, and the cut drops out.

Forked holders attached to a piece of wrought iron pipe extend upward and support the shaft, guide bar and other necessary parts.

thereby forming a rigid extension.

In this machine are incorporated many important features of improvements, principally that the parts are made interchangeable and the arbor brackets detachable from the body of the machine, thus securing continuous running of the machine with the use of an extra arbor while the re-babbitting of an arbor is taking place.

The arbor is provided with a detachable cover and with flanges on the side of the pulley, which revolve in pockets containing waste which is renewed from time to time, thus preventing the oil, grit and scale from working into the driving belts, as in the former machine. The arbor bracket is equipped with an oil box in which oily waste is placed and through which the wire passes before entering the straightener. The screws of the arbor bracket caps pass through the bracket and are checked by means of check nuts on the under side thereof, preventing them from loosening by reason of the high speed of the arbor.

The feed rolls are made double width and double grooved so that by reversing them a greater range of sizes of wire can be fed with

one pair of rolls.

The friction on the cutting-off shaft is of such construction as to give the greatest possible wear and the general design of the machine

ch as to occupy less floor space than formerly.

The machine is designed to handle 1/2 wire as the maximum size down to 1/2 as the minimum size. We furnish any size of arbor

according to the requirements of customers.

There is included with each machine a suitable real for holding the cells of wire, a full set of dies for the straightener arbor (either whits iron, gun metal or habbits, as the wire to be worked may require), also one set of feeding and cutting tools which can be arranged to work from two to three consecutive sizes of wire within the capacity of the machine.

in two to three consecutive sizes of wire within the capacity of the machine. The \$\frac{1}{2}'' machine is built in lengths to cut up to 2', 3' or 4'.

The \$\frac{1}{2}'' machine is built in lengths to cut up to 2', 3', 4', 5', 6', 7', 8', 9' or 10'.

The \$\frac{1}{2}'' machine is built in lengths to cut up to 2', 3', 4', 5', 6', 7', 8', 9' or 10'.

The \$\frac{1}{2}'' machine is built in lengths to cut up to 3', 4', 5', 6', 7', 8', 9' or 10'.

Countershaft furnished at extra cost only.

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#### AUTOMATIC WIRE STRAIGHTENING AND CUTTING MACHINES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11869.

The medium cut machine is designed to straighten and cut wire automatically into lengths of from 1' to 2' and shorter, according to the size of the machine.

In this machine, a shaft, about as long as the machine is intended to cut, is attached

in this machine, a shalt, about as long as the machine is intended to cut, is attached to the fulcrum of the cutting-off lever and rotates with each movement of the lever. The guide bar, situated above, and forward of this shaft, is connected with both the shaft and cutting-off lever and has a groove running its entire length in which is located a movable adjustable gauge; the gauge being connected at its outer end by a wire to a clutch on the cam shaft. When the straightened wire strikes this gauge, as it passes through the groove from the bushing die, it throws in the clutch, and the cutting-off lever works instantly;

from the bushing die, it throws in the clutch, and the cutting-off lever works instantly; at the same time the rotary motion of the shaft throws the cover off the groove in the guide bar, by means of arms attached to it, and the cut wire drops out.

The machine is designed to handle \( \frac{1}{2} \) wire as the maximum, and down to \( \frac{1}{2} \) we as the minimum. We furnish any size of arbor according to the requirements of customers.

The prices quoted herewith include with each machine a suitable red for holding the coils of wire, a full set of dies for the straightener arbor (either white iron, gun metal or babbitt, as the wire to be worked may require), also one set of feeding and cutting tools which can be arranged to work from two to three consecutive sizes of wire within the capacity of the machine. of the machine.

#### MEDIUM CUT MACHINE, STYLE B



LIST OF SIZES.

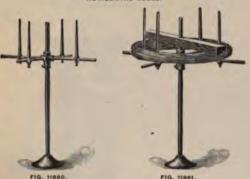
To cut lengths of 12" and shorter. To cut lengths of 16" and shorter. %"
To cut lengths
of 20" and shorter.

To cut lengths of 24" and shorter.

Countershaft furnished at extra cost only.

#### ADJUSTABLE WIRE REELS.

HORIZONTAL REELS



DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11860 AND 11861.

These reels are made in three sizes, as follows:

No. 1, to take coils of wire up to about 30 lbs. No. 2, to take coils of wire up to about 60 lbs. No. 3, to take coils of wire up to about 100 lbs.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11862.

These reels can be used either in vertical position or in horizontal position as shown. They are made in three sizes, viz.:

\* \*- to soils up to about 30 lbs.
\*\* up to about 60 lbs.
\*\* to about 100 lbs.



FIG. 11862.

#### MARKING MACHINES.

NO. 2 MARKING MACHINE

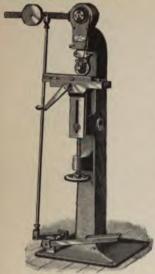


FIG. 11863

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11864.

This machine is designed to mark by means of steel dies, letters, numbers, trade-marks, monograms, etc., on either flat or round metal surfaces, such as axes, pistol barrels, files, table cutlery, twist drills, taps, dies, reamers and

a great variety of work.

The piece of work to be marked is held on table by suitable fixture marking flat surfaces a cylindrical die is used, and carried in a yoke or holder, which is attached to slide har or rack, and which is moved by lever and pinion shown. By using a round die only a single point on the circumference of same is in contact with the work at one time. This process secures good work, is in contact with the work at one time. This process secures good work, and a saving of 50 to 75 per cent. in wars of dies. Many kinds of material that would be distorted by use of punch press can readily be marked. When marking round surfaces, as the abanks of drills and reamers, a flat die is attached to the rack or slide, and the work allowed to roll on table as the die tached to the rack or slide, and the work allowed to roll on table as the die comes in contact with it. It is practicable to mark hollow tubes. Adjustments are provided when using flat or round dies so that the proper character on die shall come in contact with work at stated point and by screw stops the amount of travel after contact is made is governed, and a clean cut beginning and ending of mark assured. The round die after use and release of pressure, is returned to first position by spring tension.

The height of table is adjustable by screw. As to capacity on both this and the No. 2 machine twist drills and taps are marked at rate of 12 to 20 per minute; table knives, 600 dozen in ten hours. Other work according to how easily it can be handled and set to the gauge pins. The finest work can be done with exactness. In ordering for special work we would suggest that the

minute; table knives, does does in the nours. Other work according to now easily it can be handled and set to the gauge pins. The finest work can be done with exactness. In ordering for special work we would suggest that the piece be sent to us, and suitable fixture for holding will be made or recommended. It can be adapted to a wide range of work, is mounted on column of convenient beight, and is strong and well made. Weight, 378 lbs., which makes it convenient to move to different parts of the shop, if required there

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11863.

The No. 2 machine is designed to mark long work, and also pieces that are got out to exact gauge as to thickness to the best advantage, fine adjustments for depth of mark provided.

The first of this style machine was built for the purpose of rolling on microsco-

eter frames, the figures to express decimal equivalents.

The die is held in holder keyed to shaft. The shaft, as mark is made, revolves

with the die, winding a spring tension, which, as soon as contact with work is broken, returns die to proper position to mark next piece. With the die holder is a segment adjustment by means of which the die shaft and die may be brought to right position to impress the first line or character squarely on work. The

length of travel is regulated by stop screws on frame.

When flat work is to be marked a cylindrical die is used. To mark rou work around the surface a flat faced die is used, and the round work is allow

work around she surface a flat faced the is used, and the round work is allowed to roll on table or facture. Round work may be marked with single line length-wise on crown, with one or two lines by a round die. The table is adjustable as to height. The office of the foot lever on No. 2 machine is to raise the die from contact with work. By means of the salcing weight on arm any desired pressure may be applied to sink die in work. A stop with screw adjustment regulates the extreme drop of weighted arm. Where work with serve acquarement regulates the extreme drop of weighted arm. Where work is got out to gauge, the weight can be placed so as to insure a maximum travel of die, no more or no less, whether the face of die calls for power to impresse one or five lines of lettering. By this means even impressions are secured.

The extreme travel of table as regularly built is 6". Distance from center of die to frame, 3½". The above dimensions may be altered at reasonable ex-

pens

Our principle of bringing a slight line contact of die with work insures light wear on dies and makes it possible to mark hollow tubes, handle, chuck, and valve work which would not stand the blow of a punch or drop press. Correspondence and sample of work solicited. Machine sent on approval to responsible parties.



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FIG. 11864



Shows Bench Machine.

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DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11865 AND 11866.

Illustrations show machines with tight and loose pulleys on spindle. Separate countershaft can be fur-nished, if desired.

The No. 1 machine is furnished with emery wheel,

 $10\frac{1}{2}$  x 1".

The No. 2 machine is furnished with emery wheel 12" x  $1\frac{1}{2}$ ."

#### SPECIFICATIONS OF BENCH MACHINES.

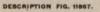
	No. 1.	No. 2.	
Bench room occupied	8° × 10°	10° x 13°	
Height to center of arbor	8"	10*	
Length of bearings	3"	334"	
Diameter of arbor through bearings	1.	1"	
Size of hole in wheel	134*	134"	
Size of tight and loose pulleys on arbor.	4" x 214"	5" x 236"	
Speed, revolutions per minute	1,800	1,600	
Weight of machine alone	65 lbs.	100 lbs.	
Weight of machine, crated for shipment,			
about	80 lbs.:	120 lbs.	

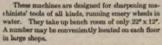
The same size countershaft can be used for both the No. 1 and No. 2 machines. Specifications are as follows:

are as follows:
Driving pulley
Tight and loose pulleys
Diameter of shaft
Length of shaft
Drop of hanger
Weight, net
Weight, eated
Floor stand for No. 1 machine weighs about 100 lbs.

Floor stand for No. 2 machine weighs about 125 lbs.

NOS. A AND B BENCH WATER TOOL GRINDERS.





Set the grinder on bench or stand, slightly slop-ing to the front, the front edge of the base project-ing over the bench so the water will run to the front (where a hole is drilled) into a bucket furnished with

No. A bench tool grinding machine takes an emery wheel  $10^o$  x  $1^o$  x  $1^o$  x  $1^o$ . No. B bench tool grinding machine takes an emery wheel  $10^o$  x  $2^o$  x  $1^o$ . These machines are furnished with tight and loose or single pulleys. In order-

ing please state which is desired.

Column.—A cast iron column or floor stand can be supplied.

Countershaft.—A separate countershaft can be furnished. It should run about 475 revolutions per minute.

#### WEIGHTS.

	•	DEMONE	BUNCA	Principle	muscume,	44 LCC	CONTRACTOR	SEASTA	COMMITTEE CHARLES AND A	499	SAME:	
0. 5	2	bench	tool	grinding	machine,	with	column	and	countersbaft	245	Iba.	
0. 1	ú	bench	tool	grinding	machine .	mhe			distributes.	70	Iba.	
0. 3	2	bench	tool	grinding	100					75	thu.	



NOS. 1 AND 2 WATER TOOL

GRINDERS.

FIG. 11886 Shows Machine on Floor Stand.

40 lbs

EXTRAS.

Countershaft only

Ne No

#### WATER TOOL CRINDERS.

20" WATER TOOL GRINDER



FIG. 11868.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11868.

Water is applied to the wheel immediately in front of the tool ground; is under perfect control; is kept from the spindle and boxes by the hood and shield, and cannot escape from the pan to the floor.

A movable tank receives the water from the wheel and filters it.

This tank is easily removed for cleaning.

The filtered water only, passes to the pump reservoir.

Consequently no grit nor dirt in the pump.

Collars, steel spindle and pulleys are accurately turned, making a well-balanced smooth running machine.

Spindle boxes are self-oiling.

Machine is furnished either with or without the truing device shown in illustration.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

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	20"	36"
Size of base	17" x 19"	24" x 42"
Spindle pulley	6" x 3/4"	12° x 61/2"
Size of wheel.	20° × 239°	36" 24"
Countershaft tight and loose pulleys.	8" x 434"	12" x 6"
Countershaft driving pulley	14" x 33/2"	18" x 514"
Speed of countershaft, revolutions	385	300
Weight, complete	800 lbs.	2,000 Hzs.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11866.

Special attention is called to the water attachment on these grinders.

It is entirely clear of the water in the tank.

There is no pump to cut out, get out of order or repack. No float to rust fast.

Water can be turned off or on instantly without effort or necessity on part of the operator of throwing weight of any part of the body against the

part of the operator, machine.

It cannot lesk and can be reached in a minute's time.

It distributes water evenly and does not deluge the operator.

The machines can be furnished with tight and lone pulleys on the

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

	No. 3.	No. 4.	No. 5.
Floor space occupied	14' x 20'	16° × 24°	18° x 28"
Height to top of rest.	38"	39"	38"
Length of bearings	1200	1100	men
Diameter of arbor through bearings.  Diameter of arbor between bearings	132*	132*	192
Diameter of hole in wheel	135	2154	212"
Size of tight and loose pulleys on arbor	5" x 3"	7" 3 3"	7" x 414"
Size of wheel on machine as shown		20° x 23-2°	24' x 3'
Speed, revolutions of wheel per minute,	1,200	950	850
Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft Driving pulley on countershaft	3" X 334	7" × 414"	7" 2 416"
Weight of machine	500 lbs.	600 lbs.	900 lbs.
Weight of countershaft	75 lbs.	125 lbs.	150 lbs.
Weight of machine crated for shipment	650 lbs.	700 lbs.	1,100 lbs.
Weight of machine, including countershaft,	10000		100
crated for shipment, about	740 lbs.	850 lbs.	1,350 lbs

NOS 3. 4 AND 5 WATER TOOL GRINDERS.



FIG. 11869.

#### NO. 1 IMPROVED TOOL GRINDING MACHINE.

This machine takes an emery wheel 14" x 2" x 134"

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#### DIMENSIONS.

Size of base	18" x 25"
Height from floor to center of spindle.	35"
Length of bearings, each	5"
Diameter of spindle in bearing	5" x 314"
Size of pulley on spindle	5" x 314"
Weight, machine and countershaft complete	435 lbs.
Weight, countershaft only	75 lbs.
Countershaft made for use with this machine has tight and loos	e pulleys 6" x
234"; driving pulley, 12" x 234"; drop of hanger, 8" It should r	un about 400
revolutions per minute.	m moder san

#### NO. 2 IMPROVED TOOL GRINDING MACHINE.

This machine takes an emery wheel 20" x 21/4" x 7".

DIMENSIONS.	
Size of base	22" = 32"
Height from floor to center of spindle	36"
Length of bearings, each	7"
Diameter of spindle in bearing	0" x 31/4"
Size of pulley on spindle	6" x 314"
Weight, machine and countershaft complete	760 lbs.
Weight, countershaft only	110 lbs.
Countershaft made for use with this machine has tight and loc	

7" x 3½"; driving pulley, 14" x 3½"; drop of hanger, 10". It should run about 325 revolutions per minute.

IMPROVED NOS. 1, 2 AND 3 TOOL



FIG. 11870.

# 20" IMPROVED WATER TOOL GRINDER WITH SELF-OILING BEARINGS.



FIG. 11871.

#### NO. 3 IMPROVED TOOL GRINDING MACHINE.

This machine takes an emery wheel 24" x 314" x 10".

#### DIMENSIONS

24" x 35"
37*
7"
136"
10° × 5"
1,000 lbs.
160 lbs.

Countershaft made for use with this machine has tight and loo pulleys 10" x 514"; driving pulley, 16" x 514"; drop of hanger, 10". It should run about 350 revolutions per minute.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11071.

Diameter of wheel, 20° x 234° face. Diameter of wheel, 20° x 2½° face.
Spindle arbor bearings, 8° x 1½°.
Pulley on arbor, 6° x 4½°.
Countershaft tight and loose pulleys, 9° x 3½°.
Drive pulley on countershaft, 14½° x 4½°.
Speed of countershaft, 375 turns.
Speed of countershaft, 375 turns.
Size of base, 20° x 30°.
Floor space required, 28° x 40°.

Countershaft and truing device are regularly furnished, but either or both may be omitted if not required.

#### WATER TOOL GRINDERS.

NOS. 4 AND 5 WATER TOOL GRINDER,

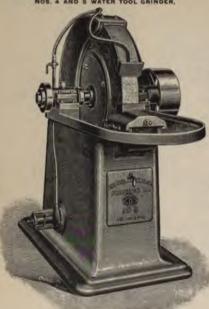


FIG. 11872.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11873 AND 11874.

The illustrations show the front and rear views of this machine. It is made in four sizes, and the dimensions correspond to those of out Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 5 tool grinders belted, shown in Figs. 11870 and 11872, except the necessary alterations required by change of power.

The motor, fully enclosed, is attached to the base, and the drive is accomplished by means of chain and sprocket wheels, which are protected by a shield. The motor is easily accessible, which is a great advantage if any repairs are necessary.

We furnish this machine either with or without motor,

#### APPROXIMATE WEIGHTS.

	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.	No. 5.
Weight with motor	1,085 lbs.	1,275 lbs.	2,100 lbs.	2,300 lbs.
Weight without motor	635 lbs.	825 lbs.	1,650 lbs.	1,850 lbs.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11872.

#### NO. 4 TOOL GRINDING MACHINE

This machine takes an emery wheel 30" x 4" x 16".

#### DIMENSIONS.

Size of base.	28" x 45"
Height from floor to center of spindle	37*
Size of pulley on spindle	14" × 6"
Weight, machine and countershaft complete	1,900 lim.

Countershaft made for use with this machine has tight and loose pulleys 10" x 6", driving pulley 18" x 6"; drop of langer 12". It should run about 350 revolutions per minute.

#### NO. 5 TOOL GRINDING MACHINE.

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This machine takes an emery wheel 36" x 4" x 21".

#### DIMENSIONS.

Size of base,	28" x 51"
Height from floor to center of spindle	37*
Size of pulley on spindle	14" x 6"
Weight, machine and countershaft complete	2,100 lbs.

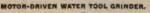
Countershaft made for use with this machine has tight and loose pulleys 10" x 6"; driving pulley 18" x 6"; drop of hangers 12". It should run about 300 revolutions per minute.

#### MOTOR DRIVEN WATER TOOL GRINDER.



FIG. 11873.

#### WATER TOOL GRINDERS.



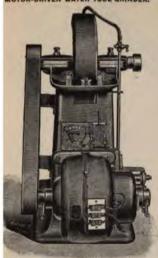


FIG. 11874. Description on preceding page.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11878.

NUMBER OF MACHINE	2
tht of machine	1,800 lbs. 34" = 33"
ht to center of spindle	38"
of spindle pulley	8" x 8" 16" x 5"
of counter drive pulley	
of emery wheeld of counter	9" x 4" 20" x 3" 350 revs.
d of emery wheel	700 reva.

th of machine 3,200 lbs. r space 36" x 48" ht to center of spindle 36" x 68" th of bearings 8"	MACHINE 8	NUMBER OF
ht to center of spindle 36"	3,200 lbs.	tht of machine
oth of bearings	d ardnella 38" x 48"	to center of
	Personance B	ch of bearings
of spindle pulley 12" x 5N"	lev. 12" = 5N"	of spindle pull
of counter drive pulley 16" a 5%" of counter tight and loose	we pulley 16" x 5%"	of counter dri
pulley 12" # 516"	12" # BM"	pullsy
of emery wheel	sh	of emery when
ed of emery wheel 400 revs.	seel 400 revn.	ed of emery wh



FIG. 11875.

DESCRIPTION Fig. 11675,
This machine will carry a wheel 20° x 235° and is of the same general astruction as grinder shown in Fig. 11871, but fitted with electric motor.

DOUBLE WATER TOOL GRINDER.

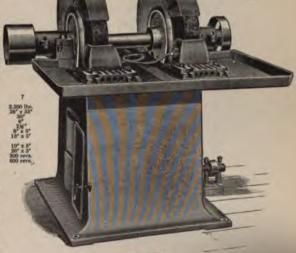
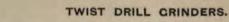


FIG. 11876.

NO. 2 IDEAL DRILL



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11877.

This grinder will sharpen drills from the smallest size up to 5% dismeter. It can be furnished to mount on bench, or with floor stand. Illustration shows machine to be driven by belt. We can, however, furnish the same machine to operate by hand power.

to be driven by best. We can, however, lurnish the same machine to operate by hand power. The No. 2½ machine is similar to the No. 2 but larger, having capacity for sharpening drills from No. 70 up to ½.\*



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11878.

Capacity, A\* to 1)4" drills.

Diameter of emery wheel, 7\*.

Speed of emery wheel, 2,640 revolutions per minute.

Speed of countershaft, 550 revolutions per minute. Pulley on wheel spindle, 234" x 134". Driving pulley, 12" x 134".

#### STYLE L BENCH DRILL GRINDER.



FIG. 11879.

Tight and loose pulleys, 6° x 134°. Height to center of spindle, 14°. Bench space occupied, 1' squaro. Weight, ented, 130 lbs. Weight, crated, 130 lbs. Weight, boxed, 150 lbs. Cubic feet boxed, 5.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11879.

Capacity, No. 60 to 55° drills.

Diameter of emery wheel, 5".

Speed of emery wheel, 2,880 revolutions per minute.

Speed of countershaft, 600 revolutions per minute.

Pulley on wheel spindle, 23\(\frac{2}{3}\) x 13\(\frac{4}{3}\).

Driving pulley, 12" x 13\(\frac{4}{3}\).

Tight and loose pulleys, 6" x 13\(\frac{4}{3}\).

Height to center of spindle, 14".

Bench space occupied, 1' square.

Weight, net, 95 lbs.

Weight, tarted, 115 lbs.

Weight, boxed, 135 lbs.

Cubic feet boxed, 4\(\frac{4}{3}\).

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11880.

The No. 3 grinder has capacity for sharpening drills from 34" to 134" inclusive. It is furnished complete with stand on countershaft. Speed of countershaft, 375 revolutions per minute. Weight, 170 lbs.



FIG. 11860.



# TWIST DRILL CRINDERS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11881.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11884.

Diameter of emery wheel, 9½°.

Speed of countershalt, 530 revolutions per minute.

Speed of countershalt, 530 revolutions per minute.

Pulley on wheel spindle, 4° x 2¾°.

Driving pulley, 12° x 2¾°.

Tight and loose pulley, 6° x 2½°.

Height to center of spindle, 13°.

Benen space occupied, 1° square.

Weight, net, 148 lbs.

Weight, crated, 170 lbs.

Weight, boxed, 195 lbs.

Cubic feet boxed, 6. Cubic feet boxed, 6.



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DESCRIPTION FIG. 11882.

Capacity, #\* to 114" drills.
Diameter of emery whoel, 7".
Speed of enery wheel, 2,640 revolutions per minute.
Speed of countershaft, 550 revolutions Speed of countershaft, 550 revolutions per minute.
Pulley on wheel spindle, 2½" x 1½". Driving pulley, 12" x 1½".
Tight and loose pulley, 6" x 134".
Height to center of spindle, 45½".
Floor space occupied, 1½" x 2½".
Weight, net, 140 lbs.
Weight, crated, 165 lbs.
Weight, beved, 205 lbs.
Cubic foot boxed, 10.



Capacity, 1/4" to 2/4" drills.

Diameter of emery wheel, 91/5".

Speed of sonery wheel, 91/5".

Speed of sonery wheel, 1,600 revolutions per minute.

Speed of counter-shaft, 425 revolutions per minute.

Pulley on wheel spindle, 4" x 23/4".

Driving pulley, 15" x 23/4".

Height to center of spindle, 42",

Floor space occupied, 11/2" x 3".

Weight, not, 225 lbs.

Weight, crated, 200 lbs.

Weight, boxed, 315 lbs.

Cubic feet, boxed, 12. Cubic feet, boxed, 12.

STYLE M BENCH DRILL GRINDER.

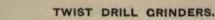


STYLE C DRILL GRINDER.



FIG. 11883.

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DESCRIPTION FIG. 11877.

This grinder will sharpen drills from the smallest size up to 5/8" diameter. It can be furnished to mount on beach, or with floor stand. Illustration shows machine to be driven by belt. We can, however, furnish the same

machine to operate by hand power.

The No. 2½ machine is similar to the No. 2 but larger, having capacity for sharpening drills from No. 70 up to ½.\*



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11878.

Capacity, 1 to 11/4" drills. Diameter of emery wheel, 7°.

Speed of emery wheel, 2,640 revolutions per minute. Speed of countershaft, 550 revolutions per

Pulley on wheel spindle, 2½" x 1¼". Driving pulley, 12" x 1¼".

#### STYLE L BENCH DRILL GRINDER.



FIG. HBTO.

Tight and loose pulleys, 6° x 1¼\*. Height to center of spindle, 14". Bench space occupied, 1' square. Weight, net, 100 lbs. Weight, crated, 130 lbs. Weight, boxed, 150 lbs. Cubic feet boxed, 5.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11879.

Capacity, No. 60 to 96" drills. Diameter of emery wheel, 5". Speed of emery wheel, 2,880 revolutions per minute. Speed of countershaft, 600 revolutions per

minute.

Pulley on wheel spindle, 234° x 134°.

Driving pulley, 12° x 134°.

Tight and loose pulleys, 6° x 134°.

Height to center of spindle, 14°.

Bench space occupied, 1' square.

Weight was 16° 1. Weight, net, 95 lbs. Weight, crated, 115 lbs. Weight, bexed, 135 lbs. Cubic feet boxed, 414.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11880.

The No. 3 grinder has capacity for sharpening drills from 34" to 135" inclusive. It is furnished complete with stand on countershaft. Speed of countershaft, 375 revolutions per minute. Weight, 170 lbs.



#### NO. 3 IDEAL DRILL GRINDER.

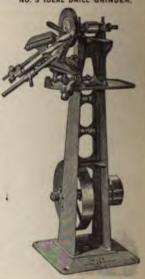


FIG. 11880.

# TWIST DRILL GRINDERS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11881.

Capacity, 14" to 234" drilla.

Diameter of emery wheel, 1,600 revolutions per minute.
Speed of countershaft, 530 revolutions per minute.
Speed of countershaft, 530 revolutions per minute.
Pulley on wheel spindle, 4" x 234".

Tight and loose pulleys, 6" x 234".

Tight and loose pulleys, 6" x 234".

Height to center of spindle, 13".

Bench space occupied, 1" square.

Weight, exted, 170 lbs.

Weight, cated, 170 lbs.

Weight, boxed, 195 lbs.

Cubic feet boxed, 6.

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# STYLE & DRILL GRINDER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11882.

Capacity, #y" to 134" drilla.
Diameter of emery wheel, 7".
Speed of emery wheel, 2,640 revolutions Speed of emery wheel, 2,640 revolutions per minute.

Speed of countershaft, 550 revolutions per minute.

Pulley on wheel spindle, 2½" x 1½". Driving pulley, 12" x 1½".

Tight and loose pulleys, 6" x 1½".

Tight and loose pulleys, 6" x 1½".

Height to center of spindle, 45½".

Floor space occupied, 1½" x 2½".

Weight, net, 140 lbs.

Weight, rated, 165 lbs.

Weight, trated, 165 lbs.

Cubic feet boxed, 10.



### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11883.

Capacity, ½" to 2½" drills.
Diameter of emery wheel, 9½".
Speed of emery wheel, 1,600 revolutions per minute.
Speed of countershalt, 425 revolutions per minute.
Pulley on wheel spindle, 4" x 2½".
Driving pulley, 15" x 2½".
Tight and loose pulleys, 7½" x 2½".
Height to center of spindle, 42".
Floor space occupied, 1½" x 3".
Weight, net, 225 lbs.
Weight, texted, 200 lbs.
Weight, boxed, 315 lbs.
Cubic feet boxed, 12. Capacity, 14" to 214" drille. Cubic feet, boxed, 12.

STYLE M BENCH DRILL GRINDER.



STYLE C DRILL GRINDER.



FIG. 11883.

## TWIST DRILL GRINDERS.

STYLE A DRILL GRINDER.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11884.

A capacity sufficient for nearly all shops, a form self-contain to install and accessibility of the countershaft for oiling comb this a desirable machine. A liberally large emery wheel, with ing low-speed and rigid, well-proportioned design prevent vi-render the machine very long-lived.

Capacity, ½'' to 2½'' drilla.
Diameter of emery wheel, 9½'.
Speed of emery wheel, 1,600 revolutions per minute.
Speed of countershaft, 425 revolutions per minute.
Pulley on wheel spindle, 4" x 2½''
Driving pulley, 15" x 2½''.

pulleys, 714" x 214". of spindle, 42". spied, 114" x 3".

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This machine, baving its countershaft overhead, can be placed at a distance from the line shaft, which cannot well be done with the selfcontained type. The countershaft, being self-contained, is easily put up; the loose pulley is oiled through the hollow shaft, and the belt-shifting device is simple and convenient.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11886.

FIG. 11884.

Capacity, 56" to 234" drills.
Diameter of emery wheel, 945".
Speed of emery wheel, 900 revolutions per minute.
Speed of countershalt, 550 revolutions per minute.
Pulley on wheel epindle, 4" x 234".
Driving pulley, 12" x 234".

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11885. NS FIG. 11895.
Tight and loose pulleys, 6° x 2½(°.
Height to center of spindle, 42°.
Floor space occupied, ½½′ x 3°.
Weight, net, 230 lbs.
Weight, crated, 295 lbs.
Weight, boxed, 323 lbs.
Cubic feet boxed, 13.

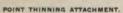




FIG. 11885. Shows machine with countershaft.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11080.

This attachment consists of a bend faced emery whiel 10" x 35" mounted on opposite end of spindle from the regular wheel. It is used for thinning the points of drills and can be fernished on either the style A or style B drill grinders.

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#### STYLE CTA DAILL GRINDER.



FIG. 11867.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11890.

This machine is the same as style CTA, but is fitted with electric motor drive instead of countershaft. In making inquiry for machine of this description, advise us the nature of electric current on which motor will operate. Weight (approximate), set, 200 lbs.; crated 270 lbs.; boxed, 330 lbs.

STYLE ATA DRILL GRINDER.



FIG. 11889.

#### TWIST DRILL CRINDERS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11887.

This grinder has capacity for sharpening drills from \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$2\$\frac{1}{4}\$ diameter. Countershaft is contained in the base of the machine and has tight and loose pulleys which should run 350 revolutions per minute.

The thinning attachment shown in cut forms part of the regular equipment, but may be omitted if not required.

Weight, net, 170 lbs.; crated, 210 lbs., boxed, 270 lbs.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11888.

This machine is the same as the CTA machine, except that the countershaft, instead of being incorporated in the base of the grinder, is separate so that it can be put up overhead.

STYLE BTA DRILL GRINDER.



Countershaft pulleys are 6° diameter and should run 350 revolutions per minute.

Weight, net, 190 lbs., crated, 230 lbs.; boxed, 300 lbs.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11889.

Same as style BTA, but without column, making a convenient beach machine. Weight with econtershaft, net, 115 lbs.; crated, 130 lbs.; boxed, 165 lbs.

STYLE ETA DRILL GRINDER.



FIG 11800.

FIG. 11888.

## TWIST DRILL CRINDERS.

STYLE D DRILL GRINDER, MOTOR DRIVEN.

FIG. 11891.

DRILL GRINDER

Capacity, 36" to 234" drills.
Diameter of emery wheel, 935".
Speed of emery wheel, 1,000 revolutions per minute.
Height to center of spindle, 43".
Floor space occupied, 135" x 3'.
Weight, net, 375 lbs.
Weight, crated, 435 lbs.
Weight, boxed, 520 lbs.
Cubic feet boxed, 14.

Motor is wound for either 110 or 220 volt direct current. If wanted for any other current, there is an extra charge for special motor.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11892.

Capacity, 14" to 214" drills.
Diameter of emery wheel, 914".
Speed of emery wheel, 1,600 revolutions per minute.

Speed of countershaft, 425 revolu-

tions per minute.
Pulley on wheel spindle, 4" x 234".
Pulley on wheel spindle, 4" x 234".
Driving pulley, 15" x 234".
Tight and loose pulleys, 735" x 234".
Height to center of spindle, 43".
Floor space occupied, 2" x 3".
Weight, ented, 325 lbs.
Weight, crated, 380 lbs.
Weight, boxed, 450 lbs.
Cubic feet boxed, 1614.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11893.
It will be noted that the main difference between style P and this machine is the

separate countershaft.
Besides enabling the machine to be placed at a distance from the line shaft this has the advantage that in the combination machines the tight and loose pulleys or

that in the combination machines the tight and loose pulleys or the belt are not in the way when the rear end of the machine is being used. In all other respects it closely resembles style P



STYLE P WET DRILL GRINDER

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H

FIG. 11892.

Capacity, ½" to 2½" drills.

Diameter of enery wheel, 9½".

Speed of emery wheel, 1,600 reveilations per minute.

Speed of countershaft, 530 revolutions per minute.

Pulley on wheel spindle, 4" x 2¾".

Driving pulley, 12" x 2¾".

Height 40 center of spindle, 43".

Floor space occupied, 1½" x 3".

Weight, net, 350 fbs.

Weight, crated, 415 fbs.

Weight, crated, 415 fbs.

Cubic feet boxed, 17.



#### TWIST DRILL CRINDERS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11894.

This grinder is made in two sizes, one having capacity for sharpening drills up to 234°, the other up to 334°. The point thinning attachment may be omitted if not desired.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Style.	Capacity	Weight,	Gross Weight Crated.	Gross Weight Boxed.	Spend of Counter- shaft. R. P. M.	Dis. T. & L. Pulleys of Counter- shaft.
WTAL	パー2点。	305 lbs.	400 lbs.	480 lbs.	425	8"
WTAL	ドー3点。	315 lbs.	410 lbs.	490 lbs.	425	8"
WTAF	パー3点。	325 lbs.	420 lbs.	500 lbs.	425	8"

NO. 1 AND NO. 00 WET DRILL GRINDERS.



FIG. 11895.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11895.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11895.

The drill to be ground is held with its point lower than its shank. This allows us to apply the water to the drill itself, flooding the point, instead of applying it to the wheel in the old way. The advantages of this are apparent. The old way causes the water to acquire the velocity of the rapidly revolving wheel, consequently when the drill is brought in contact with this west surface the water is deflected in all directions much to the disconfort of the operator. By applying the water first to the invent drill, great only the velocity acquired to the drill at times actually submerging the parts which are being ground. When it reaches the wheel the velocity of the water is so low, compared with that of the wheel itself, that it is neathy picked up by the wheel and carried away without slop or spatter. Mechanics who have experienced the annoyance of the wet tool grinding will appreciate this. Perhaps the most striking feature of this drill grinder is that which causes the water to automatically flow to the drill in a continuous stream without the use of a pump with its troublesome stuffing-boxes and complicated connections. The water when picked up by the grinding wheel as above described is thrown by centrifugal force into a reservoir from which it is cenducted again to the drill. The lower part of this reservoir forms an ample settling chamber. The grinding wheel is never submerged, and when not in motion the wheel to tot even in contact with the water.

No. 1 machine grinds drills from \( \frac{1}{2} \) to 2\( \frac{3}{2} \). No. 00 machine grinds drills from \( \frac{3}{2} \) to 2\( \frac{3}{2} \).

No. I machine grinds drills from 14" to 214" No. 00 machine grinds drills from 14" to 4"

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11896.

The pump is liberally designed and supplies a large amount of water, which is applied to the wheel just above the drill and prevents overheating even when grinding heavily. The water, upon returning to the tank, first enters a settling basin, where the grindings remain, leaving it clean as it again enters the pump chamber.

Capacity, ¼" to 3½" drilla. Diameter of enery wheel, 12". Speed of emery wheel, 1,240 revolutions per minute. Speed of countershall, 425 revolutions per minute. Pulley on wheel spindle, 434" x 234". Driving pulley, 14" x 234". Tight and loose pulleys, 9° x 314° Height to center of spindle, 4334° Floor space occupied, 2' x 3'. Weight, net, 490 lbs. Weight, crated, 565 lbs. Weight, boxed, 645 lbs. Cubic feet boxed, 24.



FIG. 11894

#### STYLE F WET DRILL GRINDER.



FIG. 11896.



TWIST DRILL GRINDERS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11897.

Style G is the largest drill grinder made. Its design and weight are in keeping with the weight of the drills and three and four groove chucking reamers ground on it. A 45% three-groove reamer is shown in the holder.

Capacity, 1° to 5° drills.

Spaced of emery wheel, 720 revolutions per minute.

Speed of counterslaft, 300 revolutions per minute.

Pulley on wheel spindle, 5° weight, eat, 860 ths.

Pulley on wheel spindle, 5° weight, eat, 600 lbs.

Weight, eat, 600 lbs.

Weight, boxed, 1,980 lbs.

Cubic feet boxed, 30.

STYLE EWTA MOTOR DRIVEN WET DRILL GRINDER

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This machine is built in three sizes as noted below. Point thinning attachment (not shown in cut) is regularly furnished, but may be omitted if not required In making inquiry, advise us the nature of electric current on which motor is to operate.

EWTA ..



FIG. 11896.

SPECIFIC	ATIONE

EWTAL.  EWTAF.  Speed of grioding wheel, about	1,700 revolut	440 lbs. 450 lbs. ions per minute	550 lbs. 560 lbs.	640 Re 650 Ib
DESC	RIPTION FI			

Of all electrically driven tools these are the simplest. The wheel being on toor shaft, there is but one revolving part.

The motor is fully enclosed and protected against dirt or injury; the b goiling and list field is east integral with the column, which contains the st All these features combine to produce the nest, well-proportioned mach Standard machines are provided with motors wound for either 110 or 220 rrent, but machines can be fitted specially with motors for other currents.

Capacity, 14" to 34" drills.
Diameter of emery wheel, 12".
Speed of emery wheel, 1,240 revolutions per minute.
Height of center to spindle, 43".



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## KNIFE GRINDERS.

AUTOMATIC PLANER KNIFE GRINDER.

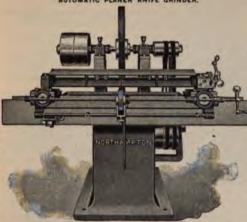


FIG. 11900.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11900 AND 11901.

Carries emery wheel 20\* in diameter, 155\* thick. We build this style machine in sizes to grind knives of any length up to 52\*, to run either wet or dry.

#### DIMENSIONS OF 30" MACHINE.

Size of base on floor	24" × 30"
Height to center of arbor	42*
Length of bearings	7"
Diameter of arbor through bearings	136"
Diameter of arbor between bearings	1%*
Size of hole in emery wheel	23/4"
Size of tight and loose pulleys on arbor.	10° x 4°
Speed of machine, revolutions per minute	600 to 650
Speed of carriage, per minute	30"
Automatic feed of knife up to wheel	2200"

# AUTOMATIC PLANER

Equipped with full automatic attachment and with waterhood and pump.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11901.

Sian.	Weight of Machine Alone.	Weight Crated, About.
30° machine	1,200 lbs.	1,450 lbs. 1,650 lbs.
42" machine	1,600 lbs. 1,800 lbs.	2,000 lbs.
52 machine		

Automatic attachment for feed of knife up to wheel, waterhood and pump, for wet grinding are furnished at additional cost only.

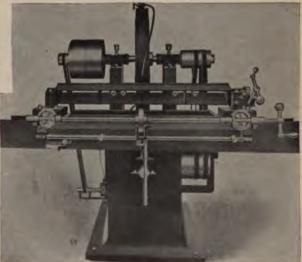


FIG. 11901.



FIG. 11899.

SPECIFICATIONS.			Gross Weight	Grow
EWTA EWTAL. EWTAF. Speed of grinding wheel, about	Capacity. 14"-214" 1"-314" 14"-314" 1,700 revolut	Net Weight, 430 lbs. 440 lbs. 450 lbs. ions per minute	540 lbs. 550 lbs. 560 lbs.	640 Rs. 650 Rs.
DESC	RIPTION FI	G. 11899.		

Of all electrically driven tools these are the simplest. The wheel being carried on the tor shaft, there is but one revolving part.

The wheel being carried on the tor shaft, there is but one revolving part.

The motor is fully enclosed and protected against dirt or injury; the bearings are goiling and its field is east integral with the column, which contains the etarting bet. All these features combine to produce the nest, well-proportioned machines shown. Standard machines are provided with motors wound for either 110 or 220 volts directived, but machines can be fitted specially with motors for other currents.

Capacity, 1/2" to 31/2" drills.
Diameter of emery wheel, 12".
Speed of emery wheel, 1,240 revolutions per minute.
Height of center to spindle, 43".

Floor space occupied, 2" x 3". Weight, net, 565 lbs. Weight, crated, 690 lbs. Weight, boxed, 770 lbs. Cubic feet boxed, 22.

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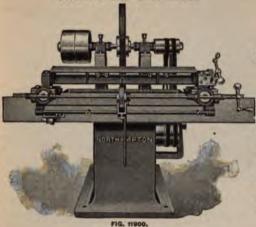
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#### KNIFE GRINDERS.

AUTOMATIC PLANER KNIFE GRINDER.



DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11900 AND 11901.

Carries emery wheel 26" in diameter, 155" thick. We build this style machine in sizes to grind knives of any length up to 52", to run either wet or dry.

#### DIMENSIONS OF 30" MACHINE.

Size of base on floor	24" x 30"
Height to center of arbor	42"
Length of bearings.	7"
Diameter of arbor through bearings	1567
Diameter of arbor between bearings.	1%"
Size of hole in emery wheel	2)4"
Size of tight and loose pulleys on arbor.	10° x 4"
Speed of machine, revolutions per minute	600 to 650
Speed of carriage, per minute	30'
Automatic feed of knife up to wheel	asps.

#### AUTOMATIC PLANER KNIFE GRINDER.

Equipped with full automatic attachment and with waterhood and pump.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11901.

Blan.	Weight of Machine Alone.	Weight Crated, About.
30" machine 36" machine 42" machine 48" machine 52" machine	1,400 lbs. 1,600 lbs. 1,800 lbs.	1,650 lbs. 1,850 lbs. 2,000 lbs.

Automatic attachment for feed of knife up to wheel, waterhood and pump, for wet grinding are furnished at additional cost only.



FIG. 11901\_



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11902.

This machine is designed for grinding knives where a slight concave is desired and is particularly adapted for wood planer knives.

The column is large and stiff and the bed will not spring when the machine is bolted to the floor.

The emery wheel is carried on a steel spindle running

in extra long bearings fully protected from dust, mounted on carriage which is fed to the work, either by hand or automatically. The automatic feed may be omitted if desired.

if desired.

The water hood is so arranged that all water is distributed by the pump directly on the wheel in front of the knife. A raised surface inside the hood leads all water water and spray back to the sipbon tank, and the table is so arranged that no water will remain upon it. The pump and connection may be omitted if desired.

The table has both hand and power feed with automatic reverse at each end of the stroke. The length of the tracel water has resided by a distributed for the forms of the tracel water to be supported to the tracel water to be supported to the control of the tracel water to be supported to the control of the tracel water to be supported to the control of the tracel water to be supported to the control of the tracel water to be supported to the control of the tracel water to be supported to the control of the tracel water to be supported to the control of the tracel water to be supported to the control of the tracel water to be supported to the suppor

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lever shown on the front of the machine enables operator to instantly stop or start the movement of

operator to instantly stop or start the movement of the table at any point in its travel without stopping the energy.

The bar on which the knife is clamped is strong and is so arranged that the wheel will grind toward the edge, or the bar may be reversed, and the knife ground toward the butt. Each end of the knife may be moved to or from the wheel by small hand access. By this device the edge of the knife may be brought perfectly parallel to the guides on which the platen travels; after which the energy wheel is brought to the knife by the hand wheel. The knife bar is rotated by a worm gear shown at the left-hand side of the bar and may be rigidly clamped when the setting is obtained. This allows grinding the edge of the knife to the desired bevel, as the knife may be set at any angle with the wheel.

M CIGHT D-	
20° machine complete, shipping weight, about	2,200 lbs.
30° machine complete, shipping weight, about.	2,400 lbs.
36° machine complete, shipping weight, about	2,500 lbs.
42" machine complete, shipping weight, about	2,600 lbs.
48° machine complete, shinning weight, about	2 800 lbs

#### COUNTERSHAFT.

The countershaft for this machine has tight and loose pulleys 9" x 414"; driving pulley, 13" x 414"; drop of hangers, 10", and should run about 325 revolutions per minute.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11903.

This machine is designed especially for grinding and facing long knives. It may also be used for grinding flat surfaces up to 6" or

It is substantially built, the sizes from 120" to 180" being constructed heavier throughout and furnished with 18" cylindrical wheels. Sizes up to 114" are furnished with 14" cup wheels.

This machine is made in two styles, either with a disk wheel or with a cylinder wheel, and in sizes to grind knives from 54° to 180° in length.

For flat and concave grinding, the machine with cup wheel can be fitted with a swivel head.

It is provided with a pump which takes filtered water from an iron pan and applies it to the work in such quantities as in present

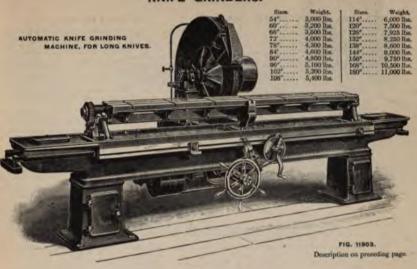
The wheel spindles are large and run in self-oiling boxes. A double train of spur gears, and rack cut from solid steel, furnish the

The wheel spindles are large and run in self-ciling boxes. A double train of spur gears, and rack cut from solid steel, furnal driving mechanism. The wheel head bracket is supported by a square leg, which also serves a reservoir is supply the parent. We call your attention to the automatic adjustable feed on this knife grinder. It is obtained by feeding the wheel head to the serve When the part takes one tooth of the ratchet, the distance/between the wheel and the work will be wrised by .0001\*. This nesties of cross feed makes it possible for the inite bar to be rigidly attached to the carriage, and allows the bar to be braced by senter boxeners by this construction accurate work and best results are insured, and the knives are prevented from being ground winding. This knife grinder can be furnished with an independent six-jawed chuck to carry a cup wheel to 30\* in diameter.

The machine with disk wheel is usually furnished with a 26\* wheel.



## KNIFE GRINDERS.



AUTOMATIC PLANER KNIFE GRINDER WITH CUP WHEEL.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11904. Carries 9" x 4" Cup Wheel,

Automatic at-tachment for feed of knife up to wheel water hood and pump, for wet grinding, are fur-nished at extra

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11904.

Size 30"	Weight of Machine Ajone. 850 lbs.	Weight Cruted, About. 1,050 lbs.
36"	950 lbs.	1,150 lbs.
420	1,050 lba.	1,300 lbs.
48"	1,250 lbs.	1,500 lbs.

FIG. 11904.

Size of base on floor	38"	Size of hole in cup wheel Size of tight and loose pulleys on arbor. Speed of inachine, revolutions per minute. Speed of carriage, per minute. Automatic feed of knile up to wheel	334" 5" x 3" 800 30" wang"
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## KNIFE GRINDERS.

#### CYLINDER WHEEL AUTOMATIC KNIFE GRINDER.



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11906.

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39" × 40"

DIMENSIONS. 

Length of boarings.	5" and 535"
Diameter of spindle in bearings	234° and 154°
Size of driving pulley.	616" x 516"
Size of emery cylinder.	14° x 354° x 13
	Contract of the Contract of th
WEIGHTS.	
26" machine complete, shipping weight, about	2,200 fbs.
30" machine complete, shipping weight, about.	2,400 lbs.
36" machine complete, shipping weight, about	2,500 lbs.
43º machine complete shinning weight about	2.600 II-

The countershaft for this machine has tight and loose pulleys 9" x 4½", driving pulley 18" x 8½", drop of hangers 12", and about 300 revolutions per minute



## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11906.

Will grind either straight or concave bevel.

Attachment for using water for style A, consisting of tank, pump and necessary fixtures can be supplied.

#### SIZES.

To grind knives to 26°, 400 lbs. To grind knives to 32°, 450 lbs. To grind knives to 38°, 500 lbs. To grind knives to 44°, 525 lbs. To grind knives to 54°, 550 lbs.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11907.

A simple automatic bench knife grinder for small factories, will grind either straight or concave bevel. Tight and loose pulleys are 4' in diameter, 2' face, and should run 1,400 revolutions per minute. Emery wheel, 0' diameter, 3' face, 1' hole.

#### SIZES.

To grind knives up to 26" long, 250 lbs. To grind knives up to 32" long, 275 lbs. To grind knives up to 38" long, 300 lbs.

STYLE E KNIFE GRINDER



FIG. 11907.

## KNIFE GRINDERS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11908.

The emery wheels supplied with machines are 12" in diameter, 4" face. They can be used up almost entirely.

The tight and loose pulleys are 8" in diameter, and should run 800 revolutions per minute.

We keep the following in stock with knife bars or holders suitable for ordinary knives, but will furnish machines with bars suitable for any knife, without extra charge. When ordering, please send description of knives to be ground.



FIG. 11908

SIZES.				
To grind knives up to 54"	1,375 lbs.	To grind knives up to 84"	1,600 lbs.	
To grind knives up to 60"	1,400 lbs.	To grind knives up to 90°	1,700 lbs.	
To grind knives up to 66"	1,430 lbs.	To grind knives up to 96"	1,800 lbs.	
To grind knives up to 72"	1,460 lbs.	To grind knives up to 108"	1,900 lbs.	
To grind knives up to 76"	1,500 lbs.	To grind knives up to 120"	2,100 lbs.	

Tank, pump and necessary fixtures for water, extra. Will grind either straight or concave bevel.

#### SAW CRINDERS.



FIG. 11909.

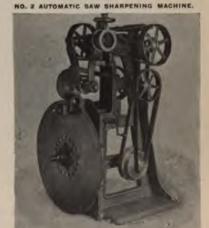


FIG. 11910.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11909 AND 11910.

chines are intended for sharpening blades for metal cold saws and are rapid in operation and therefore very desirable where

hose machines are intended for sary-samp some some property of the degree of the samples of the samples at the formation will sharpen saw blades from 10" to 40" in diameter. It is fully automatic and will grind the saw blades at the of forty teeth per minute, and any pitch of tooth up to 114".

[6, 2 machine will sharpen saw blades 24" to 84" in diameter. This machine is fully automatic, and will handle very heavy saw as at the rate of from fifteen to twenty-five teeth per minute. It will grind any pitch of tooth up to 2".

#### SAW CRINDERS.

NO. I SAW SHARPENER



FIG. 11911

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11912.

This machine is designed for sharpening circular wood saws. It is built in two sizes, as follows:

two susses, as tollows:
No. I automatic, as shown, with three emery wheels, wrenches, table, etc.
Shipping weight, 150 lbs.
This machine stands on a table which we supply, using same for a packing erate.

4" tight and loose pulleys should run 900 revolutions per minute.

4" tight and loose pulleys should run 900 revolutions per minute.

4" tight and loose pulleys should run 900 revolutions per minute.

Circular erose-cut saws can be sharpened on this machine, but not automatically.

No. 2 automatic, for saws 8" to 48" diameter, heavier than No. 1, with three emery wheels.

Shipping weight, 250 lbs.

Thirty days' trial to responsible parties.

6" pulleys should run 600 revolutions per minute.

Circular cross-cut saws can be sharpened on this machine, but not automatically.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11911.

In designing our No, I saw sharpener our aim has been to produce a grinder which would do perfect work and which could be sold at a moderate price.

The saw is placed on a swinging bracket. This bracket is mounted on a turntable which may be revolved on its slide, bringing the swinging movement at any angle with the emery wheel.

The saw bracket is placed at an angle of 15° with the spi of the wheel, giving the result of a cup or saucer shaped wheel with a disk wheel. The disk wheels are more easily replaced

The saw is ground both on the face and top of the teeth, thus keeping the teeth of the same shape and size, regumning the saw as it is sharpened. The teeth are accurately indexed by an index plate, insuring uniform spacing. Index plates for any number of teeth can be furnished.

The turntable, upon which the swinging bracket is mounted is graduated in degrees, allowing it to be set accurately to give the right shape of tooth and the right amount of rake or clas-

A water tank with water guards and pump furnishes which prevents drawing the temper in the teeth.

Saws from 10° to 20° may be ground.

Emery wheel 12" diameter.

Floor space 21" x 30"

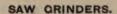
Height, 4'.

Net weight, 350 lbs.

AUTOMATIC SAW SHARPENER



FIG. 11912.



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11913.

This machine is simple in design and easily operated. After the teeth of a band saw have been put into good and uniform shape by the use of this machine but little attention is needed to maintain them in perfect shape and efficiency.

The sharpening is finished complete, and is better than can be done by hand. The pawl moves the saw at the rate of about thirty-five teeth to the minute. The emery wheel moves in and out of each tooth as it passes, grinding either front, throat or back, or all three, as may be deemed necessary

Machine is made in two sizes, viz.:

No. 5, for saws 2" to 5" wide. No. 6, for saws 2" to 8" wide.



#### THE FAIRBANKS SAW SHARPENING MACHINE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11914.

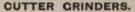
This machine is designed to sharpen saws with emery wheels instead of files, and if properly made aves a large amount of time, keping the saws in perfect condition.

The machine is designed to sharpen saws with emery wheels instead of files, and if properly made aves a large amount of time, keping the saws in perfect condition.

The machine is designed to sharpen saws with emery amount of time, keping the saws in perfect condition.

The shape desired print to the depth desired and then hold the saw in that position and adjust the thumbserew on back of swing arms othat it will stop in same place for every tooth.

If the saw is out of round, swing back so points of teeth will just tooch the grinder and turn the saw around until it is jointed; grind the fronts of teeth will just tooch the grinder and turn the saw around until it is jointed; grind the fronts of the depth to which it is adjusted and finish up backs. After once putting saw in shape, it is only necessary to grind the fronts of the same that the same and the



DESCRIPTION FIG. 11915.

This small machine has ample capacity for all the ordinary sizes and varieties of milling cutters, while its compactness and small st render it practicable to have several distributed around the shop in the vicinity of each group of milling machines, where they will over a valuable addition to the plantand scouly of formulae to the property of the

SPECIFICATIONS		
Width of spindle bolt Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft. Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute. Net weight, complete. Floor space required. Foreign shipment, tight boxed (weight).	Barch, 1" 2" x 114" 050 65 lbs. 20" x 103"	Monated. 1° 3° x 1)4° 600



FIG. 11915.

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NO. 2 CUTTER GRINDER.



FIG. 11916.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11918.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11916.

This is a simpler machine than the No. 3, but has a number of the features found in that machine. The spindle head and knee are identical with the No. 3. The knee is adjustable and is provided with a tool rest arm, which may be swung out of the way when not needed.

The front bearing is extended, forming an outboard support for the end of the spindle, thas preventing any vibration. The spindle is hollow, and is provided with a drift rod for removing the arbors. The rear end extends beyond the bearing and is arranged to carry emery whose up to 8° diameter. A reat is also provided for grinding small tools.

The guide finger is fixed in a yoke, which clamps around the end of the front bearing, giving a wide range of adjustment and being quickly and casily set.

The index head can be set and bound at any angle vertically by graduated index and is between the provided in the subject of th

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SPECIFICATIONS.	
Width of spindle belt	336*
Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft	415 17
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute	
Floor space required.  Domestic shipment, crated, weight.	36" x 23" 375 Re.
Foreign shipment, tight boxed, 30 cubic feet, weight	450 Ilm.
a seeding and property and are a seed as a see	Water Street

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11917.

Our universal cutter and tool grinder is a simple, high-class machine perfectly adapted to its work. Every feature of the marker-represents the evolution of years of experience and suggestion and is confidently presented to the judgment of mechanics. The spindle is hardened and ground and supported out close to the wheel by an extended bearing and carefully protected from emery. The knee, and the yoke carried on the knee, both have a large range of adjustment. On the knee yoke or carriage is mounted the savieting table, which has a quick, sensitive movement by rack and pinion operated from end or side.

On this table is mounted the index head, and all the attachments are held in this head.

Straight spiral mills are ground by mounting on a sleeve sliding on the mandrel, no accurate leveling up being required. Other mills are ground by the movement of the table.

are ground by the movement of the table.

A sleeve with stepped collars is provided to accommodate cutters of different size holes. Taper reamers, etc., are held on centers mounted in the index head. Taps and other tools can also be held in this way. Small taper shank butt mills are held by the taper shank in a No. 7 B. 48. St taper socket and ground true under working conditions. Larger shank mills or cutters mounted on a No. 10 B. & S. taper shank arbor are held in the same manner in a larger socket and ground together in one gang without removal. Angle mills are held at the proper angle by a plug in the head. Large straddle mills and inserted tooth cutters are ground on the sed eace by laying flat on the table and centered on plug. The guide finger is split to spring over to the next tooth without running off the cutter and is held on the end of the spindle bearing, except in grinding small butt mills on which the finger is held on the attachment itself. Gear cutters and other formed cutters and tools are ground by the large thin wheel and rest at rear end of spindle.

A vise can be mounted on the table and author winding and similiar of a scilling of the state of the same members and tools are ground by the large thin wheel and rest at rear

A vise can be mounted on the table and surface grinding and grinding of snap gauges, etc., conveniently done. A hard-wood cupboard is provided inside the column to hold the attachments and protect them from injury.

the attachments and protect them from injury.

Equipment reamer centers; 13% cutter after; 13% adjustable collar; 3% cutter sleeve with adjustable step collar; 3% cutter sleeve with adjustable step collar; 3% cutter sleeve with adjustable step collar; 3% catigustable arbor; 15c am situation and stud; cutter stud; socket; finger attachment; universal finger and holder; 3 arbors with 3 emery wheels, 1 large emery wheel; universal cutter head; 1 arbor socket; 1 table crank; 2 wrenches; plan countersbaft;

#### GENERAL DIMENSIONS.

Plant server manifest					
Floor space required					
Vertical adjustment of knee on column.					
Adjustment of sliding table in line with sp	ndle				
Dimensions of surfacing table					
Dimensions of surfacing table					
Travel of surfacing table					
Capacity of machine: cutters, 14" diameter	ov 6" face:	murfa	ces.		
Diameter of emery wheel in rear	2				
Commerce of cinery wheel in real	ALL CITY				
Size of vise furnished (extra price)	ANTERNATION				
Width of belt					
Tight and loose pulley on countershaft					
Speed of countershaft, revolutions per min	140				
opena of countersnair, revolutions per min	uto				
Domestic shipment, crated, weight					
Foreign shipment, tight boxed, 33 cubic feet	weight				
and the same of the same has	, more				
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45" x 28" 636" 936" 6" x 10" 914° 6° x 914° No. 2 114° 415° x 2° 400

NO. 3 UNIVERSAL CUTTER AND TOOL



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### CUTTER AND REAMER CRINDERS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11918.

We desire to call special attention to this simple machine for grinding milling cutters, taps, taper reamers, lathe tools, etc., etc. Cutters to 6° in diameter, both spiral and straight; reamers 14° and less in length can be ground in this machine. It is made from new and improved patterns. All slides are covered to protect them from dust and emery. The bearings are covered with dust caps and are adjustable for wear, and the ways are gibbed, so that the machine can always be kept in good working order. The swivel slide is graduated on one end and provided with a clamping device for securing it in any desired position. It is operated by a lever which can be removed instantly when desirable. The flat rest can be fastened in position or removed by simply tightening or loosening the clamping nut.

An attachment is furnished for grinding all kinds of end mills, bevel mills, side cutting mills, angular cutters, etc., and with a special attachment (which is extra) all kinds of involute gent cutters and small cutters of special form which require grinding on the face of the tooth. This attachment is graduated on its surface and is reamed for \$4° arbor.

We furnish this machine with a double countershaft and special attachment for grinding circular work, at an extra price. This attachment will take an arbor 14° long between the centers, and will grind work 8° in length and 5° in diameter. This is a good deal more of a machine than the price would indicate. It is capable of a great variety of work.

#### GENERAL DIMENSIONS.

Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft 2" face, 4" diameter; loose pulley supplied with oil teservoir. Speed of countershaft, 500 revolutions per minute. Weight of machine and base, complete, 250 lbs. Boxed for foreign shipment, grinder, gross weight, 175 lbs., 6 cubic feet; hase, gross weight, 195 lbs., 8 cubic feet.

# PLAIN CUTTER AND REAMER



FIG. 11918.

# CUTTER AND REAMER



FIG. 11919.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11919.

This grinder combines, for a little money, many of the advantages of the high-priced universal. It is mounted so it will swing at any horizontal angle to the spindle of the wheel, and present work at any angle to either wheel. This enables cup wheels to be used as easily as wheels of ordinary form, and is of great importance.

All slides are covered to protect them from dust and emery. The bearings are covered with dust caps and are adjustable for wear, and the ways are gibbed so the machine can always be kept in good working order. The table can be elevated or depressed, and it has many other points of excellence.

Weight of machine, complete, 300 lbs.

Based for foreign shipment, gross weight, 425 lbs.

Machine is furnished in two styles, viz.:

Style A. Grinder with base and countershaft.

Style B. Grinder with base, circular attachment, and double countershaft.

Extras can be supplied as follows:

Attachments for grinding form cutters, three indexes.

Extra indexes.

Attachment for internal grinding,

Attachment for grinding die chasers, including internal grinding attachment.

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work upon centers or at the epicks, aixing internal work and for sharpe straight, taper or rose resmers; a bevel, spiral, form or end cutters; i countersinks, counterbores for grin gauges, dies, koys, ends of rods and s

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11920 AND This machine is designed to meet the demands of manufacturers who require, at a moderate cost, a medium size Universal

gaugea, dies, keys, ends of rods said many other similar operations.

The spindle is carefully ground and all sliding surfaces and bearings are sersped it, and well protected from dust. The crosslend screw is graduated to these said of an inch, also the top swivel slide is graduated to \$\frac{1}{2}^2 - 1^2\$ and is provided with acrew adjustment for aligning the centers. The circular standard allows the krase and slide to swing around the bead at any conceinent angle with the wheels. The wheels are held on taper centers and, when taken off and put back, will remain krase.



FIG. 11920.

Each machine is furnished with countershaft, cupboard and set of attachments as follows:

No. 1. Swivel vise with handle.

No. 2. Bevel and face mill holder,

No. 3. Taper shank butt mill holder.

No. 4. 4" chuck to be fastened to No. 2.

No. 5. Internal grinding attachment.

No. 6. Holder for genr cutters, etc. No. 7. Center heads with dogs and

No. 8. Adjustable tooth rest holder and rest.

No. 9. Tooth rest holder for spiral cutters.

No. 10. Rest for hand work.

clamps.

No. 11. Cup wheel holder with wheel

No. 12. Right-hand wheel holder. No. 13. Left-hand wheel holder. No. 14. Three wrenches.

For specifications see following page.



FIG. 11921.

SPECIFICATIONS, FIGS. 11920 AND 11921.

Swing over table	650*	Capacity of chuck	4"
Between centers	21*	Speed of main spindle, revolutions per minute.	3,000
Traverse of carriage	19"	Speed of countershaft, revolutions per minute.	600
Cross feed	6"	Diameter of circle required to revolve table	
Vertical feed.	67	around base,	64"
Will grind cutters on centers, diameter	63.0*	Net weight of grinder complete.	582 lbs.
Will grind cutters on holder, diameter	11"	Gross weight, boxed for shipment	800 lbs.
Vise jaws open	2)-9"	Measurements of box	36" x 39" x 51"
Height of vise jaws	136*		-

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11922.

This grinder was designed to meet the wante of a substantial machine that will grind accurately anything within its range without springing or twisting, and can be operated under all conditions. It will grind all cutters used in a machine abop, such as milling cutters, gauge cutters, reamers, gauges, shafts, bushings, external and internal, and all similar tools. The wheel spindle head can be swiveled 180° and can be locked in any position.

Ample provisions are made to compensate for wear on the spindle. The entire head is dustproof. is dustproof.
All bearings, slides and screws are

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Z 4 m All bearings, slides and screws are covered dustproof.

The adjusting hand wheels are of large size and are graduated on the periphery reading to thousandths of an inch.

reading to thousandths of an inch.

The table has a slow and fast movement in ratio of I to 3. It swivels on a central stud 270° and may be clamped in any position. It has graduated are in front reading degrees and there is a scale imbedded in slide below table which reads

bedded in slide below table which reads
to 3' taper per foot either way. One end
of the table is formed to a worm wheel into
which engages a worm, by means of which
the table can be readily adjusted either
way to the desired taper.

For all operations there is but one tooth
rest used. It is universal in construction
and has a micrometer adjustment for
accurate setting in any position.

The machine is furnished with a 2'
chuck; swivel vise opening 3' champs
straight and taper work; universal center
and tail stock, rasing blocks, internal
grinding attachment, set of steel bushed
werry wheels, drum and main counterabaft.

#### UNIVERSAL CUTTER AND REAMER GRINDER.



FIG. 11922.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Tables move longitudinally	15"
Transverse movement	H.
Vertical movement	736
Swing between centers	0"
Swing between centers, with raising blocks	12"
Takes between centers.	20"
Grinds face mills	16"
Grinde awa, in diameter	36"
Vist weight	7. 020 TE-

NO. 1 UNIVERSAL CUTTER, REAMER AND TOOL GRINDER.



FIG. 11923

This machine is furnished in the following styles:

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11923.

This machine has a horizontal range of 12° at right angles with the knee, a transverse movement to and from column of 61.5°, a vertical movement of 31.4°, and is designed to grind with accuracy and despatch with of the following kinds and sizes:

Work 16° long held between centers when the diameter of rotation is not more than 8°. These dimensions are given as the limit for irregular pieces, and not for heavy, solid cylinders.

Slitting saws for cold sawing up to 24° in diameter can be sharp-of. Reamers and shell counterbores of large or small sizes. Gear cutters and formed cutters of every description. Flat surfaces, such as shear blades, dies and cannes.

Hat surfaces, such as shear blades, dies and gauges.
Hardened bushings, and other pieces to be ground internally.
Conical surfaces, such as taper barings and mandrels, and medical surfaces, such as taper barings and mandrels, and medical surfaces, such as taper barings and mandrels, and medical surfaces, such as taper barings and mandrels, and medical surfaces, such as taper barings and mandrels, and medical surfaces are surfaced to the surface and straddle miles in the surface and straddle miles in the mandrels and surface and straddle miles in the mandrels and surface and straddle miles in the mandrels. in diameter and end mills with shanks up to and including No. 12 B. & S.

taper The foregoing list does not give the limit of the capacity of the machine, but rather indicates in a general way what is possible in its use.

SUMMARY OF DIMENSIONS.	
Length of table	25*
Horizontal range	12*
Transverse movement	63/2"
Vertical movement	33%
Centers take in length	16*
Will grind (using special attachment) face mills.	12* diameter
Will grind cutters between centers	8" diamoier
Will grind saws	24" diameter

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Style A. Plain grinder has the following equipment, which is sufficient to cover all the operations involved in grinding the cutting edges of milling cutters and reamers. Hand rest.
One wrench.
Emery wheel, shape 1.
Emery wheel, shape 2.
Weight, net, 500 lbs.
Shipping weight, demestic. 700 lbs.
Shipping weight, export, 750 lbs.
Size case, export, 51° x42° x 26°.
Contents case, export, 32° cubic fest.

one of miling cutters and reamers.

One universal bead and tail stock, complete with venters.
Tooth rest No. 3A and holder No. 3 for large cutters.
Tooth rests Nos. 6, 7 and 8 and holder No. 4 for small cutters and counterbores.

Tooth guide and holder No. 2 for spiral cutters.
Tooth rest holder No. 1 for reamers.
Centering gauge for setting height of tooth guide.
Two long screws and one nut for holding cutters on universal head spindle.
One 14" x 1" bushing for cutters.

Extra attachments for Style A machine are as follows:

For cylindrical grinding, the following additional parts are furnished: One set of fifteen dogs, from 14" to 114" with wrench and tray for same.

Drum with secondary countershalt complete.
Pulley and collar on cutterhead spindle.
Disk or saw-grinding chuck, fitted to universal head spindle.
3' universal chuck fitted.

For surface grinding, the following additional parts are furnished: Swivel vise, with angle and two clamping bolta

Emery wheel, shape 4. For gear-cutter grinding, gear-cutter attachment, two bushings, emery wheel, shape 3.

For grinding the face of teeth in taps, hobs and formed cutters, etc.:

One pair drop centers, complete with hardened and ground centers. One tooth rest, No. 5. Two bolts.

For internal grinding:

Internal grinding attachment. Pulley, belt. Emery wheels, shape 6.

Style B. Universal cutter and tool grinder, complete with all attachments, as shown in illustration:

Net weight, 645 lbs. Shipping weight, domestic, 900 lbs. Shipping weight, export, 950 lbs.

Extra special attachment for sharpening large face mills. This attachment consists of the following parts:

This attachment can be used only when the circular could outfit is furnished.

Dimensions of box, export, 52" = 43" x 26". Contents of box, export, 32 cubic feet.

One swiveling head, with No. 12 B. & S. taper hole in spindle and hase.

One collet No. 12 to No. 11.

One collet No. 12 to No. 11.

One collet No. 12 to No. 10.

One collet No. 12 to No. 10.

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NO. 2 UNIVERSAL CUTTER, REAMER AND TOOL GRINDER.

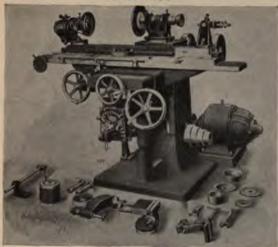


FIG. 11924.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11924.

This machine is regularly furnished with countershaft for belt drive, but can be supplied with motor drive, as shown, if so desired.

The following parts comprise the equipment of the complete machine:

Single-speed countershaft with tight and loose pulleys.

Universal swivel head and tail stock, This has a No. 12 B. & S. taper hole for holding face mills and end mills on their own shanks for grinding. It is fitted with four collets, as follows:

1 collet. No. 12 taper outside, No. 11 taper moide

1 collet, No. 12 taper outside, No. 10 taper inside.

1 collet, No. 12 taper outside, No. 9 taper inside.

1 collet, No. 12 taper outside, No. 7 taper inside.

Two extensions for emery wheel spindle, for surface grinding, some classes of internal grinding and for sharpening side teeth on large side mills.

Emery wheels, all steel bushed to fit spindle %4" diameter within .001", as follows:

No. 9, 1" diameter, 14" face (with internal grinding attachment).

No. 10, 4" diameter, 14" face.

No. 11, 6" diameter, M" face (with surface grinding attachment),

No. 12, 10" diameter, 1/2" face (with cylindrical grinding attachment).

No. 13, cup wheel, 4" diameter, 155" face.

No. 14, cup wheel, 6" diameter, 2" face

No. 15, T-shaped wheel, 4" diameter, 135" face.

No. 16, dish-shaped wheel, 6° diameter.

Raising block for swivel head, when sharpening large face mills.

Centering gauge for setting height of tooth rest.

Complete set of wrenches.

Internal grinding attachment. Complete with pulley, belt, and one emery wheel shape No. 9, specified above

Cylindrical grinding attachment. Consists of variable speed (six-speed) drum countershaft; center rest to take work 2½" diameter; 6" universal chuck; asw grinding chuck; grooved pulley for universal swivel head spindle; one set of twenty-nine dogs, from ½" to 4": sizes, ½" to 1", advancing by sixteenths; from 1½" to 2", advancing by eighths; from 2½" to 4", advancing by fourths.

Emery wheel, No. 12, specified above.

Surface grinding attachment. Consists of universal swivel vise; two clamping bolts; one emery wheel, No. 11, specified above.

Gear cutter grinding attachment. Complete with two bushings.

For the accommodation of those whose immediate needs do not call for a complete machine, the several outfits mentioned above under the different attachment headings, can be omitted and credit will be given. However, the internal grinding outfit cannot be used unless the machine is arranged for cylindrical granding.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11924,-Cuntinued.

THE ELECTRICALLY-DRIVEN GRINDER.

When the grinder is arranged for direct-connected motor driving, as illustrated, the countershafts are omitted, and motors of the Iollowing specifications are substituted:

For the main drive—one 1½ horse-power motor, fully enclosed, with dustproof casing and with dustproof bearings. This is a constant-speed motor, and the speed should not be over 1,200 revolutions per minute.

One starting box for above motor.

Any motor answering the above general specifications will do.

For revolving work—one 1½ horse-power enclosed motor with starter (This is a special motor and must be furnished with the grinder.)

Centera.—Swing 12" diameter; take 36" in length.

Automatic Feed.—24"; eight changes of feed for each spindle speed, ranging from 8½" to 65½" per minute.

Swivel Head.—Has No. 12 B. & S. taper hole for holding cutters on their own shanks for grinding. Will take face and side milling tors up to 24" diameter, 3" face, grinding three sides of blades without re-chaoking.

Spindle.—Tool steel; runs in phosphor bronze hoxes adjustable for wear.

Spindle Speeda.—Four in number: 1,800, 2,200, 3,100 and 4,300 revolutions per minute.

Table.—46" long. Has 8½" T slot, and swivels about a fixed center; has graduated are reading in degrees, and scale at seal reading to 2" taper per foot. It can be lowered 12" below center of emery whoel spindle.

Surface Grinding.—It will take work 7" x 24" on table.

Swivel Vise.—Has jaws 4" wide; 1½" deep; opening, 3½".

Internal Grinding Attachment.—Will finish holes 3½" diameter and larger by 4" deep. It has four speeds, from 7,900 revolutions permitted.

Internal grinding can also be done by extension on main spindle. It will grind holes 1½" diameter and larger by 5" deep.

Net weight of complete machine with countershafts about 2,235 lbs.

Net weight of complete machine with motors about 2,560 lbs.

14" CUTTER AND REAMER GRINDER.



ring.
length that can be ground between centers as feed of left-band table of left-hand table djustment of left-hand table djustment of right-hand sliding head....

#### SPECIFICATIONS

14"	Horizontal adjustment of cross slide on right-hand knees.	2
20" 7"	Cutter head slides on bar. Weight, net.	1.370 Ba
10"	Weight, boxed Contents, in cubic feet	1,700 ta.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11926.

This machine is distinctively a cutter of and was designed to fill the want for a machi-sharpen milling cutters of all kinds and sharpen without special fixtures or special shape of wheels, being heavy enough to eliminate all w tion and still be maily operated.

The main frame carrying the spindle is provided with two columns for the work carriages.

with two columns for the work carriages.

The left-hand side is used for grinding on their periphery, those with holes by slid for before the wheel, and those on shanished on centers and fed with the table. To which has a long bearing on the sadding the sadd

The centers, which are provided with a graduate swivel base, can be used in any position along the table. The bars, on which cutters without should are ground, are inserted in the head stock, the tail stock being removed.

The right-hand side is used for grinding and, side and angle cutters.

Both sides are provided with scales of settings for the clearance angles, and stops for setting the

The spingle runs in self-centering broads house.

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#### CUTTER AND REAMER CRINDERS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11926.

These machines are well made and of .
best material. They are especially adapted
for tool work, and are provided with attachments casily adjusted for the various
operations of grinding milling cutters,
reamens, counterborns, taps, end mills,
holes, arbors, etc., and for surface grinding.

The aliding work tables can be made to traverse, as shown in the cut, when grinding holes, arbors, etc., or they can be swiveled around on the column to traverse at right angles to the wheel spindle for surface grinding; they can also be traversed at any angle between these two positions.

The circular top of the column is graduated. The cross slide is moved by means of the small hand wheel shown at the center in front.

With the No. 1 machine the following regular attachments are included: Fivespeed countershaft, four-speed drum countershaft, chuck and spindle, internal grinding attachment for holes 3/2" diameter and upward, universal vise, combination attachment. UNIVERSAL CUTTER, TOOL AND REAMER GRINDER.



FIG. 11926.

In addition to the above the following special attachments can be furnished at extra cost: Automatic table feed, face chuck and spindle, and internal grinding attachment for hoke 34° diameter and upward.

With the No. 2 machine the following regular attachments are included: Automatic feed, four-speed countershaft, four-speed drum countershaft, chuck and spindle, internal grinding attachment for holes 34° diameter and upward, universal vise, combination attachment.

In addition to the above the following special attachments can be furnished at extra cost: Automatic cross test, face check and spindle, and internal grinding attachments for holes 1\* diameter and upward.

Both the No. I and No. 2 machines are arranged for automatic table traverse and can later be provided with same abould it not be required at the time of ordering the machine.

An assortment of wheels, together with collete on which to mount them, is furnished with each machine

Allowance will be made for any attachments not desired. They are interchangeable and can be added at any time.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

	No. L	No. 2.
Swing over carriage	8" and 10"	10" and 12"
Between centers.	16"	36°
Sliding movement of carriage	12"	24"
Cross-feed movement	6"	9"
Total cross-feed range	110	D.
Vertical feed	6"	734"
Grinds face cutters and similar tools	12' diameter x 3' wide	14" diameter x 3" wide
Number of emery wheels accompanying the machine	28	25
Number of interchangeable collete accompanying the machine	12	11
Floor space	36° equazo	
Shipping weight, with counter, about	1,500 lbs.	

FIG. 11927.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11927.

These universal grinders are very heavy and rigid with ample metal for preventing the ways from springing out of line.

Wheel spindle is of tool steel, hardened, ground and lapped and runs in phosphor bronze boxes with means for taking up the west. Table travels automatically and is governed by reversing dogs which are arranged so that the table can be run past the reversing resultant thanking the adjustment of the dogs.

The swivel table turns on a hardened contral stud, can be clamped at both ends and can be set at an angle to the table ways for erginding. Adjustment is made by a serser at the right-hand end of the table.

Automatic cross feed gives a range of feed from one-eighth of a thousand to two thousandths of an inch to each reversal of the table is so arranged that the feed of the wheel is stopped when the work is to size. A very simple attachment is provided for fine hand did

echanism, contained complete in a bracket screwed to the side of the machine, can be removed for cleaning or up

Reversing mechanism, contained complete in a bracket screwed to the side of the machine, can be removed for cleaning or a pairs by loosening four screws.

Head atock swivels and has graduated base. The spindle is hardened, ground and lapped and runs in phosphor bronze bearings previded with means for taking up the wear. The front end is threaded and has a standard taper hole. When granding on dead creater spindle is held stationary.

Head and foot stock are gibbed to the sides of the swivel table which permits of very large wearing surfaces and prevents them tragetting out of line. When foosened for relocating, there is no wear either on the head and foot stock or on the swivel table. The wheel stand, controlled by hand wheel at the front of machine, is full universal and its base is graduated to read to degrees. Platen which holds the wheel stand can be turned in reverse position for holding internal grinding fixture and counter bracket. Universal back rests of new design for supporting long, slender work, provided with means or very fine adjustment.

Diamond tool holder on foot stock permits of the wheel being trued without removing work. All wearing surfaces are protected for dirt. Abundant supply of water from subnerged pump in tank belief to side of machine.

Price includes: internal grinding fixture, 4 ½" three-javed chuck, face plate, face chuck, plain back rest, two universal back rest events and center pulleys.

\*\*SPECIFICATIONS.\*\*

SPECIFICATIONS.

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NO. 1.

SPECIFICATIONS.

NO. 2.

Swings 9° in diameter and takes 20° in length.

wivel table scale graduated to read to 31.2° either side of center

line and 13.5° taper per foot.

Will take emery whele up to 9° diameter, 35° face.

Feight of machine complete about 2,400 lbs. Floor space, 35° x 94°.

Will take emery wheels up to 15° diameter and 1° face.

Weight of machine about 4,250 lbs. Floor space, 35° x 124°.

Countershaft driving pulley, 12° diameter, 35° face.

Speed, 290

Countershaft driving pulleys, 12° diameter, 4° face.

Speed of countershaft driving pulleys, 12° diameter, 4° face.

Speed of countershaft driving pulleys, 12° diameter, 4° face.

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## PLAIN GRINDERS.



FIG. 11928.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11928.

grinders are very heavy and rigid with ample metal for preventing the ways from springing out of line. die is of tool steel, hardened, ground and lapped, and runs in phosphor bronze boxes provided with means for taking

wear, the travels automatically and is governed by reversing dogs which are arranged so that the table can be run past the reversing point changing the adjustment of the dogs. Swivel table turns one a hardcond central stud, can be clamped at both ends and can be set at an angle to the table ways for taper g. Adjustment is made by a screw at the right-hand end of the table.

The remainder of the remainder of the table on arranged free from one-eighth of a thousand to two thousandths of an inch to each reversal of the table to arranged that the feed of the wheel is stopped when the work is to size. A very simple attachment is provided for fine hand

contained complete in a bracket screwed to the side of the machine, can be removed for cleaning or repairs

ang meranism, consider consider the face of the swivel table. They are not of the objectionable overhanging type, but the gody is directly under the work, preventing any vibration, net grinder is of new design and permits of the centers being ground to the exact angle without disturbing the adjustment of table if set to grind tapers, are greatly in the content of the centers being ground to the exact angle without disturbing the adjustment of table if set to grind tapers.

if set to grind tapers, held in an overhanging arm and can be turned out of the way when not in use. I holder on the foot stock permits of the wheel being trued without removing work. All wearing surfaces are protected ster. Ample water supply for the work from a submerged pump in a tank botted to the side of the machine. It is rest of new design for supporting long, slender work, provided with means for very fine adjustment. With tight and loses polleys, clutch for stopping wheel.

1. plain back rest, four universal back rests, set of dogs, center grinding attachment, one emery wheel, set of wrenches rets complete.

NO. 11.

Will grind work to 5' diameter either straight or taper to 134' per foot and 31' in length.
Will take enery wheels up to 13' diameter, 44' face.
Floor space, 44' x 110'. Weight, about 2,630 lbs.
Countershaft driving pulleys, 10' diameter, 3' face. Spaed of countershaft, 295 to 325 revolutions per minute.

NO. 12.

er, either straight or taper to 2" per - and I\* lace.

face. Speed of

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#### PLAIN GRINDERS.

10" X 72" MACHINE-OVERHEAD DRIVE.



FIG. 11929.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11929.

This machine is made in four lengths, via.: 10" x 50", 10" x 72", 10" x 96", and 10" a 120".

#### SPECIFICATIONS 10" X 50" MACHINE.

Grinding Wheela.—Two wheels are furnished with this machine. One 18" diameter, 1" face, and one 18" diameter 2" face, both her grinding soft and tool steel. If wheels for cast ron, hardened steel, or brons are required, they can be supplied if ordered.

Size of Work.—This machine is made to swing 10" diameter in order to receive work having projections, and the occasional large short piece; but principally to give room for suitable steady rosts to support work from 19" to 4" diameter, up to 30" long, for which this machine is been a supplied and the occasional large short piece; but principally to give room for suitable steady rosts to support work from 19" to 4" diameter, up to 30" long, for which this machine are supplied with the steel of the ste

#### SPECIFICATIONS 10" X 72".

This machine and its furnishings are the same as the 10° x 50°, except the following: Length of Work.—It grinds work up to 72° long. Steady Resta.—Six universal steady rests are furnished.

Taper Work.—Provision is made for grinding tapers up to 1½° per foot. Weight of Machine.—With overhead works is about 6,800 fbs. Longer Work.—A machine like above to take in work 81° long we make to order.

#### SPECIFICATIONS 10" X 96".

This machine and its furnishings are the same as the 10° x 50° except the following:
Length of Work.—It grinds work up to 90° long, and is best suited for work from ½° to 3° full length, or ½° to 4°, 72° long; aliths—4° diameter 90° long can be ground.

Steady Rests.—Eight universal steady rests are furnished.

Weight of Machine.—With overhead works is shout 8,000 lbs.

It has no provision for grinding tapers, but has adjustment for producing straight work.

#### SPECIFICATIONS 10" X 120".

This machine and its furnishings are the same as the 10° x 50° except the following:
Length of Work.—It grinds work up to 120° long.
Size of Work.—Ten yi<sup>2</sup> to 3° diameter when 120° long, or ½° to 4° diameter when 72° long, is the work this machine is best mated
for. It is designed to grind such work as lead serve blanks and feed rods, countershafts, etc.
It has no provision for grinding tapers, but has adjustment for producing straight work.
Steady Rests.—Ten universal steady rosts are furnished with this machine,
Weight.—With overhead works is about 9,700 lbs.

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#### PLAIN CRINDERS.

14" AND 18" PLAIN GRINDERS.

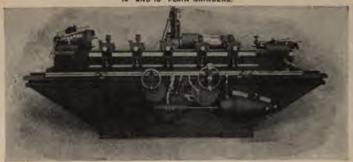


FIG. 11930

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11930.

#### SPECIFICATIONS .-- 14" X 72" MACHINE.

Grinding Wheels.—Two wheels 20" diameter 2" face will be furnished; one suitable for grinding unhardened steel, and one for cast iron and hardened steel. Other wheels can be furnished to order. We can also arrange this machine for wheel 3" or 4" face for extra rapid grinding of special work.

Taper Work .- Provision is made for grinding tapers up to 2" per foot.

Size of Work.—This machine is made to swing 14" diameter in order to receive work having projections, and the occasional large, short piece; but principally to give room for suitable steady reate to support work from 1" to 6" diameter, up to 72" long, for which this machine is best suited.

Steady Resta.—Five universal steady rests are furnished, supplied with plain pieces of hard wood for work shoes, which can be used for many sizes of work. Special shoes for each size of work are best, and can be made from blue prints, which will be sent when requested, if size of work is stated.

Center Grinder.—A center grinding attachment is furnished, arranged to grind the center points round, true, and to 60° angle. If any other angle of center is required, a special pointing attachment can be made at extra cost.

Overhead Works.—An improved overhead works is furnished with this machine. The shafts are made of best material and ground on centers. They have large self-oiling bearings.

Weight of Machine.-With overhead works is about 10,000 lbs.

This 14" machine is designed to grind medium work heavier than can be handled by the 10" machine, and to take heavier cuts.

#### SPECIFICATIONS .-- 18" X 98" MACHINE.

Grinding Wheels.—Two wheels 24" diameter 2" face will be furnished, one suitable to grind unhardened steel, and one to grind cast iron and hardened steel. Other wheels can be furnished to order. We can also arrange this machine for wheel with 4" face for extra rapid grinding of special work.

Size of Work.—This machine is made to swing 18" diameter in order to receive work having projections, and short work up to 18" ameter; but principally to give room for steady rests to support work from 1" to 8" diameter, up to 8" long, for which the machine is best saited. Work as small as 14" diameter, however, can be ground.

Steady Resta.—Six universal steady rests are furnished, fitted with plain pieces of hard wood for work shoes, which can be used for many sizes of work. Special shoes for each size of work are best and can be made from blue prints which will be sent when requested, if size of work is stated.

Taper Work.-Provision is made for grinding tapers up to 2º per foot.

Center Pointer.-A center pointing attachesused to grind the center points round, true, and to 60° angle. If the supplied, at extra cost. any other angle of center is required, a see machine. The shafts are made of best material and ground

Overhead Works-An improved or on centers. They have large soff-oil This 18" machine is designed for a

Weight of Machine.-With overly

th the 14" x 72". It is "a good all round" machine.

## PLAIN CRINDERS.

18" X 168" PLAIN GRINDER



FIG. 11931.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11931.

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This machine is built in three lengths, viz.: to take 120", 144", or 168" between centers.

#### SPECIFICATIONS 18" X 120" MACHINE.

Grinding Wheels.—24" diameter, 2" or 4" face. Two wheels 24" diameter 2" face will be furnished, one for soft steel and small duranteer of work, and one for hard steel and large diameters of work. If wheels for east iron, hardened steel or bronze are wanted, we can exply them. We are prepared to furnish this machine with wheel 4" face for extra rapid cuts on special work, in which case one wheel only is furnished with the machine. Other wheels can be supplied to order.

Size of Work.—As these machines are designed for heavy work only, they are best suited for work from 4" to 18" diameter, although work as small as 34" may be ground. Work weighing 7,000 lbs. may be ground upon the centers with safety. A piece of saed 18" diameter, about 9' long weighs 7,000 lbs. A piece of steel 14' long, 14" diameter, weighs about 7,000 lbs. This machine grands work 120" long.

Steady Rests.—Seven universal and plain steady rests are furnished with this machine. We can also furnish to order, special steady rests and heavy bearings for grinding work upon its journals.

Taper Work .- Provision is made for grinding tapers up to 11/2" per foot.

Center Grinder.—A center grinding attachment is furnished, arranged to grind the center points to 60°. If different angle of centers is required a special attachment can be made at extra cost.

Overhead Works.—An improved overhead works is furnished with this machine. The shafts are made of best material and ground on centers. They have large self-oiling bearings.

Weight of Machine.-With overhead works about 18,000 lbs.

#### SPECIFICATIONS 18" X 144".

This machine with its furnishings is the same as the 18° x 120° except the following:

Size of Work,-This machine grinds work 144° long and up to 7,000 lbs. weight.

Steady Rests.—Eight universal and plain steady rests are furnished.

Taper Work .- Provision is made for grinding tapers up to 114" per foot.

Weight of Machine.-With overhead works about 20,000 lbs.

#### SPECIFICATIONS 18" X 168".

This machine with its furnishings is the same as the 18" x 120" except the following:

San of Work.—This machine grinds work 168\* long and up to 7,000 lbs. weight. A piece 18\* diameter 9' long weight 7,000 lbs.

piece 18\* diameter and 14' long weight 7,000 lbs.

Bundy Rosts.-Ten universal and plain steady rests are furnished.

Tapes Work .- Provision is made for grinding tapers up to 114" per foot.

Weight of Machine.-With overhead works about 22,000 lbs.

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#### PLAIN GRINDERS.

16"AND 30" X 98" GAP MACHINE FOR LOCOMOTIVE WORK.

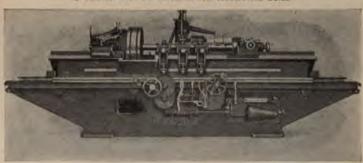


FIG. 11932.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11932.

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Grinding Wheels, 24° x 4° and 24° x 1°.—Two wheels 24° diameter, one with 4° face, offset, for grinding close to piston head, and one with 1° face for grinding crank pins, are furnished with this machine. It has no provision for grinding tapers, but has adjustment for producing straight work.

Size of Work.—This machine is made to swing 18° diameter in order to give room for suitable steady rests for supporting work from 1° to 8° diameter, this being the size of work for which the machine is best suited. A gap to swing 30° diameter is provided to receive piston heads and slide valve yokes.

Steady Rests.—Three universal steady rests are furnished, supplied with wood shoes suitable for grinding piston rods and valve stems. Special steady rests, extra heavy, for grinding truck and car axies can be supplied for this when ordered. Center Grinder.—A center grinding attachment is furnished, arranged to grind the center points, round, true, and to 60° angle. If any other angle of center is required, special pointing attachment will be supplied, at extra cost.

Overhead Works.—An improved overhead works is furnished, arranged to grind the center points, round, true, and to 60° angle. If any other angle of center is required works is furnished, arranged to grind the center points, round, true, and to 60° angle. If any other angle of center is required works is furnished, arranged to grind the vester points, round, true, and to 60° angle. If any other angle of center is required works is furnished with this machine. The shafts are made of best material and ground on centers. They have large self-clining learnings.

Weight of Machine.—With overhead works about 13,000 lbs.

This machine is special for grinding locomotive piston rods with heads in place, viz.: for repairing the rods after service without turning in the lathe. It is used also to grind new rods, direct from the roughing lathe cut, grinding off about ½" from the diameter in about 15 to 20 minutes.

Valve stems, crank pins, and axles are also ground in this mac

18" PLAIN GRINDER, MOTOR-DRIVEN. REAR VIEW.

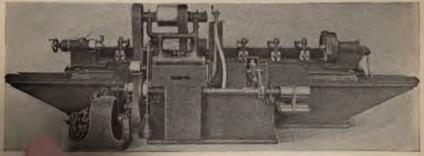


FIG. 11933.

#### SURFACE GRINDERS.

#### SMALL SURFACE GRINDING MACHINE. WITH PLAIN TABLE.



FIG. 11934

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#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11934.

This machine is useful for finishing a large variety of flat work, such as blanking, piercing and stamp dies, punches and similar work. It is arranged for two emery wheels; on one end a 12° x 2° wheel may be used for rough grinding, and the other end is fitted with removable taper shank arbor, which takes a 10° x 1° wheel for surface grinding. This allows quick changing of wheels and insures their running true.

One extra arbor is furnished with this machine. It takes a 10° x 1° wheel. The spindle is of steel, turned and ground, is straight and of one dimension in both bearings. It has spiral oil grooves in bearings. The bearings are cast iron, adjustable to wear, and can be replaced by new ones when nessear; Bronze boxes are furnished at a slight additional cost. The knee said table are counterbalanced by a weight within the column, making it very easy adjustment. The table has a hinge on one end and an adjusting serves on the opposite cost. opposite end.

This arrangement allows a close adjustment to be made through 1". The bracket has a vertical adjustment of 10", allowing the table to be raised a size

2355' from center of spindle.

A patent countershaft is made for use with this machine. It should ree about 575 revolutions per minute.

A water attachment is also made for use with this machine.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Height from floor to center of spindle	3014
Length of spindle over all	21*
Distance between wheels	36%6*
Length of bearings,	front, 536"; rear, 63
Diameter of spindle between flanges at back end	17
Diameter of spindle between flanges on taper arbor	7.55
Size of pulley on spindle	314" × 234"
Diameter of spindle in bearings	136"
Size of table	18° × 10°
Size of base	16" x 21"

#### WEIGHTS.

Machine and countershaft.	500 lbs.
Machine only	430 lbs.
Countershaft only	70 Ilim.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11935 AND 11936.

NO. A1-2.

Working table has a surface of 4" x 6". Work up to 3" thick may be surfaced.

NO. B

The working surface is 12" a 12". A large variety of work may be performed.



NO. A1-2 SURFACER

FIG. 11935

SPECIFICATION	5.	
	No. AN.	No. B.
loor space	16" x 20"	20° ± 24°
leight to center of spindle	37*	110"
ength of spindle	2016	32"
ength of bearings	35	456*
Dismeter of spindle in bearings.	334"	134"
Diameter of spindle between flanges	1"	1"
lize of emery wheels	10" = 1"	14° × 2"
Distance between wheels	14"	21"
Size of pulley on spindle	435" x 3"	435" × 3"
lise of countershaft pulley	18" x 3"	12" × 3"
light and loose pulleys	456" x 4"	6" ± 4"
peed of counter per minute, revolu-		
tions	475	500
peed of emery wheel, revolutions		
per minute	1.900	1,350
Veight of machine with wheels	255 lbn	720 lba
Veight of counier	70 lbs.	80 lba.
reight of compressions and a service and a s	A O STORE	OU MINE

NO. B SURFACER

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FIG. 11936.

#### SURFACE CRINDERS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11937.

The surfacing tables are 20" x 8", and by the use of vertical screw with the hand wheel they are quickly adjusted as the wheel

HOLE GONES	
Floor space	22" x 24"
Height to center of spindle	36*
Length of spindle	34"
Length of bearings.	5"
Diameter of spindle in bearings	136*
Size of emery wheels.	16° x 2"
Size of spindle cone pulley	414" and 614" x 314"
Size of countershaft drive cone pulley	15" and 17" x 314"
Size of countershaft tight and loose pulley	HUG" x 4"
Speed of counter, revolutions per minute	1,200
Speed of emery wheel, revolutions per minute.	530
Weight of machine	730 Iba.
Weight of counter	165 lbs.

SURFACE GRINDER AND GRINDER HEAD

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FIG. 11938.



NO. C SQUARE BASE SURFACER.

The knec is counterbalanced, and when the table has been set approximately by clamping the knec, a fine adjustment through a distance of 1½° may be obtained by the hand wheel.

The bearings are furnished with ring rollers, and provision is made for protecting them from dust and for taking the sed thrust of the spindle.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Nameter of spindle between flanges, 1"., valley, 314" diameter, 234" face. (optical

Table, 14" x 8".

Vertical movement of table, 9".

Horisontal movement of table, 8".

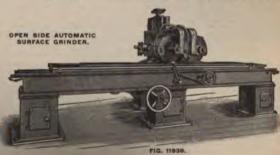
Transverse movement of table, 8".

A countershaft is furnished with this machine when desired.

Weight of machine, ready for shipment about 490 lbs.

Total weight of machine and countershaft ready for shipment, about 575 lbs.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11939.



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#### SURFACE CRINDERS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11939.-Continued.

y any other method, and it is also accomplished with one operation. By the use of a micrometer feed for the emery wheels (which wurnish when desired) work may be ground to less than a thousandth part of an inch. When desired we manufacture the machines asign only one emery wheel. We use an automatic idler on these machines.

or konnents.	
Size of emery wheel	14" x 4"
Size of emery wheel spindle	20
Size of emery wheel spindle pulley	6" x 6"
Height under the wheel	9.0
Diameter of earriage gang pulleys.	14" x 216"
Size of countershaft emery wheel drive pulley	24" x 12"
Size of countershaft carriage drive pulley	9" x 8"
Size of countershaft pump drive pulley	12° x 2°
Size of countershaft tight and loose pulley.	12" × 5"
Speed of counter, revolutions per minute.	325
Speed of emery wheel, revolutions per minute.	1,350
Speed of carriage per minute	12"
the of the same of	44

#### NO. 1 AUTOMATIC SURFACER.



FIG. 11940.

named and passage was no	miles and motion	CHICAT
To Frind.	Floor Space Over All.	Weight.
40"	101° × 60°	5,436 lbs.
50°	121" x 60"	5,625 lbs.
60"	141" x 60"	5,806 lbs.
70*	161" × 60"	5,985 lbs.
80*	181" x 80"	6,202 lbs.
00"	221" x 60"	6,500 Bu
20"	261" × 60"	6,898 lbs.
44'	301" x 60"	7,318 lbs.
68*	361° x 60°	7,750 lbs.

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DESCRIPTION FIG. 11940.	
Floor space	70° x 30°
Size of emery wheel	8"x 35"
Speed of emery wheel, revolutions per minute	2,400
Weight of machine	1,200 lbs.
Weight of counter	180 lbs.

This machine has a table 35° long and 9° wide, with a working surface 20° long 7° wide, and will surface work 6° thick und 8° wheel. The travel of the table is automatic and easily changed to feed in either direction. The transverse movement of the vis also automatic and may be easily fed in either direction. The spindle, which is hardened steel ground and lapped, runs in boxes and is provided with means of compensation for wear. It also has an oscillating attachment which is quickly adjusted to ear or not, as circumstances demand; and when oscillating gives the wheel a cross cut similar to a file, which not only serves to obtain cutting but a fine surface, and to retain a uniform face on the wheel. The spindle has a No. 3 most taper hole in the front end. wheel head is raised and lowered with hand wheel, also has a micrometer feed graduated to the fractional part of a thousandth inch. The table is driven by worm and rack and by the use of a friction clutch the carriage may be stopped or started independent the balance of the machine. Vises plain or adjustable and index centers are furnished when desired.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11941 AND 11942.

This machine is made from new and improved patterns throughout, intended for grinding flat metal surfaces where accuracy is required, or where the work to be ground is hardened so that other methods of truing the faces are difficult.

The machine has a heavy base supporting both table and the wheel districtly from the floor, which insure rightly and prevents riberable. There is a clutch operated by the lever shown for throwing in and out the nationatic feed. This can be done to change the well while the emery wheel and other parts of the machine are running. Adjustable steps are provided to limit the stroke to any desired length. The ways are provided with effecting device and are thoroughly protected. The can be done to change to the diameter of the wheel. The bearings are sample and can be adjusted by the use of a wrench to compensate for wear.

The improved machine has a projecting arm which is an integral part of the energy wheel pash have been lengthesed, the epindle increased in diameter. The energy wheel is raised or lowered by hand wheel and screw. This wheel is graduated to the suitable guards for the use of water, when pump is supplied with the machine. Each machine has a double countershaft with drust for driving the energy wheel. Cone pulley gives three speeds to the fable. Self-oiling boxes and dust protectors are used throughout.



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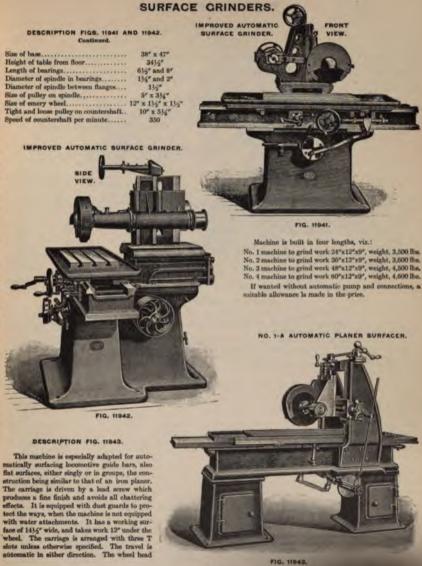


FIG. 11943.

#### SURFACE GRINDERS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11943.-Continued.

has a transverse movement, and can be easily changed to feed automatically in either direction. The spindle is ground and lapped and runs in bronze boxes. The bearings are all fully protected with our patent dustproof collars. The machine is equipped with an auto-

when required, an oscillating attachment, oscillating the emery wheel from ½" to ½" is furnished, giving the emery wheel the cross (or file) cut, keeping the wheel uniform and producing the work much faster. The micrometer down feed on the emery wheel head he an adjustment of less than one-fourth of one-thousandth of an inch.

When specified, the machine is equipped with water attachment, without extra charge, which prevents the work from heating or espanding, and also keeps the dust confined to the machine.

#### NO. 2 AUTOMATIC PLANER SURFACER

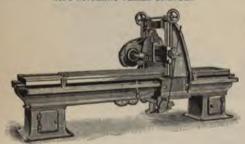


FIG. 11944

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11943.

Diameter of spindle	116"
Length of spindle bearing	416"
Size of emery wheel	10" x 115"
Size of spindle pulley	415" diameter, 4" face
Size of emery wheel drive drum	16" dianuter
Size of carriage drive pulley	12" x 6" face
Size of pump drive pulley	12" x 2" fare
Size of tight and loose pulley	10" diameter, 5" face
Speed of emery wheel, per minute	1,900 revolutions
Speed of counter, per minute	450 revolutions
Speed of gang pulleys, per minute	600 revolutions
Speed of carriage, per minute	8

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To Grind	Floor Space.	Weight.
2'	3' x 7'	2,700 Ba.
3'	3' = 9'	2,900 lbs.
Total Charles	3' x 11'	3,120 lbs.
5	3' x 13'	3,340 Bm
O CALLES THE SHEET	3 x 15	3,560 lbs.
7,0000000000000000000000000000000000000	3' x 17'	3,800 lbs.
8'	3' x 19'	4,225 lbs.
0'	3' x 23'	4,540 lbs.
************	N x 27	5,000 Bas.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11944.

This machine derives its name from its similarity to an iron planer. It is especially adapted for flat surfaces where but little metal is to be removed and which can generally be finished more rapidly, accurately, and economically by grinding, than by any other method. Work may be ground to a thousandth part of an inch.

The carriage is operated with rack and gear. The emery wheel spindle is ground and lapped, runs in bronze bearings; it also has an oscillating attachment which oscillates the wheel nearly one-half inch, by which the wheel has a cross cut which causes it to remove the metal more freely, also to retain its uniformity. This oscillating attachment can easily be locked out if so desired.

The machine is equipped with water attachments, the bearings are all fully protected from dust. It is made in two different widths and six different lengths.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Diameter of spindles	134*
Length of bearings.	6"
Size of emery wheel	12° × 2°
Size of spindle pulleys	12" x 5" and 5" x 314"
Size of emery wheel drive, drum	24"
Size of carriage drive pulley	8" x 8"
Size of pump drive pulley	12° a 2°
Size of tight-and loose pulley.	12" x 5"
Speed of emery whoel per minute	1,600 revolutions
Speed of counter per minute	500 revolutions
Speed of gang pulley per minute.	285 révolutions
Speed of carriage per minute	1136

To Grind. 18" Wide.	Floer Space.	Weight.	To Grind. 24° Wide.	Floor Space.	Weight
4' long	30" x 12"	5,000 lbs.	4' long	36" x 12"	5,300 lbs.
5' long	30" x 14"	5,600 lbs.	5' long	36" x 14"	6,600 lbs.
6' long	30° x 16'	6,200 lbs.	6' long	36" x 16"	7,300 lbs.
8' long	30° ± 20°	7,400 lbs.	8' long	36" x 20"	8,000 lin.
10' long	30° x 24°	8,600 lbs.	10' long	36" x 24"	9,400 lbs.
12' long	30" x 28"	10,000 lba	12' long	36" x 28"	10,700 III.

#### SURFACE GRINDERS.

NO. 4 AUTOMATIC PLANER SURFACER.

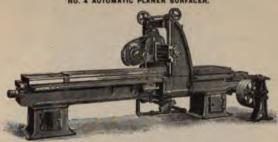


FIG. 11945

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#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11948.

This machine is designed for very fine, close work. Large and small surfaces which are to be brought down to a true and fine finish can be so produced, more rapidly, economically, and accurately by the use of this machine, than by any other method. No pains have been spared monks.

The emery wheel spindle is ground and lapped; the bearings are broans and protected with dustproof collars. The wheel bead has anicrometer feed which admits of a feed less than one-quarter of a thousandth part of an inch. The wheel is quickly raised and lowered by the application of a hand wheel and gears. The carriage are broans are start of an inch. The wheel is quickly raised and lowered by the application of a hand wheel and gears. The carriage is fed by a lead screw in the center of the bed, and is fed by a powerful worm and worm gear. By this device a stendy and even motion is obtained and vibration dispensed with, leaving the work with a fine, smooth finish.

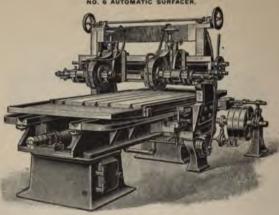
All the ways and bearings are protected from dust; the machine is arranged for the use of water, which prevents heating, and exceptionally thin metal may be ground without warping. The machine is especially adapted for grinding thin plates, engraving plates, etc. When desired we arrange an oscillating attachment on the emery wheel spindle which oscillates is spindle \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ wing the energy wheel better cutting qualities, also aiding in retaining a uniform face. This device can be easily locked out if desired. Price of same is additional.

The machine is made in three different widths and six different lengths, each machine being equipped with an automatic idler.

A	SPECIFICATIONS.		
FAIRBA	Diameter of emery wheel spindle. Size of emery wheel spindle pulley. Size of emery wheel spindle pulley. Size of emery wheel spindle pulley. Size of drums for emery wheel drive. Size of drums for emery wheel drive. Size of drums tight and loose pulleys. Size of drums, tight and loose pulleys. Size of pump drive pulleys. Size of grang pulleys revolutions per minute. Size of of grang pulleys revolutions per minute. Size of grang pulleys counter, revolutions per minute. Size of grang pulleys counter, revolutions per minute.		114" x 24 14" x 24 5' x 314" 18" x 232" 24" 24" x 10" 12" x 2" 1,350 280 633 400 8'
THE	To Crind 22* Wale. 4' long. 5' long. 6' long. 8' long. 10' long. 10' long. 112' long.	Floor Space. 36" x 12' 36" x 14' 36" x 16' 36" x 20' 36" x 24' 30" x 28'	Weight. 8,400 lbs. 9,100 lbs. 10,000 lbs. 11,500 lbs. 12,600 lbs. 14,000 lbs.
	Ta Grind 30' Wide. 4' long. 5' long. 6' long. 8' long. 10' long. 11' long. 12' long.	Fhor Spam 42° x 12' 42° x 14' 42° x 10' 42° x 20' 42° x 24' 42° x 28'	Weighi. 8,500 lbs. 9,300 lbs. 10,500 lbs. 12,000 lbs. 13,400 lbs. 15,200 lbs.
	To Genel 42 Wide. 47 long. 57 long. 67 long. 68 long. 107 long. 1127 long.	Fluid Space, 54° x 12° 54° x 14° 54° x 16° 54° x 20° 54° x 24° 54° x 20°	Weight. 9,000 lbs. 9,900 lbs. 10,850 lbs. 12,700 lbs. 14,550 lbs.

## SURFACE GRINDERS.

NO. 6 AUTOMATIC SURFACER.



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144" x 24" 144" x 28" 168" x 28"

38,000 the

FIG. 11948.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11946.

This machine is especially designed for surfacing work similar to boiler fronts, as and vault doors, printers' tables, etc., and is fornished with two wheel heads. As each wheel head has a micrometer feed, large surfaces may be brought to a fine and even surfaces much more economically than by any other method. The cross rull carrying the wheel heads has a power feed to raise and lower became, or it may be raised and lowered by hand. The platen is driven by a lead, serve and large worm and years goal, the worm and gear running in an oil tank which is perfectly tight and keeps the wearing parts well lubricated. The bed and platen are arranged as that water is used. The ways and bearings are all fully protected. The emery wheel plucifies are ground and happed and run in broads boars. Machine is equipped with an auttomatic follow.

Upon application, estimates will be furnished with the machine arranged to take in work 40° thick.

Will take work under the wheel.

Diameter of emery wheel spindle.

15° thick

Diameter of emery wheel spindle boxes

Size of emery wheel spindle boxes

Size of counter drum for emery wheel.

Size of counter drum for emery wheel.

Size of counter drum for emery wheel.

Size of carriage gang pulleys.

Size of counter drive raise gang pulleys.

Size of counter drive pump pulley.

Size of counter pump pulley.

Speed of emery wheel revolutions per minute.

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Speed of carriage gen guileys.

Speed of carriage per minute.

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Speed of carriage per minute.

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Speed of carriage per minute.

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Speed of carriage per minute.

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Speed of carriage per minute.

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Speed of carriage per minute.

407

Speed of carriage per minute. A Speed of carriage per minute.

1º long.
20 Grand 9° Wide.
12° long.
132" x 24" 132" x 28"



SURFACE CRINDING AND POLISHING MACHINE.

FIG. 11947.

### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11947 AND 11948.

This machine is designed to grind and polish surfaces of various lengths and widths by means of a solid emery or leather covered wheel. It has no automatic features, the work being moved by hand.

The illustration shows the platen with a carefully ground, ribbed surface placed above the wheel. The platen is webbed on the under side and supported on strong columns. It is cut across the center on a line with the spindle of the wheel, and each part may be raised or lowered independently of the other by means of a pair of bewel gears operated by a crank. This device enables the operator to move the tables rapidly, and at the same time allows a very delicate adjustment, which is necessary when but a slight portion of the work is be to removed. The tables may be clamped securely at any point by means of split sleeves. These separately adjustable tables prevent irregularities in the finished surface, as the receiving table takes the work at the proper height, obviating any rocking motion. This device also relieves the spindle of any unnecessary weight.

The bearings are provided with dust protectors. In order to accommodate wider wheels provision is made for placing a spider frame 4 on the outside of the machine. By this arrangement, which may be attached to any standard machine, whoels 18" wide are sometimes

A throat piece is let into the table flush with the top, and can be adjusted to conform to any width of wheel. The wheel is fastened AIR between collars on the outside of the bearings close to the boxes, which have a very long bearing surface and large diameter.

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## DIMENSIONS.

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Diameter of wheel	15" to 24"
Width of wheel on regular machine, up to	8" width, 214"
Width of wheel with spider frame, up to	18" width, 3"
Height of table from floor when lowered	3134*
Height of table from floor when raised	36"
Sise of table	28" x 64"
Floor space	36" x 58"
Pulley on spindle	10° × 6°
Bearings	7" × 254"
Diameter of spindle between flanges	234" or 3"

### COUNTERSHAFT.

The countershaft for use with this machine has tight and loose pulleys 12" x 6", driving pulley 24" x 6". It should run, when using 24" emery wheel, about 350 revolutions per minute, and when using a wood polishing wheel 500 revolutions per minute.

Machine and countershaft, about	2,400 lbs.
Machine only, about	2,200 lbs.
Countershaft only, about	200 Bas
	400



FIG. 17948.

# FACE GRINDING MACHINE.



FIG. 11949

WEIGHTS.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11949.

This machine is designed to do gri where but a small amount of stock is to be re moved and where a flat surface is requir The bead carries a cylinder wheel 14° in a-ameter, held on the end of a beavy sicel spisolorunning in long bearings, securely protected from emery dust. The wheel is held in the adjustable cylinder wheel holder. The held and wheel is brought to the work with automatic power feed as well as by hand feed. The automatic feed is regulated from reliant on to 4½. The table travels upon accurately finished ways, protected from emery dust, and may be moved by hand or by automatic power feed, the length of movement being controlled by dogs engaging a shifting lever.

Each machine is supplied complete with emery wheel, adjustable cylinder wheel helder, automatic cross feed, automatic pump and connections, and countershaft. The head carries a cylinder wheel 14"

nections, and countershaft.

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# No. 1 DOUBLE WHEEL FACE GRINDING MACHINE.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11950.

This is one of the many machines we make for special purposes.

It is used to grind the ends of spiral springs, faces of wrenches or other work where it is required to have two surfaces perfectly parallel to each other. As both surfaces are ground at the same time, there is a great saving of time and labor. It is arranged so that the wheels can pass over the top of the cross slide.

The emery wheels are brought toward each other independently or together by means of a acrew moved by a worm gear attached to shaft of the hand wheel, clutches being used to throw either emery wheel head into or out of gear as desired.

The work is fastened to a cross slide which is moved by means of the lever shown.

The emery wheels are held in our adjustable cylinder wheel holder.

The dimensions given are for the standard machine, but they may be varied to suit different requirements.

Length of bed as ordered.
Height, floor to center apindle.
Bearings, cast iron.
Size of pulleys.
Emery wheel.
Greatest distance between wheels.
Greatest distance between wheels.
Least distance between wheels, as shown in cut.
Traverse of cross slide.



FIG. 11950.

SPECIFICATIONS.

14" diameter, 314

COUNTERSHAFT.

The countershaft made for use with this machine has tight and loose pulleys 10° by 514°, driving pulleys 16° by 12°, seep at hangers, 12°. It should run about 325 revolutions per minute.

# UNIVERSAL FACE AND ANGLE GRINDING MACHINE.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11951.

This machine is well adapted to a large variety This machine is well adapted to a large variety of grinding, where but a small amount of stock is to be removed, and a flat true surface is desired. The pieces to be ground may be held in suitable fixtures fastered to the platen, or clamped to the platen itself.

The platen has a longitudinal movement by means of a hand wheel sufficient to grind pieres 12' long. It has a knee furnished with angle irons adjustable on platen, and moves laterally by hand to the annular wheel as the latter is worn away. It has sufficient length to keep the slides or wearing parts of the machine always covered.

The table or platen is adjustable to any degree or pitch, and furnished with a graduated index finger, enabling the operator to set and reset it upon the same angle to grind beveled surfaces alike and true,

The head earries a cylinder wheel on one end of spindle 12° in diameter. The other end of spindle is provided with taper hole and arbor, the latter arranged to hold a wheel 9° diameter for light tool grinding.

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# COUNTERSHAFT

The countershaft made for use with this machine has tight and loose pulleys  $8^{\circ} \times 3\%^{\circ}$ , driving pulley  $18^{\circ} \times 4\%^{\circ}$ , drop of hangers  $12^{\circ}$  It should run about 275 revolutions per minute.

### WEIGHT

Machine complete with countershaft, about 1,000 lbs.



FIG. 11951.

# NO. 25 END GRINDER.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11952.

This machine is designed especially for constructional iron and safe work. Longer tables may be constructed by the purchaser if desired, or tables may be arranged on the sagle for accurately jointing bevels. When desired the machine is also arranged with automatic

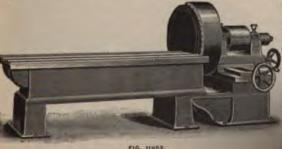


FIG. 11952.

	Entire length of machine over all	9' 3"
	Entire width of machine	
	over all	3' 3"
	Length of bed	6' 7°
١	Traverse of emery rim	12"
ij	Size of emery rim	193%" x 6" x 2"
g	Diameter of spindle	214"
3	Size of spindle pulley	0" × 8"
	Size of countershaft drive	
	pulley	34" × 14".
	Size of tight and loose pul-	
	by	12" A 5"
	Speed of smary run, revo-	
	Address of the latest and the latest	1,000
	Weight it	2,000 Ibs.

# RING WHEEL GRINDERS.



## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11953.

This grinder is arranged with a chuck, which admits of a high speed with perfect safety, and is designed for grinding heavy work where flat surfaces are required.

where hat surfaces are required.	
Floor space	37° × 30°
Height to center of spindle.	3314
Length of spindle.	44"
Length of self-oiling bearings	55
Diameter of spindle in bearings.	256*
Diameter of spindle in chuck	200
Size of emery rima.	1574" × 5" ± 2"
Distance between chucks	37*
Size of pulley on spindle	9" E 8"
Size of countershaft pulley	24" x 8"
Tight and loose pulleys.	14. X 5)4
Speed of counter, revolutions per minute	450
Weight of machine without wheels	1,400 lbs.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11954.

This machine is designed for edge grinding by hand where the short, rapid movement is required without the delay of starting and stopping the power. Angle irons and different devices may be easily fastened to the slotted table and a large variety of work ground. It is made with one table or two, as represented by the cut. The table is 30° long, 14° wide and has a feed motion of 2° toward the wheel and a movement of 3°4° in front of the wheel. The bed has an adjustment by means of a serew and hand wheel. The movement of



FIG. 11954.

Length of machine over all Width of machine over all Height from floor to platen Length of platen. Entire length of bed. Size of energy rim. Size of spindle pulley. Size of driving pulley on rounter.

Size of triving pulley on rounter.

Size of triving pulley on rounter.

Size of triving pulley on rounter.

Speed of counter, revolutions per minute.

Speed of emery rim, revolutions per minute.

Weight of machine.

Weight of counter.

8' 3" 6' 4" 2' 7" 6' 3" 3' 856" 1576' 2.0" 2.2" 9" 2.816" 24" 2.8" 12" 2.856" 450 4

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1,225 4,100 fbs.

# CIRCULAR PLATE AND WASHER CRINDING MACHINE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11955.

This machine will be found useful for grinding isks and washers. A 16" magnetic chuck, which is notrolled by a friction clutch, is mounted on the blumn at the back of the machine. The wheel head counted on the blumn at the back of the machine. The wheel head counted on the table takes a 12" x 1" emery wheel. The hand wheel moves the chuck head to the mery wheel and allows an adjustment of ,001". The table has both hand and power feed, with utomatic reverse at the end of each stroke.

For instantly starting or stopping the table, the ver shown on the front of the machine is used, y means of the crank the table can be operated by and.

hand.

The machine is usually supplied with automatic pump and connections, which throws water on the wheel directly in front of the work.

SPECIFICATIONS.	
Size of base of column	39" x 40"
Height from floor to center of spindle.	3996"
Length of wheel spindle	103%
Diameter in bearings	134"
Distance between flanges	1"
Length of bearings	334
Size of pulley	256" x 256"
Length of ways	11.
Length of chuck spindle	2436
Diameter of spindle in bearings	196
Length of front bearing	019
Length of rear bearing	145
	8" x 516"
Weight of machine complete with	n w 034
shook and counterball	9 900 B.

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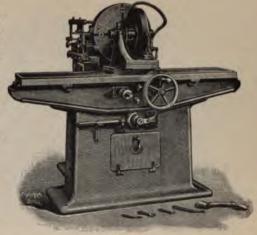
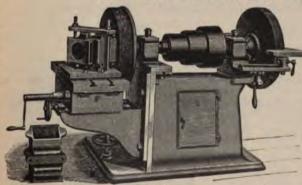


FIG. 11955.

# CAR BOX GRINDING MACHINE.



# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11956.

This machine is designed to grind This machine, is designed to grand car boxes or other work requiring straight, finished surfaces. It will grind economically up to the limit of the machine in a true and rapid, manner. It is intended to run an manner. It is intended to run an ordinary emery wheel on one end and a cylinder wheel as shown on the other. The cylinder wheel is 22° diameter, 4½° face, 19½° hole, The table is 36° long by 13° wide. The longitudinal travel is 18° and the transverse movement is 6°. The wertical adjustment of the table is 8°. The machine has a steel spindle, removable cast iron boxes, arms for rests both front and back. The bearings have a dust excluding device, and are provided with nickel-plated oil cups.

# SPECIFICATIONS.

Size of base	26" x 38%"
Height from base to center of spindle	334
Length of bearings, each	854*
Diameter of spindle in bearings.	234"
Diameter of spindle between flanges	2*
Size of cone pulley on spindle	10" and 12" x 516"
Distance between wheels.	40"

COUNTERSHAFT.

Countershaft has tight and loose pulleys 10° diameter by 516° face, and should run 475 revolutions per minute,

# 84" GUIDE BAR GRINDING MACHINE.

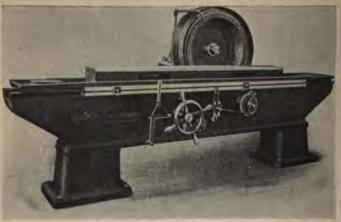


FIG. 11967.

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# SMALL SPINDLE AND ROLL CRINDING MACHINE.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11956.

This machine is designed for grinding small rolls and spindles used in cotton, woolen or silk machinery, whether straight or taper.

The head stock has tight and loose pulleys with belt shifter attached, and the tail stock spindle has movement by lever, being kept to the work by

a spring.

The energy wheel is driven by two belts, giving sufficient power, and is moved to the work by a large hand wheel, which is graduated to give a movement of splus.

The table travel is easily reversed at any point by use of the lever showin, while the crank is used to run the table by hand. A plentiful supply of water is furnished by means of a pump and connections.

The height from bases of the head and tail stocks to center of spindle is 3½.

DIMENSIONS.	
Size of base of column	39" × 40"
Height from floor to center of spindle	3956"
Length of bearings, each	516
Diameter of spindle in bearings.  Diameter of spindle between the flanges	
Size of driving pulley	8" × 415"
Size of emery wheel, either 16" x 11/2" x	1% or 26"
x 116° x 136°.	

# WEIGHTS.

about	3,000 lbs.
30" machine complete, shipping weight.	3,200 lbs.
36° machine complete, shipping weight about.	3,300 lbs.
42" machine complete, shipping weight about	3,400 lbs.
Manual Control of the	01100 000

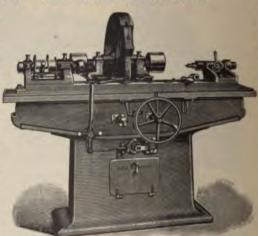


FIG. 11958.

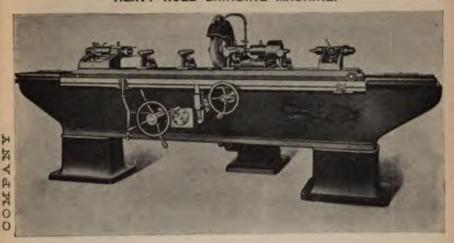


FIG. 11959.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11959.

The machine shown above is designed for straight cylindrical and taper grinding. The bed is deep and well ribbed, and the ample weight gives great rigidity. This machine has flat ways undercut 30°, the carriage being kept in alignment by a gib on the front side, The top platen of the carriage swivels, and provision is made to adjust it at the right-hand end.

The head stock, which has tight and loose pulleys with a belt-shifting attachment, is designed to grind upon live or dead centers.

The tail stock has a spring center, and a number of adjustable spring back rests are provided to support stender work. Varying speeds are available for rotating the work, and three grinding speeds are arranged for.

The large hand wheel on the front of the machine operates the table by hand and the small lever at the left of this wheel throws the table mechanism in and out of genr, starting or stopping the table instantly.

The base supporting the wheel head is heavy and contains a reservoir for water to which the automatic pump is attached.

The spindle is tool steel, hardened and ground, and runs in bronse boxes adjustable for wear.

The wheel head is moved to the work by the small hand wheel and is adjustable on the saddle to allow for the wear of the emery wheel.

The cross feed has been given careful attention; one tooth of the ratchet varies the distance between the wheel and work by .0005\*.

The height from bases of the head and tail stocks to center of spindle is 3%. A larger swing can be provided, if desired.

This machine is made in sizes from 50° to 144°.

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Parts of this machine are carried in stock and they can be quickly assembled on receipt of order. Size of emery wheel 16" diameter by 154" face.

W			

WEIGHT D.	
50° markine complete, about	3,800 lbs.
60° machine complete, about	4,000 lbs.
72" machine complete, about.	4,000 lbs.
84" machine complete, about	5,200 Hz.
96" markine complete, about	3,700 Bac
Annual Advanced to the same of	

# ROLL CRINDERS.

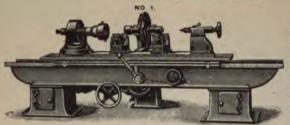


FIG. 11960.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11980.

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that may occur, and are of phosphor bronze. The emery wheel may be fed to the work autor to  $r_0^2 u_0^2$ . The machine is made in three different lengths and will swing 18°

SPECIFICATIONS.	
Diameter of head-stock spindle.	386
Length of bearings	20
Diameter of emery wheel spindle	136"
Length of bearings	42
Size of emery whoel spindle pulley	5" x 4"
Size of countershaft emery wheel drive	16" x 4"
Size of countershaft tight and loose pulley	12" × 5"
Size of drum for carriage drive	6"
Size of emery wheel.	16" x 1"
Size of tight and loose pulley on drum	4" and 10" x
Speed of emery whoel counter, revolutions per minute	380
Speed of emery wheel, revolutions per minute	1,225
Speed of carriage per minute.  Speed of rolls, revolutions per minute.	14
speed of roles, revolutions per minute.	25 to 100
To Grind Between Centers. Floor Space Over All.	Walshie
36" 42 x 126"	4 592 But
48*	5.000 Ba
60°	5,420 lbs.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11961.

This machine is designed to grind flour mill. calender, and all large beavy rolls up to 10' long and 20' in diam can be made to grind work 20' in diameter. The carriage is constructed with "V" ways is operated by a server come worm, you, which secures a steady and accurate motion. It is also provided with addies for grinding rolls on the its are adjustable, having a horizontal and vertical adjustment. The head and tail stocks are both adjustable. The versel rolls may be accurately ground. The abipping device is positive and admits of grinding to the shoulder, two emery whoels opposite to each other and when desired are operated with micrometer feed. The emerge-wheel of phosphor bronze and are adjustable, and protected by patent doutproof collars. When desired, the machine is gars for driving work on dead center. A wabbler is provided for grinding rolls on adjustable addies. The construe is for the table or work to travel in front of the wheels instead of the wheels traveling along the work. It is also e attachments. This machine is made in five different lengths.

# SPECIFICATIONS.

Diameter of lead screw	262*
Diameter of gang pulleys	18" + 910"
Size of emery wheels.	14" × 114"
Emery wheel spindle pulley	40 4 30
Diameter of drum for driving roll	686
Speed of drum for driving roll, revolutions per minute	400
Diameter of emery wheel drive pulley	20° x 4"
Speed of emery wheel, revolutions per minute.	1.925
Speed of roll, revolutions per minute	1,000
Speed of carriage, per minute	44
The state of the s	

To Grind Between Centers	Floor Space Over All.	Weight.	NO. 2.
72"	$78'' \times 166''$	11,360 lbs.	
84"	76° x 210°	12,523 lbs.	
98*	78" x 234"	13,650 lbs.	35700
108*	78" x 258"	14,765 lbs.	
120*	78" x 280"	16,000 lbs.	FIG. 11981.

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# NO. 3 ROLL GRINDER.



FIG. 11962.

four different speeds while the carriage has three. The carriage may be easily operated by hand. The bed has a bottom making it was the state tight and is used as a water tank, the pump supplying the wheels. The machine is unusually the complete counterphatus and overhead drum, and when desired is arranged with back gears for a larger variation of speed, and is arranged to grand on live or dead enters as occasion may require, a wabbler being furnished with each machine. The shipping device is positive and admits of grinding to the shoulder. The tenery wheel bearings are made of phosphor bronze and are adjustable. Bearings and ways are fully protected from

the shoulder The emery wheel bearings are made of phosphor broads and are adjustable. Dearings a fust.	ind ways are rully	y protected from
Diameter of lead screw. Size of gang pulley. Size of gang pulley drive. Size of emery wheels spindle pulley. Size of emery wheel spindle pulley. Size of arum, uight and loose pulleys. Size of drum, uight and loose pulleys. Size of drum, revolutions per minute. Size of drum, revolutions per minute. Size of facun, revolutions per minute. Size of head stock cone. Speed of counter for rolls, revolutions per minute. Size of light and loose pulleys. Kevolution of rolls. Speed of counter for earninge drive, revolutions.	14" 12' 16' 5' 12' 16' and 13' and 12' 4 changes, 8 t	21/4" x 21/4" x 8" x 8" x 11/4" x 6" 24" x 5" x 5" x 5" 40 10" and 7" x 4" 20 x 5" to 46 per minute 75 6"
Fo Grind Between Content 72" 54" 96" 120"	Floor Space Over All. 66" x 174" 66" x 186" 66" x 198" 66" x 222" 66" x 246"	Weight. 9,800 lbs. 10,600 lbs. 11,050 lbs. 12,300 lbs. 13,500 lbs.

# NO. 5 UNIVERSAL AND SHAFTING GRINDER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11963.

This machine is designed for granding large, heavy cylindrical work similar to piston rols, shatting, etc. The emery wheel spindles are ground and lapped and run in phosphor bronae boxes. The emery wheel carriage travels by the means of a lead acrew through the center of the bed connected with a split nut to be opened or closed at will, which admits of the carriage being freely operated by hand. The head stock has a three-step cone pulley and the machine may be back-geared if necessary, giving a large number of plates. The sail stock is provided with a cross feed and by the introduction of a fine screw a very fine adjustment may be obtained. The machine has an attachment for grinding tapered work. It is furnished with one wheel and a teady rest, or two wheels as desired. An extra swive head is furnished to run on the carriage opposite chuck, arranged to carry small wheels for internal grinding. Plates and chucks are furnished if required) at extra price.

Machine will receive work up to	16" in diameter
Size of spindle in head and tail stock	2"
Size of emery wheel	16" x 1"
Diameter of emery wheel spindle	2"
Length of emery wheel spindle bearings.  Speed of emery wheel, revolutions per minute.	1,225
speed of emery which revolutions for minute.	1,000



To Grind Between Centers	Floor Space.	Weight.
72"	30° x 124°	6,000 lbs.
84"	30° x 136°	6,500 lbs.
96"	30° x 144"	7,000 lbs.
108"	30" x 156"	7,500 lbs.
120"	30° x 168°	8,000 fbs.

# 44" CAR WHEEL CRINDING MACHINE.

SIDE VIEW



DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11064 AND 11965.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11864 AND 11865.

This machine will grind car whoels up to 44" diameter, and engine truck wheels up to 30" diameter. It is arranged with water pump and tank to supply 80 gallons of waker per minuse, 40 gallons on each wheel. The wheels are ground perfectly tree while revolving on their own journals, the error from secrency will exceeding .002" or .003". New chilled wheels are ground and wheels that have been in service are reground, removing field spots, whether they be chilled wheels or steel-tired wheels. New steel-tired wheels and reground wheels are finished on this machine at the rate of from 20 to 23 pairs per day.

While this machine is intended for wheels that need to be true, that is, for passenger service, it will be found that freight wheels ground in this way will cost little if any more than when ground by the old methods, that is, before placing them on the asker. In addition, they will be perfectly round and concentre, thereby preventing flat spots, as there is no high place for the brake to catch.

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brake to catch.

This machine is constructed on the most modern lines, and is so proportioned that the parts are durable under hard usage. By the method of grinding employed and the great rigiday of the machine, accuracy is secured with a minimum expenditure of power and a maximum economy of time. The machine is to proportioned that are made especially for this work. The strangement of overhead works is such that a crane can pass on the machine and the work be lifted in and out of the journal. The cut shows a pulley on the overhead works for connection with either a main line or a motor located in any convenient position. If desired, the machine can be furnished with a motor meantable on the cutoff of the care of the

prevent the operator from stopping the slide in the wrong position as re-lated to the flange on the car wheel. When he desires to stop the traverse of the grinding wheel across the face of the car wheel, it is done by turning a small handle, shown near the water hose at the left of the front view. There is one of these handles at either side of the center for either slide. There is also an arrangement by which the revolution of the car wheel can be stopped accurately in the correct position for removing it from the worm wheel When he desires to stop the traverse for removing it from the worm wheel or drive bearing. The uprights for earrying the car axles while grinding are adjustable for either car wheela

are aquatante for exter car wheels
or engine-truck wheels.
These machines are in use by the
Pensulvania Railroad Company,
and are giving excellent satisfaction.
These machines are equally suit-

able for grinding strees car wheela. The advantage of having these wheels round so as to run smoothly and be free from flat spots is very

great.

To drive the ear-wheel grinder, a 30 horse-power constant-speed mo-tor is required. Weight of grinder 31,000 lbs.

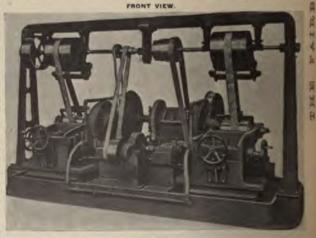


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This machine is to be suspended from overhead, and is especially adapted for use in foundries, large machine shops, architectural iron works and safe manufactories.

It meets the requirements for a machine where it is more convenient to take the wheel to the work than the work to the wheel.

The work can be placed on the floor, bench, or truck and the emery wheel may be awung at will to conform to the surface. The wheel being driven by a swinging countershaft and suspended by a telescopic rod with a universal joint, may be carried to the work or awung at the pleasure of the operator. The frame carrying the wheel is balanced by means of weights, as shown in cut. This arrangement makes it easy to twist the wheel over to any angle and gives any range of movement up or down.

Fitted with a circular wire scratch brush, its value in the eleaning room of a foundry is readily apparent to those familiar with the old laborious hand process.

The machine is valuable for grinding off first spurs, and imperfections, and leaves the easting looking well. By using a polishing wheel, work can be brought to a fine polish.

It will carry a wheel up to 16" x 3½s".

DIMENSIONS.

WEIGHT.

Diameter of a spindle.

Diameter of spindle in bearings.

Diameter of shaft.

Diameter of shaft.

Diameter of shaft.

Diameter of shaft.

Diameter of sheave wheels.

Tight and loses pulleys.

Dameter of countershaft spindle.





FIG. 11966

# FIVE WHEEL GRINDING MACHINE.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11967.

This machine is made for grinding molding tools, cutters and other work where different shapes are to be ground. Various shapes of emery wheels can be furnished, but unless otherwise ordered, we send the following, which are all 9" diameter:

One each, 1° face, 34" face, 34" face, 34" face with 134" hole, and one 34" face with 1" hole.

A saw-sharpening attachment is furnished with this machine. The rests are adjustable and can be used with any size wheels up to the capacity of the machine.

The two heads carrying the spindle are fastened to an iron table, which is mounted on legs when desired.

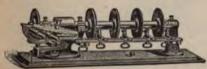


FIG. 11987.

Size of table	1414" x 0115
Height from table to center of spindle.	836"
Diameter of spindle between the flanges	1" and 135"
Distance between wheels	6"
Entire length of spindle	4635"
Size of pulley on spindle	435" = 035"

	WEIGHTS.
	with emery wheels, saw-sharpening attach-
ment	and countershaft, mounted on legs
	with emery wheels, saw-sharpening attach- and countershaft
	with emery whoels and saw-sharpening at-
Counter	shaft only

# NO. 2 INTERNAL GRINDER.



FIG. 11968.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11968.

WEIGHT. Maclane

275 Hw. 70 Bat.

450 Ibs.

356 lbs

a designs, on which deficate

It is furnished with
g motion.
C strake.

25 lbs.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11989.

This machine is designed to grind tube dies tall bearings of large diameter and other internal grinding where great accuracy is required. The smarywheel head has a steel spindle running in taper bearings, with a driving pulley between the bearings. The movement of this spindle parallel to the bed is obtained by the means of a jointed lever, and this movement can be made any length desired up to 10". By pushing the lower lever shown parallel with the bed, the slide rest is released, and the emery-whed spindle may be moved back out of the war to facilitate the use of a testing plug on the work being ground. By pulling the lever toward the operator the slide rest is drawn forward and automatically fastened in the same position from which it was removed. The work to be ground can be held as a universal chuck or any special chuck.

FIG. 11989.

Height.	from floor	to cente	or of and	ndle .	
Cone pu	illey on cl	huck mair	idle		
	er of chuc				
LAnnett	er or chuc	ж принан	g m pea	range	
Block of a	pulley on	APPLICATE AN	hand has	A.	
DIAM OF	puney on	emery-n	TACCA THESE	MARK STATE	

434", 654", 834", and 10" x 254" 134" x 134"

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### COUNTERSHAFT.

The countershaft for this machine has tight and loose pulleys 8" diameter, 3)4" face. It should run about 500 revolutions per mines.

Weight, machine and countershaft about.

## NO. 3 INTERNAL ORINDER.



FIG. 11970.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11970.

There is progress everywhere, but one of the greatest strides that has been made during the past few years in the art of grinding is here shown.

One of our mechanical experts has been for several years at work on what some of the finest mechanics have thought to be an impossibility, viz. the production of a linear speed for inside grinding as great as is already produced for outside grinding. This was exemplished, and are now able to attain any speed from 10,000 to 100,000 revolutions; per minute; but in deviain a pleaning to

# NO. 3 INTERNAL CRINDER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11970. Continued.

stand this great speed lay one of the difficulties to be overcome. Everybody is aware, of course, that it is the speed at which a which is run that gives to it its ability to cut, and that the quicker it can be run, the better and more quickly it does its work. We can now grind a hole "rist" in diameter, as true and as easily as we can a larger hole. For small holes we use a steel plug charged with diamond powder instead of emery.

For all such work as gauges, automobile bearings, rollers for sewing machines, and in fact anything which has to be ground accurately, quickly, and at a minimum cost, this machine is just the thing.

In addition to the matter of speed, this machine has several other interesting features.

The automatic reciprocating motion is regular and controlled by a patent device; it is adjusted so that the length of the stroke will not vary "rive" from one atroke to another. The carriage is arranged so that the slide can be disengaged, and the head pushed back for testing the work without removing it from the machine;

this can be done and the carriage re-engaged in a

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The head is adjusted on a swivel, the base of which is graduated, allowing grinding to be done at any angle.

Automatic cross feed and stop is also furnished with

# NO. 6 INTERNAL CRINDER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11971.

This machine is built on the same lines as our No. 3, its increased capacity being the principal difference, and where anyone has much internal grinding to do, this machine will pay for itself in a very short time. It is covered by numerous patents. We should be pleased to refer any intending purchasers to parties who have this machine in use so that it may have an opportunity to speak for itself.

Capacity for internal grinding, from 34" up to 6" in diameter, and up to 6" in length. The stroke can be varied by thousandths of an inch to any size within its capacity.

Any angle up to 45° can be ground as accurately and true as straight work.

The machine is furnished with one of our fast-speed grinding spindles, with the "Rivett" type of bearing. We have some of these spindles which have been running ten hours a day for the last two years, without any repairing, and they are running to-day as well as when first put in.

The reciprocating mechanism is so laid out that as the center of the stroke is approached—that is, as the wheel cuts toward the middle of the work—the rate of traverse is slightly retarded, the movement being correspondingly accelerated immediately the central point is passed, thus obviating any tendency there may be for the wheel to cut smaller at the center of the bore, and at the same time allowing a coarser rate of leed to be employed.

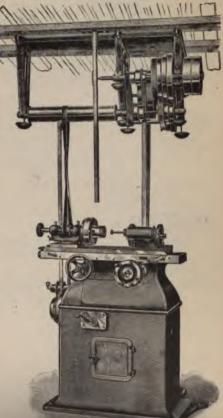


FIG. 11971.

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# NO. 6 INTERNAL CRINDER.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11971.-Continue

The reciprocating block is attached to the table by a clamp, and by releasing it the table may be stopped at once, without stopping the machine, and may be run back by hand for admission or inspection of work. A stop is provided at the left and of the table and this forms a locating medium by which, after the table has been released and run back to allow a hole to be gauged, it may again be all forward exactly to its former position, so that when it is again clamped to the reciprocating block the wheel will cut to previsely as mee depth as before table and block were disconnected. An automatic cross feed and stop are furnished with this stacking. The head stock to of the lathe type, with bollow spindle, hardened and ground; cone bearings 25½ in distances, hardened and ground; to the accurately ground so that just whence and face plates can be put on and removed without apart to its accurately. The spindle also takes the No. 5 split and step chucks, for use on smaller work.

Swing over table, 8.5. Distance between centers, 15. Length of stroke of table, 6.5. Speed of counterslish, 500 recolutions per minute. Floor space, 30° x 48°

# GRINDER HEADS, COLUMNS AND COUNTERSHAFTS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11972 TO 11974.

This machine takes wheels to 8° diameter, 1° face, and ½° hole.

It is particularly adapted for light grinding and pollshing and can be easily attached to bench or other support. A column is furnished when desired.



Distance between wheels 7". Length over all 11". Height from base to center of spindle 51/4". Spindle pulley 2" diameter, 13/4" face.

#### COLUMN.

COLUMN.
The column is 3634" high, base 13" x 16", table 12"

15", and is provided with a shelf and water pot
under the table.
An 8" countershaft is furnished with this machine
when desired.
Weight of head ready for shipment, about 15 lbs.
Weight of column ready for shipment, about 100
lbs.

lbs.
Total weight head, column and countershaft ready for shipment, about 160 lbs.



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GRINDER HEAD WITH JEWELERS' SPINDLE.

S" GRINDER HEAD

FIG. 11972.



FIG. 11974.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11975.

10" GRINDER HEAD.

For Wheels 10" x 114" x 34". This machine will be found well adapted for all classes of light grinding for which machine of this kind is required.

# DIMENSIONS OF HEAD.

Distance between wheels 11". Length over all 1612". Height from base to center of spindle 619". Spindle pulley 234" diameter, 2)4" face.

### COLUMN.

The column is 34° high, base 14° x 18°, table 14° x 18°, and is provided with a shelf and water pot under the table.

A 10° countershaft is turnished with this machine when desired. Weight of head ready for shipment, about 45 lbs.
Weight of column ready for shipment, about 115 lbs.
Total weight, head, column and countershaft ready for shipment, about 215 lis.

12" GRINDER HEAD. 10" AND 12" GRINDER HEADS For Wheels 12" x 2" x 1".

DIMENSIONS OF HEAD.

Distance between wheels 15°. Length over all 22°. Height from base to center of spindle 7¼°. Spindle pulley 3½° diameter, 2½° face.

The column is 31½" high, base 16" x 21", table 16" x 21", and is provided the shelf and water pot under the table.

A 12" countershaft is furnished with this machine, when desired. Weight of head ready for shipment, about 75 lbs.

Weight of column ready for shipment, about 175 lbs.

Total weight, head, column and countershaft ready for shipment, about 50 lbs.



# GRINDERS.

14" GRINDER HEAD ON COLUMN

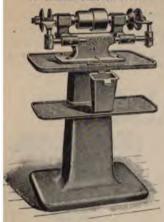


FIG. 11976.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11976.

Suitable for wheels, 14" x 214" x 114"

s particularly well adapted for general shop use, tool grind-agging, etc., as by its size and capacity the machine will be majority of shop work for which this class of grinder is

# DIMENSIONS OF HEAD.

tance between wheels 19". Length over all 28" ght from base to center of spindle 9". se pulley has two steps, 4\\(\frac{4}{3}\) and 5\\(\frac{4}{3}\) diameter, with 3\(\frac{4}{3}\).

e column is 2814" high, base 18" x 24", table 18" x 2614", provided with a shell and water pot under the lable.

4" countershaft is furnished with this machine when de-

sight of head ready for shipment, about 125 lbs. tight of column ready for shipment, about 235 lbs. tal weight, head, column and countershaft ready for ship-about 310 lbs.

O" AND 12" FOUR-WHEEL GRINDER HEADS.

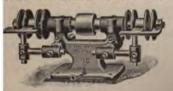


FIG. 11976.

18" AND 18" GRINDER HEADS ON COLUMN.



FIG. 11977.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11977

16" GRINDER HEAD. For wheels, 16" x 3" x 135"

# DIMENSIONS OF HEAD.

Distance between wheels 23°. Length over all 33½° Height from base to center of spindle 10¾°. Cone pulley has two steps, 5° and 6° diameter, with 3¾°

## COLUMN.

The column is 25% high, base  $20^{\circ} \times 27^{\circ}$ , and table  $20^{\circ} \times 32^{\circ}$ . A  $16^{\circ}$  countershalt is furnished with this machine when de-

A 16° countershaft is furnished with this machine when desired.

Weight of head ready for shipment, about 190 lbs.

Weight of column ready for shipment, about 200 lbs.

Total weight, head, column and countershaft ready for shipment, about 625 lbs.

# 18" GRINDER HEAD.

For wheels, 19" x 31/2" x 13/4"

## DIMENSIONS OF HEAD.

Distance between wheels 27°. Length over all 39°. Height from base to center of spindle 11½°. Cone pulley has two steps, 5¾° and 6¾° diameter, with 4¾°

### COLUMN.

COLUMN.

The column is 23° high, base 22° x 30°, and table 22° x 37½°.

An 18° countershaft is furnished with this machine when deaired.

Weight of head ready for shipment, about 290 lbs.

Weight of column ready for shipment, about 390 lbs.

Total weight, head, column and countershaft ready for shipment, about 800 lbs.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 11978.

These beads are made in two sizes, 10° and 12°.

In many shops and factories it is often necessary to have different shapes and grades of emery wheels so on one machine, for use in sharponing saws, wood-working tools, etc.

The four-wheel grader head meets these conditions.
In general design it is similar to the regular grader head, with the exception that it is made to allow the use of four whoels instead of two.

Much time is often saw-1 be the use of a machine of this type, as the oper-1 whomever a diffe-

# CRINDERS.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11979.

The water attachments are arranged for use on the 12° and 14° grander heads about in Figs. 11975 and 11976. They are so constructed that the outside covering plains can be easily removed and access quickly had to the whoels. Tool rests and please for deflecting water are adjustable to the wear of the wheel,

# SURFACE GRINDING ATTACHMENTS.



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FIG. 11980.

# WATER ATTACHMENTS.

FIG. 11979.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11980

Suitable for use on 16" and 18" grinders shown in Fig. 11977.

It is often necessary to grind a flat surface, and with the ordinary grinder is this impossible, as there is nothing to regulate the amount to be ground off.

We make and furnish a surface grinding attachment for use in grinding flat surfaces comparatively true.

This attachment is clamped firmly to the frame of the grinder head, may be turned back so as not to interfere with the use of the machine as an ordinary grinder, or easily removed. An attachment of this kind will be found of great advantage in foundries and machine shops where rough fitting is required, finishing iron patterns, etc.

# NO. O BENCH GRINDER.



FIG. 11981.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11981.	
Bench room occupied	8" x 12"
Height to center of arbor.	934"
Length of bearing	8"
Diameter of arbor through bearing	1.
Diameter of arbor between flanges	30
Diameter of flanges	2"
Size of pulley on arbor	4" x 235
Weight of machine alone	40 Ilin.
Weight of machine alone, erated for shipment, about	30 lbs.
Weight of machine and countershaft, crated for shipment, about	116 lbs.

SPECIFICATIONS OF COUNTERSHAFT.	
Driving pulley	14" x 216"
Fight and loose pulleys.	25 × 236
Diameter of shaft	Ja.
Length of shaft	19*
Drop of hangers	9"
Speed, revolutions	430

## **GRINDERS.**

SPECIFICATIONS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11982 TO 11984.

This machine is built in three sizes, No. 1, No. 2 and No. 234. It can be furnished as a bench grinder, Fig. 11982, or mounted on floor stand, Fig. 14984. Countershaft, Fig. 11983, is supplied only when ordered.

Machine has crucible steel arbor provided with dustproof bearings having best quality lubricating devices.

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No. L.

10° x 2"

735" × 735"

1035"

634

3+

1\*

34"

234

234" × 234"

30 lbs.

50 lbs.

35 lbs.

90.1bs.

130 lbs.



BENCH MACHINE.

FIG. 11982. No E 12" x 2"

9" x 9"

1354\*

8\*

434"

134

10

3"

314" x 3"

55 lbs.

60 lbs.

75 lbs.

155 lbs.

130 lbs.

No. 216.

14" x 2"

11" \* 11"

1554"

10"

5"

134"

139

334"

414" x 314"

95 lbs.

60 lbs.

110 lbs.

190 lbs.

155 lbs.

Carries wheels up to	
Bench room occupied.	
Distance between wheels	
Height to center of arbor.	
Length of bearings.	
Diameter of arbor through bearings.	
Diameter of arbor between flanges,	
Diameter of flanges	
Size of pulley on arbor	
Weight of machine alone	
Weight of countershaft	
Weight of machine alone, crated for shipment, about	
Weight of machine and countershaft, crated for shipment, about	
Weight of column, alone	





# SPECIFICATIONS OF COUNTERSHAFTS.

Driving pulley	No. 1. 14" x 214"	No. 2. 14" x 314"	No. 2%. 14° x 314°
Tight and loose pulleys	5" x 214"	5" x 314"	5" x 316"
Diameter of shaft	1"	1"	10
Length of shaft	19*	20"	20"
Drop of hangers	9"	9"	9"
Speed, revolutions	350	370	435
		485	

# GRINDERS.

# NO. 3 GRINDING MACHINE, WITH SELF-DILING BEARINGS.



This machine is built in three sizes and can be furnished as a bench machine or mounted on iron column as shown. Countershaft is furnished only when ordered.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11985.

	No. 1.	No. 2	Na.a.
Carries wheels.	8" × 1"	10° × 116°	12" x.2"
Distance between wheels	8"	1094*	13"
Length of bearings	236*	3"	436*
Diameter of spindle in bearings	96*	34"	1345
Diameter of spindle between flanges	34*	34"	1"
Size of spindle pulley	2)4" x 2"	3" x 214"	354" × 350"
Height from table to center of spindle	534"	B.	655
Height from floor to center of spindle	3835*	3834*	3814
Weight, complete, about	170 lbs.	200 lba.	270 Re.
Speed of countershaft	740	575	435

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11986.

This machine is built in three sizes and can be furnished as a bench ma-chine or mounted on iron column as shown. Countershaft is furnished only when ordered.

FIG. 11905.

	No. 8	No. A.	No. 6.
Carries wheels	14" x 2"	16" x 214"	18° × 3°
Distance between wheels		20"	24"
Length of bearings	434*	514"	6"
Diameter of spindle in bear-			
ings	134"	194"	15%"
Diameter of spindle between			
flanges	134*	114"	116"
Size of spindle cone pulley	3" and 4" x 314	"4" and 5" x 314"	5" and 6" x 434"
Height from table to center		and the same of	
of epindle	8"	0"	103-6"
Height from floor to center			
of spindle	37"	36*	36*
Weight, complete, about		365 lbs.	475 lbs.
Speed of countershaft	485	500	500

TYPE I GRINDER HEAD.



FIG. 11987.

# NO. 8 GRINDING MACHINE.

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B



FIG. 11986.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11987.

This grinder is made in four sizes, as follows:

Sires heads, columns and countershafts. . 12° 14° 10° 18° Sire wheels (not over) .12° x 1° 14° x 135° 16° x 2° 18° x 25° Sire hole in wheels . . . 55° 1° 11° 135° 135° 135° 135°

For description of columns and counterstaffs for this machine, see Figs. 11993 to 11996.

# DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11988 TO 11992.

These grinder heads are built in the same sizes as those shown in Fig. 11987 on preceding page, these cuts being shown to illustrate various styles of attachments which can be furnished.

Columns and countershafts for use with these heads are described in Figs. 11993 to 11996.





FAIRBANKS COMPANY

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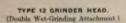




FIG. 11991.





FIG. 11992.

# **GRINDERS.**

# COLUMNS FOR GRINDER HEADS.



FIG. 11993.

FIG. 11994.

Column-Type 133. FIG. 11995.

# DESCRIPTION FIGS. 11993 TO 11995.

The grinder heads shown in Figs. 11087 to 11002 inclusive can be fitted with any of the cohumns here

Type 6 represents the ordinary plain fron column.

Type 7 is an iron column with self-contained countershaft. When this is used, no overhead countershaft is required.

Type 133 is an iron column fitted with electric motor to drive the grinder. In ordering this it is always necessary to advise the nature of current on which the motor will be operated.

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# COUNTERSHAFT FOR GRINDER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11906.

This countershaft is made in four sizes and is designed for use with grinders shown in Figs. 11987 to 11992 inclusive.

## SPECIFICATIONS

	12"	14"	104	18"
Driving pulley. Tight and loose pulleys. Speed, revolutions per minute. Weight	5" x 2]/2" 500	12" x 31(" 5" x 3)(" 400 65 lbs.	12" x 316" 5" x 334" 500 75 lbs.	12" x 434" 5" x 434" 600 125 lbs.

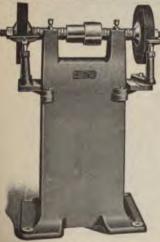
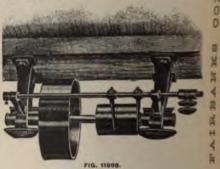


FIG. 11997.



# NO. 21/2 L FLOOR GRINDER.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 11997.
Carries two wheels, 10" in diameter, 219" thick.

# SPECIFICATIONS.

Distance between wheels	20"
Height to center of arbor	36*
Length of bearings	6547
Diameter of arbor through bearings	1367
Diameter of arbor between flanges	136"
Diameter of flanges	3"
Size of cone pulley on arbor	316" and 416" x 314
Weight of machine alone	300 lbs.
Weight of machine alone, crated for shipment, about	400 lbs.
Weight of machine and countershaft, crated for ship-	
	SEA The

COUNTERBRATIO	
one pulley	13" and 14" x 3
ight and loose pulleys,	7" × 314"
Diameter of shaft	136*
Orop of hangers	10°
peed, revolutions	415
Veight	150 Rbs.



### DESCRIPTION FIG. 11998.

Carries two wheels, 16" in diameter, 3" thick.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

twot abace occubion	11 75 20 15
Distance between wheels	20"
Height to center of arbor	36"
Length of bearings	634*
Diameter of arbor through bearings	130*
Diameter of arbor between flanges	134"
Diameter of flanges.	5"
Size of cone pulley on arbor	156" and 416" x 314"
Weight of machine alone	325 lbs.
Weight of machine alone, crated for ship-	
ment, about	425 lbs.
Weight of machine and countershaft,	
crated for shipment, about	600 lbs.
COUNTERSHAFT.	
Cone pulley	13" and 14" x 314"
Tight and loose pulleys.	7" x 314"
Diameter of shaft	130"
Length of shaft	20#

Drop of hangers.....

.Speed, revolutions.

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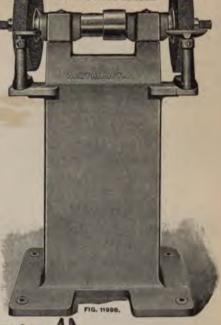
Weight....



10"

120 Iba.

415

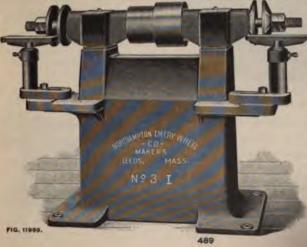


# DESCRIPTION FIG. 11999.

This machine is built in two sizes, as per specifications on following page. It is a very beavily built grinder, having a cruichle steel spindle, running in self-oiling, dust-proof bearings.

The No. 3 H machine will carry two wheels 20° diameter by 4° thick.

The No. 31 machine will carry two whoels 24° diameter by 4° thick.



# ORINDERS.

### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 11999.

	Pto. 3 H.	Nr.31
Floor space occupied.	22° x 33°	24" x 37"
Distance between wheels	29"	302
Height to center of arbor	30"	34"
Length of bearings.	8"	10"
Diameter of arbor through bearings	1367	256*
Diameter of arbor between flanges	136*	44
Diameter of flanges	6"	8*
Size of cone pulley on arbor	436" and 6" x 4"	034" and 8" x 534"
Weight of machine alone	575 lbs.	900 lbs.
Weight of machine, crated for shipment, about	710 lbs.	1,100 lba.
Weight of machine and countershaft, crated for shipment, about	975 lbs.	1,350 lbs.

COURTERS NATIO		
Cone pulley	12" and 14" x 414"	12" and 14" x 510"
Tight and loose pulleys.	8" x 414"	10°. × 536*
Diameter of shaft	13%*	11/4"
Length of shaft	38*	51*
Drop of hangers	10"	10"
Weight	150 lbs.	200 lbs.
Speed, revolutions	450	560

### NO. 7 GRINDING MACHINE.



FIG. 12000.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12001.

This machine takes wheels to 36" diameter, 5" face, and 2½" hole.
Diameter of spindle in bearings, 2½".
Diameter of spindle between flanges, 2½". (Or if desired, 2¾" or 2".)
Distance between wheels, 40".
Total length of spindle, 55".
Height to center of spindle, 55".
Cone pulley, 8" and 9" diameter, 5¾" face.
Base, 40½" x 28".
The countershaft has driving pulleys 17" and 18" diameter, 5¾" face; and tight and loose pulleys 10" diameter, 5¾" face; hange's 12" drop.
Weight, ready for shipment, about 1,400 lbs.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12000.

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TOT WESTER AT A T	
Distance between wheels	35"
Liength of bearings	10"
Diameter of spindle in bearings.	2)4"
Diameter of spindle between flangua	7
Size of spindle cone pulley 714	"and 8)("x4
Height from floor to center of	
spindle	32*
Weight of machine without coun-	
tershaft, about	800 Tbs.
Speed of countershaft	425

# HEAVY PLOOR GRINDER



FIG. 12001.

Cone pulley ...

Speed, revolutions.....



# GRINDERS.

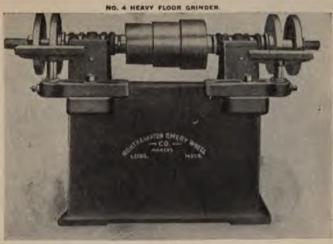


FIG. 12002.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 12002.

Self-oiling, dustproof bearings, crucible steel arbor. Carries two wheels, 36" in diameter, 4" thick.

SPECIFICATIONS.	
Floor space occupied	24° × 40°
Length of arbor over all	64*
Distance between wheels	45"
Height to center of arbor	772"
Length of bearings.	10*
Diameter of arbor through bearings	234"
Diameter of arbor between flanges	2*
Diameter of flanges	12"
Size of cone pulley on arbor	10° and 12° × 614
Weight of machine.	1,300 lbs.
Weight of machine crated for shipment, about,	1,550 lbs.
Weight of machine and countershaft, crated for shipment, about	1,850 lbs.

# SPECIFICATIONS OF COUNTERSHAFT.

12" and 14" x 634"

12" x 634" 134" 57" 10" 350 lbs.

550

Tight and toose pulleys.	CHARLES AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PART
Diameter of shalt.	III CONTRACTOR CONTRAC
Length of shaft	
Drop of bangers	***************************************
Weight	

# COMBINATION CRINDING, POLISHING AND BUFFING MACHINES.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 12003.

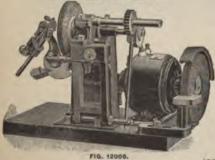
	No.1.	No.2.	No. 2	
Carries wheels, diameter	8"	10*	12"	
Length of spindle,	1636"	22*	2834*	
Diameter of spindle in bearings.	36"	36*	13-6"	
Diameter of spindle between flanges.	34"	34"	1"	
Length of bearings	234"	3"	434"	
Size of spindle pulley	214" x 2"	3" x 214"	334" × 334"	
Height from table to center of spindle.	534"	6*	635*	
Height from floor to center of spindle	3816"	3834"	3835*	
Weight, complete, about	175 lba.	200 lbs.	270 lbs.	
Speed of countershaft	740	575	435	

FIG. 12003.

# SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 12004.

2	No. 4.	No. 3
Carries wheels, diameter	14"	10"
Length of spindle	34*	38"
Diameter of spindle in bearings	1)4"	154*
Diameter of spindle between flanges.	134"	11/4" and 34"
Length of bearings	434*	514"
Sise of spindle cone pulley 3	and 4" x 3 %	("4" and 5" x 3)4"
Height from table to center of		44
of spindle	8*	9*
Height from floor to center of		
spindle	37*	36*
Weight, complete, about	310 lbs,	365 lbs.
Speed of countershaft	485	500

II COMBINATION GRINDER.



NO. 4 AND NO. 5 MACHINES.



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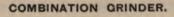
FIG. 12004.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 12005.

This little machine is very handy for miscellaneous small grinding. It is a combination of an electrical beach grinder and small twist drill grinder.

The drill is held at the point by steel fingers entering the grooves and holding it firmly. The action of the holder is positive and sets itself automatically to give the drill being ground, the proper point and clearance. A drill ground on this machine will turn out two equally thick chips that will 'remain intact, and, in addition to saving the operators' time.

A



### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12005.—Continued.

will prolong the life of the drill. It is an established fact that some mechanics will not use a drill grinder, but prefer to dress the drills by hand on an ordinary wheel. For these men a 6" x 3/4" emery wheel is provided, mounted directly on the motor shaft. This can also be used as an ordinary bench grinder for all classes of light work.

If desired, the drill grinding attachment can be omitted entirely, making a plain bench grinding machine.

Machine is built in several styles, as follows;

No. 10 grinder, motor-driven, taking drills from No. 70 to 34".

No. 12 grinder, motor-driven, taking drills from No. 70 to 14".

No. 2 grinder, for belt drive, taking drills from No. 70 to 34".

No. 214 grinder, for belt drive, taking drills from No. 70 to 147.

No. 11 grinder, motor-driven, taking drills from No. 70 to 34°, with attachment for cutter grinding as shown in cut.

No. 23 plain motor-driven bench grinder, without drill grinding attachment.

Motor-driven machines are designed to operate on a direct current of 110 or 220 volts.

A cast-iron column can be supplied, if desired.

# PORTABLE ELECTRIC GRINDERS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12006.

We here illustrate a portable electrical bench grinder which will be found very handy for small tool grinding. Made with adjust-

able cone bearings.

It can be used for grinding, buffing and polishing, as the emery wheel can be removed and any other substituted. Made in three types, E, F, and M. We include one wheel and detachable tool rest with each machine.

	SIZES		
Volta-	Dimensions.	Weight.	Horse-
110 }	435° x 735°	15 lbs.	14
210	6° x 11°	30 lbs.	36
110 / 220 5	7" × 14"	65 lbs	1
	110 2 210 5 110 2 210 5	Volts. Dimensions.  110   4½° x 7½°   210   6° x 11°   110   77 - 14°	Volts. Dimensions. Weight.  110   452° x 752° 15 lbs.  110   6° x 11° 30 lbs.  110   7° x 14° 65 lbs.

Emery wheel, 414" x 16" x 16" with type E grinder.

Emery wheel, 6" x 1/4" x 1/4" with type V grinder.

Emery wheel, 10° x 1° x 1, " with type M grinder.

ELECTRICAL-DRIVEN AERIAL SURFACE GRINDER, WITH STATIONARY END HANDLES.



ELECTRICAL BENCH GRINDER.



FIG. 12006.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 12007.

We here illustrate the grieder with stationary end handles. It can be furnished with adjustable spade body handle. Please mention style handle desired in ordering.

Type	Volta.	Motor Discount	Weight.	Horas.
0-110	230	6" x 11"	40 Bm.	36
00-110	220	7" × 14"	65 Ilm.	1

With 0 grinder a 8" x 54" x 54" amony wheel included. With 60 grinder a 10" x 1" x 14" emery wheel included.

# PORTABLE ELECTRIC ORINDERS.

#### ELECTRIC GRINDING ATTACHME



#### DESCRIPTION FIGS, 12008 TO 12010.

This grinding attachment, or tool-post grinder, as it is sometimes called, has a wide range of work, such as grinding centers, cutters, reamers, dies, rolls, etc.; also melser, parallel and internal grinding jobs of all kinds.

Shank of grinder is set in tool post of lathe, planer, shaper, milling machine, or con les clamped in a vise. Sent out complete with wheels, cord and attachment plug. Commit with any incandescent lamp socket and it is ready.

This combination grinder is a time saver, quick and simple in its adjustments and easy to operate. No rigging up or bothersome connections to make. You'll be surprised at its adaptability.

In ordering, always mention voltage. Current must be direct.



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GRINDING CUTTER IN A MILLING MACHINE.

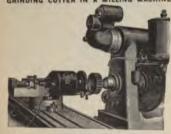


FIG. 12010.

Machines are regularly furnished as follows:

With type A grinder, I emery wheel, 435" x 15" a 15" I extension manded with wheel, 134" x 34" x 34".

1 tooth rest, 1 wrench.

With type B grinder, I emery wheel 8" x 1/2" s 1/4"; I extension manded, with wheel, 2" x 1/4" x 1/4".

With type D grinder, I emery wheel, 10" x 1" x %"; larger or smaller than the above sized wheels can be used.

Care should be taken that the wheel is kept true. In ordering, always [4] mention type and voltage.

All machines sent complete, ready for work.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

Type of Granden	Volts.	Dimensiona.	Weight.	Horse Fores
A-110	110 / 230 S	436" × 736"	16 lbs.	N
B-110	110	6° × 10°	35 Ros.	36
D-110	110	7" × 14"	78-lbs.	i

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minute.

# PORTABLE ELECTRIC GRINDERS.

MOTOR-DRIVEN FLEXIBLE SHAFT GRINDING OUTFIT.



FIG. 12011.

# FLEXIBLE SHAFT CRINDING PLANTS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12012.

For no tool we sell has there been so rapidly increasing a demand as for our portable emery grinder. It is giving perfect satisfaction to hundreds of our customers

For cleaning and grinding heavy eastings, for buffing and polishing all metals and glass, it is almost indispensable. For ordinary shop work, we usually sell either our No. 3, 4, 5, or 6 plant as described below.

clutch; 1 No. 3 clamp spindle; 1 No. 3 countershaft.

Tight and loose pulleys 5" diameter for 2)-5" belt should run about 1,300 revolutions per

No. 4 plant, for emery wheel 6" x 1", consists of 1 No. 4 flexible shaft; 1 No. 4 stop clutch; 1 No. 4 clamp spindle; 1 No. 3 countershaft.

Tight and loose pulleys 5" diameter for 234" belt should run about 1,200 revolutions per minute.

No. 5 plant, for emery wheel 8" x 1", consists of 1 No. 5 flexible shaft; 1 No. 5 stop clutch; 1 No. 5

clamp spindle; I No. 5 countershaft. Tight and loose pulleys 6" diameter for 3" beld should run about 1,100 revolutions per minute.

No. 6 plant, for emery wheel 10° x 1°, consists of 1 No. 6 flexible shaft; 1 No. 6 stop clutch; 1 No. 6 clamp spindle; 1 No. 6 countershaft.

Tight and loose pulleys 10" diameter for 4" belt should run about 1,100 revolutions per minute.

Note: Rawhide driving rope and couplings are not included, but will be quoted extra, depending on length of rope and number of couplings required.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12011.

We are selling these exclusive emery grinders to some of the largest manufacturers in the country, and they are giving the best of satisfaction. There has also developed without any effort on our part a considerable demand for them among street railroad companies for grinding off rails for bonding. Some time ago we shipped one of these plants to a large contractor in Philadelphia, which was followed by orders for several others. Since that time we have received inquiries and orders from all over the country from people who had seen these plants in use in that city.

Advise us as to the work you wish to do, the size of emery wheels you wish to use and the voltage of your current, and we will take pleasure in quoting you on such a plant as we think would best meet your requirements.



# DISK GRINDERS.

NO. 1 B GRINDER.



FIG. 12013.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12014.

Machine is furnished as shown complete with countershaft, floor setting up press and all accessories, with two extra 12" spiral grooved steel disks, making four disks in all, including cement, oil, glue pot and brush, wrenches etc., and a complete assortment of emery paper and cloth circles, also complete assortment of spiral emery paper and cloth circles.

Floor space, 26" x 29".

Diameter of disks, 12°. Speed of disks, 2,500 revolutions per minute.

Spindle pulley, 334" diameter by 3" face.

Length of spindle over all, 1854".

Diameter of spindle, 114".

Length of spindle bearings, 614".

Height to center of spindle, 42°.

Basic of press, 17" x 17".

Operating floor space for this press should be 4' x 4'.

# COUNTERSHAFT.

Ceiling space, 16" x 30".

Speed, 670 revolutions per minute.

Tight and loose pulleys, 6" diameter by 314" face.

Driving pulley, 14" diameter by 3" face.

Weight of machine complete with countershaft, not, 1,050 lbs.

Crated for domestic shipment, 1,150 lbs.

Boxed for ocean shipment, 1,420 lbs.

Measurement, 55 cubic feet.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12013.

Machine is furnished at shown with two 12" spiral growed steel disks, complete with countershaft, floor setting up prese and all accessories, including cement, oil, glue pot, and break wrenches, etc., and a complete assortment of spiral paper and cloth circles.

Floor space, 26" x 22".

Diameter of disks, 12°.

Speed of disks, 2,500 revolutions per manute.

Spindle pulley, 354" diameter by 3" face.

Length of spindle over all, 1814".

Diameter of spindle, 134".

Length of spindle bearings, 6%.

Height to center of spindle, 42".

Press for setting up circles, 14)4" diameter. Press requ COUNTERSHAFT.

ě

3' of bench room.

Ceiling space, 16° x 30°.

Speed, 670 revolutions per minute.

Tight and loose pulleys, 6" diameter by 314" fare.

Driving pulley, 14" diameter by 3" face.

Weight of machine complete with countershaft, and, 700 ha

Crated for domestic shipment, 800 lbs. Boxed for ocean shipment, 950 lbs.

Measurement, 30 cubic feet.

NO. 3 GRINDER



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# DISK CRINDERS.

# NO. 181 GRINDER.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12015.

This grinder is heavy and accurate. With suitable coarse abmove twill do bravy roughing on castings and forgings, its speed making to rapid cutter. It can also be used as a precision machine for inishing fine tools. Tables, slides and bearings are all carefully craped. Each machine is furnished with two 18° steel disks, an assortment of emery paper circles and complete countershaft.

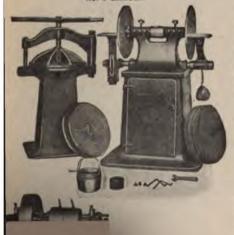
### SPECIFICATIONS.

Speed of spindle, revolutions per minute	1,800
Pulley on spindle	436" x 456"
Driving pulley on countershaft	24" x 5"
Fight and loose pulleys on countershaft	12" x 6"
Lancolmate not point.	1,300 lbs.



FIG. 12015.

# NO. 4 GRINDER



## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12016.

Machine is furnished complete as shown with countershaft, floor setting-up press and all accessories, including two extra spiral grooved steel disks, making four disks in all, including coment, oil, glue pot and brush, wrenches, etc., and a complete assortment of our celebrated spiral paper and circles, also complete assortment of our celebrated spiral emory paper and cloth circles.

Floor space, 32" x 34".

Diameter of disks, 18".

Spoed of disks, 1,800 revolutions per minute.

Spindle pulley, 45% diameter by 33% face.

Length of spindle over sll, 225%.

Diameter of spindle, 114".

Length of spindle bearings, 714".

Height to center of spindle, 42".

Base of press, 20" x 20".

Operating floor space for this press should be 5" x 5".

# COUNTERSHAFT.

Ceiling space, 30" x 22".

Speed, 480 revolutions per minute.

Tight and loose pulleys, 8" diameter by 4\f" face
Drive pulley, 16" diameter by 3\f" face.

Weight of machino complete with countershaft, net,
1,700 file.

Crated, for domestic shipment, 1,990 file.

Boxed for ocean shipment, 2,520 file.

Measurement, 75 cubic feet.

# DISK CRINDERS.

ME. HE GRINDER

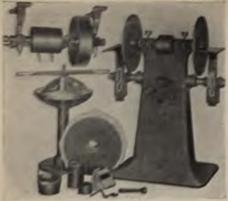


FIG. 19917.

#### DESCRIPTION TO THE

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Fine quee, 27 (1.37)

Jianeter of disks, 197

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#### COURTERS NUMBER

Critica space, 19° c 32°, Space, 45° to resistation per minimize. Tight and force policys, 8° distances by 45° force. Design judge, 19° distances by 35° force. Weight a reaction complete with minimized at

Crated for domestic digment, LESS Road for orean elignment, LSSS lin. Other measurement, SI-cults for.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 12018.

Maximum is luminised complete as aboves, with floor actingup press and all accessories, including two extra 18° spiral growned, duits, marking four disks in all, including session, sil, glue pot and breath, wenches, etc., and a somplete assertment of emery paper and cloth circles, also complete assertment of spiral paper and shoth circles.

We are prepared to furnish No. 40 grander to be direct-connected, using any well-known make of motor.

In making inspire for price, advise the nature of current on which motor is to operate. Also give us seem information relative to kind of work the machine is to perform, so that we may agree on a motor of proper size to accomplish it in the most actionstory maker.



### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12019.

The spindles used in our polishing and buffing lathes (shown on this and the following pages) are made of the best machinery steel, turned and ground to size. The ends are provided with threads of 29° angle of the same depth as, but stronger, than the square thread generally used. The flanges are heavy and of large diameter. The tight flange is forced on the spindle. The flanges are similar in design to grinder flanges except that they are smaller and heavier. The spindles are furnished with single, tight and loose, or cone pulleys, as desired. In ordering, unless otherwise specified, lathes with "B" spindles will be furnished.

A small taper point, as shown in cut, is furnished with these spindles with the exception of the Nos. 0 and I spindles. We also furnish a small arbor with flanges and nut for carrying a small wheel when desired. It can be used in place of the taper point.

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# NO. O POLISHING LATHE.

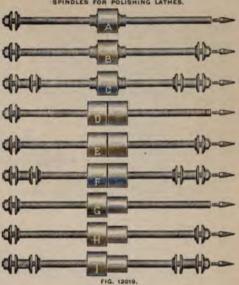


# NO. 1 POLISHING LATHE.



FIG. 12021.

### SPINDLES FOR POLISHING LATHES.



# DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12020 AND 12021.

These polishing or buffing lathers have cast-from boxes 2" long, with caps milled to fit frame and steel set screws for taking up the wear. Each is furnished with any one of four styles of spirable ("A," "B," "D," and "E"), shown above, with the exception of the taper point, which is not furnished, with "B" and "E" spindles. Column and countershaft can be furnished, if desired.

Size of base	7" × 5"	7" × 5"
Height from base to center of spindle	514"	736*
Diameter of spindle in bearings	341	16/4
Diameter of spindle between flanges	100	17.
Length of spindle.	14*	17"
Size of pulley on spindle.	2* * 13/4	2" × 134"
Weight of head	13 lbs.	15 flm.
Weight of column.	120 ftm,	120 ftm.
Weight of countershaft.	25 lbs.	25 lbs.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 12022.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12022.

This size lathe is designed to do the same class of work as the Nos. 0 and 1, the lather is designed to do the same class of work as the Nos. 0 and 1, the lather it is heavier and capable of more general use. It is formished with any long, stead spindle and nickel-plated oil supe. It is formished with any of air styles of spindle ("A," B, "C," B, "E," and "F"), shown of air styles of spindle ("A," B, "C," B, "E," and "F"), shown is the lather and the formished with this

lathe, Column and countershaft can be furnished if desired.	
Size of how and an arrangement of the state	10
Height Irom have to center of spindle	
- Nangry	
	-
All the Company of the	15

NO. 1% POLISHING LATHE.

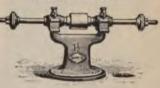


FIG. 12022



DESCRIPTION FIG. 12023.

This size lathe is designed for all kinds of purseral polarization and buffing. The bearings are furnished either cas leave to abbitted, as designed. Unless specified, cast-leave to will be furnished. The spindle is made of steel turned around to size. This lathe is furnished with any one of mine styles of spindle shown in Fig. 12019. Removable point for right-hand end is furnished with this lathe.

and countershaft can be furnished if des Size of base.

Height from base to center of spindle.
Diameter of spindle in bearings.
Diameter of spindle between flanges.
Length of spindle.
Size of single pulley.
Size of single and loose pulleys.
Size of come pulley.
Weight of controlati.
Weight of controlati.
Weight of controlati. 12° x 8N° 12° 110° 110° 20° 410" x 410" 410" x 310" and 410" x 310" 70 lbs. 70 lbs. 170 lbs.

OESCRIPTION FIG. 12024.

This lathe, owing to its construction with the overhanging arm, is especially adapted for use on bicycle parts and on large pieces which must be polished under the wheel. The projection of the wheel from the column allows many kinds of work to be polished that would be difficult to polish on the ordinary lathes. It is farnished with removable east-tron boxes, steel spindles and nickel-plated oil cups. It is furnished with any one of three styles of spindle ("B," "E," and "H,") shown in Fig. 12019. Removable taper point for right-hand end is furnished with this lathe. end is furnished with this lathe.

Size of base.

DIMENSIONS OF HEAD.

Height from base to center of spindle.

Diameter of spindle in bearings.

Diameter of spindle between flanges.

Length of spindle.

Size of single pulley.

Size of toght and loose pulleys.

Size of cone pulley. Size of base.

DIMENSIONS OF HEAD.

Height from base to center of spindle.

11½°
Diameter of spindle in bearings.

1½°
Diameter of spindle in bearings.

1½°
Diameter of spindle between flanges.

1½°
Diameter of spindle structure.

Length of spindle.

Size of single pulley.

Size of tight and loose palleys.

COLUMN.

The column for this laths is turnished without table, as shown in cut, and is of the following dimensions: Height, 20½°; size of base, 24° x 20°
COUNTREBHATT.

The countershaft made for use with this laths has tight and loose pulleys 9° x 4½°, single driving pulley, 15° x 4½°. When furnished with cone pulley 17° and 15° x 4½°.

Head, column and counter.

WEIGHTS.

Head, column and countershaft.
Head only
Column only
Countershaft only



This lathe is furnished with either east-son babbitted bearings, as desired. It is furnished any one of three styles of spindle (\* B,\* \* E, \* \* H \*\*) shown in Fig. (2019). Removable tapes for right-hand end is furnished with this lather. DIMENSIONS.

NO. 3 POLISHING



The column for this lathe is furnished without table, as the cut, and is of the following dimensions: Height, 201/2", sim of law 24" x 20".

COUNTERSHAFT.

The countershaft made for use with this lathe has sucht and low pulleys, 9" x 41/4", single driving pulleys, 18" x 41/4". When harman with cone pulley, 17" and 18" x 41/4".

Head, column and countershaft.
Head only
Column only
Countershaft only

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#### DESCRIPTION FIGS, 12026 AND 12027

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12028 AND 12027

This lathe, having an overhanging arm, is especially adapted for pollishing and builing bicycle parts or large pieces where the work is to be done on the under side of the wheel. The construction of the overhanging arm is such that it gives the greatest strength and rigidity, and still allows ample space without interfering with column or head. The spindle is of steel, turned and ground, and runs in long babbitted bearings, in which are placed rings for supplying oil to the spindle from a reservoir in the under part of the bearing. These lathes are furnished with any one of three styles of spindle ("B," "E," and "H") shown in Fig. 12019. Removable taper point for right-hand end is furnished with this lathe.

If desired for bench work, this lathe is mounted on a bench

If desired for bench work, this lathe is mounted on a bench column as shown in Fig. 12027. Height from base to center of spindle, 12".

22° x 22°
38"
134"
136"
48"
514° × 7°
6" x 434"
("and 6)4" x 4)4"

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FIG. 12027.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 12026.

This lathe is designed for using wood or leather polishing wheels or large buffs. Its construction is such as to insure rigidity and to prevent vibration, thereby allowing wheels to be run at a very high speed. The spindle is made of steel, turned and ground, and runs in long babbitted bearings. It is furnished with single or tight and loose pulleys, as desired.

DIMENSIONS,			
Height from base to center of spindle	22"		
Diameter of spindle in bearings.	136*		
Diameter of spindle between flanges	134"		
Length of spindle	38*		
Size of single pulley	6" x 6"		
Size of tight and loose pulleys	6" x 414"		

COUNTERSHAFT.

The countershaft made for use with this lathe has tight and loose pulleys, 9" x 434", single pulley, 18" x 434".

Lathe and countershaftWEIGHTS.	370 lbs.
Lathe only	200 lbs.
Countershaft only	170 lbs.
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NO. 7 POLISHING LATHE.

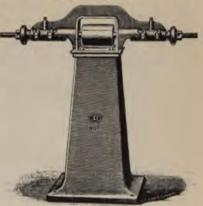


FIG. 12026.

## COUNTERSHAFT.

The countershaft made for use with this lathe has tight and loose pulleys,  $9^{\circ} \times 41_4^{\circ}$ , single driving pulley,  $18^{\circ} \times 41_4^{\circ}$ . When furnished with cone pulley,  $17^{\circ}$ and 18" x 414"

### WEIGHTS

Lathe and countershalt	520 lbs
Lathe only	350 lb
Countershaft only	170 lbs
Lathe on bench column	150 lbs

## NO. 1 DOUBLE-COLUMN POLISHING LATHE.





FIG. 12023.

This lathe, owing to its construction with the overhanging arm, is especially adapted for use on bicycle partial and the second with the overhanging arm, is especially adapted for use on bicycle partial where the wheel. The projection of the wheel from the column allows many-kinds of work to be polished that would be difficult to polish on the ordinary lathes. It is farmished with removable east-tron boxes, atcel spindles and nickel-plated oil cups. It is farmished with any one of three styles of spindle ("B," "E" and "H") shown in Fig. 12019. Removable taper point for right-hand end is furnished with this lathe.

Size of base. DIMENSIONS OF HEAD.	1614" x 10"
	1114
Height from base to center of spindle	
Diameter of spindle in bearings	1367
Diameter of spindle between flanges	134"
Length of spindle	52"
Size of single pulley	5%" × 73%"
Size of tight and loose pulleys	6" x 434"
Size of cone pulley	5" and 6" x 414"
COLUMN.	to much or wide

The column for this lathe is furnished without table, as shown in cut, and is of the following dimensions: Height, 2015", size of base, 24" x 20"

COUNTERSHAFT.

The countershaft made for use with this lathe has tight and loose pulleys 3" x 414", single for large pulley, 18" x 414". When furnished with cone pulley 17" and 18" x 414".





DESCRIPTION FIG.
This size lathe is designed for all kir and buffing. The bearings are furnishabilited, as desired. Unless specified will be furnished. The spindle is maground to size. This lathe is furnished une styles of spindle shown in Fig. 125.

and countershaft can be furnished if deared.
Size of base 12° x 8 %
Height from base to center of spindle
Diameter of spindle in bearings
Diameter of spindle between flanges.
Length of spindle
Size of single pulley.
Size of tight and loose pulleys 414" x 314"
Size of cone pulley 314" and 414" x 314"
Weight of head 70 lbs.
Weight of countershaft
Weight of column



DESCRIPTION FIG. 12025.

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This lathe is furnished with either east-babbitted bearings, as desired. It is furnishs any one of three etyles of spindle ("B," T, "H") abown in Fig. 12019. Removable uses for right-hand end is furnished with this laths

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F1G. 12025.		H H H C C C

DIMENSIONS.

re of base.

The form base to center of spindle anneter of spindle in bearings.

The spindle in The column for this lathe is furnished without table, as shown in it, and is of the following dimensions: Height, 20½, and of box, 'x 20'.

The countershaft made for use with this lathe has tight and loss illeys,  $9^{\circ} \times 41_4^{\circ}$ , single driving pulley,  $18^{\circ} \times 41_4^{\circ}$ . When turnshed th cone pulley,  $17^{\circ}$  and  $18^{\circ} \times 41_4^{\circ}$ .

WEIGHTS.	
Head, column and countershaft	475 Bri
Head only	155 B4
Celumn only	150.84
Countershaft only	Autorita

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#### DESCRIPTION FIGS, 12026 AND 12027

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12026 AND 12027

This labe, having an overhanging arm, is especially adapted for polishing and builing bicycle parts or large pieces where the work is to be done on the under side of the wheel. The construction of the overhanging arm is such that it gives the greatest strength and rigidity, and still allows ample space without interfering with column or head. The spindle is of steel, turned and ground, and runs in long babbitted bearings, in which are placed rings for supplying oil to the spindle from a reservoir in the under part of the bearing. These lathes are furnished with any one of three styles of spindle ("B," "E," and "H") shown in Fig. 12019. Removable taper point for right-hand end is furnished with this lathe.

If desired for bench work, this lathe is mounted on a bench column as shown in Fig. 12027. Height from base to center of spindle, 12°.

Size of base	22" x 22"
Height from base to center of spindle	38"
Diameter of spindle in bearings	136*
Diameter of spindle between flanges	
Length of spindle	48"
Size of single pulley	534" x 7"
Size of tight and loose pulleys	6" × 41/4"
Size of cone pulley	514" and 614" x 414"

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NO. 7 POLISHING LATHE ON BENCH COLUMN.



FIG. 12027.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12028.

This lathe is designed for using wood or leather polishing wheels or large buffs. Its construction is such as to insure rigidity and to prevent vibration, thereby allowing wheels to be run at a very high speed. The spindle is made of steet, turned and ground, and runs in long babbitted bearings. It is furnished with single or tight and loose pulleys, as desired.

# DIMENSIONS.

Height from base to center of spindle	22"
Diameter of spindle in bearings.	134"
Diameter of spindle between flanges	136"
Length of spindle	38"
Size of single pulley	6" x 6"
Size of tight and loose pulleys	0° x 450°
COUNTERSHAFT.	

The countershaft made for use with this lathe has tight and loose pulleys, or x 414°, single pulley, 18° x 414°.

WEIGHTS.	
Lathe and countershaft	370 lbs.
Lathe only	200 lbs.
Countershaft only	170 lbs.

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NO. 7 POLISHING LATHE.

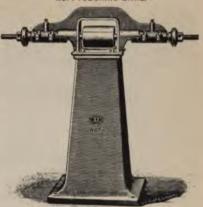


FIG. 12026

## COUNTERSHAFT.

The countershaft made for use with this lathe has tight and loose pulleys,  $9^{\circ} \times 4^{\circ}_{1}f^{\circ}$ , single driving pulley,  $18^{\circ} \times 4^{\circ}_{1}f^{\circ}$ . When furnished with cone pulley,  $17^{\circ}$  and  $18^{\circ} \times 4^{\circ}_{1}f^{\circ}$ .

### WEIGHTS.

Lathe and countershalt	520 lbs
Lathe only	350 lbs
Countershaft only	170 lb
Lathe on bench column	180 lb

## NO. 1 DOUBLE-COLUMN POLISHING LATHE.



FIG. 12028,



FIG. 12029.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12030.

This machine has been designed to meet the demand for a very rigid projecting lathe, and its ample overhang allows the handling of large pieces.

It can be furnished mounted on column, as shown or, if desired for bench work, without column.

The spindle is of steel, turned and ground and runs in long bubbitted bearings. It can be furnished with single, tight and loose, or cone pulley.

#### DIMENSIONS.

Size of base	10" x 1614"
Height from base to center of spindle	151/2"
Diameter of spindle in bearings	134"
Diameter of spindle between flanges	10
Length of spindle	36*
Length of bearings	51/4"
Projection (center of spindle beyond center of	
base)	1534*
Height from base of column to center of spindle.	38"
Size of tight and loose pulleys	416" x 316"
WEIGHTS.	
Lathe on column	375 lbs.
Lathe, head only	175 lbs.
Column only	200 lbs.
A special countershaft can be furnished for this	is machine, if

desired.

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#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12029,

This machine is similar in designs to our No. 1 double-column polisher, but is stuch has were and last a longer spindle, giving greater distance between wheels. Being of very rigid construction, nood or leather polishing wheels, or large bulls can be run at a very high speed.

The spindle is of steel, ground accurately, and runs in long bubbitted bearings. It can be is resided with either single or tight and loose pulleys.

DIMENSIONS.	
Height from base to center of spindle	22
Diameter of spindle in bearings.	2"
Diameter of spindle between flanges	136*
ength of spindle	43"
Size of single pulley	S'x2
Size of tight and loose pulleys	2, x 3/4,
Length of bearings	8"

- Andrews	
Lathe and countershaft, about	885 But
Lathe only, about	425 be.
Countershaft only, about	170 lbs.

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#### COUNTERSHAFT

The countershaft made for use with this laths to tight and loose pulleys,  $9'' \ge 454''$ , single pulley,  $17'' \ge 434''$ .

#### NEW PROJECTING POLISHING LATHE.



FIG. 12030.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12031.

This machine is of extra heavy construction and will be found most attisfactory where a more substantial lathe than that shown in Fig. 12030 is required.

as required. The spindle is of steel, turned and ground and run in long babbitted bearings. As shown, the countershaft is attached to the base, but the machine may be furnished with independent countershaft.

We can also furnish this machine with sliding head, allowing the use of lapped belts.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

SPECIFICATIONS.	
Height from base to center of spindle.	42"
Height of head from base to center of	
spindle	20"
Diameter of spindle in bearings	136*
Diameter of spindle between flanges,	11/2"
Length of spindle	42"
Size of pulley on spindle	4" x 5)4"
Length of bearings	7*
Projection center of spindle beyond	
center of base	20"
COUNTERSHAFT	

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# Tight and loose pulleys....

Driving pulley....

Diameter of shaft,	135
WEIGHTS.	
Lathe, countershaft attached,	500 lbs.
Lathe only	325 lbs.
Countershaft	175 lbs.

### HEAVY PROJECTING POLISHING LATHE.



FIG. 12031

### MOTOR-DRIVEN POLISHING MACHINE.

16" x 4"

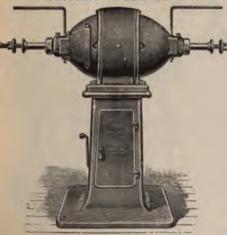


FIG. 12032.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12032.

The accompanying cut shows a type of electrically driven polisher which we have lately placed on the market.

The column is heavy with a large base, thus reducing the vibration to a minimum, even when the machine is placed on a springy floor.

The head is secured to the column by a cast-steel field ring, thus making a very rigid machine. The spindle is of crucible steel, and case-hardened hexagon nuts are furnished with it. Collars are also provided to prevent dust from entering bearings.

The bearings are large, self-aligning, self-oiling and dustproof. They can also be easily renewed.

The motor is fully enclosed, but a very large air. space has been provided to prevent heating.

The case-enclosing motor has been designed with the view to giving as much room as possible around the wheel, allowing large pieces of work to be handled eaily, and adjustable supports for guards are provided.

Doors are placed in the motor case, giving ready access to the brushes.

The armature and commutator are on a quill entirely independent of the shaft. This arrangement allows a new shaft to be readily substituted.

The rheestat and starting switch, which are in the column, are of bronse, and the latter is operated from the outside by a handle, as shown on the left of the column.

Description continued on following page.



FIG. 12029.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12030.

This machine has been designed to meet the demand for a very rigid projecting lathe, and its ample overhang allows the handling of large pieces.

It can be furnished mounted on column, as shown or, if desired for bench work, without column,

The spindle is of steel, turned and ground and runs in long bubbitted bearings. It can be furnished with single, tight and loose, or cone pulley.

#### DIMENSIONS.

Size of base	10" x 161/2"
Height from base to center of spindle	1534*
Diameter of spindle in bearings	134"
Diameter of spindle between flanges	1"
Length of spindle	36"
Length of bearings	314"
Projection (center of spindle beyond center of	
base)	1534*
Height from base of column to center of spindle.	38"
Size of tight and loose pulleys	414" x 314"
WEIGHTS.	
Lathe on column,	375 lbs.
Lathe, head only	175 lbs.
Column only	200 lbs.

A special countershaft can be furnished for this machine, if desired.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12029,

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12028,
This machine is aimilar in design to our No. 1
double-column polisher, but is much heavier and has a longer spindle, giving greater distance between wheels. Being of very rigid construction, and or leather polishing wheels, or large buffers as to run at a very high speed.

The spindle is of steel, ground accurately, and runs in long bublitted bearings. It can be becaused with either single or tight and loose pulleys.

## DIMENSIONS.

Height from base to center of spinelle	227
Diameter of spindle in bearings	27
Diameter of spindle between flanges	156*
Length of spindle	43"
Size of single pulley	S' 4 5
Size of tight and loose pulleys	3"x 314"
Leugth of bearings	
WEIGHTS.	
Lathe and countershaft, about	DEBL
Lathe only, about	EZSTen.
Country half subs wheat	450 Win 1

#### COUNTERSHAFT.

The countershaft made for use with this lathe has tight and loose palleys,  $9^{\sigma} \times 434^{\sigma}$ , single pulley,  $17^{\sigma} \times 434^{\sigma}$ .

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#### NEW PROJECTING POLISHING LATHE.



FIG. 12030,

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12031

This machine is of extra heavy construction and will be found most attisfactory where a more substantial laths than that shown in Fig. 12030 is required.

is required. The spindle is of steel, turned and ground and run in long babbitted bearings. As shown, the countershaft is attached to the base, but the machine may be furnished with independent countershaft.

We can also furnish this machine with sliding head, allowing the use of lapped belts.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

SPECIFICATIONS.	
Height from base to center of spindle.	42"
Height of head from base to center of	
spindle	20*
Diameter of spindle in bearings,	134"
Diameter of spindle between flanges.	135*
Length of spindle	42"
Size of pulley on spindle	4" × 519
Length of bearings	7"
Projection center of spindle beyond	
center of base	20"

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#### COUNTERSHAFT.

Tight and loose pulleys....

Driving pulley

Diameter of shaft	136"
WEIGHTS.	
Lathe, countershaft attached	500 lbs.
Lathe only	325 lbs.
Countershaft	175 lbs.

#### HEAVY PROJECTING POLISHING LATHE.



FIG. 12031.

### MOTOR-DRIVEN POLISHING MACHINE

8" x 41/4"

16" x 4"

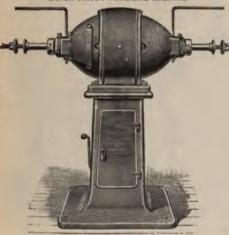


FIG. 12032.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12032.

The accompanying cut shows a type of electrically driven polisher which we have lately placed on the market.

The column is heavy with a large base, thus reducing the vibration to a minimum, even when the machine is placed on a springy floor.

The head is secured to the column by a cast-steel field ring, thus making a very rigid machine. The spindle is of crucible steel, and case-hardened hexagon nuts are furnished with it. Collars are also provided to prevent dust from entering bearings.

The bearings are large, self-aligning, self-oiling and dustproof. They can also be easily renewed.

The motor is fully enclosed, but a very large air space has been provided to prevent heating.

The case-enclosing motor has been designed with the view to giving as much room as possible around the wheel, allowing large pieces of work to be handled easily, and adjustable supports for guards are provided.

Doors are placed in the motor case, giving ready access to the brushes.

The armature and commutator are on a quill entirely independent of the shaft. This arrangement allows a new shaft to be readily substituted.

The rheostat and starting switch, which are in the column, are of brouse, and the latter is operated from the outside by a handle, as shown on the left of the column.

Description continued on following page.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12032.-Continued.

This machine is regularly fitted with D P switch and starting box, with no voltage release attachment.

Automatic overload release attachment and regulating rhoostst can be furnished, if desired.

Sires Nos. 1 and 2 can be used as grinders, if desired, by attaching rests, and for light work are very satisfactory. This machine is not carried in stock.

SPI			

	No. L.	No. Z.	No. 3.	Nat
Size of base,	21" x 21"	$24' \times 24''$	26" x 26"	35,135
Height from base to center of spindle	41"	40"	30*	-39*
Diameter of spindle in bearings	1"	196"	1567	1347
Diameter of spindle between flanges	36"	10	136"	156"
Length of spindle	42"	51"	60*	28"
Length outside to outside of bearings	251/2"	29"	3234"	35"
Diameter of body	1434	1734	1934*	2155*
Horse-power (approximate)	156	3	436	736 1
Speed (maximum), revolutions per minute	3,000	2,600	2,300	2,000 7
Weight machine complete, about	650 lbs.	725 lbs.	800 Ibs.	\$50 lbs. +

#### BELT-STRAPPING ATTACHMENT "A."

Attached to Polishing Lathe on Column.



FIG. 12033.

teeth of rack shown fastened to the floor, holding it firmly. Preing on the landle of the lever (projecting through the upright standard) will release it instantly from the teeth, when the jointed standard wrings forward and releases the belt. The lever is provided with ears that fit into grooves cast in each side of the toothed rack

with eary that he into groove east in each suc of the footned rick on the floor, thereby keeping it always in place. The flanged pulleys are turned inside and out, and carefully balanced to run true. It is built in two sizes, Nos. I and 2, which are alike in general arrangement, but the No. 2 is larger and beavier than No. 1. No. 1 attachment can be used with any grinding or polishing head having a spindle 1° between flanges, and No. 2 with any head having a spindle 154° between flanges. With this attachment any length of belt may be used.

#### WEIGHTS.

No.	Lances	 	110 lb=
No.	2	 TOPTO	200 lbs.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12033.

The head shown on column stands 8" from base to center of spindle. It can be furnished with single, tight and loss or cone pulley, as desired. Diameter of spindle become faces 1°; in the bearings 1½". The spindle is 30" long. The face pulley can be easily removed and a buff or solid wheel said its place. When changes of belts are required, it as it is place.

done almost instantly by slacking up the jointed standard, one end of which is firmly attached to the floor.	0
WEIGHTS.  Machine, attachment and countershaft complete	11 -00

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12034

Attachment only.....

This attachment can be fastened to any part of the for Arrangements for bracing are shown, which states it. In lever shown with projecting handle through the jointed standard has a steel point at the end, which, when the operator tightens the upright standard, drops into the

#### BELT-STRAPPING ATTACHMENT



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12035.

This machine consists of a rigid bed, planed straight on surface, with planed slot, upon which are clamped two heads, each having a steel spindle carrying a driving pulley between the bearings, and a flanged pulley close to boxes on the outside. A hand wheel at one end of the bed operates a square thread screw for drawing one of the heads along the bed to secure the proper tension for the belt. To facilitate the changing of belts, the other head is provided with a handle whereby it can be pushed quickly along the bed. Each head is clamped by a lever and cam, shown, and a slight movement is sufficient to release or tighten it One spindle is provided with the regular ar-

rangement for carrying leather-covered or cloth wheels on the end opposite the flanged pulley. An adjustable rest is furnished for flat work, as shown.

The machine is heavy, well built, and arranged to run at a high rate of speed. The bearings are of the best babbitt metal, and only the best material is used throughout. is arranged to operate quickly, and adapted to all varieties of strapping and polishing work. It can be made of any desired length, with any width of flanged pulleys up to 6".

An overhanging head can be furnished to place on the right-hand end of machine, pro-jecting about 2' over the bed, allowing the operator to get inside of a circle or ring, or other work of that class which could not be polished on the ordinary machine.

BELT-STRAPPING MACHINE D.



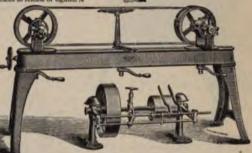


FIG. 12035

	DIMEN	SIONS.	
ength of bed.  eight from floor to center of spindle.  ength of bearings, each.  iameter of spindle in bearings.	353g* 136*	Diameter of spindle between flanges	6" x 415"
This machine is regularly furnished with two double fi	langed pull	leys 14" x 234". Other sizes will be supplied at a reasons	ble rate.

Complete with countershaft.....

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DOUBLE-BELT POLISHING MACHINE



825 lbs. Overhanging head..... DESCRIPTION FIG. 12036.

This machine is designed so that two operators may work at one machine at the same time. The design of the machine is such that the good qualities of the ordinary belt strappers are retained together with the important feature of a great saving in floor space, the machine being self-contained and very compact. This style of machine is more expensive to make since an extra head for each belt is required, but we believe the better service given by it will more than repay the additional first cost. The arrangement admits of using long belts, thus giving long service without change, also having the advantage of the two guiding pulleys near together, so that less chance is afforded for the belt to slip away from irregular convex work.

The driving pulleys are placed at the bottom of the stand; the pulley shafts are of steel hardened and ground and run in self-olling boxes. Idle pulley shafts are of steel hardened and ground and run in self-olling boxes. Idle pulley shafts are of steel hardened and ground and run in self-olling boxes. Idle pulley shafts are of steel hardened and ground and run in self-olling boxes are dependent to the table by bolts which sidie in T alots, thus allowing quick adjustment of belts. The pulleys are 2° between the flanges. The bearings are adequately protected by dust caps from emery dust and dirt. Belt guards are provided for protecting the operator and preventing injury to the belts.

135 fbs.

Dimensions.	
Height from floor to top of belt	43"
Size of small flanged pulleys	6" x 2"
Size of large flanged pulleys.	12" x 2"
Size of tight and loose pulleys on countershaft	6" x 234"
Distance between best centers	20

#### COUNTERSHAFT.

The countershaft furnished with this machine has tight and loose pulleys 8" x 334", driving pulley 20" x 414". It should run about 550 revolutions per

WEIGHTS.	00011
Machine and countershalt	800 lbs.
Machine only	660 lbs.
Countershaft only	140 lbm.



#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12038 AND 12039.

These fans are built either as blowers, with two inlets and a bearing on each side, as below, or as exhausters, with inlet on pulley side closed and with bearings as above. They are distinctively volume fans, with limit of pressure at 4 or 5 ounces per square inch. The shells are of cast iron, and construction of same high grade as the steel pressure blowers.

# GRINDSTONES.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12037.

. The illustration shows a high-grade grindstone mounted in an iron troub on legs. Iron shield, iron water bucket and pulley are furnished.

Made in three sizes as follows:

24" diameter by 3" thick stone. 30° diameter by 4" thick stone.

36" diameter by 6" thick stone.

We are also prepared to furnish a larger size trough suitable for some  $\varphi$  to  $48^\circ$  diameter. This large trough can be furnished with plain less in with wheels so that it can be readily moved about the shop.

# BLOWERS.



FAN BLOWER ON ADJUSTABLE BES



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FIG. 12038.

		-	Blower on Adjustatic Sel.				
No. of Blower or Enhaust.	Diameter and Face of Pulley.	Outside Diameter of Outlet.	Outside Diameter of Injet of Exhaust.	Weight in L. Blow.	ba, not Parked. Exhaust.	Outside Diameter of Tedescopes Outlet.	Parket.
0000	156° × 156°	254*	356	11	11	*****	
00	20% X 10% 30 X 216°	434*	534	45	50	11333	111-
1	314" x 214"	514"	6)4	60	65	14994	-
3	434 X 314	716	982	145	150	A444	
4	6" x 43("	1056*	1014*	210	225	11365	305
5	634" x 514"	1216	1216"	315	330	1316*	463
7	814" # 714"	1634	1654*	750	900	1756	1.00
B	10%" x 8%"	18%	1834"	1,200	1,400	2034	1,200
10	12° × 1014°	2454	2414	2,550	2,700	2534	2.20

These blowers and exhausters are regularly built with bottom horizontal discharge in all sizes, and with up 3 to 10 inclusive. They can be made down-biast or top horizontal discharge when so ordered. The weight horizontal discharge. Blowers are regularly made right hand, but can be made left hand to order. Exhausters at hand.

# FAN BLOWER ON ADJUSTABLE BED

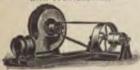


FIG. 12040.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 12040.

Number of Blower.	Outside Diam. of Telescopic Outlet.	Face of Pulley on Fac.	Puller Driving Blower.	Dia of Pulley Driven by Man Rei Irom Line Shall.	No Paris
4	1156"	6" x 434"	28"	10, 12, 14	675
5	1316"	634° n 534°	32*	12, 14, 16	1,013
6	1016"	6" x 614	36"	12, 14, 15, 19	1,535
7	1756*	83%" x 736"	42"	14, 16, 18, 20	2,251
Secretaine	2039	1014" x 814"	42"	18, 20, 22, 24	2,600
9	2336*	12" x 1016		18, 20, 22, 24	4,330
10	2534"	1354° × 1134°	54"	18, 20, 22, 24	8,400

10. Nos. 4 to 10 inclusive are the only sizes regularly furnish with combined adjustable bed and countershaft; but the out when so ordered. Only bottom horizontal discharge blower this style. Tight and loose pulleys are furnished at a nomiz of the usual single countershaft pulley driven by main belt.

# BLOWERS AND EXHAUSTERS.

STEEL PRESSURE

SPECIFICATIONS FIGS. 12041 AND 12042.



STEEL PRESSURE BLOWER ON ADJUSTABLE BED.



FIG. 12042.

FIG. 12041.

These blowers are intended for pressures up to 16 ounces per square inch.

Nos. 0000 to 3 inclusive have only one pulley, placed on right hand, as one faces outlet. Larger sizes have two pulleys. All sizes are regularly built to discharge citizen horizontally at the bottom, but can be built to order to discharge either horizontally at the top, directly upward or directly downward. Bottom horizontal blowers Nos. 4 to 10 are the only sizes regularly furnished with adjustable bed.

With the adjustable bed, upon which the blower may be moved by means of the shackle bolt, and the telescopic outlet, which allows for such movement without breaking pipe joints, it is possible to bring any desired tension on the belts while running. The bed is constructed of steel beams, and when combined with a counterstable, renders the entire apparatus self-contained and causes the belts to track evenly, run smoothly and wear well.

STEEL PRESSURE BLOWER ON AD-JUSTABLE BED WITH COUNTERSHAFT.

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FIG. 12043. DOUBLE PLANING MILL EXHAUSTER.

Diameter of Pulley Driven by Main Belt Irom Line Shaft. Outside Discuster Telescopt Outlet, 814" 914" 1119" | Diameter of Diameter of Diameter and Diameter of Dia

SINGLE PLANING MILL EXHAUSTER.



FIG. 12044.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12044 AND 12045.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12044 AND 12045.

The shell is of steel plate of such thickness as to withstand the abrading action of the material. A cast of the steel continuous colling boxes with the shalt and pulley, and asstains the cotient strain. The fan wheel is overhung upon the end of the shalt, thus leaving the inlet entirely unobstructed for the free passage of the material to be handled. A double exhauster is applicable where the piping extends in opposite directions from the lant, for it permits of direct connection to the inlets and avoids elbows. The double type has less height for a given expacity.



FIG. 12045.

	Ontolde	Chatelida		Single Exha	unter,	Double Exha	unier.
Stree No.	Diameter of	Diameter of Outlet,	Med. Speed.	Diameter and Face of Pulley.	Weight in	Diameter and Face of Pulley.	Weight im
36	11"	11"	2,425	516" x 5"	300	616" x 6"	500 750
40	15*	1440*	1,825	6%" × 6%"	600 750	8" X 8"	1,000
56.	19*	1834*	1,450	814" x 814"	875 1.150	1014 x 1014	1,625
70.	23*	2234*	1,225	1014" × 10"	1.450	12° × 11142°	2,250
80.	. 30"	30"	900	1314" x 111/4"	2,400	20" = 1214"	4,000

These exhausters are built to discharge either horizontally at the top or bottom or directly upward. Down discharge tans can be built to order and are provided with rectangular outlets. All single exhausters are regularly built, either right or left hand. A right-hand fan has pulley on right-hand side as one faces outlet. The weights given are for bottom horizontal discharge fans not packed.

## BLOWERS AND EXHAUSTERS.

# OVERHEAD COUNTERSHAFT FOR

BLOWER OR EXHAUSTER.

The shafts are of steel, boxes are habbitted, and pulleys carefully blowers, above No. 3, require two pulleys on countershaft. Smaller and planing mill fans require only one. Tight and loose pulleys care



Driving Blower, in Ins.	Driven by Main Belt from Line Shaft, in Ins. 514,6	of Shaft, in Inc.	Steel Pressure or "Monagram." (000)	8.7. Par	Dame
16	6, 7 7, 8 7, 8, 10 8, 10, 12 10, 12, 14 12, 14, 16 12, 14, 16, 18 14, 16, 18, 20 18, 20, 22, 24 18, 20, 22, 24	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8,9 9,10	30 35 40, 45 50, 55 60 70, 60	200 21, 45 40, 46 20, 70, 80

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12047 AND 12048.

The bodies of these blast gates are carefully adjusted to a nice sliding fit and provided with slides, which render them practically air tight. The lever pattern, when operated by cord, is convenient for inaccessible locations. Size given is outside diameter of collar where pipe slips on. Prices are the same for both slide and lever patterns.

Sizes: 11/2", 2", 21/2", 3", 31/2", 4", 5", 6", 7", 8", 9", 10", 12", 14", 15", 10", 18", 20", 24", 30".

# BLAST GATES FOR USE WITH BLOWERS AND EXHAUSTERS.





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FIG. 12047.

# POSITIVE PRESSURE BLOWER FOR FOUNDRY CUPOLA.



FIG. 12049.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12049.

WITH NECESSARY HORSE-POWER AT 1 LB. PRESSURE

No. 1 Blower.—Discharges 3 cubic feet per revolution. Adapted to a cupola 22 to 27 inside linin 250 revolutions per minute will moit 115 tons per hour. 315 horse-power. 250 revolutions per minute will moit 115 tons per hour. 4 horse-power. 325 revolutions per minute will moit 115 tons per hour. 4 horse-power. No. 2 Blower.—Discharges 5 cubic feet per revolution. Adapted to a cupola 28 to 30 inside lini 250 revolutions per minute will melt 215 tons per hour. 515 horse-power. 275 revolutions per minute will melt 215 tons per hour. 5 horse-power. 300 revolutions per minute will melt 27 tons per hour. 7 horse-power.

# BLOWERS AND EXHAUSTERS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12049,-Continued.

- No. 3 Blower.—Discharges 8 cubic feet per revolution. Adapted
  to a cupols 30° to 32° inside lining.
  225 R. P. M. will melt 31 tons per hour. 8 H. P.
  230 R. P. M. will melt 4 tons per hour. 9 H. P.
  237 R. P. M. will melt 4 fons per hour. 10 H. P.
  238 R. P. M. will melt 4 fons per hour. 10 H. P.
  239 R. P. M. will melt 4 fons per hour. 10 H. P.
  230 R. P. P. M. will melt 24° tons per hour. 40 H. P.
  230 R. P. P. M. will melt 24° tons per hour. 40 H. P.
- No. 4 Blower.—Discharges 13 cubic feet per revolution. Adapted to a cupola 33" to 42" inside lining.

  175 R. P. M. will melt 4½ tons per hour. 10 H. P.

  220 R. P. M. will melt 5½ tons per hour. 12½ H. P.

  270 R. P. M. will melt 7 tons per hour. 15 H. P.

  190 R. P. M. will cubic 24 tons per hour. 25 H. P.
- No. 5 Blower.—Discharges 20 cubic feet per revolution. Adapted to a cupola 42° to 48° inside lining.

  175 R. P. M. will melt 7 tons per hour. 16 H. P.

  225 R. P. M. will melt 9 tons per hour. 2 H. P.

  250 R. P. M. will melt 10 tons per hour. 2 H. P.

  150 R. P. M. will neet 22 tons per hour. 3 H. P.

  150 R. P. M. will neet 25 tons per hour. 62 H. P.
- No. 5½ Blower.—Discharges 29 cubic feet per revolution. Adapted to a cupola 48' to 54' inside lining. 175 R. P. M. will mell 10½ tons per bour. 22 H. P. 200 R. P. M. will mell 11½ tons per bour. 25 H. P. 225 R. P. M. will mell 13½ tons per bour. 25 H. P.
- No. 6 Blower.—Discharges 37 cubic feet per revolution. Adapted to a cupola 54 to 66 inside lining.
  150 R. P. M. will melt 11 tons per hour. 24 H. P.
  180 R. P. M. will melt 1345 tons per hour. 29 H. P.
  210 R. P. M. will melt 1345 tons per hour. 34 H. P.

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- No. 8 Blower.—Discharges 116 cubic feet per revolution. Adapted to a cupola 66° to 72° inside lining.

  120 R. P. M. will melt 27 tons per hour. 61 H. P. 130 R. P. M. will melt 30 tons per hour. 66 H. P. 150 R. P. M. will melt 35 tons per hour. 76 H. P.
- No. 9 Blower.—Discharges 195 cubic feet per revolution. Add to two cupolas 72° or three cupolas 60° inside lining. 80 R. P. M. will melt 31½ tone per hour. 69 H. P. 90 R. P. M. will melt 35 tone per hour. 77 H. P. 100 R. P. M. will melt 35 tone per hour. 86 H. P.

# POSITIVE PRESSURE BLOWERS.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 12050.

Bies No.	Cubic Inch Capacity per Mevulutum.	Maximum Speed per Revolution.	Pulley States	Horse-power Required (Approximate),	Maximum Premure per Square Inch.	Net Weight.	Ploce Space.	Inlet and Outlet. (Iran Pipe Size.)
1A	15 40 100 280 425 600 1,000 1,650 3,400	200	3" x 1" 4" x 13-5" 6" x 23-5" 9" x 3" 10" x 3" 12" x 4" 14" x 6" 18" x 6" 20" x 6"	16 16 4 5 7	8 lbs. 8 lbs. 8 lbs. 8 lbs. 8 lbs. 8 lbs. 8 lbs. 8 lbs.	35 lbs. 88 lbs. 160 lbs. 210 lbs. 285 lbs. 575 lbs.	12" x 614" 15" x 634" 22" x 14" 28" x 17" 33" x 19" 36" x 19" 48" x 22" 54" x 30" 60" x 34"	15° 11' 11'5° 20' 21'5° 21'5° 30'



FIG. 12050

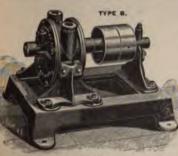
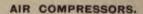


FIG. 12051.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 12051.

Size No.	Cubic Inch Capacity per Hevolution.	Maximum Speed per Revolution,	Pulley Sistes.	Harm-power Required, (Approximate.)	Maximum Pressure per Square Inch.	Net Weight.	Floor Space.	Inlet and Outlet. (Iron Pipe Size.)
1B 2B 3B 4B 5B 6B 8B	40 100 280 425 600 1,000	250 200 200 200		11/2 1/2 4	H lbs. H lbs. H lbs. H lbs. H lbs. H lbs. H lbs.	52 lbs. 140 lbs. 230 lbs. 310 lbs. 400 lbs.	11" x 1514" 1914" x 2314" 2214" x 29" 2414" x 35" 2414" x 38" 28" x 4814"	15° 116° 22° 63° 4°
12B	3,400	200	20" x 6"	7	8 lba.	1,820 lbm.	42" × 62"	4"



# SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 12002.

Size No.		Spend,	Diproster of Pullsyn	Face of Pallers	年
1D	15	500	6"	2"	25 fm.
2D	40	400	*	2"	25 fm.
3D	100	250	12*	4"	25 ba.
4D	280	250	14"	4"	25.7m
5D	400	200	18*	65	25 84.
6D	600	200	16*	*	25 Bu
8D	1,000	200	20*	40	25 Ba
10D	1,650	200	22"	20"	25 De
12D	3,400	200	24"	10*	2124
******		The Real Property lies		The second second	

Air receiver and valve can be furnished at extra cost, when does

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180

FIG. 12052

SINGLE, SELF-OILING, BELT-DRIVEN AIR COMPRESSOR CLASS &



FIG. 12053.

SPECI	FICATIO	ONS FI	G. 12053.

Piston Dis-				96	ECIFICATIO	Me LIE	. 12000.				
placement in Cubic Frei.	Revolutions per Minute.	Diameter of Cylinder.	Stroke.	Air Press- ure De- signed for.	Horse-power Required.	Air Inlet.	Distance.	Diameter of Fly Whenia	Weight of		-
60	150	8*	8"	100	14	3"	234*	39*	1,000	9, 11,	75
88	150	9*	R*	100	16	3"	193.24	30*	1,000	6° 11°	25
107	150	10"	8-	75	16 18	3*	212"	39*	1,000	6' 11"	24
60 88 107 155 134 194 205 237 320	150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	10*	B*	50	20	315"	212"	39*	1,000 1,000 1,000	0' 11°	2.45
134	150	10"	10"	100	26	3*	214"	48"	1,200	7' 60	-
194	150	12"	10"	75	32	315	3*	48*	1,250	7' 8"	-
265	150	14"	10"	55	37	312"	3"	48*	1,250	201 100	2"
237	150	12*	12"	100	32 37 47	3164	200	57*		47.90	2.0
320	150	14"	12"	85	56	314"	3"	57*			-
41.0	R MICH.	19.00	1.00	40	47.4	100	41.00	170			

Automatic unloading device is furnished with each compressor. For ground description and

CLASS C



COMPAN

FAIRBANKS

THE

FIG. 12054.

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12053 TO 12058.

Frame.—The frame is entirely inclosed, allowing the crosshead pin, alides, main bearings and crank pins to run in a nath of oil which is fed to the parts in copious quantities by the crank disks which dip into the oil chamber. The oil feed to all parts is positive and lubrication starts and stops with the machine without attention. The oil, after being used, drains back to the chamber; around this chamber is east a raised rib, which the oil must overflow in order to re-enter the chamber, thereby depositing any sediment outside the rib, from whence it may be drawn off. Any drip from the front stuffing box enters and can be drawn off from a separate chamber preventing it from entering the oil chamber. This inclosed type of frame also thoroughly protest the parts from dust and grit preventing it from entering the oil chamber. This inclosed type of frame also thoroughly protest the parts from dust and grit preventing to Fillow blocks are of the heavy duty type, well tied into body of frame, the isseling rigidly held by the heavy inter-locking bearing cap. On all single compressors these frames are equipped with double bearings to permit of the center crank construction.

uction.
Sub-Bass.—With the exception of the single, belt-driven, Class A compressors, each machine is mounted on a substantial iron sub-se, making the whole compressor self-contained, insuring rigidity and absolute alignment, and obviating the necessity of an expensive

fation.

An Bearings.—The design and construction of the main bearings mark a decided improvement over usual methods. These bearings the half-box type, fitted with removable cast-iron shells lined with genuine habbitt. The babbitt is pinned in and boxed. Bearing or as recovery the half-box type, fitted with removable cast-iron shells lined with genuine habbitt. The babbitt is pinned in and boxed. Bearing or a recovery the latter being provided with lock not.

The standard provided with lock not with lock

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 12084.

and a second	34	Lore inder.	High- inder.		free	6.	4	8	74	77	Yluar	Ярын
Pinton Displacem in Cubic Feet	Revolution year Manual	Diameter of Pressure Cyl	Diameter of Pressure Cyl	Stroke	Air Presson Designed	Horse-power Required.	Air Jules	Air Discha	Frameter Fig Whee	Weight of Fly Wheel in Lies.	Length	Width.
210 342 519	150 150 150	14" 16" 18"	9° 10° 12°	8° 10° 12*	100 100 100	35 55 87	334° 4° 436°	216° 216° 3°	50° 60° 66°	1,450 2,406 3,500	7' 5" 8' 3" 9' 5"	4' 4" 4' 8" 5' 4"

Priors include all manatings, lubricators for air cylinders, necessary wrenches, and foundation plans. Automatic unloading device

SINGLE, SELF-OILING, STEAM-DRIVEN AIR COMPRESSOR. CLASS D.

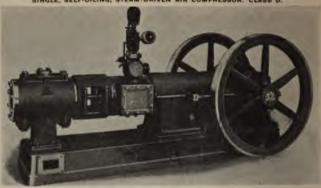


FIG. 12055.

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12053 TO 12058. Centinued.

Eccentric.—The inclosed self-oling feature is also applied to the eccentric, by means of an eccentric case which is bedied to the best of main bearing, and in which eccentric operates. Oil is fed into case by crank disks, maintaining it at a constant level, and allows the eccentric to dis into oil at each revolution. Oil drains back to frame as fast as fed into case.

Air Valves.—These are of the vertical lift, popper type, wenting light on their scats. Valves proper are of one piece, high casted, and are very light, preventing hammering.

Both inlet and dischape valves work in bronze guides, which are securely locked. By the extension of the cylinder heads over the valves it is made impossible for a valve to be pulled into cylinder in case of breakage. Access is had to all valves without beating to the control of the cylinder in case of breakage. Access is had to all valves without beating to the control of the cylinder in case of breakage. Access is had to all valves without beating to the control of the cylinder in case of breakage. Access is had to all valves without beating to the control of the cylinder in case of breakage. Access is had to all valves without beating the control of the cylinder in case of breakage. Access is had to all valves without beating a breakage compressors have the intercooler placed in sub-base, directly under air cylinders. It is under up all large number of small break the control of deflector plates the air is passed between the tubes in the form of this second coming theoroughly cooled. Cooling area exposed to air is very large and cooler has ample volume to supply high-pressure cylinders in centrely self-contained and can readily be removed from base. Intercooler is provided with a slety valve.

Governor.—Each steam-driven compressor is equipped with a high-grade steam and pressure governor which automatically of the continued and consequent compressor with an automatic unloading device, which, when pressure have the further compression of air and consequent consumption of p

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 12055

not.		5	ine in Inc	hes.				2			Fly Who	els, Two.	Floor	Spare.
Pisten Displacements in Cubic Feet.	Revolutions per Minute	Steam Cylinder,	Air Cylinder.	Stroke.	Air Pressure Designed for.	Horse-parect Required,	Steam Supply.	Bleam Exhaust.	Air Inlet.	Air Discharge.	Diameter.	Weight, ibs.	Length.	Winte
69 88 107 155 213 134 194 265 350 *237 *320 *415 *529	150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	8 8 8 8 9 10 10 10 10 12 12 12 12 12	8 9 10 12 14 10 12 14 16 12 14 16 18	8 8 8 8 10 10 10 10 12 12 12 12 12	100 85 75 50 35 100 75 55 40 100 85 60 50	14 16 18 20 22 26 32 37 40 47 56 61 69	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2* 2* 2* 2* 2* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3*	3" 3" 3" 3" 3" 3" 3" 3" 3" 3" 3" 3" 3" 3	214* 215* 215* 3* 216* 3* 314* 315* 315* 315* 315*	39" 39" 39" 39" 48" 48" 48" 57" 57" 57"	800 800 800 800 800 1,100 1,100 1,100 1,700 1,700 1,700 1,700	8' 10' 8' 10' 8' 10' 8' 10' 8' 10' 8' 10' 10' 10' 10' 10' 10' 10' 10' 10' 10	*************

The above sizes are standard. Our large stock of patterns enables us to furnish special combinations to suit any requires include foundation plans, all mountings, lubricators for air cylinder, wrenches, etc.; also combined speed and present the combined speed and the combined speed an sipped with Meyer adjustable out off valve gonf

DUPLEX. SELF-OILING. TWO-STAGE, STEAM-DRIVEN AIR COMPRESSOR. CLASS F.

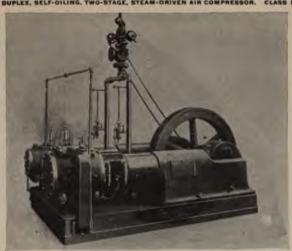


FIG. 12056.

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12053 TO 12058,-Continued.

Connecting Rod.—On all duplex compressors the connecting rod is of the solid-end type forged from one piece of high-grade machine steel. For all single machines we use the solid-end construction on the crossband end and the standard marine construction on crank pin end, as illustrated. Crossband and crank pin boxes are the best phosphor bronze.

Fiston Rods.—The pitch rods are of the best machine steel turned straight and true. They are secured in crossband by a long coarse thread and jum nut, and are drawn into reamed taper boles in pistons and beld by nut and lock.

Steam Cylinders.—In casting the steam cylinders we use a special grade of very hard, close-grained iron, which wears to a perfect surface. The steam ports are designed amply large to prevent wire drawing, and are short and direct. The steam cylinders are covered with mineral wool and lagged with Russia iron.

Air Cylinders.—The air cylinders are cast from the same grade of iron as the steam cylinders. The cylinder and valves here placed in the cylinder body vertically, thus utilizing to the greatest extent the cooling value of the heads, which are also jacketed. By our design the clearance is reduced to a minimum, thus effecting a very high volumetric efficiency. m.—The stuffing boxes are large and deep; the air-head boxes are water jacketed. All stuffing boxes are readily acce

sible.

Fly-Wheel.—The fly-wheel is of large diameter, extra heavy weight, and has square rim section. The wheel is split, and is held together at the rim by wrought iron links and taper keys of large sectional area, and at the hub by four heavy bolts passing through deep lugs. The wheel is keyed to shaft.

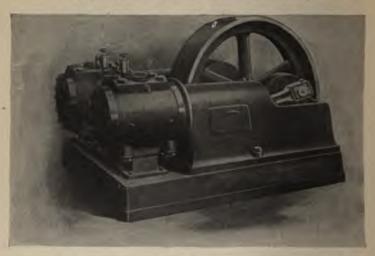
Steam Valve.—The steam valve is of the D slide type, operated by the eccentric through a rocker arm supported from the side of frame. Valve and seat are scraped to a perfect bearing, making an absolutely tight valve, and one which operates with but slight friction. All steam cylinders 12" in diameter we equip with the Meyer adjustable cut-off valve gear.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 12056

mebi.	10		Sice, in	Inches.		++		6	ant.		+	4		Floor	Space.
Piaton Displacem in Cubic Free	Revelations per Minute.	Steam	Low-Pressure Air Cylinder.	Bigh-Presente Air Cylinder	Btroke	Air Pressure Designed for	Honse-power Kequired.	Steam Supply.	Steam Exhau	Air Inlet.	Air Discharg	Diameter of Fly Wheel.	Waght of Fly Wheel	Length.	Width.
210 342 519	150 150 150	8 10 12	14 16 18	10 12	6 10 12	100 100 100	35 60 90	2" 214" 314"	254° 3° 354°	315"	256° 3° 354°	53° 60° 66°	1,200 lbs. 2,000 lbs. 3,500 lbs.	8' 10" 10' 4" 11' 11"	5' 4" 5' 10" 6' 11"

Prices include foundation plans, all mountings, lubricators for air cylinders, wrenches, etc.; also combine

DUPLEX, SELF-DILING, BELT-DRIVEN AIR COMPRESSOR. CLASS B.



CONTRACT

35.03

FIG. 12057.

For general description see pages 511 to 513.

-				SPE	CIFICAT	IONS FIG	12057.					1
Piston Dis- placement in Cubic Feet,	Revolu- tions Per Minute.	Diameter of Cylinder.	Stroke.	Air Press- ure De- signed for.	Horse- power Re- quired,	Air Inlet.	Air Dis-	Diameter of Fly Wheel.	Weight of Fly Wheel. Line.	-Floor ! Longth.	Nick	AP.
138	150	6"	8*	100	28	3*	214"	53*	1,450	6"11"	40	
176	150	9"	8"	85	32	3"	214"	53*	1,450	0'11"		H
214	150	10"	8*	75	36	3"	234*	53*	1,450	7 2"	4.5	B
310	150	12"	8"	50	40	31/2"	3"	53"	1,450	7 2	4.0	ř
427	150	14"	8"	35	-44	314*	3"	53"	1,450	7: 25	48	B
268	150	10"	10"	100	52	3"	254*	60"	2,400	8 3"	CE	
388	150	12	10"	75	64	314"	3"	60"	2,400	8' 4"	4'10'	
530	150	14"	10"	55	74	31/2"	3"	60"	2,400	8' 6"	N 6	
700	150	16*	10*	4.5	85	4"	314"	60"	2,400	81 71	5 8	
474	150	12"	12*	100	94	314"	3"	66*	3,500	9" 5"	3'10'	
640	150	14"	12"	85	112	316"	3*	66"	3,500	0' 0"	2.4	
830*	150	16*	12"	60	122	4"	31/5"	60"	3,500	91 81	2.2	
1,059	150	18*	12*	50	139	4"	315"	66*	3,500	9" 10"	45	

Prices include all mountings, lubricators for air cylinders, necessary wrenches, and foundation plans. furnished with each compressor.

DUPLEX, SELF-OILING, STEAM-DRIVEN AIR COMPRESSOR CLASS E.



FIG. 12058.
For general description see pages 511 to 513.

#### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 12058.

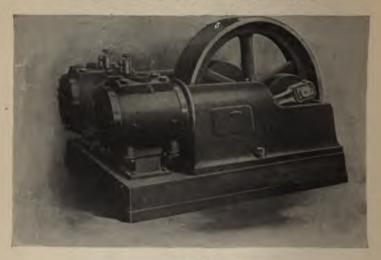
_	_			_		-	ricario		12000.		_			
1		86	ice, in In	ebes.			4	4		4			Floor 8	paor.
Fiston Displacement in Cubic Foet.	Revolutions per Minute.	Steam Cylindera	Cylinders.	Stroke.	Air Pressure Designed for	Horse-power Required	Steam Bupply.	Bienm Exhau	Air Intet.	Air Discharg	Diameter of Fly Wheel,	Weight of Fly Wheel.	Length.	Wideh.
138 176 214 310 427 268 388 530 700 474 4640 830 *1,058	150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	8 8 8 8 8 10 10 10 10 10 12 12 12 12	8 9 10 12 14 10 12 14 16 12 14 16 12 18	8 8 8 8 10 10 10 10 12 12 12 12	100 85 75 50 35 100 75 55 45 100 85 60 50	28 32 36 40 44 52 64 74 85 94 112 122 138	2* 2* 2* 2* 2* 2* 2* 2* 2* 2* 2* 2* 2* 2	23/2° 23/2° 23/2° 23/2° 37 37 38 31/2° 33/2° 33/2° 33/2° 33/2°	3" 3" 3" 3" 3" 3" 3" 4" 5" 5" 5" 5" 5"	215* 215* 215* 3* 3* 3* 315* 315* 315* 315*	53° 53° 53° 53° 53° 60° 60° 60° 66° 66° 66°	1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500	8' 10" 8' 10" 8' 10" 8' 10" 8' 10" 4" 10' 4" 10' 6" 11' 11" 11' 11" 11' 11"	4' 6' 4' 6' 4' 6' 4' 6' 4' 6' 4' 6' 6' 10' 6' 10' 6' 11' 6' 11'

The above sizes are standard. Our large stock of patterns enables us to furnish special combinations to suit any requirements.

Prices include foundation plans, all mountings, lubricators for air cylinders, wrenches, etc.; also combined speed and pressure sgulators.

<sup>\*</sup> Steam epfinders 13" diameter and larger are equipped with Meyer adjustable cut-off valve gent.

DUPLEX, SELF-OILING, BELT-DRIVEN AIR COMPRESSOR. CLASS B.



COMPANY

BEST A BEST

FIG. 12057.

For general description see pages 511 to 513.

				SPI	CIFICATI	IONS FIG.	12057.					ž
Piston Dis- placement in Cutic Feet.	Revolu- tions Per Minute.	Diameter of Cylinder,	Stroke,	Air Premure De- signed for.	Horse- power Re- quired.	Air Inlet.	Air Dis-	Diameter of Fly Wheel.	Weight of Fly Wheel. Lbs.	-Flori	With.	1
138	150	8"	82	100	28	3"	234*	03"	1,450	8, 11,	4.2	
176	150	9"	85	85	32	3"	234*	53"	1,450	0.11.	4.4	Ä
214	150	10"	84	75	'36	3"	254"	53°	1,450	7' 2"	2.2	ř
310	150	12"	8"	50	40	314"	3"	53"	1,450	77 27	4.5	H
427	150	14"	8"	35	44	314"	3*	53"	1,450	72	N. W.	h
268	150	10°	10"	100	52	3"	214"	60*	2,400	8, 24	4. 4.	
388	150	12"	10"	75	64	334"	3"	60°	2,400	8' 4"	4" 10"	
530	150	14"	10*	55	74	314"	3"	60*	2,400	8' 6"	5" 6"	
700	150	16*	10"	-4.5	85	4"	314"	80"	2,400	8, 2,	2º 8º	
474	150	12"	12"	100	94	314"	3"	60*	3,500	9" 3"	5" 10"	
640	150	14"	12*	85	112	314"	3"	66"	3,500	D. 0.	0. O.	
830*	150	16*	12*	60	122	4"	31/2"	66"	3,500	9' 8"	0° 8"	
1.059	150	18*	12*	50	138	4"	314"	66"	3,500	9' 10"	5.0	

Prices include all mountings, lubricators for air cylinders, necessary wrenches, and foundation plans. Automatic unloading devies a furnished with each compressor.

DUPLEX, SELF-DILING, STEAM-DRIVEN AIR COMPRESSOR. CLASS E.

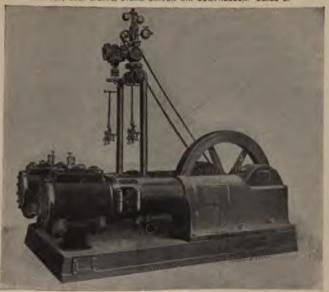


FIG. 12058. For general description see pages 511 to 513.

# SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 12058.

50	. 6	ine, in In	ches.	1	1.	5	1		2	**		Please the	March,
Revolutions per Minute.	Steam Cylinders.	Cylinders.	Strake	Air Freesure Designed for.	Ruem-pomer Required	Steam Supply	Steam Exha	Air Jahes	Ale Dischae	No. of Lot	THE STATE OF	Longity	Walds
150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	8 8 8 8 10 10 10 10 12 12 12 12	8 9 10 12 14 10 12 14 16 12 14 16 12 14 16 12	8 8 8 9 10 10 10 10 10 12 12 12 12	100 85 75 50 35 100 75 55 45 100 85 60 50	28 32 36 40 44 52 64 74 85 94 112 122 138	****************	21/2° 21/2°	3° 3° 3° 3° 3° 3° 3° 3° 3° 3° 3° 3° 3° 3	214* 214* 214* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3* 3*	53° 53° 53° 53° 53° 53° 53° 53° 53° 53°	1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,500 3,500 3,500 3,500	# 10" # 10" # 10" # 10" # 10" # 10" # 10" # 11" 11" 11" 11" 11" 11"	444444444444444444444444444444444444444

bove sizes are standard. Our large stock of patterns enables us to furnish social conditions to the large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which see it is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders, which is to be a large stock of patterns of air cylinders.

cylinders 12" diameter and larger are equipped with Meyer adjustable cut-off value gaze

DUPLEX. SELF-OILING, MOTOR-DRIVEN AIR COMPRESSOR. CLASS EB.

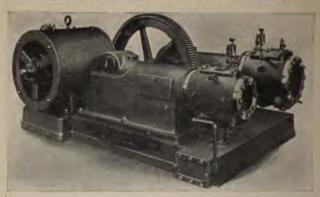


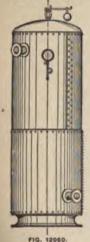
FIG. 12059.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 12059.

There is an increasing demand for air compressors driven by electric motor, and we are prepared to adapt any of our belt-driven compressors to this type, either direct-connected or driven by noiseless chain. The inclosed construction of our compressors makes then especially advantageous as motor-driven machines.

In asking for quotations please specify voltage and current available.

## VERTICAL RECEIVER.



# AIR RECEIVERS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12080.

Made of best 60,000 lbs. tensile-strength steel, sides double riveted, and tested to 200 lbs. Them receivers are guaranteed for 110 lbs. working pressure.

Equipment includes pressure gauge, safety valve, drain cocks and flanged openings.

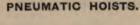
#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Diameter.	Height.	Thickness Shell.	Thickness Wood	Weight
20"	5'	36*	36	900 Be.
24*	0'	34"	36"	500 fla.
30*	6"	34"	34"	700 fin.
36"	67	14"	34"	1,000 Hm.
36*	8'	34"	34"	1,200 lbs.
42*	8'	W.	36"	1,000 Hac
48"	12'	w	76"	2,800 lbs.
54"	12'	11	34"	3,200 fin,

H

4 A

回 H H TYPE A HOIST.



DESCRIPTION FIGS, 12061 AND 12062.

Valve is provided with automatic oiler. Adjustable speed regulator permits valve to be set for all speeds; inde-

Adjustable speed regulator permits valve to be set for all speeds; independent adjustment for raising and lowering.

Safety check prevents load falling suddenly in case of break in supply hose.

Exhaust from valve is carried to top and so arranged that only pure sir from the compressor can be admitted to cylinder in lowering process. Keepa out grit and dust and saves the packing.

Automatic Cut-off.—Closes valve at any desired height of lift without attention from operator. The point of cut-off is fixed by position of clamp collar on piston rod; this collar is clamped on and rod cannot be marred.

The Safety Chedra A course recoveraged at two of hoist provents piston.

Top Safety Check.—A simple arrangement at top of hoist prevents piston from flying up in case load should become detached. Any unusual pressure of exhaust automatically closes opening and air remaining in cylinder checks upward motion of piston.

Swivel Hook.—Has both rotating and swinging movements. Has distinct advantages over other devices used in its strength and simplicity. Type A Hoist.—Equipped with special features as above is suitable for the most delicate work, and is one of the most sensitive hoists made.

Type B hoists in all essential features are similar in construction to Type A. The same designs of cylinders, pistons, and other vital parts are used.

Valve has automatic oiler. Exhausts direct.

Hook is forged on end of piston rod, which reduces the length of the hoist to the minimum. Swivel hook will be furnished without extra charge if

to the immunity conversion of the process of the pr



TYPE B HOIST.

The table below gives standard sizes with capacities and other data. The capacity varies in proportion to the pressure—the quantity

of free air is directly proportional to the load.

Factor of safety allowed is ample for all sizes for the maximum rated capacity.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

	Carnetties		roke to Get	Approximate	Weight	s of Hoists.
Sizes. Inside Diam. of Cylinder,	Nominal Lifting Capacity in Life. at Air Promures of from 60 to 100 lbs.	tween Bea	Type B.	Not Amount of Free Air Used in One 4' Lift, In Cubic Feet,	Standard Haust 4' Stroke. Lba,	Add for each additional 12" of Stroke, Lto.
Cytomics,  (3)(4" 4" 4" 4" 5" 6" 6" 6" 7" 7" 7" 6" 6" 7" 7" 8" 8" 9" 9" 12" 8 14"	from 60 to 100 lite.  350 to 600 650 to 1,100 1,000 to 1,700 1,500 to 2,500 1,700 to 2,500 2,000 to 3,000 2,000 to 3,000 2,100 to 4,000 2,100 to 4,000 2,000 to 4,000 3,500 to 5,000 4,000 to 7,000 6,000 to 10,000 8,000 to 10,000 8,000 to 10,000	Type A.  17/18* 18* 19* 21 14* 23* 23 14* 23 23* 23 14* 23 25* 26 26 26* 20 14*	Type B.  117 1034" 1034" 1034" 122" 13" 1434" 123' 1434" 1034" 1754" 1034"	In Cubic Feet.  1.2 to 2. 1.4 to 2.6 2.7 to 4.2 2.9 to 5.9 4.6 to 7. 5.5 to 8. 6. to 9.2 3.9 to 5.9 5.5 to 8. 7. to 10.8 8.5 to 13. 11.2 to 17.1 15.4 to 23.6 21.3 to 32.8	Lbs. 110 120 150 175 190 200 220 425 475 625 700 775 1,000 1,200	10 15 20 25 28 30 35 40 60 100 110 120 145
18°	10,000 to 18,000 12,000 to 23,000 16,000 to 28,000 24,000 to 40,000	3234" 3934" 4134"	2214" 2012" 2014" 2014"	27.0 to 42.2 35.4 to 54.3 42.2 to 65.6 62.6 to 90,	1,650 1,900 2,300 3,250	175 200 250 300

Hoiste with lifts from 4' to 6' are standard sizes ordinarily used,

# PNEUMATIC HOISTS.

CLASS A HOIST. 5,000 LBS.



#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12063 TO 12086.

A hoist that takes up little head room and will positively hold its load has long been desired. We beg to call your attention to the accompanying illustrations and descriptions of our perfected pneumatic motor chain hoists, which are light and take up about the room as the hand-power differential hoists. They are easily handled and are under the period control of the operator to start, step and hold lead at any point. They do not depend upon air pressure to sustain load. These boists can be suspended upon a trolley and run in any direction or upon a boom of jib crane, or in any position where a block and fall can be used.

One reversible motor is attached to the side plates. This motor has a pinion on such col of piston shaft, which meshes into driving-gear wheels, which in turn operate the main shaft, upon which sprocket wheels are placed for the chain to run over.

Being a chain hoist, any length of lift desired can be obtained; but unless otherwise orders we furnish with each hoist 25' of chain, which gives a lift of about 10'.

These hoists are classed under three heads, A. B, and C. Class A hoists are constructed in the differential principle, and are not dependent upon brake or other contrivance to load. Will lift from 10' to 13' per minute under an air pressure of 80 lbs.

Class B hoists are so constructed that a friction brake holds the load positively; are more rapid in action, and will lift from 28' to 36' per minute under the same pressure.

Class C hoists have the same capacities as Class A hoists, but lift at a much increased speed. They hold their loads by means of a friction on motor shaft, as is the case with the Class B hoist, Under 80 lles air pressure they lift at the rate of 15' to 20' per minute.



CLASS B HOIST, 1,500 LBS.

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In the class C hoist all vibration is reduced to a minimum.

When ordering, state which class hoist is desired, also distance from eyebolt to floor, in order that proper length of chain may be furnished with hoists.

Capacity  Weight  Speed, per minute, at 80 fbs. air pressure  Standard lift	SPECIFIC CLASS A 1,500 lbs. 160 lbs. 10' to 13 <sup>8</sup> 10'	3,000 lbs. 290 lbs. 10' to 13'	5,000 lbs. 425 lbs. 10' to 13'	10,000 lbs. 575 lbs. 10' to 13'
	CLASS B	HOISTS.		
Capacity	800	lbs.	1,500 lbs.	2,500 lbs,
Weight	160	Um_	290 lbs.	425 fbs.
Speed, per minute, at 80 lbs. air pressure	28' to	o 38'	2W to 36"	28' to 36'
Standard lift	10	7	10'	10'

# PNEUMATIC HOISTS.

# DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12083 TO 12086.-Continued.

CLASS C HOISTS.

In this class of hoist all vibration is reduced to a minimum. They are therefore especially inable where vibration is an objection and particularly advantageous for use in foundries.

Made in following expactities: 1,300, 3,000, 5,000 and 10,000 lbs.

Speed, 15' to 20' per minute under 80 lbs. air pressure.

Usual lift, 10'; longer lift can be supplied at a slight additional cost.

Dimensions and appreximate weights, same as Class A hoists of corresponding capacities

650 lbs.

1.000 lbs.

# SPECIAL HOIST FOR THE QUICK LIFTING OF LIGHT LOADS.



CONTANT

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FIG. 12066.

# QUICK-LIFTING HOISTS.

Lifts and holds load with either hook.

Made in following sizes: Size Hose Stequired. 400 lbs. 140 lbs. 34" inside diameter

400 lbs.

Dimensions: Length over all, 21", 28" and 31" respectively; width over gears, 1514", 1715" and 21" respectively.

34° inside diameter

1º inside diameter

Speed, 50' to 60' per minute under 80 lbs. air pres-

# PNEUMATIC RIVETERS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12067 TO 12070.

These machines are designed primarily for operation by compressed air, but may be operated by steam if

They are indispensable tools for bridge builders, contractors in architectural iron work and similar lines where riveting is one of the principal features of the work.

## CLASS C HOIST.

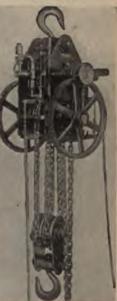


FIG. 12065.

# BOILER RIVETER, SUSPENDED HORIZONTALLY.

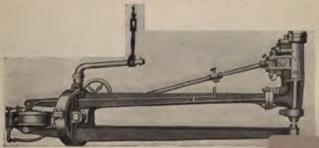


FIG. 12067.

# PNEUMATIC RIVETERS.

85" RIVETER WITH 12" CYLINDEN.



FIG. 12068.

COMPRESSION LEVER RIVETER IN OPERATION WITH ANGLE LEVER.



2,000

3,350

2,170

4,400

4,350

4,700

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12067 TO 12070,-Continued.

#### SPECIFICATIONS. Regular "Jaw" Riveters

Cubic Fort. Gap 39" 17 19" 915 48" 10" 12 49 72" 9" 8" 360 74 10 15" 10" 1034 10 1754" 15" 10" 1" 16 1" 25" 1514 10" 25 1. 341/2" 15\* 10" 37 100 1" 30" 20" 40. 47\* 15\* 100 1" 53

20° 12" 134" 22" 12" 136" 20" 12" 134" 12" 20" 134" 1514" 12\* 114"

12"

12"

25"

25\*

36"

40"

33"

86\*

66"

15"

20"

Н 4 N 635 1,025 1,200 1,500 2,100 1.000 915 1,000 1,100 1,300 1,525 1,800 2,125 2,050 2,373 2,775 3,003 1,900 2,190

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2,800

3,750

2,400

4,650

4,900

A.Mil

520

134"

134"

37

48

57

66

86

91

102

# PNEUMATIC RIVETERS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12067 TO 12070.-Continued.

	LATTI	CE RIVET	ER.	
Reach.	Gap.	Cylinder.	Capacity.	Net Weight.
6"	854*	8*	36"	535 lbs.
	ALLIGAT	OR RIVE	TERS.	
1234*	14"	10*	1"	1,250 lbs.
0	6*	10*	10	1,200 lbs.
=co	MPRESSIO			15-
		GLE ARM		
8*	1316"	10"	36"	1,085 lbs.
93%	14"	1134"	1.	1,260 lbs
	СНА	NNEL AR		-
8"	856"	10"	34*	1,085 lbs.
93%*	8)-5*	1139"	1,	1,260 lbs.
	BOILE	R RIVETE	RS.	
72*	****	31/2"	1"	1,300 lbs.
84"	2616	334"	156"	1,500 lbs.



FIG. 12070.

# PNEUMATIC HAMMERS.

314"

134° 1,750 lbu.



FIG. 12071.

PHEUMATIC CHIPPING HAMMER



DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12071 AND 12072.

All parts are made from suitable material. Working parts hardened and ground, and all parts are interchangeable.

The hammers are guaranteed against defective material or workmanship.

A desirable feature in our long stroke, or civeting hammers, is the one-piece construction, handle and barrel being in one piece.

We furnish 2°, 3° and 4° chipping and 6° 8° and 9° riveting hammers. Other sizes to order,

# PNEUMATIC DRILLS.

SIZE X, COMBINA-TION WOOD-BORING AND BREAST DRILL.



eight	10 10
ingth over all.	. 1334
ength of feed	
istance to center of spindle	136
se drill it will drive in wood	150
te drill it will drive in iron	
volutions per minute at 80 lbs., single gear	
evolutions per minute at 80 lbs., compound gear	1,200
DESCRIPTION FIG. 12074.	
	0.15

SIZE I, IRON OR WOOD-BORING



Weight	9 lbs.
Length over all	125%
Length of feed	254"
Distance to center of spindle	1347
Size drill it will drive in iron	200
Size drill it will drive in wood	1.
Revolutions per minute at 80 lbs	1.200

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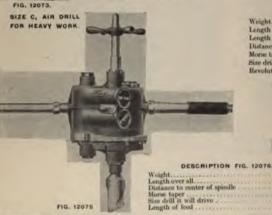
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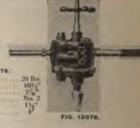
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DESCRIPTION FIG. 12075. Weight Weight
Length over all
Length of feed
Distance to center of spindle
Morse taper
Size drill it will drive in from
Revolutions per minute at 50 fbs.

SIZE G, AIR DRILL FOR LIGHT WO



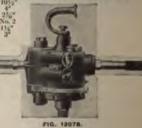
SIZE U, AIR DRILL REVERSIBLE.

FIG. 12075



DESCRIPTION FIG. 12077.	
Weight	20
Length over all	11
Length of feed	
	N N
Size drill it will drive in iron	A.
Size drill it will drive in wood	3

SIZE O, AIR DRILL REVERSIBLE



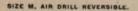
	DEG											
Weight.						(-1						
Length over all												
Length of feed				Vi.	10						1	
Distance to center o												
Morse taper		0.0					2.0					a
Size drill it will drive												
Size drill it will drive												
Revolutions per min	ute at	1 80	lb.	16.6	fo	rw2	und		ė.	 -		 ×
Revolutions per min	rute at	180	lb	5.	ba	ck	Wal	d.		 		

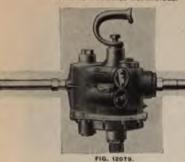
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# PNEUMATIC DRILLS.





DESCRIPTION FIG. 12079.	
Weight	45 lb
Length over all	1436
Length of feed	450
Distance to center of spindle	3% No. 4
Morse taper	No.
Size drill it will drive in iron	3"
Revolutions per minute at 80 lbs., forward	190
Revolutions per minute at 80 lbs., backward	127

SIZE E, AIR DRILL FOR MEDIUM WORK.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12080.

Town make	****										
Length	over a	Heres	200				ж.				
Length	of feed										
Tour Pers	THE ROOM		1800	30.00							
Distanc	e to cer	nter	of.	AT	ithic	He					
Morse t	arver		20		-						
SPRINKERS 1	mprot										
Size dri	Il it wil	I dri	ve		100						
Revolut	tione no	P 800	-	de	100	800	ũ	œ			

FIG. 12080. NO. 2 REVERSIBLE DRILL ON STAND.

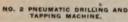




FIG. 12081.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 12082.

This tool is designed for use where very accurate drilling is de-rod. It is of the same size and capacity as drill shown on opposite age. It is mounted upon a holder having an upright arm 30 long, at a horizontal arm 30 long, with 27 positive feed in carrier, thereby sking a portable mail at lil. Weight, complete, 100 lbs. Capacity, 134

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 12081.

This tool will drill or tap either right or left hand and back out drill or tap without removing from chuck.

It is extremely powerful, perfectly balanced and al-ways under the nestantaneous control of the operator.

The circular gear rack on top of bowl, upon which the pinion gear of the meter runs, pinion gear of the motor runs, is made in a separate piece, so that if any teeth are broken, a new gear rack can lee supplied which can readily be placed on old bowl.

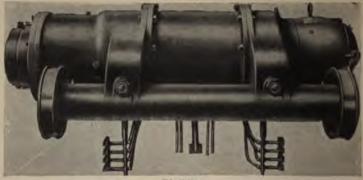
Weight, 42 lbs. Capacity, 114".



FIG. 12062.

## ELECTRIC CRANES AND HOISTS.

CRANE TROLLEY.



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FIG. 12083.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12083 TO 12085.

On account of their necessarily unfavorable situation for supervision and cleanliness, cranes are subject to neglect. The resulting accountlation of foreign matter, and insufficient lubrication, account for most of the troubles experienced.

In general, these cranes and hoists follow the lines of the best modern crane practice, but they are the first to have their working parts fully and adequately enclosed, and a system of lubrication sufficiently simple and positive to insure economical and reliable service, with ordinary care.

Attention is invited to the fact that these cranes of the lighter capacities are duplications on a smaller scale of the larger and are not improvised from standard parts intended for heavier cranes at relatively higher prices.

The Trolley.—Motors, electric brake, mechanical brake, gearing, etc., are employed in the usual manner, but to enable each of the to perform its work with the greatest reliability and durability relative to each other, all running parts, except the winding mechanism and wheels, are enclosed within the main frame of the trolley. This frame is so shaped as to form a compact and rigid foundation for the working parts, and at the same time a most effective enclosure. The shafts with their attached parts are completely within the enclosure, and there are, therefore, no openings through which oil or dust can pass. Because of this feature, it is practicable to fill the enclosures with oil, which will not leak out, evaporate, or become charged with grit.

The hoist gearing and brakes are secured for operation by bolting the cover of the enclosure in place. The removal of this coses makes them immediately accessible for inspection and repairs.

Gearing.—The gearing, by means of which motors move the trolley along the crane bridge, and the crane along the rennway, are located in dust- and oil-tight cases. The covers of these cases are readily removable, and the gearing may be operated and isospecial while the case is open.

The trolley motor transmits its motion to one trolley wheel on each girder of the crane bridge.

The bridge motor transmits its motion to one truck wheel on each runway through a liberal-sized squaring shaft carried in riseoiled bearings.

Brakes.—All brake surfaces in these cranes and hoists are made of anti-friction materials, of adequate arm, to produce the sarry amount of holding power, when thoroughly and evenly bathed with oil, in dust- and oil-tight cases. Maximum reliability and minimum loss of adjustment from wear are obtained in this manner.

The mechanical or load brake is so arranged that the frictional surfaces are at rest when the load is being belianpower is wasted, and the disabling of this brake would in no way affect the safety with which the load is lifted. The
brake, in the gearing enclosure, accomplishes rapid heat radiation, perfect lubrication and protection, and instant access

Description continued on page 526.

# ELECTRIC CRANES AND HOISTS.

FIVE-TON CRANE, STANDARD TYPE, FOUNDRY SERVICE.



FIG. 12084.

TEN-TON CRANE, REGULAR TYPE. MACHINE ERECTING SERVICE.



FIG. 12085.

# ELECTRIC CRANES AND HOISTS.

SOCIALITIES FOR THE TO COME-TIME.

The derivative, which is do the facility data type, is not registed density to the matter, but he are received if the same plan. The arrangement inverse for states has disk complexations, and derivate the additional less which they are company of their and was produced.

The lost and and fundy or the units had no of the bulg name goes. In I is against a gain goes at allowing a lost made, marky the right process of lastic power's available, important of the weight of the mass operator. When the case is the same for the bulge or and life power.

Nating—Texts and testing what leading are of David properties, hence belief, and ting vides these diagrams were The texts which beginns an of the "anti-aligning" type.

Seign—Corn beign on a beignal and proportional as to down into vortical or formal defination, to service—to and plants of the second proportional portions.

The action of girler is racked to most reschious of leading, space, and speak specified.

Testine-Testin on entirity of measured and, of open-loss commontes, completily recomming the could which at facility family, with defined and ground treads.

Considera—The range of lifting synds provided, is carriedly wide, the increasing painting programing in about imprompts

Found through supply an provided, and all contacts are study prescration without opening the manufact, as disturbing all of the constraint.

Motors.—Comes can be provided with very of the various standard come names, but the numbers of company as one of "later-pole" notion, which are expensity built for application to these excess, and are logs in stant. These assure are a would as to automatically promonoclass their speed to the banks handled, so that light and medium limits are morning as relatedly lags speeds, and receives banks at relatively door speeds. These favorable are coupled with abeliating quarkless assurance.

Heisting Calde.—Craver are equipped with wire rope only, and that of the lighest quality obtainable. The Barrand areal type is used, which affords 150 per over greater wanting surface than the ordinary lay.

#### TRANSFER BRIDGE CRANE.



FIG. 12066.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 12086.

These crates are built for expecities of from one to ten tons—any span. This system of employing crane and spare provides crane service to a maximum area at minimum expense in machine shops, lumber yards, and yards for storage of pig iros, structural seed, vail, flashe, or castings.

Light, easy running cranes, one motor, single-hook type, for ice plants, ran plants, etc.

Also built with two or three motors, double book, for plate plants.

JIB CRANE.



FIG. 12087.

#### JIB CRANE.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12088.

Built with either electric or pneumatic motors in cantilever or front braced type. Suitable for steel and iron foundries. Design affords maximum head room.

#### HAND CRANE.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 12089.

These hand cranes are built in capacities of 15 tons and under. Light cranes are made single I beam and heavy-cranes of construction identical with that of the electric cranes, except that hand chains replace the electrie motore.



FIG. 12088.

# HAND CRANE.



ELECTRIC HOIST.

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FIG. 12090.



# ELECTRIC HOIST.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 12090.

The construction of these electric hoists is similar to that of electric crane trolleys, above described. These hoists are equipped with single I beam trolleys, plain, geared or motor-driven, and are floor or cage controlled.

For jib crane and elevator service, the houts are provided with a cast iron base, for mounting in a

stationary position.

Electric hoists are built in the sizes given in table below.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

Sise	Maximum Lift of Land Hock.	Size of		H	OIRTING SPE	ED IN FERT	PER MINUT	L.	
Hoist.		nd I Beam.	10'	12'	15"	30'	34,	30'	40'
A2 A4 B6 B12 C12 C15	23' 23' 20' 20' 25' 23'	8" 8" 10" 10" 12" 12"	111771110	20,000 lbs.	8,000 lbs.	6,000 lbs.	5,000 lbs. 10,000 lbs.	4,000 lbs.	

# STANDARD CAGE CONTROLLED ELECTRIC HOISTS.

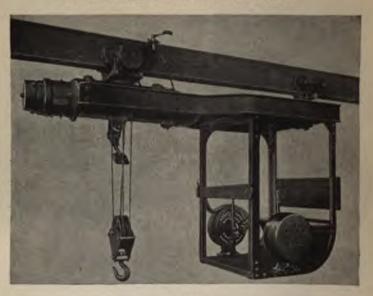


FIG. 12091.



FIG 12092



FIG. 12093.

# DESCRIPTION FIG. 12091.

DOMERAN

ANTICE

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Operator has unobstructed view of load from seat. Motors, gearing and brakes accessibly inclosed, making entire machine dust and weather proof.

These machines are adapted for hard continuous use in shop and intershop serves. Capacities one to ten tons.

#### TROLLEYS.

# DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12092 AND 12093.

# Construction.

- 1. Roller bushed, point thrust bearings.
- 2. Vertical wheels, chilled spherical tread.
- 3. Steel side frames and yoke.
- 4. Yoko swivels permitting easy hooking and unbooking of boist,

Capacity.	Diameter of Whoels.	Wheel Buse,	Yoke to Un Side of Beu	der m.	Standard I Beams Trolleys will Fig.						
2,000	434"	7*	334"	6" x	12.25	Ibn. 1	10 9" x 21	O Bu.			
6,000	634*	856*	439"	8" x	18.00	the.	o 12" x 31	5 Bac			
10,000	835*	111/4"	514"	10° x	25.00	Ibe. 1	0 15° x 42.	O Re.			
15,000	1034*	13*	6"	12" x	31 50	Ibe.	to 18" x 55.	O Bes.			
20,000	13"	16*	7*	15" x	42.00	lbs.	0 24" # 80.	O Ba			

# STEAM ENGINES.



FIG. 12094.



CLASS A VERTICAL ENGINE.

FIG. 12095.

## DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12094 AND 12095.

Each engine is furnished with oil cups, sight feed lubricator, throttle valve and nipples, governor and governor belt.

The table of dimensions below applies to engines only, as shown in Fig. 12094. Any of the engines up to and including the 8° x 8 can be furnished combined with a suitable size boiler as shown in Fig. 12095.

As will be noticed, the engine and boiler bases are cast together, and the combined weight of the boiler and the water therein contained is sufficient to hold engine rigidly to its place while performing its service up to the given capacity. This renders foundation bolts for the engine unnecessary.

The complete outfit, as shown, includes the complete engine fixtures, all necessary boiler fixtures, with injector fitted and connections made between engine and boiler.

Exhaust pipe and stack will be furnished when so desired at an extra cost,

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Horse-power as usually rated.	134	3	A	7	10	14	20	25	35	50	75
Size of cylinder	3° x 3° 300 16° 36° 136° 12°	4" x 4" 250 34" 1"	5" x 5" 250 56" 1"	6° x 6° 200 1° 136° 196° 24°	7" x 7" 190 134" 114" 254"	8" x 8" 180 11/4" 2"	9" x 9" 160 2" 214" 284"	10° x 10° 160 254° 3° 316° 44°	12" x 12" 160 3" 314" 334"	14" x 14" 150 316" 4"	140
Dameter of fly wheel Face of fly wheel Height from floor to center of	3*	116	196° 20° 5°	8"	294° 32° 7°	36° 8°	9"	10"	12"	52° 14°	434° 534° 54° 16°
shaft	9"	934"	12*	18*	1735*	18"	2315*	2614"	2735*	30"	32"
cylinder	31"	36½° 13½ 350 lbs.	43" 15 425 lbs.	54° 18 700 lbs.	61° 24 1,150 lbs	68*			of	105° 41 7,100 lbs.	113* 7,500 lbs.

# STEAM ENGINES.

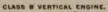




FIG. 12096.

# CLASS B VERTICAL ENGINE.



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FIG. 12097.

# DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12096 AND 12097.

Each engine is furnished complete with oil cups, sight feed lubricator, throttle valve and nipples, governor and governor belt.

The table of specifications below applies to engines only, as shown in Fig. 12006.

Any engine up to and including the 7° x 7° size can be combined with a suitable boiler. In this case both engine and boiler are resemble on a common base (see Fig. 12007), making a very substantial, self-contained rig. Boilers are of ample capacity to give best results with those engines to which they are attached.

		SPECIFIC	ATIONS.				
Horse-power as usually rated	11/2	3	5	7	10	14	100
Size of cylinder	3" x 3"	4" x 4"	5" x 5"	6" × 6"	7" 17"	8" × 8"	D. V.B.
Revolutions per minute	300	250	250	200	190	180	160
Size of steam pipe	36"	34"	36"	1.0	136"	155*	20
Diameter of exhaust pipe	36"	1"	1"	156"	135"	2*	255"
Diameter of shaft	136*	136"	194"	196"	256*	296	200
Diameter of fly wheel	12"	16"	20"	24"	32*	36"	427
Face of fly wheel	3"	4"	5"	0.	74	R*	-0.
Height from floor to center of shaft	9"	10"	12"	14"	18"	30,	245
Height to top of cylinder	2' 6"	3"	3. 44	4' 5"	5' 1"	5' 8"	6'7"
Floor space occupied	13" x 23"	15" x 28"	18" x 36"	$22^s \approx 40^s$	25" x 46"	28" x 50"	30° × 30′
Weight of engine	225 lbs.	425 lbs.	600 lbs.	1,000 lbs.	1,400 lbs.	2,050 lbs.	2,650 lin.

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# STEAM ENGINES.

## CLASS C VERTICAL ENGINE.



FIG. 12098.

# CLASS C VERTICAL ENGINE.



FIG. 12099.

# DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12098 AND 12099.

Each engine, as shown in Fig. 12098 is furnished complete with pulley, fly wheel, oil cups, sight feed lubricator, throttle valve and nipples, governor and governor belt.

The table of specifications below applies to engines alone as shown in Fig. 12098, but any engine can be combined with a boiler of suitable size as shown in Fig. 12090, making a very substantial, self-contained rig. Boilers furnished are of ample size to give the best results with the engines to which they are connected.

	SPECI	FICATIONS.			
Horse-power as usually rated	1	2	•	6	8
Size of cylinder	234" x 3"	1" x 5"	4" x 5"	5" x 735"	6* = 734*
Revolutions per minute.	400	350	325	250	225
Diameter of steam pipe	36"	16"	34"	10	134
Diameter of exhaust pipe	16"	16"	1*	134"	134*
Diameter of shaft	136*	1964	1%*	234"	236*
Diameter and face of wheel	13° x 3½°	15° x 4°	17" × 436"	24" x 6"	24° × 6°
Diameter and face of pulley	6" a 3"	10° × 5"	12° x 6°	14" x 7"	14" x 7"
Height from floor to center of shaft	7*	10*	10*	13*	13*
Height from floor to top of cylinder	28*	43"	43*	64"	54*
Floor space occupied, square inches	13	17	17	20	20
Approximate weight	200 lbs.	400 lbs.	450 lbs.		

Each engine is furnished complete with pulley, fly wheel, oil cups, sight feed lubricator, throttle valve and nipples, governor and vernor belt. SPECIFICATIONS

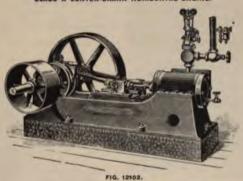
Horse-power as usually rated	10	15	20
Size of cylinder	7" x 10"	8" x 10"	9" x 12"
Revolutions per minute	190	190	100
Size of steam pipe	135"	2"	2*
Size of exhaust pipe	2"	234*	23.6*
Size of pulley	18" x 8"	20° x 10°	20° x 10°
Size of fly wheel	36" × 7"	40" x 8"	44° × 9°
Diameter of shaft	2%*	2%*	334"
Floor space required	21" x 69"	24" x 70"	26" x 78"
Weight of heaviest piece	304 lbs.	378 lbs.	432 lbs.
Weight of complete engine	1,700 lbs.	2,300 lbs.	2,900 lbs.

### CLASS A CENTER-CRANK HORIZONTAL ENGINE.

COMPAN

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FAIRBANK



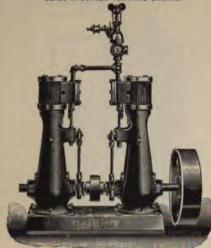
DESCRIPTION FIG. 12102. and heater can be attached to the 10, 15, 20, 25, 35, 50, and 60 horse-power of this pattern when so desired.

Each engine is regularly furnished complete with pulley, fly wheel, oil cups, sight-feed lubricator, throttle valve and nipples, governor and governor belt.

The state of the s		SPECI	FICATION	5.				
Horse-power as usually rated	10	15	20	25	35	50	60	75
Size of cylinder	7" x 10"	B* x 10"	9" x 12"	10° x 12°	11° x 13°	12" x 15"	13" x 16"	14" x 18"
Revolutions per minute	190	190	160	160	100	150	150	150
Size of steam pipe	134"	2*	2"	234"	234"	3"	3"	334"
Size of exhaust pipe	2"	234*	254"	3"	3"	3)4"	334"	4"
Size of pulley	18" x 8"	20° x 10°	20° x 10°	24" x 12"	24° ± 12"	30° x 14°	30° x 14°	36° x 16°
Size of fly wheel	30° x 7°	40° x 8°	44" x 9"	44" x 9"	48" x 10"	52° x 11°	60° x 14"	72" x 16"
Diameter of shaft	296"	2%*	134"	334"	334"	434"	450*	534"
Length of journal	83.5*	10*	1034*	11"	11*	12"	32"	13"
Width and length of bed plate	21" x 60"	24" x 76"	26" x 78"	28" x 91"	28" x 91"	30° x 102°	30° x 102°	34" × 116"
Weight of engine complete	1,900 lbs.	2,500 lbs.	3,000 lbs.	3,500 lbs.	4,300 lbs.	5,800 lbs.	7,000 lba.	9,500 lbs

## STEAM ENGINES.

CLASS A DUPLEX VERTICAL ENGINE.



#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12100.

We present herewith a very desirable arrangement when variable service is required. The engines are coupled together with their cranks set at right angles so that it is impossible for the engine to stop on the "dead center."

Where the service of the engine requires frequent stopped and starting, this style of machine is appreciated by engineer.

Each engine is furnished with fly wheel, eight cal cope, and feed lubricator, throttle valve and nipples, governor, governor helt and base.

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FIG. 12100

# SPECIFICATIONS.

Horse-power as usually	3	6	10	14	20	28	40	50	70	100	150
Size of cylinders	3" x 3" 300 1" 114"	4" x 4" 250 114"	5" x 5" 250 114"	6" x 6" 200 115"	7" x 7" 190 2" 216"	8" x 8" 180 214"	9" x 9" 160 3" 336"	10" x 10" 160 316"	12" x 12" 160 4" 436"	14" x 14" 150 415"	10" = 10" 140 5"
Size of fly wheel.  Height from floor to center of shaft	12° x 3°	16" 1 4"	20° x 5°	24° x 6"	32" x 7"	36" = 8"	42° x 9°	44" x 10"	48° x 12°	52° x 14°	54" x 18"
Height to top of cylinder Diameter of shaft	31" 136" 13" x 32"	361/2" 13/4"	43° 196°	54" 196" 18" x 40"	1736" 61" 256" 23" x 61"	68° 296° 26° x 65°	76"	314"	92" 3%" 37" x 95"	102*	107
Weight of engine	450 lbs.	600 lbs.	700 lbs.		1,800 lbs.					8,000 lbs.	9,800 lin.

CLASS A HORIZONTAL ENGINE. MADE SECTIONAL FOR MOUNTAIN TRANSPORTATION.



FIG. 12101.
For description see following page.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12101.

The cut shows our class A herizontal engine cut up in sections for mountain transportation. The several parts are well secured by means of reamed holes and turned bolts. For shipment each piece is carefully numbered before crating, so there will be no trouble in putting the machine together at destination.

Each engine is furnished complete with pulley, fly wheel, oil cups, sight feed lubricator, throttle valve and nipples, governor and governor belt.

SPECIFICATIONS.

Horse-power as usually rated	10	15	20
Size of cylinder	7" x 10"	8" x 10"	9" x 12"
Revolutions per minute	190	190	160
Size of steam pipe	134"	2*	2"
Size of exhaust pipe	2"	235"	239*
Size of pulley	18" x 8"	20° x 10°	20° x 10°
Size of fly wheel	36" x 7"	40° x 8"	44" x 9"
Diameter of shaft	2%*	2%*	314"
Floor space required	21" x 69"	24" x 76"	26" x 78"
Weight of heaviest piece	304 lbs.	378 lbs.	432 lbs.
Weight of complete engine.	1.700 lbs.	2.300 lbs.	2,900 lbs.

#### CLASS A CENTER-CRANK HORIZONTAL ENGINE.

COMPAN

THE FAIRBANKS

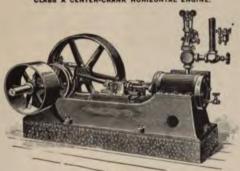


FIG. 12102.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12102.

This engine is especially adapted for duty where two belts are desired. The band fly wheel is turned with crown face. Pump and heater can be attached to the 10, 15, 20, 25, 35, 50, and 60 horse-power of this pattern when so desired.

Each engine is regularly furnished complete with pulley, fly wheel, oil cups, eight-feed lubricator, throttle valve and nipples, governor and governor belt.

		SPEC	FICATION	S.				
Horse-power as usually rated	10	15	20	25	35	50	60	75
Size of cylinder	7" x 10"	B* x 10"	9" x 12"	10° x 12"	11" x 13"	12" x 15"	13" x 16"	14" x 18"
Revolutions per minute	190	190	160	160	160	150	150	150
Size of steam pipe	134"	2*	2"	234*	234"	3"	3"	334"
Size of exhaust pipe	2"	234*	23-5"	3"	3*	316*	334"	4"
Size of pulley	18" x 8"	20° x 10°	20° x 10°	24" x 12"	24" x 12"	30° x 14°	30° x 14°	36" x 16"
Size of fly wheel	36" x 7"	40" = 8"	44" × 9"	44" x 9"	48° x 10"	52" x 11"	60° x 14"	$72'' \times 16''$
Diameter of shaft	29%"	29/4	334"	334"	334"	454"	454"	534"
Length of journal	83/6"	10*	1035"	11"	11*	12*	12*	13*
Width and length of bed plate	21" x 60"	24" x 76"	26" x 78"	28" x 91"	28" = 91"	30° x 102°	30° x 102"	34" x 116"
Weight of engine complete	1,900 lbs.	2,500 lbs.	3,000 lbs.	3,500 lbs.	4,300 lbs.	5,800 lbs.	7,000 lbs.	9,500 lbs.

CLASS D HORIZONTAL ENGINE.

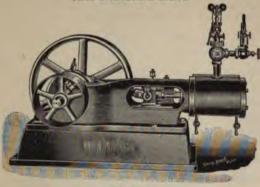


FIG. 12103.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12103.

A glance at the outlines of this type will show rigidity, strength, beauty of design, and economy of floor space.

of floor space.

The metal is carefully distributed, so there is on useless weight. The sub-base shown can be dispensed with when so desired, and the engise mounted on a stone or concrete foundation. The cylinder is cast separate from its home, and is fastened by means of reamed heles and turned botts. The piston is of the suspense class. The rings being turned larger than the bore of the cylinder, they will sutconstimit expand and take up the wear, thereby obvising any leakage. The valve is of the "balacsed" type, carefully fitted.

The crosshead is fitted with pure-metal two-

type, careuny muco.

The crosshead is fitted with gun-metal aper gibs, so arranged that all lost motion may be easily taken up. The connecting red is seen fitted with phosphor-bronze bearings and as

fitted with phosphor-bronze bearings and st adjustable wedge at each end.

The crank shaft is of solid harmmered stast, as counterbalanced with autitable cast-ren fines. The rods are all made of steel and the shall bearings are poured with the best habbitt

A critical steam test is made of each engine and all adjustments carefully made before shipment, so that the engine is ready we as soon as placed in position and given steam.

Each sogine w regularly supplied with pulley fly wheel, oil cups, sight teed lubricator throttle valve and nipples, government.

belt and sub-base

Horse-power as usually rated	8	10	15.	20	25
Size of cylinder	6" 8 8"	7" 8 9"	6' x 10"	9" x 11"	10" 11"
Revolutions per minute	225	210	190	160	100
Size of steam pipe	114"	136"	24	2"	216"
Size of exhaust pipe	136"	2"	234"	234"	7
Size of pulley	14" x 7"	16" x 719"	18" € 8"	20° s 10°	36.2 12
Size of fly wheel	32" x 6"	36" x 7"	10' x 8"	44" x 9"	ANTA UT
Diameter of shaft	254"	21/6	296	334	200
Length over all	68"	74"	86"	883-6*	9936"
Width across crank	38"	44"	50"	54"	60"
Weight less sub-base	1,400 lbs.	2,200 lbs.	2,600 lbs.	3,300 lbs.	8,200 Pm
Weight with sub-base	1,700 lbs.	2,600 lbs.	3,300 lbs.	4,200 lbs.	5,000 to 4

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12104

The great objection to plain slide-valve engines on the market to-day is that their strength has been acrificed to either sconomy of material or beauty of design.

A simple glance at the engine here shown will convince anyone that we have combined strength and beauty. This design is so strong that it can be adapted to very high speed, heavy duty and continuous operation.

For isolated electric light plants, sawmills or mill work of any description, it is without a peer

Equipped with extra heavy balance wheel, automatic stop governor and automatic eiling devices, it will run as steadily and smoothly as any automatic engine, yet owing to its simplicity does not require the attention of an experienced engineer

Particular attention is called to the eise of the several parts and the total weight of the engine-

For specifications see following page.



FIG. 12104.

534

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12104.—Continued.

Each engine is furnished complete with fly wheel, wiping oil cups, sight feed tubricator, throttle valve and nipples, automatic stop governor, and governor belt.

Horse-power (based on tabulated speed and 50 lbs. mean effec-
tive pressure)
Size of cylinder
Diameter of steam pipe
Diameter of exhaust pipe
Revolutions per minute
Diameter and face of fly wheel
Weight of fly wheel
Diameter of crank shaft
Diameter of crank pin.
Diameter of piston rod
Floor space occupied by base
Weight of complete engine
Floor space occupied by base

10	25	50	75
6" x 6"	8" x 8"	10° x.10°	12° x 12°
199"	2*	235*	3*
	254*	34	314"
350	300	265	203
24" x 8"	32" x 11"	40° × 13°	49" × 16"
350 lbs.	800 lbs.	1,300 lus.	1,900 lbs
200	314*	434*	454*
2"	297	334*	314"
156"	136	1965	100 miles
30" x 40"	30" x 50"	40° x 62°	44" × 74"
1,800 lbs.	1,000 lbs.	4.400 lbs.	6,700 lba

SPECI	FICAT	TIONS	FIG.	12105.

Size number of engine	26	27
Horse-power as usually rated	.10	15
Size of cylinder	74 7 7"	8" x 8"
Diameter of drum	20"	20"
Diameter of flanges	26"	26*
Length of drum	12*	12*
Diameter of gear wheel	3214°	3214"
Diameter of pinion	8"	8"
Diameter and face of fly wheel	32" = 21/4"	32" x 216"
Estimated lifting capacity at the rate		-
of 200' per minute	1,200 lbs.	1,800 lbn.
Floor space required	39" x 45"	39" x 45"
Waight of engine	2 400 Dec	2 600 lbs

## VERTICAL HOISTING ENGINE.



CONTRACTORS' HOISTING ENGINE.

FAIRBANKS

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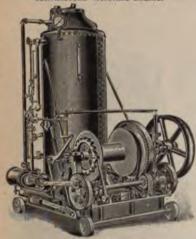


FIG. 12106. DESCRIPTION FIG. 18106.

Size number of engine	- 6
Horse-power as usually rated	
Stre of cylinder	Dr. 16 Au
Diameter of drum	100
Diameter of flangus	160
Length of drum between flanges	935
Diameter of pinion.	0"
Diameter of sheave	300
Size of boiler	30° # 72"
Number of 2" tules and a second and a second as a seco	404 00
Floor space required.	4.00 to 1000
Suitable weight for pile-driving hammer.  Approximate shipping weight.	4.400 lbs
Arphoramen maldang andur-	WALLIAM STATE

The drum is fitted with our standard "Wern" triction and can be used as a regular friction holes for pile driving, etc.

The drum shaft is fitted with a large sheave and the engines are made revenible, for the purpose of running material elevators when so desired. This sheave is expable of being thrown out by means of a clatch arrangement, when the engine is assoled for other beliefing, and re-rigging is thereby avoided.

The engine is equipped with suitable foot brake, and all the working levers are within easy smech of the operator at one position.

SINGLE CYLINDER, FRICTION DRUM, HORIZONTAL HOISTING ENGINE.

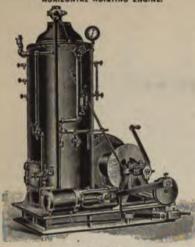


FIG. 12107

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12107.

Specially adapted for pile driving, railroads, contractors, coal yards, docks, ships, quarries, and general boisting purposes.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Size number of engine	115	2	#16
Horse-power as usually rated	5		12
Size of cylinder	57 8 7"	634" 2 8"	2" 8 10"
Diameter of drum	10*	13"	10"
Diameter of flanges	22"	23*	25"
Length of drum	16*	19*	28"
Diameter of gear wheel	25"	2636*	\$276
Diameter of pinion	6"	635"	
Diameter and face of band wheel	20' x 5"	20" x 5"	28" x ?"
Size of boiler	27° x 60°	30° a 72°	M' sTF.
Number 2" tubes	30	42	-
Floor space required	35" x 50"	40" x 66"	45" 1 70"
Weight of suitable pile-driving			
hammer	800 lbs.	1,200 lbs	2,000 ha
Approximate weight	3,600 lbs.	4,400 lbs.	6,500 Em

DOUBLE CYLINDER, DOUBLE FRICTION DRUM HOISTING ENGINE.



FIG. 12108.

POUBLE CYLINDER, SINGLE FRICTION BRUM HOISTING ENGINE.

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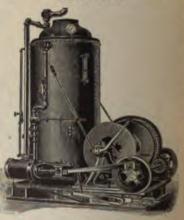


FIG. 12109.

For specifications of Figs. 12108 and 12109 see following page

### SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 12108.

Size number of engine	70	7014	71
Horse-power as usually rated	10	15	25
Size of cylinder	5" x 7"	614" x 8"	7" × 10"
Diameter of drums	12*	14"	14"
Diameter of flanges.	22*	26*	30"
Length of drums between flanges	20*	25*	32*
Size of boiler	30° x 72°	30" x 84"	42" x 84"
Number of 2" tubes	55	60	84
Floor space required	42° x 78°	48" x 88"	60° x 108°
Weight hoisted, single rope, usual speed	1,500 lbs.	2.500 lbs.	2.500 lbs.
Approximate shipping weight	6.800 lbs.	7,500 lbs.	11,000 lbs.
Size number of engine	73%	8	9
SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 12109.			
	10	15	9
Horse-power as usually rated		15	25
Size of cylinder	5" x 7"	614" x 8"	7" x 10"
Diameter of drum.	22"	26"	14"
Diameter of flanges	20°	25"	30*
Length of drum between flanges	25"		
Diameter of gear wheel	60	263-5"	321/4"
Diameter of pinion		634° 36° x 84°	42" x 84"
Size of boiler	30" x 72"	60 X 84	42 X 84
Number of 2" tubes	55	48" × 70"	60° x 81°
Ploor space required	42° x 60° 1,500 lbs.	2,000 lbs.	3,500 lbs.
Suitable weight for pile-driving hammer		5,500 lbs.	10.000 lbs.
Approximate shipping weight	4,400 lbs.	0,000 104.	10,000 108,

## SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 12110.

THE FAIRBANKS COMPANY

Size number of engine	270	27034	271
Horse-power as usual- ly rated	10	15	25
Size of cylinders	5" x 7"	634" x 8"	7" x 10"
Diameter of drums Diameter of flanges	12*	26*	30"
Length of drum be-	100	20	30
tween flanges	16"	20*	25"
Size of boiler Number of 2" tubes	55 × 72"	60 x 84°	42° × 84°
Floor space required.		48" x 78"	60° x 104°
Weight hoisted, single rope, usual speed	1 200 16-	0.000 11-	# #00Th-
Approximate ship-	1,000 108.	2,000 108.	3,000 IDE.
mine modelship	A non II-	7 400 lbs	14 KOO Iba

## SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 12111.

Size number of engine	17034	171
Horse-power as usually rated Size of cylinder	15 614" x 8"	25 7" x 10"
Diameter of drums	14" 26"	14"
Length of drums Diameter of derrick drums	25" 10"	32"
Diameter of derrick drum	19*	19*
Length of derrick drums Size of boiler	12" 36" x 84"	15" 42" x 84"
Number 2" tubes		
Weight hoisted, usual speed Approximate shipping weight		
The state of the s		THE REAL PROPERTY.

# DOUBLE CYLINDER, DOUBLE FRICTION DRUM HOISTING ENGINE WITH REVERSIBLE LINK MOTION.



FIG. 12110.

DERRICK ENGINE, DOUBLE CYLINDER, DOUBLE FRICTION DRUMS AND DERRICK DRUMS.



FIG. 12111. Description on preceding page.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12112.

Each boiler is furnished with base (either octagen as shown or round), grates, hood, safety valve, steam gauge, water gauge, gauge cocks, blow-off valve, check valve and stop

When ordering, please specify style of base desired.

VERTICAL TUBULAR BOILER WITH



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Fig. 12112.

#### Ħ 355 0 B 3 5 2 20° 316° 16° 18° No. 2 5 24° 5' 19° 23° 10° No. 2 Ã 11/2 20° 3′ 16° 18° 18° No. 2 4 24\* 19\* 23\* 14\* No. 2 20° 4′ 16° 18° 7′ No. 2 8 × 19 24° 25 19 30° 30 24 37° 51 24 49° 63 60 40° 134 30 34° 50 R 1,000 lbs. 1,100 lbs. 1,000 lbs. 1,200 lbs. 1,400 lbs. 1,600 lbs. 1,500 lbs. 1,500 lbs. 1,500 lbs. 2,000 lbs. 2,200 lbs.

SPECIFICATIONS.

Number of size	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	*1636	*37
Horse-power as usually rated	14	16 36" 8'	20 42* 7'	23	27	30	35	40	50 48*	60	73
Diameter of boiler	36"	36"	42"	42*	420	48"	48*	48*	48"	34"	345
Height of boiler	7'	8'	7'	8'		8	9.	10'	10"	10"	12
Diameter of furnace	30*	30"	36"	36*	36"	42° 30°	42°	30"	30"	30"	100
Height of furnace	20"	20"	30	30"	30"	111	30	20	30	-30"	100
Thickness of shell	252	43.	36.	8:	1	25.	11:	***	15:	444	CL.
Thickness of furnace plate.	No. 2	No. 2	17.	32-	12.	11-	110	110	11-	32	20
Number of tubes (all 2" in	250, 4	2401.0	-30	78	1.00	9.6	36	31	-32	280	25
diameter)	60	80	84	84	84	120	120	120	150	180	190
Length of tubes	58"	70"	84	66*	78"	66"	78"	90*	150	90*	1110
Square feet of heating surface	164	194	219	261	203	363	423	483	600	713	MES.
Weight of boiler without fix-		1000						1000		1000	
tures, about	2,100 lbs.	2,500 lbs.	2,800 lbs.	3,200 lbs.	3,000 lbs.	4,000 lbs.	4,500 lbs.	5,000 lbs.	5,600 lbs.	6,500 lbs	7,000
Weight of boiler with fixtures	2,700 lbs.	3,100 lbs.	3,700 lbs.	4,100 lbs.	4,500 lbs.	5,400 lbs.	5,900 lbs.	6,400 lbs.	7,000 lbs.	8,000 lbs	10,2001

<sup>\*</sup> Boilers Nos 16% and 17 have wrought-iron hoods, No. 10 iron.

## BOILERS.

WATER FRONT, OPEN BOTTOM LOCOMOTIVE BOILER.

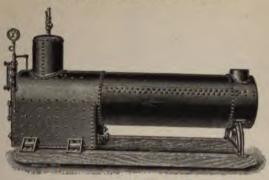


FIG. 12113.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12113.

Each boiler is furnished with grates, water column attached with cocks, water gauge, steam gauge, safety valve, check and stop valve, whistle and blow-off valve.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

THE FAIRBANKS COMPANI

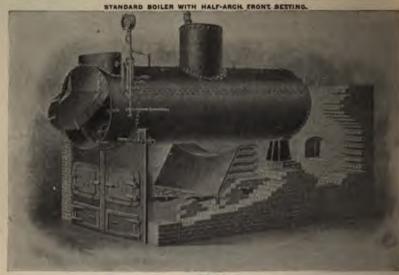
Number of size	3	4	5	6	7		9	10	11	12
Horse-power as usually rated	10	12	15	20 34° 52° 36° 28° 28	25	30	35 40°	40	50	60
Diameter of boiler	32*	32*	32*	34"	36*	36"	40*	42"	48"	48"
Length of fire box	38"	38*	44° 33°	52"	52"	52"	52"	54"	54"	64"
Height of fire box		83"	33*	36"	38*	40"	42"	46" 36"	52"	52
Width of fire box		26* 26	26*	28"	30"	40° 30° 34	34"	36*	42"	64* 52* 42* 56
Number of 3" tubes		26	26	28	34	34	52° 42° 34° 40 102°	43	56	56
Length of tubes	66"	72"	78"	90"	96"	120*	102"	120°	126*	144*
Thickness of shell	34"	35.	36"	34"	34"	365	W.	W.	26"	36
Thickness of furnace plates	34"	34"	34	36"	6.	W.	W.	265	26"	260
Thickness of tube sheets and heads	34	36"	3/2"	34"	34"	36"	34"	36"	367	3%"
		18" x 22"	18" x 22"	20° x 24°	20" x 24"	20" x 24"	22° x 26°	22° x 20°	26" x 30"	26" x 30"
Diameter of stack	14"	14"	14"	16"	16"	16"	20"	20"	22*	22"
Length of stack	16'	18'	20'	25"	25'	25'	25'	25"	35'	35'
Weight of bare boiler on skids	3,125 lbs.	3,375 lbs.	3,625 lbs.	4,100 lbs.	4,650 lbs.	4,800 lbs.	6,200 lbs.	6,500 lbs.	8,000 lbs.	9,500 lba.
Weight of boiler complete with fix-				1000		-	1	40000000	1000	
tures	3,875 lbs.	4,125 lbs.	4,450 lbs.	5,100 lbs.	5,800 lbs.	6,000 lbs.	7,300 lbs.	8,000 lbs.	9,500 lbs.	11,000 lbs.
the state of the s	m'est & reser	1,120106.	4,300 101	3,100 tim.	III,OCO ILIE	13,000 IOA.	1,000 101	0,000 1011.	a trong ton	11,000 100

## HORIZONTAL TUBULAR BOILERS.

SPECIFICATION FIGS, 12114 AND 12115.

Number of else,	16	19	20	.22	24	25	26	27	26	29	30	21	32	34
Horm power as usually rained. Diameter of stell. Length of tubes. Diameter of tylhos. Diameter of tylhos. Diameter of dome Height of dome. Height of dome. Thickness of dome-plate. Thickness of dome-plate. Thickness of shounds. Length of grate. Length of problem and britchen, list. About. Length of boiler and britchen, list. About. Length of Boiler and britchen, list. Box about.	7' 3' 20 18' 20' 17' 17' 17' 17' 17' 17' 17' 17' 17' 17	100	18 20° 22° 22° 22° 22° 22° 22° 22° 22° 22°	20 30° 10° 26 20° 22° 41° 30° 270 41° 30° 3,000 5,600	25 42° 10° 38 22° 24° 9-32° 8° 380 41 % 42° 20° 4,100 6,600	30 44° 10° 3° 44 22° 9-32° 9-32° 8° 445 44° 20° 35° 4,600 7,500	25 44 12' 3' 44 22' 9-32' 8-32' 47' 44' 20' 40' 5,100 8,000	40 44* 14* 3* 44 22* 9-32* 9-32* 8-80 53* 40* 5,600 6,500	45 45* 14* 3* 48 26* 25* 5-16* 7-16* 642 53* 45* 22* 500 10,500	50 45° 15' 3° 48 20° 25° 5-16° 7-16° 702 53° 46° 22° 50' 7,300	60 54° 15' 3° 60 30° 24° 5-16° 7-16° 846 53° 54° 50° 8,700 12,700	70 54° 16° 3)4° 44 44 30° 34° 5-16° 7-16° 900 53° 54° 50° 50° 50° 50° 50° 50° 50° 50	50 60° 16° 4° 48 32° 36° 11-32° 11-32° 7-16° 1,109 53° 60° 11,100 16,100	100 00° 16° 4° 88 82° 86° 86° 86° 86° 80° 00° 14,000 19,700

Each boiler is furnished with a complete set of fittings.



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For description see preceding page.

STANDARD BOILER WITH FULL-ARCH FRONT SETTING.

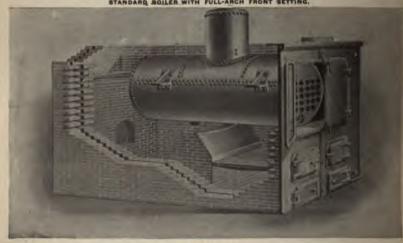


Fig. 12116. For description see preceding page.

## THE FAIRBANKS MITERING AND BEVELING SAW TABLE.



FIG. 12116.



FIG. 12117.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS, 12116 TO 12119.

chine will do any and all work that an ordinary stationary or movable table will do, and in addition will saw with perfert arcugle, hevel or miter, or two angles at once. It can be changed quickly to any class of work coming within range of the saw,
can be raised and lowered perpendicularly by turning a hand wheel which readily adapts it for growing or rabbeting,
the hand wheel on the front of the machine, the saw can be changed from perpendicular to any angle to 45°,
hand table is hinged at the back so it can be risked, and also has a movement sidewise, so it can be adjusted to the saw
deared. The right-hand table runs on well-fitted rolls so as to run true and easy. This islass has a sidewise adjustment
are gauges has a right and left movement, the same as in any splitting saw table, but in addition can be turned around either
night to the saw and locked without interfering with the right and left movement.

For cutting picture frames or any work of that class, the attachment
shown on the floor is used, which is adjustable to different angles. With
this the saw cuts from the inside to the outside of the wood, thus leaving
the corners full and smooth, whereas all other saws cut one end in the
opposite or against the grain, which tears off the inside corner, leaving it
rough.

This machine is accurate—all joints are cut perfect and need no finishing with a block plane to make glue joints.

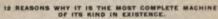
rough.

This machine is accurate—all joints are cut perfect and need no finishing with a block plane to make glue joints.

Table is shipped complete without the naw which is furnished at extra

Table is simple: compact contests.

The left-hand table is 20" x 39"; the right hand 27" x 33". Floor space, 5" 8". It is complete in itself. Tight and loose pulleys on countershaft, 8" x 5" face, should run 850 revolutions per minute. I ulleys self-oiling. Drive pulley to saw arbor, 10" diameter; saw arbor for 1" hole. Carries 12" saw, but will carry larger. Shipping weight, 1,000 lbs. It is light, yet strong and well proportioned. Belt lurnished.



OF ITS THE MOST COMPLETE MACHINE

OF ITS KIND IN EXISTENCE.

1. Slimple in design and does not get out of order.

2. Sliding and litting table permits getting at the working parts in the easiest possible manner.

3. Sliding table rollson
V-shaped track, thus insuring a perfectly parallel movement with the saw.

4. Saw can be set at any angle up to 45°. The man behind the saw knows that a tipping table.

5. Saw can be raised and lowered perpendicularly when it is on an angle without changing the distance from the gauge.

FIG. 12110

FIG. 12118.

without changing the distance from the gauge.

7. Tables can be adjusted sidewise as desired, so as to admit use of different thickness of dados.

8. Saw is so finely adjusted that it will saw a dove-tail with entrance no thicker than saw blade.

9. A mitering gauge is attached to the sliding table and the same of the same properties of the same properties.

saw blade.

9. A mitering gauge is attached to the sliding table and has a right and left tering surface which can be changed to any angle.

10. In sawing a miter, the saw cuts from inside to outside, insuring good square edges.

11. Sliding table has two cutting-off gauges, one on frost and the other on back re, that can be used at the same time, one square and one on an angle, both square, both on an angle. There is also a front and back sliding stubber for length gauges.

12. Saw is adapted to a great variety of work.

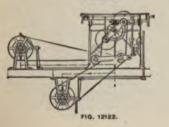
## OLIVER UNIVERSAL SAW BENCH.



FIG. 12120.



FIG. 12121.



DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12120 TO 12123.

ase.—Floor space, length, 40°, width, 30°. Height to table, 32°.

Base.—Floor space, length, 40°, width, 30°.
Height to table, 32°.
Top.—Size, 30° x 44°. Height from floor, 30°.
Sliding section, 16° wide, 44° long.
Stationary section, 20° wide, 44° long.
Extension to stationary section, 12° wide.
Tilts to an angle of 45°.
Throat in table can be opened to 2°.
Saw Arbors.—Diameter, 14°.
Where saws are applied, 1° diameter.
Yoke has acide bearings, 04° diameter, 2° wide.
Bearings, 6° and 4° long, 14° diameter.
Yoke has acide bearings, 04° diameter, 2° wide.
Bearings, 6° and 4° long, 14° diameter.
Fulleys, 45° diameter, 59° face.
Speed of arbors, 2;770 revolutions per minute.
A 14° aws will project above table 4°.
Countershaft.—Length, 42°; diameter, 11°.
Hangers, 14° drop.
Bearings, 6° long, 14° diameter, 6° face.
Driving pulleys, 20° diameter, 51° face.
Speed, 625 revolutions per minute.
Floor space required, including countershaft on floor, 20° diameter, 51° face.
Floor space required, including countershaft on floor, 20° diameter, 2

Size. Net Weight 6
48" x 40" x 45" 28" x 26" x 7" 1,800 lbs. Not Weight. Crated Waight. 1,900 lbs.

#### EXTRAS.

One endless leather belt to drive the saw arborfor use with the countershaft in position shown is

If for any reason the belt would be required upprice would be in proportion. We advise you tebelt from us because we are having it made for thpliable, durable, uniform, and made from pure ouThe main belt for driving the countershaft she
This belting is guaranteed uniform and straigh
One special dado head and cutters, to work go
2' wide.

Other styles and sizes of data.

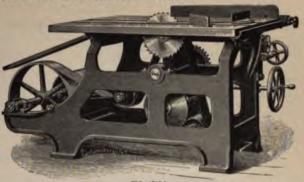


FIG. 12123.

#### NO. 3 UNIVERSAL SAW TABLE.

AND 12125.

g the No. 3 Universal aim has been to pro-machine of its kind in or actual service, dur-eteness, design, work-inish. To this end no ins have been spared. tests that have been et has been fully acad that the machine is ost liberal recommenranty. The intending vited to carefully conapare the features of ith any other befo der. Also to consider furnish (such as saws, ter, etc.) without extra



andrels are mounted

andrels are mounted
and relater saw can be brought up into working position by simply turning the hand wheel at front of machine. The
so belted that only the upper saw is in motion when in use, the lower mandrel not being in contact with the belt at
ging of belts is required to change saws, simply turn the hand wheel, and the trunnion carrying both mandrels will
ing the desired saw up through the table ready for operation; and this may readily be done while machine is running,
mandrels is made with a long stub, to admit a groover head 2° wide to be placed between tight collar and mandrel nut. The
is made with a short stub, admitting only a saw, made in this manner so that this mandrel may be raised to its maximum
able is tilted to a full angle of 45°, without having end of mandrel strike against the under side of table. Both mandrels
are of the table when table is level, or when but slightly inclined.

may be 10° in diameter or smaller. With mandrel at maximum height a 12° saw will cut through stock 3° thick, or an 8° sill cut a groove 1° deep. Grooves of any depth may be cut by turning the hand wheel to lower the mandrel to required point, son is cast in one piece and made heavy, insuring a rigid, well-behaved saw. The mandrel boxes are made with an oil d with a capillary felt for continuous lubrication.

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is east in one piece, planed true, with wooden throat piece inserted. By turning a small hand wheel at side of machine be tilted to any angle up to 45° for bevel sawing. A pointer and graduation are provided to indicate the desired angle, if generous dimensions, having 22" to right side of saw and 14" to left side of saw, or total of 36" wide by 48" long.

The ripping gauge is tilting and reversible. It can be tilted to any angle to 45", and can instantly be brought back to square again,



Q. 12125.

any ange to 45, and can instantly be brought back to square again, a stop being provided for that purpose. It can be used on either side of the saw, and if placed on the right-hand side it will gauge stock up to 22' wide, a graduation on the slide showing width being ripped. If gauge is placed on left side of saw it will gauge stock up to 9' wide. The gauge can be entirely removed from the machine in an instant, leaving it clear for special work.

Two cut-off gauges are furnished, one right hand and one left hand. These are adjustable for square or angular work, and a graduation is provided on the table to set them to desired angle.

The belt shifter is operated by a small lever at front of machine near the floor, where it can be operated either with the hand or foot; it is so constructed that the belt cannot creep from one pulley to the other, but is automatically locked in whatever position placed.

The main frame is cast in one solid piece, sufficiently heavy to ake it a smooth-running durable machine. The countershaft, with make it a smooth-running duranie machine. The countershaft, with the doose pulleys, is mounted on rear of machine, making it entirely self-contained, ready for operation wherever set, and can be belted in any direction to line shaft. It is provided with a belt-tightening pulley, and liberal-sized belt surfaces, making it a powerful machine, suited for heavy as well as light work.

Regular Equipment.—The following items are included with each

machine and need not be mentioned in ordering: One 12" rip saw; one 12" cut-off saw; ripping gauge; two cut-off gauges, and one 5" endless leather belt, of best quality, from countershaft to mandrels.

For specifications, see following page.

## NO. 3 UNIVERSAL SAW TABLE.

and the state of t	
Size of iron table.	36" x 65"
Height of table from floor	310
Size of mandrel hole for saws	134*
Diameter of mandrel pulleys.	454*
Width of belt to mandrels	5*
Width of belt to line shaft	30
Diameter of tight and loose pulleys.	10"
Speed of tight and loose pulleys, revolutions per minute.	640
Giving the saws a speed, revolutions per minute	3,000
Floor space required over all.	45" x 76"
Cubic measure, boxed for export.	60 rubic test
Gross weight, boxed for export.	1,750 lbs.
Net weight.	1,400 lbs.

## DOUBLE ARBOR RIP AND CUT-OFF SAW.



movement is independent of the revolving movement. This enables us to provide in the self-acting frame in position, a direct and positive support for the bearing next the saw. No other double we are sawer, has this feature.

wood, as may be preferred. The iron frame is heavy and cast in one piece. The wood frame is

ndent of the saw table. The arbor is fitted with a 1/2" hole, has a horizontal moves

#### TABLE OF SIZES AND STYLES.

	Shipping Weight.	Speed of Counter.	T. and L. Pulicys.	Size of Table.	Table Travel.	Diameter of Arbor.	Hole in Suwn.	Artise Pulley.	200
No. 1, iron frame No. 1, wood frame No. 3, iron frame	900 lbs. 760 lbs. 1,130 lbs.	710	9"x414"		23"	136*	10	4' x 5'	100
No. 3, wood frame Boring attachment	900 lbs. 250 lbs.	610	11"x 51/4"	37° x 62° 12° x 42°	27*	134"	136"	376, x 276,	16"

With each machine is included countershaft complete, rip saw, cut-off saw, arbor wrench, ripping gauge, cut-off gauge and min Boring attachment and self-centering chuck are extras and are furnished only when ordered, at additional cost,

## TABLE EXTENSION FOR DOUBLE ARBOR RIP AND CUT-OFF SAW.



DESCRIPTION FIG. 12127.

re shown is the mme as that shown in Fig. 12126, except that it is furnished with an extension table, which may

d to prevent springing, and is provided with a steel lumber roll at the outer end.

pins, fitting accurately reamed holes in iron plates let into the table. It has our a
on with the main table forms a thoroughly efficient carriage for cutting long mate
can be easily effected as its weight alone holds it in place. A stop gauge is provi

supporting the outer end of the extension may be secured to the floor by a single bolt, as shown. By loosening the nut is released from the staple and the standard removed when desired.

### NO. 1 DOUBLE COMBINATION SAW BENCH.



FIG. 12128.

w improved patented double saw bench for cutting off and ripping, arranged with two arb same time. The arbors are 1½" diameter and are driven and adjusted independently, le is of iron 54" x 45" and is furnished with a bevel ripping gauge, two single mitter gauges have stop attachment for sawing to length and two extensions are supplied for wide cr dmit of dade head. This machine will rip 28" wide and crossent 35" wide. Counteraba I to drive saws separately. Tight and loose pulleys are 10" diameter, 5" face and should ter saw. Weight, net, 1,400 lbs.; gross, 1,500 lbs.

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## NO. 3 UNIVERSAL SAW TABLE.

## SPECIFICATIONS FIGS, 12124 AND 12125.

Size of iron table	36' x 48"
Height of table from floor.	34"
Size of mandrel hole for saws.	116"
Diameter of mandrel pulleys.	454"
Width of belt to mandrels	3"
Width of belt to line shaft	25
Diameter of tight and loose pulleys.	10"
Speed of tight and loose pulleys, revolutions per minute.	640
Giving the saws a speed, revolutions per minute	5,000
Floor space required over all	45" x 78"
Cubic measure, boxed for export.	60 cubic let
Gross weight, boxed for export	1,750 Ex.

## DOUBLE ARBOR RIP AND CUT-OFF SAW.



2. The unused arbor us rest, the belt passing discovering movement is independent of the revolving movement. This enables us to provide in the salf-active frame in position, a direct and positive support for the bearing next the saw. No other deals of far as we are aware, has this feature, iron or wood, as may be preferred. The iron frame is heavy and cast in one piece. The wood frame is the same of the same of the same is the same of 
ependent of the saw table. The arbor is fitted with a 15° hole, has a horizontal mayor and lever.

## TABLE OF SIZES AND STYLES.

	Shipping Weight.	Speed of Counter.	T. and L. Pulleys.	Size of Table.	Table Travel.	Diameter of Arbor,	Hole in Sawa.	Artor Pulley,	Diameter .
No. 1, iron frame No. 1, wood frame No. 3, iron frame No. 3, wood frame Boring attachment.	900 lbs. 760 lbs. 1,130 lbs. 900 lbs. 250 lbs.	} 710 610	9"x414" 11"x514"	34° x 57° 37° x 62° 13° x 42°	23* 27*	136° 136° 136°	19	4" x 5" 414" x 6" 314" x 314"	10"

With each machine is included countershaft complete, rip saw, cut-off saw, arbor wrench, ripping gauge, cut-off gauge and me Boring attachment and self-centering chuck are extras and are furnished only when ordered, at additional cost.





own in Fig. 13126; energi that it is formal

# NO. 1 DOUBLE COMBINATION SAW BENCH.



## NO. 14 DOUBLE SAW BENCH.

FIG. 12129.

	Shipping Weight.
Machine.	Weight,
Double saw bench.	1,300 lbs.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12129.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12129.

This is a strictly high-grade machine, adapted to pattern making, subbed work, and all places where fine, accurate work is required.

The slitting gauge can be used at any angle from the vertical to 42°, and is adjustable to and from the saw by rack and pinion.

The portion of the table to the left of the saw alldes is grooves, and the threat can be widened at will to make room for dade or grooving beads. A graduated section of circle is engraved on the table, to lacellitate setting the guide. The top is also graduated left and right from the saw to besidate the adjustment of the guides.

The saws are held on independent arbors, and these are journaled in a trasswith circular bearings. Either saw may be brought up to the work by a less turns of the hand wheel. The saws may be adjusted to cut from nothing to their full capacity, and get the full belt power in whatever position they are set.

The driving shaft, with fast and loose pulleys, is attached to the marker and from it both asws are driven with one belt. The endless best from the driving shaft to the saw arbors is furnished with the machine. The adjustable hangers to the countershaft permit keeping this best in proper tensor. The machine is shipped complete, with two ways, cut-off and spatial and all needful guides and wrenches.

and L. Pulleys.	Speed.	Power.	Floor Span
	700	2 horse-power	334" x 534"
Hameter, 4 Inco	. 200	2 morne-power	912 x 914

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## TIPPING TABLE SAW BENCH.

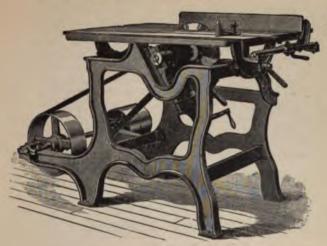
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FIG. 12130.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12130.

This machine is built from entirely new patterns, is very heavy and intended for the finest grade of work, such as slitting, mitering, bevel saving, etc., and will carry saw up to 24' in diameter. The table is of fron, it wide by 4' long, plaused perfect provided with slotted ways on either side of the saw for the crosscutting gauges; the table tilts for bevel sawing and can be first at any angle between the level and 45', an index serving to indicate the angle. The saw can be raised or lowered by measured one convenient to operator. The arbor is 15', in diameter and extended so dade head can be used. Right and left band to gauge and necessary wereches are furnished. Tight and loose pulleys are 10' diameter, 5' face and should make 600 rev minute for 12' saw. Weight, 1,000 lbs.



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FIG. 12131.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12131.

The illustration shows all parts of the machine very clearly. It is of simple construction, substantially made, and is adapted for both ripping and crosscutting, also dade work. All adjustments are made at the front of the machine without the use of a wrench.

The table is of iron accurately surfaced and strongly braced. It is mounted on circular segments, as shown, may be set at any angle up to 45°, and is locked in position by the eccentric lever shown at the front of the machine. A removable wood throat is provided to admit of using dado heads.

The arbor is carried by a frame which slides on grooved ways as shown in the illustration. It is adjusted vertically by means of the screw and is locked in any desired position by the eccentric lever just above the screw crank. The arrangement provides a substantial support for the arbor, making it nearly as solid as if the boxes were bolted directly to the machine frame.

The frame is a heavy, one-piece casting. By making it in this way we obviate the danger of joints loosening and throwing the working parts of the machine out of alignment.

The ripping gauge slides on a steel rail at the front of the table and can be quickly removed. It may be used at the extreme edge of the table for ripping wide lumber.

Two cut-off gauges are furnished, fitting planed grooves on either side of the saw. They are adjustable to any angle up to 45°.

The countershaft is supported at the rear of the main frame as shown in the illustration. It is so located that the belt tension remains very nearly constant as the saw is raised or lowered.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Shipping Weight.	Speed of Counter.	T. and L. Pulleys.	Size of Table.	Diameter of Artror.	Hole in	Arbur Pulley.	Diameter of Sura.
660 lbs.	815	9" x 454"	31" x 41"	134"	1*	4" x 43/2"	14"

Each machine is furnished with rip mw, cut-off saw, arbor wrench, ripping gauge, and two miter cut-off gauges.

## NO. 15 TIPPING TABLE SAW BENCH.



FIG. 12132.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12132.

A simple, substantial machine, well proportioned and theroughly well made throughout. The table is raised or lowered by the hand wheel working through gears and screws for changing depth of cut; and is tipped by hand or rack and pinion to any angle desired to 45°.

The splitting guide can be used either side of the saw, and the culoff guides can be used right or left, and set for sawing miters or any other angle. The table is also fitted for dado heads, or any tools requiring more questhan saws.

Countershaft is fitted in the machine together with pulleys and belt shifter a 6° endless belt from the driving pulley on the countershaft to the saw arbor pulley, and a 12° saw are supplied with each machine. The countershaft

journal boxes are adjustable to take up the slack of the belt.

When desired, an adjustable boring table is fitted to the rear side of the machine, with chuck in and of arbor.

Machine is shipped complete with guides as shown, all necessary wrenches, saw arbor belt, and 12" saw.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Machine.	Shipping Weight.	T. and L. Pulley.	Spenk.	Horse- Power.	Floor Space.
Tipping table naw	1,200 lbs.	8" diameter, 4" face	950	3	4'xx

### NO. 27 COMBINATION SAW TABLE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12133.

This is a most handy saw table for any shop where there is light sawing and jobbing to be done. Splitting, cutting-off, grooving, beading, and any odd light work can be done upon it, the collars being grooved for receiving cutters for beading or similar work.

At the right of the table is a light boring table, adjustable with a drill holder in the end of the saw arbor.

The equipment of the machine is one right- and one left-hand sliding gauge which can be set to any angle, a plain low-slitting gauge for thin stock, one 8° slitting saw, belt from counter to arbor pulley, one twist drill, and needed wrenches.

This same machine is also fitted with treadle and balance wheel on a crank shaft for foot power, in place of the steam-power fixtures, when desired.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Machine. Shipping Weight.		T. and L. Pulley.	Speed.	Horse- Power.	Floor Space.	
No. 27 mw	400 lbs.	6" diameter, 235" face	725	1	2' × 3'	



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FIG. 12133.

## NO. 3 SAW BENCH.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12134.

This engraving represents a new iron frame saw bench. The arbor is of steel, and raises and lowers, and will carry sows up to 13° in diameter. The table in 2° 11° long by 2° 4° wide, and is provided with rip, a gauge and two crosseut mitre gauges. Countershaft is attached to frame, and is provided with shipper to receive belt from any direction. Tight and losse pulleys are 8° in diameter, 3° face and should make 750 rev olutions per minute. Weight, 500 lbs.

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FIG. 12134.

### UNIVERSAL SAW BENCH.



FIG. 12135.

FIG. 12136.

This machine is built from new patterns. It is adapted to a variety of work, such as slitting, cross-cutting, miteriag, etc. The saw can be raised on lowered by means of a hand wheel convenient to operator, and will carry saws up to 24° in diameter. The saws up to 24° in diameter. Table is smale with space for dato bead. Arbor is 145° diameter. Table is 30° wide by 48 long. Hight and left mitter gauges and slitting gauge are the same than the sam

## COMBINATION RIP AND CUT-OFF SAW.



FIG. 12136

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12138.

The boring attachment is entirely independent of the saw table and is driven by a sep is fitted with a  $\frac{1}{2}$ " hole, and has a horizontal movement of 6".

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### SPECIFICATIONS.

	Shipping Weight.	Speed of Counter.	T. and L. Pulisys:	Size of Table.	Table Travel,	Diameter of Arbor.	Hola la Saw.	Arhur Fulley.	Disease of Sant
No. 1, iron frame	850 lbs. 640 lbs. 1,000 lbs. 770 lbs. 250 lbs.	{ 710 610	9" x 434" 11" x 534"		23*	136° 136° 136°	194*	4" x 5" 456" x 6" 355" x 356"	14"

With each machine is included countershaft complete, rip saw, cut-off saw, arbor wrench, ripping gauge, cut-off gauge and miter ga Boring attachment and self-centering chuck are furnished only when ordered, at extra cost.

## EXTENSION TABLE FOR COMBINATION SAWS.

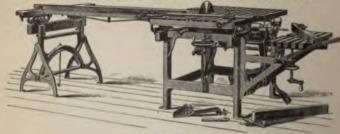


FIG. 12137. DESCRIPTION FIG. 12137.

This machine is the same as that shown in Fig. 12136, but fitted with an extension table which may be either \$\epsilon\$, \$6", or \$\epsilon\$ has been excessed is supported at the outer end on our anti-friction rollers. By the use of steel taper pass on the extension which fit accurately resamed holes in iron plates let into the main table, a very rigid connection is formed and one which makes the reservation of the extension may when the work requires that this be done. The extension is framed together, trussed to prevent springing and has atcell lumber roll at the outer end. A stop gauge is provided as shown in the illustration.

The standard supporting the outer end of the extension may be secured to the floor by a single bolt. By looseing the nat should be hold if the content of the stop and the standard removed when desired.

### NO. 4 VARIETY SAW.

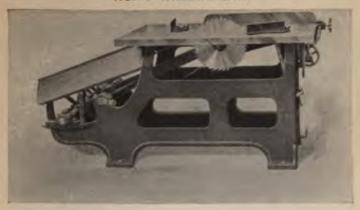


FIG. 12138.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12138.

be as mandrel is mounted on a swinging arm that is raised and lowered seans of hand-wheel and screw, to bring as with required height through . This swinging arm is cast hollow (arms slyle as band sw. frame). to u utmost rigidity to mandrel. An endless belt is furnished and the ternhal it adjustable to take up any stretching that may occur in belt, dispensing with a troublesome lacing. Takes awe up to 18° in diameter, hole. A 12° saw will cut through stock 215° thick. Will take groover 2° wide between light collar and mandrel nut.

of tight and loose pulleys.	5" × 10"
ed of countershaft, revolutions per minute.	800
ing saw a speed of revolutions per minute	3,000
weight, boxed for export	1,650 Ibs.
weight.	1,300 lbs.

## MITER SAWING MACHINE.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12139.

This machine is designed for cutting large or hard wood moldings. The is specially made for the machine, and is held and guided in such a manner perfect joints can be saved. It is made both for foot and steam power. It will cut all styles of moldings so they will join without planing—works easy and light. The rule has a special gauge or stop which gives both it and rubbet measure without calculation; the molding rests have both isontal and perpendicular adjustments, giving the measure in the rabbet city where it should be.



FIG. 12139.

The saw has very little set and is ground concave. The clamps for holding the saw to file it without moving it from the arbor are a great convenience.

The table is equipped with eccentric handles for building the molding, leaving both hands of the operator free to operate the shiding table top.

The steam fixtures are supplied in place of the treadle and balance wheel when desired.

Shipping weight, 450 lbs. Floor space, 24\* x 30\*.

WOOD FRAME RIP SAWS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12140.

The cut represents our diffting saw tables, the dimensions of which are given below. These are made in the most thorough and workmanlike manner, from select, well-seasoned old stock, with birch, maple or eherry tops glued-up from narrow strips.

The tops are all hinged at one end, and Nos. 1, 2 and 3 have a raising screw for elevating the top to accommodate the stock to be sawed.

Description continued on following page.



## WOOD FRAME RIP SAWS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12140,-Continued.

The cut shows the slitting gauge, which goes with each machine

The cut shows the slitting gauge, which goes with each machine.

A grooved track will be let in on the top and a light cut-off attachment or rest will be added when ordered, for an extra charge.

No. 1.—Machine is 2' 10' wide by 3' 8' long; size of pulley, 4' diameter, 4\frac{1}{2}' face.

No. 2.—Machine is 3'' wide by 4' long. The pulley is 4\frac{1}{2}' diameter, 5' face.

No. 3.—Machine is 3'' o' wide by 5' long. The pulley is 6' diameter, 6' face.

No. 4.—Machine is 3'' o' wide by 5' long. The pulley is 6' diameter, 6\frac{1}{2}' face.

No. 5.—Machine is 3'' o' wide by 5' long. The pulley is 7' diameter, 6' face.

No. 6.—Machine is 3'' 10' wide by 6' long. The pulley is 6' diameter, 7' face.

Speed.—Run the periphery of the saw 9.00' per minute. Power required to drive above, 1 to 6 horse.

Saws for above machines, any diameter, gauge, or number of teeth, supplied at manufacturers' prices, when ordered, and charged entr-

#### IRON FRAME RIP SAW.

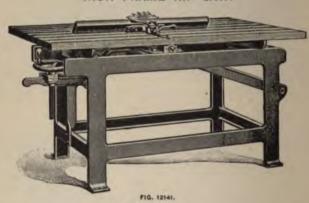
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#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12141.

This tool is made to do one class of work and do it well. The arbor may be adjusted vertically to suit the work in based and sea be a laways used where it will be most efficient. The machine is strongly belted and is built for business.

The table is of our usual construction, made up of narrow pieces carefully jointed and glued together, and is fastened to heavy ires cleats belted to the frame of the machine. A removable throat is provided to facilitate changing saws.

The after runs in connected, self-cliling boxes with the pulley between them. Of calcilitate changing saws.

The after runs in connected, self-cliling boxes with the pulley between them. Of calcilitate changing saws.

The robe connection with wicks supply at its all parts of the journals. Any excess is collected by the chandres as it is forced out of the bestings. The yolks connecting the bears frame journaled at the rear of the machine, raised and lowered at the front by the hand wheel and servey, and security fastened in any frame is cast in one piece and is heavily ribbed in all its parts.

The risping gauge is our combination square and bevel gauge. It may be set at any angle up to 45° and is fastened in position by an eccentric lever a few contractions.

Shipping Weight. Speed of Counter. T. and L. Pulleys. Size of Table. Diameter of Arbor. Hole in Saw. Arbor Pulley. Discontinual flow. 38" x 63" 114" 5" × 6" 940 lbs. 680 11" x 53/2" 134" 36"

Each machine is furnished with countershaft complete, rip saw, arbor wreach, and ripping gauge.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12142.

This engraving represents our No. 3 patent heavy hand-feed ripping saw, intended for either light or heavy ripping in hard even wood, taking a 24° saw at the largest, which will saw through material 10° thick and under. The fence can be adjusted from 0 is 20° from the saw for asving lumber of different widths. It is especially intended for heavy ripping such as required in land wood milk, as and railroad shops, wagon and agricultural implement works, where the principal awing is in hard wood.

The frame, of neat design, is cast cored style, well braced and provided with a broad floor support. The table is 30° x 72°, of iron, cast in one piece, planed true and finished over the entire upper surface. In front of the saw it afted with a friction roller, with a vertical adjustment to prevent undue friction to the material on the table so the humber is passed through the machine. The front end of the table is provided with hand wheel and out gearing for raising and lowering the table. It as be lifted any desired height clear of the saw, giving free access to the mandrel for changing saws.

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## NO. 3 PATENT HEAVY HAND FEED RIPPING SAW.

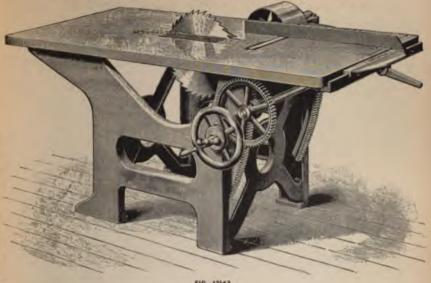


FIG. 12142.

Net Weight, 1,500 Lbs.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12142,-Continued.

The saw arbor, of hammered steel, is 1½ diameter. The saw end is usually furnished to carry one saw, but it can be fitted, when so ordered, with an extended end and our new system of adjustable collars for carrying a gang of saws. In this case the table is out around the saw and filled in with adjustable steel hars to go between the saws for the support of the lumber. By this device the saws can be set from ½ up to 3" apart with any variations between these sizes, with the same collars, a convenient arrangement for

cutting several strips at one time.

The arbor boxes are provided with three bearings, one outside the driving pulley to properly support the arbor to withstand heavy work. All the bearings are cast together forming a heavy yoke, which is independent of the main frame of the machine, and provided with adjustments to give more or less lead to the saw.

The patent fence can be instantly set to a scale in the table a desired distance from the saw, from 0" to 20", and it can be rigidly

locked in position by a friction binder.

The counter is furnished as follows: Shaft, 2\%" x 48"; two No. 2 ball-and-socket adjustable drop hangers; driving pulley, 30" x 8"; tight and loose pulleys, 14" x 8"; speed, 600 turns per minute; pulley on arbor, 10" x 8"; speed, 1,800 rotations per minute. Also a convenient rack and pinion adjustable belt shifter is furnished.

Horse power to drive, 4; floor space occupied, 58" x 72".

## WOODEN FRAME BOX BOARD EDGING SAW.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12143.

This pattern of machine has for many years been a favorite with the box trade, being preferred to iron frame machines. These frames are made of the best kiln dried old stock, carefully framed and thoroughly fastened. The tracks for the table are accurately planed, those on the left side being flat and those on the right side being Y-shaped, insuring alignment, and being very light running. The arbor is made of the best cast steel 154" in diameter, and takes saws with 1" hole.

Shipping weight, 300 lbs.; pulley 455" x 5"; speed, 3,000 revolutions per minute.

Countershaft, boxing, and saw, extra.

## POWER FEED RIP SAWS.

#### WOOD FRAME BOX BOARD EDGING SAW.



FIG. 12143. Description on preceding page

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12144

A heavy, well-proportioned durable machine, designed for ripping say kind of lumbor, hard or soft wood.

The frame is cast in one piece, has three hearings for saw arbes, one of them an outside hearing beyond the driving pulley.

The table is iron, has a true surface, an opening around the saw into which an iron plate is accurately fitted to admit of changing the saws and to avoid raising the table, and is provided with adjustable kille rolls in front and raw of the saw and at the rear end of table. It is raised and lowered vertically we four came, one at each corner of table, very quickly by means of a strait attached to a double threaded server, and always maintains a parallel position. The mandrel is of crucible sizel, running in three long, self-oiling boxen, and is provided with sectional collars of different widths, so that two or ones naw can be used at one time.

The feed works are positive and strong. The leading spar runs in line with the saw to prevent narking the lumber, and is adjustable to and from the may to give more or less lead to the board; a spreader is provided in the enser of the outfeeding corrugated roll, and the entire works can be thrune upward and backward out of the way to allow the machine to be used as a hand feed rip saw.

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FIG. 12144.

Shows No. 4 machine with feeding-out roll.

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## POWER FEED RIP SAWS.

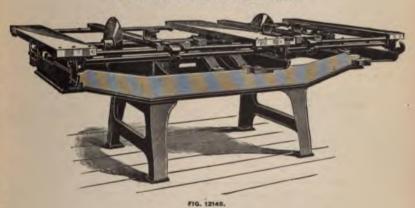
#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12144,-Continued.

The fence or gauge is entirely new and can be set to any fraction of an inch within its capacity for width, and is held firmly in position at any point by the slightest movement. An indicator in connection with a scale on front edge of table gives the width to be maved.

No. 3.	No. 4.	No. M.
16" x 5"	16" x 5"	18" x 814"
2*	2*	254*
55', 88' and 147'	55', 88' and 147'	80', 137' and 195'
20*	20"	24*
10"	16"	18"
7" × 7"	7" x 7"	8" x 8"
2,600	2,600	2,000
10° x 7"	10" x 7"	12" x 8"
-900	900	750
1,350 lbs.	1,650 lbs.	2,300 lbs.
200 lbs.	200 lbs.	300 lbs.
	2" 35', 88' and 147' 20" 10" 7" x 7" 2,600 10" x 7" 900 1,350 lbs.	16" x 5" 16" x 5" 2"  25" 2"  25" 55", 85" and 147" 55", 85" and 147"  20" 10" 16"  7" x 7" 7" x 7"  2,600 2,600  10" x 7" 10" x 7"  900 900  1,350 lbs. 1,650 lbs.

We furnish with each machine one rip saw, one feed spur, and necessary wrenches. Countershaft extra when desired. We furnish for this machine when desired a bevel siding attachment.

## NO. 3 DOUBLE CUT-OFF SAW.



## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12145.

This is a thoroughly efficient tool of improved design. The following points should be carefully noted.

The carriage is mounted on our anti-friction rollers, which are especially adapted for a machine of this kind. Without them it would be practically impossible to secure accuracy of movement, owing to the extreme dimensions of the machine. In order that perfect work may be done two things are essential in the carriage, viz.: it must be rigid, and must travel in a straight line absolutely square with the arbor. The necessary rigidity is secured by supporting it in the center as well as at the ends, and accuracy of movement is obtained by making the center tracks, both upper and lower, absolutely straight, securing them immovably in place, and relying on these alone to guide the carriage. All end rolls and tracks have flat surfaces and are used only for support. Lightness is secured by making the carriage in skeleton form, using drawn steel bars at the front and back connected by wood tables built up from narrow strips of thoroughly seasoned and kiln-dried hard wood. The sliding tables are each secured in any desired position by means of a single hand serew at the front of the machine.

#### NO. 3 DOUBLE CUT-OFF SAWS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12145. -Continued.

The arbor is made in one piece, with the driving pulley in the center between two bearings of liberal dimensions. The end bear mounted in such a manner that by loosening a single serew they may be moved away from the arbor to admit of removing save vers, and are to arranged that accurate alignment of the arbor is always preserved when they are in place. The saves, which are concave ground, are carried on sleeves made in two parts, similar to the ordinary compression coupling gle strew gives them a firm grip on the arbor. The saves are held in place by a combination collar and hexagon nut, for which a spench is furnished. Lengths from 6° to 16° are cut with both saves on either the right-hand or left-hand section of the arbor; is aloning lengths the save may be used one on each section of the arbor, as shown in the illustration.

The frame is very rigid and east in one piece.

	Shipping Weight.	Carriage Travel	Speed of Counter, R. P. M.	T. and L. Pulleys.	Distance Bet. Saws.	Diameter of Arbot.	Hole in Sawa.	Arhor Pulley.	Diameter of Sero.
24" machine	1,490 lbs. 1,530 lbs.	24* 30* 36* 48*	} 680	11° x 536°	6" to 80"	134*	234"	5" × 6"	16"

Each machine is furnished with countershaft complete, two concave ground cut-off saws, three cut-off sauges, also two special descriptions.

## WOODEN FRAME BOX BOARD CUT-OFF SAW.

FIG. 12146.

The frames are made only of selected stock, and are thoroughly fastered.

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The machine cuts both ends of the stuff at the same time, and is trequently supplied with extra sleeves to take additional saws. The arbor is made of the best cast steel 134" in diameter. The outer new has a l' hole, the inside saws have 3" holes to fit the sleeves. The inside collars and the center rests are adjustable.

The pulley is at the left of the machine, 4)-2" x 5"; speed, 3,000 revolations per minute; power required, I horse-power; shipping weight skidded, 350.

Countershaft, boxing and saw, extra-

#### SAW ARBORS.

### YOKE FRAME SAW ARBOR.

## STRAIGHT FRAME SAW ARBOR.



FIG. 12147.



FIG. 12148.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS, 12147 AND 12148.

accompanying cuts represent two patterns of saw arbors. These arbors are made of the best cast steel, with the best. The boxes are connected together by a strong web bed, and cannot get out of line. We use a self-ciling box, whis fective, cashy cleaned when necessary, and lined with the best quality of babbitt metal. The searings are long, as to a shoulder fit. The journal next to the collar has several grooves in it, with corresponding rings in the box B at all lateral or end motion, and keeps the saw always in its place. Every arbor is put under belt and thoroughly lars have cone bearings, permitting saws with different size of holes to be used.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

No. of Arbors.	Saws.	Distance from Center to Center of Ear Pissen.	Distance Between Pulley and Saw.	Diameter of Pullsy.	Fate of Pulley,	Diameter of Collars.	Diameter of Arbura.	Holes in East	Longth of Busings.
1		14* 15%* 16%* 18%* 19%* 21*	20° 22° 24° 26° 28° 80°	4" 415" 5" 6" 7" 8"	415" 5" 5" 615" 7"	3" 315" 4" 415" 5" 515"	1	100	8° 514° 6° 616° 7° 715°

## SWING FRAME CUT-OFF SAWS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12149.

The accompanying cut represents a light but very strongly built swing cut-off saw. The frame swings on the boxes, thereby relieving the shaft from all strain. It is made of extra heavy wrought-iron tubing, connected by the wide cross girts in such a manner that it is impossible for it to spring or twist, as in the case of a great many machines.

The arbor frame is well proportioned and has self-oiling boxes. The randred and countershaft are of the best steel and the boxes lined with best bubblitt metal.

The away is precluded by a bright of the counterpart o

The saw is protected by a shield. Any size of saw up to 24" can be

The standard length of frame is 6', but the same can be furnished

longer or shorter to suit requirements.

Tight and loose pulleys are 10° x 5½°, and should make 650 revolutions per minute for a 10° saw.

Driving pulley,  $16^{\circ} \times 51_{2}^{\circ}$ .

Pulley on mandrel,  $41_{3}^{\circ}$  diameter by  $51_{3}^{\circ}$  face.

Size of hole required in saw,  $13_{3}^{\circ}$ .

The machine is complete and can be set up and put in operation in a short time.

NO. 2 CUT-OFF SAW.



FIG. 12150.

NO. 1 IMPROVED CUT-OFF SAW.

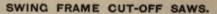


Furnished with or without adjustable counterbalance (shown in cut).

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12150.

This cut represents a new swing cutting-off saw. The frame is east in one piece and is attached to the hangers and not to the shaft. This tool is very rigid and will not admit of any torsion, is equipped with counterbalance and guard for saw. Dimension, 6' 6" from foot of hanger to center of saw arbor. Tight and loose pulleys are 9" in diameter, 4" face, and should make 550 revolutions per minute for 10° saw. Saws extra.

Weight, 450 lbs.



PATENT HEAVY SWING SAW.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12151.

This engraving represents our patent entre bearg swing cut-off saw, which is adapted to carry a new from 24° up to 48° diameter. It is capable of cutting off leavy lumber or timber, and cutting round legs to lengths anable for converting them into hub, spoke, wages, siave, and hoop stock.

It is furnished with side brackets to be suspended from the side of a wall, as shown by the engraving, or with connected hangers to fasten to the ceiling, similar to our No. I machine, and it is built in seven different lengths, to measure 8′, 9′, 10′, 11′, 12′, 13′, and 14′, from the center of the arbor to the top of the hanger.

The frame is cast in one piece with cored center, making it very stiff and reliable; and it is hinged to the hanger, which prevente end wear of the hinged bearings and lateral motion to the frame.

The saw arbor, of steel, is 19% diameter, running is wifciling, genuine babbit metal bearings, and it is driven by an 8° belt; the saw is covered with a shield to protest the operator.

The patent spring balances used on this machine for the purpose of pulling the saw back from the operator, out of harm's way, command special attention; the weighted balances in common use are seriously objectionable, because of their great inertia and consequent resistances at both extremes of swing; it is to overcome this objection that we use the spring balances, and we find their qualities to be incomparable; the adjustments, by which a greater or less tendency backward can be secured, is another desirable feature.

This machine is so constructed that the operator is not obliged to lift a weight in pulling the saw forward, at the same time the saw is self-returning.

The roller table can be furnished to any length required; the rolls are fitted with finished steel spindles ranning is bored ball and socket boxes, and the lumber can be moved

and the lumber can be moved over the table with the

reatest man.

The counter is a portion of the machine, and it is furnished with belt-shipping apparatus; the driving galler is 24' diameter, 8' face; tight and loose pulleys are 14' diameter, 8' face; speed, 2,000 revolutions for 30' saw. In ordering give length from top of hanger to center of my arbor, also size of mer.

Horse-power to drive, 4.

Export shipping weight ..........

3,100 lbs

FIG. 12151.

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### BAND SAWS.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12152.

The cut illustrates our latest improved 20" foot-power band saw

Entirely new design, sufficiently strong and rigid to withstand all demands that may be made upon it.

Adapted to all kinds of work, such as is done on a power band saw, and is invaluable to those not having power.

Frame is east in one piece, and carries all the working parts. Legs are securely belted to same.

Shafta are all of steel, lathe-turned, and run in iron boxes lined with best babbitt metal, and are 4" and 434" long, accurately bored, and run very free.

The upper bearing for band wheel, which slides on accurately planed gibbed ways, is adjustable up and down by means of a hand wheel, so that new can be used until they are entirely worn out, and it also has adjustment to line it up with lower saw pulley.

Gears are all automatic machine-cut, from solid iron.

Saw pulleys are 20" in diameter, turned, and covered with endless pure rubber bands, strengthened with canvas, and will cut to center of a 40" circle.

Top guide is a roller guide wheel, and is made of hardened steel, to receive thrust of saw. Lower guide is hard wood and easily made when worn out. Distance between table and upper guide, 7\*.

Table is made of kiln-dried hard wood, 22" x 22", and is 3' 4" from the floor.

Table is secured to iron cleat or segment underneath, and is arranged to tilt for cutting on a bevel.

20" FOOT-POWER BAND SAW.



FIG. 12152.

#### 20" FOOT-POWER SAW.



FIG. 12153.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12153.

The range of work, and the rapidity with which it can be done on one of these small machines, is a constant source of surprise and wonder to those who are not familiar with them. They are suited to parties having light work and light power, or light work and heavy power, or who have any kind of work and no kind of power. In the construction the same care is exercised as in our larger machines. Frames cast hollow, in one piece, and everything first class throughout. It will be noticed that a crank is provided on gear wheel for a second man to turn on, in addition to the double treadles. This is a valuable feature in heavy work.

The machine has round steel guide bar. Tilting table. The table is of wood, built up of veneers, re-enforced with an iron rib. Spring tension is not necessary on this size machine, and is therefore not provided.

Regular equipment.—The following items are included with each machine, and need not be mentioned in ordering: Two plain guides, one brazing clamp, one brazing tongs, one saw-blade set, filed and joined ready for use, ¼" wide. (Customers can, however, have choice of any width blade up to 1".)

For specifications, see following page.

SPECIFICATIONS FIG. 12153.	
Size of band wheels	20*
Distance between saw and frame	19"
Height under saw guide, when raised	7*
Size of table, wood	
Diameter of tight and loose pulleys	70
Width of belt to use	34
Speed, when used belt power	
Length of saw blade	10'1"



FIG. 12154.

Floor space required, over all	Belt Fower, 20" x 34" 18"	Frot Power, 24" × 40" 18"	Foot and Bell, 30" x 40" 18"
Gross weight, boxed for export	440 lbs.	400 lbs.	515 Ba.
Net weight	275 lbs.	325 lbs.	350 lbs.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12154

This machine is adapted to the smaller factories or planing mills, or to begat ones whose requirements do not demand machines of larger size. The machine is made up in a first-class manner throughout, is abundantly strong and rigid for any work coming within the range of this size machine, and since it can be provided with the foot-power equipments, adapts it to parties whole not have belt power accessible at all times, and yet desire to use a land saw most any time. This size machine will do any work coming within its map as rapidly and satisfactorily as the same work could be done on a larger mechine. It has tilting table with stop, spring tension, bexagon steel guale har (not counterbalanced).

Regular equipment.—The following articles are included with each machine. and need not be mentioned in ordering: One Wright's guide above table, one

brazing clamp, one brazing tongs, one saw blade set, filed and joined ready for use, 3/4" wide. (Customers can, however, have choice of any width blade up to 1".) Iron table will be furnished unless wood table is specified in ordering.

SPECI	FICAT	IONS.

SPECIFICATIONS.	
Size of band wheels, face	26" x 134"
Distance clear between any and frame	25*
Height clear under guide when raised	8"
Size of table (iron or wood)	20" x 24"
Diameter of tight and loose pulleys.,	10*
Width of belt to use	3"
Speed, revolutions per minute	350 to 450
Length of saw blade	13' 9" 30" x 40"
Floor space required, over all	30. X 30.
Cubic measure, boxed for export	23
Gross weight, boxed for export. 680 lbs. Net weight. 500 lbs.	Foot and Belt 730 lbs. 550 lbs.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12165.

This is a good-sized machine to select for factory or general planing mill use, where the work to be done is not of extremely large dimension, or where the amount of work would not justify the purchase of a more expensive machine. In rigidity and durability the machine is the equal of our 36' shown on following page, and tike it, the frame is also cast entire in one piece, cored out hollow. This machine has already had a large sale, and proven vary astisactory for an all-round serviceable machine.

It has spring tension, talting table with stop, hexagon steel guide bar, but spring counterbalance for guide bar is not furnished on this machine unless specially ordered at an additional cost. (Description continued on following page.)

32" BAND SAW

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#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12155.—Continued.

Regula' equipment.—The following items are included with each machine, and nood not be mentioned in ordering: One Wright's above table, one brasing clamp, one brasing tongs, one brack, filed and joined ready for use, \$6° vide. (Cuesto, browever, have clonice of any width blade up to 1°.)

Size of band wheels, face	32*× 196*
Distance clear between new and frame	31"
Height clear under guide, when raised	11"
Size of table (iron)	$24" \times 28"$
Diameter of tight and loose pulley	12*
Width of belt to uso	314"
Speed, revolutions per minute	350 to 450
Length of saw blade	16' 4"
Floor space required over all	35" × 48"
Cubic measure, boxed for export	34'
Gross weight, baxed for export	1,050 lbs.
Net weight	850 lbs.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12166.

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国 HE This is the standard size as used in factories and targe planing mills, having ample capacity to accommodate any ordinary work; a machine that for completeness of detail, design and durability will stand comparison with anything now on the market. The guide bar is of steel, hexagon in shape, and is provided with a spring counterbulance for convenience in adjusting, and to prevent accident from falling when loosened. It also provided with spring tension, tilting table with stop, front and rear fenders. The entire frame is cast in one piece coved out hollow, making it extremely rigid. This machine has recently been much improved, being now made with our latest improved tilting device for table, which works free and easy.

Regular empirement—The following items are included with each machine, and noed not be mentioned in ordering. One Wright's guide above table, one brazing clamp, one brazing tongs, one saw blade set, filled and joined ready for use, \$\frac{5}{3}\square\$ wide.



FIG. 12157.



FIG. 12156.

Extras.—Wood rim wheels and ripping gauge can be furnished, but will be charged for extra.

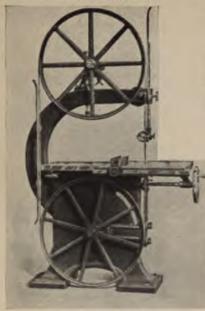
#### SPECIFICATIONS.

Size of band wheels, face	36" × 2"
Distance clear between saw and frame	36"
Height clear under guide, when raised	17"
Size of table (iron)	28° x 32"
Diameter of tight and loose pulleys	12"
Width of helt to use	4"
Speed, revolutions per minute	350 to 450
Length of saw blade	18' 6"
Floor space required over all	39° x 57*
Cubic measure, boxed for export	48'
Gross weight, boxed for export	1,300 lbs.
Net weight	1,100 lbs.

## DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12157 AND 12158.

The advantage of a band saw on which the table is always level, but which admits of tilting the saw for bevel work, is at once apparent, since it is so much easier to handle like work on a level table than on an inclined one. On large work it means the saving of an extra man beiping to hold the work, while smaller work can be turned out more accurately and in less time. For common averyday square awing there is not a single objectionable feature, as compared to the ordinary kind of band saw.

36" ANGLE BAND SAW, ERECT.



#### DESCRIPTION FIGS, 12157 AND 12158 .- Continued

We do not claim to have originated the idea of ma a level-table band may, with tilling saw, as a few such mas are already on the market. But we do claim to have we must the idea in a new way that is theroughly practical that ours is the irrest and only practical machine of the market. We take there's one only practical machine of the market. We take there's of choices of the system of the feeting of the control of the system of the feeting of the system of the syst

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much lower price than is usually charged for other one of this class.

The arm is hinged to the pedestal in a very rigid on by means of a heavy trumion passing through them, centric with lower shaft, making the machine just as when silled as wher adding forcet; and just as rigid durable as an ordinary load saw. The bearings for shaft consist of solid bushings fastened into trumone, a provided with oil chamber and capillary feld, making precided with oil chamber and capillary feld, making provided at that point. Also the aw may be tilted forward to 4° beyond the percindents a days. The table on the planed ways of the pedestal, and is provided with a steel gib for taking up possible wear. The aw will tilt back to an angles a stop being provided at that point. Also the aw may be tilted forward to 4° beyond the percindents. But this stop can have been pulled by the sum of the provided with a steel gib for taking up possible wear. The aw will tilt back to an angles to work the perpendicular as a special control of place allowing saw to pass on an out-tilt angle as mentioned. The machine has the stop is also provide to the provided with a steel gib for taking up possible wear. The aw will tilt back to an angles to work the perpendicular as a special control of place allowing saw to pass on an out-tilt angle as mentioned. The machine has the point as this point may exactly be reached without referring to the graduated quadrant. But this stop can instead of the provided with a steel gib for taking up possible wear. The aw will tilt back to an angles to work the provided with a steel gib for taking up possible wear. The aw will tilt back to an angles to work the point as the

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

	-	
Size of band wheels		30° x 2°
Distance clear between saw and arm		307
		18"
		: 36, X 31.
		16* 4 5*
		800 to 800
		18'
		40° × 63°
Height over all		95"
		541
		7,050 lbs.
Net weight		1,000 Dja

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12159.

This machine is built from new patterns; has a cored frame cast in one piece; taole of iron, 27" x 35", and adjustable from a level to 45°; the hand wheel regulating the tension of the mw, also the hand wheel lining the upper wheel, are both operated in front of machine. The guide bar is planed square and equipped with a first-class guide, and can be raised to mw lumber 16' thick. The wheels have fron hubs and spokes with laid wood rims, made in such a manner that they will remain true. The shipper will receive a belt from any direction. Wrench, brazing clamp, tongs, 1/2" mm and a ripping gauge are furnished. Tight and loose pulleys A are 12° diameter, 4° face, and the best results are attainable of from a speed of 375 to 400 revolutions per minute.

Weight, 1,100 lbs.

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#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12160.

Base,-Length, 46". Width, 23". Height, 7' 119". Tuble.-Length, 40°. Width, 36°. Height, 40° from floor. Bracket under table, 11° x 834°. Tilta 45° one way, (I) 5" the other. Auxiliary table, 21" x 22".

Wheels - Diameter, 38\*. Carry blades up to 2\* wide. Guide post.-11/2" square. Maximum lift, 18".

# TYPE B BAND SAW.

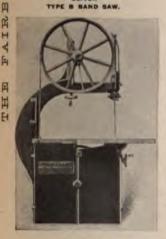


FIG. 12160.

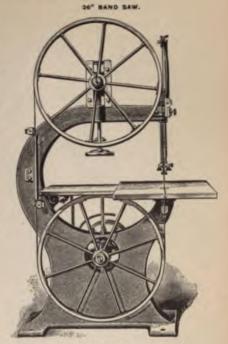


FIG. 12159.

Lower wheel shaft.-Diameter, 11/4". Length main bearing, 19/4". Length outside bearing, 5".

Upper wheel shaft,-Length bearing, 123/2". Diameter, 13/2". Width between saw and column, 38". Total floor space, 4' 6" by 5' 6". Saw blade 20' long. Tight and loose pulleys 12" x 4)4". Speed, 450 revolutions per minute.

Horse-power.-Maximum, 4.

Not Weight	Crated Weight.	Bound for Export.	Bise of Box.
3,000 lbs.	3,200 lbs.	3,500 lbs.	41" x 53" x 93".

#### EXTRAS.

No. 1, hand ripping sence 4" high for adjusting to the table, to be used when desired.

No. 2, hand ripping lenee 6° high, for ripping wider timber.

No. 3, special hand ripping fence, operated from the front edge of table.

Spring roller for holding material to ripping sence when re-eawing lumber by hand. Main belt to drive the machine should be 4" wide,

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12161.

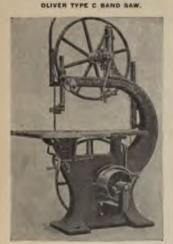


FIG. 12161.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12164,

Rase.—Length, 40°.

Width, 22°.

Height, 6° 75°.

Table.—Length, 36°.

Width, 30°.

Height, 40°.

Bracket under the table: 4° x 734°, tilts 45° one way and 7° the other.

Wheels.—Diameter, 36°.

Carry blades up to 116°.

Lower Wheel Shaft.—Diameter, 116°. Lower Wheel Shaft.—Diameter, 1½". Length of main bearing, 13". Outside bearing, 5". Upper Wheel Shaft.—Length of bearing, 11\*.
Diameter, 115\*.
Saw Blades.—Length, 19\*.
Tight and Loose Pulleys.—Size, 12\* diameter, 416\* face.

Inght and Loose Pulleys.—Size, 12° dis Speed.—500 revolutions per minute. Width between saw and column, 30°. Floor Space.—4° x 5°. Horse-power.—Maximum, 4. Net Weight. Crated Weight. Be 1,600 lbs. 1,800 lbs.

#### EXTRAS

No. 1, hand-ripping fence 4\* high, for adjusting to the table, to be seed when desired.

No. 2, hand-ripping fence 6\* high, for ripping wider lumber.

No. 3, special hand-ripping fence, operated from the front edge of table.

Spring roller for holding material up to the ripping fence when reasons lumber.

Main belt to drive machine should be 4" wide.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12162.

Floor space, 60" x 40". Height of column, 7'. Diameter of wheels, 36". Height under guide, 16°. Swing between mw and column, 36". Maximum width of saw can be used, 11/2". Saws 19' long can be used. Table 40" from floor. Table 28" x 34". Auxiliary table 14° x 18°. Guide post 114" square. Length of main bearing to lower wheel, 14"; diameter, 134".

Length of main bearing to upper wheel, 10"; diameter, 114".

Tight and loose pulleys, 12° x 4". 500 revolutions per minuto.

Horse-power.-Maximum, 7. Not Weight.

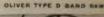
Sine. 36" 1,400 lbs. No. 1, hand-ripping fence, 4" high.

No. 2, hand-ripping fence, 6" high. No. 3, hand-ripping fence, to be operated from the front edge of the table.

Spring roller device to hold material to the ripping fence when resawing. Main belt to drive the machine should be 314" wide.

EXTRAS.

1,600 lbs.



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FIG. 12162.

Buxed Weight. .

1.900 lbs

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12163

The accompanying engraving represents our new patent band sawing machine, which embraces all our recent improvements, and conbines all the requisites of a first-class machine.

The frame is exceedingly well proportioned, cast in one piece and cored out, with the iron equally distributed, making it very rigid and strong.

The wheels are 36° in diameter, with 2° face, the upper wheel having a hardwood rim, glued up from thin dry veneers, making a continuous rim, covered with pure rubber, ground perfectly true, and has hollow wrought spokes, set staggering, making a neat, light and strong wheel to carry any width of saw up to 1½°. The lower wheel is of solid (web) iron, which gives solidity and speed, prevents vibration and controls the momentum.

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The upper and lower shafts revolve in selfoiling connected double boxes, lined with genuine habbitt metal. The lower box is bolted to the frame, with necessary adjustments to take upwear. The loose pulley is self-oiling and can be run about one month without refilling the oil chamber

The upper wheel is adjusted vertically by means of a hand wheel. There is a spring to maintain uniform tension, and compensate for the expansion and contraction of saw. The strain may be increased or decreased according to the density of the work. The upper wheel can be angled to lead the saw in any desired path from the front of the machine by means of a lever, as shown in cut.

The table is of iron, planed perfectly true, and may be tilted for bevel or conical sawing up to 45° to the right and 10° to the left.

Our patent tilling device, or lock, is new and very ingenious, with many points of advantage over the old style. It consists of two parts, dovetailed and perfectly turned and fitted together, with a lever for tightening, and has no babbitted bearings. It is equick acting and of great convenience to the operator, no wrenches being required. It is operated by means of a handle, as shown in cut, and the table can be quickly and accurately adjusted to any desired angle while the operator remains standing, and without changing his working position.

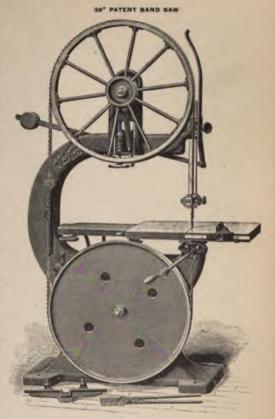


FIG. 12163.

The table, tilting as it does on dovetailed slides, remains rigid at all times, and when set to any certain angle, does not move from the set angle while being tightened or locked, as is the case with the old style tilting device. Size of table, 29° x 35°

The guide bar is made square, insuring permanent alignment, and is provided with a counterbalance. The upper guide is of the non-friction roller type.

The belt shifter and all adjustments are in close reach of the operator, and can be made without changing his position.

The belt shifter is so arranged that the machine may be belted from the top or below, or from either side, as may be desired.

The mw will take 18" under the guide, and 36" to the frame.

We furnish with each machine one saw blade, ready for use, and brazing tongs and vise. Length of saw, 19' 5"
Every machine is put under belt, and carefully tested on actual work, and warranted first class in every respect.

Tight and loose pulleys are 14" x 41/5" and should make 500 revolutions per minute. Weight, 1,500 lbs.

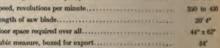
38" HEAVY BAND SAW

FIG. 12164.

Regular Equipment.—The following items are included with each chine, and need not be mentioned in ordering: One Wright's guide above table, one common guide below table, one pair brazing tongs, one brazing clamp, one saw blade 34" wide.

Options and Extras.-Customers can select any width saw up to I' wide without extra charge. Wood rim wheels and ripping gauge can be furnished, but will be charged for extra.





Floor space required over all.... Cubic measure, boxed for export.... Gross weight, boxed for export.... 1,850 Tes. 1,450 lbs

### DESCRIPTION PIG. 12165.

This engraving represents our No. 2 patent 36" band, scroll, rip, and resawing machine, which is a most conveniently arranged tool for doing various kinds of band, scroll work, ripping and resawing lumber. It is a combination of three machines in one, and it can be changed, in a few moments' time, from one class of work to the other. It has proven to be a most desirable and useful machine for workworkers in general. It is suited to the very finest scroll sawing required in piano and organ factories, pattern shops, fancy woodworkers etc., as well as the heavier kinds of work, such as cutting plow beams, wagon and carriage wood stocks, agricultural implement perfectly ship and car work, sawing hard wood with saw blade as wide as 2". All the adjustments on this machine are so perfect that it can be run constantly without injury to the saw blade or the machine.

The frame, of modern design, is entirely new. It is cast in one piece with cored center, making it strong and reliable, and it is provided with a broad floor base to stand firm.

The middle supporting the upper wheel is accurately fitted to the frame in planed and scraped angle ways, and it is adjustable up of down by hand wheel and screw, to accommodate various lengths of saw blades, taking, at the longest, a saw 1815.



NO. 2 PATENT 36" BAND. SCROLL, RIP, AND smooth sawing. BESAWING MACHINE.

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DESCRIPTION FIG. 12185 .- Continued.

The saw wheels are 36" diameter, 21/2" face, covered with a solid endless rubber band, 'g' thick; they are ground perfectly true, and given a running balance by our patent method, making them capable of running at a high rate of speed, entirely free from vibration, an essential feature for

An ingenious tension device secured by the use of a com-pression spring in connection with the upper wheel provides the exact amount of tension to the saw, under all conditions, instantly accommodating itself for light or heavy sawing, unlike the old style weight affair, which is cumbersome and slow to act. It is a well-known fact that a spring will act 100 times quicker than a weight, which means that a spring tension will meet and correct 100 variations in the strain of the saw while a weight is getting in motion to take care

a weight is getting in motion to take care of one, and very likely, because of its inertia, missing that. The saw will cut perfect work only when the tension is accurate. By a single hand serew, the upper saw wheel can be tilted, while running to lead the saw to any path desired over the face of the wheels. of the wheels

The table, of iron, is 30° x 34°, planed true and arranged to tilt up to 45° angle for bevel sawing. The top is laid off in inches and fractions, and fitted with a patent ips saw gauge, to be used for ripping lumber. This gauge can be instantly placed on or removed from the machine.

Patent non-friction guides are used above and below the table, and they are warranted not to heat or injure the saw blade.

The resawing attachment is driven by a belt from the lower wheel shaft. It is accurately fitted with cut gears and a powerful feed, and it will resaw either parallel or beveling, up to 12" wide and under, in different thicknesses. This attachment, like the rip saw gauge, can be quickly placed on or off the machine.

This machine measures 36' from the inside of the frame to the center of the table, giving ample room for wide awing. When the guide stem is lifted to its highest position, it will take work 1255" thick.

All spindles are of forged steel, and run in long self-lubricating bearings.

The tight and loose pulleys are 14" diameter, 4" face, and provided with an improved belt rns per minute. The loose pulley

shipper, to be operated from the working side of the machine, and they should run 500 turns per minute.

is fitted with bronze bearings and self-oiling device.

Horse-power to drive, 214; floor space occupied, 42° x 60° Net weight, 1,900 lbs.

FIG. 12165.

### BAND SAWS.

NEW 40" BAND SAW.



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FIG. 12166.

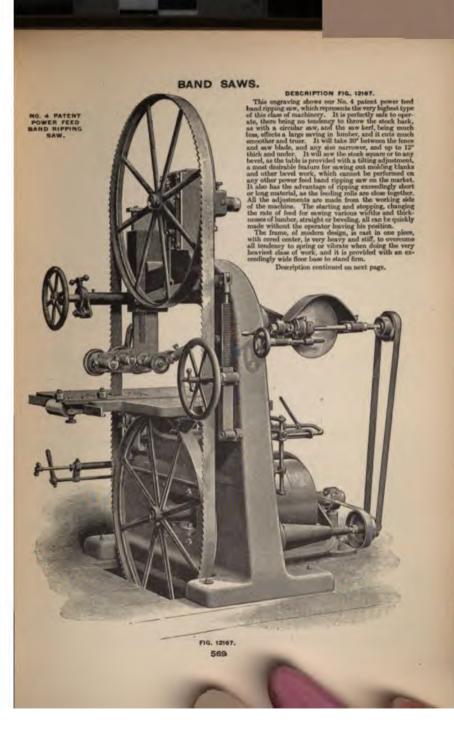
### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12166.

This machine is built from new patterns, has a cored frame, cast in one piece. The table is of iron, 33° × 42°, and tills to se angle of 45°. The hand wheel regulating the tension of saw, also the hand wheel limit; the upper wheel, are both operated in form of the machine. The guide is planed square, is counterbalanced and equipped with a first-class patent non-friction saw guide. The wheels have iron hubs and spokes, with laid wood rims, made in a manner that guarantees them to remain true.

A belt shifter is attached and will receive a belt from any direction. Wrench, brazing clamp, tongs, 32° saw and as adjustable

A belt shifter is attached and will receive a belt from any direction. Wrench, brasing clamp, tongs, \$2" saw and an adjustable ripping gauge are furnished. Saws stock 20" thick. Tight and loose pulleys are 10" in diameter, 4" face, and should make 500 resolutions per minute. Length of saw, 21' 2".

Weight, 2,000 lbs.



### BAND SAWS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12167.—Continued.

The table is exceedingly large and roomy, and it is fitted with rollers both in front and behind the saw to prevent friction. It is plainly laid off, with a scale, in inches and fractions, to quickly set the gauge the desired distance from the saw. This gauge or fesses can be used on either the right or left hand side of the saw, and it is equipped with a horizontal roller at the front end and two vertical rollers on top to remove as much friction as possible, to make the lumber pass through the machine with the greatest case. The table can be instantly tilted to any angle up to 45° to a scale underneath the table.

The wheels are 4° diameter, ground perfectly true, and balanced by our patent rotary balancing machine, making them capable of obtaining a high rate of speed, entirely free from vibration. The wheel spindles are of steel, extra heavy, and they rotate in long, qelf-lubricating bronze bearings. An ingenious spring device is used in connection with the upper wheel to secure the exact amount of tension to the saw blade, which instantly accommodates itself for light or heavy aswing, unlike the old-style weight affair, which is cumbersome and slow to act. It is a well-known fact that a spring will act 100 times quicker than a weight, which means that a spring tension will meet and correct 100 variations in the strain of a saw while a weight is getting in motion to take care of one, and very likely, because of its inertia, missing that. The saw will cut perfect work only when the tension is accurate. By this new device, it is almost impossible to break or injure the saw, and the saw can be instantly placed on or off the machine. By the adjustment of a single hand

because of its mertia, missing that. The saw will cut perfect work only when the tension is accurate. By this new device, a same impossible to break or injure the saw, and the saw can be instantly placed on or off the machine. By the adjustment of a single hard screw, the upper saw wheel can be tilted, while running, to lead the saw to any path desired over the face of the wheels.

The patent saw guides will not heat or injure the saw, enabling the machine to run constantly on the heaviest work.

The feed is very powerful. It is driven by cut gears, which furnish a perfectly steady motion, and it can be instantly adjusted to feed from 50° to 150° per minute, having four changes of feed. The feed rolls have a vertical adjustment by hand wheel to accommodate stock from 0 to 12° thick, with an automatic vertical movement of 1° to accommodate variations in thickness of stock, so that beareds or plank of different thicknesses can be fed through the machine without erampin or injuring the working parts. By elevating the feeding apparatus to its highest position, the machine can be used, if desired, as a hand feed band-ripping saw. The me blade furnished in 2214 long, 3" wide, 20 gauge, which furnishes a large amount of cutting surface, and, the blade being thin, removes a very small amount of sto

The tight and loose pulleys are 20° diameter, 6° face, and should run 500 rotations per minute. The loose pulley is fitted with brease bearings and a self-oling device, and is equipped with a convenient belt-shipping apparatus, which is operated from the working side of the machine.

Horse-power to drive, 5; floor space occupied, 70" x 75".



### SCROLL SAWS.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12168 TO 12170.

The No. 1 machine has tilting table, the No. 2 stationary table. In all other respects they are exactly similar and the descriptive matter applies equally well to either.

The table is made of narrow strips of thoroughly ecasoned and kiln-dried maple and is provided with iron clears. A metal A metal plate 8" in diameter prevents excessive wear at the center.

The straining device is shown clearly in the large illustration and is deserving of special attention. All the working parts are supported on the tube S which is mounted on the casting Oin such a manner that the whole device may be adjusted vertically to admit of using blades of different lengths. To facilitate this adjustment the weight of all parts is balanced by a spring. eccentric lever F clamps the tube S and the parts attached, in any desired position. The adjustable stop L is adapted for holding desired position. The adjustance stop L is satisfied for noising down the work and carries steel bearings for supporting the saw at the sides and back. The tension is obtained from coiled springs BB, and may be regulated as desired. The levers and connections are so arranged that the strain on the blade is practically constant at all points of the stroke. The lever bearings are hardened, self-oiling, and very durable. The air pump T furnishes a strong blast and has no working joints. (See following page.)

The friction pulley used for driving the machine is much superior

NO. 2 SCHOLL SAW B

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FIG. 12168. to the tight and loose pulleys commonly used. It is simple in construction and adjustable for wear. The foot lever at the front of the machine operates the clutch, and when this is thrown out applies a brake to the crank whost. An oil chamber in the shaft keeps the pulley thoroughly lubricated.

The lower cross head runs in planed guides set square with the table. Should any heating occur the expansion lossens it slightly

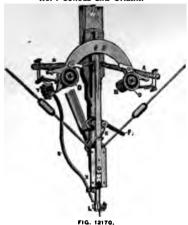
and by thus removing the cause overcomes the difficulty.

The new clamps are, as far as it is possible to make them so, self-acting. A slot filed in the lower end of the blade is engaged by hardened steel jaw. A pin in the upper end is held by a hook in the upper cross head, which is pulled down by the lever K when putting a blade in place.

Brund of Crank Shaft. 500 lbs. 450 lbs. 825 854" ± 3" 28 = 40 ch for adjusting the strain springs.

### SCROLL SAWS.

### NO. 1 SCROLL SAW STRAIN.



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FIG. 12170. (For description see preceding page )

### NO. 3 SCROLL BAW.



FIG 12171

### NO. 4 SCROLL SAW.



FIG. 12172

### DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12171 AND 12172

These machines are very similar to those shown on preceding page and nearly all of the descriptive metter on preceding page applies to them also. They differ from each other only in the style of base, the No. 3 machine having an all iron frame while the No. 4 machine is supported on wood legs. They are as carefully made as any tools that we build and in many cases will meet the requirements fully as well as more expensive machines.

The table is of thoroughly cosmond and kiln-dried hardwood, securely cleated and provided with an iron plate at the center to prevent excessive wear at that point.

The straining device is almost exactly similar to that furnished with the No. 1 and No. 2 machines, differing from it only in the method of support. The wood piece W is extended downward and takes the place of the casting used on the other machines. The device is vertically adjustable, for different lengths of blades, and is balanced by a spring as shown in the illustration. The coiled springs and levers are so arranged that the tension in the blade is the same at all points of the stroke.

The friction pulley by which the machine is driven as self-oiling, simple in construction and very efficient. The clutch is operated by the foot lever which also applies a brake to the crank wheel when the machine is to be stopped.

The lower cross head is adjustable and cannot run hot. The expansion due to any slight heating loosens it on the guides, thus preventing further trouble.

The new clamps hold the blades firmly and are self-acting. They are the result of years of experimenting and have proved their superiority.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

	Shipping Weight.	Speed of Crank Shaft.	Friction Pullry.	Nuse of Table.
No. 3 machine	400 Ba.	825	82 / × 3"	38° x 40°
No. 4 machine	360 lbs.	} •==	674 X 3	30 2 10

With each machine is furnished one dozen assorted blades, also wrench for adjusting the strain springs.

### SCROLL SAWS.



FIG. 12173.

floor stand and four rests (one a double poll rest), back rest, five centers, one resette chuck, two rest holders, countershaft bangers and pulleys, and eccentric clamp nuts, etc., for securing the stocks to the bed.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

Size.	Swing Over Bed.	Swing at Rear of Head Stock.
24"	24"	6' 10"
30*	30"	7' 4"
Net Crated Size, Weight. Weight		Size of Cases.
24" 1,250 lbs. 1,325 lb	s. 1,400 lbs.	19" x 24" x 96"
904 x 900 lbs 1 975 lb	A ARODE	165 - 205 - 06F

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12173.

The cut shown herewith represents our improved scroll saw, which, for simplicity, durability, and fast cutting, is not excelled by any machine on the market.

The frame is of the pedestal type and cast in one piece, cored through the center, and is wide at the base.

The table is of iron and planed perfectly true. The strain is adjocable, and of the most improved construction, and has a very sensitive and even action; is practically noiseless, and can be run in upper faces of a factory without shaking the building.

The slides are of the best gun metal, being adjustable, and are provided with self-oiling cups.

The cross head is of solid steel, constructed in such a manner as he work free and easy at all times.

By means of a combined shifter and brake, the machine can be instantly stopped and started.

This machine is built in the most improved manner, all parts perlectly fitted, and the material used of the very best. It is adapted for all kinds of scroll saving, both heavy and light.

Each machine is carefully tested and tried in our works before shipping, and fully warranted.

The tight and loose pulleys are 6° by 31.5° and should make about 1,200 revolutions per minute.

### WOOD TURNERS' LATHES.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12174.

This represents our highest and best type of lathe as furnished in those who prefer to make their own supporting bed, either from seed or metal, as they choose. It consists of the head stock, tail stock.

TYPE B OLIVER WOOD LATHE

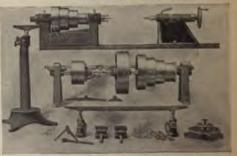


FIG. 12174.

20" SWING PATTERN MAKER'S LATHE, MOUNTED ON 6-FOOT HEAVY IRON SHEARS. ALSO FLOOR REST.

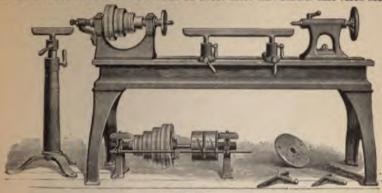


FIG. 12176.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12175.

The cut presented herewith shows our recently improved wood-turning laths, of superior workmanship and design.

The head and tail stocks are heavy, with hollow base and column, making them strong and reliable. The lathes are fitted with steel spindles of large diameter and have hard-wood cones, perfectly halanced and true. The boxes on the smaller sizes (12° and 16° swing) are lined with the best habbits, and the larger sizes have phosphor-bronze boxes. All boxes are scraped to a perfect bearing. The heads have back-thrust screws, to receive the thrust of spindle. On pattern maker's or double-end lathes, the back-thrust screws are held in removable brackets. All of our head and tail stocks are accurately planed in line on the bottom, so that they will center on either iron

Wood turner's lathes are furnished complete, as follows: Head and tail stocks, one spur center, one cup center, one face plate, two rest sockets, one long double rest, two single rests, and complete counterbalt.

With pattern maker's lathe, we furnish one extra face plate, for rest of head.

Floor rests for pattern maker's lathes, also bolts, clamps, and hand wheels, for attaching head and tail stocks and sockets to a wooden

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bed, are furnished at additional cost,

Shears or beds can be applied either of iron or wood in the following lengths, vis.: 6', 8', 10', 12', or 14'.

### COUNTERSHAFTS

12° swing lathe has  $8^{\circ} \times 35_{2}^{\circ}$  tight and loose pulleys, making 900 revolutions. 16° swing lathe has  $8^{\circ} \times 35_{2}^{\circ}$  tight and loose pulleys, making 800 revolutions. 20° swing lathe has  $8^{\circ} \times 35_{2}^{\circ}$  tight and loose pulleys, making 700 revolutions. 24° swing lathe has  $10^{\circ} \times 45_{2}^{\circ}$  tight and loose pulleys, making 000 revolutions. 30° swing lathe has 10° x 514° tight and loose pulleys, making 500 revolutions.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12176.

This lathe has been designed particularly for the use of manual training schools, and is specially adapted to the purpose. The machine is built in a first-class manner and of the best material, and fitted with every convenience for doing the work required of such a tool.

The spindles are of the best crucible steel, and the head stock boxes are filled with best babbitt. The cone has four steps for 154" belt. The spindle is hollow, and the machine is equally available as a speed lathe. The bed is 334", and takes 22" between centers.



FIG. 12176.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12176,-Continued.

The machine is shipped complete with one patent countershaft, one common face plate, one screw face plate, one screw center, one pair cup centers, one pair pointed centers, and three rests for wood turning.

The length of bed given on page 573 is the standard; any other length can be made if desired, and prices quoted on request.

11º lathe.

Shipping

T. and L. Pulley. 6" diameter, 216" face

Power. 2 horse-power



### FIG. 12177.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12177.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12177.

Head Stock.—Length, 10½°. Width on bottom, 0°.
Spindle, 14½°. leng over all, 1½° diameter.
Hole through spindle, ½° diameter.
Spindle bord to receive No. 2 Morse taper.
Spindle speeds, 2,675, 1,290, and 700 revolutions per minute.
Cone on spindle—three steps—2¾°, 4¾° and 6¾° diameter, 1¾° face.
Width of belt, 1½°.
Floor to center of spindle, 42°.

Tail Stock.—Length, 7°. Width on bottom, 6°.
Spindle, 8° long, 1¼° diameter. Receives No. 2 Morse taper.
Traverse of spindle, 4°.
Amount of set-over, 1°, when machine is so ordered.
Adjusting screw eight threads to the inch.
Bed.—Length, 46°.
Width, 6°.
Length, 6°.
Length, 6°.
Length, 6°.
Spindle, 4°.
Spindle, 4°.
Width, 6°.
Length, 10° to top of bed, 36°.
Connershalt.—Length, 20°, diameter, 1¼°.
Length, 10°, 13°, diameter, 1¼°.
Length, 10°, 13°, diameter, 1¼° face.
Speed, 525 revolutions per minute.
Tight and loose pulleys. 8° x 2¼°; 2° belt required.
Capacity.—Swings over bed, 12°.
Swings over rest, 9½°.
Turns, 24° long.
Horse-power.—1½.

Size.

Net Weight. State Weight. Weight. With With Sand Dec. 12°.

Note: This lathe can be furnished with low bed to set on bench or without bed for mounting on wood bench, if we desired.

PATTERN MAKERS' LATHE, WITH CARRIAGE-SLIDE REST.

RACK-AND-PINION HAND FEED.

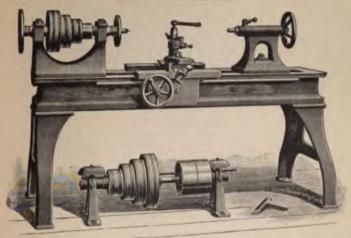


FIG. 12170.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12178,

The cut presented herewith shows our 20" swing pattern makers' lathe, mounted on 6' iron bod, with movable carriage, of superior design and workmanship.

The head and tail stocks are heavy, with cored base and column, making them strong and reliable, with large steel spindles of the best quality, and phosphor bronze boxes, scraped to a perfect bearing.

The head spindle extends through outer end of head stock, and is provided with an extra face plate for turning work of large

The head cones are of hard wood, very strongly constructed, having four speeds.

The bed is heavy, substantially braced, and planed perfectly true to receive the head and tail stocks, and dove-tailed for the movable carriage.

The movable carriage is of superior design, very solid, and is provided with a gib to take up any wear. The apron is fitted with steel pinions, engaging with steel cut rack and the carriage has a hand feed the entire length of bed. A combination plain tool block and hand T rest is furnished with carriage, and, if desired, a compound rest can be furnished at additional cost.

We furnish these lathes in three sizes—16°, 20°, and 24° swing—mounted on iron beds in any length up to 20°. Our 24° and 20° lathes have phosphor bronze boxes and 16° lathe has babbitted boxes, all carefully scraped to a perfect bearing.

Each lathe is furnished complete, as shown in cut.

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An improved floor rest, with adjustable sleeve, furnished when desired, at additional cost.

16" swing lathe has 6" x 31/2" tight and loose pulleys, making 800 revolutions per minute.

20" swing lathe has 8" x 314" tight and loose pulleys, making 700 revolutions per minute.

24" swing lathe has 10" x 41/4" tight and loose pulleys, making 600 revolutions per minute.

TYPE B. OLIVER WOOD LATHE.

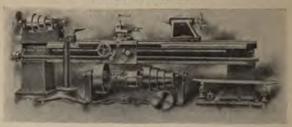


FIG. 12170.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12179.

Head Stock.-Length, 2819" Spindle Bearings.—Front, 6" x 234"; rear, 6" x 234" Spindles, 34" long over all. Hole through spindle, 34". Spindle bored to receive No 4 Morse tapor. Speed of spindle, 86 to 1,800 revolu-tions per minute—eight changes. Cone on spindle—four steps—5", 8", 10" and 12" diameter, 3½" face.

Width of belt, 314".

Tail Stock.-Length, 1715". Spindle, 16" long, 2" diameter. Traverse of spindle, 8"

Swing Over Bod.

Carriage.-Traverse of cross feed, 14". Traverse of cross feed on compound rest, 7"
Tool post slot, 134" x 34".
Travel of carriage, 8' 0" on 12' bod.

Bed.—Length, 12° 8\*
Width, 20\6"
Depth, 12".
Height, floor to top of bed, 33".

Countershaft.-Length, 5', diameter, 134"

mtershaft.—Length, 5°, diameter, 13¢°
Speeda, 120 and 600 revolutions per m'mute,
Bearings, 6° long, 1½° diameter.
Hangers, 14° drop.
Tight and loose pulleys are 18° x 5° and 10° x 5°.
Small tight and loose pulleys give spindle 400 to 1,800 revolutions per maute.
Large tight and loose pulleys give spindle 80 to 360 revolutions per maute.
Cone—four stepm—8°, 10°, 12° and 15° diameter, 3½° face.
Horse-power.—Maximum, 4.

ign.	of Head Stock.		Net Weight.	Cruied Weight.	Boxed Weight.	District Day
	6' 10"	8' 6"	4,200 lbs.	4,300 lbs.	4,500 lbs.	156" x 36" k
	7' 4"	8',6"	4,400 lbs.	4,500 lbs.	4,700 Has.	156" a 62" s
a p	lain hand feed	earriage i	notead of autom	atic feed carrie	age, if so desired	

### LATHE BACK REST.

Note: This lathe can be supplied with

20"

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12180.

This back rest can be used upon any wood-turning lathe. Universally adjustable, very convenient and adapted to every kind of work where a rest is desirable. Shipping weight with wrench, 60 lbs.



FIG. 12180.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12181.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12181.

Head Stock.—Length. 2819", width, 1219"
Height from base to center of spindle, 44".
Spindle bearings—front, 6" x 234"; rear 2" 219"
Spindle, 34" long over all; 234" diameter.
Hole through spindle, 54".
Spindle bored to receive No. 4 Morse taper.
Cone on spindle—four steps—7", 919", 12" and 1419" diameter; 359" face.
Width of belt, 34".
Tail Stock.—Length, 1719"; width, 1239".
Spindle, 16" long; 2" diameter.
Traverse of spindle, 8".
Carriage.—Length of bed, 54"; height from base, 3314"
Traverse of cross feed on compound rest, 7".
Traverse of cross feed on compound rest, 7".
Tool post slot, 239" x 34".
Sole Plate.—Length, 75".
Width, 75" at head stock, 42" at opposite end.
Height, 4".
T slote 34" between centers.
Extension Plate for Tail Stock.—Length, 54".
Width, 23".

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Extension Flate for Tail Stock.—Length, 54°. Width, 23°. Height, 4° T slots 6½° between centers. Countershaft.—Length, 5'; diameter, 1%'.
Speeds, 100 and 500 revolutions per minute.

Swing over Base. 88"

OLIVER TYPE C COMBINATION PATTERN LATHE.



FIG. 12161.

Bearings, 6" long; 1½" diameter, Hangers, 14" drop. Tight and loce pulleys, 10" x 6" and 18" x 5". Cone pulley—four steps—12½", 15", 17½" and 20" diameter; 3½" face. Snall tight and loose pulleys give spindle 430 to 1,440 revolutions per minute. Large tight and loose pulleys give spindle 100 to 360 revolutions per minute. Horse-power.—Maximum, 1

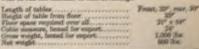
CAPACITY. Will Turn in Length using Carriage and Tail Swing at Rear of Head Will Cur Gaar Torch. As ordered. 4" to 88" 92"

### WEIGHT, ETC.

Machine complete with tail stock and	extension sole plate.			
Sar.	Not Weight.	Crated Weight	Bresst Weight.	That of Come.
96"	5,500 lbs.	5,700 lbs.	6,300 lbs.	175 eukic feet.
Machine complete except the tail stoo	k and extension sole pl	iste.		
88"	-4,000 lbs.	4,150 Res.	4,600 lbs.	125 cubic fort.

### HAND PLANERS AND JOINTERS.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 19162.



Regular Equipment.—The following items are included with such machine, and need not be mentioned as ordering: One pall two) Indives, one counterdant complete, one present of the greater string, co-rement for intel botts.



FIG. 19189.



### 12" AND 18" JOINTERS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12183

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any part of the table and at any angle, or to plane any bevel desired. It is also used as a rabbeting guide.

The cutter cylinders are made from forged crucible steel two sides abouted, and two sides tapped, providing for the use of both plain and irregular cutters. They run in self-olling dust-proof boxos, yoked together. Either and of the yoke is adjustable, in exert the knives become unevenly worn.

The pneumatic pulley on the cutter cylinder is 4" diameter, 5" face, speed 5,000 to 6,000 revolutions per minute.

Machine shipped skidded, complete with plain countershaft, two cutters and two wrenches.

Patent countershaft, with ring olling boxes and extra shaft for loose pulley, charged extra.

Machine.

Shipping Weight.

T, and I. Pulley.



Tables over 7' long and have steel lips. Cylinder four-sided, slotted on two sides. Cylinder has three bearings, one

Weight of 12" machine, 1,400 lbs Weight of 20" machine, 1,600 lbs Weight of 24" machine, 1,800 lbs Weight of 30" machine, 2,200 lbs

This machine is of the very latest and most improved construction, is of great solidity and convenience of adjustments, in this respect for surpassing any other machine of its class. It is especially designed for making perfect glue joints, planing straight and out of wind squaring, smoothing, beveling, and cornering, chamfering, rabbeting, molding, beading, tongue and growing, tenoning, etc., etc.
The traue is cast in one piece, well proportioned, and is very heavy and strong.
The tables arise more than 7' long, are very heavy and are deeply ribbed on both sides.
The tables are more than 7' long, are very heavy and are dovetailed into the table carriages. Both tables can be drawn from the cutter head on a straight line independent of the inclined ways. By means of our patent table clamp lock this is accomplished instantly by simply loosening the handles shown on the front of machine. Either table can be adjusted independently by means of our patent table that is excomplished instantly for making hollow or spring glue joints.

Description continued on following page.

Description continued on following page.

### HAND PLANERS AND JOINTERS.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12184.—Continued.

The rear table on all machines is arranged for rabbeting.

The cutter head is a solid steel forging and is four-sided, being slotted on two sides to admit of moulding and other cutters being attached without removing the straight knives so that surfacing and moulding can be done at one operation. The cutter head is perfectly balanced and runs in three long, self-cilling boxes, one of which is an outside bearing. The boxes are lined with the best babbit

and straped to a perfect bearing.

The adjustable fence is attached to the rear or outfeeding table so that the fence sets down, flush with the rear table, leaving no opening. The fence can be instantly changed to any bevel, and can be moved across the table.

This machine is simplicity itself, and there are no wedges, links, pin joints, caus, or eccentrics under the table to wear or get out

of adjustment.

By a system, and with tools and appliances specially designed for this purpose, the frame, table carriages, and tables are planed absolutely true, and the design and method of fitting up is such that the tables must be true and remain so, and they cannot twist,

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absolutely true, and the design and method of fitting up is such that the tables have be true and remain so, and they cannot be such.

The machine is made in five sizes—12", 16", 20", 24", and 30" wide.

The loose pulley on counterplaft is self-oiling, and can be run about one month without refilling the oil chamber. The tight and loose pulleys for counterplaft on the 12" and 16" machines are 8" x 415" and should make 1,000 revolutions per minute.

For the 20", 24", and 30" machines the tight and loose pulleys are 10" x 514" and should make about 1,000 revolutions per minute.

### OLIVER TYPE B HAND PLANER AND JOINTER.

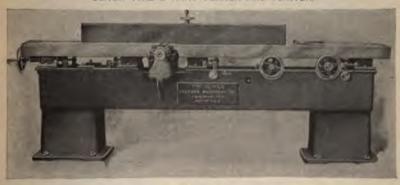


FIG. 12185.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12185.

-Floor space-100" long, 33" wide on 30" machine. Height to the table, 33"
Table.—Operating section 5' 4" long

Front or supporting section, 3' 4" long. Width according to knives used. Draw away from cylinder, 18"

Draw away from cytister, 18" Vertical salquatment, 17" Tilting device swings table 5° to 7° Cylinder.—Main journal, 13's" in diameter, 8" long. Outside journal, 13's" in diameter, 6" long. Cutting diameter, 43's", square 13's"

Pulley, 4" diameter, 534" face.
Speed, 4,200 revolutions per minute.
FenceLength, 5'; width, 5'; hevels to 45'.
Permits full width of table to be used.
CountershaftLength, 314"; diameter, 114".
Hangers, 14" drop; bearings, 6" long.
Tight and loose pulleys, 10" diameter, 6" face.
Driving pulley, 20" diameter, 534" face.
Speed, 800 revolutions per minute.
Capacity,-Will plane 16", 20", 24", or 30" wide.
Hone-powerMaximum, five.

Rec.	Weight.	Crated Weight.	for Export.	that of Box.
16"	2,800	3,000	3,400	10' x 4' x 3' 6'
207	3,000	3,200	2,000	10" × 4" 6" × 3" 6"
24*	3,400	3,600	4,000	30" x 4' 10" x 3' 6"
30"	3,700	3,900	4,300	10' x 5' x 3' 6'

The belt for driving cylinder should be 5° wide and not less than 10' long. Main belt for driving countershaft should be 5\6" wide.

### SINGLE SURFACE PONY PLANER.



FIG. 12186.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12186.

This single surfacer is a thoroughly satisfactory machine for small work.

The frame, cast in one piece, is rigid and capable of sustaining any strain that can come upon it. The bed is also cast solid, has an easy, vertical adjustment, with the adjusting wheel and indicator at the most convenient point. The two top feed rolls are geared together, and the front roll is fluted. Antifriction rolls are let into the table directly underneath.

The cutter cylinder is made from crucible steel forging, and finished in the most approved form for doing fine work; it carries two cutters, and cee posumatic pulley. There are adjustable pressure bars close to the cylinder on each side. The shaving bood swings back, giving free access to the cutters and adjusting parts. The machine works long or short stock equally will. The machine is built in two sizes, 24° x 6° and 25° x 6°. Feed rolls are 8° between centers.

The machine is shipped complete with one set cutters, wrenches, and countershaft.

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### SPECIFICATIONS.

Machine.	Shipping Weight.	T. and L. Pulleys.	Spend.	Power.	Floor State
24" pony planer	1,500 Iba.	10" diameter, 6" face	1,000	3 horse-power	336' x 416'
28" pony planer	1,600 lbs.	10" diameter, 6" face	1,000	3 horse-power	336' = 436'

### PONY PLANER AND MATCHER.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12187.

This single surfacer and matcher is the latest and best machine for small work on the market. The frame, cast in one piece, is rigid and capable of sustaining any strain that can come upon it. The bed is also cast solid, has an easy vertical adjustment with the adjusting wheel and indicator at the most convenient point. The two top feed rolls are geared together and the front roll is fluted. Anti-friction rolls are let into the table directly undermath.

The cutter cylinder is made from crucible steel forging, is finished in the most approved manner for doing fine work, and carries two cutters, each 28° long. There are adjustable pressure bars close to the cylinder on each side. The shaving hood swings back, giving free access to the cutters and adjusting parts. The machine works long or short stock equally well.

The two wing matcher heads are mounted on ways upon the bed, and the left-hand head is adjustable to match any width up to 11° wide and 2° thick. These heads are easily removable, and the machine may be used up to its espacity for surfacing.

The machine is shipped complete with countershaft, two planer knives, cutters for matching 14", 34", and 14" tongue and groove, and four 2" jointing cutters; and wrenches as are needed.



FIG. 12187.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

Machine. Shipping Weight.
Pony planer and matcher 1,700 lbs.

Tight and Loose Pulleys. 10" diameter, 6" face

Speed Power. 1,000 3 home-pow Floor Space. 316' x 416

24" PANEL PLANER.

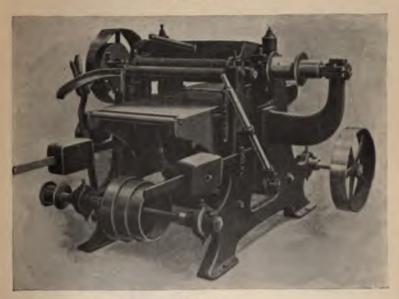


FIG. 12188.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12188.

This valuable machine is intended for fine shop work, and is used by ear builders, each and door, cabinet, puttern, and eigar-box makers. It will plane from ½" to 8" in thickness, and as short as 4", without dipping the ends of work. The cutter head is made of solid forged steel, has large journals, long boxes, and is furnished with outside bearing; has pressure bars so either side of cutter head; the receiving pressure bar is weighted and swings in a circle around the knives, keeping the same relative distance at all points, the feed has three changes and is strong and reliable; the receiving feed roll is weighted.

This machine will do the finest work on either hard or soft wood, and has no superior.

Tight and loose pulleys are 10° in diameter, and 5° in face, and should make 900 revolutions per minute.

Built in two sizes.

### BIZES.

20° planer and countershaft—weight, 1,750 lbs. 24° planer and countenhaft—weight, 1,850 lbs.

### 24" DOUBLE-BELTED DOUBLE-GEARED PLANER.

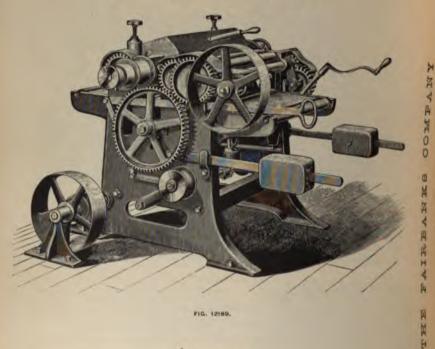


FIG. 12189.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12189.

This machine is intended for light and heavy planing, in either hard or soft wood. The feed-rolls are all driven, giving a powerful and reliable feed, and have two changes of feed. Will plane 24" wide and from 1/4" to 7" in thickness. The cutter-head is of forged steel; has three long bearings and is driven by two belts. Has two pressure bars, the receiving one weighted and swings clear of bures. The machine does a fine grade of work and will not tear out or clip ends of lumber.

Tight and loose pulleys, 10° in diameter and 5° face, and should make 900 revolutions per minute.

Weight, 2,200 lbs.

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### SINGLE SURFACERS.

### VARIABLE FEED PLANING MACHINE.



F1G. 19190.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 19169.

This planer is provided with a thoroughly approved variable feed, which can be instantly changed from northing in 1997 per missels by moving a lever, or if desired the feed can be reversed and the material backed out of the machine. This machine will do the feath and smoothest work on hard or soft wood, and will place from \( \frac{1}{2}^{\pi} \) to \( \frac{1}{2}^{\pi} \) to \( \frac{1}{2}^{\pi} \) and \( \frac{1}{2}^{\pi} \) olds.

The feeding rolls are of solid steel with large bearings and are powerfully general, all this gener being self-ening. The rotter builds are of bard, exacillateise, and have bearings 2" in discreter and of angle length. The boson are found with pressure half-life most and are self-eding, and can be adjusted by not served so that so limits between any and bears are model. The pressure have plend improved construction and will hold short gives density on that so and elipping run provides count.

For planing wet or by hunder, the lower solis can be quirtly could by means of a large; that carrying the ministed shad bed.

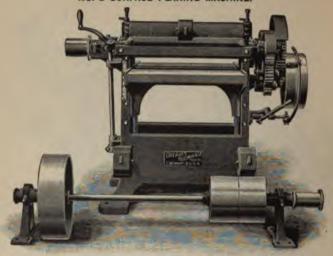
The bod, which is east in one pion, is provided with a associate had place and can be founly charged to the other by present compound forms operated by a head from perjecting form the front and of the last, then deling an operated by a head from perjecting form the front and of the last, then deling an operated by a head from perjecting form the front and of the last, then deling an operated by a head from perjecting form the front and of the last, then deling an operated by a head from the last and the las

A brille-pinning attachment accompanion such machine, by related that issues one for kept absolutely should need toos with machine.

This plane is made to done one or both idea and is constructed of the last aniesteds in a both time animal, and it according to your propert.

Pulleys on matter bands are 2' in Commiss, 4' face, and should you 1,181) production gap provide. If glid and form pulleys on home bendult are 12' in Commiss by 107' face, and should not 100 production gap provide.

### NO. 2 SURFACE PLANING MACHINE.



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FIG. 12191.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12191.

The cut shown herewith represents our newly designed No. 2 surfacer and planer, to plane 2415" wide, and from 15" to 8" thick on hard or soft wood, which, for smooth planing, strong and fast feeding, and excellence of design and workmanship, is not surpassed by say machine of its class.

The frame is east in one piece, wide at the base, very heavy, and of great strength and solidity.

The table or bed is also cast in one piece, planed perfectly smooth and true, and is dove-tailed into the frame, with extra long bearings as wide spart as the width of frame will allow, making the table as steady as if it and the frame were cast in one piece. Any wear cast be instantly taken up by means of gibs and set screws. The table is raised and lowered by means of the large crank handles shown to cut, an indicator on one side of frame showing the exact thickness the machine is set to plane.

The cylinder is single belted. It is made of the very best forged steel, with extra large journals, which run in extra long self-siling boxes, lined with the best babbitt and provided with improved oil wells and oil cups.

Both pressure bars work very close to the knives, and are adjustable to the timber independently of each other and the feed rella.

thus insuring steadiness, even when planing very short and thin stuff. The pressure bars are self-adjusting, always regulating themselves to the various sizes of thick and thin lumber being planed.

The feed is driven from the countershaft, and is instantly stopped or started by means of the belt shifter. The feed consists of four large steel rolls. The lower rolls extend the full width of bed, having their bearings in planed ways in the frame. Feed gearing is very powerful, the roll gears being connected by our improved yoke, keeping the gears in perfect mesh at all times and insuring a steady and positive feed. The feed rolls are set as close to the cylinder as possible and arranged to hold the board firmly to the bed.

The upper in-feeding roll is fluted and is held down by connected levers and weights, and the out-feeding roll is held down by large coiled steel springs, making a strong and positive feed. The tight and loose pulleys are 10° x 6°, and should make 1,050 revolutions per minute. Weight, 1,900 lbs.

NO. 21/2 SURFACE PLANING MACHINE.



FIG. 12192.

### DESCRIPTION PIG. 12192.

The cut shown herewith represents our newly designed No. 214 surfaces and planer, to place 2114" wide, and from 14" to 9" shick on hard or soft wood, which, for smooth planing, strong and fast feeding, and swellanes of design and work ours dep, is not surpressed by any machine of its class.

The frame is cast in one piece, wide at the base, very heavy, and of great strength and soliday.

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The table or bed in also east in one piece, planed perfectly smooth and true, and is done tailed into the frame, with enter long fearings, as wide spart as the width of frame will allow, making the table as stondy as if it and the frame were rast in secusion. Any mast ass be instantly taken up by means of gibs and set servers. The table is ratioed and forested by means of the large study is more included on the large study is more included on the large study is more included on one side of frame shrwing the start this knew the smother is set to place.

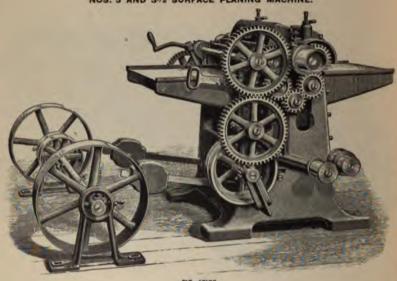
The sylinder is double beford, having a policy at both ends. It is made at the vary best forgot stant, with entre large journals, which run is extra large self-edling boxes, limit with the fact tabilité and provided with improved of wells and all supe.

Both pressure have work very slose to the haires, and are adjustable to the timber independently of each other and the first office, thus invaring steadiness, even when planing very shart and thin staff. The pressure have are self-adjusting, always regulating identifies to the various sizes of thirk and thin hunter being planed.

The fixed is driven from the cylinder, and is instantly stopped or started by names of the help tightness. The land commiss of long large steal ralls. The large mills extend the full width of bod, having their basings in planed ways as the forms. Fixed generating is very goods. Ed., the rall generating commented by our improved yells, keeping the genera in perfect meth set all the sand sanding a similar and protein feet. The fixed ralls gave set as slower to the cylinder as possible and arranged to hald the board family to the feet.

The upper in-feeding rall in finited and in held down by assumed forces and enoughts, and the cold-feeding rall is half force by assumed forces and enought and provide and positive fined. There are two changes of fand, that and also. The light and half parties are 10° x 6°; and should make 1,000 revolutions per minute. Weights, 2,000 like

NOS. 3 AND 31/2 SURFACE PLANING MACHINE.



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FIG. 12193.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12193.

The cut shown herewith represents our newly designed Nos. 3 and 31/2 surfacer and planer, to plane 243/4" and 263/4" wide and from 1/2" to 5" thick on hard or soft wood, which, for smooth planing, strong and fast feeding, and excellence of design and workmanalip, is not surpassed by any machine of its class.

The frame is cast in one piece, wide at the base, very heavy, and of great strength and solidity.

The table or bed is also cast in one piece, planed perfectly smooth and true, and is dove-tailed into the frame, with extra long burings. as wide apart as the width of frame will allow, making the table as steady as if it and the frame were cast in one piece. Any west on be instantly taken up by means of gibs and set screws. The table is raised and lowered by means of the large crank handle shown in cut, an indicator on side of frame showing the exact thickness the machine is set to plane.

The cylinder is double-belted, having a pulley at both ends. It is made of the very best forged steel, with extra large journals, which run in extra long self-oiling boxes, lined with the best babbitt and provided with improved oil well and oil cups.

Both pressure bars work very close to the knives, and are adjustable to the timber independently of each other and the feed rolls, thus insuring steadiness, even when planing very short and thin stuff. The pressure bars are self-adjusting, always regulating themselves to the various sizes of thick and thin lumber being planed.

The feed is driven from the cylinder, and is instantly stopped or started by means of the belt tightener. The feed consists of lour large steel rolls, all of which are powerfully geared. The lower rolls extends the full width of bed, having their bearings in planed ways in the frame. Feed gearing is very powerful, the roll gears being connected by our improved yoke, keeping the gears in perfect mesh at all times and insuring a steady and positive feed. The feed rolls are set as close to the cylinder as possible and arranged to hold the board firmly to the bed.

The upper in-feeding roll is fluted and is held down by connected levers and weights, and the out-feeding roll is held down by large coiled steel springs, making a strong and positive feed. There are two changes of feed, fast and slow. The tight and loose pulleys are 10" x 6", and should make 1,050 revolutions per minute.

Weight: No. 3, 2414" x 8" machine, 2,200 lbs. No. 314, 2614" x 8" machine, 2,500 lbs.

### SINGLE SURFACE ENDLESS BED PLANING MACHINE.

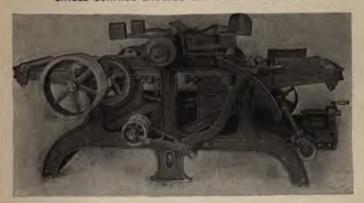


FIG. 12194.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12194.

are machines are very heavy, carefully built of the best materials, strong throughout, and with simple and easy adjustments are made for hard work and plenty of it. They are adapted for work in shipyards, car shops, and lumber mills of all descriptions, re largely in use for milling box lumber. They hold the record for production over any machine in the market.

The water cylinders are made from forged crucible steel, carefully and exactly balanced. The sectional feeding in rolls are separately ted so that six pieces of stock varying in thickness can be planed at one time. The bed is raised and lowered on inclines and, desired, by power attachment, a most valuable feature for job shops where changes are frequent. The machine will plane stock is in thickness.

e machine is built in two sizes, 26° and 30°. Furnished complete with one set of knives, wrenches, and countershaft.

schine skidded for rail shipment; partially knocked down and boxed for ocean shipment. Boxing charged extra at cost,

### SPECIFICATIONS.

" Mack		Shipping Weight.	T. and L. Pulleys.	Speed	Person.	Plor
dless bed	************	6,900 lbs.	14" diameter, 8" face	850	12 hose	
dlembed		7,100 lbn.	14" diameter 8" face	550	v	

### FOUR ROLL DOUBLE SURFACE PLANER.



FIG. 12195.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12195.

This machine is adapted to all kinds of surface planing, leaving a coarse or fine, finish, according to the feed used. It is expensibly suited for dressing box lumber, and is often called the box-board planer. It can be used either as a single or double surfacer The machine is heavy and strong, and in every way substantial and satisfactory.

The cutter cylinders are made from forged crucible steel with long bearings, slotted and carefully balanced, and carry four cutters. They are located close together between the feed-in and feed-out rolls. The upper cylinder and housings are held firmly at all points of thickness up to 4°. The lower cylinder is adjustable for regulating the depth of cut, and may be lowered below the line of the main bed when the upper cylinder only is used. Each cylinder is driven by two belts, insuring ample power and even work.

The adjustments are all easily made, and efficient means provided for keeping the adjustments rigid when made. The feed out relative mounted on an independent frame which may be swung to one side. affording easy access to the cylinders and housings, and facilitating care and adjustment.

The capacity of the machine is 24" wide by 4" thick.

Machines skidded for all rail shipment; partially knocked down and boxed for ocean shipment. Boxing charged extra at cost.

Machine.
4-roll double surface planer......

Weight. 4,100 lbs. T. and L. Pulleys. 12\* diameter, 6\* face 5peed. 1,000 Power: 0 horse-powe Floor Francis 10° n OMERA

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### NO. 9 DOUBLE SURFACER.

GEARED SIDE



FIG. 12196

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12196.

This machine will plane 26" wide by 8" thick.

Intended for all classes of surfacing, single or double, light or heavy, fast or slow. It is a machine that has no superior if an equal. Especially adapted for box factories or mills dressing lumber in car lots.

Feed Works.—Six powerful, internal geared rolls, geared at both ends and strongly driven. Built with divided in-feeding rolls or solld rolls as desired, also as a six-roll or four-roll, double or single surfacer. Has three rates of feed, viz.: 40, 65, and 75 linear feet per minute. Try one and you will use no other.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12198.—Continued.

Cylinders four-slotted, of best crucible steel, arbors in journals 214" diameter, lower cylinder drawn out for sharpening or replacing larges.

We furnish with each machine shaving hoods for connection with conductor pipes, one pair of knives for each cylinder and necessary encours.

	arconioniona				
No.	9A-1, 28° s 8°, as roll double surfacer, divided in feeding rolls	T and L Pulicys. 12° x 8°	Revolutions per Minute. 900	Cubie Mensure. 243	Approximate Weight. 8,200 lbs.
No.	9A-2, 26° s 8°, six roll single surfacer, divided in-feeding rolls.	12" x 8"	900	243	8,000 lbs.
No.	9B-1, 26" x 8", six roll double surfacer, solid in-feeding rolls	12" x 8"	900	243	7,900 lbs.
No.	9B-2, 26" x 8", six roll single surfacer, solid in-feeding rolls	12" x 8".	900	243	7,700 lbs.
No.	10A-1, 26" x 8", four roll double surfacer, divided in-feeding roll	12" x 8"	900	243	7,400 lbs.
No.	10A-2, 26" x 8", four roll single surfacer, divided in-feeding roll.	12° × 8°	900	243	7,200 lbs.
No.	10B-1, 26" x 8", four roll double surfacer, solid in-feeding roll.	12" x 8"	900	243	7,250 lbs.
No.	10B-2, 26" x 8", four roll single surfacer, solid in-feeding roll	12" x 8"	900	243	7,050 lbs.

### NO. 15 DOUBLE PLANER AND MATCHER.



FIG. 12197.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12197.

Plance 24" wide by 8" thick, and will match 19" wide.

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This machine is designed for surfacing, working flooring, beaded sciling, novelty siding, battens, moldings, etc. A strong feeding, durable planer and matcher, bed having a vertical movement.

Extra molding arbor. This consists of an extra crucible steel arbor and frame placed in rear of matcher beads. This molding arbor has three bearings, and a four-slotted head 8" long, and on this head, molding, German or novelty siding, beading, beveling, and other shaped knives can be placed, insuring a perfect finish for this class of material. This molding arbor can be omitted when desired, but it will be found a very useful and convenient attachment.

Built also as a single planer and matcher, if desired.

We furnish with each machine: Two 24' knives for each cutter head, a full set of steel bolts with case-hardened nuts for the opposite sides of the surfacing heads, one pair of mortised steel matcher heads, four solid matcher bits for working flooring, one pair novelty siding knives, one pair heading bits and necessary wrenches. Slotted jointer heads or Shimer patent matcher heads, extra.

Description continued on following page.



FIG. 12195.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12185.

This machine is adapted to all kinds of surface planing, leaving a coarse or fine finish, according to the feed used. It is especially suited for dressing box lumber, and is often called the box-board planer. It can be used either as a single or double surfacer. The machine is heavy and strong, and in every way substantial and satisfactory.

The cutter cylinders are made from forged crucible steel with long bearings, slotted and carefully balanced, and carry four cutters. They are located close together between the feed-in and feed-out rolls. The upper cylinder and housings are held firmly at all points of thickness up to 4°. The lower cylinder is adjustable for regulating the depth of cut, and may be lowered below the line of the main bed when the upper cylinder only is used. Each cylinder is driven by two belts, insuring ample power and even work.

The adjustments are all easily made, and efficient means provided for keeping the adjustments rigid when made. The feed-out rills are mounted on an independent frame which may be swung to one side affording easy access to the cylinders and housings, and farilitating care and adjustment.

The capacity of the machine is 24° wide by 4° thick.

Machines skidded for all rail shipment; partially knocked down and based for ocean shipment. Boxing charged extra at cost.

Machine.
4-roll double surface planer......

Weight. 4,100 lbs. T. and L. Pulleys. 12" diameter, 6" face Speed. 1,000 Power. 0 horse-powe Floor Space 10' x i d

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### NO. 9 DOUBLE SURFACER.

GEARED SIDE.



FIG. 12196.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12196.

This machine will plane 26" wide by 8" thick.

Intended for all classes of surfacing, single or double, light or heavy, fast or slow. It is a machine that has no superior if an equal. Especially adapted for box factories or mills dressing lumber in car lots.

Feed Works.—Six powerful, internal geared rolls, geared at both emis and strongly driven. Built with divided in-feeding rolls or solld rolls as desired, also as a six-roll or four-roll, double or single surfacer. He three rates of feed, viz.: 40, 65, and 75 linear feet per minuts. Try on and you will use no other.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12196,-Continued.

Cylinders four-slotted, of best crucible steel, arbors in journals 2 4 diameter, lower cylinder drawn out for sharpening or replacing knives.

We furnish with each machine shaving hoods for connection with conductor pipes, one pair of knives for each cylinder and necessary

### SPECIFICATIONS.

	T. and L. Pulleys.	per Minute-	Measure.	Weight
No. 9A-1, 26" x 8", six roll double surfacer, divided in-feeding rolls	12" x 8"	900	243	8,200 lbs.
No. 9A-2, 26" a 8", ais roll single surfacer, divided in-feeding rolls	12" x 8"	900	243	8,000 lbs.
No. 9B-1, 20" x 8", six roll double surfacer, solid in-feeding rolls	12" x 8"	900	243	7,900 lbs.
No. 9B-2, 26" x 8", six roll single surfacer, solid in-feeding rolls.	12" x %"	900	243	7,700 lbs.
No. 10A-1, 26" x 8", four roll double surfacer, divided in-feeding roll .	12" x 8"	900	243	7,400 lbs.
No. 10A-2, 20° x 8°, four roll single surfacer, divided in-feeding roll	12" × 8"	900	243	7,200 lbs.
No. 10B-1, 20" x 8", four roll double surfacer, solid in-feeding roll	12" x 8"	900	243	7,250 lbs.
No. 10B-2, 26" x 8", four roll single surfacer, solid in-feeding roll.	12" x 6"	900	243	7,050 lba.

### NO. 15 DOUBLE PLANER AND MATCHER.



FIG. 12197.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12197.

Planes 24" wide by 8" thick, and will match 19" wide.

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This machine is designed for surfacing, working flooring, beaded ceiling, novelty siding, battens, moldings, etc. A strong feeding, durable planer and matcher, bed having a vertical movement.

Extra molding arbor. This consists of an extra crucible steel arbor and frame placed in rear of matcher heads. This molding arbor has three learnings, and a four-slotted head 8" long, and on this head, molding, German or novelty siding, beading, beeding, bedding, beveling, and other shaped knives can be placed, insuring a perfect finish for this class of material. This molding arbor can be omitted when desired, but it will be found a very useful and convenient attachment.

Built also as a single planer and matcher, if desired.

We furnish with each machine: Two 24° knives for each cutter head, a full set of steel bolts with case-hardened nuts for the opposite sides of the surfacing heads, one pair of mortised steel matcher heads, four solid matcher bits for working flooring, one pair novelty siding knives, one pair beading bits and necessary wrenches. Slotted jointer heads or Shimer patent matcher heads, extra.

Description continued on following page.

FOUR ROLL DOUBLE SURFACE PLANER.



FIG. 12196.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12195.

This machine is adapted to all kinds of surface planing, leaving a coarse or fine finish, according to the feed used. It is especially suited for dressing box lumber, and is often called the hox-board planer. It can be used either as a single or double surfacer the machine is heavy and strong, and in every way substantial and satisfactory.

The cutter cylinders are made from forged erucible steel with long bearings, slotted and carefully balanced, and carry four sutters. They are located close together between the feed-in and feed-out rolls. The upper cylinder and housings are held firmly at all points of thickness up to 4°. The lower cylinder is adjustable for regulating the depth of cut, and may be lowered below the line of the main bed when the upper cylinder only is used. Each cylinder is driven by two belts, insuring ample power and even work.

The adjustments are all easily made, and efficient means provided for keeping the adjustments rigid when made. The feed-out rells are mounted on an independent frame which may be swung to one side. affording easy access to the cylinders and housings, and facilitating care and adjustment.

The espacity of the machine is 24° wide by 4° thick.

Machines skidded for all rail shipment, partially knocked down and boxed for ocean shipment. Boxing charged extra at cost.

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4-roll	double	murface	planer	 	

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Sh	pp	ng	
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T. and L. Pulleys. 12" diameter, 6" face Speed.

Power. 10 horse power Promise 10° 1.6

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### NO. 9 DOUBLE SURFACER.

GEARED SIDE.



FIG. 12196.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12196.

This machine will plane 26" wide by 8" thick.

Intended for all classes of surfacing, single or double, light or beavy, fast or slow. It is a machine that has no superior if an equal. Especially adapted for box factories or mills dressing lumber in car lots.

Feed Works.—Six powerful, internal geared rolls, geared at both cole and strongly driven. Built with divided in-feeding rolls or solid rolls as desired, also as a six-roll or four-roll, double or single surfaces. Has three rates of feed, viz.: 40, 65, and 75 linear feet per minute. Try see and you will use no other.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12198.-Continued.

Cylinders four-slotted, of best crurible steel, arbors in journals 214\* diameter, lower cylinder drawn out for sharpening or replacing

We furnish with each machine shaving hoods for connection with conductor pipes, one pair of knives for each cylinder and necessary

### SPECIFICATIONS.

No. 0A-1, 26* * 8*, als roll double surfacer, divided in-feeding rolls	T. and L. Pulleys. 12° x 8°	per Minute.	Measure. 243	Weight. 8,200 lbs.
No. 9A-2, 26" x 8", six roll single surfacer, divided in-leeding rolls.	. 12" x 8"	900	243	8,000 lbs.
No. 9B-1, 26" x 8", six roll double surfacer, solid in-feeding rolls	. 12" x 8"	900	243	7,900 lbs.
No. 9B-2, 28" x 8", six roll single surfacer, solid in-feeding rolls	. 12" x 8"	900	243	7,700 lbs.
No. 10A-1, 29" z 8", four roll double surfacer, divided in-feeding roll	. 12" x 8"	900	243	7,400 lbs.
No. 10A-2, 26" x 8", four roll single surfacer, divided in-feeding roll.	12° x 8°	900	243	7,200 lbs.
No. 10B-1, 28° x 8°, four roll double surfacer, solid in-feeding roll	. 12° s 8°	900	243	7,250 lbs.
No. 10B-2, 26" x 8", four roll single surfacer, solid in-feeding roll	12" x 8"	900	243	7.050 lbs.

### NO. 15 DOUBLE PLANER AND MATCHER.

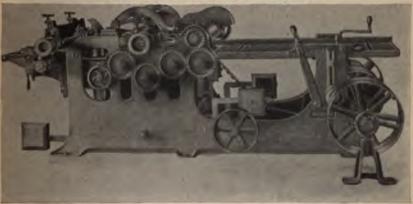


FIG. 12197.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12197.

Planes 24" wide by 8" thick, and will match 19" wide.

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This machine is designed for surfacing, working flooring, beaded ceiling, novelty siding, battens, moldings, etc. A strong feeding, durable planer and matcher, bud having a vertical movement.

Extra molding arbor. This consists of an extra crueible steel arbor and frame placed in rear of matcher heads. This molding arbor has three bearings, and a four-dotted head 8" long, and on this head, molding, German or novelty siding, beading, beveling, and other shaped knives can be placed, insuring a perfect finish for this class of material. This molding arbor can be omitted when desired, but it will be found a very useful and convenient attachment.

Built also as a single planer and matcher, if desired.

We furnish with each machine: Two 24° knives for each cutter head, a full set of steel bolts with case-hardened nuts for the opposite sides of the surfacing heads, one pair of mortised steel matcher heads, four solid matcher bits for working flooring, one pair novelty siding knives, one pair heading bits and necessary wrenches. Slotted jointer heads or Shimer patent matcher heads, extra.

Description continued on following page.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12197.-Continued.

	Tight and Loose Pulleys.	R.P.M.	Cubie Measure.	Approx. Weight	Army
No. 15A, four-roll double planer and matcher, planes 24" x 8", including extra molding arbor		900	190	4,850 lbs.	4 to 6
No. 15B, four-roll double planer and matcher, planes 24° x 8°, without extra molding arbor		900	190	4.700 lbs.	4 to 6
No. 15C, four-roll three-sided planer and matcher, planes 24" x 8", including extra molding arbor		900	390	4,400 lbs.	4 to 6
No. 15D, four-roll three-sided planer and matcher, planes 24" x 8", without the extra molding arbor.		900	190	4,250 lbs.	4100

### NO. 12 FOUR ROLL DOUBLE PLANER AND MATCHER.

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### FRONT VIEW.



FIG. 12198.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12198.

A heavy internal geared, powerful feeding planer and matcher, designed for light or heavy work.

It will surface 26" wide on two sides up to 8" thick without removing the side spindles and will match from 154" up to 23" wide. It will joint four sides from 154" to 23" wide and from 34" to 6" thick.

Feed Works.—Has four powerfully driven internal geared feed rolls 7° in diameter, two in feeding and two delivery rolls at rear of under cylinder.

In the divided roll machine, the top in-feeding roll is in two sections and is driven separately at each side of the machine, and is exarranged that it will act as a solid roll, yet each section will yield independently of the other so that two pieces of tumber of different thickness, varying from ½" to 1", may be fed at once and each section will have an even pressure on each piece.

The Cylinders.—The top cylinder is double-belted, the bottom cylinder is single-belted and both are made from hammered crucible steel forgings, slotted four sides, and knives are interchangeable. The journals both top and bottom are 2½° in diameter and run is long self-oiling boxes. The under cylinder and throat plate back of it are adjustable.

The chip breaker and pressure hars work in connection with the divided roll and are both adjustable sufficiently to allow knives to be extended 2" from the cutting diameter of the head.

The pressure har over the under head is strong and substantially made, and by loosening one bolt may be thrown up out of the way and free access may be had for filing or placing new knives on the under cutter. When placed back in position it is as solid as if it were next to the frame.

The matcher head spindles are of best crucible steel, large in diameter, run in self-ciling boxes and can be moved across the machine in one-half the time of any other machine made. (Patented January 26, 1904.) This idea is new and saves time.

There are three rates of feed, vis.: 40, 65, and 75 linear feet per minute.

Each machine is furnished with shaving hoods arranged for connection with conductor pipes, two knives for each cylinder, one pair of Shimer patent matcher heads, one pair of four dotted jointing beads 0" long, two knives for each jointing beads and secondary wenceber.

## | No. 12A-1, 26" x 8", four roll double planer and matcher, divided in-feeding roll.... 12" x 8" | 900 | 281 | 7.286 | 18. | 12" x 8" | 900 | 281 | 7.286 | 18. | 18" x 8" | 900 | 281 | 7.286 | 18. | 18" x 8" | 900 | 281 | 7.286 | 18. | 18" x 8" | 900 | 281 | 7.286 | 18. | 18" x 8" | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900 | 900

### NO. 11 SIX ROLL DOUBLE PLANER AND MATCHER.

FRONT VIEW

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FIG. 12199.

REAR VIEW



FIG. 12200

### DESCRIPTION FIRE INIOS AND 18800.

A new heavy internal general powerful fooding planer and matcher designed for light or heavy work and late of it.

It will surface 26" wide on two sides up to 8" think without removing the side spandies and will match from 11g" up to 32" wide

It will joint four sides from 154" to 23" wide and from 14" to 6" think.

Food works.—Has six powerfully driving interest general find rathe fit in diameter, bury in harding and two different real read of under cylinder.

In the divided roll machine the top in-feeding rolls are in two methods and are driven expensive at each role of the machine and are so arranged that they act as a solid roll, yet much method will yield independently of the rites; or that i we place of hunder of different thickness varying from [4]" to 1" may be fed at once and each method will have an even present on each place.

The cylinders—top and bottom—are decide behind and not made from transmitted soul forgage, dotted from discussion and increases are interchangeable. The journals, both top and tortom, are 24pt in transmitted into in long art offing forces. Under sylinder and threat plate back of it are adjustable.

The chip breaker and presents her more in removing with the revital cuts and both an adjunctive amounts to show knows to be extended 2° from the coming discourse of the land.

The presence has over the under head to strong and animations; sents and less homeing our belt may be thosen up out of the way and free across may be had for thing or placing our beloves on the make artist. While placed have in particular it is an orbit and in wear cast to the frame.

DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12199 AND 12200,-Centinued.

The matcher head spindles are of best crucible steel, large in diameter, run in self-oiling boxes, and can be moved across the machine in one-half the time of any other machine made. (Patented January 26, 1904.) This idea is new and saves time.

There are three rates of feed, viz.: 40, 65, and 75 linear feet per minute. Each machine is furnished with shaving boods arranged for connection with conductor pipes, two knives for each cylinder. One pair Shimer patent matcher heads, one pair four-slotted jointing heads 6° long, two knives for each jointing head, and necessary wrenches.

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	T. and L. Fulleys.	Revolu- tions per Minute.	Cubie Measure.	imate Weight
No. 11A-1, 26° x 8", six-roll double planer and matcher, divided in-feeding rolls	12" x 8"	900	265	8,350 lbs.
No. 11A-2, 26" x 8", six-roll single planer and matcher, divided in-feeding rolls.	12" x 8"	900	265	8,150 lbs.
No. 11B-1, 26" x 8", six-roll double planer and matcher, solid in-feeding rolls	12" x 8"	900	265	8,250 lbs
No. 11B-2, 26" x 8", six-roll single planer and matcher, solid in-feeding rolls	12" x 8"	900	265	6,050 lbe

### ENDLESS BED DOUBLE SURFACE PLANING MACHINE.

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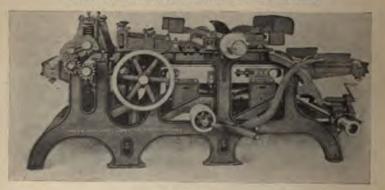


FIG. 12201.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12201.

These machines are very heavy, carefully built of the best materials, strong throughout, and with simple and easy adjustments. They are made for hard work and plenty of it. They are adapted for work in shippards, car shops, and lumber mills of all descriptions, and are largely in use for milling box lumber. They hold the record for production over any machine in the market.

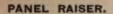
The cutter cylinders are made from forged crucible steel, earefully and exactly balanced. The upper cylinder has gueumatic palleys at both ends; the lower cylinder at one end only. The sectional feeding in rolls are separately weighted so that six pieces of stock varying in thickness can be planed at one time. The bed is raised and lowered on fuclines, and, when desired, by power, a most valuable feature for job shops where changes are frequent. The lags of the endless bed are carefully guarded, and both lags and links soaly removed and renewed. The machine will plane stock 3.5" to 8" in thickness.

The machine is built in two sizes, 26° and 30°. Furnished complete with one set knives, wrenches, and countershaft.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

Machine.	Weight.	T. and L. Pulleys.	Spiral	Fower:	Floor Roses
26" endless bed	6,900 lbs.	14" diameter, 8" face	850	10 horse-power	1035, x 014,
-30° endless bed	7,100 lbs.	14" diameter, 8" face	850	12 horse-power	1034" x 7"

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### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12202.

This machine is used for raising panels of any style, sidth or thickness. The heads may be inclined to any angle and adjusted to and from the work without disturbing the angle; both table and guide are adjustable; the cutters make a drawing cut and produce smooth, clean work.

This machine is furnished for either hand or elif-feed.

COMPANY



SINGLE SPINDLE SHAPER.



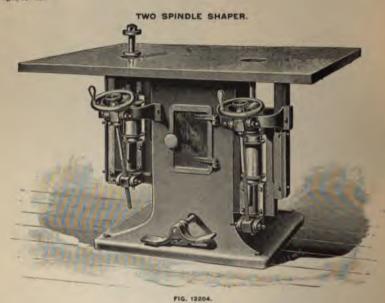
FIG. 12203. Description on following page.

### SHAPERS.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12203.

The engraving, Fig. 12203, represents a new single spindle shaper, with friction reverse countershaft. The spindle is reversed by foot treadle, the counter is entirely noiseless, strong and simple, and not liable to get out of order. \$56\* and \$56\* spindles are furnished with the machine. The table is of hard wood, glued up in narrow strips. Driving pulley 9° in diameter, 4° face, and should make 2,100 revolutions per minute.

Weight, 800 lbs.



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### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12204.

This engraving represents a new double spindle shaper. The frame is cast entire, with large base. The guides for spindle forms are cast with pedestal; the spindles are of crucible steel and run in long self-lubricating babbitted baxes and are placed 24° spart between centers, and provided with two circular plates let into the table and surrounding the spindles. Either spindle can be lowered below the surface of the table. The table is of iron, 54° long in front of machine by 44° wide. A closet for tools is within the column. Two sits of collars for cutters are furnished. Weight, 1,300 lbs. Tight and loose pulleys are 10° diameter by 5° face, and should make 1,000 revolutions per minute.

### SHAPERS.

### NO. 4 DOUBLE SPINDLE UPRIGHT SHAPING MACHINE.

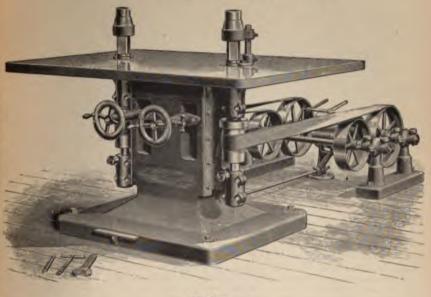


FIG. 12205.

Net Weight, 2,000 lbs.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12205.

This engraving represents our improved No. 4 heavy double spindle upright shaping machine, which has been designed for shaping irregular forms; it is massive and heavy and adapted to a large variety of work required in wagon, carriage, agricultural implement, car, and general woodworking shops.

The frame is a substantial casting in one piece, with cored center of sufficient strength to overcome all tendency to twist or spring the bed, and an easy, uncramped movement of the working parts is secured.

The cutter-head spindles, of steel, are 2" diameter, and rotate in heavy bearings, with connected boxes, which are gibbed to the main frame, and they have a vertical adjustment by the use of the hand wheels shown. The spindles are 28" spart from center to center, and they are fitted with one pair of 3" flanged cutter heads with 3" straight-faced knives. Cutters of various sizes and shapes can be used. An improved safety guard covers the top of each head, which provents the operator from coming in contact with the cutters.

The table, of fron, is east in one piece and planed true; it is 60° long, 46° wide. An extra table of the same size can be furnished and attached to the rear side of the regular table to accommodate extra long and heavy work.

This machine, when so ordered, can be furnished with wabble saws on the cutter-head spindles, and a sweep attached to the table, which can be adjusted to different circles, to be used for the purpose of dressing the inside and tread of sawed felloes for vehicle wheels. With this attachment, 2,000 felloes can be dressed up square and true in ten hours.

The double countershuft enables the drive belts to properly track over the pulleys, and prevents the belts from jumping or flopping, which secures a smooth speed to the cutters, and enables better work to be obtained.

A convenient foot treadle is used for starting and stopping the machine. The tight and loose pulleys are 10° diameter, 5° face, and should run 1,200 rotations per minute.

Horse-power to drive, 4; floor space occupied, 60" x 90"

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### MOULDERS.

B" PATENT FOUR-SIDE MOULDER.



FIG. 12206.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12206.

The frame is extremely heavy, and being cast in one piece is perfectly stiff, making a solid foundation for all bearings. The heavy octagon column supports the table and under head in a substantial manner.

The heavy outside bearing for the top head is made in two pieces. The lower part is a heavy bracket firmly belted to the frame and rests on the floor, while the upright is accurately fitted and is adjustable vertically to take up the wear of the end box of the top head. This is an important feature. The boxes on the main frame will wear more than the outside bearing, as they have the direct pull of the belt. By loosening the two screws on the outside bearing near the bottom, the outside bearing will adjust itself to the perpet height, and by tightening up the screws it will always be in line. It is also provided with a bolt that passes through the table and frame, assisting to hold the bed firmly in position when set for a certain thickness.

The feed works are heavier and stronger, owing to the extra width of the face of the gearing. There are four feed rolls 6' in diameter, all driven by this heavy gearing, and will feed as strongly when the bed is dropped to its full depth as when working on thinner material. The top fixed rolls, which are weighted, rise parallel with the bed and rest their full weight evenly on all parts of the work, insuring a strong positive feed. They are controlled by a binder lever placed close to the operator, which is held in place by a notehed bar. By this means the feed belt can be adjusted tightly for heavy work, or more loosely for light work, thus relieving the belt when light work is being done. It has four rates of feed, namely, 21, 31, 39 and 55 lineal feet per minute.

The upper rolls and chip breaker are quickly raised from the work by means of a lever just back of the rolls, as shown in the cet, to admit of the use of a form for acting up the machine on different styles of work. There is an adjustable tightener resting on the top of the belt that drives the top head, by which the strain-can be increased or decreased according to the depth of the cut. This is operated by the crank as shown in the end view of the machine.

The top chip breaker rests firmly upon the material, a flexible aushion allowing chip breaker to ride over rough saved lumber or projections, and preventing the chip breaker from jumping.

The main arbor is 234" in diameter, and the bearings are long, lined with the best babbitt metal, and all belts pull on the bottom of the boxes.

The side heads rise and descend with the table. Both the inside and outside head stocks are adjustable horizontally and vertically. Either spindle can be set at an angle from the front side of the machine, while the machine is in motion, and after being set can be adjusted in or out for a heavy or light out without changing angle.

By placing the srank on the center stud, either side head stock can be moved out or in at double the speed of any other machine.

This device is patented.

### MOULDERS.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 19906.-Conf

The upright head stocks are mounted on heavy cast bare; the frent side of the har energing the head stock is planed tree and on a V shaps. The head stocks that slide on these here are planed to fit. When the head stocks are set to the proper width, a belt at the back part of the head stock is tightened, thus drawing the head stock up against the V-shaped bars, which makes it as calle as though it were cast to the frame, thus allowing the side heads to do as smooth work as the top head. This is an entirely new fasture, and will not be found on any other machine.

The top head has a lateral adjustment; the bottom head has a lateral and vertical adjustment, and is provided with chip breaker t and back of the head. The under head has three bearings, or a bearing outside of the driving pulley.

The distance between the top and bottom heads is less than in the old style machines. Sectional pressure hars are provided over the fer head and in rear of the top head. This feature is now on this class of machines. The rear table beyond the under head swings char to allow convenient access to the knives. Ample space is provided about all heads to admit the use of bitts of unusual lengths.

The chip breaker for outside head is weighted and is attached to head stock, moves out and in with it and is self-adjusting. There stable chip breakers on both sides of the bottom head and for the inside head.

We build this machine in six sizes, 7", 8", 9", 10", 12" and 14" wide.

The ?" machine will dress ?" wide by 31/4" thick, on four sides.

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The 8" machine will dress 8" wide by 31/2" thick, on four sides.

The 9" machine will dress 9" wide by 4" thick, on four sides. The 10° machine will dress 10° vide by 4° thick, on four sides.

The 12" machine will dress 12" wide by 4" thick, on four sides.

The 14" machine will dress 14" wide by 4" thick, on four sides and the table on each will descend 12".

Each machine is furnished with four heads, slotted on four sides, two plain knives for each head, one extra four slotted head without hnives, extra bolts for all of the four slotted heads, four collars, two extra feed spurs, one extra double flange feed pulley, with necessary renches and spring posts and springs, as shown in the cut.

### SPECIFICATIONS.

	Tight and Louise Pulleys	Revolutions per Minute.	Cubic Measurement.	Approximate Weight	Average Horse-power Required.
14°, to work four sides	14" x 10"	850	288	5,700 lbs.	6 to 12
12, to work four sides	12" x 8"	850	280'	5,450 lbs.	6 to 10
10°, to work four sides	12" x 8"	850	272'	5,200 lbs.	6 to 8
9', to work four sides	12° x 8"	850	268'	5,000 lbs.	5 to 7
8", to work four sides	10° x 6"	900	146'	3,450 lbs.	41/2 to 6
7°, to work four sides	10" x 6"	900	140*	3,300 lbs.	3½ to 5

Note: By placing crank on center stud, as shown in cut, side heads are moved out or in at double the speed of any other. This makes is palented.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12207.

This machine can be used as a light four-side moulding machine for making small mouldings, blind slats, etc., and for all kinds of light sticking, such as such stiles, rade and muntins as well-as for general light work of all descriptions that can be done on a 5° moulding e. We also build it with a plow and boring attachment for making a continuous wide and narrow groova: This attachment or date of an extra table actting at an incline, an arbor carrying two Shimer patent grooving heads (one for making the wide groove, the second head for making the narrow groove), and two adjustable feaces, also a boring arbor which is operated by a foot treadle.

The double grooving and boring attachment, which is placed on the No. 3 A, B, C and D machines, is operated as follows: The stills

is placed on the inclined grooving table and pushed forward against a stop, making the wide groove, the foot is then placed on the treadle and it is bored at an incline for the knot on the sask ever, the stile is then placed against the second fence and pushed forward against the stop, which makes the narrow groove connexting the wider greave with the hole that has been bored. The two stops are adjustable for different lengths of grooving. The stile in then run through the matchine in the usual way. An ordinary operator can bore and groove different lengths or growing. Law seem a small results in the same of the stiller as fast as they can be run through the machine, hosping at m continuous operation.

The No. 2 E, F, G, H and K machines are built with a single plow and boring attachment. In this machine the incline table is not

so wide; it is provided with one Shimer patent greeving head and two stops. The stile is placed on the incline grooving table and pushed forward against a counterbalanced step, the stife is then bestd by placing the foot on the treadle, which trips the counterbalance and the first stop drops below the table when the stific is pushful forward against the second stop, completing the groove up to the hole. The hole is bored at an angle so that the knot in the cord will dow to the bottoth of the hole.

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### NO. 3 SASH STICKER.

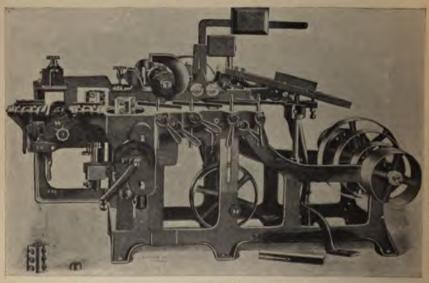


FIG. 12207.

### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12207.-Continued.

This machine is built either one, two, three or four sides as desired and either with or without the double grooving and boring attachment for making the continuous wide and narrow groove, or with the single plew and boring attachment as above described.

We furnish with each machine: One cap head on top arbor, one four-slotted head for each side arbor and the rear bettern arbor, one set of such cutters, one bits 34" diameter, two patent Shimer grooving heads for the double grooving and boring attachment or compliance patent grooving head for the single plow and boring attachment and necessary wrenches.

SPECIFICATIONS,	Approximate Weight.	Newspapers
No. 3A, with top head and double grooving and boring attachment	1,500 lbs.	85"
No. 3B, with top and rear bottom heads and double grooving and boring attachment.	1,600 lbs.	95"
No. 3C, with top, rear bottom and outside heads and double grooving and boring attachment	1,750 lbs.	95"
No. 3D, with top, rear bottom and outside and inside heads and double grooving and boring attachment.	1,830 lbs.	34"
No. 3E, with top head and single plow and boring attachment.	1,450 lbs.	557
No. 3F with top and rear bottom heads and single plow and boring attachment	1,5501bs.	22,
No. 3G, with top and outside heads and single plow and boring attachment	1,550 lbs.	95"
No. 3H, with top, rear bottom and outside heads and single plow and boring attachment	1,650 lbs.	9.5"
No. 3K, with top, rear bottom and outside and inside heads and single plow and boring attachment	1,700 lbs.	95"

Tight and loose pulleys, 10" x 5",

Revolutions per minute, 900.

#### POWER MORTISING MACHINE.

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power of the treadles.

FIG. 12209

Machine.

Power mortising machine.

Care should be taken not to strain the counter spring tighter than is necessary to draw out the chied, and when not in use the spring may be loosened so as not to destroy its elasticity. The loop which connects the treadle with the chisel block may be moved forward or backward to govern the depth of the mortise, or the

Five chiscle are supplied with the machine, vis.: 34", 34", 34". 34", and 34".

The shipping weight of the machine is 250 lbs. Floor space, 2' 6" x 2' 8".

#### FOOT MORTISING MACHINE



FIG. 12208.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12209.

This machine is adapted to all ordinary work, and will bore and mortise all kinds of hard and soft wood of any size up to 12" deep and 5" wide.

The chisel has a stroke of 5°. The pedestal has a wide reach, the column is hollow, giving great rigidity.

The reversing mechanism is very simple but accurate in its operation. The wearing parts are made of steel and hardened. There is an adjustable stop for the treadle, limiting its upward movement as desired. The rest is readily raised or lowered, and may be set at any angle desired. The balance weight is inside the column, holding the bearings firm and limiting vibration. The boring shaft is belted direct from the countershaft, which is furnished with the machine. There are also supplied with the machine 34", 34", 34", and 1".

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

T. and L. Pulleys. 12" diameter, 4" face

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## NO. 3 SASH STICKER.

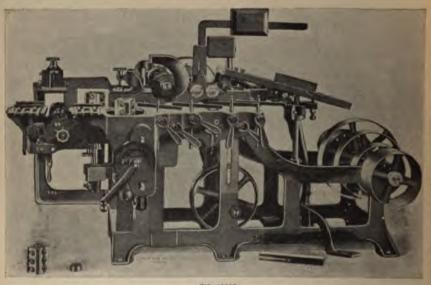


FIG. 12207.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12207.-Continued.

This machine is built either one, two, three or four sides as desired and either with or without the double growing and beeing attachment for making the continuous wide and narrow growe, or with the single plow and boring attachment as above described.

We furnish with each machine: One cap head on top arbor, one four-slotted head for each side arbor and the rear bettem arbor, one set of such cutters, one bitt Mar diameter, two patent Shimer grooving heads for the double grooving and boring attachment or one Shimer patent grooving head for the single plow and boring attachment and necessary wrenches.

SPECIFICATIONS,	Approximate Weight	Manager and
No. 3A, with top head and double grooving and boring attachment	1,500 lbs.	95"
No. 3B, with top and rear bottom heads and double grooving and boring attachment,	1,600 lbs.	95"
No. 3C, with top, rear bottom and outside heads and double grooving and boring attachment	1,750 lbs.	95"
No. 3D, with top, rear bottom and outside and inside beads and double grooving and boring attach-	1,850 lbs.	90"
No. 3E, with top head and single plow and boring attachment	1,450 lbs.	99
No. 3F with top and rear bottom heads and single plow and boring attachment	1,550 lbs.	05"
No. 30, with top and outside heads and single plow and horing attachment	1,550 lbs.	95"
No. 3H, with top, rear bottom and outside heads and single plow and boring attachment	1,630 lbs.	9.0"
No. 3K, with top, rear bottom and outside and inside heads and single plow and boring attachment	1,700 lbs.	665"

Tight and loose pulleys,  $10^{\circ} \times 5^{\circ}$ .

Revolutions per minute, 900.

POWER MORTISING MACHINE.

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FIG. 12209.

Machine. Shopping Weight.
Power mortising machine. 2,100 lbs.

Care should be taken not to strain the counter spring tighter than is necessary to draw out the chisel, and when not in use the spring may be loosened so as not to destroy its elasticity. The loop which connects the treadle with the chisel block may be moved forward or backward to govern the depth of the mortise, or the power of the treadles.

Five chisels are supplied with the machine, viz.: 34", 34", J6", J2", and 36".

The shipping weight of the machine is 250 lbs. Floor space, 2' 0" x 2' 8". FOOT MORTISING MACHINE



FIG. 12208.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12209.

This machine is adapted to all ordinary work, and will hore and mortise all kinds of hard and soft wood of any size up to  $12^{\mu}$  deep and  $8^{\mu}$  wide.

The chisel has a stroke of 5°. The pedestal has a wide reach, the column is bollow, giving great rigidity.

The reversing mechanism is very simple but accurate in its operation. The wearing parts are made of steel and hardened. There is an adjustable stop for the treadle, limiting its upward movement as desired. The rest is readily raised or lowered, and may be set at any angle desired. The balance weight is inside the column, holding the bearings firm and limiting vibration. The buring shaft is belted direct from the counterdaft, which is furnished with the machine. There are also supplied with the machine one each angur bits and chisels of the following sizes:  $34^{\circ}$ ,  $36^{\circ}$ ,  $34^{\circ}$ ,  $36^{\circ}$ ,  $34^{\circ}$ ,  $36^{\circ}$ , 36

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

T and L Pulleys. 12" diameter, 4" face

peed. Power. 360 1 horse-port Floor Space 3' x 4'



DESCRIPTION FIG. 12210.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12210.

Discription Fig. 12210.

This engraving represents the new No. 1 mortisor, designed for mortising doors, asabes, blinds, etc.

The crant shaft is provided with an outside bearing. You will notice the balance is carried in the pulley instead of at the crant; this insures a much smoother running machine.

The plunger is square, working in a gun-metal conical split box, by which all wear can be taken up.

The table tips to mortise any angle required and adjusts to and from the column for various widths of staff, drops 14°, and will mortise to the caster of material 6° wide.

Belt shifter and stops are provided for boring attachment, and machine is strictly first-class and sold on its merits.

Five chinels: 34°, 36°, 36°, 36°, 34°, five boring bits, reverse belt and necessary wrenches are furnished.

Tight and loose pulleys are 12° diameter, 3° face, and should make 500 revolutions.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12211
horoughly tried out by long use, and have been found satisface. The wide spread of the pedestal and the bollow column give, which insures good work, while the arrangement of the adjust he work being done expeditiously.

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HUB MORTISER.



FIG. 12210.

NO. 1 MORTISER.

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With the No. 2 machine are furnished one cach chisels and augur bits of With the No. 2 machine are furnished one cach chisels and augur bits of With lower and mortise bube up to 10° in diameter and 24° long.

With the No. 3 machine is furnished the same outfit of augur bits and sets as with the No. 2. Will bore and mortise up to 20° in diameter and long.

Machine.	Shipping Weight.	T. & L. Pulley,	fipeed.	Power.	Floor Space.
No. 2 hub machine	2,400 lbs.	12" diameter, 4" face	300	116 h.p.	3'x3'
No. 2 hub machine	3,100 lbs.	12" diameter, 5" face	300	216 h.p.	4'x4'
No. 3 hub machine	3,900 lbs.	12" diameter, 5" face	300	216 h.p.	4'x4'

# MORTISING MACHINES.



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For description, see following page.

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## MORTISING MACHINES.

DESCRIPTION FIG. 12212 -Continued.

The engraving represents our No. 1 automatic vertical hollow chisel mortising machine, designed for cutting mortises in either hard or soft wood. It has been designed for the use of manufacturers of wagons, agricultural implements, railway cars, shipbuilders, and various other woodworkers. The principle involved is the use of an auger revolving within a square hollow chisel attached to a vertically moving ram which is fed down to the work; a single movement produces a clean square mortise, corresponding to the exact size of the tools used. By moving the table horizontally and at right angles with a single auger and chisel, mortises of various widths and lengths can be cut, although one each Mr. Mr. Mr. Mr augers and chisels are furnished with each machine.

This machine contains many new patented improvements. All the working parts are outside of the frame in plain view and esergial access which is a most desirable feature. The ram has a quick return and it is balanced in any position without the use of weight of spring, and it is entirely noiseless in its operation. The table is provided with a system of stops and gauges for laying off the work.

The frame is a massive casting in one piece, with cored center and a broad base. It is original in design and of sufficient strength to do the very heaviest class of mortising with case. The ram to which the auger and chisel are attached is thoroughly gibbed to the frame in planed and scraped angle ways, and it is reciprocated vertically by means of a heavy worm gear and screw running in a reservoir of oil and driven by a double friction clutch. The auger spindle extending up through the center runs in self-lubricating bearings. The top end rotates against an adjustable bronze screw to support the end thrust, and it is also self-lubricating. The pulleys for driving the auger spindle are so constructed as to automatically maintain the proper tension to the belt at all times. The ram has a stroke up to 10°, and its position is controlled by a convenient hand lever, a slight movement of which instantly starts or stops the feed or reverse it at any point. The depth of mortise can be changed instantly while the machine is in motion, by means of a screw adjustment. It has four rates of feed, with a quick return motion, enabling the machine to cut mortises in either hard or soft wood as large as 2° aquare at a single stroke.

The compound table is thoroughly gibbed to the front of the frame, and it is supported upon a heavy steel screw operated by a convenient hand wheel for raising and lowering the table. To the table patent stops with micrometer adjustment are fitted to facilitate the duplication of mortises, and they can be instantly lifted up out of the way and the table moved in either a longitudinal or lateral direction and returned to its original position without destroying any of the adjustments. A chuck is furnished for angle mortising and it is laid off to 20°. Gauges are also supplied for gauging from the end of the work or from a mortise. A powerful adjustable clamp is fitted to the table for holding the work. It will accommodate stock 12° x 15° square and the machine will cut mortises in any position in a piece of timber of this size or any size under

The counter is furnished as follows: Shaft, 19½" x 84"; two ball and socket adjustable drop hangers, with improved belt shipper attached) one driver, 18" x 3½", for quick return: one driver, 8" x 4", and one 10" x 4"; one driver for auger spindle, 22" x 7½", two pair of tight and loose pulleys, 12" x 6", speeds, 750 and 550 turns per minute.

Horse-power to drive, 2; floor space occupied, 48° x 70°.

# BORING MACHINES. GEARED POST BORER.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12213.

A practical machine for bor-ing bolss from the smallest up to 2½° diameter. Rigid frame, strongly garace, easily put, will bore 6° deep, depth regu-listed by set collars. No bits furnished. Tight and loose palleys, 6° x 3½°. Republications over minute.

Revolutions per minute,

Cubic measurement, 10. Approximate weight, 150 Bu.

Average horse-power, 1/2.

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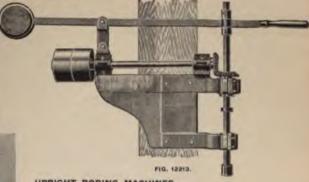
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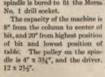
# UPRIGHT BORING MACHINES.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12214.

This is a small machine specially adapted for light, rapid work. All the parts of the machine are well made and carefully adjusted, and the spindle is tested at 4,500 revolutions.

The table is adjusted up or down by rack and pinion, operated by the crank, but has no tipping movement.

The belt on the tight and loose pulley is shifted by the foot lever, leaving both hands free to handle the work. The countershaft runs in self-oiling boxes. The spindle is bored to fit the Morse





Machine,	Shipping Weight,	T. and L. Pulleye.	Speed.	Power.	Floor Space
No. 1 upright boring	650 lbs.	6° diameter, 3° face	To suit work	1 h.p.	2' 6" x 3' 8 <sup>3</sup>

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12218.

This is a newly designed machine, very heavy and rigid, with ample range and power for large and heavy work. The machine stands upon a broad foundation. The column is large in cross section and very strong, and the journal boxes are carefully made and adjusted.



FIG. 12215.

## BORING MACHINES.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12215.-Continued.

The table may be set to any height and tilted to any angle. It is securely gibbed to the upright, and may be firmly clamped when set. The belt is shifted by the foot lever, leaving both hands free to handle the work. The bit spindle is driven by a 4" belt from a 15" pulley on the countershaft. The machine has a capacity of 15" from the column to the bit center, and 24" between the table at its lowest point and the bit at its highest point, with spindle movement of 10".



Weight, 525 lba. Belt required, 64's' long, 3" wide.

## TENONING MACHINES.

NO. 13 TENONER.



FIG. 12218.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12218.

ents our new heavy pedestal frame tenoning machine. This machine contains more valuable features than any other proces on the market. It is adapted for cutting tenons of any desired length, and is used for fitting stock for car door, ruiture and other like work.

ame is cast in one piece, affording perfectly rigid bearings for all parts of the machine. The carriage runs upon roller

the work.

Siece, affording perfectly rigid bearings for all parts of the machine. The carriage runs upon roller mitrueted, and it moves backward and forward with the greatest case. There is a safety gib underwhich prevents it raising from its bearings. The hold-down bar is conveniently adjusted for a part of the carriage so that the copes are made by positive mechanism easily accessible. All bearings are self-oiling, and are properties the properties of the copes are made by positive mechanism easily accessible. All bearings are self-oiling, and are properties upper and the lower shoulders. By very simple arrangements the two heads may be rigidly diovered without changing the thickness of the teno. Pneumatic pulleys on the tenon cutter. The machine will cut tenons of any required thickness, from \( \frac{1}{2} \) and from \( \frac{1}{2} \) for the copes assign through to \( \frac{1}{2} \) forg. chaments, is supplied when ordered. This is attached to the frame of the machine, the saw being

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HL the cope heads.

cope heads are statched to the head stocks, and adjusted simultaneously with them; they also have separate independent horizonvertical adjustment. They are driven with long belts from the vertical countershaft. The cutter heads may be single, 35% long,
le, 65% long, as may be ordered. Both heads are driven by the same belt, consequently have the same speed. This belt is
cd by a self-adjusted idle pulley which keeps the belt always in tension.

machine is shipped complete as shown, with countershaft built in.

Machins. Tenon machine	Shipping Weight. 1,800 lbs.	T. and L. Pulley. 10" diameter, 5" face	Speed. 900	Power. 3 horse-power	Floor Spare, 3' x 7'

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12219.

NO. 2 MACHINE.

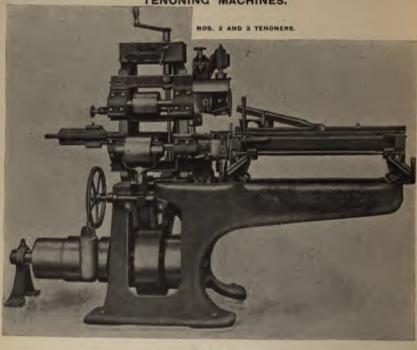
NO. 2 MACHIME.

A newly designed heavy pedestal frame tenoner, adapted for making perfect tenons for doors, sash, blinds, framing or furniture work. Will cut a tenon 7" long at one operation or by passing through twise it will cut 9½" long. Any thickness of tenon can be cut from ½" to 5" thick by 18" wide.

The frame is heavy and cast in one piece, with openings in base for removal of shavings.

The head stocks are so arranged that the belt pulls to the bottom of the boxes on the lower head stock as well as on the top arbor. This is a new feature.

TENONING MACHINES.



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## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12219,-Continued

Both head stocks have an independent vertical adjustment, and by a simple but effective device they can be instantly connected and both heads resised or lowered without changing the thickness of tenon. The top head stock has an independent horizontal adjustment, and the properties of the control of the co

	T. and L. Pulleys.	Revolutions per Minute,	Measurement.	Floor Space.	Weight.	Horse-power
No. 2A, double heads, two copes.	10" × 6"	900	71"	7" x 6"	1,050 lbs.	2103
No. 2B, double heads, one cope	10" x 6"	900	71"	7'x0'	1,620 lbs.	2 10 3
No. 2C, double heads, no cope	10" ≤ 6"	900	71"	7" × 6"	1,500 lbs.	2103
No. 2D, single heads, two copes	10" x 6"	900	71"	7' x 6'	1,625 lbs	2 10 3
No. 2E, single heads, one cope	10" x 6"	900	71"	7' x 6'	1,600 lbs	2 to 7
No. 2F, single heads, no copes	10" x 6"	900	71"	7" × 6"	1,475 lbm	3402
Rear cut-off saw attachment extra	******	*/***			ALCOHOL:	*****
Front cut-off saw attachment extra	F++3+1	******	*****		******	*****

No. 3 MACHINE.

The same general description of our No. 2 Tenoner covers all the points in this machine, as it is built exactly like it except in size. It ill cut a tenon 3½° long in one motion, or by passing through twice will cut tenons 5½° long and up to 14° wide.

The carriage has a double-roller movement, and is the cassest running that can be placed on a tenoner.

The cut-off awa watachinemat can be placed on either front or rare of machine, as desired, and is not furnished with machine unless

	T. and L. Policys.	Revolutions	Measurement,	Approximate Weight.	Floor Spann,	Ногм-рочие.
No. 3A, single heads and two copes	10" 3 5"	900	55"	1;250 lbs.	5' 6" × 4"	1 to 2
No. 3B, single heads and one cope	10° x 5°	900	65"	1,200 lbs.	5' 6" x 4"	I to 2
No. 3C, single heads and no cope	10" x 5"	900	35	1,100 fbs.	3' 6" x 4'	1 to 2
Rear cut-off attachment extra	111000	***	0110		******	101101
Front cut-off attachment extra	117000	***	11111		101100011	31170

## BOX BOARD MATCHER.

#### DESCRIPTION FIGS, 12220 AND 12221

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Our power feed box board matching machine is acknowledged on all sides to be the most convenient, efficient, and productive machine ever offered to the trade. It is compact and substantial, no small parts to get out of order, easily handled and changed, and built with special reference to accurate and rapid work.

It will match stock 14" to 214" thick and can be changed to self-centering or face work in two minutes, and the feed rolls can be changed from one thickness of stock to another in ten seconds, this being done by the operation of the levers on the side.

It has three speeds of feed, 60', 95' and 130' per minute. The matcher arbor runs 4,500 revolutions with a 6" belt. The machine is arranged so that the operator stands close up to the feed rolls, feeding two rolls at one time, tonguing and grooving simultaneously, taking hold of the two boards FRONT VIEW



FIG. 12220.

when they leave the machine, joining them immediately together. Each machine is fitted for single tongue and groove, unless otherwise ordered. We also fit this machine for multiple matching; by which is meant material matched with more than one tongue and groove, to be resawed, after being put together. It is also provided with proper facilities for piping, and there is a cast-iron cover to the cutters, keeping the machine entirely clear from sawdust and chips, and it has full set of wrenches for manipulating all changes, and countershaft and pulleys with complete belt shifting fixtures. The machine can be belted from above or below.

REAR VIEW



FIG. 12221.

	Machine,	Shipping Weight.
Power-feed	matcher	1,400 lbs.

At a slight additional expense, the machine is fitted with a power-driven glue attachment, when desired, which glues the tongue of the board as it. passes through the machine. This glue attachment is brought close to the feeding-out rolls, so the work does not go beyond reach of the operator to glue every part of his work. This is a feature which will be appreciated by users of this class of machine.

The feed tables are adjustable and the machine may be used for jointing and matching if desired,

This machine is fitted with our No. 1 improved countershaft.

Shipped complete, as ordered, with one set matcher saws, countershaft, and necessary wrenches.

#### SPECIFICATIONS.

T. and L. Pulley.	Speed.	Power.	Floor Space.
10" dia., 6" face	950	3 h.p.	3'9" x 5'3"
607			

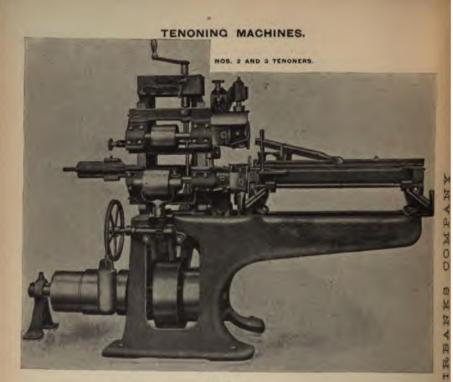


FIG. 12219.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12219.—Continued.

Both head stocks have an independent vertical adjustment, and by a simple but effective device they can be instantly cobnected and both heads raised or lowered without changing the thickness of tenon. The top head stock has an independent horizontal adjustment not permit the shoulder to be cut at uneven distances from the end.

The cope heads are attached to main head stocks, and adjust with them. They also have an independent horizontal and vertical adjustments and are so arranged that the helt pulls to the bottom of the boxes.

The carriage has a double-roller movement, moves with extreme case and enables the operator to turn out a large quantity of work. It is provided with a fence, which can be adjusted at an angle, and necessary gauges, stops and hold-down lever. It also has an attachment to prevent carriage from lifting off the ways, and a cleaning device.

The cut-off attachment is adjustable horizontally for different lengths of tenons while the machine is in motion.

The cutor head spindles are 194° diameter, and the cope spindles are 1½° diameter.

The contentrals has an adjustable outside bearing beyond the tight and loose pulleys. All belts are long. The belt that drives upright cope countershaft has an adjustable outside bearing beyond the tight and loose pulleys.

	T. and L. Pulleys.	Revolutions per Minute	Cubic Measurement.	Ploor Space.	Approximate Weight	Home-power.
No. 2A, double heads, two copes	10° x 6°	900	71"	7' × 0'	1.050 lba.	2 to 5
No. 2B, double heads, one cope	10° × 6°	900	71"	7' x 6'	1,620 lbs.	2 to 2
No. 2C, double heads, no cope	10" x 6"	900	71"	7' × 6'	1,500 lbs.	2 to 3
No. 2D, single heads, two copes	10" x 6"	900	71"	7' × 0'	1,625 lbs.	2 to 1
No. 2E, single heads, one cope	10" x 6"	900	71"	7' x 6'	1,600 Ibs	Fto 3
No. 2F, single heads, no copes	10" x 6"	900	71"	7' x 6'	1,475 lbs.	2 to 3
Rear cut-off saw attachment extra	4,4,4,4					*****
Front cut-off saw attachment extra	*****				ACTUAL.	

No. 3 MACHINE.

The same general description of our No. 2 Tenoner covers all the points in this machine, as it is built exactly like it except in size. It rill cut a tenou 3/5" long in one motion, or by passing through twice will cut tenous 5/5" long and up to 14" wide.

The carriage has a double-roller movement, and a the seniest running that can be placed on a tenous. The carriage will cut tenous 5/5" long and up to 14" wide.

The carriage has a double-roller movement, and a the seniest running that can be placed on a tenous. The carriage has a double-roller movement of machine, as desired, and is not furnished with machine unless expectally ordered.

# WOOD TRIMMERS.





FAIRBANKS COMPANY

FIG. 12224.

## DESCRIPTION FIGS. 12222 TO 12225.

Every accurate woodworker should have one of these tools immediately at hand at all times.

# SPECIFICATIONS.

The No. of Machine is Height of Cut in Inches.	Langth of Cut.	Size Bed.	Between Gauges.	Length of Stroke.	Oubic Fort.	Esperi Shirping Wangit.
2A	454*	436" x 1056"	834"	5"	34	tilbs.
4A	9"	736" x 1736"	14"	9*	1	36 lbs.
5A	814"	916° x 20°	1635*	835*	196	55 Da.
6A	1234*	1135" x 2735"	22"	1315"	436	164 Dec.
3B	6*	6" x 15"	12"	635"	36	30 lbs.
4B	8"	8" x 20"	1634"	834*	134	47 lbs.
4E	934"	13" × 2914"	1736*	934*	856	237 lbs.
6E	1234"	18" x 30½"	2435"	1356*	1894	500 Ba
6F	10*	18" x 35"	19"	27"	30	.600 lbs.
8F	2416"	24" x 40"	2435*	32"	49	900 Iba.

## NO. 8F UNIVERSAL TRIMMER.

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12225.

While the No. 87 universal trip is wishly and favorably known at the time, the enemous improveests now isosporated in its conti became will still further commend it all. Pattern shops now without a is. SF universal trimmer are losing ey. The same is true of all other rate wood workers

The weight and rigidity of the maine is beyond all criticism. At the ome time its arrangement on an marie caster base makes it possible to have it stand firmly on its foundstion and by simply taking hold of the bandle and giving it a slight pull forward into the most convenient posttion for many it as a handle, you will find the machine upon convenient rollen so that a boy can move it any-0 where around the shop. 0

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For specifications, see preceding page.



FIG. 12226.

# NO. 3 FOOT POWER MITER CUTTER.

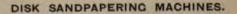
## DESCRIPTION PIG. 12828.

These machines are made in sizes as noted below for hand, foot, or belt power. The No. 3 machine shown in illustration is the most popular size, being especially adapted to interior finish, mantel and cabinet work, also picture-frams work, etc.

	SPECIFIC	PECIFICATIONS.			
Number.	Hed.	Stroke.	Mitter Moldings.	Shipping Weight.	
No. 2 hand power.	6" x 9"	314"	2" wide	25 Hos.	
No. 3 foot power	9" x 12"	434"	3" wide	175 lbs.	
No. 5 foot power 1	5" x 29"	635"	5" wide	330 lbs.	
No. 4 belt power 1	8' x 24"	5*	4" wide	650 Hm.	

Squaring gauges or bed plates are furnished at sutra cont





NO. 6 MACHINE.

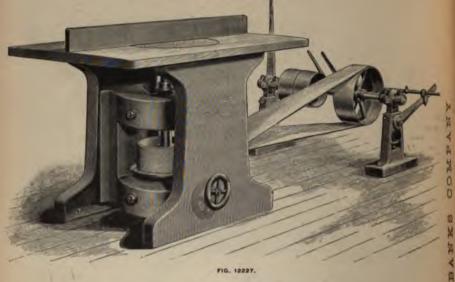


FIG. 12227.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12227.

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NO. 6.

No. 6.

The table, of iron, is cast in one piece and planed true over the entire upper surface. It is 36" wide by 54" long, and the bole in the center is bored out true, with a heavy rib running around the hole on the under side for strength; an adjustable fence crosses the center, allowing two operators to work, one on each side of the machine, at the same time.

The vertical spindle, carrying the sandpaper disk, is of steel, 2½" diameter, and it runs in large self-ciling connected bearings, which are attached to the heavy iron frame. All the bearings are so enclosed as to prevent the admission of dust and dirt. The hand wheel shares at the base of the frame is used for vertically adjusting the disk to sait different depths of out; this adjustment can be effected while the machine is in motion.

The anadone rilks is 22" diameter and content with a children in the content of the

the machine is in motion.

The sandpaper disk is 22" diameter and covered with a yielding material over which the sandpaper is placed and securely stretched by a friction ring pressed below its cutting surface. By this device the sandpaper can be quickly renewed when worn out.

The counter consists of the following parts: Shaft, 196" x 48" long; two No. 2 ball and socket adjustable floor stands; driver, 14" x 5"; tight and loose pulleys, 10" x 5"; apend; 700 rotations per minute. A convenient belt shifter is furnished as shown by the engraving.

Horse-power to drive, 3; floor space occupied, 36" x 102". Weight, 1,700 lbs.

The table, of iron, is east in one piece and planed true and smooth on top. It is 48° wide, 66° long. The hole in its center for the polishing disk is borned out true. The ferice, or gauge, running lengthwise, and in the center of the table, enables two operators to work on the machine at the same time.

The vertical spindle carrying the sand disk is of steel, 25% diameter, and it runs in large self-oiling bearings, which are enclosed be revent the admission of dust or dirt, and it is provided with a vertical adjustment to regulate the depth of cut, which can be effected while the machine is in motion.

while the machine is in motion.

The polishing disk is 30" diameter, and covered with a yielding material over which the sandpaper is placed and securely stretched by a friction ring pressed below the cutting surface. By this device the sandpaper can be quickly removed when worn out.

The counter is furnished as follows: Shaft, 1½" x 48" long; two No. 2 ball and socket floor stands; driving pulley, 14" x 3"; 1ight and loose pulley, 10" x 5"; speed, 700 rotations per minute.

Horse-power to drive, 3; floor space occupied, 48" x 114". Weight, 2,100 lbs.



FIG. 12228.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12228.

This engraving represents our improved No. 1 24" horizontal hand feed sandpapering machine, which has been designed for pollahing and finishing wood work of various kinds, and preparing it ready to receive the varnish or paint.

The frame is a substantial iron casting with cored center made dust-proof, with an opening at the bottom, which is tapped for blowerpipe connection, for the discharge of the dust.

The tables, of iron, are planed true and acrewed to the top of the frame so that they can be quickly removed to give free access to the polishing drum and parts.

The polishing drum, of iron, 24° long, is cast in one piece, turned true and balanced to a running balance by our patent centrifugal balancing machine; its outer surface is covered with a felt cushion and over this the sandpaper is stretched; the drum is provided with a vertical adjustment to regulate the depth of cut.

The tight and loose pulleys are 12" diameter, 4" face, and should run 1,000 revolutions per minute. It is furnished complete with a convenient belt-shifting apparatus, as shown.

Horse-power to drive, 2; floor space occupied, 36" x 48". Weight, 1,150 lbs.

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# NO. 2 24" HORIZONTAL DRUM AND DISK SANDPAPERING MACHINE.

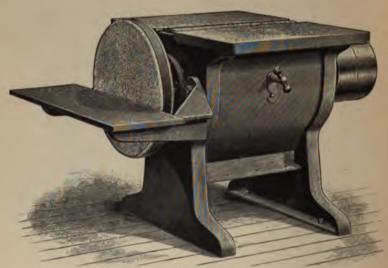


FIG. 12229.

## DESCRIPTION FIG. 12229.

This engraving represents our No. 2 24" horizontal drum and disk sandpapering machine which has been designed for polishing and finishing woodwork of various kinds and preparing it ready to receive the varnish or paint.

The frame is a heavy casting with cored center, made dust-proof, provided with an opening at the bottom for exhaust pipe connection for the discharge of dust.

The tables are of iron, planed true, and easily removed to give free access to the drum and parts.

The polishing drum, of iron, is 24" wide, turned true and balanced by our patent balancing system. Its outer surface is covered with a felt cushion, and over this the sandpaper is stretched by a simple and quick method. The drum is provided with a vertical adjustment to regulate the depth of cut.

The polishing disk is 22" diameter, and its face is covered with a felt cushion, and over this the sandpaper is stretched and held in position by a friction ring. The table in front of it is of iron, planed true, and it is large and roomy.

The tight and loose pulleys are 12" diameter, 4" face, and should run 1,000 rotations per minute.

Horse-power to drive, 2; floor space occupied, 36" x 64". Weight, 1,400 lbs.



FIG. 12230-

#### DESCRIPTION FIG. 12230,

The engraving represents a anot-belt polishing machine especially intended for wagon, carriage, and agricultural implement builders. It is used for polishing shafts, point, axios, bolsters, bent and sawed bounds, plow beams and handles, and other classes of work.

The body of the machine is of neat design and strongly constructed of a hollow column.

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The upper wheel is 24" x 6" face, covered with a rubber tire 2" thick, forming an elastic cushion.

The table, of iron, is fitted to the main frame and it can be adjusted vertically for regulating the depth of cut. The end bracket which projects downward from the table is used to support the material when finishing the end, such as the end of plow beams, wagon tongues, bolsters, etc. The table can be quickly removed from the machine, when it is in proper condition for polishing bent woodwork.

The sand belt is 13' long, 6' wide, and it is strained upward by a right and left hand screw to tighten the belt, with adjustment sufficient to accommodate a variation of 12' in length of the belt.

The counter should be located underseath the floor; the driver is 24" x 6"; shaft, 36" x 1%"; two No. 2 drop hangers; tight and loom pulleys, 10" x 6"; speed, 800 rotations per minute, giving 4,500' and-belt speed.

Horse-power to drive, 134; floor space occupied, 24" x 36" Weight, 900 lbs.





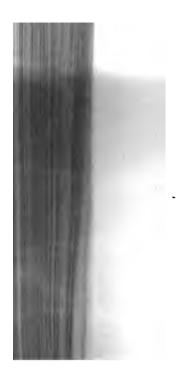
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